



## JONATHAN BELCHER<sub>Eq.</sub>

Captain-General Governor

and Comander in Chief of his
Majestys Province of

New-Jersey &c.

May it please Your Excellency.

THE following Sheets are in a humble Manner prefented unto your Excellency, because 'tis hoped, that their Contents may not prove disagreable or unuseful to Christians of every Age, but to such especially as are daily waiting for their greatest and happiest Change. Your Excellencys known Regards for every Thing, that has a Tendency to promote inward

and real Religion, and the many Marks of Condescension You have been pleased to bestow upon the Editor, slatter him with the Hope of a Pardon, for expressing his Esteem and Gratitude in this

publick Manner.

May the eternal Ruler of the whole Earth graciously support Vou under the Infirmities of old Age, give You daily and rich Foretaltes of the Day of a better World, and when You shall have finished to ferve your God and Generation. here below, may he turn the Shadows of Death into the Light of Morning, cause Youtorestatthe Feet of his Throne, and admit You to reign with Him for ever. This is the fincere With of him, who begs Leave to subscribe himfelf

Your Excellencys
most oblig'd most obedient
humble Servant.
7, 7, Zubly,



## PREFACE.

S I was defired to read over the Sheets in this Collection, before they are put to the Press, I did it from a Conviction, that it was every one's Duty to cast in their Mite for the Interest and Honour of our heavenly Master: But as I was further requested to give my Opinions of it in publick, I withstood this a long Time, thinking it would appear too Presumptius to offer my private Judgment in this Manner. Should any therefore judge it an Infance of Impertinence and great Conceit in me, to appear thus in Favour of it, all I can say in Excuse for it is, that were they as backward in thinking or speaking hard of Others, as I was in writing these few Lines, they would never offend against two great Branches of Charity: On the other Hand should Any of my own Charge & Flock be induced by my Sentimeni of this Book to give it a Perusal, Ishall not only rejoice but wish, that my Opinion was of Weight enough to introduce it into every Family among us. Let me add, that such, who may read it, should they find little or nothing to please the Fancy, will however not find a fingle Word to corrupt the Heart, by which Telt Test were all Books now extant to be try'd, greater Numbers ought to be burnt, than ever were by the Rage of Barbarians complain'd of hereto fore. These pious Memorials are not recommended for an elaborate and eloquent Style, but for the Contrary, viz: the simple & unresin'd Language of the Heart: and without Doubt there will be many of the Israel of God, who will religh this Language from the dying Lips of holy Men and Women, and will taste an hidden Manna, which carnal Christians at this Time like the carnal Jews of old, will loath as light Bread, tho' given from Heaven.

In a Word, if this Book does not leave any ferious Impression on the Minds of such, as read it, the Design of sending it abroad will be deseated; but should that boly Spirit, which alone can turn the Hearts of Men, make it instrumental to the awackning of any Caveless, or the Strenghtning of any serious Christian in this Place, who may read it on my Recommendation, I shall think the Hazard I am exposed to, of incurring many and severe Reslections on that Account greatly overpaid.

RICHARD CLARKE.



## The Publishers Preface.

He greatest Art; we have to learn in the present transitory Life; is undoubtedly, that we may be happy.

when we come to die:

For as we are now only in the Infant State of our Existence; and have Reason to believe; that an unchangeable Eternity is in a little Time awaiting us, to which Death is the Inlett, and knowing withal; that it is appointed unto all Men once to die and Judgment immediately after, it is certain, that we can never be too carefull to do well, what we can do but once, and the Consequences of which must be either Happiness or Misery beyond Expression.

Death is the King of Terrors, of all terrible Things, as a Philosopher calls it the most terrible, which nothing can make tolerable, but the Hope of a Happy hereafter, and the well grounded Expectation of a divine Support equal to this greatest Distress, and Humiliation of Nature. Whatever Comfort against it does not spring up from this Principle, is but an Anodyne to lull Men a Sleep for a While, only to the enduring of greater Pains when they awake. How melancholy then is the Thought, that the careless Lives of most, who call themselves Christians, leave us no Room even in Charity to hope, that their Case will be any better. Madness is in their Hearts, while they live, and after that they go to the Dead.

But even when the Souls everlasting Interest and Happiness is safe, Deathhas still many terrifying Concomitants. The dying Christian may possibly not be sensible of the Tears of Friends and Relations, from whom he is then going to be wrested away; but Nature still dreads its own Disolution. The little Acquaintance we have with the World of Spirits, which we are entring into, the fiery Darts of the Wicked one never more violent, than when the Enemy knows, he has but little Time left, the Consciousness of many Failings, Weaknesses and Imperfections and withal the desperate Case of Mistaken Souls that perish big with Hope, are enough to make even the Soul of a Christian to recoil and to shrinck back, when on the

the Point of making the most awful and most

solemn Experiment.

Next to the Deliverance from the heavy Bondage of the Fear of Death, which was One of the Blessings intended and purchas d by the Coming of Jesus Christ, there cannot be a Consideration full of more solid Satisfaction and Comfort, then the Accounts we have of Such, as have already past the gloomy Valley, and past it with an humble unshaken Hope of landing on the happy Shores of everlasting Rest. It cannot but be a great support to Those, who follow when they know, that so many, that went before met with an Assistance, that enabled them to go of the Stage more then Conquerors for his Sake, that loved them.

It is the distinguishing Excellency of the Christian Dispensation to afford solid Comfort, where every other Comfort fails. It disarms Death of its Sting and Bitterness, by shewing it lost it by adying Saviour, and the Assurance that He is our exalted Head and ever living Friend, who has abolisted Death and brought Life and Immortality to Light by his Gospel, whom we shall see on the glorious Throne of his eternal Kingdom, as soon as the Soul shall have put off this earthly

for of the Body, is sufficient to make us even love the kind Messenger, of our happy Delivery, who (tho' under a ghostly Shape) is to convey us to the Realms of everlasting

Day.

The present Collection of the Hopeful and pleasing End of several of Gods Children is published with a View of encouraging weak and fearfull but sincere andreal Believers, who often by the Fear of Death are kept in Bondage all their Lives, and tis presumed, if they prove All and hold fast what they find good, they may derive no small spiritual Consolations and Strength from the Favours, which they will find their compassionate Redeemer so often before upon his Friends, when on the Borders of Time and Eternity, to soften the trying Conslict with Death their last Enemy,

And as to All Others: Othat they were wise! that they understood this, that they would consider their latter End! Even a Balaam wisketh to die the Death of the Righteons; but the Desire of the Slothful killeth him, for his Hands resuse to labour, and how inexpressibly fearful must the Case be of Such, as are lost and perish, deceiving

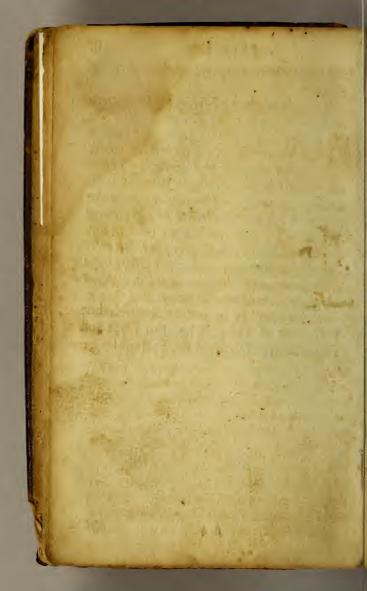
them-

themselves with the presumptious Hope of Heaven.

I would in the most serious Manner remind Every one of my Readers, that an awful Day must surely come, when except a Man is born of God, (which implies vastly more, then the present Generation of our dreaming Christians imagine) he can have no Hope; for unless we are savingly acquainted with Jesus the Prince of Life, every Thing will fail us, when we come to die. Ere long Every one that reads this, must himself experience, either the Happiness of Believers, or Unhappiness, of Unbelievers in their departing Moments.

Therefore Let us not be flothful, but Followers of Them, who thro' Faith and

Patience have inherited the Promise!





John Jacob Ulvick Professor of Ethics and the Law of Nature and Minister of the Orphan-House at Zuric in Swisserland.

HE Rev. John Jacob Ulvick was born at Zuric, one of the first Cities of Swifferland in the Year 1683, and gave very early Proofs of that Piety and Learning, which afterward render'd Him so conspicuous in the Protestant Church; Many remarkable Passages occur in the Life of this truly great Man, who executed the Charge of a faithfull Pastor of the Orphan-House, and of a publick Professor of Ethics and the Law of Nature in the illustrious School of the Place of his Nativity;

But we here defign chiefly to consider the End of his course, and happy shall we be, if we become the Followers of his Faith, and

Partakers of the fame glorious Hope.

An ill Habit of Body, contracted by a fedentary Life, and the Overstraining of his Voice in preaching disabled him from publick Work for two Years before he died, but during that Interval, He not only published many excellent Books; but also prepared

Himself and waited for his great Change with such a Degree of Faith, Hope and Resignation as cannot fail, of being exceedingly edifying to all, whose Hearts are set towards Heaven, and who have some Taste for the Dy-

ing words of the Children of God.

The last Sermon he preach'd was April. 17, 1729 on the Words of Job 19th, 25-27 vs. I know, that my Redeemer liveth, This he printed at the Desire of several Friends and after figning his Name adds: Whose Motto may be 2 Ep. Corinth. c. 6 and 9, 10 vs. As dying and behold we live, as chastized and not kill'd, as forrowfull yet always rejoicing. And in the Preface to it he faith: He publisheth it as lickely to be his last, partly because he was defir'd so to do, partly also because after his Death, which he prays may be foon and happy. It may ferve as a Kind of Monument of the Faith, Hope and Desire, wherewith he finish'd his Travels into that Eternity, which He is now looking for with the Humility yet chearfull Magnanimity, that becomes a dying Christian: The nearer he drew toward the long look'd for Moment, the more He increased in this heavenly Temper.

In the Preface to some of his Sermons, which he dated from his Sick-Bed, a few Months before he died, he declares, that Eternizy had swallowed up most of his Thoughts and Desires; that like unto the Dove of No-ah, he could find no Rest in any Thing cre-

ated,

ared, and that therefore he hastens toward the Ark, wishing to be dissolved and to be with Christ; But willing notwithstanding, if it so please God, still longer to continue in this Valley of Tears, this very Vera Crux of a tiresome World, and so long to sollow the Lamb of God to Golgotha, till he may be admitted into Zion and Jerusalem; my Jesus, saith he, tho' he cried but a few Moments ago, My God, my God! why hast thou forsaken me? Yet triumphs a little after: It is finish'd; at last it will be said of me also: This is One, that is come out of great Tribulations Ap. 7. He concludes: Well, Lord Jesus! If thou wilt not come now, come at last quickly! O Lord Jesus! come and let thy Servant depart in Peace.

But so great a Light of the Church could not be extinguish'd without a glorious Shine attending his last Moments; and accordingly but sew Days before he died, he lest us a Legacy that will [small as it is] make his Name esteem'd, while the Name of true Godlincis

is held in Reverence among Mortals.

He was desir'd agreable to the annual Cuflom to invite the learned of the Academy to a due solemnizing of the commemoration of the first Pentecost of the New Testament, this he did in a beautifull latin Oration, instead of expressing his Office with the Name, he styles himself in the Bill of Invitation: J. J. Ulrick a Candidate of the Crown of Righteousness. nefs, Life and Glory, which never fadeth a-way; for his Subject he chose Stephen looking stedfastly to Heaven and seeing Jesus at the Right Hand of God, and treated it in so learned and excellent a Manner, that the whole would very well deserve translating, yet we shall be content for Brevitys sake (this Time) with extracting only a few of its most remarkable Passages, observing sirst, that his Distemper had so far prevail'd over him, that he was unable to deliver his Discourse himself, and therefore it was read by his intimate Friend and Successor the Rev, Mr.

Zimmerman. S. T. P.

He tells his Hearers in the Beginning, that instead of entertaining them as usual with a learned Oration, he would fing his last, and for this Purpose had chosen a Subject very fit for himself, and very needfull for his Hearers. You know, faith he, for near three Years past I have been plac'd within the Gates of Death, and on the very Borders of Eternity, what then will become me better, than to contemplate the glorious and excellent Example of Holy Stephen, who under a Variety of Deaths. was, yet affur'd of his glorious Immortality, and there with to feed my Heart and my Eyes: The Goodness of God under so many Affaults has given me a good Hope and fill'd me with on everlafting Comfort, he has not only made me willing but very defirous to die, and therefore it is just that I should embrace this publick Opportunity of paying my Vows unto the Lord, who is my Salvation, and nothing furely can be more proper, than to shew you out of the Abundance of my Heart and in the most lively Manner, what was the fure Author, that kept my fluctuating Life hitherto from finking, which is the Rock of my Salvation, where on are built the Hopes of my last Moments, viz. none but that Jesus, who is sitting at the Right Hand of God, who with one Hand is prefenting unto his heavenly Father the precious Blood of the eternal Redemption and stretcheth our his Other to free me from this Body of Death, and take me to Heaven unto Himfelf.

But unto you also this Subject ought to be exceeding profitable, you are indeed full of Life, you are, most of you, in perfect Health, your Bones are full of Marrow, your Veffels full of Milk, your Cheeks are ruddy, your Eyes lively and your whole Countenance brisk and chearfull: But how unwise would you be, were you to build the Hopes of many Years on these uncertain Symptoms; or flatter your felves with the exspectation of long Life from Tokens of fo precarious a

Nature!

Poor Mortals that we are! We are full of Fevers and Sicknesses, we carry Gall, Colds, Coughs, Humours, Groans and a thousand Heralds of an approaching Death in our own Bosom, he that is alive to day, may be done living living to morrow, will it not therefore be usefull for us to learn, how to soar upwards, before the departing Soul returns to God,

who gave it.

It is customary in such Speeches to engage the Attention and Affection of the Hearers with some Compliments, instead of this Mr. Ulvick addresseth himself in a very pathetic Manner to that Jesus, in whose Name he was to speak, and earnessly intreats such a Portion of heavenly Flame for himself and his Hearers, that they might be brought to see and love him, and that in their last Moments Every one might say: Behold! I see

the Heavens open.

After a very lively and engaging Explication of the Passage Act. vii, 55. 56. Mstr. Ulrick asserts: That the Lord Jesus sometimes grants unto Some of his Favourites in their last Hours a most lively Sense and certain Expectation of that Bliss, which at their Death they are going to, and this he proves not from Doubtful Antiquity, but Authors of undoubted Veracity, and gives us many Instances of great Souls, that left their Bodies in Triumph, and in full Assurance of Faith entered into the unspeakable Glories of a better World.

Of fuch the first he quotes, is Bullinger, One of the first Reformers of the Church from Popery, he tells us, that when this Man of God was now on his Sick-Bed, he thus addressed

dressed his Friends: Nothing surely more agreable could happen to me, then to pass out of this miserable World to Christ my Saviour. Socrates rejoic'd to die, that he might fee Homer, Hefiod and other excellent Men. How much greater Reason have I to rejoice, because I am affur'd, I shall ger Sight of Jesus my faithful Saviour, the Son of God, as he took upon him the Nature of Man. and moreover fo many holy Patriarchs, that lived from the Beginning of the World, fo many holy Prophets of God, and Apostles of the Saviour, whom the World was not worthy of, and all the Saints that ever existed, and I shall not only see them, but also be made a Partaker with them of the same Joy, why should not I willingly depart our of this Life, to this Society of Saints and Joy unspeakable. He was not only not afraid, but wish'd to die, he often said: I desire to be dissolv'd and to be with Christ, and declar'd that he had a certain Hope and full Affurance of Gods Receiving his Soul immediately upon its Leaving the Body, and Raifing his Body also from the Grave, to reunite it with the immortal Mind, and to give unto both the Enjoyment of the highest and most heavenly Happiness.

Occolampadius the first Minister of the Church at Basil after its Reformation from popish Idolatry, tho' he died forty Years before Bullinger, shall now bear him Company:

Pioully

Piously did he live and piously did he die. He was indeed agreable to his Name, a shining Light in the House of the Lord. Simon Gryneus who with nine other Ministers assifted at his dying Bed, affures us, that Oecolampadius, when the Strength of his Distemper prevail'd beyond the Hope of his Phyficians, fent for his fellow Labourers in Word and Doctrine, and they being come, he address'd himself to them in the following Manner: What it is, my Brethren! and for what I fend for you? You fee, the Lord is at Hand, he is coming to fetch me Home, and therefore I wanted once more to fee you and to satiate my Soul with you, my best beloved in all true Comfort. What is to be done? O Servants of Jesus Christ! Who are connected with me in the stricted Ties of Love to the Lord, in the same Diligence and Doctrine? Now I am going from you, what shall I tell you as my last but this? Salvation is obtain'd, the fure Confidence of the Kingdom of God is purchat'd thro' Jesus Christ, and therefore it becomes us to have done with all Grief, Fear and Terror of Death, all Error and Doubtings: We pass over his warm Exhortations to them to be faithfull in the Ministry, and what this holy Man observ'd concerning the increase of Godliness in general. Of Himself he said: I am accused as tho' I falfified truth, this I am little concern'd for, bleffed be God! I now go with a good Confcience

science to appear before the Judgment-Seat of Jesus Christ, and there it will be clear'd up, that I have not seduc's the Church of God, and of this my last and firm Declaration I require you, to be Wirnesses and confirm it with my last Breath. One of his Colleagues having left him a little, he ask'd him at his Return: What News my Brother? And this telling him, he had none, he told him: Then I can tell you fome News. I shall foon be with the Lord; being ask'd: Whether the Light of the Candle disturb'd him, he said: Away with it, and pointing at his Breast he faid: Here is Light enough. His last Prayer was the 51 Pfalm, which this Man of God pronounc'd with a low Voice and deep Sighs. After this he feem'd to return as One that awakes from Sleep, and lifting up his Voice faid: O Jesus Christ do thou save me! And died immediately.

This, me thinks, is dying the Death of holy Stephen, this is dying in Sight of Jesus sitting at the Right Hand of God, and this hath been the Case of so many, that, were we not limited by shortness of Time, we might easily give numbers of Instances. Thus Caspar Olevian, who being a Doctor at Law, on Account of some very fatal Accident, he was witness to, became a Doctor of Divinity, and a Professor of it in the Universities of Herborn and Heydelberg. This good Man experienc'd some Thing so remarkable the Day before

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he died, that it ought by all Means in this

Place to be mentioned.

I shall relate it in his own Words, as his Colleague John Piscator inserted them in the History of his Life and Death, and which are these: Yesterday saith Olevian to Piscator after the Departure of the two Counts of Nassau, who had visited him: I felt for four Hours an unspeakable Joy, so that I was greatly aftonish'd, my Wife and my Father ask'd me sometimes, whether I felt any better, and verily, better I could not have felt, for I thought, I was walking in a most agreable Meadow, and my Body and Soul feem'd plentifully refresh'd with the Dew of Heaven. Piscator replyd: The great Shepherd Jesus hath led thee in his Pasture; Yea faith Olevian: He brought me to the Fountain of living Water. After reciting feveral comfortable Passages of the Bible he often repeated: I defire my Journey to the Lord may not be delay'd any more. I wish to be disfolv'd and to be with Christ. When he was almost in his last Agony, Altstedius said to Him: Without all Doubt, my Brother! you are fure of your Salvation in Christ? On which he pointing at his Heart, Yes faith he most certainly, and then yielded his Spirit. Thus Quivin Reuter utter'd no more then thefe Words: I am a Child of eternal Life, which he pronounc'd in Greeck and German and so expired. Take

Luke Pollio a Divine of the Confession of Augsburg but of a gentle and moderate Difposition, in the Prime of his Life, when full of Health was often hear'd to fay: I am ready, and defire to be absent from the Body; but when he became confin'd, his Bed was as it were a Theatre of fignal Patience and an Oratory of constant Prayer and Praises to his God: The Lord, faid he, has chaffned me forey; but he has not kill'd me, I am persuaded, that all the Sufferings of Time can not be compar'd with the Glory, that shall be reveal'd in us hereafter; he defired in his last Agony to be put in Mind of four Things: 1. The Gracious Comforts of the Pardon of Sin 2. The Comforts of Gods Presence in Afflictions and in Death itself: 3. The Comfort of Gods final Preservation of his Children in Spite of the World, Death and Saran. 4. The Words of Christ: They Shall go into eternal Life; and when his Defire was complied with, he would often fay: O this Comforts the Heart, this rejoiceth the Heart; when his Strength and his Speech fo far fail'd, that he could hardly express Himself, he said: Would to God! I could speak, you should verily hear that the Spirit of God is in me; a Door being open'd, he cried: Lord open unto me the Door of thy Mercy: A little after railing Himself, he said with an uncommon Quikness of Voice: Just now I go to eternal Life, and went thither, while he was fo faying.

And what shall I say of John Arnd in Low durch Eagle, a Man, that has been very differently judg'd of by different People; but is to be esteem'd as his Name is, an Eagle among Divines, because his Doctrine was not the Divinity of Moses but of Eagles, as one of the Ancients expresseth the Criterion of true Theology: His Soul was dedicated to Jefus Christ, He was full of the Love of his Saviour, and not fo famous for his extensive Learning, as for his venerable Piety. It is this, which adorns a Divine above all other Qualities, It is this, Arnds Writings are sweetly breathing, especially that Book of his call'd True Christianity, which will be esteem'd, while Piety has any Votarys. Arnd liv'd Apostolically and Apostolically did he die. The last Word, which he utter'd a few Minutes, before the heavenly Soul left the Body, was: I have overcome, I have overcome. He was feen to imile in his Sleep, and when he awack'd, told those that were round his dying Bed: We have feen, year we have seen the Glory of the only begotten Son of the Father, full of Grace and of Truth. His Wife asking him, My Dear! When have you feen this Glory? He reply'd: Now, just now, just now have I seen it, O what a Glory is this! which certainly Eye has not feen, Ear has not heard, nor hath it ever entred into the Heart of any Man. This, this I tell you, I have feen. Does not this Wonderfully refemble the History of holy Stephen, who saw HeaHeaven open, and Jesus at the Right Hand

of God.

I can hardly refrain from adding many more, and this One, because it so excellently suits our Purpose I cannot but mention; Andrew Rivet Professor of Divinity at Leyden, when he was ask'd concerning his Hope, among many other excellent Sayings, (which are printed together) replied with a particular Steddiness of his Voice and Countenance: My Confidence is firm; for I have long ago feen the Heavens open'd, and that this was really fo, he confirm'd when he was already thought dead; for as they were now going to lay himout, One of the Bystanders said: I believe he now enjoys the Sight of his God. Rivet by a Kind of Miracle reviv'd just long enough to reply, but fo that he could hardly be heard: Yes, yes, as if he would fay: O yes, you speak true, whoever you are that fay so; for my Soul is indeed rejoicing in beholding my God and Saviour, in Whom I believe, Whom I have lov'd, and in Whom I have rejoic'd, tho' I did not till now fee Him Face to Face,

But least it should be objected, that he confines the Priviledge of dying well, only to Men of his Order. Mr. Ulrick cites Instances of various Ranks to prove, that this is the Priviledge of every Christian, of whatsoever Age, Condition or Station they may be, he therefore next relates the chearfull Death of a Gentleman of the long Robe viz. Sebald Munster, and B. 2

tells us, that tho' he died of the Plague, yet he was full of Comfort and very chearfull: A few Hours before his Death he fent for his Friends. and shewing them the Boils of his Hands and Arms, he faid: How do you like these Jewels, wherewith the Lord Jesus is dressing me? And when upon those Words they could not forbear their Tears, he added: Do not value them too lightly, for in this wedding-Garment I shall go to the Lord Jesus, and sit down at his Table, thus shall I go to the Assembly of most excellent Souls; thus shall I please my God and Saviour; and thus did he chearfully exchange Life for Death, or rather Death for Life. Winshemius concludes the Account of his Death in these Words: "Our Dr. Sebald , died fo holily and pioufly, that we may be , affured, he enjoys with the Patriarchs and , Christ himself the eternal Glory of God, as , we may be fure of Things, that we may examine with our Senses.,

Mr. Ulrick next introduceth a Physician, who died in such a Manner, that if many of his Profession died thus, it might more truly be said: Medice moriest optime mori; as it is generally said: Medice vivere est pession vivere. Curaeus was in the Strength of his Days, and not forty one Years old, when he was call'd away, he would often say: "I am cut off in the midst possion of my Days, my Life is cut off like a Weanvers Shuttle: Lord! I am oppress'd, but it is menugh, that thy Hand does it. My Body

"fuffers for Sin, but my Soul is fweetly com-, forted with the Expectation of eternal Life, "I believe, Lord! help my Unbelief. I have "receiv'd the Sentence of Death, but my Jefus! "I'll wrestle with Thee till the Day break. I , leave thee not, till thou bless me, till my "Soul is made whole. Come Lord Jefus! and "All that love Thee, fay come. Thou, that "knowest the Hearts, thou knowest that I love , Thee, and thou also lovest me, truly thou "lovest me, Thy Merits and thy Power have "made Thee my Saviour, into thy Hands I "commend my Spirit, o thou God of Truth! "With the Beginning of the New Year I shall , be with Thee, I shall be satisfied with thy "Likeness, I shall drink of the new Wine of , thine eternal Joys. Quicken me, o Son of "God! with thy Spirit and Presence. I come "unto Thee relying on thy Promise, which is , the only Support of my Soul, o Son of God! , do thou own me, and present my Soul unto , thy heavenly Father, who will willingly re-" ceive it from thy Hand. Lord Jesus! I will , thanck Thee before the Face of thy Father ,, for all the Mercy, which thou hait shewn , unto me, I believe that my Body also shall "be guarded by thine Angels, It is impossible , that the Body, which was once thy Temple, " should be annihilated or remain in Corrupntion. Thou o Father of my Life! wilt re-,, quire it from the Earth, and make it thine , own eternal Dwelling-Place, there shall I "follow B 4

, follow the Lamb, whither soever he goeth O the meek and Beautifull Lamb of God! , There shall we sing the new Song, Hallelu-, ja. Let us shout and make a Joyfull Noise , unto the God of our Salvation. Lord Jesus! , Now let thy Servant depart in Peace. Let , my Soul be bound up in the Bundle of the , Living, grant me a happy Passage to them, , that live an immortal Life., Many fuch Expressions were utter'd by Curaeus, when he was exhorted to take Heart, for that God could help him, he replied: Yes indeed, the Lord will help me in my last Deliverance according to his Word: Bleffed are the Dead, that die in the Lord. Now I die in the Lord who is my Life, in the Knowledge and Faith of Jefus my Mediator, who is my Brother, he has cloathed me with his Righteousness, I shall be happy, I shall be righteous. How sweet is this Righteousness and Salvation! How sweet is this Departing from Sin to Innocence, from Darkness to Light, from Death unto Life. To conclude, the Instances of those that resembled holy Stephen in their last Moments, we will mention a Lady of an Excellent Spirit, who besides semale Beauty exceeded her Sex in Greatness of Mind, which made her despise he whole World, to embrace a whole Christ. Her Name was

Olympia Fulvia Morata a native of Ferrara in Italy, who excell'd in Learning & yet much more in Piety; she had been brought up in all

the Grandeur of the Court of the Duke of Ferrara, but when the came to the Years of Difcretion, the chose rather to suffer Affliction with the People of God, and preferr'd the Reproach of CHRIST to all the Treafures of Egypt, this made her enter into a Marriage-State with Dr. Andrew Grundler, whom nothing recommended to her but the Love of Religion, for it prov'd the Cause of her falling into Difgrace. So at once she left Italy-Idolarry and Superstition. In their low Circumstances she often encourag'd her Husband, that God would provide a Place for them, either under or in Heaven. Neither did her Hope disappoint her, for upon their Arrival at Heidelberg Dr. Grundler was made Professor of Physic; but not long after she was fnatch'd out of the Arms of her Husband into the Embraces of her heavenly Bridegroom. How chearfully she behav'd in her last Moments her Widower relates in a Letter: She died, faith he, with great Chearfullness and Desire. for the was firmly perfuaded, that our of a miserable Life she was now call'd into eremal Happiness. When she appear'd just a dying. awaking from Sleep she seem'd lovingly to smile at me. I drew near and ask'd her, what could make her smile so? She said, in my Sleep I have feen a Place fill'd with the most glorious Light, when she could say no more, I told her: Be of good Chear, my dearest Soul! For you shall for ever dwell in the glorious Light, You

you have feen; she smiled and said: ( Total laeta sum.) I am all over in Joy, then fell sweetly a fleep in the Lord Jesus. For several Days. Before her Death she affur'd us that she long'd to be with Christ, whom, as far as her Sickness would permit, she was continually praifing, that He had enligten'd Her with his Word, mortified her Mind to carnal Pleasure, and kindled in her Soul a Defire after eternal Life. In all her Discurses she confidently call'd herself a Child of God, nothing would grieve Her more, then to be flattered with the Hope of Recovery, she said: God had allotted Her a short Life and full of Calamity, and that she could take no Pleasure in Beginning and living it over again. When a Friend ask'd Her, whether any Scruple diffurb'd her Soul? The said: No. The Enemy has been these seven Years continually trying to shake my Faith; but now I perceive nothing of Him, He lost all his Pains, my Heart enjoys the sweetest Rest and fullest Peace in Christ. She died October 25th. 1555 before she was 29 years old.

