DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

U. S. GEOGRAPHICAL AND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN REGION

J. W. POWELL IN CHARGE

Α

DAKOTA-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

RY

STEPHEN RETURN RIGGS

EDITED BY JAMES OWEN DORSEY



WASHINGTON
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J. W. POWELL IN CHARGE

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VOLUME VII



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NOTE BY THE DIRECTOR.

The Dakota, commonly known as the Sioux, forms the leading and best known division of the Siouan linguistic family. The Dakota language now consists of three well defined dialects, the Santee, Yankton and Teton.

The earliest record of the Siouan languages mentioned by Mr. Pilling in his Bibliography¹ is that of Hennepin, compiled about 1680. The earliest printed vocabulary is that of the Naudowessie (i. e., the Dakota) in Carver's Travels, first published in 1778.

In 1852 the Smithsonian Institution published a grammar and dictionary of the Dakota language, prepared by S. R Riggs. In that work the following preface appeared:

The preparation of this volume is to be regarded as one of the contributions to science made by the great missionary enterprise of the present age. It was not premeditated, but has been a result altogether incidental to our work. Our object was to preach the Gospel to the Dakotas in their own language, and to teach them to read and write the same until their circumstances should be so changed as to enable them to learn the English. Hence we were led to study their language and to endeavor to arrive at a knowledge of its principles.

About eighteen years ago, Messrs. S. W. and G. H. Pond, of Washington, Conn., took up their residence among the Indians of the Minnesota Valley. In the summer following Dr. T. S. Williamson and his associates, from Ohio, under the direction of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, reached the same country. They immediately commenced the labor of collecting and ascertaining the meaning of Dakota words.

In the summer of 1837 we joined the mission and engaged in the same labors. Others who reached the country at a later period have rendered much assistance, among whom it is but just to mention the late Rev. Robert Hopkins, of Traverse des Sioux.

In prosecuting this work we have at all times availed ourselves of the best native assistance; but during the first years of our residence among them the natives did not

¹Bibliography of the Siouan Lauguages, by James Constantine Pilling. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1887. 8°, 87 pp.

know enough to give us the help we needed. If we required the meaning of a word, as, for example, kaska (to bind), the reply generally was, "It means 'kaska,' and can not mean anything else." It is related of Hennepin that, while a captive among these Indians, on a certain occasion he ran off a little distance, and then, running back again, inquired of the braves who sat near what they called that. In trying to learn the meaning of Dakota words we have often been obliged to adopt similar expedients.

The preparation of the Dakota-English part of the dictionary for the press, containing more than sixteen thousand words, occupied all the time I could spare from my other missionary employments for more than a year. The labor bestowed on the English-Dakota part was performed partly by Mrs. Riggs.

A manuscript grammar of the language, written by the Rev. S. W. Pond, was kindly furnished to aid in the preparation of this work; but as it was not received in New York until midwinter, it has been used only in the latter part. Since my arrival in this city the grammar has been entirely remodeled and rewritten, according to the suggestions and under the direction of Mr. William W. Turner, of the Union Theological Seminary of New York. Of this gentleman's labors in connection with this work I cannot speak too highly. Not only has he by his eminent literary qualifications been able to render valuable assistance in the way of suggestion and criticism, but he has also read with great care the proof-sheets, especially of the grammar, that nothing might be wanting to make the work, under the circumstances, as perfect as possible. It is proper also to mention the name of Mr. William H. Smith, of New York, who assisted in the revision of the latter half of the dictionary in the absence of Mr. Turner.

About the 1st of January, 1851, a prospectus was issued at Saint Paul, under the sanction of the Historical Society of Minnesota, to publish the work by subscription, and in this many of the most prominent citizens of the Territory manifested much interest. Among the larger subscriptions may be mentioned those of Governor Alexander Ramsey, Hon. H. H. Sibley, Hon. Martin McLeod, Rev. E. D. Neill, and H. M. Rice, esq. The prudential committee of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions also made an appropriation for the same object, besides another for defraying the necessary expenses of superintending the press.

These provisions, though liberal, considering the circumstances under which they were made, were not sufficient to warrant the commencement of the publication; and being informed, in answer to a letter addressed to Prof. Joseph Henry, LL. D., that the work, on certain conditions, might probably be accepted as one of the Contributions to Knowledge of the Smithsonian Institution, it was concluded to present it for that purpose. After passing the prescribed examination, it was accepted by the Institution and directed to be printed.

With the manner in which the work has been brought out its friends will, I trust, be fully satisfied. Neither pains nor expense has been spared in the publication. The plan had already been followed, in the books printed in the language, of using the vowels with the sounds which they have in Italian and German, and of representing each articulation by a single character. In the present work a few changes have been introduced into the orthography for the sake of expressing some of the sounds in a manner more perspicuous and consistent with analogy, and more in accordance with the system of notation which is now becoming general among scientific philologists in Europe. It was necessary in consequence to rearrange a great many of the articles in the manuscript dictionary, and to have a number of new punches made.

· With the hope that it may be the means of interesting some in behalf of the Dakotas, of perpetuating memorials of their language, and affording, to some extent, the means of arriving at correct conclusions in regard to their origin, this work, the result of years of toil, is submitted to the kind regards of its generous patrons.

STEPHEN R. RIGGS.

NEW YORK CITY, 1852.

While the work of Mr. Riggs referred to in the preface quoted was styled a grammar and dictionary of the Dakota language, most of the entries in the dictionary were in the Santee dialect, as that was the dialect of those Dakota who had been reached by Mr. Riggs and his associates. Only here and there were a few words in the Sisseton, Yankton, and Mdewakantonwan, though A. L. Riggs now shows that the Mdewakantonwan were the original Santee. As the years rolled by Mr. Riggs and his two sons were enabled to add many Santee words, which are given in the present volume Numerous Teton words have been inserted, furnished chiefly by W. J. Cleveland, who became a missionary to some of the Teton tribes in 1873. There will also be found more Yankton words, introduced by J. P. Williamson, a missionary to the Yanktons, though another Yankton missionary, J. W. Cook, has already gained thousands of Yankton words (not in this volume) which differ materially from their Santee equivalents. As the entire Bible and most of the books and newspapers printed in the Dakota have been published in Santee, that dialect has become the standard or literary dialect of the language. From a comparison of the Teton in this dictionary with that in the texts now in the possession of the Bureau of Ethnology, Mr. Dorsey has been led to suspect that there are provincial differences in the Teton—subdialects, if I may so term them.

It is still difficult to say whether the speech of the Assiniboin should be considered a dialect of the Dakota or a distinct language of the Siouan stock, though it is known that this people is an offshoot of the Yanktonnai Dakota, who speak the Yankton dialect. Whether there ever was a dialect known as the Sisseton is considered by Mr. Dorsey an open question, though Mr. Riggs gave several Sisseton examples in the introduction to his grammar.

By request of the Director, Mr. Riggs submitted his enlarged dictionary for examination, and its publication was ordered. Owing to the inability of the author to remain in Washington, the work of editing the new volume was assigned, with the consent of Mr. Riggs, to Mr. J. Owen Dorsey, of this Bureau, as Mr. Dorsey had been making a special study of the Siouan languages, including the Dakota, since 1871, and was eminently qualified for the work.

The original work of Messrs. Riggs and Dorsey, with other materials already published, will place the Siouan languages on record more thoroughly than those of any other family in this country.

The accompanying letter of transmittal gives the reasons for the publication of the dictionary before that of the grammar, texts, and ethnography.

J. W. Powell,

Director.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION, BUREAU OF ETHNOLOGY, Washington, D. C., November 1, 1889.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit to you the copy for "Contributions to North American Ethnology, Vol. VII, A Dakota-English Dictionary."

This material was furnished to the Bureau in 1882 by the author, the Rev. S. R. Riggs, A. M., who died at Beloit, Wis., in August of the following year. Besides the material now transmitted, Mr. Riggs prepared the copy for another volume, to be entitled "Grammar, Texts, and Ethnography of the Dakota," which material is still in my possession.

As the English-Dakota dictionary of the edition of 1852 contained many inaccuracies, Mr. Riggs wished to furnish, as a companion volume to the present one, a revised and enlarged English-Dakota dictionary; but owing to his illness and death the preparation of that part of the work devolved on the Rev. J. P. Williamson, missionary at the Yankton Agency, Dakota. The following quotation is from Mr. Williamson's letter to me, dated May 11, 1883:

I commenced my English-Dakota dictionary before Dr. Riggs made any arrangement to republish his work. . . . I do not know that any agreement has been made obligating me to submit it as a part of the Dakota series. Yet I would not refuse the Smithsonian Institution my manuscript if it were ready, and I think that it will be complete some time next winter.

During the last illness of Mr. Riggs, and while I was correcting proof for him, I received several letters, in which a few pertinent sentences occur, thus:

I think best to trust the whole matter to you for the present. I send on Mr. Cleveland's Teeton¹ words. You know better than any one else how I have heretofore used them. If I should be taken away, A. L. Riggs and T. L. Riggs will have this matter to attend to.

^{&#}x27;I am constrained to differ from Mr. Riggs in the spelling of the English equivalent for "Titonwan." The word "Teton," with the "e" pronounced as in "me," has been used for more than a quarter of a century in gazetteers and geographies, and to me it seems preferable to "Teeton." Besides, Messrs. A. L. and T. L. Riggs have recently furnished another variant, "Titon." Let us retain "Titonwan" as the Dakota word and "Teton" as its English equivalent.—J. O. D.

Rev. A. L. Riggs wrote subsequently:

My father wishes to acknowledge your favor of March 8, just received, and to say in answer that any changes he may find absolutely necessary he will make in the plates Please go on with the work and use your best judgment.

Since then there has been considerable correspondence with Messrs. A. L. Riggs and J. P. Williamson, but no definite reply has been received as to the time when the English-Dakota dictionary can be submitted. In March of this year, when it was determined to obtain a final answer respecting this, a letter was sent to the Rev. A. L. Riggs by the Director of the Bureau, eliciting the following reply:

DEAR SIR: Your favor of March 1 in regard to the progress n.ade on the English-Dakota part of my father's dictionary is received. A good deal of work has been done on it, but the final revision is yet to be made. I cannot say whether we could furnish you the manuscript fast enough to warrant beginning on it until after I have conferred with Mr. Williamson. This I will do at once and report to you.

Nearly eight months have passed since the receipt of that letter, and it now seems probable that the revised English-Dakota dictionary will not be published in connection with the present work and the "Grammar, Texts, and Ethnography of the Dakota."

It was the original intention of the Director of the Bureau to publish simultaneously all of Mr. Riggs's works on the Dakota language, the Dakota-English dictionary appearing as the first volume, the English-Dakota dictionary as the second, and the Grammar, Texts, and Ethnography of the Dakota as the third; but on account of the delay referred to in this letter it has been found impossible to adhere to this plan.

It was finally decided to publish the Dakota-English dictionary without further delay, as the 665 pages of that work could not well be bound in one volume with the Grammar, Texts, and Ethnography. It was also decided to postpone the publication of the latter work.

All entries followed by "S. R. R." were contributed by the author. Those furnished by his son, Rev. Alfred L. Riggs, are signed "A. L. R." "T. L. R." stands for Rev. T. L. Riggs, and "J. P. W." for Rev. J. P. Williamson. Rev. W. J. Cleveland's articles are designated by "W. J. C.", and "J. O. D." marks those entries for which I am responsible.

Yours, respectfully,

J. OWEN DORSEY, Ethnologist.

To J. W. Powell, Director.

A DAKOTA-ENGLISH DICTIONARY.

BY STEPHEN R. RIGGS.

THE ALPHABET.

VOWELS.

The vowels are five in number, and have each one uniform sound, except when followed by the nasal "n," which somewhat modifies them.

- a has the sound of English a in father.
- e has the sound of English e in they, or of a in face.
- i has the sound of i in marine, or of e in me.
- o has the sound of English o in go, note.
- u has the sound of u in rule, or of oo in food.

CONSONANTS.

The consonants are twenty-four in number, exclusive of the sound represented by the apostrophe (').

- b has its common English sound.
- é is an aspirate with the sound of English ch, as in chin. In the Dakota Bible and other printing done in the language, it has not been found necessary to use the diacritical mark.*
- is an emphatic c. It is formed by pronouncing "c" with a strong pressure of the organs, followed by a sudden expulsion of the breath.
- d has the common English sound.
- g has the sound of g hard, as in go.
- ġ represents a deep sonant guttural resembling the Arabic ghain.
 (έ). Formerly represented by g simply.‡
- h has the sound of h in English.
- h represents a strong surd guttural resembling the Arabic kha (\dot{z}). Formerly represented by $r.\ddagger$
- *For this sound Lepsius recommends the Greek χ.
 †These are called *cerebrals* by Lepsius.
 †These correspond with Lepsius, except in the form of the diacritical mark.

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- k has the same sound as in English.
- k is an emphatic letter, bearing the same relation to k that "¢" does to "ć." In all the printing done in the language, it is still found most convenient to use the English q to represent this sound.*
- l has the common sound of this letter in English. It is peculiar to the Titonwan dialect.
- m has the same sound as in English.
- n has the common sound of n in English.
- n denotes a nasal sound similar to the French n in bon, or the English n in drink. As there are only comparatively very few cases where a full n is used at the end of a syllable, no distinctive mark has been found necessary. Hence in all our other printing the nasal continues to be represented by the common n.
- p has the sound of the English p, with a little more volume and stress of voice.
- p is an emphatic, bearing the same relation to p that "¢" does to "ć."*
- s has the surd sound of English s, as in say.
- is an aspirated s, having the sound of English sh, as in shine. Formerly represented by x.
- t is the same as in English, with a little more volume of voice.
- t is an emphatic, bearing the same relation to t that "¢" does to "ć."*
- w has the power of the English w, as in walk.
- y has the sound of English y, as in yet.
- z has the sound of the common English z, as in zebra.
- \dot{z} is an aspirated z, having the sound of the French j, or the English s in pleasure. Formerly represented by $j.\dagger$

The apostrophe is used to mark an hiatus, as in s'a. It seems to be analogous to the Arabic hamzeh (2).

Note.—Some Dakotas, in some instances, introduce a slight b sound before the m, and also a d sound before n. For example, the preposition "om," with, is by some persons pronounced obm, and the preposition "en," in, is sometimes spoken as if it should be written edn. In these cases, the members of the Episcopal mission among the Dakotas write the b and the d, as "ob," "ed."

^{*} These are called cerebrals by Lepsius.

t These correspond with Lepsius, except in the form of the discritical mark.

DAKOTA-ENGLISH.

A.

- a, the first letter of the Dakota alphabet. It has but one uniform sound, that of a in father.
- a, an inseparable preposition or prefix.
 - 1. Prefixed to verbs and adjectives, it usually means on or upon: as, magazu, to rain, amagazu, to rain on; mani, to walk, amani, to walk on; han, to stand, ahan, to stand on; waste, good, awaste, to be good on or in addition to; to become, to befit: when, in addition to the prefix, ka or kaća is suffixed, the idea of incredulity or contempt is expressed: as, awasteka, amakukaća.
 - 2. In some cases it gives a causative meaning to the verb: as u, to come, au, to bring; ya, to go, aya, to take.
 - 3. It forms a collective plural in the case of some verbs of motion: as, au, they come; aya, they go; ahi, they have arrived.
 - 4. Prefixed to nouns, it sometimes makes adverbs: as, wanića, none, awanin or awaninya in a destroying way; paha, a hill, apahaya, hill-like.

- 5. It makes nouns of some verbs: as, bapta, to cut off from, abapte, a cutting on, can abapte, a cutting-board.
- a, n. the arm-pit, under the arm: as, a ogna wao, I hit under the arm or foreleg.
- a, v. imperat. only; hark, listen: a, a wo, a ye; pl. a po, am, a miye.
- a a', n. mold.
- a a', adj moldy.
- a a', v. n. to mold, become moldy.
- a-a'-mna, v. n. (aa and omna) to smell moldy.
- a b a' h d a, v. a. to shave off with a knife, as the fat from guts—abawahda, abayahda.
- a b a' h d a h d a, v. red. of abahda.
- a-ba'-ka, v. a. (a and baka) to cut or split the feather from a quill; fig. to be straight or without wrong doing: abakapi se waun—abawaka.
- a b a' k e z a, v. a. (a and bakeza) to cut off smooth, as a feather for an arrow—abawakeza, abayakeza.
- a-ba'-kpa, v. a. (a and bakpa) to pare off on—abawakpa.
- a-ba'-kpan, v. a (a and bakpan) to cut fine on, make fine on, as in

- cutting tobacco: can abakpan, a tobacco board—abawakpan, abayakpan.
- a-ba'-ksa, v. a. (a and baksa) to cut off, as a stick, on anything, with a knife—abawaksa, abaunksapi.
- a-ba'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of abaksa
- a-ba'-kśiś, v. cont. of abakśiża: abakśiś iyeya, to double or shut up, as a knife, on anything.
- a-b a'-k ś i-ź a, v. a. (a and bakśiża) to shut upon, as a pocket-knife—abawakśiża, abayakśiża.
- a-ba'-ķe-za, v. a. (a and baķeza)
 to split the feather end of a quill; to
 cut off, as the ribs of an animal on
 —abawaķeza, abayaķeza, abauŋķezapi.
- a-ba'-mda, v. a. (a and bamda) to cut in strips on—abawamda.
- a b a' m d a y a, v. a. (a and bamdaya) to smooth over by cutting with a knife, to shave off lumps on abawamdaya.
- a b a' m d a z a, v. a. (a and ba-mdaza) to cut or rip open on—abawamdaza, abayamdaza, abaun-mdazapi.
- a b a' m d e é a, v. a. (a and bamdeéa) to break by cutting on anything, as something brittle; to cut up in pieces on—abawamdeéa, abayamdeéa, abaunmdeéapi.
- a b a' m d e n, v. cont. of abamdeća: abamden iyeya.
- a-ba'-mna, v. a. (a and bamna) to rip on, as with a knife—abawamna.

- a-ba'-pe, v.a. (a and bape) to cut off short on, or make stubbed—abawape
- a-ba'-pon, v. cont. of abapota.
- a-ba'-po-ta, v. a. (a and bapota) to cut in pieces on, destroy on anything, by cutting with a knife—abawapota, abayapota, abaunpotapi
- a-ba'-psa-ka, v. a. (a and bapsaka) to cut off on, as a cord or string, with a knife—abawapsaka, abayapsaka, abaunpsakapi
- a b a' p ś u n, v. a. (a and bapśun) to unjoint with a knife on anything—abawapśun.
- a b a' p t a, v. u. (a and bapta) to cut off from, as a piece; to cut on, as clothes on a board—abawapta, abayapta, abaupptapi.
- a ba' pte, n. can abapte, a cutting-board.
- a b a' p t u ś, v. cont. of abaptuźa: abaptuś iyeya.
- a b a' p t u źa, v. a. (a and baptuźa) to split or crack by cutting on anything; to crack or split, as a knife-handle, in cutting on anything—abawaptuźa, abayaptuźa.
- a b a' s d e é a, v. a. (a and basdeća) to split on—abawasdeća.
- a-ba'-ski-ća, v. a. (a and baskića) to press out on, as with a knife by cutting—abawaskića
- a-ba'-ski-ta, v.a. (a and baskita) to press upon with a knife—abawaskita.
- a-ba'-sku, v. a. (a and basku) to pare on, as an apple—abawasku.

- a-ba'-smin, v. a. (a and basmin)
 to cut or shave off close, as meat
 from bones—abawasmin.
- a-ba'-so, v.a. (a and baso) to cut off a string from; to cut a string on anything—abawaso, abayaso.
- a-ba'-so-so, v. red. of abaso: to cut strings from; to cut into strings on—abawasoso.
- a-ba'-śda, v. a. (a and baśda) to make bare on, shave off with a knife on; to cut, as grass, in addition to what is already done—abawaśda, abayaśda, abauŋśdapi.
- a-ba'-śdo-ka, v. a. (a and baśdoka) to cut a hole in, on anything—abawaśdoka.
- a b a' s i p a, v. a. (a and basipa) to cut off or prune upon anything—abawasipa.
- a b a' ś k i ć a, v. a. (a and baśkića) to press out upon, as by cutting with a knife—abawaśkića.
- a b a' ś k u, v. a. (a and baśku) to cut off upon, as corn from the cob—abawaśku.
- a b a' ś p a , v. a. (a and baśpa) to cut off on, as a piece of a stick—abawaśpa.
- a b a' ś p u, v. a. (a and baśpu) to cut up on, cut in pieces—abawaśpu.
- a-ba'-śpu-śpu, v. red. of abaśpu.
- a · ba' · tpaŋ, v. a. Same as abakpaŋ, which see.
- a b a' ź a n , v. cont. of abaźata : abaźan ośtan, to sit astride, he placed on astride.

- a b a' ź a t a, v. a. (a and baźata) to make a split on—abawaźata.
- a'-be-ki-ya, adv. scattered, separately.
- a'-be-ya, adv. separately, scattering—abeya iyayapi.
- a blo', n. Ti. for amdo, which see.
- a-bo'-hde-ca, v. a. (a and bo-hdeca) to split by shooting or punching on anything—abowahdeca.
- a-bo'-hdo-ka, v. a. (a and bo-hdoka) to punch a hole in one thing on something else—abowa-hdoka.
- a b o' h p a, v. a. (a and bohpa) to make fall on by shooting—abowahpa.
- a-bo'-kpan, v. a. (a and bokpan) to pound fine on—abowakpan.
- a-bo'-ksa, v. a. (a and boksa) to break off by shooting on; to break off by punching on—abowaksa, aboyaksa, abounksapi.
- a b o' k u k a, v. a. (a and bokuka) to shoot or punch to pieces on—abowakuka, aboyakuka, abounkukapi.
- a b o' k e g a, v. a. (a and bokega) to miss fire on, as in trying to shoot; to snap a gun on—abowakega, aboyakega, abounkegapi, abomakega.
- a-bo'-ķeh, v. cont. of aboķeġa; aboķeh iyeya.
- a-bo'-mda-za, v. a. (a and bo-mdaza) to tear open by shooting on anything—abowamdaza, aboyamdaza.
- a-bo'-mde-ća, v. a. (a and bomdeća) to brook in pieces by shoot-

- aboyamdeća, abounmdećapi.
- a b o' m d e n, v. cont. of abomdeća: abomden iyeya.
- a b o' m d u, v. n. (a and bomdu) to blow up on, as by the wind; to bubble up on, as water; said when a multitude gathers around one abomamdu.
- a b o' m d u m d u, v. red. of abomdu; to bubble up, as water.
- a b o' p a and a b o' p a n, v. a. (a and bopa or bopan) to pound fine on, as corn—abowapan.
- a-bo'-po-ta, v. a. (a and bopota) to shoot to pieces on anything—abowapota, aboyapota, abounpotapi.
- a-bo'-psa-ka, v. a. (a and bopsaka) to break off, as a cord, by shooting on-abowapsaka, aboyapsaka.
- a-bo'-pta, v. a. (a and bopta) punch off a piece, by striking on anything, with the end of a stickabowapta, aboyapta, abounptapi.
- a b o' p t u s, v. cont. of aboptuza: aboptuś iyeya.
- a-bo'-ptu-źa, v. a. (a and boptuźa) to split or crack, as an arrow by shooting against anything; or, as a stick, in punching—abowaptuźa, aboyaptuźa, abounptuźapi.
- a-bo'-sdan, v. n. cont. of abosdata: as, abosdan hde, to place upright on; a phrase used of the mirage, or looming up of things on a cold, clear inorning.