These among so many more saith Mr. Ulvick are plain Evidences, that Christians now also may see Heaven open and die under the Smiles of their Redeemer. After a most lively Exhortation to his Hearers so to live, that so they might die, he at last gives us, as it were his own dying Words, and they sufficiently prove that he was one of them, who had Hope in his Death. But whether, said he; does the

Sweet-

fweetness of these Things lead me? Truly a dying Christian as I am, can never hear too much of dying, I who can hardly setch my Breath and am doubtful, whether I must reckon my self among the Dead or among the Living. It is this Consideration, that fill'd my Sails and carried me so far from the Shore, But that I may free you from tedious hearing, I withdraw and turn my self lastly in a feeble Voice to Thee:

O sweetest Jesus!

In thy Name I begun and in thy Name I finish, all Glory be unto Thee alone! Many Things have I to alk of Thee; but I will do it on my Sick-Bed, & with full Freedom in my Closet, this only I pray, I may not be refused, if I can be of any Use to thy Church. O restore me! if not, o free me from this World, which to me is far better. Thou knowest I do not shun Death, I wish and wait for it with open Arms. Me thinks I die, because I cannot die of that Death, which will open unto me the Gates of Life. Let him be afraid of Death, who is unwilling to go to Christ, who has no Hope of reigning with Christ; But my Jesus! This I do not only hope, but tho' I am over and over Death and Hell deserving, yet Iam firmly affur'd of it; why then should I be afraid of Death? why not rather long for it? Christ is my Life, and to die is my exceeding great Gain. Yea Lord! Let me now die, that I may see Thee: How many thousand Wishes I send for Thee? O Jesus! When wilt thou satisfy my

Soul? but what do I say? Behold I see even now Heaven open, and the Son of Man at the Right Hand of God; but I fee it thro' the Lattice and only as in a Glass, I see it but not near. O that I might foon fee it Face to Face! O that I might foon kifs him as prefent, and be fatisfied, o Jesus! with the Blessings of thy Temple thy holy Sanctuary! O grant, that I may foon come out of the Tribulation, wherein. I have resisted unto Blood, and appear before Thee in a white Robe with Palms in my Hand, and with the whole innumerable Company of Thine fing eternal Praises to Thee. Grant my Jefus! That like Thee I may foon get from the Cross to the Crown, from Thorns to Rofes, from Danger to Security, from Tribulation to Refreshing, from Labour to Rest, from Contempt to Honour, from Fighting to Vi-Acry, from Striving to Triumphing, from fulfering to Glory, from Hope to the Thing hop'd for, from Believing to Enjoying, from Death to Life; And when I get there, I will break out in a Triumph. It is finish'd, I see what I fought, I have what I long'd for; my Jesus! I am sick for Love, my Heart burns after thee; Behold I see the Heavens open and not only so, but open to receive me; I fee my Jesus Face to Face, and my Soul is made whole.

With many of those Sighs I finish, and fince according to God's facred Order and Will I cannot yet say, I have ended my Life (vixi)

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I only fay (vixi) I have ended my Speech. A Soul fo ripe for Heaven could not make a long stay upon Earth. Accordingly the 25 of May 1731 a few Days after this Oration was read in his Name, he awoke with a great Palpiration of Heart, and immediately loft Strength and Voice by a great Discharge of Blood, and having declar'd, that he had laid hold on Jesus, and would not let him go, till he had fatiated him with the Enjoyment of eternal Blessings, in Him he fell a Sleep.

John Gottshall de Shurman. The Account we have of this good Mans comfortable dying Bed, was wrote by his Sister Mary Anna Shurman, a Lady of uncommon Parts Learning and Humility, and One that made Religion indeed the chief Business of her Life. The Character which she gives her Brother, is exceeding remarkable and runs thus: MyBrother has left behind him very great Tokens of that Zeal and Love for the Honour of God, that visibly burned in his Breast, especially some Years before his Death. Two Nights before his happy Departure from this mortal Life, one of the Physicians told me his Opinion, that my Brother would not live till next Morning. thought it my Duty immediately to acquaint him with it. I did it accordingly telling him with all, that I did not hesitate to let him know the Physicians Opinion, as I was perfuaded, the Message would not be unwellcome. He was

not in the least surprized and kindly told me: Dear Sifter! Why would not you tell me the News? I thank you for it, dear Sifter! I thank you for it: I have liv'd long enough, I am ready to die, if God pleaseth, I am willing to follow his last Call. When Mr. Voetius and some of our Ministers came to see him, he spoke to them with such a christian Fortitude, that they were aftonish'd at it. One of the Ministers absolutely insisted to stay with him the two last Nights of his Life, and declar'd that in all his Ministry he never saw a Person fo near Death, fo strong in Spirit, and that he never was fo much edified by any dying Perfon. This, faid he, is not dying but rejoycing in God, and Preparing to the Marriage Supper of the Lamb.

He exhorted us all to praise God. A good many Friends were met to see the End of his Course, and hearing that the Physician did not expect, he would live till Morning; at Midnight my Brother said to me: Shall we not sing the Praises of God? I ask'd him, what Psalm he desired, we should sing? He replied: the 103 d. I told him as he was very weak, would it not be better only to read it? No, said he, we will sing it, a Christian ought to die under the Praises of his God. We did it, and He sat the Psalm for us with a Voice quite expressive of the inward Sense of his Soul, which was quite penetrated with the Love of his God, and I confess I think I ne-

ver heard him fing more fweetly, he continued finging with us ill the 2 last Verses of the Pfalm; but what is more remarkable about 4 Hours before his Death, when a Minister visited him, he defired to fing with us again, and when we told him that his Weakness did not feem to permit it, he repeated what he faid before, and fung the 23 Pfalm with me. About two Hours after he begg'd us to fing Simeons Song with him, wich accordingly We did. He declar'd, that it was a Mercy to live in this World, if We live to the Praise of God and in the Service of Christ Jesus our Lord, and therefore he declar'd, he had had some Desire to serve him in some public Station, but that his Will was allways better then ours, that God stood in no need of our Service, and if God faith to us: I have no Delight in thee, We ought heartily to reply with David: Behold, here am I! Let the Lord do with, me as seemeth good in his Eyes.

Among many noble Expressions the following seem to speak his very Soul: He declard, that from the Time he plainly saw, that the Glory of God was the End of all his Work; he also sincerely and heartly endeavour'd at it, tho' in a very impersect Manner. And indeed he had such a lively sense of this upon his Mind, that he never spoke of it, but with a very peculiar Affection: O Goodness of God! would he often say: O unspeakable Mercy, that God will be praised by Men!

Men! He possesser et ses Glory in himself, He has no need of un nor of any Creature, He is self sufficient, and yet he will be prait'd by us, who are finful and guilty Creatures; He might justly condemn us all, and thus glorify himself in the Manisestation and Execution of his Divine Justice; but no: He faveth some, not only, that he might glorify his Mercy in the Elect, but also that he might give them an Opportunity of exalting themselves in his Praises, by making Mention of his Goodness, and spreading abroad his Praise, and that full Love might engage them to aim only at this Glory: Thus the Praises they give him, are their Happiness, and their Bliss consists in that they love Him.

A few Hours before his Death, a Minister whished him yet greater Fore-tastes, of the Happiness of Heaven, to whom he answer'd: It is enough for me, that I may ferve the Lord, he is in himself worthy of it, to praise him with all We are, is true Happiness. He faid: That he had heartily loved our Lord Jesus Christ, he expressed this in an inimitable Manner: It was as if his Heart would leap out of its Place, when he pronounc'd the Word heartily. One of the Ministers ask'd him the Morning of his Death, whether he chose that we should once more pray together? He replied yes: With all my Heart, a Christian ought to die praying and adoring his God. When his Arms began to grow cold, he fol-

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ded them together, and said: I embrace my Lord Jesus Christ with the Arms of my Faith. He rejoye'd in the Doctrine of Election unto Life saying: The Foundation of God standeth sure, having this Seal: The Lord knoweth His own. His Heart and Breast selt dead, and his Tongue seem'd to live only to utter these last Words of his: Come, Jesus! come, Amen. And with these Words he gently fell a sleep, and in our common Opinion died the Death of the Righteous in the 59 Year of his Age 1664.

Magdalene Henry.

Che was born at Metz of Roman carholick Parents; but felt an early Defire in her Heart to know God and to serve Him in Truth; and as she had no Means of reading the Scriptures, or to be instructed in the Place of her Nativity, the chose to her great Loss in temporals, to retire among the Protestants, and among them to fearch after the Truth, the was perfuaded in her own Mind, God would let her find, what she was looking for, viz. a People, that were able to tell her, how to ferve God in an acceptable Manner. She accordingly met with a Lady, whose Heart God had touch'd and chang'd, and in whose House he was worshipp'd in a becoming Manner. The Doctrines of the reform'd Churches, when instructed in them, she very much relish'd, but then the Life and the Conversation of many Professors were an Obstacle in

in her Way. In this Case she sought earnestly for Direction and was soon convinced, that the Wickedness of some of its Professors ought not to hinder her from Embracing the Protestant Religion. And so after earnest Prayer, that she might not join the Protestants for any sinistre Views, she made her Profession to a German Minister, in whom she thought she discovered more Fear of God, then in the french Minister of the Place.

Her great Aim was to live for God; In the Pursuit of this Design she went to Holland, and join'd a Society of pious Christians, that retired from the World, and liv'd together at a Place call'd Wiemard. It was there, that she was seiz'd by a lingring Fever, which turn'd at last to a Dropsy; her meek, quiet and patient Manner of bearing the Cross in her tedious and long Sickness, was very edifying to those, that attended Her.

In the very Beginning of the Distemper she thought: God call'd her to suffer, yearo suffer a great Deal; but she said at the same Time, she selt a Willingness to suffer, and that for the Sake of the Lord Jesus her Saviour, she chearfully embrac'd that Portion of the Cross, which He would be pleas'd to send un-

to Her.

In her Sickness she was brought very low, on Account of her former Sins and Corruptions, but took her Refuge in the Mercy of God by the Blood of Jefus, and so her Sins vanish'd

vanish'd away. I think sometimes, said she, when I lie here in great Heat and suffer violent Thirst, how I shall drink, when I shall get home to the Lord. Another Time she said: Tho' I am as a barren Land, and have little Sense of the divine Love, yet this I perceive, that I should be forry to remain in this Life. I have always long'd after the Comforts of God, and a sweet Sense of them; but now I submit entirely to the Lord, I am willing to die in the State I now am in. The Lord Jesus has sought the his lost Sleep, and he gives me Room to hope, that He will bring me into

his eternal Sheep-Fold.

After this the enjoye'd a great Calmness in her Soul so she said: I have nothing to strive against, the Lord Jesus has overcome all. I could never have believ'd it, that God would give me so great Grace and so entirely wean me from every Thing, before my Children were much in my Mind, but now no more, I leave them entirely in the Hands of God and of pious People. I have no more Concern for them, no more then if I had no Children. When we go to God, every Thing must give Way. We must think on nothing but God and our Souls. If it would please God to lenghten my Life, I might resolve to live longer, but truly not without Reluctance. O when will the Lord come! When will the Lord draw near me and take me to himself!

One of them present said to Her, that going

to the Lord she might say with Stephen: Lord Jesus! Receive my Spirit. She answer'd very affectionately: O it is a beautifull amiable Word: Lord Jesus! Receive my Spirit. And again she said: My Heart is at Rest, I can say nothing but this: I am at Rest in the Lord. I am weak but he is strong for me. (my Strength is in Him.) When One took Leave of Her, and said: The Lord strenghten you! She said: Woe unto me! What would become of me, if he should not do so? and being that Day fo weak, that it was thought, it would be her last, she cried out several Times: my good Jesus, my dear Jesus! Wilt thou come and take me this Day to Thy felf? Then she said: O how good has God been unto me, that he brought me among his Children: Ar the same Time she humbled herself before God and his People, and a Moment after she said with great Affection: My good Jesus! Wilt thou be so kind to me, and now thoroughy wash me in thy Blood? O what great Mercy! How altogether am I unworthy of it? Come my lesus, come, take and draw me soon to Thee! Again she said: Tho' I am unworthy of it, yet the LORD causeth me to enjoy his sacred Rest, and leads me fweetly to himself; and when One faid: Then you go chearfully and enter with full Sails into the Harbour of eternal Blifs? She replied: Yes, Jefus Christ my good Shepherd is lending me his Hand: He will draw me and help me, that I may fafely arrive there.

there. &c. A little after she begun to sigh for the Coming of Christ toher, she look'd about and faid: Pray earnestly that my God may come, and that his good Spirit may support me unto the End. Death is a narrow Gate, I wait for the Lord Jesus to carry me through. When she had fainted she said: I believe, I shall go away thus easily. A Person then spoke with Her of the Happiness of those, that die in Christ, and the exceeding Greatness of his Love to whom she answer'd: I very much intreated the LORD Jefus Christ to come, and He has answer'd me, he was come and is coming, and then stretching out her Arms she said: Me thinks I already embrace my Lord Jesus Christ. She was then invery great Pain by the Contraction of her Nerves, so one told her, that she seem'd to be in a great Deal of Pain, but that was the Way to go to God: She replied fmiling: O this is altogether nothing. I am glad of it, every Pain brings me nearer to Jesus, for from the Beginning of her Sickness she had an Assurance that God would take her away; and therefore she added: O it is good for me to fuffer! I stand much in Need of it; but me thinks any other Child of God would bear my Pain much better then I do; yet I must own, that the LORD Jesus has given me fome of his Patience; for none but He can give it, of my felf I have nothing but Stubborness and Impatience.

Several pious People visited her that Day, C 3 expect-

expecting then she would go to her heavenly Father. The Thought of this fill'd her with Joy and Comfort, the would look at her Friends and fay: O noble Company! Which Thou, o my God! art favouring me with at this my Departure. O could I take you all with me! What a great Priviledge is it to have been heartily in the Service of the LORD! O how I love thee my good Lord and Saviour! One of the Company faid: It feems, you are willing to go to the Lord Jefus, and there is nothing that detains you. She answer'd with a clear and distinct Voice: Not one Thread more keeps me. Toward Evening she complain'd of her being so sleepy, and when one replied, that she might go to fleep, because her Work was done, for that Christ had done it for her and in her, her Answer was if it was not so, how could I be so easy? Yet the Lord permitted her for fome Days after to be forely exercif'd, when the Waters role above her Stomach; Therefore she said: I can say with David: The Waters go to my Soul; But as her End drew near, the was fo fill'd with Joy that the broke out in Raptures, my God is coming. O my God! What shall I render unto thee? I am waiting for thee. She repeated the 31 Psalm with as loud a Voice as she could, and added: My Soul magnifieth the Lord, and my Spirit rejoyceth in God my Saviour. When One ask'd her, whether she had no Fear at all of Death? She faid: Altogether none, there is not a Shadow

of it remaining with me. It is my God, that has freed me from it, I could not have done it my felf; but the Lord did it in the Twinckling of an Eye. And then she died happy, joyfull and comfortable February 1681. in so easy a Manner, that the Bystanders did scarce perceive it.

# Conrad Lobethan.

Superintendent of the Churches in the Principality of Anhalt Cathen.

THe Account, which we have of the last Hours of this Faithfull Servant of Jesus Christ, was transmitted in a Letter to one of his Friends by One, that in his Life had been

his Fellow Labourer, and affifted him in his last Moments and runs thus.

Dilla

It was the 12 of November 1735 that the dear Man fent for me. I found him in very great Weakness, but at the same Time in a fweet Calm and Rest of Soul. I accosted him with a Wish, that the Lord would bless him with Strength from on high, to which he replied: May the Lord in his Mercy do fo! for this I stand in great Need of, the Lord has drawn me to his Cross, and there I will remain in Silence & Obedience. He told me that he had long ago wish'd to see me, but that the Calamity of his Soul and Body, had hinder'd him. When I replied: That I bleffed God, that he vouchfaf'd me the Priviledge of seeing and of speaking with him once more; he beckoned with his Hand and faid: O whom think you C 4 .

to have before you? An unfaithfull and unprofitable Man, one that is altogether corrupted. He then paus'd for some Time, and afrerward he said: As I have now a little and indeed but very little Strenght left, I will tell you fome Thing, and beg you would relate it again to fuch pious Souls, as may be desirous to know fome Thing of me. I must acknowledge it to the Glory of God, that Hemercifully kept me from groß Iniquity, and after He had drawn my Soul to himself I made it my Study to avoid Sin and to do his Will. I have known the Truth, professed and preached it, and believe I should sooner have lost my Life, then have departed from it; yet this nothwithstanding I had many Things about me, which I did not pray and watch against with sufficient Earnestness, and so I found in my Sickness that the Razing of my Corruptions to their very Foundation (Pf. 137.) was still wanting. More especially I found I did not relift my Anger and other fuch Symptoms of corrupted Nature, as I ought to have done. I have indeed heartily prayed, that God would deliver me and help me to overcome these Things. I have also found Gods gracious Asfistance; but before I was aware of it, my Passions would again overrake me: This I have been very uneasy at in my Mind especially for these three Months past. To get rid of it I have often in my Study thrown my felf upon my Knees, or even upon my Face before Gods and

and intreated him to bring my Soul unto Reft; and to grant me his Peace; but I could not find it and that by my own Fault, because I did not continue to feek it; but some Time ago being in my Study and much perplexed in my Mind, I was strongly affected with the Thought, that the Lord Jesus is the only one, to whom we are directed for the Rest of our Souls, and I had at the same Time a particular Sense of the Words of our Saviour Joh. 14, 6. I am the Way, the Life and the Truth, no Man cometh to the Father but by me. So I prostrated my felf upon my Knees before the LORD Jefus, pour'd out my Heart before Him, and begg'd Him to grant me his Peace. In my Prayer I was much strenghtened and rose with a pretty composed Mind from the Duty and rested all Night. Early in the Morning I felt the former Disquietness in my Soul; yet I could commit my felf into the Hands of the LORD with some Degree of Resignation: In the Evening, when my Mind was toward God, fomething happen'd to me, which I never before experienced fo in my whole Life, viz. unexpectedly and in less then half an Hours Time the whole Abyss of my Corruption and finfull Nature was open'd unto me, I then thought: O my God! I have pray'd for thy Peace, and now thou art casting me into the Depth: Can this be the Way to obtain Peace? All my Sins, that I committed from my Youth, were put before mine Eyes from the least to the

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the greatest: And such among them, as I never believ'd to be Sin, among others my foolish Desire after a Multitude of Books lay very heavy upon my Soul, fo that I refolv'd, if I recover'd, to part with all my Books, except a few which I stood really in Need of, but especially the Sinfullness of Anger seem'd so great and terrible unto my Soul, that I could have wish'd all Creatures might trample with their Feet upon me. I could more eafily have born this, then to stand before God in the Character of an angry and passionate Sinner. I was nothing but Abomination in mine Eyes, no Dog appears fo vile in mine Eyes as I did my felf, nay that's too good yet, a venomous Serpent or Toad did not feem fo abominable, for these have no Sin. I could not but call myself a very Devil: For his Image and Nature I found in me. Sin and Wrath is the very Image of Satan. I found no good in my whole Life, no; not in my whole Life. Among other Sins it press'd me down, that I had often given Offence to my own House by my Hastiness and Passion, I had no Rest in my Mind, till I sent for my Wife aknowledg'd the Sin and deprecated the Offence, I exhorted Her at the same Time, that as she now faw the Uneafiness of my Soul from a Sense, that by my Neglect or Actions I had given Her Offence, She might now with her whole Heart turn unto God and feek his Mercy, and that then he would never for fake

Her. After this I had some Ease in my Soul, but it did not last long, a new Load oppressid me, when I confidered, that my Children also had seen me in Fits of Passion. To get some Rest, therefore I sent for them, and told them, how griev'd I was, that I had given them Offence; and declar'd that Anger is a dreadfull Sin before God and a devilish Crime, I exhorred them at the same Time, to give their Hearts altogether unto God, and to do it from this very Minute; this gave the Soul some Peace, but only for a short Time, 'till I remember'd that I dropt some Times a hasty Word to my Servant, when he did not do Things to pleafe me. I had no Rest till I ask'd his Pardon, then my Heart was some Thing easier again. O how did I lie in the Deep for these 2 Days! I was in fiery Anguish indeed, in such Fire and Anguish, that I could have wish'd to be struck into nothing rather then bear it. Saturday following my whole Heart begun to melt. Indeed my whole Heart was melted in Tears, when God gave me to know, that for the Sake of his Son my Saviour Jesus Christ and his bitter Sufferings and Death He granted unto me the Pardon of all my Sins. O! How did it pierce my Soul, that God condescended to shew Mercy unto me, that deferv'd to be cast into Hell, all within me was in Morion, and in Regard of my Corruption I thought: Rase, rase them to their very Foundation. Pf. 137, 7. Every Thing contrary to Christ I banish'd out of my Heart and out of a Principle of Love to my Saviour, who had shewn Mercy unto me. I often faid: Lord Jesus! Ask now, what thou wilt of me, nothing, nothing shall be in and about me, that I will not freely give up for Thee. I am now quite and altogether in thine Obedience. And when I thus felt Peace and Submiffive Obedience in my Soul, I thought I heard like a Voice in my Heart: It is not enough that thou dost now feel quiet and easy in thy Heart, now thou must with me to the Cross, to the Cross thou must, now go with me! I replied: Lord Jesus! Ifollow Thee and am quite filent, I am altogether in thine Obedience! Only this I beg heartily, let the Nails be well fastened, let the Nails be well fastened that I may not make the least Resistance! O yes, let the Nails be well fastened, to hold me fast, that old Adam may be crucified and die.

Soon after this past in my Soul the Sufferings of my Body begun, and the Hope I some Times had of recovering altogether disappear'd with the Increase of my Sickness, and thus I now hang on the Cross, and remain in Silent Obedience. I did indeed sincerely resolve, if God should grant me to recover from this Sickness to walk more Closely before Him and to learn to know his Truth better and better, but as possibly it may please the Lord otherwise, and He may take me away: Let his Will be done, I am quite silent.

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I answer'd that the Lord Jesus had told us Joh. 11, 40. Did I not tell Thee, if thou didft believe, thou shouldst see the Glory of God? That therefore nothwithstanding his great Weakness God might manifest his Glory for his Recovery. To this he replied: shall I believe it that I shall live here yet longer? shall I pray for it? I don't know, whether I shall believe it or ask for it, for I am altogether obedient. The Children of God may pray as they think best, I am filent. But if I now go out of the World and appear before the Lord, I shall not come before his Face as One that hath the least Thing to fay for Himself; but as One that knoweth nothing and will know nothing of what belongs to faithfull Servants; neither can I pray my Saviour to give me a Place among his faithfull Servants; for I am not worthy fo to be call'd, but this shall I beg of Him, to give me a Place among penitent Sinners, only a Place among penitent Sinners; and this I certainly and fully hope, he will not refuse me nor cast me out, since he himself has wrought what I find in me, and fince he has put my Sins before mine Eyes in Time and has affur'd me of his Mercy, he will not put them under mine Eyes once more after my Death, or fuffer me to feel them again in Eternity. O how must we pass thro' the refining. Pot, before we can obtain Mercy. Ohow have I been cast down broken and made contrite! but now I know that he will not leave me nor Mr. forfake me.

. Mr. Lobethan having thus finish'd what he had to fay to me, and being so weak, that he was often oblig'd to stop in his Discurse, he concluded at last with these Words: Now I will be alrogether filent and speak no more, to be filent and commune with God is now my only Business. I then took my Leave of him, till we should with Joy see one another again before the Throne of the Lamb. Among other Expressions I also wish'd, that the Blood of Reconciliation might quite penetrate and fit him for his last Agony. He folded his Arms crossways on his Breast, then shook Hands with me, recommended himself to my Prayers and wish'd me also the Blessings of Time and Eternity.

From this to the Time of his Diffolution he was always filent and defired others to be fo too and to pray more then to speak. About 3 or 4 Days before his Death he took a most affectionate Leave of his Family and several others and heartily exhorted them to get an Interest in God thro' Christ, and to remain faithfull unto Death. After this he turnd himself in Prayer to God, with a particular Grace and Earnestness he continued above an Hour in Prayer, among others he also said; O thou sovereign Shepherd Jesus Christ! into thy hands I resign the Office, wherein hitherto thou hast bore with me in great and unspeakable Patience and long Suffering and hast affisted me. Of orgive, forgive what ever I have neglected or damaged,

rake thy felf Care of thy Flock! feek that which is lost and gone astray! and what thou hast already laid hold of carry further, and make it right faithfull unto thee! put another in my Room, that may be much better then I have been. &c.

I thank Thee, Lord Jesus! in particular, that thou hast shed thy Blood for me and given me thy Peace. O that for thy Love Sake I might shed my Blood also! with thousand Joys would I do it; but fince this cannot be, accept at least my Willingness to suffer as a Thank-Offering, and now foon free me from all Misery. He most earnestly pray'd for his Sovereign, and fervently intreated God for his eternal Welfare. After this he faid: Now I am quite ready, Lord Jefus! I shall soon be with Thee in Paradife.

A few Minutes before his End he defired to be raifed higher in his Bed, and when that was done, he cried feveral Times exalted exalted, very highly exalted, and thus ended his Life No.29. 1735. being his forty feventh Birth-Day.

Facob Faber from the place of his Na tivity commonly call'd Stapulensis was a famous Preacher of the Gospel in the Darkness of the Church of Rome, and one of the first, that under divine Affistance begun the Reformation of the Church. But in a Time of Persecution he left his Flock and retired to the Queen of Navary the pious Confort of Henry II and a Lady of

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of very extensive Learning. The Account we have of his remarkable Death was given by her self to a learned German, who accompanied the Elector Palatine Fredrick II in his Travels.

On a certain Day the Queen invited him and feveral other learned Men to Dinner, during which Faber feem'd much overcome with Sorrow, and was fome Time feen weeping. The Queen infifting to know the Reason of it, He at last told her: How can I, most gracious Queen! be chearfull my felf or make Others fo feeing, I am the most wicked Man upon Earth. The Queen faid: what great Crime can you be guilty of, my dear Faber! who from your Youth have been remarkable for the Strictness of your Life? To this he replied: I am now an hundred and one Years old and never touch'd a Woman, nor did any Thing that makes me fear to die, but one which I am afraid, will never be expiated. When the Queen infifted upon knowing it, his Tears would hardly allow it, at last he said: How shall I stand before the Throne of God, who have raught thousands the Gospel of his Son, who have not only receiv'd it, but have also feal'd it with their Blood: But I like an unfaithfull Teacher did fly, tho' I had already attain'd to a great Age, and should rather have long'd for fuffering, then been afraid of Death; yet I privily withdrew my felf and scandalously forfook my Post. Afrer

After this the Queen endeavour'd to comfort him with the Goodness and Mercy of God, which had receiv'd many in his Cafe. When the Company confirm'd what the faid, he feem'd fo much comforted and encourag'd that he faid, if it is fo, then nothing remains for me to do but to make my Will, and from Here to depart unto God, who I feel is calling of me. He then looked very stedfastly at the Queen and faid: I appoint your Mayesty my Heir: My Books I leave to your Chaplain, my Cloth and what elfe I have, I leave to the Poor and the Rest I commend unto God. At this the Queen smiled and said: What than shall be mine Inheritance? To which he'replied: You shall have the Trouble to divide it to the Poor, which made the Queen fay: I protest I value this Inheritance more then to be Heiress to my Brother the King of France. Faber feem'd very well and told the Queen, that he stood in Need of a little Rest. Mean while faid he: Be ye chearfull and farewell. And thus he laid himself down and slept, but when they examined him, it was the Sleep of Death, and without Sickness he thus expir'd to the great Astonishment of all the Company.

Caspar Shade.
Minister at Revlin.

A ltho' it is certain, that a melancholy Temper has a great Influence even over fanctified and renewed Souls, and makes them not only forme.

fometimes go heavily all the Days of their Pilgrimage; but also fills them with a special Dread of Death the King of Terrors; yet an Affurance of divine Love is so effectual an Antidore against it, that very often those, that seem to die all their Life time for Fear of Death, go off of the Stage with an uncommon Joy, and have done with all their Grief as the Moment draws near, when the Lamb of God wipes away all Tears from their Eyes. The Rev. Mr. Caspar Shade a faithfull and painfull Minister of the Gospel at Berlin, a Man that in his Life Time enjoy'd few chearfull Hours, unless it were when his Soul fed upon the Love of his Redeemer, is a remarkable Instance that Children of God may be greatly pressed down all their Life and yet triumph in the Hour of Death. He was uncommonly Zealous in the Caufe of his Master, and incessantly laboured to bring the Souls of his Hearers, especially of the rifing Generation unto Jesus Christ. His greatest Affliction and the Burden of his Office was the Want of a proper Discipline in the Church; in his Zeal for this he dropt fome hard Words against the Custom of absolving and admitting People to the Ordinance of the Lord's Supper, nothwithstanding their Continuing in a State of notorious Impenitency and Ungodliness, against this Evil he lifted his Voice like a Trumper and thereby brought (as it need not be doubted) the Harred of carnal Preachers and Hearers upon Himfelf, and

was far from being affifted as he ought to have been even by fuch, as were in some Measure

concern'd for the Affliction of Foseph.

It pleaf'd God in the Height of his Troubles for the Testimony of a good Conscience to give him a Quietus, and to deprive his Hearers of the awakning and successfull Ministry of a Man, whom so few of them knew to value

as they ought to have done.

For some Time he was very sensible of his approaching End, and therefore in his two last Sermons not only made a Recapitulation of all he had been preaching, but also mentioned the Nearness of his Departure encouraged the Children of God, and denounced heavy Judgments to all impenitent Opposers of the Truth. He applied unto himself what the Saviour said unto holy Paul: Make Haste and get thee quickly out of Jerusalem: For They will not receive thy Testimony concerning me. Act. 22 v. 18. and was soon after taken with a violent Fever, the Symptoms of which he had felt before the Preaching of his last Sermon.

In his Sickness he spent his Time with chearfull Praises of his God, he often repeated the sweet Name of Jesus, and this with so strong a Voice and so little Interruption, that some were mov'd to bless God for it, others said: That he was despairing, the Words Lord Jesus, my Jesus! Unto Thee I live, thine I am and serve, unto Thee I die. He repeated many hundred Times; when he was desired to spare

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himfelf

himself he would say: I do not grow weary, I cry and preach Repentance while I can, if I had cried more before, I needed not to cry so much now.

When the burning Fever left him, it was fucceeded by a lingering Hectick diforder. He faid that if it was the Will of God, he would be glad to live one Year more, not to recant his Doctrine, nor yet because he was asraid of Death, but that he might communicate to Others, what God hath done for him in his Sickness. O how would I preach said he on these Words: There is yet Room left. Lord Jefus! Thow knowest that the greatest Part in this Place have rejected Thee and despised thy Word and thy Truth: And therefore Thou mightest exclude them from Heaven; but there is yet Room left. Let every one that loves his Soul make Haste and escape, for his Wrath will soon be kindled.

Tho' he was desirous to be longer usefull upon Earth, yet his Desire to be with Christ increas'd more and more, the more God fill'd his Heart with the Foretaste of the Blessing of the World to come. And tho' he met with some inward Trials, yet they soon went over. Among other Expressions of his Fairh and Joy he also said: Victory! Victory! I have sought with the Devils and brought them to the Ground. I have conquer'd! I have conquer'd! Victory! Victory! and eternal Hallelujah. He also said to the Bystanders: O dear Children! Behold,

Behold, Satan is fifting me, he would fain perfuade me I have no Faith and no Jefus, and that because I don't feel Christin my Heart, I am none of his, but it feem'd to me as if the Lord Jesus said to Satan: What has he done, what has he done? That thou art thus accusing of Him? O thou best beloved, O thou fairest, most precious, most sweet, most kind, most lovely Jesus! Eternal Thanks unto Thee, that thou hast trode Satan under my Feet. My poor little Heart in my Body is so shrivelled up with the Heat that I can scarce feel it, shall I therefore have no Faith? O Lord Jesus! Truly I have Thee, truly I hold Thee; perhaps my Heart is with Thee already, and thou dost only leave my Body here, rill it is also quite confumed: Thou hast but lately refresh'd me with fuch a Sense of thy Presence, that I could scarce bear it, why then shouldst thou now forfake me? I humble my felf before Thee, my Jefus! I am a poor little Dog, that feeds upon the Crumbs, that fall from the Table of thy Grace: I am not worthy of Thee; but Thou knowest, Lord Jesus! that I have ferv'd Thee faithfully and with all my Might, I faithfully and earnestly preached thy Name; and Thou hast not left it without a Blessing: I have not fought mine but thine Honour. Lord Jefus! I have liv'd unto Thee and unto Thee will I die. Here he raif'd up himself suddenly and notwithstanding his great Weakness he got out of his Bed and faid: O I fee it requires D 3

quires nothing but Faith, and a fick Man can stand and walk. Come, my dear Friends! And let us pray and bless the Lord Jesus for his Mercy, and then he fell upon his Knees, praif'd God and pray'd for a little Rest for his Body in comfortable Sleep, and when he had done praying, he defired Others also to pray in their Turn and to bless God with a loud Voice: Lord Jesus! said he once, Thou knewest in the Beginning of my Ministry, that the Truth, which Thou hast commanded me to testify in thy Name, by the most would not be receiv'd, but made a Mock of: And yet thy Spirit has encourag'd me rather to loofe my Life, then to forbear testifying thy Truth. Assist me further as Thou hast assisted me before, and hast given me a Mouth and Wisdom to speak, that I was easy and happy in the Midst of the Rage of mine Enemies, and when all my Friends forfook me, I must say this for Thee, O dearest Jesus! that thou didst take my Part, and fo didft plead the Cause of my Soul, that I have still Cause to praise Thee, &c.

He was allways a great Lover of Musick and therefore in his Sickness he would some Times order a Hymn to be play'd, and would sing with it. O dear Children! said he: If I might open my Mouth wide wide and proclaim the Praises of the Lord, I would above all Things heartily exhort you, that you earnessly endeavour to be closely united with Jefus in your Life, that when you come to die,

Jesus

lefus may be your Wish, your Aim, your Confidence and your Heart be swallowed up in Jesus. God is all and in all. O how great, how unsearchable, how incomprehensible is God! Holy, Holy, Holy is the Lord of Hosts! God is all in all unto me also. This my Heart rejoyces at, Hallelujah! Hallelujah! Once Those, that attended him, fell All a sleep and he said: Behold here, they lie and sleep! Thus is it among Magistrates, Ministers and Families; but I think the Lord will wake them.

At another Time he faid, that formerly he had been near as Sick as now at Leipfick; but then God gave these Words in his Heart: Thou shalt not die but live and publish the Work of the Lord: That now he had wanted to lay hold on the same Words; but that the Lord Jesus had put Others into his Heart, viz. I am the Resurrection and the Life. He would often alk himself: Dost thou believe this? and answer, yea. Amen, my Lord Jesus! Amen. My Lord Jesus! Unto Thee I live, unto Thee I die, Thee I honour, Thee I praise, unto Thee I give Thanks, Lord Jesus, my Jesus! Amen. Lord Jefus! I know that I love Thee, and I know, that thou lovest me. Thou art mine, I am Thine, and our Love shall be for ever. O Lord Jesus! Give me my Discharge, now take me to Heaven, take me foon, foon, foon very foon into thy Glory. It is enough, take my Soul to thy felf and bring it from Glory to Glory. D 4

A little

A little before his End, when He was af k'd whether he felt any Thing in his Heart against his Colleagues or any Body else, he declar'd that his Heart was full of Love toward every Body, and pray'd earnestly for his Sovereign and Country, his Congregation, his Colleagues and Successor, that he might abundantly reap what he had been sowing. The nearer his End drew, the more did he long for his Deliverance, till at last his Soul laid hold on what it long'd for, for the 25 of July 1698 in his perfect Senses and full of Faith his Breath was extinguish'd like the Light of a Candle in the 33 Year of his Life.

# William Obuch

Missionary at Tranckebay. THe Danish Mission at Tranckebar in the East-Indies has hitherto proved a happy Instrument in the Hand of God for the Enlightening of many, that fat in Darkness and Shadow of Death, while its painfull Missionaries generally foon waste away a laborious Life in the Service of the best of Masters and in pursuing the Good of immortal Souls. The Rev. Mr. William Obuch fat Sail for the East-Indies in a Vessel call'd the Nothingham the 10 of March 1737, and landed with his two Colleagues Rev. Mr. Widebrock and Mr. Koblhoff fafely at Madras the 4 of July of the same Year, from whence in a few Days he arriv'd at Tranckebar. He immediately apply'd himself to the Study

Study of the Tamulian Language, and in little more then a twelve Months he already was able to publish the glad Tidings of Salvation in this difficult Language. He was a Man of unwearied Diligence and very exemplary Conversation. He brought a weakly Constitution with him into the Indies, and continued to be fickly during his Abode there. But in the Year 1745 he was attacked by a Kind of a Hectick Fever, that in very little Time deprived him of all his Strength. Sept. 1 a. ejusd. he was feiz'd with fuch a Weakness, that he begun to doubt of his Recovery, and as he at the same Time receiv'd a new Assurance of the Pardon of his Sins, the Grace of his God and the Hope of a better Life, he was ready to believe the Hour of his Departure to be near at Hand; He therefore fent for his Colleagues and spoke to them most affectionately, he told them among other Things: I go to my Saviour, my Brother and my Bridegroom, but first I will once more drink of his precious Blood in the Ordinance of the Lords Supper. To the Catechists he said: Endeavour to get your felves and the Souls committed to your Care truly converted: I do not expect to fee you any more. When a Heathen came in his Room he told him: You are a Heathen, you cannot die with Joy, but must be afraid of Death: But I die with Joy, Death is fweet unto me. O what a glorious Thing is true Christianity! How good is it to be a Christi-

an! Indeed when his Brethren the Missionaries came to fee him, he told them, Brethren! I was afraid I should die without Witness, but God has supported me that you should find me alive. I am glad you are come, I shall not live much longer but die as a Christian, and as a Minister of Christ. No longer then last Night God has as it were a fresh forgiven me all my Sins and affur'd me of his Favour. He did not know how to humble himself enough before God. The Lord, said he, cannot say to me: Well done thou good and faithfull Servant! I don't see that I have been of any Use, I plead nothing but Mercy, I ask for nothing but Mercy. When the Doctor had fome Hopes of his Recovery, he did not feem to believe it. Before the Missionaries retired from him, he faid: To Day I have tasted the Sweet; but I am afraid some bitter will come after. In the Night he laid himself down to fleep, but toward Midnight he awak'd and defir'd some to sing for him, and when it was least expected, sung a Hymn with so strong a Voice, that it seem'd very extraordinary. He thought himself so much strenghtened, that he thought he might walk on Foot to Town, some Time after he seem'd engag'd in his Thoughts and faid: The Devil has fiery Darts, and a little after: God is, God is still, God is still my God. Art thou here o Satan! my God is here too. My God is alive, and I shall live in him eternally. He then recited the Creed, and

nd when he came to Forgiveness of Sin, he id: Altho' the Offence is very great, yet the lercy of God unspeakable greater. I believe Forgiveness of Sin and Life eternal, this I

elieve, said he with a strong Voice.

The following Day he went to Tranckebar efore he fer of, he made a very earnest Prayand intreated the Mercy of God, that he night yet be made usefull. After which he ould complain of his great Unfitness for the ervice of God, I always look'd upon myfelf, id he, as a supernumerary Person; did not ou plainly observe, that I was altogetheruseess. I often wonder'd that I ever was sent into the East-Indies, tho' I never repented of my Coming. In the Afternoon he complain'd, nat he could not keep his Thoughts together, e was put in Mind, that a Father is satisfied vith the Willingness of the Child and overooks all his Faulrs and Failings; to which he eplied: How much more the heavenly Father, rom whom springs all fatherly Love! but vill he carry it so toward me? it was replyed: Why not? O then, faid he, may he have Paience with me. At Night his Wife defired him o take fome Physick, to which he replied, whether I sit up or lie down, whether I use Physick or no, this Time I shall die, I loose ll my Strengthand Senses. He expressed some Concern for his Passage thro' the dark Valley. of Death, and was much affaulted with the fiey Darts of the wicked One. A Missionary

pray'd with him, and he making Use in his Prayer, that Satan sometimes in the last Hours affaults the Children of God to furprize and feize their Souls. The dying Patient replied: He shall never seize mine. A Hymn which he himself had translated into the Tamulian Language, was afterward read unto him, and he heard it with great Attention. About 7 in the Morning he was asked, where his Heart was now, he replied: Three Times with Jesus Christ, some Times after, when the Question was repeated, he faid: Where else would it be? About eight he was in his last Agony. One told him, that his Saviour waited for him, and bid him come, to which he replied: And I also say, come. Then he repeated the Words: Father! into thy Hands I commit my Spirit; and fo died Sept. 3. 1745. in the 39 Year of his Age.

Christian Fredrik Presser

Missionary among the Heathen at Tranckebar.

LE was prevail'd upon to accept of a Call, that requires so great a Share of Self-Denial from the Consideration of the Words of Jesus Matth. 10, 37. He that loveth his Father or Mother more then me, is not morthy of me. And Luc. 14, 26. If any Man hate not his own Life, he cannot be my Disciple. Accordingly he set out from Hall in Saxony Dec. 8. 1724. and arrived at Tranckebar in the East-Indies the 19th of June of the Year following. He approved

imself a Man of great Piety, of very deep xperience in Religious Matters and uncomnon Diligence in his Mission. The Building p the Increase of the Church and Shools, he ad continually at Heart, for this Purpose he ould take special Pains with such Converts om Heathenism, as were employ'd ro teach ne Truth of God unto their heathenish Counry People, and sometimes write very affecting etters to fuch of them, as had embraced the Christian Doctrine, to keep close to the Lord. The Heat of the Climate was a heavy Buren to his weakly Constitution and active Temer. In the Year 1730 he kept his Bed for near x Months in a hectick Fever, of this Sickness e faith in some of his Papers, that tho' it was very weak'ning to the outward Man, the Mery of God made it to be of great Use to the nward, and that that Year was a renewing Year to him, like as 1721 had been the Year of his first Awaking. In his Letters he took eave of his Friends and tells them, that he could very well fee into the Reasons of Gods aking him away, partly because he was Hono iners and very unfit for his Work, partly lso because thus he should be delivered from many fore Temptations, which he had been roubled with in his Life, and that for this Confideration he begg'd three Things of God, r. That he would grant him Patience and Comfort in his Sufferings. 2. That he would carry on and perfect the Work of Sanctifica-

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tion and 3. Kindle in him a Defire after erer-

nal Glory.

From this Sickness however he recovered, and was not visited so forely, till the last Fit of Sickness, which he declar'd would be his last from the Beginning. In the Commencement of the Year 1738 he was laid up and fuffer'd much by the violent Heat of the Distemper, which made him intreat his Brethren to pray for Him, that God would grant him Patience to hold out. He dictated a Paper, wherein he dispord of his Affairs and with great Affection mention'd the Passage Song. 2, 14. My Dove in the Clefts of the Rock, faying: This shall be the last Hole, wherein I will seek rest. Some Time he would fay: Is my Strength the Strength of Stones? Or is my Flesh of Brass? The Thirst of Jesus and his Receiving Gall and Wormwood for his Drink, was his Comfort in his Thirst and Weakness. Once he sent for One of his Colleagues, and when he enter'd the Room, he told him: I sent for you, that you should give me a Word of patient Waiting, and when some Passages out of the Pfalms and the Example of our Saviours Patience were mention'd, he replied: Indeed the same Sufferings go over our Brethren in the World, and o how many People are much worse of then I am! When the Remembrance of his Sins disturb'd him, he would comfort himself with the Words 1 Joh. 2, 1. If any Man sin, we have an Advocate with the Father

Hope and Refuge was in the Wounds of Jefus Christ. He often mention'd the Necessity of setling the Concerns of our Souls before we come on a dying Bed. Already in the Year 1724, he noted this Remark: It is good as soon as we are sensible of any Sin in us, immediately to repent of it and pray God for the Victory over it, and thus by Faith in the Blood of Christ to keep a clear Account, intreating him to forgive that Sin and purge it away, that t may not be brought into Judgment against us.

In the Night between the 12 and 13th Febr. he call'd out several Times: Depart ye Spirits of Sorrow, the Spring of my Joy Jesus is comning. A little before he had complain'd, that he could not feel the least Drop of Comfort in his Soul, but now his Heart and his Lips overslow'd with it, and he heartily in the Presence of Witnesses blessed God for his gracious

Visitation.

The last Day of his Life he would give good Exhortations to all, that came to him to do good, and to destroy the Works of the Devil. Once he felt as he afterward declar'd the fiery Darts of the Wicked One, and begun to pray: Lord Jesus! Give me Strength to overcome. A little after he desired a certain Hymn to be read unto Him. When the Heat of the Distemper abated, he pray'd very earnessly; and when some Body told him: Perhaps this will be the Day of your final Deliverance, he said: No, the

the Fifteenth. The following Night he broke out: This is a Man that has great Glory; and when he was told, that this was his Jefus, who waited for him and faid: Come, come! He replied: Come. And this was his laft Word, and accordingly his Saviour came, and after his faithfull Labour took him to eternal Rest the 15 of February 1738 in the 40 of his Age.

Jodocus Lodestein

Professor and Pastor of the Church at Utrecht. E was a Man of uncommon Gifts, Diligence and Faithfullness in his Ministry, and at the same Time of so mean an Opinion of himfelf, that in his Sermons he would often tell his Hearers, that he was conscious, some of them had a greater Share of Grace then himfelf, and therefore defired them, they would pray for him, that God would fill his Heart and open his Lips. His Kindness to the Poor was very conspicuous. He was gentle among his Hearers as a Nurse to the Children. At the Time of the French Invasion 1672, when Provisions were at a very high Price, he defac'd the Coat of Armes of all his Silver-Plate, and fo fent it to the Silver-Smith, and for the Money he bought Provision, which he distributed to the Poor; thus with his Riches he laid a good Foundation for the Time to come. His Sermons were lively and affectionare, and prov'd a Bleffing in all the Places, where he had exercifed his Ministry. Before he would **fpeak** 

speak to Men from the Pulpit, he would in earnest Prayers first speak with his God. A great Divine when he hear'd him preach, faid: There is some Thing in this Man, I believe, the Apostles preached after this Manner; he used much Plainness; his Sermons was not like the painted Windows in Cathedrals, whose painted Beauty keeps out the Light, and as he preach'd so he liv'd, and bore a very Faithfull Testimony against that scandalous Practice of promiscuously admitting All, that present to the Table of Jesus Christ. He was not a perfect Man, but he strove for Perfection. His Conversation was a Commentary on his preaching; and tho' his spiritual Ways did purchase him the Contempt of carnal People, yer he will always be esteem'd by the Lovers of true Piety and inward Religion.

As to his last Hours, his Sickness would not allow him to speak much, but what he said, was very weigty and altogether heavenly: When he saw his Friends weeping round his Bed, he would say: Why weep ye? I am in a Bed of Roses, so sweet is to me, to submit to the Will of God. When he was asked, whether he felt any better, he replied: What ternal Wisdom does, is always good. Bless Him with me for eternal Mercy; and when he was asked by Another concerning the State of his Soul, and whether he had a Sense of the Grace of God, he answer'd: It is enough for the that I believe, the Fullness and Sufficiency

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of all Things is in God, I fee nothing and feel nothing; but I know, in the Lord Jesus there is Fullness of Grace, and I depend upon the eternal Covenant of Salt, Num. 18, 19. 2 Chro. 13, 5. At the same Time he cried: Lord! I wait for thy Salvation. When One of his Colleagues asked him how he did, his Answer was: Before God I am a dead Dog, and ver I shall go to Him thro' a new and living Way into the Sanctuary by the Blood of Jesus, and rest with him and in him for ever. I leave my felf entirely unto Him, and commend myfelf freely unto him. One of his Friends held him up in his Sick-Bed and he faid: Now I learn what it is to lean upon the Lord of Israel. Jes. 48, 2. It would displease him forely, when any said, that the LORD visited him in a painfull Manner: Why, faid he, won't you rather fay, that God Thews me many Mercies? The Lord is good and all he does with us, is good alfo. He never complain'd, only fometimes he would fav: Lord! When wilt thou make an End of my Sorrow? When they offer'd him some Refreshment, he asked, why will ye prolong my Mifery? And when his Brother gave him the Cordial, he said: It is a good Thing, that the Heart be establish'd not by Meat but by Grace, and when his Brother told him to take it for Conscience Sake, he said: Well then and took it. When Any would comfort him in his Sufferings by telling him, it was thus the Will of God, he would answer: I will suffer this, and more

more yet. I will have Things to be, as the Lord shall ordain them to be. The Physicians were afraid of a Mortification; but he faid: What need the Phylicians be uneafy? It is no Matter whether I grow better or worfe. It is all one, what the LORD does with me, fo I may but do or fuffer his Will. The third Night before his Death he faid: I am a poor Soul, I am wretched, blind, nacked and a fit Object for the Mercy of the Lord Jesus Christ. The Evening before his Death he faid: The LORD is a going to fay unto his Servant: My Son! Return unto the Dust whence thou art taken, and my Soul shall go to God its Original: When I am there, I shall immediately enjoy him. About 7 he faid: I am like one, that is wean'd before God. I am nothing, I have no Will of my own. Toward nine he faid: Is this dying, then I die easy indeed. Toward One his Sight begun to fail, he desir'd to be turn'd to the other Side and faid: O Majesty of God, good and doing good! When he took the Cordial, he repeated the Words: It is good, that the Heart is strengthned (establish'd) not by Meats but by Grace. As he was dying, his Colleague faid unto him that the Hour was come, wherein he should inherit the Crown of Glory. The dying Man rail'd himself as much as he could and faid: Yes a heavenly, a heavenly (Crown.) His last Words were: I am full of Thoughts: And thus he yielded his Spirit August the 6. 1677 in the fifty seventh

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Year of his Age and 33d of his Ministry.

# Laurence Homma.

Minister at Amsterdam.

HE was a Contemporary of Lodestein and not only a Minister of Christ by Name, but in very Deed and Truth. One that earnestly endeavour'd to save both himself, and them that hear'd him; and tho' he found Cause on his dying-Bed to lament the Decay of the Power of Christianity; yet his own Soul was given him as a Prey, neither is it to be doubted; but every Servant of Jesus, that has been faithfull unto immortal Souls, will have some, that will be his Crown of Rejoycing in the Day of the Lord Jesus. The Fame of his Piety engag'd the Church at Amsterdam to call him away from Enkhuysen 1661, and he there faithfully waited on his Ministry till his Death 1681.

His Sickness was a Fever that attack'd him Oct. 16. 1680, which lasted 3 Months, and at last put a Stop to his valuable Life. During his Sickness he repeated to himself and for the Edification of those with him the Marks of a real Christian, as he had laid them down in a

Sermon he preach'd the Day before.

First said he, they that know Jesus, are known to him. John 10, 14. Now I know him, not only with a speculative Knowledge of my Understanding, but with an inward Knowledge which marms my Soul. Secondly, if any Man love God, he is known of him. I Cor.

8,3. Now God, faid he, I love Thee with all my Heart, and I am forry, that I can love Thee no more, and have lov'd Thee no sooner.

Thirdly, they that hear Christ's Voice, he will aknowledge as his own. Joh. 10, 27. Now help me, o Lord! that in Life and Death I may follow thy Voice, and renounce my felf.

Fourthly, those whom God did foreknow, he also predestinated to be conformed to the Image of his Son. Rom. 8, 29. Now, said he, grant me that Mercy, o God! and make me conformable unto thy Son in his Obedience,

in his Patience and in his Sufferings.

Fifthly, those that love the Brethren, are known of God. If we, faid he, truly love them that are born of God, it is a Sign, that we are known of him, as his own. 1 Joh. 4, 7.11.12. 20.21. While he was thus speaking concerning his Experience, One of the Bystanders obferv'd, that he was also in great Concern about the Exercise of his Ministry; for he said complaining: O what Hardness of Heart and Blindness of the Spirit! O my Sins! O sinfull Ministry. One is often more afraid of Manthan of God. if you speak boldly, you are deemd. a Disturber of the Peace and not gentle. And thus you are lull'd a fleep to be in Things of God, like a Bell that gives no distinct Sound. I am heartily forry for this, and I confess it before the Face of God. If God now takes me away, tell it my Congregation. One of them E 3 W 19 - 12 3

present said: Woe is me! If such an Agony is required, no Wonder that I am so often uneasy. To this he replied: Yes, we must use Violence, and only the Violents take the Kingdom of Heaven. And again tell it the Congregation: The Lord is taking me away, a great Cloud hangs over Amsterdam: O what Blindness! O what worldly Mindedness! There are terrible Judgments hanging over our Church, which make true Christians to groan. God has preached by his Judgment at the French Invasion 1672, but who is become better, nay the most are grown worse, if the Lord takes me out the World, I need no more labour to convince these dreaming Christians, which our Church is swarming with.

The 33 October his Fever increased, and he also that Day had a great Sight and Sense of his Sins, so that even in his Sleep he seem'd in great Agitation. When he awak'd, he said: Know ye, that this Night I have humbled my self for my Sins before the Lord Jesus? Thus God deals with his Children, he don't pour the Oyl of his Comfort but in such Hearts, whom he has been breaking. This Night I spent groaning, but my Peace with God is made thro' Jesus Christ &c. Two Days after he said to a Friend: Willingly very willingly do I bid farewell to the World: O I long for full Communion with my dear Jesus. I am already 54 Years old, a greater Age would only bring Weakness. Faithfull Father! Do with me

accord-

ecordingly to thy good Pleasure. And these Words he utter'd with an unspeakable Earnest-

refs of his Soul.

Oct. 26, when the Fever feem'd to abate, ne said: If it pleaseth the Lord, in whose Hands re all Things, that the Fever should continue no longer, it will please me too, if he will not have it, so no more will I. I'll not set any Bounds to the Holy One of Israel. Lord! Do not take away the Plaister, till the Sore is thoroughly healed.

Nov. 18 The Fever increased so violently, that he was oblig'd to quit his Study. He turn'd himself to his Books and said: O my Books! I shall fee you no more. I shall no more enter, my Study, but go to a Place, where there is no fuch Preaching, as there is here, but where I shall perfectly glorify my God. When he faw his Son entring into his Room, he faid: Fear God and obey your Mother; then he pray'd feveral Times for his Wife and for his Son and added: Who knows how long my Wife may outlive me? and as to my Son, God will take Care of him without such a poor Creature as I am.

Nov. 19. On his awaking in the Morning he faid to them that watch'd with him: I have not flept; but kept awake and promised the Lord, if he would restore my Life to be more faithfull, then I have been. I'll tell you my Intentions, and you may keep them in your Memory. Firstly: I would not seek by my Ministry Ea

piftry to please Men, but to win Souls, and glorify God. I would not make Use of sweetened Expressions nor arrificial Words, which only tickle the Ears, but have no other Aim, then to preach Jesus Christ, and desire no Honour nor Vanity of the World. Secondly: I refolv'd no more to preach in so general Terms, as tho' all Hearers were born again; for the greatest Part are only dreaming and imaginary Christians, and by such general Preaching they are fortified in their empty Conceit of being Christians, tho' they are not. We ought to distinguish between the Clean and the Unclean. Thirdly: I would not preach out of Necessity, but freely and chearfully as a priviledg'd Servant of Christ. Fourtly: I would endeavour to be fervent and faithfull in every Part of my Calling. This implies many Things, viz. To have no Regard to Persons to act in the Cause of God without Hypocrify, Slothfullness or any finister View, nothwithstanding all Difficulties. Fiftly: would fo carry my felf in all Companies, as it becomes a Servant of Christ, without conforming to the World. This I am firmly refolv'd to do; but if the LORD should take me away fuddenly, before I can fee my Colleagues, you may tell them so from me, and at the same Time he bitterly lamented, that he had not confider'd these Things more and sooner, and when some were trying to comfort him, he said much displeased: Don't flatter me!

the! Let the Righteous finite me. I have a sufform to talk without Thought. I ought more to have bridled my Tongue, because I ad more Light then Others. O I am the greatiff Sinner! A little after he added: But I ob-

in'd Mercy.

Dec. 1. His Fever continued very long with rear Hear and Anxiety, so that he faid: This not Death itself but a mortal Anguish, yet or such as Jesus was in in Fethsemane, when he weated Blood. He took some Gruel, after hich he faid: O how gooditis! My Saviour ad no fuch Refreshment on Golgotha: Whenver he took formething, he would fay. O my ood Father! How many of thy Children, nat are better then I am, are destitute of the ood Things, which thou dost bestow upon ne, when he wanted to turn himself in his ed, he said: Othat bis right Hand were under y Head, and his Left might embrace me! Dung his long Sickness he always remain'd easy and patient. When One told him, that in long icknesses we are apt to grow peevish, he nswer'd: No! Not I: I will not grow impaent nor repine, I have fome Things else to nink on, the Lord keep me from Impatience, eta Child of God may fay: Lord! How long? it submitt's itself to the Will of God. When certain Person spoke with him, that he nought he had too great a Regard for him; e faid we must not depend too much upon ne Crearure. Keep close to Jesus, who prea-

cherh to the Souls, and not as we do only to the Ears. I am afraid you make too much of me. While the Bed was making he fainted away, when he came to himself, his first Word was: O how good is it, to be for ever with the Lord Jesus Christ! What great Mysteries are contain'd in the first Question of the Catechism (of Heidelberg.) When one said, that he had heard him often preach very warmly on that Subject, but that he now was yet more edified by his Example; he replied: This is nothing strange, formerly I preach'd to your Ears; but now the Spirit preacheth to my Heart, and this you are fenfible of. In the Evening he faid: If I recover, I will preach Eternity unto Man. O what a Weighty Thing is Eternity! This I have now experienc'd.

When he was told, that Mr. Borstius's Ele-Aion miscarried, he said, They'll have no Preachers, that open and reprove Sin. If I recover, my Voice shall be like Thunder against Sin. When he confider'd, in what Manner most Ministers preach, he was griev'd and uneafy: O how pitifull is the Method, they now use in Preaching! When he observ'd, that some that loved him, laid too great stress upon Assurances of the Physician, he said: Don't depend upon the Physician. I pray neither for Death nor Life, but submit entirely to the Will of the Lord. I advise you: Wean your Hearts from me, and give me up unto Gods good Pleasure. All what Jehova doeth is very good

His Wife asked him how he did and exresserted her Concern to lose him; but he
inswer'd: The Lord knows the best Time,
have a little more to suffer, and this exerises me more in sighing and Praying. Seek in
God, what you lose in the Creature. He will
be your Husband; then he cried out: Lord!
am a little Worm and no Man; Nay I am
is: A little Worm is not full of Sins as I am.
Dec. 19 he spoke with very sensible Affilition, not only of his Sins in General; but alof the Sins of his Youth in particular: O
the Loseness of my younger Years! O what
Vickedness is in my Heart, my vain

Thoughts to this Day are much fermenting of

ne! Lord! have Mercy on me, and grant ne Grace to overcome.