- ing or punching on—abowamdeća, a-bo'-sda-ta, v. n. to stand upright on.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . (\mathbf{a} and $\mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}$ sdeća) to split by shooting upon abowasdeća.
 - **a**-bo'-so-ta, v. a. (a and bosota) to use all up by shooting upon—abowasota.
 - a-bo'-śda, v. a. (a and bośda) to make bare on by punching—abowaśda.
 - a b o' ś d e ć a, v. a. (a and boto split off on, as a piece, śdeća) by shooting or punching—abowaśdeća.
 - a-bo'-śdo-ka, v. a. (a and boto shoot off on; to empty the contents of a gun on anything, by shooting at it: mazakan abośdoka-abowaśdoka, aboyaśdoka, abounádokapi.
 - $a b o' \sin a$, v. a. (a and bosina) to miss fire on, as of a gun-abowa-
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \circ \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. (a and bospa)shoot a piece off on—abowaśpa.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . (\mathbf{a} and $\mathbf{b} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}$) to knock off upon, as anything stuck on, by punching or shooting—abowaśpu.
 - a-bo'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. a. (a and botakuniśni) to destroy by shooting or punching on anything—abowatakuniśni, aboyatakuniśni, abountakunipiśni.
 - **a b** o' **t a**, v. a. (**a** and bota) on by punching—abowata.
 - $a b o' w e \dot{g} a$, v. a. (a and bowega)

- to break on, as by shooting or punching-abowawega.
- a b o' ź u ź u, v. a (a and boźuźu) | a ć a ŋ' k a ś k a y a, v. a. (a ćaŋ to break all up on; to destroy uponabowaźuźu.
- $a ca' \dot{g}a$, v. n. (a and caga) to freeze in, on, or upon; to become ice upon-amaćaga.
- a ca' ga sda ya, adj. all smooth with ice, icy. Same as acahsdaya.
- a 6ah' sna sna, v. n. (a ćaga and snasna) to rattle, as icicles formed on anything.
- a-ćah-śda-ya, adj. (a ćaga and sdaya) all icy, covered with ice, as trees when rain is frozen on them.
- a-ća'-kśin, v.a. to step over, pass over, jump over; to avoid, pass by, neglect; to transgress—acawaksin, acayaksin, acaunksinpi, acamaksin, acaciksin, etc.; woacaksin, passing
- a-ća'-kśin-ya, v. a. to cause to pass over-acaksinwaya, acaksinmayan.
- a-ća'-kśin-yan, adv. passing over.
- a ć a' m n i, v. n. (a and ćamni) sprout on.
- a-ćan'-ćan, v. n. (a and ćanćan) to shake on account of-amacancan.
- a'-ćan-ćan, v. a. to apply oneself to intensely: ácancan hinca; ácanćan ećonpi, i q. akiptan ećonpiáwacancan, áyacancan.
- a-can'-ka-ska, v. a. (a can and a-cem'-ya-ken, adv. in a late kaśka) to bind wood on; to inclose

- on, fence in-acanwakaska. See aćonkaske.
- and kaskaya) to make a fence, to inclose, as a fort; to bind wood together on-acankaskawaya.
- a-ćan'-ku-ya, v. a. (a ćanku and ya) to make a road on; to pass through on-acankuwava.
- a-ćan'-ku-ya, adv. lying on, as a road; passing through.
- a-ćan'-ni-yan, v. n. (a and canto be angry for-acanmaniyan) niyan, acanniniyan, acanniunyanpi.
- a-ćan'-ni-ye-ya, v. a. angry at one on account of something—acanniyewaya, acanniyeunyanpi.
- a 6 a n' n u n p a, v. a. (a and cannunpa) to smoke on or after, as after eating—acannunmunpa. See ćannunpa.
- a-ćan'-te-śi-ća, v. n (a ćante and sica) to be sad on account of. See ićantesića
- a-ćan'-te-śin-ya, adv. sorrowfully for.
- a-ćan'-te-śin-ya-ken, sadly for.
- a & a' pa, v. a. (a and capá) to stab on, stick in; to take stitches in or on-acawapa, acayapa.
- a-ćem'-ya, v.a. of aćepa: to make fat for a certain purpose—acemwaya.
- of fattening for: acemyaken hde.

- a-će'-pa, v. n. (a and ćepa) to be fat for. be in good order; to be getting fatter: i. q. kitanna ćepa.
- a-će'-sdi, v. a. (a and ćesdi) to ćesdi on anything—aćewasdi, aćevasdi. See ćesdi.
- a-će'-sdi, n. something to ćesdi on, as a diaper.
- a-će'-ti, v. a. (a and ćeti) to make a fire on or at, as a log; to heat, as a gun-lock, for the purpose of hardening; to burn, as stone or brick, in a kiln—aćewati, aćeyati, aćeuntipi.
- a-će'-ya, v. a. (a and ćeya) to cry for anything, as a child does; to mourn for, as for one dead—awaćeya, ayaćeya, unkaćeyapi.
- a-će'-ya-pi, part. crying for, cried for.
- a-ćoŋ'-ka-śke, n. a place fenced in, a fort. See ćoŋkaśke and ćaŋ-kaśka.
- a-ćo'-pa, v. a. (a and ćopa) to wade into the water for anything—aćowapa, aćounpapi.
- a-ćos'-ya, adv. warmly.
- a-ćo'-za, v. n. (a and ćoza) to be warm on, to be comfortable.
- a-ću', v. n. (a and ću) to dew on, bedew.
- a-ću', n. and prep. dew upon.
- a-ću'-wi-ta, v. n. (a and ćuwita)
 to be cold upon—amaćuwita.
- a-ću'-ya, v. a. to cause dew upon, to bedew—aćuwaya.
- a-de'--ka, n. a branch or limb of a tree; a limb, as of the body.
- a de' źa, v. a. (a and deźa) to uri-

- nate on anything—awadeźa, ayadeźa, uŋkadeźapi.
- a de' źa, n. a diaper.
- a di', v. a. to climb up, climb a tree; to climb over, as a fence; to ascend, as a hill—awadi, ayadi, unkadipi.
- a di' di, v. red. of adi.
- a-di'-di-ya, adv. red. of adiya.
- a-di'-di-ya-ken, adv. in a climbing manner.
- a-di'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to climb—adiwakiya.
- a di' ya, adv. climbing.
- a-di'-ya-ken, adv. in a climbing way.
- a-do'-kso, v. a. (prob. of doksi) to fold up the arms; to put the hand under the arm—adowakso, adoyakso, adounksopi.
- a-do'-kso-han, v. a. to fold in the arms; to put under the arm, as one's cap—adowaksohan: adoksohan iću, to fold in the arms—adoksohan iwaću.
- a dos', cont. of adoza.
- a dos' dos, cont. of adosdoza: adosdos mahinhda.
- a-dos'-dos-ye-ća, v. n to experience a burning sensation; to become angry—adosdoswayeća. See adosya.
- a-dos'-do-za, v.n. red. of adoza; to be scorched, but not cooked, as something held in the flame.
- a-dos'-ya, v.a. to scorch, as meat held in the flame; to have one's feelings touched by any circumstance, to be made angry; adosyapi seksen

hinhda, to experience a burning sensation, as in sickness; adosyapi se kinyanka, to run just as fast as one can: adosye hinéa—adoswaya, adosunyanpi.

- a do'-wan, v. a. (a and dowan) to sing in praise of any one; to sing for, as for the death of an enemy this the Dakotas do when they go to war against their enemies, and desire to take their lives; wićasta adoway, to sing to a man, to sing the praises of a man; zitkadan pa adowan, to sing over the heads of birds this expresses a custom which the Dakotas have, when a man takes some woodpeckers' heads and sings over them to another person, expecting to receive from him in return a horse, or some valuable consideration. In this case, the individual mentions the honorable deeds of the person to whom he gives the birds' heads, and sings his praise—awadowan, ayadowan, unkadowanpi. See wa'-dowan.
- a-do'-za, v. n. to be scorched, but not cooked; tancan adoza se; adoza se hinhda, to feel a scorched sensation pass over the body, as in a fever.
- a'-e-ta-hnag-ya, adv. towards, through, among.
- a'-e-ta-hna-ka, prep. towards.
- a'-e-to-o-pta, prep. towards. a'-e-to-o-pte-ya, adv. towards,
- a'-e-to-o-pte-ya, adv. towards, in that direction.
- a'-e-to-pta, prep. in the direction of a certain object.

- a'-e-to-pte-ya, adv. in that direction, past a certain point.
- a-gla', v. a. Ti., same as ahda
- a-gle'-śka-na, n. Ti., a lizard—ahdeśkadan.
- a g l i', v. a. Ti., same as ahdi—awa-gli, ayagli, unkaglipi.
- a'-ġa, v. n. to make a splash, as a fish jumping up in the water; to fall or jump into water with a splash—aġe ihpaya, aġe iwalipamda, aġe uŋkihpayapi.
- a'-ġe, v. n. See aġa.
- a g i', v. n. (a and gi) to be covered with rust, mildewed; to have a rusty or brown stain.
- a-gu', v. n. (a and gu) to burn on anything; to burn on account of or by reason of anything.
- a g u', part. burnt on.
- $\mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}$, $v. n. red. of a\dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}$.
- a-gu'-gu-ya, v.a. red. of aguya; to cause to burn on.
- a-ġu'-ya, v. a. to cause to burn on—aġuwaya, aġuyaya, aġuuŋ-yaŋpi.
- a-gu'-ya-pi, n. (aguya) bread, so called because burned or baked; wheat bread especially; wheat; wamnaheza aguyapi, corn bread.
- a-ġu'-ya-pi-hu, n. wheat growing; wheat straw.
- a-ġu'-ya-pi-i-ća-paŋ, n. a flail.
- a-gu'-ya-pi mdu n. flour.
- a-gu'-ya-pi-su, n. wheat not ground, the grain of wheat.
- $\mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i} \dot{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}$, n. leav-

- ened bread, because like the lungs— a h d a', v. a. (a and hda) éagu.

 home, carry or bear home—
- a-ha'-ha-ye-dan, adv. not firmly, movably. See hahayedan.
- a-ha'-kam, adv. after. Not much used. See ohakam.
- a-ha'-kam-ye-dan, adv not deep, shallow; said of dipping up anything when it is shallow.
- a-han', v. n. (a and han) to stand on, rest on—awahan, ayahan, unkahanpi. Ahe cin, a foundation.
- a h a n', v. imperat. only; take care: ahan duśna kta, take care, you will mistake.
- a-han', intj. of assent: from han, yes.
- a-han'-han, v. red. of ahan, to stand on; and also of ahan, to take care.
- a-han'-ke-ta, adv at the end. See ihanketa.
- a-han'-ke-ya, adv. immediately, then, following, at the end of.
- a-han'-mde, v.a. (a and hanmde) to dream about something wakan awahanmde.
- a-haŋ'-mna, v. a. (a and hanmna) to dream about anything—awahanmna, ayahanmna.
- a-han'-zi, v. n. to be shady upon, overshadowed—amahanzi.
- a-han'-zi-ya, v.a. to overshadow, cause shade upon, make dark upon; to screen from the sun; to reveal to one, as the shadows of things going before; to give a presentiment of—ahanziwaya, ahanzimayan.

- a-h d a', v. a. (a and hda) to take home, carry or bear home—awahda, ayahda, unkahdapi, amahda, acihda, wicunkahdapi.
- a-hda', v. col. pl. of hda; they go home.
- a-hda'-da, v. a. pos. of akada; to scatter one's own upon—awahdada.
- a-hda'-ġe-ġe, v. a. pos. of akaġeġe; to sew one's own upon.
- a-hda'-han, v. a. (ahda and han) to stand carrying home.
- a-hda'-han, v.n. to bear up, be strong enough to bear, as ice—amahdahan, unkahdahanpi, awićahdahan.
- a-hda'-han, v., col. pl. they keep going home one after another.
- a-hda'-hpa, v. pos. of akahpa; to throw, as a garment, over one's own—awahdahpa.
- a-hda'-hpe-ki-ton, v. pos. of akalipeton; to clothe or cover one's own—ahdalipewakiton, ahdalipeyakiton.
- a-h da'-h pe-ton, v. pos. of akahpeton; to clothe one's own—ahdahpewaton, ahdahpeyaton.
- a-hda'-hpe-ya, v. pos. of aka-hpeya; to cover one's own—ahda-hpewaya, ahdahpeunyanpi: taku ahdahpeyapi, clothes. See aihda-hpeya.
- a-hda'-ksa, v. a. pos. of akaksa; to cut off one's own upon—awahda-ksa.
- a-hda'-kśinś, or a-hda-kśiś:

- ahdaksins wanka, to lie curled up on one side: ahdaksins munka.
- a-hda'-mna, v.a. pos. of akamna; to gather one's own upon, to accumulate—awahdamna.
- a-hda'-pan, v. a. pos. of akapan; to beat out or thresh one's own uponawahdapan.
- a h da' po ta, v. a. pos. of akapota; to beat in pieces one's own upon; also, v. n. to float upon.
- a-hda'-psin-ta, v. a. akapsinta; to strike or whip one's own.
- a-hda'-pson, v. a. pos. to spill one's own upon—of akapson.
- a-hda'-pśin, adv. bottom upwards, said of a boat or anything turned up.
- a-hda'-psin-yan, adv. up: ahdapsinyan ehpeya, and ahdapsinyan iyeya. to turn bottom side up-ahdapsinyan iyewaya.
- a h d a' p s u n, v. a. pos. of a andkapśun; to put one's own out of joint on-awahdapsun.
- a-hda'-pta, v. n (a and hdapta) to cease to fall on, as rain—amahdapta. See hdapta.
- a-hda'-pta, v. a. (a and hdapta) to dip or lade out from one's own kettle, etc.—awahdapta. See ka-
- a h d a' s k i ć a, v. a. pos. of akaskića; to press down on one's own awahdaskića. Part., face down, prone, headlong.

- skića; on the face, prone: ahdaskin ehpeya, to throw down on the face; ahdaskin ihpaya, to fall down on the face—ahdaskin iwalipamda, ahdaskin iyahpada.
- a-hda'-śda, v.a. pos. of akaśda; to cut, as grass, on oneself-amihdaśda.
- a-hda'-śki-ća, v. pos. of akaśkića and ayaśkića; to spit out on something of one's own—awahdaśkića, ayahdaśkića.
- a-hda'-śna, v. a. pos. of ayaśna; to make a mistake in speaking—awahdasna.
- a-hda'-śpa, v. a. pos. of akaśpa; to break a piece off one's own upon.
- a-hda'-stan, v. pos. of akastan and ayastan; to throw or spill, as water, on one's own; to cease speaking or eating.
- a-hda'-ta, v. pos. of akata; to hoe one's own, as corn, etc.-awahdata, ayahdata.
- a-hda'-ta, v. a. to chorus to, answer or respond to in music-awićawahdata, I respond to them.
- a h d a' t a h e n a, adv. of ahdata; answeringly.
- a-hda'-tkan, v. pos. of ayatkan; to drink one's own with or uponawahdatkan.
- a h d e', v. Same as ahda.
- a-hde', v. a. (a and hde) to place or make stand on-awalide, ayabde, unkahdepi. See ahnaka, a npa, etc
- a-hde'-dan, and a-hda'-dan, a-hda'-skin, part. cont. of ahda- n. or part. Standing on-placed on

- a-hde'-han, n. a foundation.
- a-hde'-he-ćin, n. a foundation.
- a h d e' h i y e y a, part. one after another.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{d} \cdot \mathbf{e}' \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{a}$. (ahda and) kiya) to cause to take home—ahdewakiya, ahdeyakiya, ahdeunkiyapi.
- a-hde'-pa, v. a. (a and hdepa) to vomit upon-awahdepa.
- a-hde'-śka-daŋ, n. a lizard.
- a h d e' y e y a, part. after another.
- a h d e' y u s, v. cont. of ahdeyuza: ahdeyus kute, to shoot, holding the near it.
- a h d e' y u z a, v.a. to hold against, hold near to; to come near to-ahdemduza.
- a h d i', v. a to bring or carry homeawahdi, ayahdi, unkahdipi.
- a h d i', v. col. pl. of hdi; they come home together.
- a-hdi'-i-ya-pe, v. (ahdi and a-hdi'-yu-hpa, v.a. to lay down to wait for their coming ivape) home; to lie in wait by the way ahdiiyawape.
- a h d i' p s i ć a, v. col. to come home and alight.
- a-hdi'-wan-ka, v. col. to come home and sleep.
- a-hdi'-ya-han, v.n. to fly home and o'light, as fowls; col. pl. of hdi-Tahan, to come in sight and stop, as on a hill, coming home.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{d} \cdot \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \cdot \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{d} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, v. a. (ahdi and

- hdiyahda, ayahdiyahda. vahda.
- a-hdi'-ya-hda, v. col. pl. pass home.
- a-hdi'-va-hda-han, v. col. pl. they continue to pass home.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{u}$, v. a. (ahdi and aku) to start to bring home again-awahdiyaku, ayahdiyaku.
- a h d i' y a k u, v. col. pl. of hdiću; they start to come home together.
- placed one a h d i' y a p e, v. See ahdiiyape.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{d} \cdot \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \cdot \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{e} \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{e}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n}$. to skip, as something flat thrown along on the surface of the water.
- gun against the object, or very | a h d i' v a p e p e y a, v. a. to cause to skip along on the surface, as a stone or chip on the water ahdiyapepewaya.
 - a-hdi'-yo-hi, v. col. pl. of hdiyohi; they reach home on returning.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{d} \cdot \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{o} \mathbf{t} \cdot \mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{p} \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{col} . \mathbf{pl} . of hdiyotanka; they come home and sit down.
 - on the way coming home—ahdimduhpa. (ol. pl., they come home and lay down their burdens.
 - a-hdi'-yu-kan, v. col. pl. to come home and remain, as deer, in abundance: ahdiyukanpi, they come home and remain.
 - a h d i' ź u, v. a. (ahdi and eźu) to bring home and pile up-ahdiwaźu, ahdiyaźu, ahdiunźupi.
 - a-hdo'-hda, v. to carry homeawahdohda.
- ahda) to carry home again—awa- | a h d o' n i \(\xi a\), v. a. (a and hdo-

- nića) point—awahdonića.
- a-hdu'-ġa-ta, v. pos. of a and on anything—awahdugata.
- a-h'd u'-ha, v. pos. of ayuha; to have or take one's own on account of; to provide for some occasion, to keep one's own for a certain purpose awahduha, ayahduha, unkahduhapi.
- a-hdu'-ho-mni, v. pos. of ayuhomni; to turn upon one's own, as a gun-awahduhomni.
- a-hdu'-ĥi-ća, v. pos. of ayuhića; to waken up one's own uponawahduhića.
- a-hdu'-kan, v.a. to leave unmolested-awahdukan, amahdukan.
- a h d u' k a w a, v. pos. of a and yukawa; to open upon one's own.
- a-hdu'-kćan, v. pos. of a and yukćan; to understand one's own upon or in relation to—awahdukćan.
- $a h d u' m a \eta$, v pos. of a and yuman; to grind one's own uponawahduman.
- a-hdu'-mdu, v. pos. of a and yumdu; to plow one's own upon awahdumdu.
- a-hdu'-so-ta, v. pos. of a and yusota; to use one's own up onawahdusota.
- a-hdu'-sto, v. pos. of a and yusto; to smooth one's own down on, as hair; to stroke—awalidusto.
- a-h du'-su-ta, v. pos. of a and yusuta; to make hard one's own upon.

- to hold to one's own on a a-hdu'-ski-ća, v. pos. of a and yuśkića; to press out one's own upon.
- yugata to open out as one's hand | a h d u' s n a, v. pos. of a and yuśna; to make a mistake over.
 - a-hdu'-śtan, v. pos. of ayuśtan; to leave off something pertaining to oneself-awahdustan, ayahdustan, unkahdustanpi.
 - a-hdu'-ste, v. n. to be numb on amahduste.
 - a-hdu'-ta, v. pos. of a and yuta; to eat one's own with something or upon something.
 - a-hdu'-ti-tan, v. pos. of a and yutitan; to stretch one's own upon; to pull upon.
 - $a h d u' w e \dot{g} a$, v. pos. of a and yuwega; to bend or break upon.
 - a-hdu'-za, v. pos. of a and yuza; to hold one's own to.
 - $a h e' \acute{c} e \acute{c} a$, v. n. to be rather better, as in recovering from sickness, to be neither good nor bad, middling-amahećeća, anihećeća, unkahećećapi.
 - a-he'-će-ća-ke, adj. rather better—amahećećake.
 - a h e' ć e n, cont. of ahećeća.
 - a h e' ce n y a, adv. pretty well, middling.
 - a-he'-ćin, n. a standing-place, foundation.
 - a-he'-he-ye-dan, adv. not firmly: aheheyedan yanka.
 - a h e' k i y a, v. a. (ahan and kiya) to cause to stand on—ahewakiya.
 - $a h e' y u \eta$, v. a. (a and heyun) to

- nuŋ.
- a-hi', v. a. to bring to a place awahi, ayahi, unkahipi, amahi, awićawahi.
- a-hi', v. col. pl. of hi; they have come.
- a-hi'-be, v. See ahiman.
- a h i' m a n, v. n. to come and hatch, as birds of passage; to lodge on: pl ahimanpi.
- a-hi'-mni-éi-ya, v. (ahi and mnićiya) coming in one after another.
- a hi' na pa, v. n. (a and hinapa)to come out on, as sores or pimples | a - h i' - wan - ka, v. n. (ahi and on the skin; to break out in sores or spots—amahinapa. Sometimes written ahinanpa.
- a h i' n a p a, v. col. pl. of hinapa; they come in sight.
- a-hin'-han, v. n. (a and hinhan) to rain upon, fall on as rain—amahinhan, unkahinhanpi.
- a-hin'-he, v. n. Same as ahinhan.
- to rain on-ahinhewakiya.
- a-hiŋ'-he-ya, v. a. to cause to *fall on*, as rain—ahiŋhewaya.
- a-hin'-hpa-ya, v. n. (a and hinhpaya) to fall on anything—amahinhpaya, anihinhpaya, unkahinknayapi.
- -hin'-hpa-ye-ya, v a. to cause caused it to fall on me.
- a-hi'-ti, v. (ahi and ti) and pitch one's tent-ahiwati, ahiyati, ahiuntipi.

- tie up a bundle on-ahemun, ahe- a-hi'-ton-wan, v.a. (ahi and tonwan) to look towards one; to look upon; to look to, regard—ahiwatonwan, ahiyatonwan, ahiuntonwanpi, ahimatonwan.
 - a-hi'-ton-wan-yan-pi, v. pl. they come and make a village—ahiuntonwanyanpi.
 - a hi' ton we ki ya, v a.cause to look towards-ahitonwewakiya.
 - to assemble to; to keep | a hi'-ton-we-ya, v. a. to cause to look to-ahitonwewaya, ahitonwemayan.
 - wanka) col. to come and sleep; or v. a. to bring and lie down—ahimunka.
 - a-hi'-ya-han, v n. to come and alight on, as a flock of birds in a field: zitkatanka en ahiyahe. Col. pl., as, paha ahiyahe, they come up on the hill
 - a-hi'-ya-han-han, v. ahiyahan.
- a-hin'-he-ki-ya, v. a. to cause | a-hi'-ya-hde, v. a. to bring home and place on; pl. they come and go on towards home.
 - a h i' y a h d e y a, part. and going on
 - a-hi'-ya-ka-sin-sin, v. a. col. pl. to pass along, sometimes in sight, and sometimes out of sight. See ahiyokasinsin.
 - to fall on: amahiningayeyaya, you a-hi'-yan-ka, v. n (ahi and yanka) to bring one thing after another, keep bringing; to bring and remain-ahimanka, ahinanka: pl. ahiyukanpi.

- a-hi'-ya-ya, v. col. pl. of hi-yaya; they passed by.
- a-hi'-ya-ya, v. a. to take or carry round; hand round to, as a pipe; to sing, as a hymn or tune—awahimdamde, ayahidade, unkahiyayapi. Hence oahiyaye, a tune.
- a-hi'-yo-ka-kin, v. to come and peep in and draw back the head—ahiyowakakin, ahiyoyakakin.
- a-hi'-yo-ka-sin, v. to look in at a window or door, to peep in. It does not appear to be quite synonymous with ahiyokakin—ahiyowakasin, ahiyounkasinpi.
- a-hi'-yo-ka-sin-sin, v. red. of ahiyokasin; to appear and disappear; to peep and peep again.
- a-hi'-yu, v. a. to start to bring—ahibu.
- a-hi'-yu, col. pl. of hiyu: they come, start to come.
- a-hi'-yu-kan-pi, v. pl. they come and remain.
- a h i' ź u, v. a. (ahi and źu) to bring and pile up—ahiwaźu.
- a-hmi'-hbe-ya, v. a. to cause to roll on anything—ahmihbewaya.
- a-hmi'-hma, v. n. to roll on: ahmihma iyaya, to go rolling on anything
- a-hmi'-yan-yan, adv. round on anything: ahmiyanyan iyaya, to move round, as a ball in a socket; to become round by turning or rolling.
- a'-hna or a-hna', prep. with, together with; upon. For this last meaning, see wahna.

- col. pl. of hi- | a'-h n a h a n, part. standing with.
 - a-hna'-han, v. n. of hnahan; to fall on, as fruit on anything.
 - a-hna'-hna, prep. red. of ahna.
 - a-hna'-ka, v. a. (a and hnaka) to place on anything; to apply as medicine externally, in the form of a poultice or plaster—awahnaka, ayahnaka, unkahnakapi. See ahde, aonpa, azu, ehnaka, and ohnaka.
 - a-hna'-na, adv. only with; with so many only.
 - a'-h n a-wo-ta-pi, n. a table; anything to eat on. See wahnawotapi.
 - a-ho'-ćo-ka, adv. (a and hoćoka) in the midst.
 - a-ho'-ćo-ka-ya, v. a. to surround—ahoćokawaya.
 - a-ho'-ćo-ka-ya, adv. around, surrounding—ahoćokaya unyanpi.
 - a-ho'-ki-pa, v. pos. of ahopa; to value as one's own; to take care of—ahowakipa, ahounkipapi.
 - a-ho'-ki-pe-śni, v. neg. not to value; to impair—ahowakipeśni, ahounkipapiśni.
 - a-ho'-kśi-wiŋ-kta, v.. to get angry at, as a child; to act like a child towards one—ahokśiwawiŋkta, ahokśimawiŋkta.
 - a-ho'-pa, v. a. to honor, respect, reverence, stand in awe of; to keep as a commandment, law, or custom—ahowapa, ahoyapa, ahounpapi.
 - a-ho'-pe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to respect or keep—ahopewakiya.
 - a h o' p e y a, v. a. to cause to observe—ahopewaya.

- a h o' p e y a, part. specting, observing. Adv., obediently.
- a-ho'-tan, v. a. to make a noise around one—ahowatan, ahomatan, a'-ho, v. n. ahountanpi.
- a ho tan' ka, n. one who makes a hpa' ya, v. n. a noise around.
- a-ho'-ton, v. a. (a and hoton) cry out for, as a bird for food.
- a-ho'-ton-ton, v. red. of ahoton; to cry out for, bawl for any-
- a-hu'-tkaŋ-yaŋ, adv. ing, having many prongs or roots. See hutkan.
- a-ham'-ya, v. (a and hamya) to scare on, as game—ahamwaya.
- a-han'-han, v. a. to do a thing carelessly, not to have one's mind on it—awahanhan.
- a-han'-han-ka, adj. careless, negligent.
- a ha' pa, v. See ahamya.
- a h b a' y a, adv. mildly.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{v} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, adv. mildly, patiently; alibayedan waun.
- a h ć o', n. the part of the arm above the elbow; that part of the wing of a a-i', v. fowl next the body.
- about a place: i. q. amahyeća.
- a-hdo', v. n. (a and hdo) to growl over or about a thing, as a dog over a bone.
- a'-he, v. n. to evaporate: ahe aya, to decrease or fall, as the water in a river, lake, etc.

- honoring, re- a-he'-wan-ka, v. n. (a and hewanka) to be frost on anything.
 - a'-he-ya, v. a. to cause to evaporate-ahewaya.
 - to stand up or back, as hair on the forehead: ite aho.
 - to fall upon amahpaya. See ahinhpaya.
 - to | a h p e' y a, v. a. to throw upon; to throw away; to leave, forsakealipewaya, ahpeunyanpi. See ehpeya, which is more commonly used.
 - branch- 'a h t a' n i, v. (a and htani) to labor for one; to work on anything; to sin, break a law-awahtani, ayalitani, unkalitanipi, acihtani.
 - a li t a' t a, adj. languid, feeble.
 - a-hta'-te-ća, adj. weak, feeble.
 - a-litu'-dan, n. something to be spit upon; i. q. śićedapi,
 - a-litu'-ta, adj. a little thawed.
 - a li t u' t e ć a, adj. a little thawed; thawing some.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{i'}, v. a.$ to carry or take to a place—awai, unkaipi; to charge with or lay upon, accuse, as en ai, en amai; to visit upon, as for a sin.
 - col. pl. of i; they reached a place.
- a-lidali'-ye-će-śni, v. to haunt a-i'-a, v. a. (a and ia) to talk about, consult in regard to; to speak evil of, slander-awaia, ayaia, unkaiapi, amaia, aniia, aćiia.
 - a-i'-a-pi, n. consultation; slander.
 - $a i' \acute{c} a \dot{g} a$, v. (a and ića $\dot{g}a$) grow on, yield, produce.
 - a-i'-ćah, v. cont. of aićaga.

- a-i'-cah-ya, v. a. to cause to grow on, cause to produce—aicah-waya.
- a-i'-ćam, cont. of aićapa.
- a-i'-ća-mna, v. n. (a and ićamna) to storm upon—blow furiously on.
- a-i'-ca-pa, v. a. (a and icapa) to stab one thing through or on another—aicawapa, aicayapa.
- a-i'-ća-pa, v. a. (a and ikapa) to open the mouth against any one—aiwakapa.
- a-i'-ca-pta, v. to open the mouth on. See icapta.
- a-i'-ća-ptan, v. See the frequent. form, aićaptanptan.
- a-i'-ća-ptan-ptan, v.n. to roll over and over on anything—amića-ptanptan, anićaptanptan.
- a-i'-6a-zo, v. a. (a and icazo) to draw a line upon; to take credit on account of—aiwakazo.
- a-i'-ć i-m a-n i, v. n. (a and ićimani) to journey upon, to take a journey for some purpose—aićimawani.
- a-i'-ći-ta-ki-hna, adv. one on the other, folded on, double. Compare aitahuaka.
- a-i'-co-ga, v. n. (a and icoga) to gather or drift on anything.
- a-i'-ćo-za, v. n. (a and ićoza) to be warm on or with—aimaćoza.
- a-i'-&i-&i-ta, v. reflex. of akita; to seek oneself; to regard one's own interests—ami&i&ita, ani&i&ita.
- a-i'- (i-ci-ya, v. reflex. (of aya) to be diligent, make effort, bestir one's self—amiçiciya, aniçiciya.

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- a-i'-¢i-ći-ya-ka, v. reflex. to bestir himself, be diligent—ami¢ićiyaka, ani¢ićiyaka.
- a-i'-de, v. n. (a and ide) to burn or blaze on.
- a-i'-de-śa-śa, adv. in the red flame: aideśaśa yuza, to hold in the red flame.
- a-i'-de-śa-śa-ya, v. a. to put in or hold in the red flame, to scorch—aideśaśawaya.
- a-i'-de-ya, v. a. to cause to burn on or around; to set fire to—aidewaya, aideunyanpi; aideićiya, to set fire around about himself—aidemićiya.
- a-i'-de-ya, part. setting fire to.
- a-i'-e. Same as aia.
- a-i'-e-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to talk about, either in a good or bad sense; to consult with: woope aiekiyapi, lawgivers, lawyers.
- a-i'-han, v. col. pl. they go and stand on anything.
- a-i'-haŋ-mna, v. a. to dream about—aiwahaŋmna. See ihaŋmna.
- a-i'-hda-da, v. reflex. of ahdada; to cast or throw upon himself.
- a i' h d a h p a, v. reflex. of akahpa; to cover himself—amihdahpa,
- a-i'-h da-h pe-ya, v. a. to cast about one—aihdahpewaya: taku aihdahpeyapi, clothes.
- a-i'-hda-stan, v. reflex. of akastan; to pour out or spill on himself amihdastan, anihdastan.
- a-i'-hda-tan, v. reflex. of yatan;

- to praise himself for some quality or | a i' k o y a g, cont. of aikoyaka; capability—amihdatan.
- a-i'-hdu-ha, v. to have or retain for one's own use; 2, to provide for himself, to be a citizen-amihduha, anihduha.
- a-i'-hdu-hpa, v. reflex. of yuhpa; to cause to fall on himself, as the limb of a tree—amihdulipa.
- a-i'-hdu-ksa, v. reflex. of yuksa; to break off, as a limb of a tree, on himself—amihduksa.
- a-i'-hdu-po-ta, v. reflex. of hdupota; to tear or rend as one's own garment on himself.
- a-i'-hdu-śda, v. reflex. of yuśda; to cut, as grass, and cover one's self | a - i' - k p a - t a n - y a n, part. reservwith: peźi amihduśda.
- a-i'-hdu-śi-ća, v. reflex. of yuśića; to get one's self into difficulty with—amihduśića.
- a-i'-hdu-tan, v. reflex. to pull the trigger of a gun on himself; to besmear himself with one's own emission. See ayutan.
- a i' h du z a, v. reflex. of hduza; to dress or prepare one's self for an occasion—amihduza.
- a i' h p a y a, v. n. (a and ihpaya) to fall on, as leaves do on anything.
- a-i'-hpe-ya, v.a. to throw or place on; to leave with one; to charge with; to bequeath to one—ailipewaya, aihpemayan, aihpećiya: "wookiye aihpećiyapi," John xiv. 27.
- a-i'-ka-pa, v.a. (a and ikapa) to open the mouth upon, to scold—aiwakapa.

- sticking to.
- reflex. of yuha; | a i' k o y a g y a, v. a. to cause to stick to; to link to or on-aikoyagwaya.
 - a i' k o y a k a, v. n. *to stick to or on; to cleave to, be fastened to.
 - $a i' k p a \dot{g} a p$, v. reflex. of pagan; to part with one's self for any purpose—amikpagan, anikpagan.
 - a-i'-kpa-ġan-yan, part. parting with himself for.
 - a i' k p a t a n, v. reflex. of patan; to reserve for one's self; to reserve one's self for any duty or purposeamikpatan, anikpatan.
 - ing himself for.
 - a-i'-kśin-ki-ya, v. a. to make faces at-aikśinwakiya, aikśinyakiya, aiksinunkiyapi, aikśinmakiya.
 - a-i'-mni-ći-ya, v. col. to gather together for a purpose.
 - a i' n a p a, v. a. (a and inapa) to come in sight upon—ainawapa.
 - a-i'-ni-han, v. n. to be afraid on account of—aimanihan.
 - a-i'-ni-han-yan, adv. excitedly, fearfully.
 - a'-i-ni-na, adv. stilly or silently for, as in approaching game.
 - a-in'-yan-ka, v. (a and inyanka) to run on, as a floor; to run for, run to get-awaimnanka, ayainanka, unkainyankapi.
 - a-i'-po-gan, v. a. (a and ipogan) to blow upon-aiwapogan.

- a-i'-sip-yap, adv. out of sight, be- $|a-i'-tpa-\dot{g}ap-yap$, adv. hind something else: aisinyan iyaya.
- a-i'-sta-ćen-ya, v. to catch a side glimpse of anything-aistacenwaya, aiśtaćenyaya.
- a-i'-sta-hnag, cont. of aistahnaka: aistahnag yanka, to place the eyes on anything, keep looking at it—aistahnag mayanka.
- a-i'-sta-hnag-ya, part. looking at intently.
- a-i'-sta-hnag-ya-ken, adv. intently looking at.
- a i' i + a h + a k + a, v. a. (ista and hnaka) to place the eyes upon, look at intently—aistawahnaka, aistayahnaka.
- a-i'-śta-hna-ke-śni, v. aistahnaka. This also appears to be used affirmatively: to fix the eyes on, lit. why does he not take his eyes off?—aistawahnakeśni.
- $a i' st i \eta m a$, v. n. (a and istingma)to sleep on—amistinma.
- a'-i-ta-hda-hbe, adv. with the wind—aitahdahbe unyanpi.
- a'-i-ta-hda-hbe-ya, adv. with the wind—aitahdahbeya mda.
- a'-i-ta-hna-ka, v. a. to place one on top of another, as in carrying-aitawalmaka.
- a-i'-tkon, v.n. to blaze upon, burn on, as fire.
- a-i'-to-kam, adv. before in time.
- a-i'-ton-sni, v. to tell lies on aiwatonśni.
- a-i'-tpa-gan, v.a. Same as aikpagan.

- Same as aikpaganyan.
- a-i'-tpa-tan, v. a. Same as aikpatan.
- a-i'-tpa-tan-yan, adv. Same as aikpatanyan.
- a-i'-ya-hde, v.n. to lead to, reach to, as a road; to lead to, as a result of conduct.
- a-i'-ya-hde-ya, v.a. to lead to; to merit, deserve, bring upon oneaiyahdewaya; aiyahdeiçiya, to bring upon himself—aiyahdemiçiya.
- a-i'-ya-hde-ya, adv. leading to, even to, until.
- a-i'-ya-hpa-ya, v. See iyahpaya.
- a-i'-ya-hpe-ya, v. a. to; to put on; to throw over, as a rope, in catching a horse; to communicate to one, as a disease—aiyahpewaya, aiyahpeunyanpi, aiyahpemayan, aiyahpećiya; aiyahpeićiya, to throw one's self on, as on a horse—aiyahpemićiya.
- a-i'-ya-kam, cont. of aiyakapa.
- a i' y a k a p a, v. to exceed, surpass. Not much used.
- a i' y a k a k a, v. a. to tie one thing on something else—aiyawakaska, aiyayakaska.
- a i' y a k a k e y a, part. tying on to something else
- a i' y a p e, v. a. (a and iyape) to lie in wait for-aiyawape.
- a'-i-ya-pe-mni, v.a. (a and iyapenni) to wrap around; wrap up with—aiyawapemni.

- a-i'-ya-sa-ka, v. n. to stiffen or become hard on, as raw hide—aiya-masaka.
- a'-i-yog, adv. cont. of aiyoka, out on one side; aiyog yanka, to be off one side; aiyog iyeya, to put aside.
- a'-i-yo-hpe-ya, adv. down hill; i. q. apamahde.
- a'-i-yo-ka, adv. at one side; off from, in another place from; near to.
- a'-i-yo-ka, n. a neighbor, one near to.
- a'-i-yo-ki-pi, adj. pleasant, agreeable; i. q. oiyokipi.
- a'-i-yo-ki-pi-ya, adv. agreeably.
- a-i'-yo-pte-ća, adv. less than.
- a-i'-yo-pten, adv. cont. less: aiyoptenya, diminishing.
- a-i'-yo-pte-tu, adv. less.
- a-i'-yo-pto-tu-ya, adv. less, in a less manner: aiyoptetuyaken.
- a'-i-yo-tan, adv. more than, greater than, beyond: aiyotan iye-kiya, to have difficulty on account of.
- a-i'-zi-ta, v. n. (a and izita) to smoke or burn, as incense, for any purpose.
- a-ka'-ćins, cont. of akaćinza: akaćinswaćin, to desire a great deal akaćinswaćanmi.
- a-ka'-ćin-za, v. See akaćins.
- a-ka'-da, v. a. (a and kada) to pour out on, said of grain, not of liquids—awakada, ayakada, unkakadapi.
- a-ka'-da-da, v. red. of akada:

- akadada iyeya, to pour out on anything.
- a-ka'-ġa, v. a. (a and kaġa) to make on anything; to make for a purpose; to make in addition, add to; to make or fabricate on one, tell a lie about; to blaspheme, speak evil of; to exaggerate—awakaġa.
- a-ka'-ġa-pi, n. something made in addition; falsehood; exaggeration.
- a', ka-ga-tki-ya, adv. stretched out, as the arms: akagatkiya un.
- a-ka'-ġe-ġe, v. a. (a and kaġeġe) to sew on or to, to patch on something else—awakaġeġe.
- a-ka'-han-yan-ka, n. a distant relative.
- a-ka'-hu-te, v. to cut off from the little end to a stump; to think much of oneself, i. q. iyotaniçida awakahute, ayakahute.
- a-ka'-ha, v. to desire more, i. q. sanpa cin—awakaha.
- a-ka'-ham, cont. of akahapa.
- a-ka'-ha-pa, v. (a and kahapa) to drive or whip on—awakahapa.
- a-ka'-hpa, v. a. to cover, throw on or around; to cover up, conceal: sina akahpa, to throw a blanket on awakahpa, unkakahpapi, amakahpa.
- a-ka'-hpe, n. a covering: owinźa akahpe, a quilt, any covering for a bed.
- a-ka'-lipe-ki-ći-ći-ya, v. to cover up for one; to pass by a matter, forgive, cancel—akalipewećićiya

- a-ka'-hpe-ki-ći-ton, v. a. to cover for one—akahpewećiton, akahpemićiton.
- a-ka'-hpe-ki-ton, v. pos. of akahpeton; to cover one's own—akahpeweton.
- a-ka'-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to cover; to clothe, put on—akahpewakiya, akahpemakiya.
- a-ka'-hpe-ton, v.a. to cover, throw on as a covering; to cover up or conceal, as one's real opinions, when used with ia, as akahpeton iwae—akahpewaton, akahpeyaton.
- a-ka'-lipe-ton, part. covered, concealed.
- a-ka'-hpe-ton-ton, v. red. of akahpeton: akahpetonton ia, to speak coveredly, to deceive.
- a-ka'-htan, v. n. to soak into and come through on the other side, as grease through a skin. See kahtan.
- a-ka'-htan-yan, v. a. to cause to soak into; to cut and make rough on—akahtanwaya.
- a-ka'-kan, v. a. (a and kakan) to hew on anything; to counter-hew, hew over again—awakakan, ayakakan, unkakakanpi.
- a-ka'-kpan, v. a. (a and kakpan) to pound fine on anything; to pound in addition to what is already done—awakakpan, ayakakpan.
- a-ka'-kpi, v. a. to crack on, as a nut on anything—awakakpi.
- a-ka'-ksa, v. a. (a and kaksa) to

- cut off on something; to cut off from; to cut off in addition to—awakaksa, ayakaksa, unkakaksapi.
- a-ka'-kśa, v.a. to coil up on, as a rope—awakakśa.
- a-ka'-kśaŋ, v. a. to go around awakakśaŋ.
- a-ka'-kśaŋ, adv. around, not in a straight course: akakśaŋ iyaya, to have gone around.
- a-ka'-kśan-yan, adv. around.
- a k a' k ś i ś , cont. of akakśiźa: akakśiś iyeya.
- a-ka'-kśi-źa, v. a. to bend into or around, as a piece of iron—awa-kakśiźa, ayakakśiźa.
- a-ka'-ktan, v. a. to bend on to, bend around—awakaktan.
- a-ka'-ku-ka, v. a. to pound to pieces on—awakakuka.
- a-kam', adv. out by one's self, out from, on the outside: akam han, to stand on the outside, as the one on the outside of a nest of tubs or kettles.
- a-kam', prep. over, upon, beyond: akam iyeya, to throw beyond.
- a k a' m d a, v. a. (a and kamda) to cut into thin slices or strips on anything; to slice in addition to—awakamda.
- a-ka'-mda, n. fringe: huŋska akamda, fringe on leggins.
- a-ka'-mda-ġa, v. n. to spread out over, as wings.
- a-ka'-mdah, cont. of akamdaga—akamdah iyeya, to spread over, as a bird its wings.

- a-ka'-mdas, cont. of akamdaza: | a-kan'-tan-han, adv. akamdas iyaya.
- a-ka'-mdaś, cont. of akamdaźa; a-kan'-ta-tan-han, adv. from astride; akamdaś inaźin, to stand astride of anything.
- a k a' m d a y a, v. a. to make level a k a n' t u, adv. on—awakamdaya.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{m} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}, v. n.$ to tear open on, as a bag on a horse.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{m} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. to straddle, spread the legs apart-awakamdaźa.
- a k a' m d e c a, v. a. (a and kamdeća) to break, as an instrument, by striking it on anything; to break one thing lying on another by striking—awakamdeća.
- a-ka'-mden, cont. of akamdeća: akamden iyeya, to break in pieces on: akamden ehpeya—akamden ehpewaya.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{m} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{u}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . (a and kamdu) to break up fine upon—awakamdu.
- a-kam'-han, standing on the outside, as the one on the outside of a nest of tubs or kettles.
- a-ka'-mna, v. a. (a and kamna) to acquire in addition to; to tear open on, as a seam-awakamna.
- a'-ka-mni: ákamni iyaya, v. n. to separate with a splash, as snow with water underneath when one steps on it.
- a-kan', prep. on upon.
- a k a n' m n a, v. n. (kata and omna)to smell like something burning.
- a-kan'-ta, adv. above; used with tanhan.