A certain Person said: If God takes you way, our Sins are the Cause of it, but he relied: No, my Sins and the Sins of my House! The Congregation has Cause to weep to for their Sins. The State of the Church is now most lamentable, and there is not One in a thousand that considers it. The present World is so evil, that One cannot do according to the Conviction of his Heart. There are so many Snares in the Way, that it is very difficult to be faithfull in the Ministry and the Disharge of Dury.

harge of Dury.
One Evening he consider'd the Words of Christ Joh. 6, 37. Him, that cometh, I will in

no Wife cast out, and was hear'd to say in a very humble Manner: Lord Jesus! Thou dost not say, him that runs after me, or him that hath already attain'd to such a Degree of Faith, but only he that cometh; tho' I have not so much Faith to be able to run after Thee, yet I come, tho' I come creeping, thou wilt not

cast me away from thy Presence.

The 21 of December he faid: I feel that I grow weaker and weaker, yet in my Weakness I am strong: And a little after, what is the World? What is Man? A Bag full of Dust, and a Corpse full of Worms. What are Men a thinking? What are they doing in the World, what are they toiling about? O wretched Creatures, that take so much Pains for Things temporal and forget Things eternal, whose worldly Substance deprives them of their Sleep. When One faid: That Many die before they have Time to prepare for Death, or are by their Sickness depriv'd of their Senfes. Hereplied: He that has Faith and the Root of the Matter in him, tho' he cannot shew it at that Time, need not be uneafy, but while we are in Health, we ought to be continually preparing for Death. As he spoke a great Deal, his Wife was afraid, it would hurt him and begg'd him to take some Rest; he answer'd: Rest? No, I will and must glorify my God, while I am here: In the Grave my Lips will have Time enough to rest. There is no praising of God in the Grave.

Jan.

Jan. 1. 1681 he was visited by his Brother tho told him: I am afraid, we shall loose you, and that will be a very great lose to us, to shom he made Answer: But consider on the ther Hand, what a great Gain it will be to be? and so slept a little, when he awak'd, he id: I have had a glorious heavenly Dream, have been in Heaven already, every Thing

as very glorious.

Jan. 2 some pious Friends came to see him, thich restified their Grief and Fears of Losing him. He told them: Keep close to that Jess whom I preached. There is a dark Cloud anging over the Church; but keep close to estimate Christ, and renounce your own Mind and Appetites! He knows what is best. He fren takes his Servants away, that the House

nay not fall over their Heads.

When the Person, that constantly rended im, said to him: I have learned more from our Exemple in your Sickness, then from all our Sermons. He replied: Bless God for it, and I bless Him too, that he kept me constantly in Action. Thus ought we to strive throught the whole Course of Life against Sin, which is easily befers us. It is said: strive that ye may never. Here is the trying Place even to the self Children of God, but the Lord Jesus Christ is their Captain, he has overcome, keep close their Captain, he has overcome, keep close of Him, and esteem it your Priviledge to walk effore the Lord in Holiness of Life. Don't anuse your selves with Hopes and Wishes for certain

certain and spiritual Joy, (which is indeed an excellent Thing, if the LORD is pleat'd to give it unto us.) as tho' the Substance of Christianity confifted in it. The Substance of true Christianity is in Faith and Repentance, holy Conversation and dayly Hope in the LORD: Even tho he should slay you. After a short sleep he faid: I have always preached Christ, but not as the Priests who preach: This you ought to do, and fuch a Thing you may let alone. Nay, I have intreated him to give me to know, what might be most suitable for my Congregation. What Struggles have I had, when I was by my felf and found my felf at Loss, to know or to feel the Weight of what I was to teach my Hearers. I endeavour'd not to preach only from Lips to Ears, but from Heart to Heart, and when I prepared my felf for my Ministerial Work, It was often more by Praying then by Reading.

Two of them that were present, asked him, whether so much speaking did not satigue him? to whom he answered: This is my very Rest; I am now in Gethsemane, and you Two are my Friends, that continue with me in my Temptation. Then he rested a little and afterward took some Cordial saying: This is very excellent: I bless my God for it, my Saviour had nothing like it in his greatest Agonies. He often repeated the Words of the Hymn of holy

Bernhard:

Desidevo te millies, mi Jesu! Quando venies? Me lætum quando facies, me de Te vogo saties. A thousand Times I wish my sweetest Jesus! Come and fill me with Joy and Bliss, and take me to Thee home. Jan. 4th 1681 was his dying Day. He call'd out to some with him: Be Witnesses for me, that I die in Christ. I have nothing in me, but in Him I am perfect. Nothing but Christ, None but Christ! said a Martyr in England. Then did he repeat Ps. 65, 4. according to the low-dutch Translation

My Sins and my Offences, Too heavy were for me, Thy Love exceeds all Senses, O Lord! and made me free.

He added: My Heart and my Flesh faileth; but the Lord is my Rock and my Portion: Now, faith he, I know what it is, when Flesh and Hearr faileth, and when One faid: Ihope you now also know and Experience, that the Lord is your Rock and the Portion of your Heart; He said: Yes, but in a lesser Degree, but when I shall be freed from the Flesh, I shall know it better. Again when One said, that there was now but a short Step to his Fathers House, his Answer was: Yes, but the short Way is full of Anguish. When he observed, that his Friends were call'd for, he faid: If they come, tell them not to disturb me nor to keep me from Christ, but rather affift me with their Prayers. The Way is straight and plain. When Saran had but little Time left, he was in great Wrath, and therefore yer affaulted him for his Sins, but he cried aloud:

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aloud: Away behind me o Saran! Jefus is my Security: Jefus receive my Spirit! Then he was a little filent, and when he observed, that they did not look at him he faid: Take Notice of me and so lost his Voice, his Eyes were fer and his Soul went to his Saviour.

The young Lady, whose last Moments I intend to give the Reader and Account of, was born of avery noble Family in France, but very early chose rather to suffer Affliction with the People of God, then to enjoy Pleasure and Prosperity at the Expence

of her Conscience.

May 4. 1690 an Indisposition, which she had had for some Days, violently increased upon Her and made Her apprehensive, that the was drawing near her last. She accordingly fent for her Mother, to receive her Comforts and Bleffings, and when the came, the in a very humble Manner reached out her Hand to Her and faid: Well, my dear Mother! The Time is come, my God is calling me away unto himself, Let us prepare to meet him. Alas, how unworthy am I to be presented before him! How very weak is my Faith, how small my Repentance? Pray to God for me, that he may pardon my Sins, pray that he may speak to my Heart. Alas, wretched that I am! He is not speaking in my Heart. Pray to God to shew me Mercy; tho' her Mother was much affected

by this Discourse, yet she contain'd herself and eplied: My Daughter! it is true, before God no living Flesh shall be justified Ps. 143. wihour the Assistance of his Mercy. But did not he Saviour of the World make Atonement or the greatest Sinners? Has He not pardon'd he Sins of a David, Manasse, Peter, the Thief on be Cross and Others without Number. You now, faid she, very well, my Daughter! Jeus Christ is come to call Sinners unto Repenance and not the Righteous. 'Tis true, faid he Parient, but I do not find that Repentance n my Heart, which God requires of them, whom he call's to himself. Alas he is not speakng in my Heart. Her Mother replied: My lear Child! Because there is such Sorrow in your Heart for your Sins, it is a Sign your Conscience is not a sleep. There is some Thing vithin you a striving, and what can that be, out the Spirit of God? Hope in the Goodess of God and the Merits of your Saviour. He has said: Him, that comet b to me, I will in o Wife cast out. The fick Person hearing these Words lifted her Eyes up to Heaven and faid: Draw me after Thee, and I will vun. Song. 1, 4. the then expressed a Desire to see her Miniter and several other Friends, when they came, he faid to them all: My dear Friends! Pray God that he may have Mercy on me, and hen very earneftly defired the Minister to pray or Her and to comfort Her: She always spoke f the Greatness of her Sins, and when she

was told that God is pleased, when we acknowledge our selves, quickly she replied: Hethat confesseth bis Sins and forsaketh them, shall find

Mercy. Prov. 28, 14.

And thus She kept on complaining all Day of the Weakness of her Piety, I am like a Sheep gone astray: Seek thine Hand-Maid, for I have not forget Thy Commandments. Ps. 119. Purge me with Hysfop, and I shall be clean. Ps. 51. If Thon wilt mark Iniquity, no living Man shall stand justified in thy Sight, but with Thee is Pardon, that thou mayest be feared. Ps. 130. O Wretched that I am, who will deliver me from this Body of Death? Then stope a little and afterward said. Draw nigh unto me, o my God! and I will draw nigh unto Thee. Cleanse my Heart, that I may draw near unto Thee.

Hear me with Speed, my Spirit fails, hide not thy Face, least I be like to them, that fink into the Pit. Lord! have Mercy on me according to thy loving Kindness. Let thy free Spirit support me. Ps. 51. It cannot be expressed, what a Concern She was under for her Sins and the Neglect of her Duty, in this Case She used to

cry in a moving melancholy Manner:

Lord! God of Health the Hope and Stay!

Thou art alone to me.

I call and cry thro' out the Day, And all the Night to Thee.

O let my Prayer with Speed ascend Unto thy Sight on high,

Incline thine Ear, o Lord Attend!

And hearken to my Cry.

Lord!

Lord! said she: tho our Iniquities testify against is, yet pardon us and hear me for thy Name's Sake, on which I call: For thine Anger is but or a Moment and there is Life in thy Favour, As the Hart panteth after the Water-Brook, o cries my Soul unto Thee O God! My Soul birsteth for God, the living God, O when shall come and appear before Thee? As she knew nost of the Psalms by Heart, she would conmually repeat the most moving Passages of hem. She spent whole Days in Crying and ghing and would often fay: My God! how reak am I, and how unworthy to behold thy ace! Lord! if Thou wilt mark Iniquity, none an stand before Thee. O God speak unto my leart, fince my Sins abound, let thy Grace nuch more abound.

O Lord of Hosts to me give Ear,
As Thou art good and kind,
And as thy Mercy is most dear,
Lord have me in thy Mind,
And do not from thy Servant hide,
Nor turn thy Face away.
I am oppressed on every Side,

In Haste give Ear, I pray.

fter she spent several Days in continual Dires and Sorrow under the Sense of her Sins, and Fear of the Judgment of God. This ceased a a Lords Day Evening, and her Heart was led with the unspeakable Joys and Comforts the Holy Ghost, by whom the Love of cod was abundantly shed abroad in her Heart.

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After this when ever any Refreshment was offer'd her, she would say, it is all to no Purpose what you do, my God has given me the Physic, which my Soul long'd for. In my Distress I call'd upon the Lord, and he hear'd me and comforted me. The Lord is with me, therefore shall I not be afraid. Ps. 118.

For when the Snaves of cruel Death

About beset me round,

When Pains of Hell me caught and when

1 Wo and Sorrow found.

Upon the Name of God the Lord Then did I call and say:

Deliver Thou my Soul, o Lord!

I do Thee humbly pray,

The Lord in Safety does preferve

All those, that simple be. I was in wofull Misery,

And He deliver'd me.

And now my Soul! fince Thou art fafe, Return unto thy Rest,

For largely unto Thee the Lord His Bounty has expressed.

She then took some Thing, that had been prepar'd for her; and when One persuaded her to try and take some Rest, she said: that the Rest of her Soul was her only Joy; and whe she was encouraged to hope, God would restore her to the servent Prayers of her Friends, she said: O don't tell me any Thing about Returning to this Earth, my Thoughts are Heavenward. Death does not terrify me any more,

tho' I know it to be the Wages of Sin, yet allo I know that eternal Life is the Gift of God thro' Jesus Christ, only pray that I may be more and more streghtned against the Terrors of my Sins, that I may fight the good Fight and obtain the Crown of Life. When One reolied that she need not have so much Fear of Sin as others, because she had always liv'd reigiously and without Conforming to the World. She replied: How do you know, whether I should not have lov'd the World, If I nad been brought up as it is customary for People of my Condition. I am the more hapby, that my Saviour weand me from it: Pray with me, that he may prepare my Heart, that I may meet Him with full Confidence in his Mercy. Now is a Time of Need, my God! Help me! O make Haste to save me!

Another Person said to Her: But if God hould restore you again unto our Prayers? But she would not give Her Time to say more, but answer'd: Lord! Not as I will but as Thou wilt; yet it is better for me to be dissolved and so be with Christ. Thy Will, o my God! be done on Earth, as it is in Heaven, then she repeated the Lords Prayer and the Apostolical Creed; after that she viewed her Hand and aid: This miserable Body must be return'd not Dust; but I know that my Redeemer liveth, and that he shall stand at the latter Day upon the Earth, and tho' after my Skin Worms destroy his Body, yet in my Flesh shall I see God. Job

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19, 25. 26. This Corruptible must put on Incorruption, and this mortal must put on Immortality. Then Shall Death be swallowed up in Victory. O Death! Where is thy Sting? Where is thine Arvow, wherewith thou intendest to pierce me? my Saviour has broken the Arrow. Then she continued for some Time as in a Sleep, but fuddenly turn'd herself to her Mother, and faid with a chearfull Countenance, my dear Mother! Refign me up again to the Lord, that lent me to you; Her Mother answer'd with a Sigh and lifting up her Eyes and Hands she said: Heavenly Father! I resign my self into thine Hands, myself and this Child which thou hast given unto me. Make us Partakers of thy Holiness and Salvation! The Patient replied: I know in whom I believe, and that he is able to keep that which I have committed to his Care. 2 Tim. 1. She then smiled at her Mother and alluding to a Dream the had related before, she said: Dear Mother! let me once more drinck of your Comforts. And when her Mother replied: My dear Child! The Lord will fufficiently give you to drinck of his Comforts; she said: And you also have often comforted me. Her Mother faid to Her: With Joy shall you draw Water out of the Wells of Salvation, to which the Sick replied: Yes I drinck already of the Streams, that run into eternal Life, my Cup overfloweth. Lord! break this earthen Veffel, that it may no longer detain the Threasure, which thou hast put

into it. Receive this living Breath, which Thou hast breath'd into this wretched Body.

The Night after She dream'd that she saw two Lamps fix'd in the Heavens, that afforded a very agreable Brightness, and that One of the Lamps was at least cover'd by the Heavens and became invisible. She related this Dream to her Mother who replied: Go, my dear Child! Thou Virgin of Israel! Go meet thy Bridegroom with a Lamp full of Oyl, which thy Saviour has given unto Thee. The Patient then cried out: Father! Into Thy Hands I commit my Spirit. I am going to the Mariage Supper of the Lamb according to his great Mercy. I shall soon sit down with Abraham, Haac and Hacob in the Kingdom of God. Her Minister that was present, offer'd to conclude; Well done thou good and faithfull Servant! Enter into the Joy of thy Lord. But she replied: This Joy of the Lord is my Joy; she added that Mercy for her Sake was glorified against Judgment. She was overheard to pray with a surprizing De-votion, and at last her Soul seem'd so taken up in Speaking with and Rejoicing in God, that it is impossible to describe it. She would often cry out: O how happy am I! What great Joy is in my Soul! I cannot express it. Can any Joy be like unto my Joy? What Thanks shall I return unto God, that he hear'd me? O my Friend! Help me to praise Him. When her Mother faw her in fuch a Joy-

full Trance, she invited all to come into the Room, that they might be Witnesses of her Joys and Comforts, as well as formerly of her Distress and Sorrow. She had rais'd herfelf in the Bed, join'd her Hands, her Eyes look'd heavenward and discover'd a wonderfull Firmness and modest chearfullness of her Mind. She spoke for fix Hours together, all in short and affecting Sentences. Some Time she would speak of her Happiness and some Time of her Joy, she made Use of so many Paffages of the Old and New Testament, that it was impossible to retain them; she express'd her own Thoughts in Scripture Language, fome Times she exalted her Saviour for her Salvation, some Times she humbled herself in his Presence and some Times she return'd Thancks for the Mercy and Benefits, which she had receiv'd at his Hand. She would very properly apply unto herself the Contents of feveral Chapters of the Bible. E. G. John 17. Rom. 5. and 8 she could fay: My God! there is no Condemnation to them that are in Christ Fefus. And if so! there is Nothing I can be afraid of, for I heartily lay hold on the Merits. of the Saviour of the World; I am made free from the Law of Sin, it gives me no more Fear. I perceive that my Saviour has given me the Spirit of eternal Life: Yea I know, O my God! that I am thy Child by the powerfull Comforts of thy Spirit. O how happy am I! I have not receiv'd a Spirit of Bondage unto.

unto Fear, but a Spirit of Adoption that enables me to call the great God and Lord of the whole Earth my Father. Holy Spirit! thon halt bear. Witness unto my Spirit, that I am a Child of God and a Joint-Heir of Christ. Othe Depth of the Riches both of the wisdom and of the enowledge of God. Unsearchable are his Judgnents and his Ways are past finding out; for of Him and thro' Him and to Him are all Things, o Him be Glory for ever, Amen, Lord! coninued the: Thou hast said in thy Prayer for hine Apostles: I do not pray for them only, out for them also, that shall believe in me by their Words Joh. 17. I have believ'd in Thee by heir Word, and therefore Thou hast pray'd also for me, thy wretched Hand-maid, Lord! Thou hast said: Father! I will that where I am, hose whom Thou hast given me, may be also. Grant that where Thou art, I may be with Thee, that I may behold thy Glory: When he hear'd some Body say, that she spoke very well, the answer'd: Not I but the Spirit of God in me, he has given me the Tongue of he Learned Jef, 50, 4. Hear me and let all he World know, what God has done for ne, bless God with me for his unspeakable Gift. She often clapt her Hands and faid: how happy am I! How shall I express my oy. Indeed he is come, he has overcome he holy Comforter, who is fent to me, to make nis Abode in me. With Him is the Fountain of Light, and in his Light shall we see Light. Ps.

36. O what Mercies have I receiv'd from my God: I am too little for them, too unworthy of them. Gen. 32, 10. I am made rich with the unspeakable Riches of Grace. Omy God! Thou hast wiped away all Tears from mine Eyes. Thou hast given me a good Testimony and a new Name, which none knoweth but he that veceiveth it. Apoc. 2, 17. Thou art feeding me with the good Things of thy House, and my Soul is satisfied with Streams of Pleasure. The Lord is my Shepherd, I shall not want. He makes me to lie down in green Pastures: He leadeth me beside the still Waters: He restoreth my Soul, He leadeth me in the Paths of Righteousness for his Names Sake: Yea tho' I walk'd thro' the Valley of the Shadow of Death, I will fear no Evil; for Thou art with me, thy Rod and thy Staff comfort me. Psalm. 23. Who am I? My Saviour! That Thou hast made my Heart the Temple, wherein Thou dwellest, I adore Thee! I love Thee! I bless thy Name, O my God! My Soul magnifieth the Lord and my Spirit rejoiceth in God my Saviour, for he pitied the low Estate of his Hand-Maid. O how good is my God! How unspeakably good is He, that has had Compassion on me!

Behold! How Kind is Jesus my Saviour! How loving is He! He did unspeakably love me, when I was yet his Enemy! He knock'd at the Door of my Heart: He enter'd when the Doors were shut and said: Yes my divine Saviour! I see the Prints of thy Hand, of

thy Feet, of thy Side, I fee the Streams of thy Blood gushing out from them Streams of Mercy for me, which have made me whiter then Snow: I adore Thee, I embrace Thee, O my Saviour! O my God! Give a clear Shine into my Soul, fill it with thy Fear, enlighten it with thy Knowledge, shed abroad thy Love into it, make it to partake of thy Holiness and Happiness: and when it shall leave its frail Body, let it reign with Thee

for ever and ever.

A Gentleman of the Neighbourhood taking Notice, that in this Extafy of hers her Eyes were immoveably fix'd heavenward, faid to her Mother that he believ'd, Her Daughter might now say with holy Stephen: Behold, I see the Heavens open, and Jesus sitting at the right Hand of God; which the Patient hearing replied: Yes, like Paul I fee Things, which I cannot possibly express. My dear Friends! Why is it, you do not fee what I do? But God does not shew Himself unto Every One. Then she encourag'd Herself and said: Bless the Lord. O my Soul! And all that is within me, bless his boly Name. Bless the Lord, Omy Soul! and forget not all his Benefits. I will blefs the Lord at all Times: His Praise Shall be continually in my Mouth Come and let us magnify his Name together. O bow do I love the Lord, that He inclin'd his Ear toward me, therefore will I call upon Him while I live. Glory to God in Highest, Peace on Farth and good Will toward

Men. Lord! Now let thine Hand-Maid depart in Peace; For mine Eyes have feen thy Salva-

tion. Luc. 2, 14. 29.

After this the quoted many Passages of Scriprure. She faid in the most amiable Manner to All, that were in the Room: Hearken unto me and I will teach you the Fear of the Lord. I will tell you what the Lord has done for my Soul. If I had regarded Iniquity in my Heart, the Lord would not have hear'd me, but verily he has hear'd me and inclin'd his Ear to the Voice of my Supplication. After this She pray'd for the King and faid: Give the King thy Judgment, o God! And Righteoufness to the Kings Son, that He may judge thy People with Righteousness and thy Poor with Equity. Bless with Blessings from above and from beneath the whole Royal House, o God! In whose Hands are the Hearts of Kings. Inspire the Heart of thine Anointed with Sentiments of Meekness, Mercy and Compassion toward thy poor persecuted People, which are his faithfull Subjects. O fave and help us, Lord and King! when we to Thee do cry.

She repeated feveral Passages to this Purpose out of the 44. 74 and 102 Psalms, and at the same Time pray'd for the Prosperity of the Church in general and said among other Things: O Mercyfull God! Look on thy poor Zion in Mercy in its Affliction and Oppression. It is Time to have Mercy on its Sores, and to renew its Agelike the Eagles. O God! grant

Profperity unto thy Children. O poor Church, There is no Rest for Thee on Earth, now is thy Time to wear a Crown of Thorns like thy Master and Lord; but it is only for a little While. Thy Saviour will in due Time give Thee eternal Joys. Of these He has already given me a Foretaste, and in thy Communion I shall enjoy it for ever. She pray'd in particular also for the Congregation at "", " " that God would grant it Peace and Union,

and always be with it.

Then she repeated the 133 Psalm, and a Moment after turn'd to her Mother and said: Praise God all your Lifelong, that He has honour'd you to bring A Daughter into the World, which he has made a Temple of the Holy Ghost, tho' she is nothing but a poor Worm of Dust. May the great God bless you, bless your Posterity with his facred Blessings! O that God would honour them to be in his Covenant from Generation to Generation, from Age to Age, till Sun and Moon shall be no more.

She then bleffed her Brethren and Sifters and all her Relations present most tenderly and spoke so suitably to Each of them, that every one stood astonish'd at it. She exhorted: Cease from sinning, my dear Friends! You have seen the Uneasiness my Sins have given unto me, let us endeavour Each in his Calling to edify the Church; Above all Things let us give a good Example unto Others. Let us live righ-

righteously, soberly and godly in this present World. Whatsoever Things are true, whatsoever Things are pure, whatsoever Things are honest, whatsoever Things are pure, whatsoever Things are lovely, whatsoever Things are of good Report, think on these Things, and the God of Peace shall be with you. O how much do I love you all my dear Friends! I love you all alike. I don't love my Mother, my Brethren, my Sisters any more then the Rest of my Acquaintance: I love all the World, and if I had any Enemies, I would love them also.

That Moment She hear'd some Body weeping by her Bed-side, which made Her say: Weep nor for me, weep for your Sins; but immediately recollected, let us weep over our Sins, and to prove that the Tears for Her did affect Her, She declar'd, that she knew no Bo-

dy more after the Flesh.

Having thus for some Time spoken to her Friends, she return'd with an ardent Devotion to speak to her God:

The Lord the God of Ifrael
Be praised evermore!

Ev'n so be it, Lord! I will say, Praise ye the Lord therefore.

This Conclusion of the 41 Psalm she repeated feveral Times and said to her Aunt, from whom She had learn'd it, how do I love you my dear Aunt! that you so well taught me to praise my God. While I live I will praise my God. My God I will love Thee without Ceasing.

Thou

Thou hast said unto me: He shall call upon me and I will bear Him: I am with Him in Trouble. I will deliver Him, With long Life will I satisfy Him and shew Him my Salvation. Lord! Indeed Thou hast heard me and comforted my Heart, in a wonderfull Manner hast Thou comforted me by thy Word and Spirit. Thou hast deliver'd me from all Fear, bring me to perfect Glory in Heaven, grant an immortal Life unto my Soul and Body; but I have already een thy Salvation.

She feem'd to take great Delight in repeating Passages of Scripture, and One would have hought She had receiv'd a particular Call to out Every One in Mind of his Duty. It can't be said, how often she repeated the following

lines:

I will give Laud and Honour both
Unto the Lord allways,
My Mouth also for evermore
Shall speak unto his Praise.
I do delight to laud the Lord
In Soul, in Heart and Voice,
That humble Men may hear thereof,
And heartily rejoice.

I will bless God without Ceasing for all the Good, which he has done unto me: I wish he whole Congregation might see me; nay should be glad that those also of an erroneous Religion might see me, that they may now this Goodness since I am indebted

for this, that I may now die in so happy a Manner. If any Man do not love the Lord Jesus Christ, let him be Anathema. 1 Cor. 16, 21. O how happy am I! How great Gifts have I receiv'd! How is my Heart fill'd with Joy! Bleffed be my Saviour for the Mercy, which He has shewn unto me. was now after Midnight, and her Friends observing, that She had been speaking for fix Hours upon a Stretch at the same Time, that She had a violent Palpitation of the Heart begg'd Her to spare herself a little, but She answer'd with some Displeasure: My Heart is inditing a good Matter, my Heart is fix'd, I will fing and give Praife, awake again, how painfull is my, Silence! So She did not cease to speak with God, till her Mother laid herfelf down with Her, and both enjoy'd a sweet Rest.

Thuesday in the Morning early She first conversed a little with her Mother, then reach'd out her Hands to a Nighbouring Gentleman, that came to visit her, and when she Saw Him weep, she said to Him: Why do you weep, Sir! Is it because God loveth me and is drawing me to Himself? She moreover also put Him in Mind of Josias, whom God took away because He loved Him, and that He might not see the Calamity, that was to befall Jerusalem and the Jewish Nation, and when her Mother came again to her Bed, she said to Her: My dear Mother! I am quite easy!

afy! Bleffed be God! To day I do not feel he least Pain. I feel very well, my Saviour as deliver'd me from all my Distresses, I will ternally praise Him for it, and then begun to epear feveral Pfalms, infifting only on fuch verses, as best suited her Circumstances. Her Nother faid to Her: My dear Daughter! In little Time you will join with Angels and eraphims, and with Them fing the Song of ne Lamb: Yes, replied the: I will offer Him ne facred Hallelujah after another, and when ne perceiv'd that her Mother took special Noce of her Words. She continued, my dear Mother! We ought always to endeavour to omfort our Brethren with that Comfort, herewith we want to be comforted ourselves. Vhen a young Lady ask'd Her, whether the vould not take some Food? She replied: I esire nothing at all, but bring me what you lease, and do with me what you please, I hall not recover: and so turning to another oung Lady that professed herself much edied by her last Nights - Discourses, to Her she nid: My dear Friend! Are you not surpriz'd hear me speak so freely and fluently, who lways used to be very timorous and of few Words? These are Gists of God, which ought ot to be forgotten, feeing her Mother weep he faid: You have no Reason to shed Tears, uch a Lady whom the mention'd, whose Daughter embrac'd Popery, has Cause to do , but your Daughter is going unto Him,

who bestows true Glory and not empty Va-

nities upon his Followers.

A few Hours after her Mother and Sifters fer themselves upon her Bed, and her Mother faid: Behold, Lord! Here I am and the Children, which Thou hast given me. The fick Daughter immediately replied: Let us All praise God; and O my Mother! What shall I render unto the Lord for all his Mercies, which He shews unto me? Help me to praise God, my dear Mother and my dear Sifters! I am too happy that you should weep for me, my God is calling me away, how miferable would it be to me to continue in the World, where there is nothing but Vexation and Vanity. Her Mother said: You have not been addicted unto Vanity. O my dear Mother! faid The: You have never yet fathom'd my Heart, I have certainly been vain, I wanted to make fome Figure in the World, and perhaps if I had continued in it, the World might have led me astray: May the Lord keep our Brethren, who are yet in the Temptation. She mentioned some by their Names and said: Let him that standeth, take Heed lest he fall. I Cor. 10, 12. The World paffeth away with its Lust, but he that does the Will of God, abideth for ever. 1 Joh. 2, 17. She then addressed her felf to her Sifters and faid to them: My dear Sifters! Keep close to the Word of God, and esteem it your best Treasure. Lord! Thou bast magnified thy Word above all thy Name. Pf. 138.

PL 138. She recommended them to get the Pfalms as they were turn'd into Metre by Mr. Convad and Mr. Hilbert by Heart, and o choose such, as were most comfortable from he I to the 25th, and the 12 last she knew by Heart, before the was 13 Years old, and learn'd he whole Book of the 150 Pfalms, as they re fung according to Marot and Beza Translaion by Heart, also many Chapters and most of the remarkable Passages of the Bible, yet he would always complain, that the was fo full to learn and of the Weakness of her Menory. She also exhorted her Sister, to get a ertain Prayer by Heart out of the Book call'd: The Confolations against the Fear of Death, which to ask of God the proper Dispositions to ie well. She also signified, that her Prayers hat Way were hear'd. She would every Moring pray over the 90 Pfalm: Lord! Thou haft een our Dwelling-Place in all Generations, &c. A noble Lady in the Neighbourhood brought er two Daughters to see Her, as she had exressed some Desire to see them; the Night efore the faid to them: My dear Friends! er the Fear of God be before your Eyes! on't fuffer your selves to be led away from ne Truth: Obey your Parents and Superirs, and never love the World nor the Things the World, for if any Man loveth the World, be Love of the Father is not in Him. 1 Joh.2,15. Tho' she was a Person of very few Words i her Health, yet she seem'd quite eager to

fpeak, now she was sick, and did it very fluently, and never neglected to speak to the Edi-

fication of the Bystanders.

After the had refted for about an Hour, the awoke again in fuch perfect Calm of her Mind, that her Physician was quite astonished at it, tho' he begun to despair of her Recovery on Account of the great Palpitation of her Heart and the Weakness of her Stomach; she took every Thing as she was order'd and would often say: Sir! I will obey all your Orders, as you are required to assist me, it is my Duty

to submit to your Directions.

Her Mother who was more griev'd, then can be expressed, and had no Comfort, but that of feeing her Daughter in fo good and pious a Disposition, said to her: My dear Daughter! You much edified me yesterday and to day by your Discourses: Verily said the Daughter, I enjoy'd fuch a wonderfull Strength of Mind, as I never experienc'd before, Italk'd with great Freedom and Eloquence of the Things of God, I spoke what I never knew before, I apprehended the Mysteries of Salvation, which are above our Reach here below, they are Things which cannot be utter'd. and thro' Divine Mercy I find myself in the same Disposition still. This Day she spent in Silence and scarce felt any Uneafiness, but what was occasion'd by the Taking of the Remedies, every now and then she slumber'd, and when the awoke again, the would rejoice

with her Minister over the good Gifts, which the had receiv'd at the Hand of God for some Days past. The sacred Scriptures were the whole Tenour of all her Discurses, It was thence, that she deriv'd all her Comfort, more particularly she comforted herself with some Passages from the first Chapter of the Epistle to the Romans, Where Sin abounded, faid she, thy Grace, O Lord! has much more abounded. Rom. 5, 20. Lord! Thou hast been favourable unto thy People. Pf. 85, 1. When Thou faidft: Seek ye my Face! My Heart said: Thy Face, Lord! will I feek, and foon Lord! wilt Thou shew it to me in thy Paradise. Then turning to her Mother she said: O my dear Mother: The Peace of God, which paffeth all Understanding, has entirely fill'd my Soul, the Lord fought me and found me: How mercifull is Jesus Christ, that He gave himself the Just for the Unjust! and when she rememberd the former Uneafiness of her Soul, she said:

Thus did I say both Day and Night,

When I was fore oppressed,

Lo! I am clean cast out of Sight, Yet heardst Thou my Request.

And after this she repeated the whole 15th Psalm, adding: Lord! Thou hast dealt kindly with thy Handmaid according to thy Word. Thy Word maketh wise the Simple. Thy Word, O my God! shall never be forgotten by me: After quoting many Passages out of the Psalms, she seem'd to be in a Méditarion and

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and then broke out again: Henceforth I fear nothing: Who will lay any Thing to the Charge of the Elect of God? It is God that justifieth: Who will condemn? It is Christ that died, yea,

what's more, that's vifen again, &c.

The Minister said to Her: You have copied after the prudent Merchant in the Gospel, you have fought the precious Pearl and you have found it. She replied: My Saviour made me a Present of it. Is it not so, dear Sir! that no Man can call Jesus Lord, but by the Holy Ghost, that no Man can love Him without his bleffed Spirit, it is He himfelf, that has put the Words into my Mouth. What an Advantage is it to me, that my Mother has raught me the Word of God? Turning herself to her Mother, she faid: It is you, my dear Mother! by whom. we have been so well instructed, you have shewn us a good Example, I wish I had made better Improvement of it, you have brought the Bleffing of God upon our House, and I pray God from the inmost of my Soul, that He may bless you more and more, and cause all your Work to prosper. Her Mother interrupted Her and faid: Your Discourse, my dear Daughter! gives me Room to reproach myself, that I did not sufficiently acquit myfelf of my Dury. May God enable me to do it better for Time to come, and fince he that planteth is nothing, nor he that watereth, I pray God to give Increase. That Day and Part of the Night was spent in such Discour,

fes: After a little Rest she enquir'd, what it was o' Clock: and when she was told, it was three of the Morning, she said: O my God! shall thy Sun this Day also see my Misery? O that Thou wouldst cause the Day of my Redemption to dawn and the Day of my Rest, then would I say with sacred Joy: This is the acceptable Day! Behold the Day of Salvation! 2 Cor. 6, 1. Her Mother added: At his Pleafure Every One of us shall see that Day, when our Sun Ihall no more go down, when the LORD shall be our everlasting Light, and when the Days of our Mourning shall be ended. Yes, my dear Mother! replied she: Yet a little While, He that is to come, will come and not tarry. Hebr. 10, 34. I will foon fay: This is the Joyfull Day indeed,

This is the Joyfull Day indeed,
Which God for us has prought.

Let us be glad and joy therein,

In Heart, in Mind, in Thought.

Set open unto me the Gates

Of Truth and Righteousness, That I may enter into them, His Praise for to express.

O Death! Thou art a good Messenger, thou art wellcome unto me, come and bring me into the Embraces of my most faithfull Friend, who has loved me before the Foundation of the World was laid.

When the was visited by one of her Friends, who expressed her Concern for her Illness; the gently squeez'd her Hands and said with

G 4

a chearfull Look: If you knew, my dear Friend! What Mercy God has shewn unto me and how happy I am, you would judge me unhappy, if God had not thus visited me. Afterward the rested for about one Hour, and when she awoke again said: What is our Life? Surely it is nothing but a Vapour that riseth up a little and then disappears; so reach us to number our Days, that we may apply our Hearts unto Wisdom. Pl. 90. O God! What is Man, that Thou art mindfull of Him, or the Son of Man, that Thou visitest Him? Pl. 8. We know that if our earthly House of this Tabernacle were dissolved, we have a Building made of God, a House not made by Hands, which is eternal in Heaven. 2 Cor. 5, 1. And the Glory of this latter House is greater then the former. Hag. 2, 4. The Things that are seen are for a little Time, but the Things, that are not feen, are eternal. 2 Cor. 4,18. She continued: Call my Minister that he may comfort me. O the Comforts of the holy Ghost are the Food of my Soul. Thy Word, o Lord! is sweeter to my Heart then Honey to my Taste. When the faw the Minister coming, the said to him: Sir! Let us draw near to the Throne of Grace, that we may obtain Mercy and Grace to help in Time of Need. Her Minister said; Why do You not rather fay? Let us alk Mercy. Why are You so consident, that we may receive Mercy? She faid: My Reason is, because ar the Throne of Grace I find a Saviour, who

has purchased it and promised to hear me. Him that cometh, I will in no Wife cast out, Joh. 6, 37. is his Promise, and He is faithfull and just to sulfill it. The Minister replied: Yes indeed, Madam! He has made this Promise unto your Repentance and true Faith. She spoke many more excellent Things and with fo much Freedom and Power, as tho' her Soul had already been free from the Bonds of the Body. She was entirely wean'd from the World. Nothing was able to hold Her. Her Thoughts were all in Heaven and in Exspectation of being perfectly united with God for ever. Toward Evening she suffer'd very great Thirst, but her Stomach would not admit any Drink without giving Her a most violent Cough and Oppression. Some Thing was applied to mitigate the Violence of the Palpitation of her Heart; but she was little concern'd for the Care of her Body, but cryed fudden. ly: O Lord Jesus! My heavenly Physician! Heal me by the Merits of thy Blood, and undoubtedly my Soul shall be made whole. She had most violent Pains, but never look'd for any Comfort but in God and in his Word. She would often fay: Speak, Lord! For thy Servant beareth. Speak, O God! in my Heart. A Gentleman, that was prefent opening the Window, she enquir'd the Hour of the Night of him, and he relling Her that Day begun to dawn, and asking Her: Whether she would not like David rife in the Morning to praise G.5

God? She replied: I cannot arife, but I will continually praife Him on my Bed of Sickness:

O God, my God! I early seek
To come to Thee in Haste,
For why my Soul and Body both
Do thirst of Thee to taste.

and so she repeated the whole 63 d Psalm.

About 4 her Sickness and Pains visibly increased. She had most violent Convulsions; but her Soul remain'd firm and immoveable. Once she said in her great Pain: My God! have Mercy on me, let this Cup pass, that I may not drink it, but not mine, thy Will be done. Matth. 26, 39. and when another Time her Convulsions were so excessive, that it was fear'd, they would throw Her out her Bed. She cried: Thunder, lighten, break, split, this miserable Body; yet will I always love Thee, yet, my God! I will praise Thee, Thou hast loved me, Thou hast saitsfied my Soul, that Thou art reconcil'd with me.

Another Time she said in her Pains: Thine Arrows have piere'd me, but though Thou shouldst always increase my Pains, I will always increase my Love toward thee, o my God!

O Lord of Hosts! to me give Ear,
As Thou art good and kind;
And as thy Mercy is most dear,
Lord! Have me in thy Mind;
And do not from thy Servant hide,
Nor turn thy Face away:
I am oppress'd on every Side,
In Haste give Ear, I pray.

O Lord! Unto my Soul draw nigh, the same with Aid repose, make Haste to help me, Lord! Thou art my Salvation: Come quickly, that I may praise thy Name. My Soul from Prifon, LORD! bring out, I humbly befeech Thee, lessen my Pains, and take me soon to Thee. but not as I, but as Thou wilt. She then look'd at her Mother and faid to Her: My dear Mother I am in violent Agonies of Death, pray for me, my Friends! Help me, I drink the Cup of Anguish to the very Dreg: The Minister said to Her: Your heavenly Father deals with you as he did with his Son, whom he never lov'd better, but when he fent the greatest Sufferings upon Him. O replied she: I will all that God willeth, in my Weakness I shall be strong, Ican do all Things thro' Him that strengthnethmc, even Christ. Owhar Pains do I suffer? But, Lord! It is thus thy good Pleasure and it is also mine: Let us suffer, let us fuffer with Patience. Keep my Lips, o Lord! from Murmuring against Thee. O God! I will always praise Thee, I will always praise Thee, A Moment after she said to the Bystanders: May God foften the Pains of your last Agony. The Snares of Death are come upon me: I am in Distress and Trouble, hide not thy Face in the Day of my Anguish, hasten, answer and hear me, o God! I spread my Complaints before Thee, have Mercy on thy poor Hand Maid, my Soul faints within me.

Then the raifed herfelf again, and spoke

art thou cast down, O my Soul! And why art thou cast down, O my Soul! And why art Thou disquieted within me? Hope Thou in God, for I shall yet praise Him, who is the Health of my Countenance and my God. Her Mother said to Her: As a Father pitieth His Children, so the Lord pitieth them, that fear Him. She replied: Yes, my dear dear Mother! Your Love won't bear Mentioning in Comparison of that Love, which my Saviour has born toward me. My God loveth me, He speaks kindly unto His Handmaid, He has fill'd me with great Gifts, and put this Thorn in my Flesh, lest I should be exalted above Measure.

Affoon as the Pains remitted a little, she would always praise God for any Degree of Ease: I will always praise Thee, o my God! I will always love Thee: And when her Pains return'd, she would put her Hands unto her Sides, and would say: Be of good Chear, O my Soul! Be always praising thy God, be always loving thy God. The Sufferings of Time are not worthy to be compar'd with the Glory, that shall be revealed hereafter. Once she said: Spare me that I may recover Strength before I go hence and be no more. Thou chastness me forely, O my God! But yet I kiss the Rod that is chastizing me.

The Minister said to Her: If Te be without Chastisements, whereof they are All Partakers, then are Te Bastards and not Sons. Whom the Lord loveth, He chastneth, He seourgeth every

Son, whom He receiveth. She answer'd: It is true, I am quite convinc'd of it, my Saviour has fuffer'd much more to redeem me, if I fuffer with Him, I shall also reign with Him. He drunk Gall and Vinegar, and was stabb'd to his very Hearrall for my Sake. LORD! Cover me with thy Merits, and grant that remembring thy Sufferings on the Cross I may forget mine own; A little after she drunk a Glass of Wine and said: I shall soon drink it new in my Fathers Kingdom. At the Return of her Pain she cried: All thy Waterspouts and all thy Billows are gone over me. Yes, faid the Minister, but you ought also to mention the Floods and the Waters of his Grace. which have fill'd your Soul. She replied: Ir is true. The Gifts I have receiv'd, far exceed the Pains I fuffer. When the complain'd, as tho she was quite overcome; the Minister said to her: Can you believe that your heavenly Father is angry with You, and that He will for sake You in this Temptation? No, said she, no, I know, I shall more then conquer for his Sake that loved me: If I fuffer great Pain, I also enjoy great Comfort. Zion saith: Come and see All Ye that pass, is any Sorvow like unto my Sorrow? But I will fay: All Ye that pass by, come and fee if there be any Joy like unto my Joy. Here Pains and Comforts meet. My Saviour! For my Sake hast Thou said: Your Grief shall be turn'd into Joy. Joh. 16,20. The Minister said unto her: You experi-

ence what the Apostle saith: Tho' the outward Man decayeth, yet the inward Man is renemed Day by Day. So she continued: Come, let us fing to the Lord, let us make a Joyfull Noise unto the Rock of our Salvation. Let us come before Him with Thanks Giving, for the Lord is a great King and a great God above all Gods. She also repeated almost the whole 62 d Psalm: My Soul! Wait thou only upon God, for my Expectation is from Him. Ec. Where can there be any Contentment, if it is not in Him that giveth it. His Sole Presence satiates with Joy. They that look at Him, are lighten'd, and their Faces shall not be ashamed. She repeated several other Psalms, and thus sought the Pity of the Lord. Every Word of the divine Plalms was a Balm to her Wounds. It was very remarkable, that the Violence of the Pain made. no Alteration upon her Countenance. She feem'd to look uncommonly beautifull: Her Eyes were sparkling, her Lips smiling and her Voice very strong. She did not think herself to look fo well, for when flie took Notice, that Orhers pitied her by their Looks, she said: I believe, I make You uneafy and so desired to fee herself in a Looking-Glass, which after she did she said: Well, blessed be God! I look yet fresh enough, but return'd the Glass with Contempt.

Her Mother who always endeavour'd to give her Proofs of her Affection to shew, that she was not the least afraid, offer'd to kish her, but the withdrew and feem'd as much offended, as if her Mother had been guilty of Idolatry. O Mother! faid she, what are You doing? Doubtless you do not consider it: And so turning to the other Side of the Bed she faid to the Minister: Is not this cruel? I am wean'd from the World, and my Mother wants to inspire me with some Love for it again. A little after She took Notice, that One of her Sifters look'd very affectionately at her: At this She did nor feem furpriz'd, only she said: Go away, my dear Sifter! You are now in mine Eyes no more then any other Person. In the Evening about 7 the Windows of the Room being yet open, She said to One of her Relations, pointing at the Burying-Place: Be-hold Sir! There is the Place, where my Body is foon to be laid, and where it will wait for glorious Refurrection.

Her Friend took an Opportunity to alk her, whether She had any Orders to leave him? She replied: No, Sir! I think no more on Things here beneath, my Soul is already in Heaven, and tho' it yet animates the Body, it is only inceffantly to praife God: She would turn every Discourse into a religious Chanel. I have entirely overcome, said She, the Fear of my Sins; I shall also overcome all my Pains, how great soever they may be. I shall more then conquer thro' Christ, who has strengthned me. The Joy which I experience is worthy the Danger, which I am exposed to.

I shall be secure from the Wrath of God; my God! I will always love Thee, I will always praise Thee. Come even come, Lord Jesus! She would never utter an impatient Word. Once when she was told of the Temptations of Satan in the last Hour, she said: O! Thus I have no Fear of: There are more with us, then with Them. 2 Reg. 6, 16. The King of the World has nothing in me, the Prince of Darkness has nothing in me, Now We are justified by Faith, We have Peace with God thro our Lord Jesus Christ. There is no Condemnation to Them that are in Christ Jesus. Rom. 8, 1.

Toward Midnight she fell a sleep; those that had always tended Her, also took some Rest. Her Mother observ'd that on Friday Morning before Day she would often say: Mercifull Lord Jesus! Come, and that her Cry seem'd no more to proceed from Pain but from Joy. She therefore told Her: The Lord will foon put an End to your Misery; wait only patiently for your God. The Patient raised herfelf and faid: My dear Mother! I shall not die, my Death is only a Transit to a happy Life. My Sickness is not unto Death, but to the Glory of God. Come rejoice with me, the Lord Jesus has found me, I was the lost Sheep, and once the faid very loud as coming from a very deep Meditation: If This is done in the green Three, what will become of the dry?

After this she spoke very little more, only sometimes she would say: What Pains and

Joys do I feel at the same Time, and so kept in a Slumber. A little after she was seiz'd with the Agonies of Death. Her Body was convulsed, a large sweat dropt from it, and her Eyes seem'd to be turn'd. A Friend of hers that felt Her Pulse, thought she would immediately exspire, but she recover'd, grew easier, her Eyes look'd bright again and she seem'd to rubb their Dullness out with her Hands. Her Countenance appear'd chearfull and she sung melodiously:

How pleasent is thy Dwelling-Place,

O Lord of Hosts to me!

The Tabernacles of thy Grace
How pleasant, Lord! they be?

My Soul doth long full fore to go
Into Thy Courts abroad:

My Heart and Flesh cry out also

For Thee the living God.

A great many People that were in the Room, were much aftonish'd at This, but This was not all. After the ferch'd a little Breath she awak'd from her Slumbers again, and begun:

It is a Thing both good and meet, To praise the highest Lord,

And to Thy Name, O Thou most high!

To fing with one Accord.

She fung these four Lines in the most sweet and harmonious Manner, and then sell into her Slumbers again, after which she sung Ps. 80:

Thou Shepherd! that dost Israel keep, Give Ear and take good Heed;

Who

Who leadest Joseph like a Sheep, And dost Him watch and feed, Direct our Hearts by Thy good Grace, Convert us unto Thee,

Shew us the Brightness of Thy Face,

And then full safe are We.

The fourth Time she for several Hours continued in the Agonies of Death, and when the came again to Herself, she sung:

Into Thy Hands, Lord! I commit
My Soul, which is Thy Due,
Progress Thru half redeemed it

Because Thou hast redeemed it, O Lord, my God! most true.

When her Mother hear'd Her thus fing aloud, the faid to Her: My Child! fince God has honoured me to put the first Words on thy Lips to praise Him, I will also put there the last, which I shall hear of Thee in this World and mention'd Psalm 146.

My Soul! Praise Thou the Lord always,

My God! I will confess,

While Breath and Life prolong my Days, My Tongue no Time Shall cease.

Which her fick Daughter fung with great Firmness of Mind, with open Eyes and smiling Lips. When her Agony was renew'd, her Mother took courageously her Leave of Her and said: God be with Thee, my dear Child! I shall come to Thee, but Thou wilt see me no more, we shall see One Another on the Day of the glorious Resurrection, and thus she retired. Above 3 Hours after her

Minister

Minister wanted to know, whether she was yet sensible, shook her Arm and desired Her to squeeze his Hands if She hear'd Him, but there was not the least Sign of Life; but as He was going out of the Room, the Soul return'd as it were to the Body. She raised Herself suddenly in her Bed, and sung the second Time:

Into Thy Hands, Lord! I commit My Soul, which is Thy Due, Because Thou hast redeemed it, O Lord! My God! most true.

He then put his Ear to her Mouth and hear'd Her fay: Lord! Now let Thy Servant depart in Peace, for mine Eres have feen Thy Salvation. A Moment after She fetch'd three Sighs without any Motion, and so yielded her Spirit. The Chearfullness of her Looks and Eyes, which remain'd half open, continued after her Death, and were a Proof, that her Soul tasted the Joys of Heaven, before it was quite loosen'd from the Ties of the Body.

# Anton William Bæbm.

Chaplain to Prince George of Denmark.

The glorious Promife, that he that believeth in Christ, shall not taste Death, has been very visibly fulfill'd in the Revd. Mr. William Anton Boehm Chaplain to his Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark & Preacher of the German Chappel at London. I remember to have seen the Title of a French Book, which gives an Account of those great H 2

Men, as they are there call'd, that went out of the World (en plais autant) finging and trifling, & I think the last Words of One are therein highly applauded, who faid to his Friends: Let down the Curtains, the Scene is over; but I fear the People that fung thus in Death, a few Minutes after found their mad Laughter turn'd into Lasting & pungent Sorrow. Mr. Boehm died finging too, but in fuch a Manner as left it beyond Doubt, that he went to continue finging in Heaven. He ceased to die May 26. 1722. for he had been dying all his Life. His Distemper was some very violent Fits of the Stone, which for Years feverely tormented him, yet he feldom complain'd. The 21 st he visited his pious Friend, Doct. Shleyr, in whose House he took his first abode when he arrived in England one & twenty Years before. Tuesday he took a Walk with the Doct. & his Sifter in Greenwich-Park, & declar'd that he eat with better Appetite, and found much Benefit by the Change of Air. Tuesday he repeated the same Exercise, but toward Fvening his Countenance begun to alter. He intended to return to London; but the Doct. perfuaded him to flay, & promifed to accompany him the Day after, & fo bled him & gave him some Physick. Fryday Noon he was pretty well, tho' he complain'd of an Oppression of the Stomach, yet he wanted to accompany the Doct. to London. The Doct. told him, the Country Air would be better for him

him, and exhorted him to flay where he was, for that he was not able to go further, but Mr. Bochm replying that he must preach next Lords Day, the Dr. told him that as he knew he was not afraid of Death, he would tell him that before Sunday he should be in Heaven, and therefore would not have him think of preaching; but to make his last Will to prevent all Uneafiness after his Death. Mr. Boehm return'd that he felt very well and nothing ail'd him, and with Difficulty was prevail'd to write it. He continued still to keep about House, therefore the Dr. went to London and tarried all Night. Saturday Mr. Boehm still din'd below Stairs; but had a violent Hiccough, which continued till towards Evening, when the Doct. return'd from London, who gave him fomething for it and it ceafed; Mr. Boehin faid: He felt very well but only flumber'd, and contrary to his Custom he took Physick very willingly. Lords-Day Morning at 5 a Clock the Dr. asked him how he did, he said: Quite well and wanted to rife and to go to London. The Dr. told him: You have not Time for your Dying; to which Mr. Boehm reply'd: Let it be so then, if I am but ready: And so kept a little longer in Bed. The Dr. rold his Sifter that Mr. Boehm was near his End, on which she went to him and begg'd him to speak to her once more, if it would not incommode him. (for the was very deaf) Mr. Boehm told her, he had often spoken to her: H 3

her; but was no more able, and that God would find a Way to speak himself into her Heart. The Dr. order'd his Servant to go for One of Mr. Boehm Friends, whom he was defirous to fee, and Mr. Boehm himself gave the Direction about fix. He rose as usual, and begun to sing his Morning Hymn in German. He took his Night-Gown round him, and walked finging over the Room toward an eafy Chair; but as he walked, he begun to faint and to fink: The Servant raifed him again and placed him in the Chair, when he was still finging, but as One that is only beginning and tries to pitch his Tune. Thus did he yield his Spirit finging, for the Lips were still moving, when he fetched his last Breath, when neither Tune nor Life could be observed, and the Spirit doubtless begun to sing the Song above. Some Time before, when he was told of the Nearness of his End, he said in a great Surprize: Should God dimiss me already, will He already give me my Reward, before I have begun to labour in his Vineyard? The Sabbath before his Death he din'd with One of his Friends, and speaking of the Death of Others, he faid: Lord! Make me to know mine End and the Measure of my Days what it is, that I may know how frail I am. He died it feems on his Birth-Day, and was buried without any Shew at Greenwich by Order of the Doct. who faid, that as he always avoided Pomp while he liv'd, he might also do without it in his

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this Death. The Epitaph upon his Tomb gives him his true Character:

Swift was his Flight and Short his Road, He closed his Eyes and saw his God.

# The remarkable End of John Schwerdfeger

Related by the Revd. Mr. Kern Minister of

the deceased. THe Beginning of his Sickness seem'd to be a Kind of a Fever and Ague with an Oppression of his Stomach and great Pain in his Back and Belly, that increased from Day to Day. When he fent for me the first Time, I asked him how Matters stood between him and his God, whether he expected to be happy after his Death, and whether he had not a hearty Defire to receive the Sacrament? to which he chearfully answered in the Affirmative, neither would he be eafy till he receiv'd it: The Day after I went to fee him, when he told me, that he was very glad he had received the Sacrament, and reconcil'd himself with God; he then faid: I will make my Will and afterward no more trouble myfelf about any earthly Thing, but commend my Soul to God. A little after he fainted away, but when he came to himself said norhing remarkable. A second fainting Fit of his continued fomething longer. So foon as he open'd his Eyes, he begun to rell that he got into a narrow Road, he did not H 4

know how he got into it, but that it was all full of Thorns and Briars, it cost him incredible Pains to get along, that he often despair'd of it, but that he remember'd that the Word of God gave fuch an Account of the Way to Heaven, and that therefore he struggled to his utmost, till he thought he came before the Gates of Heaven, where he thought he heard a strong Voice, telling him that he was not come to that yet, that more was requir'd to get into Heaven then was generally imagin'd, that he must needs return and examine his Life, and that then he should be called to appear again at the Barr of Judgment and accordingly his first Words when he came to his Senses were: I must go again but that will be a severe Tryal and I will return again but not fo foon as at this Time. Three Days after he had a remarkable fainting Fit, which lasted four Hours, so that his Wife and all that were prefent judg'd him to be really dead, and accordingly were ging to lay him out and put him into a winding Sheet: While they were bufy about it he opens his Eyes and faith: Send for the Minister, I will acquaint him first of any with what I have seen. This was about eleven at Night, when I entred the Room he raifed himself of his own Accord, as tho' nothing ail'd him, embrac'd me close and spoke as hearry as a Man in his full Strength; he lifted his Eyes and Hands Heavenward and faid: 'O what an Agony have I been in! I have really had

my Tryal, I have experienced what I could never have believ'd: When I was first put at , the Barr, a black Catalogue was open'd and , my Sins were read unto me, and among them , some which I would never have remember'd, , and yet they feem'd to me as tho' I had but just committed them: Saran in a Form so , hideous that all my Hairs stood an End, ac-, cuf'd me and I was condemn'd. I was in such , a Terror, Agony and Anxiety that my Heart , shook for Fear, because I already felt the Ter-, rors of Hell; this made me look out for Christ and I cried in a woefull Manner: Alas where is Christ the Saviour of all Men! Will he now be filent and fuffer me to fall a Prey of the Power of Satan? Now it is high Time to vindicate the Power of his Blood and Mediation, , and to speak a Word of Intercession for me a poor condemned Creature; but it was all to no Purpose, I could get no Sight of Him: , I observ'd indeed, when I was accused, a Man , standing on my Side at the Tablet where the , black Book lay; but I could not know him; , fome Thing feemd to overshadow him, thus , the Sentence remain'd firm and condemned , me, fo I look'd once more about me and figh'd: O where is Christ the Saviour the Mediator between God and Men! And that Moment , I saw him, run at him and embraced him with Tears in my Eyes, he looked most kindly at me and feem'd to me all Sun and Splendor; he shut the Book and it disappeard, he seem'd H 5 , to

to me to be the same Man that stood on my , Side before; but whom a Shadow kept from my Sight: He then publish'd to me the Pardon of my Sins, absolv'd me from the Sentence of Condemnation, and receiv'd me as a heavenly Member in the Number of the Elect. He took me by my Hand, led me away from the Barr and placed me on his Right, where was an innumerable Company of holy Angels, that inclosed me into their Circle, that Moment a joyfull Shout founded thro' all Heaven, it feem'd to me like the Sound of many Trumpers, attended with fuch a melodious Musick as I never heard before: Ar , the same Time Heaven open'd, that I could , fee into it, whose Glory and Splendor so daz-, led my Eyes, that I stood quite astonish'd, and then thought on the Words of Paul I , Cor. 2, 9. Eye hath not seen &c. and confessed , it would be impossible to me to give an Ac-, count, tho' I had the Tongue of an Angel, , he fo rejoiced while he related this, that the , Tears plentifully streamd down his Cheeks. , How, faid he, out of this Glory am I brought back again into this Valley of Tears, where every Thing is nauseous to me, fince I tasted fome Thing better! Nay if the King of Pruf-fia would give me the whole Principality of Halberstad, I would chearfully refuse it, it is , like Dust and Dirt in mine Eyes, neither will I mix my heavenly Taste any more with earthly Food or Drink; but weit till I get unto into my Rest. It is remarkable that after this his Sickness entirely left him, tho' before he could not move without great Pain, he was now entirely free from it. His Eyes which before lay hollow in his Head, where now as bright and clear, as tho' they had been wash'd with fresh Water, and his whole Countenance like an agreable young Man in his Prime, now faid he, I shall live two Days more, and I wish every Body would come and hear me and turn unto God. If Any visited him while I was there, he would reach out his Hand to them and raise their Hands upward and fay: Away from the Earth upward to God! here is nothing to be done, which he would always accompany with Tears; when his Wife complain'd, how she and her Children should fare after his Death, he said to her: for Shame, that ye have no more Confidence in God, He that takes Care of the whole World, will take Care of You too; it is your Unbelief and Mistrust that makes you fo uneasy, he bid her and the Children to come before his Bed, and exhorted them very movingly to put their Trust in God alone, and never to doubt his Promises, which were all Tea and Amen. This I must confess that his Intellectuals were uncommonly increased fince his last fainting Fit, he did not speak in a common Way as before; but his Words were very affecting and folid as tho' he had learned Eloquence in that short Time, before I was

I was his Teacher and Comforter; but now the Leaf was turnd and I was like a Child to him, and aftonished to hear him thus speak. I ought not to forget that in his last fainting Fit. While as he faid he flood at the Bar. His Face was red like Fire, tho' he had before a dying Colour and the Sweat run from him, as tho' hot Water had been pourd upon him, when the 2 Days he spoke of were finishing, he faith: Now put me on straw, I will die, the Time is come. As foon as they laid hold on him, he shut his Eyes and falls a fleep; but because his Wife made a great Noise, cried into his Ears and would not put him down, but continued to shake him: He awakes again and faith: O Ye foolish People! Why will you not give me the Rest, which God gives me, now I must behere one whole Day longer, which accordingly happend; yet he was always in a Slumber, only when he was asked, whether he should die in the Day or in the Night, he said: In the Night, and so he did toward Morning in the 38 th Year of his Life.