- above, overhead.
- a-kan'-tkan, prep. red. of akan.
- above.
- a-kan'-tu, adj. wićasta akantu, living men, in distinction from dead men and spirits, common men; men in authority.
- a-kan'-tu, n. the top one.
- a k a n' t u y a, adv. above, high up; on the outside, without.
- a k a n' t u y a k e n, adv.
- a k a n' t u y e d a n, adv. side, on the surface; almost on the top; above, high up.
- a k a n' y a, v. a. (a and kanya) to cause to heat upon—akanwaya.
- a-kan', v. n. to become old on or with—amakan, anikan, unkakanni; kići amakan, I have become old with: yuha amakan, having it, I have become old.
- a'-kan-tan-ka, n. the large tendon of the arm.
- a'-ka-pa, n. the outside.
- a'-ka-pa-ta, adv. on the outside, on the top, from above.
- a'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. on the outside, from above, from another place.
- a'-ka-pe-ća, adv. around about; with kin, used as a noun, as, ákapećakin, those around about, spectators; those without.
- a'-ka-pe-ya, v. a. to throw beyond the bounds, as in playing ball ákapewaya, ákapeyaya.

- a-ka'-pe-ya, v. n. to exceed, go beyond.
- a'-ka-pon, cont. of ákapota; afloat.
- a'-ka-pon-ya, v. a. to cause to float—ákaponwaya.
- a'-ka-po-ta, v. n. to float on, as a buoy.
- a-ka'-po-ta, v. a. (a and kapota) to beat in pieces on anything—awakapota, ayakapota.
- a'-ka-pot-pon, cont. of ákapotpota.
- a'-ka-pot-po-ta, v. red. of ákapota; to float along in little waves.
- a-ka'-pta, v. a. (a and kapta) to cut off on, as part of a stick; to lade out on—awakapta.
- a-ka'-pte-će-dan, v.a. to make shorter, cut off a piece from a stick awakaptećedan.
- a-ka'-pte-ya, v. a. to provoke beyond endurance—akaptewaya.
- a-ka'-pte-ya, part. cut off on; provoked.
- a-ka'-sam, adv. cont. of akasappa; over the river from.
- a-ka'-san-pa, adv. opposite, across, on the other side, as of a river or lake; itato akasanpa, on this side.
- a-ka'-san-pa-tan-han, adv. on the other side, from beyond, from the other side.
- a-ka'-ska, v. a. (a and kaska) to eat up, to devour greedily, to eat after one is full—awakaska, ayakaska: akaska yanka, to continue cating
- a-ka'-ski-ća, v. n. to be press-

- ing down; to press down: akaskin wanka.
- a-ka'-sni, v. a. (a and kasni) to extinguish on, as fire—awakasni.
- a-ka'-so, (a and kaso) to chop off a piece from—awakaso.
- a-ka'-stag, cont. of akastaka: akastag elipewaya.
- a-ka'-stag-ya, adv. sticking on or in.
- a-ka'-stag-ya-ken, adv. sticking on.
- a-ka'-sta-ka, v. a. to throw on or daub with mud, make stick; to plaster—awakastaka, unkakastakapi.
- a-ka'-sto, v. a. (a and kasto) to smooth down on, as hair on the head—awakasto, ayakasto, unkakastopi.
- a-ka'-śda, v. a. (a and kaśda) to cut or mow upon, as grass—awakaśda.
- a-ka'-śka, v. a. (a and kaśka) to bind upon—awakaśka.
- a-ka'-śpa, v. a (a and kaśpa) to cut or break off on—awakaśpa.
- a k a' ś p a , v. n. to be provoked beyond endurance—amakaśpa, anićaśpa.
- a-ka'-spe-ya, v.n. to remain longer than one can well endure; to be provoked—amakaspeya.
- a k a' ś p e y a , v. a. to provoke akaśpewaya, akaśpeyaya, akaśpemayan.
- a-ka'-śta-ka, v. a (a and kaśtaka) to beat one on another awakaśtaka, ayakaśtaka.

- a-ka'-śtan, v. a. (a and kaśtan)
 to pour out on; to spill on, as water;
 to baptize, mini akaśtan—awakaśtan, ayakaśtan, unkakaśtanpi,
 amakaśtan: acicaśtan, I pour out
 on you.
- a-ka'-ta, v. n. (a and kata) to be hot on—amakata, anikata.
- a-ka'-ta, v a. to hoe, dig about with a hoe, hill up, as corn; to cover with dirt—awakata, ayakata, unkakatapi: wannaheza akata, to hoe corn.
- a-ka'-te-ya, v. a. to cause to hoe—akatewaya.
- a'-ka-tin, v. a. to straighten on, as the arms; to measure with the arms stretched out on; to fathom—áwakatin, áyakatin.
- a'-ka-tin-pi, n. an ell; the length or distance between the ends of the fingers when the arms are stretched out.
- a-ka'-tins, cont. of akatinza.
- a-ka'-tins-ya, v. a. to press down on anything by means of weights—akatinswaya.
- a-ka'-tin-za, v. n. (a and katinza) to press anything down tight, as a weight does.
- a-ka'-un-yan, adv. lying across, as a boy on a horse.
- a-ka'-wang, cont. of akawanka: akawang elipeya.
- a-ka'-wan-ka, v. a. (a and kawanka) to cut down, as a tree, on anything; to make fall on by cutting—awakawanka.

- a k a' w e ġ a , v. a. (a and kaweġa) to break or fracture by striking on anything—awakaweġa.
- a k a' w e li , cont. of akaweja: akaweli elipeya.
- a-ka'-win, v. a. to exaggerate, tell lies, try to exceed in telling lies; to exceed in length; to do more than: akawin econ—awakawin.
- a-ka'-win-ga, v.n. to go round and round, as an eagle; make gyrations.
- a-ka'-winh, cont. of akawinga; round and round: akawinh iyeya.
- a-ka'-winś, cont. of akawinźa: akawinś iyeya.
- a-ka'-win-yan, adv. hyperbolically; exceeding in falsehood.
- a-ka'-win-źa, v. a. to bend down on, as grass on anything—awakawinźa.
- a'-ka-za-mni, v. a. (a and kaza-mni) to open upon one; to throw open, as one's blanket—áwaka-zamni, áyakazamni; ákazamni ehpeya, to set open; ákazamni han, to stand open.
- a'-ka-za-mni-yan, part. opened on.
- a-kda'-ta-he-na, *Ih.* for ahdatahedan.
- a-kde'-śka-na, n. Ih., a lizard.
- a-ke', adv. again, repeated, a second time.
- a-ke'-nom, cont. of akenoppa.
- a-ke'-non-pa, num. adj. twelve.
- a-keś', adv. again, i. q. ake.
- a-ke'-śa-hdo-ġan, num. adj. eighteen.

- a-ke'-śa-ko-win, num. adj. sev- a-ki'-ća-śka-śka, v. enteen.
- a-ke'-śa-kpe, num. adj. sixteen.
- a-ke'-tom, cont. of aketopa.
- a-ke'-to-pa, num. adj. fourteen.
- a-ke'-wan-źi, num. adj. eleven.
- $a k e' w a \eta z i d a \eta$, num. adjeleven.
- a-ke'-waŋ-źi-na, num. adj. Ih., eleven.
- a-ke'-ya, v. a. to place on, make a roof on; to place on the roof; to make one roof on another—akewaya, akeyaya.
- a-ke'-ya-mni, num. adj. thirteen.
- a-ke'-za-ptan, num. adj. fifteen.
- a-ki', v. a. to carry or bear home, or to one's own residence; distinguished from ahda by the idea of arriving at—awaki, ayaki, unkakipi.
- a-ki', v col. pl. of ki; they reach home.
- a-ki'-a-gla, v. a. Ti., to carry home—akiawagni, akiayagni, etc. T. L. R.
- a'-ki-be-ya, adv. around.
- a k i' ć a ġ a , v. a. to make on, add to; to be unreasonable, go too far awećaġa, ayećaġa, amićaġa.
- a'-ki-ća-ġa, v. n. to grow on, grow in addition to.
- a-ki'-ća-ġe-ća, v. a. to overreach, cheat, want more than is right, be unreasonable—awećaġeća.
- a-ki'-ćah, cont. of akićaga; akićahya, unreasonably.
- a-ki'-ća-śka, v. a. of kaśka; to bind to or on; to bind together—akiwakaśka, akiyakaśka.

- a-ki'-ća-śka-śka, v. red. to baste on, sew on, as in basting akiwakaśkaśka.
- a-ki'-će-pa, v. n. of ćepa; to become fleshy for or again—amakićepa.
- a-ki'-će-ya, v. pos. of aćeya; to cry for one's own; to mourn for, weep over one's own, as a dead relative—awakićeya, ayakićeya, unkakićeyapi.
- a-ki'-ći-ća-ta, v. of akata; to hoe for one—awećićata, amićićata.
- a-ki'-ći-ći-pa-pi, v. pl. of akipa; they meet each other.
- a-ki'-ći-ći-ta, v. of akita; to hunt a thing for another—aweći-ćita, amićićita.
- a-ki'-ći-ćuŋ-ćuŋ-ka, v. to do a thing often for one—awećićuŋćuŋka, amićićuŋćuŋka.
- a-ki'-ći-kći-ta, v. pos. of akita; to hunt one's own—awećikćita.
- a-ki'-ći-kta, v. of akta; to receive or accept from one; to have respect unto—awećikta, amićikta.
- a k i' ć i k t a ś n i , v. of aktaśni; to refuse, reject when offered by one awećiktaśni, amiciktaśni.
- a-ki'-ći-pa, v. of apa; to strike for one—awećipa, ayećipa, unka-kićipapi.
- a-ki'-ći-pa-pi, v. pl. of akipa; they meet each other.
- a-ki'-ći-pe, v. of ape; to wait for one; to hope for—awecipe, ayecipe, unkakicipepi.
- a-ki'-ci-ta, v. of akita; to hunt

- for another—awećita: heya aćićita, I hunt lice for you.
- a-ki'-ći-ta, n. a head warrior, one next to a chief; a warrior or soldier—amakićita, anikićita: aki- a'-ki-de-han-ke-ća, adj. ćita hemaća, I am a warrior.
- a-ki'-ći-ta-kte, v. (akićita and kte) to punish officially, punish for the violation of a law; this is done a'-ki-de-han-ska, adj. by those who have attained to the place of brave, and consists in a'-ki-de-han-yan, adv. killing a horse or dog, cutting up tents and blankets, breaking guns, etc.—akićitawakte, akićitamakte.
- $a ki' \acute{c}i ta na \acute{z}in$, v. n.stand as a warrior or soldier, stand quard—akićitanawaźin.
- a-ki'-ći-ta-tan-ćan, n. an officer, a chief warrior.
- a-ki'-ći-ton-wan, v. of atonoversight of for one-awecitonwan, amićitonwan.
- a-ki'-ćun-ćun, v. to do a thing repeatedly; to glory in—awećunćun, ayeçunçun.
- a-ki'-ćuŋ-ćuŋ-ka, v. to do a thing repeatedly; to be proud of, glory in—awećunćunka.
- a-ki'-ću-ya, adv. much: akićuya maku, give me much. See iyakiçuya.
- a'-ki-de-će-ća, adj. like to, equal to-ákidemaćeća, ákidenićeća, ákideunéeéapi. See iyeéeéa.
- a'-ki-de-ćen, adv. like to, equal to.
- a'-ki-de-ćen-ya, adv. equally.

- a'-ki-de-han-han-ke-ća, adj. red. of ákidehankeća.
- a'-ki-de-han-han-yan, red. of ákidehanyan.
- the same length, used with kići; kići ákidemahankeća, I am of the same length as some one else.
- of the same length or height.
- alike far, equally far.
- a'-ki-de-nag-na-ke-ća, *adj.* red. of ákidenakeća.
- to a'-ki-de-na-ke-ća, adj. many, of equal number—ákideunnakećapi. See iyenakeća.
 - a'-ki-de-na-na, adj. alike few.
 - a k i' g e, v. a. (a and kige) to scold about anything—awakige, ayakige.
- wan; to look at for one, to have the | a k i' h an, v. n. of ahan; to grow on again.
 - a-ki'-han, v. col. pl. they have all reached there.
 - a-ki'-hdag, cont. of akihdaka.
 - a-ki'-hdag-ki-ći-ton, v. patch for one—akihdagwećiton.
 - a-ki'-hdag-ki-ton, v. pos. of akihdagton; to patch one's own akihdagweton.
 - a-ki'-hdag-ton, v. to put on a patch, to patch; patched, having a patch on—akihdagwaton.
 - a-ki'-hdag-ya, v. a. to patch, put on a patch; to use for a patch akihdagwaya.
 - to patch, sew a-ki'-hda-ka, v. on a patch.

- a-ki'-hda-ka, n. a patch. wakihdaka.
- face a-ki'-hda-ski-ća, downwards, prone.
- a-ki'-hda-skin, cont. of akihdaskića: akihdaskin elipeićiya, to throw oneself on one's face.
- a-ki'-hda-skin-ya, adv. lying on the face, prone.
- a-ki'-hde, adv. again, more than once, once again; times: used with the numerals, nonpa akihde, twice.
- a-ki'-hde, v. pos. of ahde.
- a-ki'-hde-hde, adv. red. of aki-
- a-ki'-hde-ya, adv. repeatedly.
- a-ki'-he-ća, adj. withered, nearly dead, as a tree.
- a ki' he ée éa, v. n. to become so on returning home, i. e. to get sick or to get well on one's reaching home—akihemaćeća.
- a-ki'-hen-he-ća, adj. akiheća.
- a'-ki-hin-sko-ke-ća, adj. equal size with.
- distance around.
- a k i' h n a, adv. one on or over another, in layers; through: akilma iyaya, to pass through one into another.
- a-ki'-hna, v. to have a care for, as for offspring; take care of.
- a-ki'-hnag, cont. of akihnaka.
- a-ki'-hnag-ya, adv. placed on.
- a-ki'-hna-hna, adv. red. of akihna.

- See | a k i' h n a k a, v. pos. of ahnaka; to place one's own on—awehnaka, ayehnaka.
 - ·a k i' h n a y a , v. a. to cause to take care of—akihnawaya.
 - a-ki'-han, v.n. to be without food, hungry; to starve—amakihan, anićilian, unkakihanpi.
 - a-ki'-han-pi, n. a starving, famine—wićaakihan.
 - a k i' h a n s i c a, v. n. (kihanśića) to be bad weather on, to storm on-amakihansića.
 - a-ki'-han-ta, v. to starve to death, die of hunger—akihanmata.
 - a-ki'-han-te-ya, v.a. to cause to die of hunger-akihantewaya.
 - a-ki'-han-yan, v. a. to cause to starve: akihanićiya, to cause himself to fast—akihanmićiya.
 - $a k i' h a \eta y a \eta$, adv. ing way.
- red. of a k i' h o, v. n. to be skillful, dexterous, to have acquired skill by practice—awakiho, ayakilio, unkakihopi.
- a'-ki-hin-sko-ya, adv. of equal | a-ki'-ho-ka, n. one who is skill
 - a-ki'-lio-pi, n. dexterity, skill.
 - a-ki'-ho-ya, adv. skillfully, dexterously.
 - a-ki'-lita-ta, adv. many, very much: i q. ota hinća.
 - a-ki'-i-a, v. pos. of aia; to talk about something that concerns one's self; to consider; to talk against awakiia, ayakiia, unkakiiapi.
 - a-ki'-kśi-źa, v. pos. of akśiża;

- to bend down as the hand on: to retain anything—awekśiźa.
- a-ki'-kta, v. pos. of akta; to give heed to—awakikta: akiktaśni, to disregard.
- a'-ki-kta, v. n. to do anything with great determination—áwakikta, áyakikta.
- a'-ki-kta-dan, adv. with much determination.
- a-ki'-ktoná, cont. of akiktonáa.
- a-ki'-ktonś-ya, v. a. to cause to forget—akiktonśwaya.
- a-ki'-ktonś-ya, adv. in a forgetful manner.
- a-ki'-ktoŋ-źa, or a-ki-ktuŋźa, to forget, not to remember—awektoŋźa, ayektoŋźa, uŋkakiktoŋźapi, aćiktoŋźa, amiktoŋźa, aniktoŋźa.
- a'-ki-le-će-ća, adj. Ti., equal to, of equal size. See akidećeća.
- a'-ki-le-haŋ-ke-ća, adj. of equal length. See akidehaŋkića.
- a-ki'-mna-yan, v. a. to collect one thing to another—akimnawaya.
- a-kin', cont. of akita: akin iyaya, he is gone to hunt something.
- a-ki'-na-tan, v. pos. of anatan; to rush for one's own; to reach or arrive at the goal—akinawatan: kići akinawatan, I arrived at the same time with him.
- a-ki'-ni-ća, v.a. to dispute, debate about; to dispute with; to strive about—awakinića, ayakinića, unkakinićapi.
- a-ki'-ni-ća-pi, n. a debating, disputation; also pl. of akinića.

- a-ki'-nin, cont. of akinića.
- a-ki'-nin-ki-ya, v. to cause to debate—akininwakiya.
- a-ki'-nin-ya, adv. disputatiously.
- a-ki'-nin-ya, v. a. to cause to dispute or debate about—akinin-waya.
- a'-ki-ni-sko-ke-ća, adj. of equal size with: kići ákinimaskokeća, I am of the same size with him.
- a'-ki-ni-sko-ya, adv. equally far around.
- a-kin'-yan, v.a. (a and kinyan) to fly over or on.
- a-ki'-on, v. a. of aon; to place on, as wood on one's own fire; to place on for one—awakion, ayakion.
- a-ki'-on-pa, v. pos. of aonpa; to put on one's own, as wood on the fire—awakionpa
- a-ki'-pa, v. to meet, as anyone traveling, come against; to come upon one, happen to or befall one—awakipa, ayakipa, unkakipapi.
- a'-ki-pam, adv. divided, partaken of equally; ákipam ehnaka, to divide, separate: ákipam iyeya, to separate, divide.
- a-ki'-paś, v. cont. of akipaźa; akipaś iyeya, to double over.
- a-ki'-pa-źa, v. a. to fold on, to double over.
- a-ki'-pe, v. Same as akipa
- a-ki'-pe, v, a. to wait for one; to wait for, expect, hope for—awakipe, ayakipe, unkakipepi.
- a-ki'-pśa-pśa, adv. close together, standing thick, as grain or grass;

- jammed together, as men or animals; full of, as a lake of fish—akipśapśa hiyeya.
- a-ki'-pśa-pśa-ya, adv. thickly, close together.
- a-ki'-pśa-ya, adv. close together.
- a-ki'-ptan, adv. together, joining forces; akiptan unyanpi: akiptan econpi.
- a-ki'-sni, v. pos. of asni; to get well, recover from sickness; to recover from anger, etc.—amakisni, anićisni, unkakisnipi.
- a-ki'-sni-yan, v. a. to cause to get well—akisniwaya, akisnimayan.
- a-ki'-sni-yan, adv. getting well.
- a-ki'-s'ag, cont. of akis'aka.
- a-ki'-s' ag-ya, adv. strewed thickly over.
- a-ki'-ś'a-ka, adj. thick as leaves on the ground.
- a-ki'-śo-ka, adj. of śoka; thick on, thick together, as wheat growing in a field.
- a-ki'-ta, v. a. to seek for, hunt for, as something lost; to make effort to get—awakita, ayakita, unkakitapi, acicita, amakita: akitapi, sought for.
- a-ki'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. n. of atakuniśni; to become nothing, be nothing—amakitakuniśni.
- a-ki'-to, v. pos. of ato; to tattoo, make blue marks on the body; this is generally done by pricking in powder—aweto, ayeto, unkakitopi.
- a-ki'-to-pi, n. the marks made by tattooing. Part., marked, tattooed.
- a-ki'-ţa, v. n. to die after getting

- home, as a wounded man who is carried home—akimata. Also said when grass or corn is so thick that a part dies.
- a-ki'-ya, v. a. to practice, give the mind to—awakiya.
- a-ki'-ya-hda, v.a. (aki and ahda) to carry or take off home—awakiyahda, ayakiyahda, unkakiyahdapi; elipeya makiyahda, to have gone off home and left me; elipeya makakiyahda, to take off home from me.
- a-ki'-ya-ka, v n. to be a practitioner—awakiyaka.
- a'-ki-ye-će-ća, adv. like, like to.
- a-ki'-ye-dan. adv. near. See ikiyedan.
- a-ki'-yu-ćan-pi, v. pl. to shake anything when several do it together.
- a-ki'-yu-ha-pi, v. pl. to bear, carry, when several do it together: akiyuha ayapi—amakiyuhapi.
- a-ki'-yu-hpa, v. (aki and yuhpa) to carry home and throw down—aki-mduhpa, akiduhpa.
- a-ki'-yu-ski-ća, v. to tie or fasten together, to attach one to another—akimduskića.
- a-ki'-yu-ti-tan-pi, v. pl. to pull different ways.
- a-ki'-yu-za-pi, v. pl. said when two or more seize and hold anything together; held by two or more.
- a'-ki-źan, cont. of ákiźata.
- a'-ki-2an-ya, v. n. to fork, as a stream.
- a'-ki-źan-ya, adv. in a forked manner.

- a'-ki-źa-ta, adj. stream.
- a-ko', adr. beyond, on the other side of.
- a-ko'-i-to-he-ya, adv. towards, a-kpa'-spe-ća, v. to suffer pawith the face the other way, turned with the face from one; akoitoheya nazin, to stand with the face from one.
- a'-ko-kam, adv. across, by a near way; ákokam ya, to go across; akokam mda, I go by a near way.
- a'-ko-ka-pa, adv. by a nearer way. Not much used.
- a'-kos, advSee akosan.
- a'-ko-san, adv. whilst, in the mean time.
- a-ko'-tan-han, adv. from beyond. a-ko'-ta-tan-han, adv. from
 - beyond.
- a-ko'-wam, adv. See akowapa.
- a k o' w a p a, advfurther on, beyond.
- a-ko'-wa-pa-tan-han, adv. from beyond.
- a-ko'-za, v. a. to make a motion at, attempt to strike-awakoza, ayakoza, amakoza.
- $a k o' \acute{z} a n$, adv. cont. of akoźata; straddling; akożan nażin, to stand over a thing, stand with a thing between one's feet.
- a-ko'-źan-ya, adv. astride.
- a-ko'-źa-ta. Obsolete. See akoźan.
- $a k p a' \dot{g} a \eta$, v. a. pos. of paġan; to give away one's own for some purpose—awakpagan.
- a-kpa'-ġan-yan, adv. giving away for.
- a-kpas', cont. of akpaza.