The Rev. 70hn Reinhard Hedinger

D. D. and Chaplain to the Duke of Wirtemberg was a divine of defervedly great Esteem in his Life and favour'd with a peculiar Joy and Composure in his Death.

By some private Occurrences that happen'd to him, he was persuaded that his stay here

would not be much longer, and therefore improv'd every Kind of Providence, to prepare for his latter End. He made the best Dispofitions concerning his Estate and Funeral and order'd the Preacher to declare in his Funeral-Sermon, that he had liv'd only ten Years of his Life for God. He mention'd that his early Death would perhaps be look'd upon as a Judgment; but that he was little concern'd about Peoples Opinions; sometime he would speak of the Treasure of a good Conscience, and fay what an unhappy Man should I be had I not been converted before now, and then he would take an Opportunity to tell his Relations, that they must deny themselves more, and become better Christians, that their present State would not do. He seem'd to be uneafy that in his Behaviour at Court he had indulg'd a false Prudence, and in the Beginning had too much flatter'd or spared them, in not telling them naked Truth, he exhorted his Brother very heartily to beware of false Prudence, and not for the Sake of it neglect any Thing in his Office, which conscience obliged him to do; he declar'd that nothing gave him more Satisfaction on his dying Bed, then what he did in a Zeal for God against the Advice and Opinions of all Men, and that fuch of his Actions, as had been most censur'd for their Rashness and Foolishness now afforded the most Comfort unto his Soul, and that if he should ever be able to preach again,

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he would do it in so warm and plain a Manner, that he should be discharg'd after the very first Sermon.

Once when he was in a great Agony, he look'd affectionately at his Friends, and defired them that they would help him to strive in Prayers Rom. 15, 30. and when they were going away he call'd upon them: Militemus Fratres. Let us strive my Brethren! Let us strive! After this Agony he enjoy'd for most half a Day an uninterrupled fense of the Love of God and this made him fay in Latin: O quam bonus Dominus O how good is the Lord! He is the very best: How sweet is his Love! O what an unspeakable Sweetness is in the Enjoyment of thy Grace! Cease, O Lord! I am too unworthy, yea I am too unworthy. When one of his Friends came and asked him, how he did, he replied: Anima mea languet prae Amore Dei. My Soul is fick for Love and Defire to my God. He defired his Friends to read him none but encouraging Hymns and Scriptures; for he had no Doubts of the Love of his God. When the rev. Mr. Wseman encourag'd him to be of good cheer: He answer'd with great Emphasis, I know that I am a chosen Vessel of God and that my Name is written in the Book of Life. When he spoke of Death, he would say with great Joy, Ludibrium, Ludibrium, it is become a Contempt, he fent for his Friends to fing with him and play on the Harp, while they were

were finging, Dr. Hochstaeter paid him a Vifit, to whome he faid: Inter Jubilos Moriar, I'll yield my Spirit in very Joy and Shouting. And when some of the Bystanders said, they hop'd there was no Danger, fince he could so chearfully fing and finile with them, he answer'd: Hedingerus ridet, et tamen moritur et sepelitur. Hedinger smiles; but he will die notwitstanding and soon be buried. He ask'd his Physicians, why they would give him any more Phylick, feeing he was fure to die, and that he was full of Blood, and that so much Physic would make him a nauseous Corpse; when they told him they had good Hopes of his Recovery, and begg'd him to follow their Directions, he indeed confented; but faid withal: Hedingerus Medicorum Voluntatem implevit, omnia Medicamenta accepit, Sudores opulentos peregit, et tamen movitur et sepelitur. Hedinger has comply'd with the Orders of his Physiciants has took Sweats and Medecines and yet will foon die and be buried. He never discover'd the least Fear or Terror, but rather a Contempt of Death, when he 'tended him, would cover him close, while he was in Conversation, he would say, if you cover and guard me fo well, Death will not be able to come in to me. O faid he once, I shall be asham'd to come among so many thousand glorious Souldiers of Jesus Christ and Conquerors, in Comparison with whom I have fuffer'd altogether nothing for the Name of ESUS

Jesus Christ, I get to Heaven as one born out of due Time: He then ask'd a Friend, what do People fay of my Death, who replied, that they rather entertaind good Hopes of his Recovery; at this he shook his Head and faid: It is no more then Hope. Once he begun to speak so powerfully and with so strong a Voice, that his Hearers could not refrain from weeping, It cannot be otherwise, faid he, if One will be a Christian, he must deny himself, there is no other Way to be a Christian. Christianity is not a dead Thing, but lively and active in good Works. It will not do to frame your Life by the Examples of Others; but only by the Commands of God, neither will it bear to pretend Imposfibility, for Faith conquers the World; least of all will it do to make as it were a Bargain with God to ferve him, as far as it pleafeth us, for God requireth an absolute Obedience without Exception: After this he most affectionately prayd, and spoke very beautifully of the great Love of God and his Willingness to receive penitent Sinners. It is remarkable that during his last Speech he orderd his Servant Maid to go and fetch some Straw to lay him out on it, and a Sheet to wrap him in it, and accordingly in about an Hour, and half after he expired; for when he finished his last comprehensive Prayer, he fell asleep and without any Motion under the Prayers of his Friends quietly breathed his Last the 28 of

Decemb. 1704 in the fortieth Year of his Age.

## The Rev. Mr. Alckoeffer

MInister of the Gospel at Ratiston after a Sickness of two Years and six Months feemd at last to expire and to be dead in the Eyes of All that were present, wherefore they were going to wash and lay him out; but his Wife perceiving some Heat left would not fuffer it, tho' she was told as his Pulse had ceased bearing he must certainly be dead. He continued 3 Days in this Condition, when all on a fudden while the Superintendent of the Place was prefent, he raised himself of his own Accord, which he had been too weak to do for several Weeks before, his first Words were: O where have I been! What have I seen! An unspeakable Glory indeed! When he was asked where he had been and what he had feen, he replied: That he had been in a green Meadow, which was furrounded with a large Stream, that he had feen his Saviour standing on the other Side and cried to go and meer him; but could not effect it: Then the LORD JESUS told him, that it would be imposfible to come over the Stream to Him without undergoing a great Agony. At this he grew very anxious and asked the Lord Jesus again, whether it could not be done without an Agony? And was answerd, No, that it could not be; he then thought himself surrounded with a Cloud

a Cloud of Drones, two of which especially fo tormented him, that he could not hear his Saviour speak: At last the Drones all departed and his Saviour stood by him and told him, that now he would wipe away all Tears from his Eyes. To this he added: O what Joy is it to be with Jesus! O few, few, few are chofen! Many, many, many are condemned! I have feen some of the Numbers, that are yet alive. O what a Pit is that! It is not fuch a Fire as you think. O dear Children repent, strive in an Agony Day and Night: I beseech you by the Blood of Jesus Christ, repent! repent! At fix a Clock I shall die and go to my Saviour: I am now fure of my Salvation, for I have feen God Face to Face; and when the Clock struck fix, the dear Man fell a sleep in his Immanuel.

The dying Bed of the kev. N. N. 38 Years fucceffively Minister at N. N. was attended with very remarkable Circumstances, some of which were afterward printed by one, that had been a Witness of his last Agonies, (and who thought fit to conceal his Name as well as that of the Person he was writing about) in Hopes of their proving edifying unto others.

His Sickness was a Shortness of Breath, which gradually increased and call'd on him to employ all his remaining Strength and Time in an impartial Examination of his past Life and the Discharge of his ministerial Office.

He much lamented the Wickedness and great Deceitfullness of the World. He seemd dayly o obtain a deeper Sense of his Sins and Coruptions, and prayd that God would not ener with him into Judgment. He declard that very often he had not done as much as he ought to have done in his Ministry, that tho' ne faw the Corruption of all Conditions of Men yet as he could not prevent it, was peruaded God would not require of him, what vas not in his Power to effect, that he had at east endeavourd to be faithfull, and had bore he Gainfayers with great Patience. He would leclare his Concern for the miserable Condiion of some of his Hearers, and mentiond ome Names with Tears and Concern, that he could not prevail upon them to change their Lives. O! faid he, I thought fuch a one should be won to God; but I could not effect it and must leave them unto Him. Tho' he had a hort Respite, wherein he seemd to grow somehing better, yet his Age and Distemper gaind o fast upon him, that his Breathing became nore and more difficult and his Body wasted away apace. The State of his Soul was now ull Employ for his Thoughts, he would receive every Exhortation to confider the End of the faithfull Servants of Christ with great Thankfullness, would defire to be prayd for and would often fay never was a Prayer loft.

Eight Days before his Departure God gave him a perfect Fore-Tafte of his evernal Reft.

He had flept for three Hours and on his awaking he faid with great Emotion: O how happy, how happy was my Soul! Am I here yet? I thought I was no more in Time, but entred into my Reft: O why did you wake me? He contented himself with the thought, however that the Conversation of Believers is in Heaven already, but that we must wait for the Redemption of the Body and the Com-

ing of the Lord. &c.

In the last Day of his Sickness he became as patient as a Lamb and feldom complaind, only he would often pour out his Soul before God and cry earnestly unto the Lord. Othou Spirit of the Lord, thou Teacher, thou Preacher, thou Comforter! faid he once with a loud Voice with many Things more, that could not be understood: The he was very weak and had several fainting Fits, yet he would ofren say: I shall not yet die; for he was senfible it feems that an Hour of particular Tryals was yet awaiting him: And accordingly the 14 Day of June 1723 was unto hima Day of great Tryal and also of great Assistance. In the Morning between 7 and 8 he was visited by his Son. He recoverd from a fainting Fit with these Words in his Mouth: It is all nothing; to which his Son replied: Yea, indeed all is nothing, except Jesus and his Strength. Jefus, Jefus is alone our Strength; our Life and our Light; he would often fay with great Emphafis: Jesus is my Salvarion, my Light, my Shepherd,

erd, my Lord and my God, my All and in l, nothing, nothing, nothing shall separate ne from Him. Thus he fed himself and repiced fo greatly in his Saviour, that notvithstanding the extreeme Heat of his Body e would fay, he felt very well that he waned nothing fince God was his Portion; when is Son asked him whether he was not at all fraid of Death? he turnd quick about and aid: Did you ever hear that I was afraid of Death? I rejoice at it. His Son replied: I know ; but Faith is fometimes weak and we dont now the Bitterness of Death, till we taste it. The Patient replied: My Heart feels comforably, I only defire foon to be dissolved, I can o all Things thro' Him that strenghtneth me esus Christ. I know that this my Redeemer verh and that he will keep that, which I have ommitted to his Care untill the Day of his Appearance: After this Discurse his fainting it coming oftener and he being defirous of Air, he was perfuaded and confented at last to e put upon another Bed in the same Room, nd this became the Place of his last Agony, where he struggled not only with Death but lso with the Righteousness of God; but found bleffed Deliverance in and thro' the Blood of Jesus. In his Place he preached with his Example more powerfully then ever he had lone in his whole Life and prayd with frong Crying to him, that was able to help him out. About 2 in the Afternoon he for the first Time

felt the Agonies of Death. His Body grew pale, the Symptoms of Death all appeard; but his Soul was yet comfortable: He rejoiced in the Victory of Jesus Christ and his glorious Redemption. O faid he, he has redeemd me! He will redeem me and must redeem me, the LORD will break thro', the Angel of the Covenant will go before me also and prepare my Way! At the same Time he would pray for help Patience and Strength to persevere; he exhorted his own Family to be Faithfull unto God, and God would never forfake them. One wished him that the holy Angels might attend him, to which he replied: O yes, the holy Angels have been with me already. When an inferior Magistrate of the Place came to fee him, he knew him only by his Voice, and faid to him as he was going away: Keep Peace. In the Night about half an Hour past nine ended, a fevere Tryal followd from his righteous Judge and Mercyfull Father; his Breath was fo difficult that he could scarce pronounce a few Words; but the Strivings and Pleadings of the Spirit with God were fo powerfull, that it broke out in clear and intelligible Expressions. It seemd no other then if he was standing upon his Tryal before the Judgment Seat of God for his final Absolurion. He feemd to plead with the Justice of God. Thou hast, said he in the most moving Manner, created me! Thou hast redeemd me! Thou hast loved me! This he repeated several Times

Times with great Earnestness. After every Word he spoke, he seemd to fall into the Slumpers of Death, that he could hear nothing that was faid to him and thus he generally remaind ix or feven Minures, fo that it looked as if God intended to do his Work immediately and would not fuffer any Man to speak to him, when this little Space was over, he began again: Thou hast had Patience with me! Bore with me, bore with me! many Times fuccefively, and then he would again be filent: Afer this he broke out in a Kind of humble Atonishment: O thou patient Lamb, thou paient Lamb, thou patient Lamb of God! Thou haft took my Part! And then he would stop again, as tho' in his Silence he liftend to the Speech of his Lord. Then he begun to alk himself: Art thou also forry for thy Sins? And quickly answerd with Eyes full of Tears and a moving and broken Voice: O yes! Indeed I am forry for them: Then for a little While he remaind filent. Immediately after this Silence he pronounced the Word of Reconciliation unto himfelf and faid: Be of good Chear, my Son! Be of good Chear, my Son! Thy Sins are forgiven unto thee! Thy Sins are forgiven unto thee! And again remaind. filent. When this was over, he appeard very joyfull and faid feveral Times: It is all gone! It is all over, all over, he has overcome! He has overcome! There is an End, an End, an End! All was spoken in such an Emphasis and and Manner, that none of his Friends could add any Thing, unless to confirm what he said; tho' it seems that in the Beginning especially he took little or no Notice of any Thing that was said. After another Pause he said several Times very affectionately: Father! Into thy Hands I committ my Spirit, into thy Hands, into thy Hands, Father! I commend my Spirit, and this he said 15 or 20 Times successively in engaging joyfull refreshing and familiar a Manner, as if he laid hold on the Hands of his heavenly Father and was now

laying himfelf down in his Bosom.

Soon after this he begun to praise his God and faid: He hath done all Things well, all Things well, all Things well! And this again he repeated so often, that it appeard wonderfull confidering the Shortness of his Breath and his mortal Weakness; lastly he said again Praise, Praise, Praise, God! Bleffed, bleffed art thou, O God! With frequent Repetitions and thus the Scene of his Tryal ended. Toward two in the Morning begun his last, hardest and happiest Agony. His Soul struggled with so much Might, that it seemd all his Bones would break. The Cries of his Spirit were so powerfull that it should have moved a Stone. Here were few Words but many Sighs and Groans, which cannot be utterd. Now and then a Word would drop from his Lips: O What an Agony I am in! Lord Jesus! Give me the Victory, His last Words

were:

were: Hear me! Hear me! O holy Spirit, near me and strenghten me! O God! O JEsus! Hear me! And I will for ever praise Thee; for the Body fufferd exceedingly, when he Soul was about to leave the earthly Tapernacle. At last under the Prayers of his Family with and for him, the Lord heard him and help'd him out of all his Distresses. A litle before he died, he grew at once filent, and while it struck three, he inclind his Head and died away like a Candle. Having a litle before faid to a Minister, that assisted nim: God make us free! And when the other was a going to take Notice of the things, God frees us from, he faid In one Word all Evil and thus he gave up his Spirit into the Hands of his heavenly Father, to whom ne had so Often and so filially commended it.

# John Mishke.

Inspector at Halle in Saxony.

Tho' it very often happens that Childern of God are kept in Bondage all their Life by the Fear of the awfull Hour of Death; yet real Christians have not only no Cause to be afraid of this conquerd Enemy, but also many Reasons that may engage them to wish or the last Messenger as a Hireling for the Shadow and as a Bride for the Coming of her Bridegroom. The Rev. Mr. Mishke, who after having served God in several Places in the I 5

Gospel of his Son died at last Inspector of the School of that noble Charity the Orphan-House at Glauba by Hall in Saxony, is an Instance of such Christians, who not only were past the Fear of Death, before it made its last Approaches, but also met it with a humble Joy and Defire, when it came to execute its Commission. In the very Beginning of his Sickness his whole Conduct declard, that he defired nothing more then to be defolyd and to be with Christ. He would often speak of his going home as near at Hand, and one Lordsday Morning after he had been for two Hours pleading with God he entred the Room of fome of his Friends with an uncommon fmiling Countenance and told them: Now it is quite determind, that I shall go home, the Lord Jesus has given me a firm Promis of it. Those that were very converfant with him observed, that instead of saying: Lord Jesus, have Mercy on me! As he was continually wont to do, he would of late constantly use this Expression: My Saviour! O were I with Thee! His late Exposition in the Orphan-House was on these Words: Bleffed are the dead that die in the Lord; for they rest of their Labours und their Worcks Shall follow after them, and in this he spoke with extraordinary Fervour of the Desire after a better World.

In his Prayer he was exceeding fervent, he recommended unto God the State of his Church

Church and of the whole World; especially of this University and Orphan-House in the most moving Manner, and once in particular so wrestled with God for half an Hour together for our gracious Sovereign; that it was impossible to hear it without tender Emotions. What concernd himfelf he was quite swallowd up in that one Article of the Sinners Justification before God, he would have nothing at all to fay for himself and pleaded altogether nothing but meer free Grace. O! Would he fay, by Grace are we fav'd. O! It is good that nothing will do out free Grace, otherweise I would never tand, at the same Time his Heart was full of Assurance of Faith, the Grace of God in Christ was surer to him then Heaven and Earth, and his Lips constantly overflow'd in he Application of the Promifes of his Releemer.

He was entirely refignd to the Will of God to die or to live longer. Sometimes he would bray: My Dear Abba! Behold here I am, I defire nothing but that thy Will should be done. If it is thy Will that I should continue here longer, I only pray that I may be more Diligent and faithfull in thy Work, then I have been hitherto; but if it is thine unchangeable Will to take me away, well here I am, do with me according to thy good Pleasure, fetch me soon home, let nothing hinder Thee, not even the Prayers of thy Children.

Children: When he heard that Professor Franck earnestly exhorted the Childern to pray that the Lord would spare him yet longer, he faid very gravely, It is determind al-ready, nothing will avail against it, he himfelf will do it. A Friend of his that visited him, askd him whether he had no Mind to flay here any longer, feeing fo many Children of God so earnestly prayd for his Life, he answerd: My Mind is this: If my Saviour takes me to himfelf, I will for ever thank him for if it is so as the Brethern say, that I might yet be good for some Use, I am willing according to the Will of my Saviour to tarry here longer, on condition of his making me more faithfull and capable. Once he pray'd: Dear Saviour! The Brethern think it is better that I should abide longer in the Flesh and Work: Well, Lord Jesus! If it be thy Will, it is mine also. And at another Time, Lord Jesus! Do with me in this Sickness as it is best for me and for thy Church Is it to thy Honour and my Salvation, come and get thy Bride home, when thou hast well prepard and washed her pure in thy Blood, for my Soul is thy Bride; make me full of Defire after Thee. Yea, come LORD JESUS!

It feem'd as tho' his Sickness had quite alterd his Carriage, he did not feem to take any more Notice of the Things of his Life, he would indeed speak kindly to every One, that came to see him; yet it was very visible,

that his Heart was engagd with higher Things then those present. He would hardly say any Thing to them that came to fee him; but well, will you not tell me fome Thing of Jefus Christ? He seemd once so astonished and overcome in his Meditation, that at last he said: O that is too much! It is too much! It is too much! And when he was asked what he meant. he said: that God did not spare his only Son, but gave him for us. He had no Inclination to take much Physick; but highly valued the Refreshment and Help of that Physician, who is Life itself; Jesus Christ was his Physician Phyfick and All in All. This only Thing was he concernd for, that his Faith might not fail in his last Moments; and therefore he would fometimes fay: O dear Children! Pray that my Faith may not cease, that when any Body asks: Well, how does Miske do? You may truly fay: He rests in his Jesus, he rests sweetly in the Love of his Jesus. He laid so much Stress upon this, that he would beg his Friends, not to let any watch with him at Night, but fuch as were in Jefus Christ.

The great Importance of being faithfull in the last Agony sensibly affected him. A little before his Death he said: Yea, Lord Jesus! Now Thou must exert thy whole Power to preserve me, that Mishke may not be slung away as it were with a Sling; but when Professor Franck put him in Mind, that he had no Reason to fear this: that the Souls of the

Wicked would indeed be flung away as with a Sling; but that his Soul should be bound up in the Bundle of the living with the Lord his God, who had cloathed him with Garments of Salvation, and that the LORD Jesus promised that he and all his Sheep should remain in his Hands, and none be able to pluck them out; the Patient was very much encouraged and testified by his pleasing Looks that Satisfaction and Approbation of his Heart. If at any Time he complaind, he would at other Times be the more abundant in Rejoicing. Once indeed he faid: O my Saviour! It is all good and right as Thou hast dealt with me; but grant now an End of these heavy Temptations, but this is a Proof that the Work was really of God and his next Breath would already overflow again in Gratitude and Praises, when his Speech already began to faulter he faid: O it requires great Faithfullness to keep the Peace of a Child of God in the Soul. There must be a sure Foundation, a fure Foundation in Christ Jesus: Jefus Christis the Foundation, yes, yes, I know in whom I believe. With a very deep Sigh he faid: O wretched Philosophy! How much would thy Comforts fail in the Circumstance, I now am in; but Jefus, Thou art still my Jefus! The 28 of October in the Morning he thus prayd: O dearest most precious Jesus! Behold now that I am left of all, and have Mercy on me in this my Distress, I would quite be swallowed up in Thee: O let me be saved by

by Grace, faved by Grace! This he would often repeat, and the nearer he drew toward his End, the more would he long and press for Christ and his Grace; and thus did he fulfill the Answer, which he used to give in his full Health, what he would do, if the long looked for Chariot come to fetch him to his Bridegroom; viz. then I wash my felf once more quite clean in the Blood of Jesus, put on my white Garments, the Righteousness of Jesus Christ, and so I seat my self in the Chariot and ger home. In his Prayer he refignd him felf entirely into the Hands of his heavenly Father, whether he would keep him any longer alive or take him unto him felf: He added, however, poor Mishke! perhaps this is thy last Hour well then come, Lord Jesus! Even come quickly. Then he repeated the Lords Prayer, but so that he added some Thing to every Petition, e. g. When he prayd: Thy Will be done on Earth as in Heaven, he would fay: O ye dear Angels! Ye must help me to praise my God; do you hear it? His Will be done! I defire nothing but the Will of the heavenly Father &c. The fixth Petition he would often repeat and sometimes say: My Warfare is not with Flesh and Blood, forgive us our Sins and Guilt, but who will condemn? Whereis Condemnation? There is none at all, come o thou Condemner! Wilt thou condemn me? Christ s here who died and is rifen again. A little afer he was very anxious and alked for some

comfortable Text of Scripture, and when he was told: I am the Lord that healeth thee, he faid: O yes, if thy Word had not been my Comfort, I had perishd in my Misery! O Children! Lay up Words of Comfort in your Souls, get Strength, get Comfort all in Christ! Well fince it is sweet resting in the Wounds of Christ, let me go unto my Rest; and so he slumberd till about 7 a Clock, when he fuddenly awake and cried out with a very feeble Voice beyond his Power and with great Joy: Overcome, overcome, overcome by the Blood of the Lamb, by the Blood of the Lamb, by the Blood of the Lamb, &c. and the Word of their Testimony, Hallelujah, Hallelujah! Amen! Amen! which Words he repeated above 20 Times and then fell a fleep again, and after a little While fung again, overcome, overcome, and added: I live and you shall live also. Thou Fohn Milhke shall live also, do thou hear it? And when his Sifter thought that he wanted fome Thing, he faid: O dear Sifter! Here is no Death, here is no Death, here is all Life .: From this Time his Speech began pretty much to fail, and as he drew nearer and nearer the shining Gates of the heavenly Ferusalem; he spake more by his Looks and Gestures then with his Lips. In the Afternoon when he raifd him felf to take fome Thing warm, he faid: Seven Tears ago, &c. Some of them that stood by, eafily knew what he meant; for at the Death of Mrs. Francke Widdow of the Profeffor, fessor, whom he always highly esteemd, he asked how many Years she had lived after the Death of her Husband? And when he was told that it was now seven Years; he foretold that his Dissolution was near at Hand, because his Wife also died seven Years ago. A little after he calld her Name Carolina and laid himself down again with these Words: You already snow what a Glory it is, I will foon come afer, and then shall we better then ever live and peak together. After a little Slumber, when he Passages Job. 19, v. 25. Lknow that my Releemer liveth; and John 11, 25. I am the Refurection and the Life, were mentioned to him, ne affented with Chearfull Gestures and said o himsels: Dost thou believe this? In this bleafing Countenance he made as tho' he tated some Thing, and towards 4 in the After-Noon he faid feveral Times: I am a Thirst! The Bystanders told him, he should have ome Thing to drink; but he kept on crying thirst, as tho' he did not mind what they said, e did indeed drink a little of what was offerd; ut when he continued to fay so and was presed to drink a little more, he faid: Dont inerrupt me any more, I thirst! I thirst! And r last he said: It is finishd: Which last Vords of his dying Saviour were also his last nd the Foundation of his Hope. After this e lay with his Eyes shut and had so few Conulfions, that even in this Sense he rather fell sleep then died Octob. 29. 1735.

During

#### श्रेट ( 138 ) हेड़

During the Wars which for 30 Years succelfively ravagd the greatest Part of Germany, in the Beginning of the last Century there lived at a Place in Silesia

### The Rev. Mr. Sweetbrook

A Man famous for his extensive Charity in his Life, whom we mention in this Place as a very remarkable Instance of Comfort and Joy in his Death. It feems his Wife was willing also to be charitable too; but in such a Manner, that they might also leave some Thing unto their Children, but this worthy Man, who was convinced that the Bleffing of God is the best Inheritance, considerd the great Diffress of so many of his Fellow-Creatures and defird liberal Things. The Promise of the Apostle: Godliness is profitable unto all Things and has Promise of this Life and of that which is to come, was his whole and a very fufficient Estate; for as he would never dimiss the poor empty, fo his God also never left nor for fook him. In a Time of Dearth his Wife advised to fett their Spare Provision to the best Advantage, he promisd faithfully to do it and first fold it reasonably to them that were in Want, and afterward gave away all his Money to fuch as feemd in Danger of Starving. At his Return he affurd his Wife that he had been as good as his Word; but upon her suspecting the Case and asking for the Money he told her to be easv

easy that the Necessity of Others were too great to withhold his Charity, and that he would have her be fatisfied, that Godliness was profitable to all Things and had the Promise of this Life, and also of that which is to come. This uncommon Liberality met with uncommon Reward, and this charitable Man faw the Promise of Psalm 41, 1-3. in a very remarkable Manner fulfilld in himfelf, for the Lord did indeed refresh him on his dying Bed. On his dying Day he waited in the Morning on his publick Ministry, and expounded the second Pfalm of his most adorable Saviour and King. At the Conclusion he told his Hearers, that he Time of his Departure was come, and that ne should die before that very Evening and o gave them many Exhortations and his Blefing withing that he might fee them again in joyfull Eternity. This Caused an universal Consternation among all his Hearers, those epecially that had tasted the Fruits of his Chaity. They surrounded him with a thousand Sears and accompanied him in so great Sorow to his House, that he had enough to o to beg them not to break his Heart with neir Sorrow, now he was just launching into happy Eternity. He foon felt a visible Decay f his Strength, orderd his dying Bed to be nade, and faid that he would lie down and eready against the Coming of the Brideroom. The Magistrates Ministers and many others came to see him, to whom he repeated his morning Discourse, and being asked about his Sickness told them that nothing aild him, that he enjoyd his Shepherd Jesus and selt very well. A little after a most melodious Harmony was heard over all the House, and he asked his Wise, whether she heard that beautifull Concert, wherewith the Angels were fetching him away into Abrahams Bosom? And when she said yes, he told her, that is she continued in Faith and Godliness she should also be happy in Death, and before he turnd himself to the Wall and sweetly fell a sleep, he said: Now you see, my dear Eve! (this was her Name) that Godliness is prositable unto all Things and has the Promise of this Life and of that to come.