- forked, as a a-kpa'-spa, v. to suffer patiently, to endure until it has passed offawakpaspa, ayakpaspa.
 - tiently until one's anger goes offawakpaspeća.
 - a-kpas'-ya, v.a. to cause darkness on, darken-akpaswaya.
 - a-kpas'-ya, adv. benightedly.
 - $a k p a' t a \eta$, v. pos. of patan; to reserve one's own for a purposeawakpatan.
 - a-kpa'-tan-yan, adv. reserving for a purpose.
 - a-kpa'-ya, See akpayeća.
 - a-kpa'-ye-ća, v. n. to be lighter than its proper color, as a child which will yet darken; to be yellow, as a mulatto-amakpayeća
 - a-kpa'-ye-ća, n. one who is neglected; i. q. aktapiśni.
 - a k p a' z a, v. n. (a and kpaza) tocome night on one, be benightedamakpaza, anikpaza.
 - a-kpa'-zo, v. pos. of pazo; to point at one's own—awakpazo.
 - $a k \leq a'$, adv. more, in addition to. This word signifies that it is already well, but intimates a desire for more; it is usually followed by unkans: akśa mayaku unkanś, if you had given me more.
 - $a k \le a' k e n$, adv. See akśa; wanna maśte, akśaken magaźu unkanś waśte kta, it is now warm, if it would rain it would be good.
 - a-kśaŋ'-kśaŋ, adv. to and fro, across and back.

- a-kśi'-źa, v. a. to double up on, as | a-ku'-i-to-he-ya. See akoitothe hand on anything; to retain anything not one's own; i. q. anića—awaksiźa, ayaksiźa.
- a-kta', prep. of, about, concerning.
- a k t a', adv. again, over again; akta eya, to repeat, say again.
- a-kta', v. a. to have respect for, to regard, keep in mind, give heed to; to receive—awakta, ayakta, unkaktapi. From this are formed akikta, akićikta, ihakta, wakta, etc.
- a-kta'-kta, adv. red. of akta; again and again, repeatedly.
- repeatedly. a - kta' - kta - ya, adv.
- a-kta'-śni, v. of akta; to reject, despise—awaktaśni.
- a-kta'-śni, adv. not well: aktaśni ećon, to do a thing badly.
- a-kta'-śni-yaŋ, badly, wrong, not right. See ektaśniyan.
- a-kton', adv. more than; wiktemna akton, more than ten. aktonpi.
- a-kton'-kton's, cont. of aktonktonźa; aktonktonśya; aktonktonśmayan, it has made me forgetful.
- a-kton'-kton-źa, waćin maktonktonźa, my memory is treacherous. See ktonktonźa
- a-ktonś, cont. of aktonźa.
- a-kton'-źa, v. to forget. See akiktonźa.
- a-kton'-źa, adj. forgetful.
- a-ku', v. a. to bring, to come bringing home—awaku.
- a-ku', v. col. pl. of ku; they are coming home.

- heya, the more correct form.
- a-ku'-ka, v. n. to become old or rotten on one, as clothing—amakuka, anikuka, unkakukapi.
- a-ku'-ta, v. to watch for, look for, look out for one's coming: akuta kuwa—akuta wakuwa.
- a ka', v (a and ka) to dig on: maka aķa—awaķa, ayaķa, uŋkaķapi.
- a-kin', n. (a and kin) something to pack on, a pack-saddle; a ridingsaddle; a harness-saddle: śuktanka akin.
- a k o'. See oko.
- am, v. imperat. pl. of a; hark.
- $a'-ma-\dot{g}a-\dot{g}a$, v. This is said to be from ákagaga, to fall on in drops, trickle on. The ma is the pronoun.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{a}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, v. See amaliya.
- a' ma $\dot{g}a$ $\dot{z}u$, v. n. (a and $ma\dot{g}a\dot{z}u)$ to rain on-amamagazu, animaġaźu, uŋkamaġaźupi.
- a'-ma-ġa-źu-ki-ya, v. a. cause to rain on—ámagazuwakiya.
- $a'-ma-\dot{g}a-\dot{z}u-ya$, v. a. to cause to rain on-ámagazuwaya.
- a m a' li p i y a, v. n. to cloud over.
- a m a' h p i y a, adj. cloudy, clouded
- a mah' ya, v. a. 'to plant at a place, make a field at; to be attached to—amaliwaya.
- a-mah'-ye-ća, Same as amaliya—amaliwayeća.
- a m a' n i, v. (a and mani) to walk on-amawani, amayani, amaunnipi; ćan amanipi, a ladder.

- a m a n', v. (a and man) to sit on and hatch, as fowls; to hatch on—amanpi.
- a m a' ś t e, v. n. (a and maśte) to be warm on—amamaśte, animaśte, amaunśtepi.
- a-ma'-ste-na-pta-pta, n. the glimmering of vapor in the sun heat; the burning appearance on the prairie on a hot day, mirage.
- a-ma'-śte-ya, adv. exposed to the heat, in the sun.
- $a m a' \acute{s} t e y a k e n$, adv. hotly.
- a m d a' k e d a n, adj. calm, still, without wind.
- $a m d a' k e d a \eta$, n. a calm: amdakeda η iću.
- a m d a' k e n a, adj. Ih., same as amdakedaŋ.
- a m d a' k e t a n, adj. Mde., same as amdakedan.
- a-mda'-ska-ya, adv. level, without ridges.
- a m d a' y a, adj. level on.
- a m d e' ć a. See amdećahan.
- a-mde'-ća-han, part. scattered, fallen off, as from a pile of rock, etc.
- a-mdes', cont. of amdeza: amdes iyaya, to become clear, become sober; amdes aya—amdes amayan.
- a-mdes'-ya, v. a. to make clear or sober—amdeswaya.
- a m d e s' y a, adv. clearly, soberly: amdesya wanmdaka, I see clearly.
- a m d e s' y a k e n, adv. clearly.
- a m d e' z a, v. a. of mdeza; to see clearly—awamdeza, ayamdeza.

- a m d e' z a, v. n. to be clear, perspicuous; to be sober—amamdeza, unkamdezapi.
- a m d o', n. the shoulder, the scapula.
- a-mdo'-hu, n. the shoulder bone or blade, scapula.
- a-mdo'-i-yo-ki-źu, n. the part between the shoulders.
- a-mdo'-o-ki-ta-he-dan, n. between the shoulders.
- a m d o' s a and amdosasa, n. the red-winged blackbird. See wa-mdosa.
- a-mi'-ći-ći-ya, v. 1st pers. sing. of aićićiya (perhaps from aya); token owakihi amićićiya, I act as I am able.
- a m i n i' h e é a, v. n. (a and miniheéa) to be industrious in regard to—amaminiheéa, animiniheéa. See amniheéa and its derivatives.
- a m i n i' h e n i & i y a, v. reflex. to make himself industrious about anything—aminihemi&iya.
- a mi ni' hen ya, v.a. to cause to be industrious about anything.
- a-mi-ni'-hen-ya, adv. industriously, stirringly.
- a-mi-ni'-tan, v. n. (a mini and tanka) to overflow. See amnitan.
- a-mi-ni'-tan-ya, v. a. to cause to overflow. See amnitanya.
- a m n a'-i- éi-ya, v. reflex. of mna-yan; to gather for himself, to be selfish—amnamiéiya.
- a m'-na-ka-ha. See anpetu na-kaha.
- a m n a' y a n, v. a. (a and mnayan)

- to collect, gather together to, add to— a n a' h do h do, v. n. amnawaya, amnayaya.
- a-mni', v. (a and mni) to spread a-na'-hdu-ste, v. n. to be lame out to dry on anything—awamni, ayamni, unkamnipi.
- a m n i' é i y a, v. (a and mniéiya) to assemble to, make an assembly; to assemble on account of-amnimićiya, amninićiya, amniunkićiyapi.
- a-mni'-ći-ya-ken, adv. in the manner of assembling.
- anything, sprinkle with water, etc.mnipi: aćimnimni, I sprinkle you.
- a-mni'-tan, v.n. to flood, overflow.
- a-mni'-tan-ya, v. a. to cause to overflow, to flood—amnitanwaya.
- a-mni'-tan-yan, overflowing manner.
- a'-mo-mo-na, n. a babe; a doll.
- a-na'-bu, v. a. (a and nabu) make a noise on with the feet, to stamp—anawabu.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{b} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{u}$, v. red. of anabu.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, v. a. to listen to, hearken to; to obey—anawagoptan, anayagoptan, anaungoptanpi, anamagoptan; anacigoptan, I obey you; anaunnigoptanpi, we hearken to you. See nogoptan and nation.
- a-na'-go-ptan-ya, v.a. to cause | a-na'-ke-ya, adv. turned partly to listen to—anagoptanwaya, anagoptanmayan.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, adv. obediently, attentively.
- a-na'-ha, v. a. to kick out of the way—anawaha.

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- to bubble up, as in boiling.
- in the leg, limp; to break down, as one's leg does sometimes: anahduste iyaya.
- a n a' h a, adj. rough, roughened up.
- a n a' li b e , v. See analima.
- a n a' h b e y a, adv. secretly, slyly, covertly.
- a-na'-hbe-ya-han, adv. secretly.
- a-mni'-mni, v. a. to sprinkle on a-na'-hda-ta, v. a. to crawl up carefully on anything—anawahdata.
 - awamnimni, ayamnimni, unkamni- a n a' h d o k a, v. a. (a and nahdoka) to wear a hole in, as in a moccasin, on something—anawahdoka
 - a n a' h m a, v. a. to hide, conceal anawahbe, anayalibe, From this comes woahmanpi. nalibe.
 - a n a' h m a n p i, n. a concealing, concealment.
 - a n a' h p a, v. a. (a and nahpa) to kick down on anything—anawalipa.
 - a-na'-hta-ka, v. a. (a and nalitaka) to kick one on something else—anawalitaka, anamalitaka.
 - $a na' i \xi i pson, v.$ reflex. of anapson; to spill on one's self—anamićipson.
 - on one side.
 - a-na'-ki-ći-ġo-ptan, v. anagoptan; to heaken to for one-Pl., anakićigoanawećigoptan. ptappi, they hearken to each other anaunkićigoptanpi.

- a n a'-ki ći ġo-ptan yan, adv. hearkening to each other.
- a-na'-ki-ći-pta-pi, v. pl. recip. of anapta; they stop or hinder each other-anaunkiciptapi.
- a-na'-ki-ġo-ptan, v. pos. of anagoptan; to hearken to, to obey, as one's father—anawakigoptan.
- a-na'-ki-go-ptan-yan, obediently.
- a-na'-ki-hbe, v. See anakilima.
- a-na'-ki-hbe-ya, v.a. to cause to conceal—anakihbewaya.
- a-na'-ki-hbe-ya, adv. covertly, secretly,
- a-na'-ki-hbe-ya-han, adv.stealthily, privately.
- a-na'-ki-hma, v. a. to hide, conceal, refuse to tell; to deny, affirm that it is not so—anawakilibe, anayakihbe, anaunkihmanpi.
- a-na'-ki-hman-pi, n. denying, concealing. Part., concealed.
- a-na'-ki-kśin. v. a. to stand over and defend one; to interpose for one, when in danger; to expose oneself for another; to work for one, and give him an opportunity to rest anaweksin, anayeksin, anaciciksin or anaciksin, anamiksin.
- a n a' k s a, v. (a and naksa) break off a thing on something with the foot—anawaksa, anaunksapi.
- a n a' k ś i ś, cont. of anakśiźa; anakśiś iyeya.
- a n a' k ś i ź a, v. (a and nakśiźa) | a n a' p o p a, v. n. (a and napopa) to bend down on with the foot, as grass on the prairie—anawakśiźa.

- $a n a' k t a \eta$, v. (a and naktan) bend on or over.
- a n a' k e z a, v. to make smooth by treading on. See onakeza, which is more correct.
- a-na'-mda-ġa, v. n. (a and namdaga) to open or spread out on.
- a-na'-mdas, cont. of anamdaza: anamdas iyeya, to make burst by kicking.
- a n a' m d a z a, v. a. (a and namdaza) to tear open with the foot, to burst open on-anawamdaza.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{a}, \quad \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{n}$ to spread out on, as grain when poured on anything.
- a n a' m d e n, cont. of anamdeća: anamden elipeya, to scatter by pouring down.
- a-na'-mdu, v. a. (a and namdu) to kick dust on-anawamdu; anamamdu, he kicks dust on me.
- a-na'-mna, v. a (a and namna) to rip on anything with the foot; hanpa inyan anamna, to rip one's moccasin on a stone—anawamna.
- a-na'-mni, v. n. to give way under the foot, as snow when there is water under it; anamni iyewaya.
- a n a' p a, v. a. (a and napa) to run to for refuge—anawapa, anayapa, anaunpapi.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{a}$, v. (\mathbf{a} and $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{a}$) swallow on or after something elseanawapća, anauppćapi.
- to burst on anything—anamapopa.
- a n a' p o ta, v. a. (a and napota)

- to wear out on, as one's moccasins | a-na'-pten, adv. on anything—anawapota.
- a-na'-psa-ka, v. a. (a and napsaka) to break a string with the foot on something—anawapsaka.
- a na' pson and a na psun, v. a. (a and napson) to kick over and spill on anything-anawapson, anamapson, anaunpsonpi.
- a-na'-pson, v. n. to boil over on anything.
- a-na'-pśa, v. n. anapśa hinhda, to bubble up, as foul water when disturbed; to come up, as bubbles on water.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n}$. red. of anapsa; to boil up, come up, as bubbles | a - n a' - s a, v. a (a and nasa) on water.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . (\mathbf{a} and $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n}$) to dislocate, put out of joint on anything—anawapśun.
- a n a' p t a, v. a. to stop, hinder, cause to cease, to obstruct, forbid anawapta, anavapta, anaunptapi, anamapta; anaicipta, to stop for one's self, to cease from one's self anamićipta.
- a n a' p t a, v. n. to cease, stop.
- a-na'-pta-pi, part. stopped, ceased: on anaptapi, that which produces a stoppage, the name given to paregoric.
- a-na'-pte-ća, v. n. obstruct—anamapteća.
- a n a' p t e c a, adv. in an obstructed manner; less.
- a n a' p t e l, adv. T., same as anapten.

- less, less than
- a n a' p t e n y a, adv. manner. T., anaptelya.
- a-na'-pten-ya-ken, adv. less, in a lessened manner.
- a-na'-pte-ton, v. a. to prohibit, lay a hindrance, lay an embargoanaptewaton.
- a n a' p t e t o p, n. a prohibition, obstruction, hindrance.
- $a n a' p t u \acute{z} a$, v. a. (a and naptuźa) to crack or split with the foot on anything—anawaptuźa.
- a-na'-po, v. n. to come all over one, as ashes or steam; to be fog on-anamano, ananipo
- hunt or go after, as buffalo—anawasa. Nasa and wanasa are more generally used.
- a n a' s a, v. n. to rise up on, as a hog's bristles on his back; to bristle up.
- a n a' s d a t a, v. a. (a and nasdata) to creep up to carefully, as a hunter to game—anawasdata, anaunsdatapi.
- a-na'-sda-ta-pi, n. a creeping up to game.
- a-na'-śdoka, v. to kick off, as one's moccasins; to come in haste *to*—anawaśdoka
- to hinder, a-na'-ta, v. to bury with the foot, scrape dirt on with the foot—anawata.
 - a n a' t a n, v. u. (a and natan) to rush on any person or thing, make an attack on—anawatan, anavatan, anauntanpi, anamatan, anawićatan.

- a-na'-tay-pi, parl. attacked.
- a n a' ti éa, v. a. (a and natica) to scrape snow on anything with the *foot*—anawatića.
- a n a' ti p a, r, n. to crisp, shrivel | a n a' w e h, cont, of anawega: anaup on; burned.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, v. (a and natitan) to push on with the foot; to pull back on account of -anawatitan.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i}$, v. a. (\mathbf{a} and \mathbf{n} natpi) to crack, as a louse, with the foot, on something—anawatpi.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}$, r.a. (a and natuka) to wear off with the foot, as the hair from a buffalo-skin moccasin—anawatuka.
- a n a' ţa, v. a. (a and naţa) to kill with the foot on something—anawata, anayata.
- a-na'-tins, cont. of anatinza.
- a-na'-tins-ya, adr. firmly trodden.
- $a n a' t i \eta z a$, v. a. (a and natinza)to tramp down hard and tight—anawaţinza, anaunţinzapi.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, v. n. to go out of sight on or behind something.
- a n a' w a m, adv. over against, beyond.
- a n a' w a n g, cont. of anawanka.
- a-na'-wang-ki-ya, v. a. cause to gallop on. T., anaungkiya.
- a n a' w a n k a, v. a. (a and nawanka) to kick down on anything anawawanka.
- a-na'-wan-ka, v. n. (a and na-) wanka) to gallop, as a horse, on anything. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, anaunka.

- $a n a' w e \dot{g} a$, v. (a and nawe $\dot{g}a$) to break on anything with the foot, but not to break off—anawawega, anayawega.
- weh iyeya.
- a n a' w i n, v. (a and nawin) fly around over; to tell round about; to tell what is not true, to lie; to conceal: T, to scrape the foot on—anawawiŋ.
- a-na'-winś, cont. of anawinźa: anawins iyeya.
- a n a' w i n y a n, adv. concealing by circumlocution; parabolically, John x. 16.
- $a n a' w i n \acute{z} a$, v. a. (a and nato bend down on with the winźa) foot-anawawinźa.
- a n a' źi ća, v. a. (a and naźića) to run away; to leave on account ofanawaźića.
- a n i', v. n. (a and ni) to live on or for—awani.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{c'} \mathbf{a}, v. a.$ to withhold, keep back from, retain something claimed by another; to lay claim to; to forbid, oppose—awanića, ayanića, unkanićapi. From this is formed akinića.
- a n i n', cont. of anića. T., anil.
- a n i' n i, n. anything that collects on, as soot, thick scum, etc.: anini se hiyeya, said of soot that hangs loosely.
- a ni' wan, v. a. (a and niwan) to swim for; to swim on—awaniwan.
- a n i' y a, v. a. (a and niya)

- breathe on—awaniya, ayaniya, un- | a n'- p a o, n. the dawn of morning, kaniyapi.
- $a n \circ g'$, adv. cont. of anoka; on both sides; anog ope, sharp on both sides, two-edged.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{g}' \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{a}, \quad n.$ headed eagle: from anokatanhan pa ska.
- a-nog'-wa-ki-ća-śka, n. *saddle-bags*: literally, something bound on both sides.
- $a n o' \dot{g} o p t a \eta$, v. a. T. to obey, give ear to. See anagoptan.
- a noh' ke ći ya, v.to lend an ear to, listen to; anohkećiya manka, I am listening to it.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \circ \mathbf{h}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$; v. Same as anohkećiya. Both are said to be correct.
- a-no'-ka, adv. on both sides.
- a-no'-ka-san, n. T. the whiteheaded cagle.
- a-no'-ka-tan-han, adv. on both sides, from both sides, backward and forward.
- a no' wab ya, adv. one side.
- and, cont. of anna; T, and icamna, and per-he-pi-ya, n. n. stormy day.
- an'-pa, n. day, light of day, daylight. Opposed to otpaza. e., anpetu.
- a n' p a k a m d e z a, breaking, daybreak.
- $a\eta'-pa-o$, v.n. to dawn, as the Possibly the o is the morning. verb o, to shoot, to hit, the reference | a y - p e' - t u - he - p i - y e - l a, being to the shooting up of light.

- daylight: appao hinapa, dawn appears; appao duta, the redness of the dawn; appao wanka, during dawn; appao ska, the first glimmer of day.
- the white- $|a\eta'-pa-o-ho-to\eta-na|$, n. (appa and hoton) domestic fowls, so called from their crowing in the morning.
 - $a \eta' p a w i$, n. Ih. the sun—anpetu wi.
 - an-pe', n. day; space.
 - an-pe'-ćin-han, adv. to-day.
 - midday, an-pe'-ćo-ka-ya, n.
 - an-pe'-ću-sa, adv. during the day. The idea is that of having a whole day before one—no need of haste. See the next word.
 - an-pe'-ću-sa-ken, adv. Same as appecusa: haphanna appecusaken unyanpi kta, in the morning, with the day before us, we will go.
 - an-pe'-de-han, adv. to-day, now.
 - T. off to an pe'-han, adv. to-day, to-day as past—the past part.
 - the space between the earth and heavens; the day or part of the day yet to come.
 - Ih., i + a n' p e n', adv. (appa and en) by day: appen mistiphe, by day I slept.
 - day- 'a η ρ e' t u, n. a day, either a natural day, the time between the rising and setting of the sun, or a civil day, the whole twenty-four hours.
 - T. before noon.

- an-pe'-tu-ta-he-na, adv. before the day is done.
- an-pe'-tu-wa-kan, n. sacred day, the Sabbath. Also, anpetu okilipapi.
- an-pe'-tu-wi, n. the sun, lit. day-sun; thus distinguished from hanyetuwi, the night-sun or moon.
- an-po'-skan, adv. (anpa and oskan) by day.
- an-po'-skan-tu, adv. by day, in the day-time.
- an-po'-skan-tu-ya, adv. by day.
- an-po'-skan-tu-ya-ken, adv. by day, in the day-time. T., anposkantuyakel.
- an-pta'-ni-ya, n. the breath of day, i. e., the very first glimmerings of morn; vapors raised by the sun.
- a-o'-éin, v. of oéin; to desire some of a thing: aowaéin kta tuka to-nana, I would desire some, but there is only a little.
- a-o'-6o-ka, adv. in the midst. See ahocoka, which is the correct form.
- a-o'-6o-ka-ya, adv. surrounded by.
- a-o'-de, v. (a and ode) to seek for something in addition to—aowade, aoyade.
- a-o'-gla-kin, v. a. T. to peep around at one's own.
- a-o'-haŋ-zi, v. n. (a and ohaŋzi) to shade, overshadow—aomahaŋzi.
- a-o'-han-zi, adv. in the shade, shade upon.

- a o' h a ŋ z i y a, v. a. to cause shade upon, to overshadow—aohanziwaya, aohanzimayan.
- a o' h a n z i y a, adv. shadowy, in the shade.
- a o' h d a k a, v. a. (a and ohdaka) to tell in regard to or in addition to.
- a-o'-hdu-ta, v. n. to close up, fill up, as a hole or wound, to heal over—aomahduta.
- a-o'-hdu-te, v. n. Same as ao-hduta. Part., closed up, healed over.
- a o' h d u t e y a, v. a. to close up, to cause to heal over; to press around, surround, throng, overwhelm—aohdutewaya, aohdutemayan, aohduteunyanpi.
- a-o'-hdu-te-ya, part. surrounding: maka aohduteya, around the earth. .
- a-o'-hdu-te-ya, adv. throngingly.
- a-o'-hi-yu, v. n. (a and ohiyu) to come out upon, to leak upon.
- a o' h n a k a, v. a. (a and ohnaka) to place upon, as a cover—aowahnaka.
- a-o'-han-han-han, adv. very skillfully.
- a-o'-haŋ-haŋ-haŋ-ken, adv. very skillfully. T., aohaŋhaŋkel.
- a-o'-ka-ġa, v.a. to add to, as in building, make something in addition to; to do more than one ought to do; to exaggerate—aowakaġa, aouŋka-ġapi, aomakaġa.
- a-o'-ka-ġa, v. n. to drift down stream—aomakaġa.

- a-o'-ka-ġe-ća, v. a. to add to, do or say more than is fitting, to be unreasonable—aoyakaġeća.
- a o' k a li, cont. of aokaġa.
- a-o'-ka-hbog, cont. of aoka-hboka; drifting or floating on—ao-kahbog iyaya; aokahbog unyanpi.
- a o' k a h b o k a, v. n. to drift on, float down stream. T., aokaliwoka.
- a-o'-ka-lini-ga, v. a. (a and okahniga) to understand about; to understand in consequence of—aowakaliniga.
- a o' k a h y a, adv. extravagantly, as in talking.
- a-o'-kah-ya-ken, adv. exaggeratingly. T., aokahyakel.
- a-o'-ka-kin, v. a. to peep into—aowakakin, aoyakakin.
- a-o'-ka-kin-yan, adv. peeping
- a-o'-ka-pon, cont. of aokapota; floating on a stream: aokapon iyaya.
- a o' k a p o t a, v. n. to rise to the top, as anything in water; to float on, as on water.
- a o' k a s i n, v. a. to look into, peep into—aowakasin, aoyakasin, aounkasinpi.
- a-o'-ka-sin-yan, adv. peeping in upon.
- a o' k a s t o, v. a. (a and okasto) to smooth down upon—aowakasto.
- a o' ka ta, v. n. to be warm on—aomakata.
- a-o'-ka-ta, v. a. to cover with earth—aowakata.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, v. a. (a and okatan)

- to nail one thing on another—aowakatan, aoyakatan, aounkatanpi.
- a-o'-ka-ti-ća, v. a. to draw or scrape snow on anything—aowaka-tića.
- a-o'-ka-tins, cont. of aokatinza.
- 'a-o'-ka-tins-ya, adv. pressed in or on tight.
- a-o'-ka-tin-za, v.a. (a and okatinza) to press or pound in tight, as in packing flour; to hammer on tight, as a hoop—aowakatinza.
- a-o'-ki-be, v. a. to encircle, go around; to clasp, encircle with the arms—aowakibe. T., aokime.
- a o' ki be ya, v. n. to go round, as the sun. T., aokimeya.
- a-o'-ki-be-ya, adv. encircling.
- a-o'-ki-ći-pa-ġi, v. of opaġi; to fill a pipe for one in addition to—aowećipaġi.
- a'-o-ki-han-na, n. something worn over or with another garment, a vest.
- a'-o-ki-hna, n. a vest. See áo-kihanna.
- a-o'-ki-hna-ka, v.a. (a and okihnaka) to put some in in addition to, to help one to food a second time—aowehnaka. T., aokignaka.
- a-o'-ki-hpa, v. a. (a and okihpa) to rest or lie by for—aowakihpa.
- a-o'-ki-ya, v. (a and ókiya) to follow, come after; to help in regard to; to band together for a purpose—aowakiya.
- a-o'-kpa-ġi, v. pos. of aopaġi; to fill one's pipe again—aowakpaġi.

- a'-o-kpa-ni, v.n. to be wanting, not sufficient.
- a'-o-kpa-ni-yan, adv. insufficiently, less than.
- a-o'-kpas, cont. of aokpaza.
- a o' k p a s y a , v. a. to darken, make dark upon—aokpaswaya, aokpasmayan.
- a o' k p a s y a, adv. obscurely, darkened.
- a-o'-kpa-za, v. n. to be dark on any place or thing—aomakpaza.
- a-o'-ko, v. n. (a and oko) to be a fuss made about.
- a o' k o y a, v. a. to buzz about, to make a noise or fuss about—aokowaya, aokomayan.
- a o' m n a, v. a. (a and omna) to smell upon; smell in consequence of—aowamna.
- a-o'-na-ki-ta-ka, v. pos. of aonataka; to fasten, as a door, on one—aonawakitaka.
- a o' n a p a, v. a. (a and onapa) to flee to, take refuge at—aonawapa.
- a-o'-na-śdo-ka, v. a. to run away from, leave—aonawaśdoka. T., aonaśloka, to desert, as a friend in danger.
- a o' n a t a g, cont. of aonataka: aonatag iyeya.
- a-o'-na-ta-ka, v. a. to fasten on one; tiyopa aonataka, to fasten the door on one—aonawataka.
- a-o'-na-țins, cont. of aonaținza: aonațins iyeya.
- a o' n a t i g z a, v. a. to press

- down tight in a box or barrel—aonawaţinza.
- a o n', v. a. to lay or place on, as wood on the fire—awaon, ayaon, unkaonpi.
- a o n' p a , v. a. to lay or place wood on the fire. Same as aon—awaonpa, ayaonpa, unkaonpapi.
- a o n' p e é a , v. to have one's ability tested; to back out, not to do as one proposed—awaonpeéa.
- a o n' si y a, adv. more poorly, in a worse condition.
- a o n' ś i y a k e n, adv. still worse, worse and worse.
- a o' p a, v. (a and opa) to follow with—aowapa.
- a o' p a g i, v. (a and opagi) to fill the pipe again, to fill the pipe after eating—aowapagi.
- a-o'-pe-mni, v. a. (a and opemni) to roll up in—aowapemni.
- a o' p e y a, v. a. to add to, cause to follow with.
- a-o'-pe-ya, adv. with, together with. a-o'-po-gan, v. a. (a and opogan) to blow on—aowapogan.
- a'-o-pte-ća, adj. less, little.
- a'-o-pten, adv. less than. T., aoptel.
- a'-o-pten-ya, v.a. to diminish—aoptenwaya. T., aoptelya.
- a'-o-pten-ya, adv. less.
- a'-o-pten-ya-ken, adv. less, less than.
- a'-o-pte-tu, adv. less.
- a'-o-pte-tu-ya, adv. less, in a less manner.

- a o' t a l a s e, adv. T., more; aotalase maku ye, give me more.
- $a o' t e h a \eta$, v. n. to be far.
- a o' t e h a n t u, v. n. to be a long time; to be too late—aomatehantu.
- a'-o-tpa-ni, v.n. to be lacking, less than.
- a'-o-tpa-ni-yan, adv. less than.
- a-o'-tpas, cont. of aotpaza.
- a-o'-tpas-ya, v. a. to make dark on—aotpaswaya; aotpasunyanpi, they make it dark on us.
- a-o'-tpas-ya, adv. darkly, in the dark.
- a o' t p a z a, v. n. (a and otpaza)
 to be dark on—aomatpaza.
- a-o'-tpa-zan, v. a. to push into, as an arrow into a quiver, or a feather into one's hair—aowatpazan.
- a-o'-tpa-zan-ki-ton, v. n. to have a sheath or case upon; be sheathed or pushed in.
- a o' tins, cont. of aotinza.
- a o'-tins-ya, v. a. to crowd or press about, to beset—actinsmayan, actinsunyanpi.
- a-o'-tins-ya, adv. crowding, besetting.
- a-o'-țiŋ-za, v. n. (a and oțiŋza) to be tight on, as a garment; to be tight in, as anything inside of another—aomațiŋza.
- a-o'-ţo-hna-ka, v. n. to be foolhardy, to dare, risk one's life—aotowahnaka, aotounhnakapi. T., aotognaka.
- a-o'-un-yan, v. (a and ounyan) to be or abide on: akan ounyan.

- a-o'-we-han, v. n. to jest, make fun, be ironical, make a false statement—aowewahan.
- a o' w e h a n h a n , v. red. of aowehan; to jest, make sport—ao-. wewahanhan, aoweunhanhanpi.
- a-o'-we-han-han-yan, adv. jestingly, in sport.
- a o' win \u00e1 ki ya, v. a. to make a bed on for; e. g., to put a blanket down for a child to play on.
- a o' z e z e, v. n. to dangle.
- a-o'-ze-ze-ya, adv. danglingly.
- a-o'-zi-éa, v. a. T., to reach out after
- a o' z i g z i 6 a, v. a. to stretch up after anything—aowazigzića.
- a-o'-zig-zin, cont. of aozigzića: aozigzin nažin, to stand stretching up—aozigzin nawažin. T., aozigzil.
- a-o'-zi-ya, v. a. to cause to rest for—aoziwaya.
- a o' źaŋ źaŋ, v. n. (a and ożaŋźaŋ) to be light on anything—aomażaŋżaŋ.
- a o' ź a ŋ ź a ŋ y a, v. a. to cause to be light upon—aoźanźanwaya.
- a-o'-źaŋ-źaŋ-yaŋ, adv. in an illuminated manner.
- a p a', n. some, a part, as of a mass of anything.
- a p'a', v. a. to strike or smite a thing in any way—awap'a, ayap'a, un-kap'api, amap'a, acip'a; also a-pa'.
- a p a' b e, v. Same as apaman. T., apame.
- a-pa'-bu, v. a. (a and pabu) to

- drum or make a noise on anything -- 'a pa' hin ta, v. a. (a and paawapabu.
- a p a' c a p c a p, v. a. (a and paon anything; to make one tremble by pushing—awapaćanćan.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{c} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{a} \cdot (\mathbf{a} \ and \ \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a})$ thing-awapaćoza.
- $a p a' d a \eta$, n. dim. of apa; a small part.
- a-pa'-daŋ-ka, n. Same as apadaŋ. a-pa'-gna, v. a. T., to shell, as
 - corn. See apahba.
- a p a' g a n, v. a. (a and pagan) to spare or give away for a purposeawapagan.
- $a p a' \dot{g} o$, $v. a. (a and pa\dot{g}o)$ carve or engrave on anything—awa-
- a p a' g u k a, v. a. (a and paguka) to sprain by rubbing on anythingawapaguka.
- a p a' h a, v. a. (a and paha) raise on or over, as the hand to strike one: isan apaha makuwa, he awapaha.
- a p a' h a, adv. convexly; hill-like.
- a p a' h a d a n k a, adv. hill-like.
- a p a' h a y a, adv. convexty.
- a p a' h b a, v. a. (a and pahba) to shell off, as corn, on anything awapahba.
- a-pa'-hdu-ste, v. n. to be lame; of huste.
- a p a' h i, v. a. (a and pahi) to pick

- hinta) to brush on anything—awapahinta.
- cancan) to push and make tremble a pa' hmi hma, v. a. (a and pahmihma) to roll over on—awapahmihma; apahmihma iyeya, to turn over and over on.
- to rub and make warm on any-a-pa'-hmi-yan-yan, v. a. (a and pahmiyanyan) to make round, as a ball, on anything.
 - a p a' h m o n, v. a. (a and pahmon) to twist or roll on anything-awapahmon.
 - a p a' h o m n i, v. a. (a and pahomni) to push or shove around on anything-awapahomni.
 - a p a' h u h u z a, v. a. (a and pahuhuza) to shake on anything awapahuhuza.
 - a-pa'-ha-tka, adj. against the grain, rough.
 - a-pa'-ha-tka-ya, adv. roughly, against the grain.
 - $to \mid \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, v. a. (a and pato make large on anyhdagan) thing—awapalidagan.
- follows me with his knife drawn— a-pa'-hdan-ton, v. a. (apahdate and ton) to bind or embroider with ribbon—apalidan waton.
 - a-pa'-hda-ta, v. a. to embroider.
 - a-pa'-hda-te, n. ribbon, ferret, binding. See sina apalidate.
 - a-pa'-hde-ća, v. a. (a and pahdeća) to tear or rend on anything; · to rend, by shoving with the hand, as the coat on one's back—awapalideća.
- up or gather on anything—awapahi. | a p a' h d o k a, v. a. (a and pa-

- hdoka) to pierce or make a hole in, on anything—awapahdoka.
- a p a' li p a, v. a. (a and palipa) to throw down on—awapalipa, unka-palipapi.
- a p a' h p u, v. a. (a and pahpu) to pick off on—awapahpu.
- a p a' h ta, v. a. (a and pahta) to bind or tie on anything—apawahta, apaunhtapi.
- a-pa'-ke-za, v. a. (a and pakeza) to make a noise by filing or rubbing on.
- a-pa'-kin-ta, v. a. (a and pakinta)
 to wipe or rub off on anything—
 awapakinta.
- a-pa'-kpan, v. a. (a and pakpan) to crush or make fine on—awapakpan.
- a-pa'-kpi, v. a. (a and pakpi) to crack on, as a louse on anything.
- a-pa'-ksa, v. a. (a and paksa) to break off on—awapaksa.
- a p a' k ś i ź a , v. a. (a and pakśiźa) to bend or double up on anything awapakśiźa.
- a p a' k u k a, v. a. (a and pakuka) to rub to pieces on anything—awapakuka.
- a p a' k e z a , v. a. (a and pakeza) to make smooth by scraping on—awa-pakeza.
- a-pa'-ko-za, v. a. (a and pakoza) to rub and make smooth on—awapakoza.
- a'-pa-ma-hde, adj. down hill, descending.
- a'-pa-ma-hde-ya, adv. down

- hill, in a descending manner: apamahdeya unyanpi.
- a-pa'-man, v. a. (a and paman) to file, rub, or polish on—awapaman.
- a-pa'-mda-ska, v. a. (a and pamdaska) to make flat on anything—awapamdaska.
- a pa' m da ya, v. a. (a and pamdaya) to make level on anything awapamdaya.
- a-pa'-mda-za, v. a. (a and pamdaza) to burst open on, tear open on
- a-pa'-mde-ca, v. a. (a and pamdeca) to break or crush on anything—awapamdeca.
- a p a' m d u, v. a. (a and pamdu) to crush to powder on anything—awapamdu.
- a p a' m n i, v. a. (a and pamni) to divide out on—awapamni, ayapamni, unkapamnipi.
- a p a' p a, n. red. of apa.
- a-pa'-po-pa, v.a. (a and papopa) to make pop or burst on anything—awapapopa.
- a-pa'-psa-ka, v. a. (a and papsaka) to break in two, as a cord, on anything—awapapsaka.
- a-pa'-pson, v. a. (a and papson) to spill on anything, as water—awapapson.
- a-pa'-pśuŋ, v. a. (a and papśuŋ)
 to put out of joint on anything, as
 the arm—awapapśuŋ.
- a-pa'-ptan, v. a. (a and paptan) to roll over on anything—awapaptan.

- a-pa'-ptan-ptan, v. apaptan; to roll over and over on anything.
- a-pa'-ptu-źa, v. a. (a and paptuźa) to make crack or split on anything—awapaptuźa.
- a p a' p u z a , v. a. (a and papuza) to wipe dry on anything—awapapuza.
- a pa' sde ca, v. a. (a and pasdeća) to split by rubbing on anything—awapasdeća.
- a-pa'-sdo-han, v. a. (a and pasdohan) to shove or push along on anything—awapasdohan.
- a p a' s i, v. a. (a and pasi) to follow after, to follow on—awapasi.
- a p a' s i s a, v. a. (a and pasisa) to stitch on to; to patch. T., to stick in or through, as a pin—awapasisa.
- a pa' si sa pi, n. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ a pincushion.
- a pa' s n o p, v. a. $(a \ and \ pasnop)$ to roast on or over anything—awapasnon.
- a pa' spa, v. n. over, as clouds or anger; to cover over, as clouds or waves.
- as clouds.
- a p a' s t o, v. a. (a and pasto) make smooth or brush down on anything—awapasto.
- a p a' s u t a, v. a. (a and pasuta) to make hard or stiff by kneading on anything—awapasuta.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{g}$, v. cont. of apasboka: apasbog iyaya. T., apaśwog.

- red. of |a-pa'-sbo-ka|, v. n. (a and pasboka) to come up on or over, as water; to overflow. T., apaśwoka.
 - $|\dot{a} p a' \dot{s} b u|$, v. n. (a and pasbu) to come up on.
 - a pa' śdi, v. a. or n.to squeeze out on; to ooze out.
 - a-pa'-śdi-ya, adr. in an oozing way.
 - a p a' ś do ka, v. a. (a and paśdoka) to pull or shove off on, as one's coat—awapaśdoka.
 - a p a' si ca, v. a. (a and pasica) to soil or injure by rubbing on anything—awapasića.
 - a p a' si p a, v. a. (a and pasipa) to break off close on anything; to put out of joint on—awapasipa.
 - a p a' ś p a, v. a. (a and paśpa) break off a piece on anything—awapaśpa.
 - a p a' s p u, v. a. (a and paspu) to pull off on anything; to pick off or rub off, as one thing sticking on another—awapaśpu.
- to pass off or a pa' su za, v. a (a and pasuza) to mash or crush on anything awapaśuźa.
- a-pa'-spe-ya, adv. passing off, | a-pa'-ta, v.a. (a and pata) to cut up on, as meat on a block—awapata.
 - a p a' t a y, v. a. (a and patan)reserve or take care of for a purpose-awapatan.
 - a p a' t a p, v. a. (a and patan)push against—awapatan.
 - a pa' te pa, v. a. to wear off short, as a pencil on paper.
 - a-pa'-ti-ća, v. a. (a and patića)



- ground—awapatića.
- a p a' t i t a n, v. a. (a and patitan) | a p a' w i n źa, v. a. (a and pato push or brace against—awapatitan.
- a-pa'-tpi, v. Same as apakpi.
- cont. of apatuźa: $a - pa' - tu \pm v$. apatuś yanka, to be in a stooping position.
- $a pa' tu \cdot s ya$, adv. stoopingly.
- a pa' tu źa, v. a. (a and patuźa) to stoop down on or over—awapatuźa.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. (a and pata) to kill by pressing on anything—awapata.
- a-pa'-ta-ta, v. n.T. to become *numb*, as by freezing on.
- a p a' t i p z a, v. a. (a and patinza)to press tight on, to make stiff on awapatinza.
- a p a' t o, v. n. to obstruct, oppose, prevent progress—amapato.
- a p a' t o y a, v. a. to obstruct, stop, hinder—apaţowaya, apaţomayan.
- a-pa'-to-ya, adv. in an obstructing manner.
- a-pa'-wan-ka, v. a. (a and pato push down on anywanka)
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{e} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. (a and paweġa) to break partly, as a stick, on anything—awapawega.
- a p a' w e h, cont. of apawega: apaweh iyeya.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$, v. n. to go round in circles on or over.
- a-pa'-winh, cont. of apawinga: a-pe', n. a leaf of a tree, leaves; a apawinh iyaya.
- a pa' win s, cont. of apawin za: apawins iyeya.

- to scrape of from, as snow from the | a p a' win ta, v. a. (a and pawinta) to rub on—awapawinta.
 - winźa) to bend or press down, as grass, on anything—awapawinźa.
 - a'-pa-ye, n. seasoning, anything like meat or grease boiled with corn. See wapaye.
 - a'-pa-ye-ya, v. a. to use a thing for seasoning—apavewaya.
 - a p a' z o, v. a. (a and pazo)show or point to on anything; point at: nape amapazo, he points his finger at me—awapazo.
 - a p a' z u n t a, v. a. (a and pazunta) to stitch or run up in sewing on anything—awapazunta.
 - $a p a' \acute{z} a \acute{z} a$, v. a. (a and paźaźa) to wash by rubbing on anythingawapaźaźa.
 - la-pa'-źi-pa, v. a. (a and paźipa) to prick or pinch on anything-awapaźipa.
 - a pa' źu źu, v. a. (a and paźuźu) to rub out on anything—awapaźuźu.
- thing—awapawanka. T., apaunka. | a p & e' y a, v. a. (a and péeya) to cut and dry, as meat, on anything awapćeya.
 - a-pe', v. a. to wait for, wait on; to hope for, expect: u ape, to wait for one to come; ye ape, to wait for one to go, or desire one to go along awape, ayape, unkapepi.
 - blade of corn or grass; a fin of a fish, as in hoape.
 - a p'e', v. Same as ap'a.

- on anything—awapehan.
- a-pe'-ćo-ka-na, n. (ape and ćokadan) a species of fish, without fins, as the name indicates.
- a-pe'-ćo-kan-he-dan, n. Same as above.
- a p e' h i n, n. the mane of a horse
- a p e' k i y a, v. a. to cause to wait for—apewakiya.
- a-pe'-śa, n. the red-fin, a species of fish.
- a p e' śa śa, n. Same as apeśa.
- a pe' ya, adv. waiting for, hoping
- $a pe' \acute{z}a ta$, n. the forked-fin, a species of fish.
- $a p e' y o h a \eta$, n. T. the mane of a horse.
- a p i ś', cont. of apiźa.
- a-piś'-pi-źa, v. red. of apiźa; to be wrinkled on.
- a-piś'-ya, adv. in a wrinkled man-
- a-pi'-ya, v. a. to mend on—apiwaya.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \, \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{z} \, \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{n} . to be wrinkled on anything—amapiźa.
- a'-po, v. pl. imperat. of a.
- a p o', v. n. (a and po) to swell on amapo.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \circ \mathbf{c} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, v. a. (a and pogan)blow on—awapogan.
- a p o' m n a m n a, v. a. (a and pomnamna) to shake or wag the head about-apowamnamna.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n}$. open.

- a-pe'-han, v. (a and pehan) to fold | a-po'-pa-han, adv. or part. bursting open.
 - a-po'-ptan-ptan, v. a. (a and poptanptan) to shake the head about, dissent from—apowaptanptan.
 - $a p o' \sin v$, to make faces at apowaśin.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{o}' \sin \mathbf{e} \cdot \sin \mathbf{e}$, v. a. to make faces at—apowasinsin.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{t} \cdot \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{o} \mathbf{t} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, v. n. to be worn out or ragged on.
 - a-po'-tpo-ta-han, part. out on, ragged.
 - a po' z a n, v. a. to blow out on, as from a tube—awapoźan.
 - a-psi'-ća, v. a. to jump over anything; to jump on—awapsića.
 - a p s i n', cont. of apsica: T., apsil.
 - a p s a', v. a. (a and psa) to sneeze on anything—awapśa.
 - $a p \le a' p \le a$, adj. thick, close together, as grass, etc.
 - a-pśa'-pśa-ya, adj. thickly set, in a close state; thick, as mush.
 - a-ptan'-ptan, v. n. (a and ptanptan) to roll about on—amaptanptan.
 - a-ptan'-yan, v.n. to roll over on, fall on; to fall from—amaptanyan, aniptanyan.
 - a-ptu'-źa-han, part. cracked or split on.
 - a-pus', cont. of apuza.
 - a p u' s k i ć a , v. a. (a and puskića) to press down tight upon—awapuskića.
 - a-pu'-skin, v. cont. of apuskića.
 - to burst on, break | a p u' s k e m y a, adv. in a filtering manner. T., apuskebya.