THe Faithfull Labourers in the Mission, which King Fredrick 4 of Denmark established at Tranquebar in the East-Indies 1705 have not only by their unwearied Labours under the divine Bleffing brought some thoufands of Souls from the Darkness of Heathenism to the Light of the glorious Gospel, but Providence has also so graciously smild upon their Endeavours, that some of the Natives have been ordaind to preach the glad Tidings of Salvation unto their Country-Men. An Undertaking fo worthy of Imitation ought to be universally known, and in this View I intend here to intert the whole Life as well as Christian Death of the first Preacher out of that People, and in

in this I shall follow the Account given by the Missionaries themselves, who greatly valued his painfull Ministry and much lamented his early Death. Their Account of him as it was by them transmitted to the late King of Denmark runs thus:

### The Rev. Mr. Aaron

HItherto our Fellow-Labourer and Brother in the Lord by the Account, which he gave of himself, was born at Cudular, a Place belonging to the English East-India Company, about 1698 in the Darkness of Paganism. His Fathers Name was Sorcanada Pullei of the Tribe of Wallarken, which is one of the more honourable in that Country, he made Profession of Merchandize, and tho' he had often been invited to the Kingdom of God he remaind a Heathen and died as such at Porreiar 1732. His Mother and One of his Sifters followed the Steps of their Son and Brother; the first was baptizd April 9th 1734 and receive the Name of Nallatas, which fignifies a good Mother and died 1738. His younger Years he spent in Ignorance and Darkness. It was a Mercy to him that his Father fent him to Shool, where he learnd to read and write, but in his Blindness and Madness he not only him self changed the Glory of the unchangeable God into an Image of corruptible Men, fourfooted and creeping Beafts and Birds, but also K 2

encouraged this Son of his in fuch abominable Works of Darkness, and endeavourd by many Promises after his Conversion to engage him to return to the same. Mr. Aaron often mentioned his Diligence in serving their Idols, and that he had often tasted of their Drink-Offerings in their Temples; but always praised the Lord that he delivered him from so great Power, Tyranny and Slavery of Satan, and translated him into the Kingdom of his dear Son.

In the Year 1717 Governor Collet establishd a Tamulian Charity Shool, which was kept right over against the House where Aaron then livd, and of which two Shoolmasters sent from hence and the Catechift Shawri Mutta had the Government, Aaron was then about 20 Years old and took Delight daily in reading the facred Books the Children were instructed in, and thus it pleased God to begin his Work in his Heart, to make him feel the Power of his Word, and to cause his Mind thereby to be affected; but as on the one Hand he was destirute of a proper Knowledge of and Instruction in the Ways of God, and many Temptations presented on the other, these young Seeds were very near being stifled, had not God in his Faithfullness made Use of other Means to bring him to himself. His Parents had some Uneasiness with the Company, and To retired from Cudular this Side of Collaram River, by which they were fo reduced, that his Father could not maintain him any more, but

but bid him go and reap other Peoples Fields to get his Living. At this Time he rememberd what he heard in Cudular, and fo wished himfelf to be in Tranckebar, but as he did not know the Way thither, his Intention faild; some Days after he croffd the River, and hearing of this Mission by a Traveller he accordingly joynd him and in his Company arrived at this Place. He acknowledgeth in the Account of him felf, that God made Use of this outward Affliction to humble him, and to draw him like a prodigal Son Luc. 15. On his Arrival here he went to the Catechifts who knew him very well, and brought him to Mr. Ziegenbalg the first Missionary that was sent hither. This worthy Man endeavourd inceffantly to make him acquainted with the Truth of the Gospel, and it pleafd God, as he him felf declard it afterward, to give him more and more a Sense of the Sinfullness of his Soul and of his lost Condition, that his Soul was made to feek for Life and Salvation in the Blood and Death of Jesus Christ. He was baptized August 5 1718 and upon Mr. Ziegenbalgs discovering his Ability and Sincerity, they made him Master of the free Shool to teach Children to read, write and cypher. A little after his Father came and endeavoured to perfuade him away from this Place and his Religion, but he approved himself faithfull in his Profession and Office.

In the Year 1719 he was made an Under-Catechift to the Congregation of this Town,

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in this Office he acquitted himself with great Diligence and Fidelity, he frequently visited the Christians in and about Tranckebar, and observed their Conversation and also went often among the Heathen to declare unto them the Way of Salvation. At the same Time he was intrusted with the Care of the Shool at Poreiar. By Degrees he greatly improved himself, so that the Missionaries made Use of him in the Character of a stated Catechist, in which Station he remaind, till the Year 1733, when he was ordaind a Minister among the Heathen.

In the Neighbouring Villages he very fuccefsfully taught the Word of God, he has brought many to the Knowledge and Profession of the Gospel, and thereby largely increased the Congregation. He took special Care of the Souls committed to his Charge and encouraged them to be diligent in attending on the Preaching of the Word of God. When the Work of the Lord spread into the Country he was chiefly employd in it because of his remarkable Gift of dealing with the lower Sort of People. His first Journey was 1727. The Conversation of this good Man giving Room to hope that he was in a State of Grace, and he rendring himfelf daily more beloved by his faithfull Services in the Cause of Christ. The Missionaries thought good to appoint and ordain him a publick Preacher to his Country People, which was the more needfull as all Europeans are denied Access into the inland Parts of the Coast

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of Coromandel. The Congregation in the District of Majaburam consisted of about 300 Souls, and therefore stood in great Need of having a faithfull Teacher established among them: After long and frequent Consultations the Missionaries agreed to ordain One of their Catechists and accordingly proposed to the Congregation to give in their respective Votes, when it so happend that Aaron and Diogo (fince also publickly ordaind) had an equal Number, and among the Missionaries three voted for Diogo and three for Aaron, but as Aaron was the older of the two, had fervd more Years and was best acquainted with the Country and Manners of the People and also had the greatest Number from the Congregation in the Country, he was at last unanimously chosen. The most remarkable Characters in the Votes of the Christians for him were these: 1 st. He eads a good Conversation, it is the Will of God. 2 dly. He gives us good Exhortations, lirectrs us a good Way. 3dly. He gives us good Instructions, takes Care of the Sick, visits them n the Middle of the Night, he often exhorts is not to quarell. 4thly. Methinks Gods Spiit directs me to give him my Vote, he conlescends to the Lowest. 5 ly. He is well known n the Country, he can speak to Superiors, has Experience of many Things, and knows o give every one good Advice. 6 ly. He fuits he Country. 7. He is patient, humble and valks according to Gods Commandments: I Ks think

think he acts from a Principle of the Fear of God. 8. His Exhortations reach our Hearts. 9. He knows how to speak and is a good Teacher of the Faith. 10. He is a Man of good Sense and humble. A Shepherd that takes Care of the Flock and leads them into good Pastures, is a good Shepherd. If any of us are fick he takes Care of them. How he is inwardly, the holy Ghost knows; but I have observed, that he is carefull of People and as a Shepherd gives them Pasture and Drink. 12. Nothing can be said against him; he teacheth us powerfully and takes Care of the Poor. He fears the Lord Jefus and is humble and kind in his Conversation. 14. Under divine Affistance I judge him fit for the Office, he walks in the Fear of God and is active. 15. He has no Fear of Men, he walks all Day among Heathen and among Christians. 16. He has a special Gift to travel about and teach, he is very fit and courageous to teach in publick Assemblies. 17. He suits the Country-People, is a sensible Man apt to reach and to exhort. 18. He is very fit, knows how to deal with Gainfayers. 19. He is not passionate; if he was struck he would bear it. 20. He is born in the Country and has some Influence. (he can turn himfelf to any Thing.) 21. Can fpeak even in the Kings Residence, gives a good Example. 22. He takes diligent Care of us and prays for us. 23. He is used to travel and has already won many, he deals deceitfully with no Man. 24. We can best open

our Wants to him. 25. I can fay nothing against him, he is fit to teach the Word of Righteousness. 26. He is solid, bold, does not give up the good Cause, resists all Disorders. 27. He is long exercised in the Business. These Votes or rather Testimonies of the Mans Character are here inferted to shew, what Credit he had among the new Converts and what Love they bore towards him. When the Miffionaries published their Intention to ordain One of the Carechifts, the Carechifts gave their Answer in writing the oldest Catechist Shawri Muttu thus: Because the Thing which you agreed upon thro' the Goodness of the great Shepherd Jesus Christ, is very needfull, it gives me a great Deal of Joy, I wish the appointed Person may have the Call of the Father, the Application of Christ and the Sealing with the holy Ghost. The Second, Aaron wrote: Blessed be God who put this Intention into the Heart of the Missionaries, it will be of great Use and is very needfull. The Lord bring it to pass: The youngest Diogo answerd, may our great Shepherd Jesus Christ choose him whom he pleaseth for this Ministry, and him felf begin carry on and compleat the whole Work! His holy Name be praifed! The two Candidates had Each a Text prescribd them, that the Missionaries and Congregation might have a Tryal of their Gift in Preaching: Auron preached first, and afterwards delivered the following Extract of his Discourse: Beloved

Beloved Friends! our present Text contains some of the most principal Points of Christianity and we may learn from it a true Type of a Christian Life. I desire therefore you would attentively hear, examine your selves by these Words of God, and every one endeavour to become a true Christian.

Romans VIII, 14-16.

For as many as are led by the Spirit of God, are Sons of God; for ye have not received the Spirit of Bondage again unto Fear; but ye have received the Spirit of Adoption, whereby we cry Abba Father! The Spirit itself beareth Witness unto our Spirit, that we are the Children of God. From these Words we will consider:

First. What Spirit the Children of God are led by. Secondly. In what Manner God gives unto his Children the Spirit of Adoption.

First. The holy Apostle Paul does not speak here of natural or such Men as are not born again, but of Christians. To the natural Man this Doctrine is Foolishness. I Cor. 2, 14. Every Man is led by some Spirit; either a good one, i. e. the Spirit of God or an evil one, i. e. the Devil. The Children of this World, who by the Redemption of Jesus Christ are not made free from the Tyranny of Satan are led by the Spirit of the World unto many Sins, Vices and worldly Lusts; for Satan is yet powerfull in them, but the Children of God are led by the holy Spirit unto all Manner of good Works, to a holy and blameless Conversation,

to Love and every other Virtue Gal. 5, 22. These Fruits and good Works the holy Spirit works in them, whom thro' the Washing of Renovation he changed in their Hearts and Mind and wrought a good Purpose and divine Mind in them, for they flee carnal Lusts and the Corruptions which reign in the World, Pfalms. 1, 2-. Thus they prove that they are no more Children of old Adam, that they are no more in their former Slavery, that they are made Children of God in Regeneration, and that they are purified and washed by the Blood of Christ I Cor. 6, 11. This is the good Work which God works in the Believer by the Spirit of Christ. Believers who by the Enlightning of the holy Spirit are made Partakers of the Love of God and the perfect Righteoufness of Christ, dont suffer the Flesh to rule over them, but crucify it with its Lusts and Defires; for the Works of the Flesh are Enmity against God: They that do them are Children. of the World and of Darkness, Such the Apoftle calls fleshly. Flesh is not in this Place the material Body, but that Satan works bad Thoughts in fuch a Man, perfuads him to follow him and commir all Manner of Uncleannefs, Error and Wickednefs. These Vices we read of Gal. 5, 19.21. Now tho' these are guilty of fuch Works of Darkness, yet they dont know their Misery and Unhappiness, because they are destitute of the Light and Guidance of the holy Spirit. If any such should be among us:

us, they have need to get their Hearts converted by Faith and Repentance and fo to turn unto Jesus Christ. There remains a great Difference between the Children of God and the Children of the Devil. While a Man has not the Spirit of Christ and lives without being born again, he is a Slave of his corrupted Flesh and knowingly and willingly does that which is evil. This needs no Proof, fuch a one's Conversation does it self prove it; but who are they that are led by the Spirit of God? Our Text faith: As many as are led by the Spirit of God: Let them be who they will; Every one that has an earnest Desire after this Redemption of Jesus Christ, must also suffer himself to be led by his Spirit. In whose Name are ye baptizd? In the Name of the Trinity. Therefore you ought not as before to do the Works of the Flesh and of Death; we also that are baptizd into the Death of Christ, ought to walk in Newness of Life. In the new Life, which we have obtaind by Baptism, we ought also to walk. The Gift which God gives us is eternal Life thro' Jesus Christ our Lord. Rom. 6, 23.

Secondly. In the 15 and 16 Verses we find two Things, which are something difficult to be understood, viz. of the Spirit of Bondage and of the Spirit of Adoption. What is that Adoption? It is in short the Glory and Inheritance of the Children of God. The Spirit of God manifests unto Men the exceeding great

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Love of God in Christ, and thus he works in he Heart a Confidence and Rejoycing in God and his Peace, this is Adoption. Examine your felves whether you have this Testimony, this s a great Satisfaction; as an obedient Child need not fear nor doubt the Love of his Father, to the Children of God enjoy his Love in an andoubted Manner as a Proof of their Confidence. They fay unto him: Abba, my dear Father! Thou hast loved me and the World in Christ so greatly, that thou hast given thy Son for me a Sinner; that for my Sake, who am a lost Sinner, thou hast not spared thy Son, and for his Sake thou hast given all that I stand in Need of. Mercifull Father! Who hast shewn me fo great Kindness, I firmly and fincerily rust that thou wilt do yet more for me. This s Adoption; thus is the Love of God shed abroad into the Hearts of Believers and powerfull in them Rom. 535. TrueChristians are freed from Fear 1 Joh. 4, 18. In the Dispensation of the old Testament the Love of God in Christ was not fo clearly and fully reveald, Believers in hose Days were under the Bondage of a Variety of Cerimonies. This is calld the Spirit of Bondage, they were not in the Bondage of Sin, only they did not enjoy so great a Decree of filial Confidence; but now God sheds abroad his holy Spirit with heavenly Bleffings into Believers Hearts, this Spirit cries: Abba Father! thus do they speak in their joyfull Confidence Rom. 8, 31. 34. Thus does the Spirit powerfully bear Witness in Believers Souls, v. 16. that they considering their heavenly Inheritance do not seek the Things upon Earth, they know that they are Gods (Children) and

rejoice in it 1 John. 5, 19, 20.

The Day of his Ordination was fixed upon Dec. 28. 1733. there were eleven protestant Ministers present. A Sermon was first preached in German for the Europeans that were present, on Isaiah 66,21. And I also will take of them for Priests and Levites, saith the Lord: which Words were fitly applied to the Solemnity of that Day, all the Rest was transacted in the Malabarian or Tamulian Language, a short Discourse was deliverd before the Ordination on John 10, 12. Iam a good Shepherd; and then he was ordaind by Prayer and Imposition of Hands, after which the new ordaind Minister preachd a Sermon on Galatians 4, 4. When the Fullness of Time was come &c. and received the Sacrament with the Carechiff and Congregation,

Being thus instructed in the Vineyard of the Lord he gave himself entirely over to his Work and approved himself very faithfull and laborious in his Ministry. His stated Work was first, to attend divine Service every Lords Day in several different Places, preaching one Sabbath at one-the next at another Place, and so taking his Rounds. 2. To observe the Celebration of Christmass, Easter, Withsuntide in the District of Majaburam. 3. To travel sometime

in the North and sometime in the Western Parts of this District. 4ly. To undertake a Journey every Year into the remotest Parts of the Kingdom of *Tanjour* to visit the Churches. 5 ly. To travel every Year once as far South as Ramanadaburam to take Care of the Christians living in those Parts. 6 ly. His principal Business in his Travels was to preach the Word of God to Christians and Heathens in private and publick, to administer the Ordinance and to endeavour to prepare Others for it, to mary, to confult with the Helpers and Catechists concerning the Propagation of Christs Kingdom, as also to give them suitable Admonitions to do their Duty, and lastly he was to mind the Education of Children and relieve the Sick and Poor in their temporal and spiritual Distresses. 7 ly. When he returnd from his Journey to Tranckebar he did not spend his Time idly but had also his Share of the Work. He affifted at our weekly Lectures and Exercises on the Bible, to get more Insight into the facred Oracles, fometime he himfelf read a Lecture to the Catechist and Shoolmasters at Porreiar he also assisted in preparing the Catechumenis for Baptism; visited the Adjacent Villages, fought Acquaintance with Christians and Heathens, preached the Kingdom of God and endeavourd the Increase of his Church; sometime he also preachd at Tranckebar, and had the Inspection over the Shools, at and about Porreiar and Sandirapadi he also examind the

the monthly Accounts of the Affiftants and conversd with them concerning their Office, and brought all Matters of Consequence before us in our Conference, which we held every Fryday, all these Things are Proofs of his Diligence and Fidelity; once giving an Account of these Things to the Colledge of the Mission at Coppenhagen, he concludes: Many Failing attend these my Labours, seeing I am in my selfs unfit for any good Undertaking; yet the Strength of the Lord and the Intercession of the Faithfull will inspire me with new Life, this I certainly believe. We may with great Iustice bear him Te stimony, that according to his Knowledge and the Gifts and Graces, which God bestowed upon him, he labourd faithfully, and that his Ministry has been very usefull to the Congregation in Town and Country, and if we confider the Work in the Country, where Labourers are but few, and whether we cannot go our selves. His Loss is greater then if One of us had been taken away, his Behaviour was fuch, that all Sorts of People Christians as well as Heathens had not only an Esteem for, but also great Confidence in and Love toward him., In many Cases he was able to give very good Advice, he had a peculiar Skill to find out how God had worked upon the Souls of the meanest of the People, he could give a good Account of the State of Congregation and knew the Condition of each Member, and how they ought to be dealt with, he had a good Gift to carecatechize, and knew in his Sermons how to condescend to the meanest and dullest Capacity, he had a pathetick Way to reprove those that walk'd disorderly and knew how to deal very gently with the sick and distress'd. The Sufferings he met with, he endured with uncommon Firmness and Constancy, beyond all Doubt this faithfull Servant now enjoys the

Fruits of his Labours,

Concerning the Sickness and happy End of this Teacher of the Gentiles, he was allways of a weakly Constitution, a Horse was ourchas'd him to travel with more Ease, yet he perform'd most of his Journies in great Weakness of Body, sometimes he would come home so poorly that his Recovery was despair'd of; his last Travels especially those n the Year 1745 were very painful to him, yet he would make little or no Complaint. n the Month of May when he return'd from Majaburam, he faid, that this little Journey nad been more painfull than that longer one o Ramanadaburam, where he had been in March before, and the fudden Death of a Tamulian Soedti or Merchant being related to im, he said, if this young and hearty Man lied, how much more Reason have I to think f it? He accordingly always took his Leave of us in fuch a Manner, as tho' he expected or to fee us any more. His last Journey vas June the 4th 1745. when he celebrated Penticost with the Christians in the District of

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Majaburam: He then feem'd Pretty well; but in his Journey he got a smal Imposthume and Fever, which hindred him from travelling about as he had purposd, yet he got the scatterd Christians and Assistants to meet at Tattenur, and according to the Testimony of them that were present, under his great Pains he preach'd very powerfully, he warn'd the Assistants of the Tempers of Hirelings, and exhorted them to be faithfull. Among other Things he told the Christians, that this would be the last Solemnity he should celebrate with them, and that therefore they should endeavour it might prove a Bleffing unto them and not a Curfe. One that had been guilty of a great Scandal but was again reconcild with the Church, he movingly intreated to be right sensible of his Sins, and to endeavour to overcome them by the Grace of God. As he was unable to ride or walk, he was carried home in a Palankin, and arrivd the 11th of June in a very miserable Condition. The Distemper that he was frequently fubject to a Pneumatocele or kind of windy Rupture also feiz'd him. This valuable Man foon perceiv'd that this would be his last Sickness. When one of us came to see him at Porreiar, he faid: My Travels in the Country are over. He feem'd to mend a little and the 23d of June, he came to Tranckebar to the Wedding of his Daughter with our Shoolmafter the Son of his Colleague Diogo. We were in Hopes then to enjoy his Help and Assistance yet longer; but o what Terror and Grief was it to us to fee him on his fick-and dying Bed the Day after, and the following, i. e. 25 June to fee

him a Corpse and in his Grave.

HE intended June 24, being St. John the Baptists Day, to go to Town to Church and accordingly was ready dressed, when on a sudden some violent Symptoms of his Distemper appeard; as foon as this happend he begun to doubt of his Recovery and therefore fent a Messenger to us into the Church, begging that One of us would come and speak a suitable Word of Preparation for Death to him; One of us went and found him in most exquifite Pain he was leaning upon his Colleague Diogo, who exhorted him to cleave close to Jefus Christ. The Missionary continued and out him in Mind of the tender Mercy of our God; whereby the Day-spring from on high hath visited us, to give Light to them that sit in Darkness, and in the Shadow of Death. The Greatness of his Pain would hardly allow him to peak or to keep his Thoughts together; yet ne would constantly sigh, O Jesus, o Jesus! My Lord, my Lord! My Saviour, my Saviour! Thou that hast sufferd for me, have Mercy upon me! Thou that hast been cruciied and didst die for me, have Mercy on me! He then faid: My Saviour! must I be calld way under fuch terrible Pains? Alas they are ntolerable, yet thy Will be done, the Cries nd Tears of Jesus in his Agony in Gethsemane L 3 were were mentiond to him, and he exhorted to endure with Patience; this he attentively heard and then cried feveral Times loudly: Call me, my Lord! Call me foon, I befeech Thee! Doct. Cnoll and fome Malaharian Physicians were employed and several Remedies applied; but to no Purpose, this made him say: Why will you weary me with much Physick? I shall live no longer, my Time is come to depart, he orderd his two Sons in Law to fit by him, whom he embraced and gave them some needfull Exhortations, especially to be obedient to their Teachers; he orderd his youngest Child to be brought, kissed and dimissed it. He said: Lord! Thou knowest that I have served Thee in Sincerity, Thouart Witness of my ranging Fields and Woods in this Cause. His increasing Pains hindred Him from speaking, only he would cry: My Jesus, my Lord! Take me away, take me away! As the Missionary had been about two Hours with Him, he told Him twice that he fatigued Himself too much, and would have Him go home again. He recommended to us his present Widow and Children, and we commended him Soul and Body into the Arms of his heavenly Father; at Parting He feveral Times put the Missionary's Hand to his Fore-Head, and fo took Leave of Him.

In the Afternoon Another of the Missionaries visited Him, as soon as he saw Him, he bowed his Head, took his Hand and said: My

Pains

Pains will not give me one Quarter of an Hours Intermission to speak with you. He was told of the great Pains of his Saviour and the great Glory, which was awaiting Him; but the Miffionary Himself was so affected that he could not fay much to Him, and he grew weaker and weaker. When the black Phylicians intended to give Him another Medicine, he faid: It is to no Purpose, I shall depart, the Grace of God is sufficient for me and for us all. He then defired, Another of the Miffionaries should come and give Him the Sacrament, who accordingly came, but found Him in fuch a Situation that he could not speak much with Him, he could not remain long in the same Posture. Under these violent Motions of his Body he would often cry: O Lord, o Jesus! Deliver me! Sometime after he was asked whether he was now willing to partake of the Ordinance? He said: Yes, I desird it long ago; he feemd in a very penitent humble and believing Disposition of Mind and accordingly received it in Presence of his Colleague Diogo and several others, who wished that it might not only be a Strenghtning to his Soul, but also a Blessing to give Him some Ease in the violent Pains of his Body. At the Missionary's Departure he commended him to the Lord of Life and Death, at which he bowd his Head and took his Leave; the Malabarian Phyficians, that felt his Pulse, gave up all Hope. We still had some glimmering Hope, but af-L 4 ter cer he past the Night in unspeakable Pains and Crying, his Soul was at last deliverd from its frail Body, and introduced into the Rest of the LORD. He left his Wife big with Child and was the Father of nine Children; may he have a much larger Number of spiritual Children to present unto the Lord on the Day of his

Appearance!

He died much lamented both by Heathens and Christians. The same Day he was buried the Danish Missionaries attended his funeral Sermon on the Words to the Angel at Smyrna: Be thou Faithfull unto Death, and I will give thee the Crown of Life. In the Sermon the Preacher took Notice 1. of the Exhortation given: Be thou Faithfull. 2. The Promise thereunto annexd: I will give thee the Crown of Life. He observed that those, to whom the Direction is given, must first have become Faithfull unto Jesus, either first in Baptism, or if they have broken their baptismal Vow, in their Repentance; he shewd that this Faithfullness confisted in this: That the Heart fincerily cleaves to Jesus; and that our Eye is toward Him to please Him in all Things, that we do not seek our own, nor the Ease of the Flesh, the Applause of the World, nor an Affluence of the Things of this Life, but only those Things, which are Christ's, his Glory, the Praise of his Name, tho' it should be with the Loss of our Substance, our Liberty, our good Name or even of our Lives, which is here chiefly intenintended, be Faithfull not only unto Reproaches and Sufferings, Bonds and Imprisonment but unto Death of Martyrdom, great Strength is required to be thus Faithfull; but Christ, who commands it, also gives it, and in the first Heathenish Persecution Many did thus abide Faithfull.

Under the fecond Head it was observed, that it is the same Thing, when Jesus says in another Place: He that endureth to the End, shall be saved. This Salvation deserves the Name of Life, as it is a Deliverance from every Evil, and an Enjoyment of every Happiness. It is calld a Crown of Life to teach us the Excellency of it, and that it is given only unto Conquetors. No Man is crowned, unless he strive law, shally: It is therefore sometime promised to him that overcometh. But after all it is a meer free Gift out of the Hands of a kind Saviour, which these crowned Heads are well sensible of, and therefore lay their Crowns at his Feet, singing an eternal Hallelujah.

In the Application Notice was taken, that our deceased Fellow-Labourer in the Prime of his Years forsook Heathenism, and his usts and bowd his Neck under the Yoke of the Lord Jesus Christ, that for 27 Years he had so faithfully served him, that we certainly believe, Jesus had given him the promiss Crown of Life, which was a very comfortable Consideration to his Friends and Family.

At last all were exhorted to Consider Christs

Exhortation, as made unto them in particular; Ye Missionaries! You the Preacher in the Country! Ye Catechists! Ye Shoolmasters! Ye Converts and Children! Be ye faithfull, if any have been otherwise, let them become so now, if any have been or are faithfull, now let them continue so till Time and Strength is consumed in the Service of Jesus. It is uncertain when he shall come; but it is very certain, he will greatly reward us, if he finds faithfull at his coming.

Lords day after another Missionary explain'd Apoc. 14, 13. And I heard a great Voice from Heaven, write from henceforth, blessed are the Dead, that die in the Lord, for the Spirit saith, that they rest of their Labour and their Works

follow after them.

The Missionaries conclude praying that God would raife and fend faithfull Labourers into his Vinevard in these heathenish Countries. We are, fay they, still obligd to complain, the Harvest truly it great, but where are the Labourers? And it is to be wished that God may prepare Instruments for his Service to propagate his Kingdom, and add, that it may at last be heartily attempted in these Parts of the West as it hath been so happily effected in the East, that the Heathen may walk in the Light of the Gospel, and while we are become the Possessions of their Country and live by their Sweat, they may be made Fellow-Citizens of the Saints and of the Household of God. Sophia

#### श्रेट ( 163 ) हरू

# Sophia Hunter (Jægerin)

Was a Daughter of te Rev. Mr. Wolfgang Hunter D. D. S. T. P. and Chancellor of the University of Tubingen; her Heart was early filld with the Knowledge and Love of divine Things and in her very Infancy she made Conscience of Secret Prayer and discoverd as great an Aversion to the Vanities of the Age and an earnest desire to live only for God in the World. About a twelve Month before her Death she was seizd with a violent Palpitation of the Heart and very great Weakness, and tho' by the use of Proper Remedies she feemd in a hopefull Way of Recovery, yet not long after a terrible Cough very near finishd her Life. She Shewd wonderfull Patience and as foon as it gave her Leave to speak she declard, that she wanted to be dissolved and to be with Christ. It pleased God so to bless the Use of means, that her friends conceived good Hopes of her getting over; but fhe told that she did not desire this, that her Death would be the most wellcome to her, the nearer it was at hand, that she would rather choose to be with God, then to dwell longer in a wicked World.

Four days before the died the felt to well, that the begun to figh: I am afraid, I shall recover, now I am disposed to die and would die chearfully, this is a feducing World. O that it was the Will of God to take me out

of it. That same Night She was visited with such a Palpitation and Uneasiness of Heart, that she spent several Hours together in Sighing and Groaning after God, her Friends endeavourd in the best Manner, they were able to comfort her, she listend to them, with the greatest Attention imaginable, till at last she cried out in the most moving Manner: Alas I can pray no more! O Lesus have

Mercy on me, I can pray no more.