- a p u' s k e p a, v. n. (a and pu | a s a p', v. n. (a and sap) to become skepa) to filter out on.
- a p u' s p a, v. a. (a and puspa) to stick on; to make stick on, scabawapuspa.
- a-pu'-spa-pi, n. mucilage, solder.
- a p u' s p e y a, adv. in a sticking manner.
- a p u s' p u z a, v. red. of apuza.
- a p u s' y a, v. a. (a and pusya) cause to dry on—apuswaya.
- a-pus'-ya, adv. in the manner of drying on.
- a-pu'-tag, cont. of aputaka.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}, \ \mathbf{v}. \ \mathbf{a}.$ to cause to touch.
- a-pu'-tag-ya, adv. in the manner of touching.
- a p u' t a k a, v. a. (a and putaka) to touch, lay on, as the hand, etc.: nape amaputaka, he placed his hand upon me.
- a pu'-tins, v. cont. of aputinza.
- a-pu'-tins-tins, v. cont. red.
- a-pu'-tins-tins-ya, adv. firmly; pressed upon.
- a-pu'-tins-tin-za, v. red. of apuţinza.
- a-pu'-tins-ya, adv. firmly.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. to press down upon, make firm—awapuţinza.
- a p u' z a, v. n. (a and puza) dry on, become dry on one, as clothes—amapuza.
- a-po', v. n. (a and po) there is fog on a thing.
- a s a' k a, v. n. (a and saka) to become dry or hard upon-amasaka.

- whitish or grayish: asan eyaku, to take a grayish stain.
- a'-san, adv. Same as osan.
- a-san'-pi, n. (aze and hanpi) milk of any kind, breast milk; pte asanpi, cow's milk.
- a-san'-pi-i-hdi, n. the oil of milk, i. e., cream, butter.
- a-san'-pi-ni-ni, n. thick milk; cream.
- a-san'-pi-sa-mna, n. T. cheese. a-san'-pi-su-ta, n. hard milk, i. e., cheese.
- a-san'-pi-ta-sa-ka, n. ened or frozen milk, i. e., cheese.
- $a s a \eta' p i w a s n a$, n. T. butter.
- a-san'-pi-wi-gli, n. T. butter; cream.
- a s a' p a, v. a. (a and sapa)come black on: asapa eyaku, to take a black stain.
- a-sas'-ya, adv. of asaza; slowly, gently, stilly.
- a-sas'-ye-dan, adv.gently, slowly.
- a s a' z a, adj. gently: used mostly with the negative; asaze śni, inconstant, unchaste: asaze śni waun, I am inconstant.
- a-sba'-han, part. raveling on. T., worn off, as the nap of cloth.
- a-sbu'-han, part. crumbling on. See sbuhan.
- a s d a', v. n. (a and sda) to be greasy on anything.
- a s d a' y a, v. a. (a and sdaya) make greasy, to grease—asdawaya.

- a s d a' y a, adv. greasily.
- a-sdi'-pa, v. a. (a and sdipa) to lick off, lick from, as a dog does.
- a-sdo'-han, v. n. (a and sdohan) to crawl along on anything—awasdohan.
- a-sdon'-ya, v a. (a and sdonya)
 to know about; to be wise about,
 know all about—asdonwaya. T.,
 aslolya.
- a-si'-ću-ton, v. a. to sole, put on a sole, as on a moccasin, shoe, etc.—asićuwaton.
- a-s'in', v. n. to sponge, loaf, hang about a place to get something to eat; T., to covet, secretly long for—awas'in.
- $a s'i \eta' s'i \eta$, v. red. of as'in.
- a-ska', v. n. (a and ska) to become white on.
- a'-skam, cont. of áskapa.
- a-skam'-ton, v. a. to make stick on, to seal—askamwaton. T., askabton.
- a'-skam-ya, v. a. to make stick on, to seal—áskamwaya.
- a-skan', v. n. (a and skan) to melt or thaw on; to disappear from, as snow.
- a s'-kan, n. (aze and kan) the cords and veins of the breast.
- a'-ska-pa, v. n. to stick to or on, adhere to—amaskapa.
- a-ske'-pa, v. n. (a and skepa) to leak out on.
- a-smag'-ya, adv. (a and smaka) in an indented manner: asmagya wanka.

- a s n a' s n a, v. (a and snasna) to ring or rattle on.
- a-sni', v. n. to recover or get well from sickness; to recover from anger, etc.—amasni, anisni, unkasnipi.
- a-sni'-ki-ya, v. a. to heal, cause to get well—asniwakiya. T., to rest one's self, as a horse part way up a hill.
- a-sni'-yan, v. a. to cause to get well, to cure—asniwaya, asniun-yanpi.
- a-sni'-ya-ken, adv. in the way of recovering.
- a s o n', v. a. (a and son) to plait or braid on anything—awason.
- a-so'-so, v. a. (a and soso) to cut into strings on any place—awasoso.
- a-span', v. n. (a and span) to become soft or melt on, as snow on anything.
- a-spa'-ya, v.n. (a and spaya) to become wet on; to sink in water, as in drowning—amaspaya.
- a'-spe-ya, v. a. to cause to sink down, as an anchor in water; to buoy up; to weigh—aspewaya: maza aspeyapi, an anchor; on aspeyapi, scales, a steelyard.
- the cords | a-spe'-ye-ton, v. a. to weigh anything; to balance—aspeyewato or on, ton.
 - a'-stan, v. n. to be purple on, become purple.
 - a-stan'-ka, adj. purple, made purple.
 - a'-sto-ya, v. a. (a and stoya) to smooth down upon.

- come hard or strong upon-amasuta.
- $a s u' t o \eta$, v. n. $(a and suto \eta)$ to become ripe on or upon, as seed.
- a \(\frac{\pi}{a} \), v. n. (a and \(\frac{\pi}{a} \)) to become reddish; asa eyaku, to take a red stain.
- a-ś'a', v. a. (a and ś'a) to shout at or on account of-awas'a.
- a śag', cont. of aśaka.
- a-śag'-ya, adv. in a coated manner; asagya yanka.
- to be coated or a-śa'-ka, v. n. furred, as the tongue in sickness; to be dirty, as a gun that needs cleaning out.
- a s'a' ko win na, adv. mightily, strongly; as'akowinna ećon.
- a ś a m', cont. of asapa.
- to defile, make $a - \sin u' - v a$, v. a. dirty—asamwaya.
- $a \pm a m' y a$, advdirtily, in a defiled manner.
- a sa' pa, v. n. (a and sapa) to become black or dirty on anythingamasapa.
- a-śbe', v. n. Same as asma.
- a-śbe'-ya, adv. deeply, in a deep manner. T., aśmeya.
- $a \pm b u'$, $v \cdot n \cdot (a \ and \ \pm bu)$ to drop, as water, on anything.
- a-śbu'-ya, v. a. to cause to drop on, as water—aśbuwaya
- a ś d a', v. n. (a and śda) to be bare on anything.
- a \(\xi\) do', v. n. (a and \(\xi\)do) to fuse or melt, as metals, on anything.
- a-śdo'-ya, v. a. to cause to melt on—aśdowaya.

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- a s u' t a, v. n. (a and suta) to be- |a s d u n' y a, v. a. (a and sdunya) to make slip on.
 - a-śdu'-śdu-ta, v. n. (a and śduśduta) to be slippery on.
 - a-ś'e', v. T. to drop on; fall in drops on.
 - a se' ca, v. n. (a and seca) to become dry or seasoned on anything.
 - a-ś'e'-ya, v. a. T. to cause to drip
 - $a \sin ' \cos a$, v. n. (a and $\sin \cos a$) to become bad or unpleasant on or for.
 - a-śi'-ća-ho-wa-ya, v.a. to cry out on account of-asicahowamda.
 - a-śi'-ća-hdo, v. a. to growl about, complain of—asicawahdo.
 - a-śi'-ća-ya, adv. badly, unpleasantly.
 - a-śi'-ća-ya-ken, adv. unpleas-
 - as the weather or country. ośićećake.
 - $a-\sin'-h t i \eta$, v. n.to be poorly on account of; to be defective—amasihtin.
 - a-śi'-htin-ya, adv. poorly.
 - a-sin'-ya, adv. badly, sadly. T., asilya.
 - a-sin'-ya-ken, adv. badly, unpleasantly.
 - a-ska'-dan, adv. soon, presently; near, close by.
 - a-śka'-dan-hin, adv. very near; very soon.
 - $a \pm k a' k a$, adv. soon, neur.
 - a-śka'-na, adv. Ih. Same as askadan.

- a-skan'-skan, v. n. (a and skanskan) to move about on anything.
- a-śkaŋ'-śkaŋ-yaŋ, adv. moving about on.
- a-śka'-ta, v. n. (a and śkata) to play on any place—awaśkata.
- a-ska'-tu-dan, adv. lately, not long since.
- a-śka'-tu-ya, adv. not long ago.
- a-śka'-tu-ye-dan, adv. lately, but a short time ago.
- a-śka'-ye-dan, adv. for a little while, not enduring. T., aśkayela.
- a-śke', n. the tuft or bunch of hair which some Dakotas wear on the side of their heads: aske yuwipi, the bunch of hair tied up.
- a-śke'-haŋ, v. n. (a and śkehaŋ) to frisk or jump about on; to be changeable.
- a-śkom'-ya, adv. crookedly, in an arched manner.
- a-śko'-pa, v. n. (a and śkopa) to be crooked on or arched.
- a-śla'-ya, adv. T. openly, plainly.
- $a \sin a' y e \ln a$, adv. T. plainly.
- a ś m a', v. n. (a and śma) to be deep, as water, on any place.
- a-śni'-yan-yan, v. n. T. to crawl or creep on, as a bug on one.
- a-śni'-yaŋ-yaŋ, adv. creeping along, in a crawling manner.
- a-śni'-źa, v.n. (a and śniża) to be wilted or withered on or for.
- a-śo'-ka, v. n (a and śoka) to be thick, as a board, on anything.
- $a \acute{s} o' t a$, v. n. $(a \text{ and } \acute{s}ota)$ to be smoky on or at.

- a-span', v. n. (a and span) to be cooked or burnt on or by anything.
- a-stun'-ya, v. a. to cause to thaw on—astunwaya. T., astulya.
- a-stu'-ta, v. n. (a and stuta) to thaw on anything.
- a-śuŋ'-pa, v. n. (a and śuŋpa) to shed on, as the quills of geese.
- a ś u' t a, v. a. (a and śuta) to miss, fail of—aśuwata.
- a'-ta, suffix prep. to, at, on. When suffixed to nouns ending in a, it becomes ta alone, as maga, a field, magata, at the field; in other cases, a y is introduced for euphony, as ti, a house, tiyata, to the house; can, wood, canyata, at the woods.
- a-tab'-ye-la, adj. T. thin; i.q. zibzipela.
- a-ta'-ġo-śa, v. a. (a and taġośa) to spit on anything—ataġowaśa.
- a-ta'-kiŋ-yaŋ, adv. leaning on, not perpendicular: wi atakiŋyaŋ yaŋka, the sun is declining.
- a-ta'-kpe, v. a. (a and takpe) to make an attack on—atawakpe.
- a-ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. n. to come to naught; to become enfeebled: atakuniśni amayan, I am becoming feeble: amatakuniśni. T., to be ruined, spoiled.
- a-ta'-ku-ni-śni-yan, v.a. to bring to naught—atakuniśniwaye.
- a t a n', v. a. to care for, have respect for—awatan; atanéni, to disregard, throw away.
- to be | a-tay'-iy, v. n. (a and tayiy) to appear on, be manifest.

- $a-ta\eta'-i\eta-i\eta$, v. red. of atanin. $a-ta\eta'-i\eta-sni-ya\eta$, adv. in a
- lost manner.
- a-tan'-in-yan, adv. appearing, manifestly.
- a-tan'-ka, v.n. (a and tanka) to be large on or in addition to; to be larger.
- a-tan'-ka-dan, dim. of atanka.
- a-tan'-ka-ya, adv. widely, extensively.
- a-tan'-se, adv. silently, stilly: atanse-yanka, to be motionless.
- a-ta'-om, cont. of ataonpa: ataom iyaya, to have gone past perpendicular. T., ataob.
- a-ta'-om-ya, adv. leaningly.
- a-ta'-on-pa, v. n. to lean, as the sun does in the afternoon; T., to lean over, as a warrior on his horse.
- a ta'-pa, v. n. (a and tapa) to follow after on anything.
- a-ta'-sa-ka, v. n. (a and tasaka) to become stiff or hard on as clothes—amatasaka.
- a-taś'-ta-źa, v. n. red. of ataźa; to be rough or in waves on one, as water.
- a-ta'-te-yan-pa, v.n. (a and tateyanpa) to blow upon anything, as the wind does.
- a-ta'-to-han, adv. to the windward.
- a-ta'-to-he-ya, adv. on the windward side.
- a-ta'-tpe, v. Same as atakpe.
- a-ta'-ya, v. a. to go directly to anything; to be fortunate in reference to—atawaya.

- a'-ta-ya; adv. wholly, altogether. all; universally; alone, separately.
- a'-ta-ye-dan, adv. directly, without a medium: atayedan ecamon, I did it myself or personally; atayedan maku, he gave it directly to me.
- a-ta'-źa, v. n. (a and taźa) to be rough or in waves on one—amataźa.
- a-te', n. father, my father; niyate, thy father; atkuku, his or her father.
- a-te', v.n. (a and te) to become blue; ate eyaku, to take a blue stain. Same as ato.
- a-te'-éa, v. n. (a and teéa) to become new on.
- a-tem'-ya, v.a. (a and temya) to cut up or devour on—atemwaya.
- a-te'-pa-han, part. worn off short on.
- a-te'-ya, v.a. to have for a father; to sustain the relation of a child to a man—atewaya, ateyaya, ateunyanpi. Among the Dakotas one's father's brothers are also called ate.
- a-te'-ye-dan, adv. Same as átayedan.
- a-ti', v. n. (a and ti) to build a house or put up a tent at or on; to pitch a tent or encamp at for a certain purpose: psin ati, to camp at the rice.
- a ti' h n a g y a, adv. near by.
- a-ti'-h n a-k a, adv. close by, near to.
- a-tin', adv. pretty well.
- a-tin'-ka, adv. well.
- a-ti'-pa-han, part. crisped or drawn up on.
- a-tkin', v. n. (a and tkin) to be damp on.

- a-tku'-ku, n. his or her father.
- a-to', v. n. (a and to) to become blue or green on; to tattoo; see akito: ato eyaku, to take a blue or green stain.
- a'-to-kan, adv. in another place, to another place.
- a-to'-ke ća, v. n. to become different: atokeća śni, it makes no difference.
- a-to'-kśu, v. a. (a and tokśu) to carry or draw anything on; T., to pile up ator on, as on horses' backs—atowakśu.
- a-ton'-wan, v. a. (a and tonwan) to look to or at—awatonwan, unkatonwanpi.
- a-ton'-wan-yan, v. a. to cause to look at; to make a village at or on a place, probably because by making a village people are caused to look to or at a place—atonwanun-yanpi.
- a-tpa'-ġaŋ, v. a. (a and tpaġaŋ)
 to part with one's own for a purpose—awatpaġaŋ. See akpaġaŋ.
- a-tpa'-hi, v. a. (a and tpahi) to gather up one's own on something.
- a-tpa'-mde-ća, v. a. (a and tpamdeća) to break in pieces one's own on something.
- a-tpas', cont. of atpaza.
- a-tpa'-spa, v.n. (a and tpaspa) to disappear, go out of sight, fade away, as clouds, or as the sun disappears at night.
- a t p a s' y a, v. a. to darken, overshadow—atpaswaya.

- a-tpas'-ya, adv. darkly, obscurely.
- a-tpa'-ta, v. a. (a and tpata) to cut up or carve one's own on anything.
- a-tpa'-tan, v. a. (a and tpatan) to spare or keep one's own for a purpose. See akpatan.
- a-tpa'-za, v. n. (a and tpaza) to bcome dark on—amatpaza, anitpaza, unkatpazapi. See akpaza.
- a-tu'-kta, adv. well, fortunately: atukta ećamon kin, I did well to do it; atukta de ćinhan, if you go, it will be well.
- a tins', cont. of atinza.
- a-tins'-ya, adv. tightly, in a squeezing manner.
- a-tin'-za, v.n. (a and tinza) to press on, be tight on—amatinza.
- a-to'-za, v n. (a and toza) to become blunt or dull on.
- a-tung'-ya, v.a. to suspect one, have an inkling of—atungwaya. See tungya.
- $a t u \eta' k a$, v, n. See atunkeća.
- a-tuŋ'-ke-ća, v. n. (a and tuŋkeća) to be suspected of—amaṭuŋkeća.
- a-u', v. a. (a and u) to carry or bring anything towards.
- a u', v. col. pl. they come.
- a-u', v. n. (a and u) to come out on; to ooze out or run, as sap: mini au.
- a u n', v. a. to put wood on the fire. See aon.
- a-un', v. n. (a and un) to be on—awaun.

- a-un'-hda-ka, v. (a and unhdaka) | a-wa'-hin-he, v. n. (awa and to move camp on account of; to decamp for some reason: aunhdaka unyanpi.
- $a u \eta' y a \eta$, v. n. to be on or over: aunyan iyaya, to pass over, as a fence; aunyan kute, to shoot on the wing, or as it flies over.
- a-un'-ye-ya, v. a. of aunyan; to cause to be on.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, v. n.to approach from the windward.
- a-un'-ye-ya-pi, n. a species of berry, which if approached from the windward is said to be bitter, but if from the opposite direction, sweet; sand berries.
- a w a', v. n. (a and wa) to snow upon; to be snow on anythingamawa. See awahinhe and awapa.
- a w a' ći, v. a. (a and waći) dance on anything—awawaći, awaunćipi.
- $a w a' \acute{c} i \eta$, v. a. $(a \text{ and } wa\acute{c} i \eta)$ to think on or of, meditate upon; to trust, believe in—awaćanni, awaćanni, awaunćinpi and unkawaćinpi.
- a-wa'-ćin-han, part. thinking upon.
- a w a' c i n k e n, adv. thinking upon. T., awaćinkel.
- a w a' ć i n p i, n. a thinking upon, trusting in, faith.
- a-wa'-ćin-yan, adv. thinking upon.
- a-wa'-ćin-yan-ken, adv. in the manner of thinking on.

- highe) to snow upon.
- $a w a' h i \eta h e y a$, v. a. to cause to snow upon—awahinhewaya.
- $a w a' h i \eta h e y a$, adv. ing upon.
- a-wa'-hpa-ni, v. n. to be poor on account of.
- a-wa'-hpa-ni-ća, v. n. (a and wahpanića) to become poor on account of or by means of-amawahpanića.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{a}$ to make poor by means of-awahpaniwaya.
- a-wa'-hpa-ni-yan, adv. poorly off.
- a-wa'-hta-ni, v. a. to sin on, to transgress-awawahtani.
- a-wa'-hte-ka, v. n. (a and wahteka) to be bad or worthless.
- a-wa'-hte-śni, v. n. (a and wahteśni) to be worthless on some account.
- a-wa'-hte-śni-yan, adv. worthlessly, vilely.
- a-wah'-wa-ye-la, adv. Т. mildly, gently—Is., awalibayedan. See wahbayedan.
- $a w a' k a \eta$, v. n. (a and wakan)to be sacred or incomprehensible on some account.
- a wa' kan ka, v. n. Same as awakan.
- a-wa'-kan-ka, n. a supernatural being.
- a-wa'-kan-yan, adv. mysteriously, supernaturally.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . to make a

- booth; to spread over, as tree branches; to make a shade, to make an awning over—awakewaye. See wakeya.
- a w a' k e y a p i, n. a booth.
- a-wa'-ki-ćin, v. a. pos. of awaćin.
- a-wa'-ni-ća, v.n. (a and wanića) to be or become nothing for some reason.
- a w a' n i n, cont. of awanica; used adverbially, in a destroying manner: awanin iyeya. T., awanil.
- a w a' n i y e t u, v. n. (a and waniyetu) to come winter on one—amawaniyetu.
- a-wang', cont of awanka: awang mda. T., ayung.
- a-wang'-ya, v. to cause to lie on or for—awangwaya. See awanka.
- a w a n' h d a g, cont. of awanhdaka.
- a wan' h da ka, v. pos. of awan-yaka; to oversee or take care of one's own—awanwahdaka. T., awan-glaka.
- a-wan'-ka, v. n. (a and wanka)
 to be or lie on; to lie in wait or
 spend the night out for, as for the
 purpose of killing deer: tahinca
 awang mda, I am going to lie in
 wait for deer. T., ayunka.
- a-wan'-kam, adv. above, overhead.
- a-wanyaka; to watch or oversee for one—awanwećiyaka.
- a-wanyag waun. of awanyaka:

- a-wan'-yag-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to attend to or oversee—awan-yagwakiya.
- a-wan'-ya-ka, v. a. (a and wan-yaka) to look upon; to see to, have the oversight of—awanmdaka, awan-daka, awanunyakapi.
- a-wa'-pa, v. n. (a and wapa) to snow on. See awahinhe.
- a-wa'-śa-ka, adj. cheap, easily purchased.
- a-wa'-śa-ka-dan, adj. cheap, as goods. T., awaśakayela.
- a-wa'-ste, v. n. (a and waste) to be good on or for; to become better than—amawaste.
- a-wa'-ste-ka, v. n. to be good for, befit.
- a-wa'-śte-ya, adv. well, better than.
- a-wa'-śte-ya-ken, adv. better, in a better manner: awasteyaken amayan, I am becoming better.
- a-wa'-taŋ-iŋ-śni, adj. dark, obscure, as in the dusk of the evening.
 - a w a' t e ć a, adv. See wawateća.
 - a-wa'-ya-pi-ka, v.n. (a and wayapika) to be eloquent about anything; to be more eloquent than some one—awamdapika.
 - a-wa'-yu-pi-ka, v. n. (a and wayupika) to be skillful about; to be more skillful than—awamdupika.
- a-wa'-yu-pi-ya, adv. skillfully, well.
- a-we', v. n. (a and we) to become lean, as cattle do in the spring of the year; to bleed on.