Her Father who fat upon her Bet faid to her: My dear Child! If you cannot pray, you have an Advocate that prays for you, Jesus your Saviour, lay hold on him by Faith. She replied: O the Distress of my Heart is enlarged, yet if I could but pray, alas I cannot pray, her Father returnd: My dearest Heart, this earnest Desire of yours to pray, God will receive as tho you had Offerd a verbal Prayer and Paul affureth you, that the holy Spirit maketh Intercession for you with Sighs and Groans, which cannot be utterd. She continued notwithstanding: O if I could but pray, my Heart is in great Distress! I cannot hold out fo no longer, she chatterd like a Crane or Swallow and mournd as a Dove Jer. 38, 14. Her afflicted Father said to her: My dear Child! Since your Distress is fo very great, make complaint of it to your Saviour; Tell Him and put Him in Mind, how often he promised in his Word not to for sake the Soul that cries after Him, tell Him

it is high Time to help and affift you in your Calamity, plead with Him to shew you his Mercy and Faithfullness and make it Manifest that he is your Father and Redeemer, put Him in Mind of the Word of his Grace. After this she lovingly look'd at her Father and faid: Now I can again, bleffed be God! Now I can pray again and then pourd forth a Prayer of Faith, the Words flowd like a Stream and her Parents much Lamented that they did not pur her Prayer down in Writing. She faid among other Things: O what a kind Father art thou! O what a comforting Father! Ohow dost thou refresh me! how dost thou relieve my troubled Soul! Oloving Saviour! O fweetest Brother! How powerfully do I perceive that thou art my Saviour and Redeemer! O facred Trinity how heartily will I praise thee in Eternity! Now are my Praises but Weakness and Imperfection, but in Eternity where I foon shall arrive; there will I my dear Jesus with all Angels and Chofen ones fing an eternal Hallelujah unto thee! Ofweetest Jesus! How will I rejoice in thee! My dear Father! My dear Mother! dont weep for me, my Case is very good, I never was in so happy a Condition all my Life before now. Her Father who could hardly speak for his Tears, replied: My dear Soul! These are not Tears of Sorrow but of Joy, continue thus to be Faithfull unto your Saviour in constant Patience and Faith, yet a little struggle more and you

you shall obtain the Crown of a glorious Eterniry. How happy are you! Would to God! I might thus go to Heaven with You! She replied: I readily believe it and beggd her Mother not to indulge her felf fo much in Grief. After this she said: The Kindness of a Father is great, the Kindness of a Mother is great; but the Kindness of my God in Heaven is much greater. She had faid some Days before, that the was affurd of Gods Love to her and also of her hearty Love to Him. This lively spiritual Joy in God and Freedom from Pain lasted about an Hour, and then a stormy Darkness succeeded, which she perceiving cried out with a deep Sigh: Alas here is my Anxiety returning! O that I may not grow impatient and offend against my God! O Anima mea! O my Soul! said she: How art thou disquieted within me! When the 42 Pfalm was mentiond to her: As the Hart panteth after the Water-Brooks, &c. she very devoutly repeated it; but when she came to the Words: My Tears are my Food Night and Day, she said: No, this I cannot fay of my felf, fuch a Calamity, I have not yet experienced to shed Tears Night and Day. O Mercyfull Father! Thou hast been more Mercyfull to me than this. It pleafd God to try her yet more and to refine her like Gold in the refining Pot of very great Afflictions. She fighd, groand and prayd continually, that God would not forfake her, and beggd One of her Relations to pray for Her, that she might

night not despair under this heavy Visitation. he then mentiond a very comfortable Passage ur of a Hymn, and embraced her Mother and iffing her faying: It is thee, o dear Mother! whom she never used so to speak to ) that hast ught me this comfortable Hymn. Her Faner was in very heavy Affliction, and faid to ne Physician, that tended her all Night, my ear Brother! God is shewing me unspeakable Tercy thus to comfort my Child in her great emptations; but now I wish nothing more ut that God would grant her a speedy Delierance, and accordingly retired to his Room pray for the same. About an Hour after he eturnd and hardly opend the Door, when is Brother in Law the Physician told him, ow has God fulfilld your Defire, and is this Ioment taking away your dear Child; the ather then run to the Child, which seemd a erfect Corpse and cried into her Ears: Faher! Into thy Hands I commit my Spirit. At nis she unexspectedly raised herself, folded her lands and very intelligibly repeated: Father! nto thy Hands I commit my Spirit, took hold f her Father and added to his Words: Thou ast redeemd me, o thou God of Truth! Anther Friend of hers perceiving that she could ot speak but with Difficulty, mentiond the pirits Praying in our Hearts, when our Lips e past speaking; to this she again clearly relied: Abba, my Father! After this she drew earer and nearer to her End. She faid herfelf.

felf, It will foon be over, then turnd herfelf and faid: Consummatum est, It is finished, so took her Leave of her Parents, whom she thankd for all their Kindness, and beggd them at her Funeral to remember the Poor. They wanted at her Desire to take her out of Bed; but while they were bufy about it, she fell gently afleep in the Arms of her Saviour. Thus did her Soul enter into the Rest of the Children of God in the fifteenth Year of her

Age, and this Account of her last Hours loudly calls upon all young People to follow after

Her, as she followed after Jesus.

# The following Account

Translated from the German and published

originally in that Language.

The worthy Person, who is the subject of this Account was a Baronet in the Kingdom of Prussia, a Gentleman of a moderate Fortune, his real Estate, consisting in two Villages; in one of which he departed this Life in the Year 1749. The Account of his pious Behaviour on his Death-Bed, was given by one of his intimate Friends, and the Remarks theron by Another pious and worthy Gentleman: As the Publisher thought proper to conceal those Gentlemen's Names (they both being well known in the Neighbourhood of the Deceased,) we will follow his Example. My

## My Dear Friend.

YOU defire a true Relation of what occured worthy of Notice in the last Hours of our worthy Friend C. L. P. deceased; whom Providence hath transferred from Works to Rewards. a) Let us confider, that ve are now acting our Part of the last Scene on the Stage of this World, being arrived to hat Æra, which declares our Desolation to e nigh. And as the fincere Piery and real aith of our beloved Friend shone bright as he Light of a Taper on the Candlestick, and s a City on a Hill, and you ardently defire know, what was the End of his Faith, how demonstrated its Operating and effectual nfluences, and how strongly fortifying his oul at the approach of the King of Terrors; am willing my dear Friend to fatisfy your lequest as much as possible, as I not only w him expire, but never left him for above n Hour during the whole Course of his lness.

M The

a) To receive creditable News, that a Person is promote to Honour, or escaped the Danger of Ruin, is Cause of by to all his sincere Friends, who being united by an indistivable Bond cannot but participate of his Happiness and lifery, especially those who awfully consider the Difference tween Time and Eternity, and the great Importance of a yourable Passage over the Borders of Death; and that one their most intimate Friends received the solemn Summons a delightful Message, and the King of Terrors as a pleasant proof, to conduct his Soul out of innumerable Perils untentied thappiness.

The Night before his Entrance into a bleffed Eternity, he intreated me to leave him alone, being weary and requiring some Sleep, as I also had Need of Rest, and when he waked, he would let me know it, to which I was obliged to consent, for he refused to grant the Request I made to fit up with Him. I therefore went into the next Chamber, and threw my felf on the Bed of one of his Servants, who continued fitting at the Outfide of the Door. I could not fleep for a long While, for my Soul was disturbed; at last thro' Fatigue I fell into a Slumber, and perhaps had continued therein an Hour longer, had I not been awakend by the strong Motions of the Difquietude of my Soul. When awoke I found my felf Restless and thinking, I heard him speak. I hastened to enter his Chamber, when one of his Servants informed me, that his Master spoke aloud for some Time, and thought he was praying.

I intended not to disturb him in that solemn Exercise, and therefore stood at his Chamber-Door and heard him distinctly utter these Words. b) The great Riches of thy Mer-

cy

b) Here is 3 extraordinary exciting Circumstances worthy of Observation, First, That Prayer is the most blessed Preparation of the Soul for a Passage into the Land of Promise, whose Feet was then actually stepping into Gordan. 2.) The sincere filial and plenisidential Sighs, which the Spirit of Supplication and Adoption produced from the inmost of the Soul. 3.) That the Truth, (if we ask according to his Will He bears w.) recorded in 1 John 5, 14. Was here demonstrated by actual Experience.

w and Grace, --- O my Redeemer! worhy to be worshipped, I know that thou fayourably acceptest my mean Oblation, until am made perfectly conformable unto thy ikeness in Glory which will soon be; then hall I be enabled to offer Thee a better. My whole Heart fwims in Delight - - - - Yes, Eternal Praises and Thanks giving will Irenler to thee for thy Redemption, Unspeakable Wisdom and Bounty in thy paternal Con-luct. May I beseech! --- To Day let me e with Thee approach thy Throne? ---What Splendor! ---- Is it possible! I am not worthy - - Ah what comfortable Inluences excite my Soul to Adoration: Here ne was Silent. I then relented that I had not pent that Time of my Slumbers in Watching t my Friend's Door, whereby I might have leard more of edifying Petitions made, by one thus standing on the Brink of Death.

I stept softly into his Chamber, and saw my Friend sitting up in his Bed, with his Head incovered and some what declining; c) His Eyes closed with reverential Tears rolling slown his Venerable Cheeks, as an effect of the passionate Embraces of his chaste Soul in the Arms of its divine Bridegroom: Never

M 2 die

c) A bleffed Offering mixt with Tears of Joy and Comfort s a fweet Fruit of the fimilar Quality, our beloved Saviour hed from his facred Heart, mentioned Hebr. 5, 7. Such are ecorded in Heaven, as one of its Favourites was affured of when he addreffed the Throne, and declares it to us in his 6 Pfalm y. 9.

did I view his hoary Head crown'd with that Dignity as it then appeared to wear, in this his last and solemn Hour of Departure.

The whole Frame of his Countenance declared that his Spirit lay proftrate in Adoration before God. And here in Him I first faw in what facred Pomp a fincere Soul Appears who truly honours the divine Majesty when he prays to his Father in Secret, and feels with Energy, that his Petition is gracioully heard and has Audience before the Throne of Grace, Here might be feen portray'd to the Life a flameing and exalting Seraph crying, Holy! Holy! Holy! is the Lord God of Sabaoth, all the Earth is full of his Glory. This made fuch an Impression on my Heart, as powerfully attracted my Soul to unite with Him in the like solemn Worship: And then I thought my Spirit lay prostrate with His before the Throne of Grace, oblating these our sensible Devotions. I thought: d) O! That a Libertine could fee this bleffed

d) These are Thoughts consistent with the Frame of a noble Christian Spirit, similar to the Disposition of divine Goodness, who willeth not the Destruction of any, but rather that All repent and be saved thro' the Knowledge of the Truth: But in the mean While it may be seared, that the Case of modern Libertines is agreable with those, our Saviour mentioneth Luke 19,3. For are they ignorant of the many Footsteps of divine Mercy and Love manifested in Jesus Christ, which in plain pathetick Terms is declared to Mankind in sacred Writ, and at certain Hours wound their Consciences like a two edged Sword? And altho' their stubborn Hearts despise, exclude and obstinately determine to oppose it until they become blind and obdurate, might not the happy Exit of this sandtified

deffed Scene, for here the divine Power of rue Religion would convince him of his crrors better than all the Arguments that can e devised by the Wit of man. For here was felt the happy State of a Soul, that since-ely feared and truly believed in God.

Some time after I had view'd my Friend n this his profound and holy Frame; his Spiit returned to the Motion and Use of his external Senses; and opening his Eyes he perceived me standing at his Bed side, with a calm Countenance he stretch'd forth his Hand towards me: And faid: My Friend, my worthy and faithful Friend! The Time will come, when you will join me to praise God in endless Happiness above. O how glorius and inexpressible is the Love of God to the Children of Men, which he has declared to us in that Redemption wrought by his Son, and prepared for us in the heavenly Mansions; let us adore his Wisdom and Grace, and in Everlasting Friendship partake of each others portions of Glory and Worthip, till we can Contemplate on his Glorious Attributes in the innumerable Cælestial Spheres above. In the Interval accept of these my final and hearty Thanks, for the inestimable Love and Friendship, that I have received from you. Then with Eyes and Hands M 3

functified Soul so affect their Minds, as to confute and root up the Principle of Unbelief, and break to Pieces the whole Frame of Libertism?

Hands elevated towards Heaven, he recommended me to the Favour of God, faying; Thou majestick Love! Reward my Friend for his Faithfulness to me, by supporting and preserving him in true Virtue, that we may magnify thy Name in Eternal Habitations.

My Soul being seized with an uncommon Degree of Power, I remaind silent. and lively felt that powerfull Energy, which I was unable to express. The infirm Body of my Friend being exhausted by the strong Exercise of his Spirit, sunk backwards on his Bed, and he remaind in Silence a long while. After that he inquired, saying: Is my Son not yet arrived? Have you not requested him in your Letter to hasten his Coming? Did you not Mention that I longd to see him? I answered, I wrote according to all your Directions, and expect that he will be here to Day. e) Hereupon he closed his Eyes, and fell into a soft Slumber, and continued so for above two Hours.

He was no fooner awake but one of hisDomeflicks informed me that his Son was arrived: i told him of it, and while he was speaking these Words: And is be here? the young Gen-

e) An evident Instance of the wise and good Providence of God discovered in this Circumstance; the animal Spirits of the dying Father were much satigued, and that his glimmering Lamp might not be quenched, before he had eased his Heart by counselling his Son in the Things absolutely necessary for his Wellfare, the Lord caused a sweet Sleep to charm them to rest, so that the silent Repose of two Hours was a good Means to refresh and augment them, for the Per-

deman his Son entered into the Room; and weeping approached the Bed of his dying Father. The pious Parent raifed his Body and fet up in hisBed, then with a fedateCountenance that discoverd a true paternal Heart, earnestly viewing his mourning Son for some Minuts in folemn Silence he after broke forth in these Words: f), My Son! God calls me near to him , felf, and I feel perceptibly that a few Minuts only prevent my Exit; It was my last Wish , to see you my only Child before I die; my Defire is fulfilled: And therefore I take my , Leave of this World with greater Content-, ment. g) My temporal Estate which by your , Affiftance is in good Order, will very thortly be your Possession, It is free of Debt or any , Incom-M 4

formance of his pious and paternal Purpose: And herein is the Leffon verified, which that heavenly Scholar learned and experienced in the School of Wisdom. Psalm 25, 10. All the Paths of the Lord are Mercy and Truth to such as keep his Covenant,

and to Those that find them Delightfull. Psalm 111, 2,

f) An exceeding comfortable Pattern, whereby may be feen the different Priviledges between those that feek the Fayour of Heaven and those that seek themselves at the Hour of Death; for when the Latter have attained the highest Topic of worldly Advantage, they must then abandon all those Delight, wherein they have enjoyed an imaginary Paradife, and Death advancing nearer and nearer clad with Horror daunts and terrifies them, or elfe their luke-warm Hope and Faith being without folid Foundation yields no Comfort; and here their Heart discovers its Treachery and Deceitful Conduct; on the Contrary this dying Saint exalted above Nature and the Creature thewed a truly heroic Spirit.

g) When the immortal Spirit is released from the disorderly Lusts of the World and the Delights in the Creatures, and relitheth that Peace which our bleffed Saviour has merited, and has a Profpect of his future Portion in Glory thro a lively Faith, then fuch a Person can make the best and most

discreet Disposal of his temporal Effects,

, Incumbrances. I bequeath it to you as a free , Gift of Providence. There is no Imprecation , upon it, nor a fingle Penny-worth gaind by , Injustice, or pinched by Immoderation, or , abbrigd from any by Inhumanity. Both the , Mannors I purchased with that Money, your , Mother inherited from her pious Father 40 , Years ago. I never gaind a Foots Breadth of , it from the Rich by Guile, or from the Poor , by Oppression, now if you preserve this your Inheritance free from Avarice and Injustice, , Idleness and Prodigality, as pure as it is left to you; then with the like good Conscience , you can leave it to your Heirs. b) In my Accompts you will find an Article of 500 Dollars, which I have annually transmitted for , 20 Years past on the 4th Day of Febr. to N. , N. Merchant of the City of N. N. which has been always Faithfully delivered into the , Hands of the decay'd Lord of - - - and after his Decease to his impoverishd Children. , My beloved Son! This Lord of N. N. would , fain have wedded your virtuous Mother, but, being disappointed; two Days after I was mar-

<sup>6)</sup> A noble Mind indeed, to be concerned for the Relief of an Enemy, [who had used his utmost Endeavours to deprive him of his Life. ] and not only to supply his Need, but those of his whole Family, not only for some Months but for 20 Years successively, and continue as long as their indigent State required it, and all that void of Ostentation; which shows him to have been of an excellent Spirit, and is a demonstrable Instance, that the greatest Conquest of an Adversary is to heap Coale of Fire on his Head, and that the Commandments of our Saviour are not grievous. 1 Joh. 5, 3, to them, that love Him. Joh. 14, 23.

ried to her, he discharged a Pistol at me, and missing his Aim he poisoned me, but thro' the infinite Mercy of God by the Hand of special Providence I escaped its mortal Effect. Several Years afterwards this unfortunate Man by his Prodigality was reduced to the uttmost: Poverty, and being then in a married State, it made his Condition more miserable. I returned hearty Thanks to God, that his wife Providence had given mean Opportunity to relieve my Enemy in his Distress, and chose to do it on the same Day of the Year that the Lord had deliverd me from this my Adverfary. And now, my Son! This is the Reason, that ever fince annually on the 4th Day of Febr. I remaind longer in my Bed-Chamber than usual, and chearfully disparchd our Huntsman with a Packet to the faid Merchant. And know further that three Years ago I appointed a special Thanksgiving at our customary Time of Evening-Worship: It was because I was creditably informed, that the said Baronet had truly repented and redeemed. his Soul from Death by the Mercy of God, who deliverd my Life out of his Hand. This Pension, my Son! continue to send to the Care of the faid Merchant N. N., on whose Silence and Faithfullness you may depend, and do fo as long as this poor Family has Need of it. I know your Heart, and therefore can expect you'do it, or else I would intreat you as a Friend, and command you as a Father; MS but but take special Care, that this Secret be buried

, with you in Silence.

And above all Things, my Son! Seek after, a chearfull Heart and lafting Comfort by a discreet Liberality to the Poor. I hope that those your indigent Brethren will find in you that compassionate Relief, which they can no more expect from me; and that your noble Mind will conceal the Fountain, from whence those Streams of Benefaction flow. Conscience is the most proper Scene of Virtue, and our best Actions obtain no Applause, from God, as long as we are Ostentatious, and delight in the vain Praises of Men.

, You know that my Domesticks are grown, old and gray in my Service, and are no more, able to perform their Duty in such Manner, as your Youth and Vivacity may require; therefore discharge them, but let them have, a sufficient Maintenance and the Use of the Dwelling-House I have provided for them, during their Lives, that they may live and

die in Peace.

i), Give the old Gardener a double Salary,

i) A worthy Observation how the Providence of God rewards Faithful Service. He who refused to serve Sin, is now doubly recompenced for the Service of Virtue. O that Servants and Administrators of all Degrees would wisely learn the Lesson of the Gardner, wherein true Fidelity consists but the most of Servants are of that mean grovelling Spirit, to do a Thing if requested and bribbed by their Masters, the Consequences of which is the Ruin of both Souls and Bodies, according to the trust reposed in a Servant, the Equality of Fidelity is to be shewn to the Master, and what is more noble

and one of the Kitchin-Gardens for his own Use, because he prevented me in my Youth from being guilty of an immoral Action, and refused a Handfull of Ducats, which I offered for his Affistance in the wicked Design: But threw the Money down on the Table with Indignation, faying: I will rather quit your House and Service, than be accessary to your Crime. And therefore in the Choice of your new Servants chuse Such, who have the Character of Sobriety and godly Fear. Suffer , none that are Drunkards or Prophane to con-, tinue with you, tho' they be able and skillfull; , for believe this, my Son! that from a long , Series I have experienced, that none will ferve Man Faithfully who difregard God. Be a , grave, just, orderly, meek and kind Master, , and confider that your Servants are Men like your self, and for one Man to despise Another because he pays him Wages for his Service, , declares his Mind to be ignoble, his Senti-, ments unreasonable and his Behaviour a Reproach to his Family, and Abomination in , the Sight of that awfull omniscient Being, , who in Wisdom has disposed human Creatures in the Condition of distinguishable Cha-, racters for his own Glory. Endeavour to be , a Pattern of good Example to your Family, , and consider that a Master demeans himself , shame-

and inestimable, than the Discharge of a good Conscience in both? Certainly none. Therefore the more they act according to the strict Rules of Virtue, the greater is their Merit.

, shamefully in the Eyes of his Domesticks by , vicious and leud Practices, and is void of that , Quality, by which he should rule in the Hearts of his Servants. Be industrious and , orderly, but not coverous; Be not ashamed , to do as I have done, but continue the daily , Worship of God in your House, that it may , abide an House of Prayer, and in the Communion of your whole Family offer up your , due Oblations unto Him, who is the grand , Master of All; for if your Servants fear God , and walk before Him in the Paths of Virtue, you will be free from many Perplexities, that fome Masters are tortured with by wicked , Servants, and it will contribute much to make , your Life easy. Therefore remember the E-, xamples of ancient Times, when found Rea-, fon was more esteemd than affected Witt, , Virtue honoured but Insolence despised,

And this my worthy Friend here present, I recommend to your peculiar Notice, regard, him with Reverence, honour his Merits and, esteem his Love: You will find in him the Care and indulgent Heart of a tender Parent, which I can no longer demonstrate to you. Obey every particular of his Faithfull and, well experienced Counsel, but especially imi-

, tate his Exemplary Life.

, As to you, my dear Friend! I have no Need, to intreat you to continue your Love to me in, my only Son, for I know you, and in that, Knowledge I am perfectly easy.

k), My

k), My Son! Do not forget to exhort Mr. N. N. the Minister, (which for some Months past I called into one of the Villages) not to indulge any avaricious Desire, nor to covet Gifts and Presents, but to remember the Advice he heard from me, when I was lately with him. And if your Admonition becomes Fruitless, then endeavour if possible to get rid of this unworthy Preacher; but the other , Clergy-Man who lives here, esteem and let , him partake of your Bounty, for he is an honest Man, he speaks as he thinks, and lives up to the Doctrine that he preaches; and con-, fider that there is no Authority of more , Weight than that of Jus Patronatus, \* and therefore if the Patron be neglectfull in the due Execution of that Power, he certainly will , incense the divine Justice to execute on him , a Judgment proportionable to the Merit of his Crime in the dreadfull Day of his Account; for if you thrust into the Church a , mercenary Clergy-Man, or One whose Pra-, clice is infamous, then will the Blood of those abused Souls be required at your Hands; , and your Portion will exceed that, which the , felf interested Hireling shall partake with you.

k) When Teachers are burning and thining Lights, they are worthy of double Honour, and carnal unconverted Miniters, the they may live honeftly and preach expertly, are not fit to be the Guides of Souls: Therefore Patrons thould take Care, that the Churches be not burdened with Such.

<sup>\*</sup> Ju: Patronatus, a Right in Germany to place or displace. a Clergy-Man, residing in the Lord of the Manor.

, In the Choice of a Wife esteem sound Rea-, fon and Understanding, rather than a volatile , Witt; and a good Education, rather than a , great Fortune, and prefer good Order and , Decency, before Pomp and gaudy Attire. , Let it be your chief Care to feek one that truly fears God; but be cautious of being , imposed upon by a Person, that is intoxicated , with Party-Zeal, enflaved to Bigottry, or a , deluded Votary to false Devotion; for if you , marry a whimfycal Enthuliast, or one who , hath quenched the Motions of internal Reli-, gion, you will meet with a croud of Vexations, and pass your Time unhappy. O! may , Providence fend you fuch a one as your pi-, ous Mother, in whose virtuous fellowship , I enjoyed the abounding Comforts of a Na-, tural Life., Here my Friend stopt for some Minuits: After with his Eyes elevated and a chearful Countenance, he spake as follows:

,I shall come to thee, I shall know thee, thou glorifyed Soul! And thank thee for thy pure Love and Faithfullness., Then after some pause he continued his Discourse to his Son, saying: ,If God gives you Children, remember that he is the Donor, and that it is your indispensible duty to educate them for his Service and the publick good: Therefore seek for a good experienced Man to instruct and keep them under wholesome Discipline, and take heed that you do not weaken his Authority over his Pupils, by an unmanly Fond.

Fondness in indulging the Faults of Youth, or by a Difallowance of necessary Correction, but rather encourage, a discreet and honest Tutor, to discharge his Duty faithfully, by commending his Fidelity in using the Rod with Gravity and Discretion, for remember that the Rod, and Reproof give Wisdom Prov. 29, 15. But that Youth left to themselves, bring their Parents to Shame. Chap. 13, 24. And spare no cost to obtain and detain in your Service fuch a necessary Person, to Asfift you in the Performance of this great Duty, and treat him not as a Servant, but regard him as your Friend, and take Care that your Children render to their worthy Tutor the Respect and Reverence due to him; which will be for your Honour: But the most confiderable Weight for their Education will be your good Example. My Son! You have not yet fully dscovered the Vanity and Emptiness of all sublunary Things, and cannot yet relish the sweets of a retired Life, therfore you may with Discretion profer to ferve the publick; but do not forcibly in-trude into any Office, especially Purchase none by Bribes, remember that publick Administrations is often attended with very burdensome Circumstances, wich make the Lives of the Great Miserable, especially such whose Conscience is not pure, which they will not have, if they enter into Offices from felfish Views; for they are void of the pro-, per , per and happy Aim, [to wit] the Glory of , God; and Benefit of Man: And remember , when you are in the Service of the publick, , not to eat their Bread in Idleness, but serve , them industriously. Keep your Hand and , Conscience clean from Gifts and Bribes, for , they blind the Wise, and pervert Judgment. Be just in all Things, and live above the Fear

, and Flattery of Men.

, And tho' here below you are maliciously , Aspersed, you will at the Judgment of the , Almighty receive the Reward of Virtue, with , a Conscience full of Consolation; but with , all your fincere and honest Endeavours pre-, pare for Adversity and Calamity, and in all Conflicts, let Peace and Patience keep Posfession of your Soul. Do not be dejected, , or repine under Afflictions, but fubmit to the , wife Disposal of Providence, that by a total , Refignation to the divine Will you may be , qualifyed to glorify God in all Tribulations. , And finally, my Son! Fear God, and bonour , the King. Be a good Christian and a good Subject. You must conclude to be both or you can be neither of them. Let your Pi-, ery be free of Hypocrify, 1) and take heed of bowing

<sup>1)</sup> Here we must make a Distinction between Dissimulation and Sincerity, the first is unhappy, mentioned Jes. 58, 5. The fecond is an Humiliation wrought by divine Conviction, as in the Case of the Publican, who would not lift up his Eyes, Luc. 18, 13. and that of David: I go bowed all the Day long; &c. Ps. 38, 6. This latter Kind of Pensiveness our Friend doth not seprove, but the first hypocritical Form: For truly none can behold.

bowing down your Head like a Bullrush or speaking of Religion like a Mountebank, for Religion must be the Law of your Inclinations, and your confistent Practice the Herald to proclaim it, and not vain Oftentation and Boasting; and also take Care of the other Extream, do not war against Truth and Virrue, let not the Mode of the World nor their orophane Conversation entice you to a Compliance with their Sins, and so cowardly to defert the Cause of God to the Reproach of your Character and Contempt of those Gopel-Truths, of which you are convinced. Take Care that your Dependance for future Glory doth not rest in an empty barren Faith, void of good and necessary Fruits of Righteoulness; for true and saving Faith hath this nfallible Token, that it is the Concomiant of Love and universal Benevolence. Be nagnanimous to despise that vain Sophistry, hat is levelled to destroy the Credit of the noly Bible, and make that facred Book your laily Study and most delightfull Reading; for n it you may learn that Wisdom, which the rain World is ignorant of; for it will give you good Counsel and Comfort. Do not forget to address the Throne of God; for that vill draw and retain his fensible Presence in your Heart. Remember your Vocation to , ever-

hold with Joy the flaming Eyes of the Son of God, before Heart and Head be bowed down in true Repentance, unr a Sense of the Burden of Sin, everlasting Life, which you may arrive to , only by walking in the Paths of Virtue; and , tho' your Adversary should gain Advantage by your Youth and the Frailty of Nature, , and persuade you to walk in the Way of Sin, Omy Son! Take Courage upon the first Conviction, and hasten to disentangle your self , from his Snares, lest you provoke God to punish you with Obduration; and do not , think that Conversion is an impracticable Task or the Conquest of Sin an insurmountable , Difficulty, and believe that divine Mercy is , always willing and ready to forgive and re-, ceive the penitent Sinner, and you in retur-, ning to your Creator will find more Joy and Content, than the World and Sin can afford, , tho' you might enjoy the Sweets of both even to Death with a quiet Conscience, which is , impossible. -

And now, my Son! I have told you all that was in my Heart, and for this Caufe I long'd to fee you before my Departure. Give me your Hand and promife carefully to object, and keep this my last Willand Coungel, that you may be worthy of your Fathers

,Bleffing.,

After that his afficted Son with Reverence and filial Respect had promised Faithfully to obey the Precepts and Commands of this tender Parent, my dying Friend imposed his Hands on his Head, and with an elevated Voice said: ,May Mercy and Grace from the Creator

Creator and Benefactor of my Life rest upon you, my Son! from hence forth and for ever! O Lord! I recommend him unto the Care of thy paternal Protection and Guidance, may thy Spirit lead him in the upright Way unto exernal Life. O God! My God! Preserve him in the Faith of thy Son Christ Jesus, and suffer not his Soul to depart from this Foundation of Hope, that I may above in the

olessed Mansions - - -

Here stopt the Voice of my Friend, the Moon of his Pulse ceased, a total Faintness overoread his animal Spirits, and fignified that hey were performing their last Act of Service. le funk back gradually on his Pillow, and n few Minuits he closed his Eyes, and his imnortal Soul calmly retired from the Habitaon of his Body, and refigned it felf into the Hands of his heavenly Father, leaving on the ace of his venerable Corps the Print of a good Conscience and a lively Hope. Thus died ny Friend, whose pious Constancy to his last Minuits strengthned my Resolution to contiue stedfast in the Faith of our Lord and Sariour Jesus Christ even to the End. And let ne say with Josua: Tho' none of you will serve he Lord, yet I will serve him for his Mercy and Faithfullness, endureth for ever.

I remain your

Berlin Jan. 1st

Faithfull &c.

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