- a-we'-tu, v. n. (a and wetu) to become spring on one—amawetu.
- a'-wi-ća-ka, v. n. to be true, to tell the truth—awicawaka.
- a'-wi-ća-ke-han, adv. truly, of a truth.
- a'-wi-ća-ke-ya, adv. truly.
- a'-wi-ća-ke-ya-han, adv of a truth.
- a'-wi-ća-śa, n. of asa; shouting.
- a'-wi-ća-ya-śpu-ya, n. the itch, itching.
- a-wi'-hnu-ni, v. n. to come to naught; to be destroyed. T, awignuni.
- a-wi'-hnu-ni-ya, v a. to destroy, to use up—awihnumwaye.
- a-win'-ta, v. a. to creep on, as a child—awawinta.
- a'-wi-tu-ka-dan, adv familiarly, among themselves. Ih., awitukana.
- a-wi'-ya-kpa, v.n. (a and wiyakpa) to glisten on anything.
- a-wi'-ye-ya, adv. (a and wiyeya) ready for anything. See wiyeya.
- a'-ya, v. a. to take or carry anything along.
- a'-ya, v. col. pl. of ya; they go together.
- a'-ya, v. n. to become, to be, to be in or on: maste aya, it is becoming warm; asniyanken amayan, I am recovering from sickness; waniyetu teca unkayapi, we are in the new year.
- a-ya'-ba-ġa, v.a. (a and yabaġa) to twist or turn with the mouth on

- anything—amdabaġa. T., aya-waġa.
- a y a' b a z a, v to bite off on. T., ayawaza.
- a-ya'-bu, v. a. (a and yabu) to growl about—amdabu.
- a-ya'-će-ya, v. a. (a and yaćeya) to make cry by talking to—amdaćeya.
- a-ya'-60, v. a (a and ya60) to condemn on; to condemn for or on account of—amda60. T., ayasu.
- a-ya'-ġa, v. a. (a and yaġa) to peel off with the teeth on anything—amdaġa. T., ayaġo.
- a y a' ġ o p a, v. a. (a and yaġopa) to suck up on—amdaġopa.
- a y a' h b a, v. a. (a and yahba) to shell or bite off on—amdahba. T., ayagba.
- a-ya'-hbe-za, v. a. (a and yahbeza) to bite and make rough on anything. T., ayagbeza.
- a-ya'-hin-ta, v. a. (a and ya-hinta) to brush off with the mouth—amdahinta.
- a-ya'-hna-yan, v. a. (a and yahnayan) to deceive with the mouth, tell a falsehood about. T., ayagnayan.
- a-ya'-hda-ya, v. a. (a and yahdaya) to bite or peel off with the teeth on anything—amdahdaya.
- a-ya'-hde-ća, v. a. (a and yahdeća) to tear with the teeth on amdahdeća.
- a-ya'-hdo-ka, v.a. (a and ya-hdoka) to bite a hole in on any-thing.—amdahdoka.

- a y a' h e p a , v. a. (a and yahepa) | a y a' k u k a , v. a. (a and yakuka) to drink up on - amdahepa.
- a y a' h p a, v. a (a and yahpa) to throw down with the mouth on anything—amdahpa.
- a y a' h p u, v. a. (a and yahpu) tobite off on, one thing on another amdahpu.
- a-ya'-hta-ka, v. a. (a and yahtaka) to bite one thing on another.
- a y a' h u, v. a. (a and yahu) peel off on.
- a-ya'-kća, v.a. (a and yakća) to untie with the teeth on anythingamdakća.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. (a and yakoka)to clatter or gnash the teeth on or for anything—amdakoka.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{p} \mathbf{l}$ of ayanka; they are in such a condition.
- a-ya'-kpa, v. a. (a and yakpa) to bite out on—amdakpa.
- a-ya'-kpan, v. a. (a and yakpan) to chew fine on—amdakpan.
- a y a' k p i, v. a. (a and yakpi) to crack with the teeth on anything.
- a-ya'-ksa, v.a. (a and yaksa) to bite off on—amdaksa.
- a-ya'-kśan, v a. (a and yakśan) to bend with the mouth on-amdakśan.
- a y a' k ś i ś, cont. of ayakśiźa.
- $a y a' k \acute{s} i \acute{z} a$, v. a. (a and yakśiźa) to double up with the teeth on anything.
- a-ya'-ktan, v. a (a and yaktan) to bend with the mouth on-amdaktaŋ.

- to bite or tear in pieces with the teeth on anything-amdakuka.
- $a y a' ke \dot{g} a$, $v. a. (a and yake \dot{g} a)$ to gnaw on anything.
- a y a' k e z a, v. a. (a and yakeza)to make smooth with the teeth on any-
- a y a' k o g a, v. a. (a and yakoga) to bite or gnaw off on.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. (a and yakoza)to bite off smooth, as a horse eating grass. T., oyakoza.
- a y a' m a, v. a. (a and yama)gnaw on.
- a-ya'-mda-ska, v. a. (a and yamdaska) to make flat with the mouth on anything. T., ayablaska.
- a-ya'-mda-ya, v. a. (a and yamdaya) to make level with the teeth.
- a-ya'-mda-za, v. a. (a and yamdaza) to tear open with the teeth.
- a y a' m d e 6a, v. a. (a and yato crush on anything with mdeća) the teeth.
- a-ya'-mdu, v. a. (a and yamdu) to chew fine on.
- a y a' m n a, $v \cdot a \cdot (a \quad and \quad yamma)$ to gain on or for, by speaking.
- $a y a \eta' k a$, v. n. (a and yanka) to be on or for, to be in such a condition.
- a-yan'-pa, v. n. to come light on; to come morning; to come morning on; to endure until the morning light—amayanpa, unkayanpapi.
- a y a' o n i h a n, v. a. (a and yaonihan) to praise on or for.

- a-ya'-o-taŋ-iŋ, v. a. (a and yaotaŋiŋ) to make manifest on or for—amdaotaŋiŋ.
- a-ya'-pe-han, v. a. (a and yape-han) to fold up with the mouth on anything.
- a-ya'-pe-mni, v. a. (a and yapemni) to twist with the mouth on anything.
- a y a' p o t a, v. a. (a and yapota) to bite in pieces on anything amdapota.
- a-ya'-psa-ka, v. a. (a and yapsaka) to bite off, as a string, on anything—amdapsaka.
- a y a' p s o n, v. a. (a and yapson) to spill with the mouth on anything—amdapson.
- a-ya'-pśuŋ, v.a. (a and yapśuŋ) to pull out by the roots with the mouth on anything--amdapśuŋ.
- a y a' p t a n y a n, v. a. (a and yaptanyan) to turn over on anything with the mouth.
- a-ya'-ptu-źa, v. a. (a and yaptuźa) to crack or split with the mouth on anything.
- a-ya'-sba, v. a. (a and yasba) to pick to pieces with the teeth on anything.
- a-ya'-sde-ća, v. a (a and yasdeća) to split with the teeth on anything.
- a-ya'-skab-ton, v. a. T. to patch, as clothes; to put a stamp on a letter. See askamton.
- a-ya'-sku, v.a. (a and yasku) to pull off on with the teeth: mdo ha

- owanka amdasku, I bite off potatoskins on the floor.
- a-ya'-smin, v. a. (a and yasmin) to pick off with the teeth on, make bare with the teeth.
- a-ya'-sna, v. a. (a and yasna) to make ring, as a little bell, with the mouth on or over anything.
- a-ya'-so-ta, v. a. (a and yasota) to eat all up on—amdasota.
- a-ya'-spa-ya, v. a. (a and yaspaya) to wet with the mouth on anything.
- a-ya'-stan-ka, v.a. (a and yastanka) to moisten on anything with the mouth.
- a-ya'-sto, v. a. (a and yasto) to lick smooth on.
- a y a' s u, v. See ayaćo.
- a-ya'-su-ta, v. a. (a and yasuta) to make firm or establish with the mouth.
- a y a' s a p a, v. a. (a and yasapa) to blacken or defile with the mouth.
- a-ya'-śdu-ta, v. a. (a and yaśduta) to have the teeth slip on anything.
- a-ya'-śki-ća, v. a. (a and yaśkića) to press with the mouth upon, as in chewing tobacco amdaśkića.
- a-ya'-śko-pa, v. a. (a and yaśkopa) to make crooked or twisted by biting on.
- a-ya'-śna, v. a. (a and yaśna) to miss with the mouth, let fall on from the mouth—amdaśna.
- pull off on with the teeth: mdo ha | a-ya'-spa, v.a. (a and yaspa) to

- bite a piece off on anything—amdaspa.
- a-ya'-spu, v. a. (a and yaspu) to bite off on, as one thing that adheres to another.
- a-ya'-śtan, v. a. (a and yaśtan) to cease from speaking or eating amdaśtan, unkayaśtanpi.
- a-ya'-śu-źa, v. a. (a and yaśuża) to bite or mash up on with the teeth.
- a-ya'-ta, v. a. to guess, predict, foretell, divine, soothsay—amdata, adata, unkayatapi.
- a-ya'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. a. (a and yatakuniśni) to destroy with the mouth on anything.
- a-ya'-tan, v. a. (a and yatan) to praise for.
- a-ya'-taŋ-iŋ, v. a. (a and yataŋiŋ) to make manifest upon or for, by speaking.
- a-ya'-ta-pi, n. guessing, prophecy, divination.
- a-ya'-ta-ya and a-ya'-ta-yaken, adv. by guess.
- a.-ya'-te, n. a soothsayer, diviner, prophet.
- a-ya'-te-ya, v. a. to cause to foretell—ayatewaya.
- a-ya'-ti-tan, v.a. (a and yatitan) to pull with the teeth on anything.
- a-ya'-tkan, v.a. (a and yatkan) to drink, as water, on or after eating, etc.—amdatkan.
- a-ya'-tkan-yan, adv. drinking on or after.
- a y a' t o g y a, v. of yatokeća;

- to conceal, to change in telling: ayatogwaye and amdatogwaye.
- a-ya'-tpan, v. a. Same as ayakpan.
- a-ya'-wan-ka, v. a. (a and ya-wanka) to throw down with the mouth on anything. T., ayaunka.
- a-ya'-wa-ste, v. a. (a and yawaste) to bless upon—amdawaste.
- a y a' w e ġ a, v. a. (a and yaweġa) to fracture by biting on.
- a-ya'-za-mni, v. a. (a and yazamni) to open or uncover with the mouth or by speaking.
- a-ya'-zan, v. n. (a and yazan) to be sick on—amayazan.
- a-ya'-zo-ka, v.a. (a and yazoka) to such out on.
- a-ya'-zuŋ-ta, v. a. (a and ya-zuŋta) to connect or weave together, as in talking.
- a'-ye, v. Same as aya.
- a-ye'-ġa, v. n. (a and yeġa) to glisten or shine on.
- a-yeh'-ya, adv. in a glistening manner.
- a y u' b a g a, v. a. (a and yubaga) to twist or turn on.
- a-yu'-be, v. Same as ayuman.
- a-yu'-bu, v. a. (a and yubu) to make a drumming noise on anything.
- a-yu'-ćan, v. a. (a and yućan) to sift or shake on or over—amdućan.
- a-yu'-ćan-ćan, v. a. (a and yućanćan) to cause to shake or tremble on.
- a-yu'-će-ka, v.a. (a and yućeka) to make stagger on any place.

- a-yu'-će-ya, v. a. (a and yućeya) | a-yu'-hbe-za, v. a. (a and yuto make cry on.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{\acute{e}} \mathbf{o}$, adv. well, excellently: ayućo każa.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{c} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, adv. well.
- $a y u' \acute{c} o z a$, $v. a. (a and yu\acute{c}oza)$ to make warm on any place.
- a y u' e ce tu, v. a. (a and yuećetu) to fulfill or accomplish on.
- a y u' e ć i, v. a. (a and yueći) turn wrong side out on anything.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . (\mathbf{a} and $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$) husk on, as corn—amduga.
- $a y u' \dot{g} a \eta$, v. a. (a and yugan) to open, as a door, on anything.
- a y u' ġ a p a, v. a. (a and yuġapa) to strip or pull off on, as the skin of an animal.
- a-yu'-ġa-ta, v. a. (a and yuġata) to open out, as the hand, on any-
- a-yu'-ġe, v.a. (a and yuġe) to dip out on. See ayuze.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e}$, v. a. (\mathbf{a} and $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}$ gege) to take up by handfuls on anything.
- \cdot a-yu'- \dot{g} in, v. n. slumberamduģiŋ.
 - $a y u' \dot{g} o$, $v. a. (a and yu\dot{g}o)$ make marks on.
 - $a y u' \dot{g} u k a$, v. a. (a and yuguka)to sprain on; to draw out, as one's sword from the scabbard.
 - a v u' h a, v. a. (a and yuha) have or possess on; to hold or lift on; to have for—amduha.
 - a y u' h b a, v. a. (a and yuhba) to shell, as corn, on. T., ayugna.

- hbeza) to make rough on. T., ayugmeza.
- a-yu'-hbu, v. a. (a and yuhbu) to make rattle on, as in taking hold of shelled corn. T., ayugmu, to make a noise, as of one drowning.
- a y u' h d a, v. a. (a and yuhda) to uncoil or untwist on. T., ayugla.
- a-yu'-hin-ta, v. a. (a and yuhinta) to sweep or rake off on.
- a y u' h m i h m a, v. a. (a and yuhmihma) to roll on. T., ayugmigma.
- a y u' h m u n, v. a. (a and yuhmun) to twist, as a string, on anything. T., ayugmun.
- a y u' h m u z a, v. a. to shut upon, as the hand upon anything—amduhmuza. T., ayugmuza.
- a y u' h n a, v. a. (a and yuhna) to shake off on, as fruit. T., ayugna.
- a y u' h n a y a n, v. a (a and yuhnayan) to miss in trying to catch hold of. T., ayugnayan.
- a y u' h n u n i, v. a. (a and yuto make wander on any place. T., ayugnuni.
- a y u' h o h o , v. a. (a and yuhoho) to shake on, as anything loose.
- a y u' h o m n i, v. a. (a and yuhoto turn around on, as in bringing a gun round and pointing it at one—amduhomni, amayuhomni.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. (a and $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}$ to shake on or over, as a huhuza) tree. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ ayuhunhunza.

- a-yu'-ha, v. n. to become attached to; to stick to.
- A-yu'-hba, n. pl. (sleepy ones) the Iowas.
- a-yu'-hda, v. a. (a and yuhda) to ring or rattle over.
- a-yu'-hda-ġan, v. a. (a and yu-hdaġan) to make large upon; to leave, forsake. T., ayuhlaġan, to slacken on, as a noose.
- a-yu'-hda-ta, v. a. (a and yu-hdata) to scratch on.
- a-yu'-hda-ya, v. a. (a and yuhdaya) to peel off on, as the skin of a potato.
- a-yu'-hde-ća, v. a. (a and yu-hdeća) to rend or tear on one, as a garment—amduhdeća.
- a-yu'-hdo-ka, v. a (a and yu-hdoka) to make a hole on; to open on—amduhdoka.
- a-yu'-he-pa, v.n. (a and yuhepa) to absorb on.
- a-yu'-he-ya-ta, v. a. (a and yuheyata) to push back on, push on one side.
- a-yu'-hi-ća, v. a. (a and yuhića) to waken one upon—amduhića.
- a-yu'-hla-ġaŋ-śni, v. T. not to leave or forsake, to be with constantly.
- a-yu'-hmin, v.a. (a and yuhmin) to sling or throw on one side, as a stone, on anything; to do crookedly, as in writing.
- a-yu'-hmin-yan, adv. crookedly. a-yu'-hmun, v. a. (a and yu-hmun) to make buss on.

- to become attached a y u' h pa, v. a. (a and yuhpa)
 to throw down on; to shut, as a window—amduhpa.
 - a-yu'-hpu, v. a. (a and yuhpu) to make crumble on.
 - a-yu'-htu-ta, v. a. (a and yuhtuta) to mash or break on, as one's skin; to make rough on.
 - a-yu'-hu, v. a. (a and yuhu) to peel off on, as bark.
 - a-yu'-hu-ga, v. a. (a and yu-huga) to break a hole in, upon anything.
 - a-yu'-hun-ta, v. a. (a and yuhunta) to make soft on by rubbing.
 - a-yu'-kan, v. a. to go around; to give place to. See kiyukan.
 - a-yu'-kan-yan, adv. going around
 - a-yu'-ka-tin, v. a. (a and yukatin) to straighten out on with the hand.
 - a-yu'-ka-wa, v. a. (a and yu-kawa) to cause to open on.
 - a-yu'-kća, (a and yukća) to unite on, disentangle on.
 - a-yu'-kin-ća, v. a. to scrape off on, as in cleaning a fish—amdukinća.
 - a-yu'-ki-pam, adv. separately, divided.
 - a-yu'-ki-pa-tuś-ya, v. a. to make bow down—ayukipatuśwaya.
 - a-yu'-ki-pa-tu-źa, v. a. to cause to stoop or bow down on.
 - a-yu'-kpan, v. a. (a and yukpan) to grind or make fine on—amdukpan.

- a-yu'-ksa, v.a. (a and yuksa) to | a-yu'-mdu, v.a. (a and yumdu) break off on, as limbs or sticks, with one's hand-amduksa.
- a-y u'- k \(\frac{1}{2}\) a. (a and yuk\(\frac{1}{2}\)a) to bend, fold, or double up on.
- $a y u' k \pm i 2 a$, v. a. (a and yukśiźa) to bend or double up on; to pull, as the trigger of a gun, on one—amduksiźa.
- a-yu'-ktan, v.a. (a and yuktan) to bend around on.
- a-yu'-ku-ka, v. a. (a and yukuka) to make rotten on.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{e} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. (a and $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k} \dot{\mathbf{e}} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$) to scratch or scrape on anything.
- a y u' k e z a, v. a. (a and yukeza)to make hard and smooth on; to shave off close, as a mule's mane.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . (a and $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}$ koga) to scratch up, make rough.
- a y u' ko z a, v. a. (a and yukoza)to make hard and smooth on.
- a-yul'; cont. of ayuta; T. ayul yanka, to continue looking at.
- $a y u' m a \eta$, v. a. (a and yuman)to grind or file off on; to sharpen by grinding.
- a-yu'-mda-ska, v.a. (a and yumdaska) to make flat on. ayublaska.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{m} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . (a and $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}$ mdaya) to spread out on, unroll on.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{m} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} , \mathbf{a} . (a and $\mathbf{v} \mathbf{u}$ mdaza) to burst open on, make an incision on.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{m} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . (a and $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}$ to break or crush onamdumdeća.

- to plow on, make mellow on-amdu-
- a-yu'-mni-mni-źa, v. n. to ruffle, to curl.
- a-yu'-mni-mni-źa, n. a ruffle.
- a y u' n a z i n, v. a. (a and yunazin) to cause to stand on.
- a y u' o h tal y a, adv. T. in a loose manner.
- a y u' o h ta ta, v. T. to loosen, as a noose.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. (a and yupanga) to tie up loosely on.
- $a y u' p e h a \eta$, v. a. (a and yupehan) to fold up on.
- a y u' p e m n i, v. a. (a and yupemni) to twist or turn to one side on.
- a y u' p o t a, v. a. (a and yupota)to wear out on; to tear to pieces or destroy on-amdupota.
- a y u' p s a k a, v. a. (a and yupsaka) to break or pull in two on anything, as a string.
- $a y u' p s o \eta$, v. a. $(a and yupso\eta)$ to pour out or spill on, as water.
- a-yu'-pśuŋ, v. a. (a and yupśuŋ) to pull out by the roots or extract, as teeth, on anything.
- a-yu'-pta, v. a. (a and yupta) to cut off on or pare, as a garmentamdupta.
- a y u' p t a, v. a. to answer, speak in return or opposition; to give or grant a thing when asked—amdupta, adupta, unkayuptapi; aciyupta, I answer thee; amayadupta, thou answerest me.

- a-yu'-ptan-ptan, v. a. (a and a-yus'-o, v. n. to wade after. and forth on.
- a y u' p t a n y a n, v. a. (a and | a y u' s t o, v. a. (a and yusto) yuptanyan) to turn or roll over on—amduptanyan.
- a-yu' ptu-źa, v. a. (a and yuptuźa) to crack or split on any-
- a y u' s b a, v. a. (a and yusba)ravel out or pick in pieces on.
- a y u' s b u, v. a. (a and yusbu)make a rustling or rattling noise on or over.
- a-yu'-sde-ća, v. a. (a and yusdeća) to split on.
- a-yu'-sdo-han, v. a. (a and yu-a-yu'-sdu-ta, v. a. (a and yusdohan) to drag or draw along on—amdusdohan: to run over: ćanpahmihma ayusdohanpi, wagon ran over him; literally, they dragged the wagon over him.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{d} \cdot \mathbf{u} \mathbf{t} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{a}$. (a and $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{u}$) sduta) to pull out on.
- a-yu'-ske-pa, v.a. (a and yuskepa) to make evaporate on or from.
- a y u' s k i c a, v. a. (a and yuskića) to press down tight on.
- a y u' s k i t a, v. a. (a and yuskita) to bind or bandage on.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{u}$, v. a. (a and yusku) to peel or pare off on.
- a y u' s m a k a, v. a. (a and yusmaka) to indent on.
- $a y u' s m i \eta$, $v \cdot a$. to make bareamdusmin.
- a-yu'-sna, v. (a and yusna) to ring on or over, as a bell.

- yuptanptan) to turn or roll back a-yu'-so-ta, v. a. (a and yusota) to use up or expend on.
 - smooth down on, make smooth, as hair, on the head.
 - a y u' s u t a, v. a. (a and yusuta) to make firm upon.
 - a y u' śa p a, v. a. (a and yuśapa)to blacken or defile on anything.
 - a-yu'-śda, v. a. (a and yuśda) to shave off on; to cut, as grass, to cover one with—amduśda; amihdusda, I cut on or for myself.
 - a-yu'-śdo-ka, v. a. (a and yuśdoka) to pull out on.
 - sduta) to draw or slip out on anything.
 - the a-yu'-s'e, v. n. T. to fall in drops
 - $a y u' \dot{s}' e y a$, adv. T. in a dripping manner.
 - a-yu'-śi-ća, v. a. (a and yuśića) to spoil or make bad on-amdusića.
 - a-yu'-śki-ća, v. a. (a and yuśkića) to press out on.
 - a-yu'-sko-pa, v. a. (a and yuskopa) to make twist or warp on anything.
 - $a y u' \sin a$, v. a. (a and yusina)drop or let fall on.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \hat{\mathbf{s}} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . (\mathbf{a} and $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \hat{\mathbf{s}} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$) break off a piece on.
 - a-yu'-śpi, v. a. (a and yuśpi) to pick, as fruit, on a place.
 - $a y u' \sin u$, v. a. (a and yuspu) to pick or pull off on.

- a-yu'-spu-ya, v. a. (a and yuspuya) to scratch on, when an itchy sensation is felt.
- a-yu'-stan, v. a. (a and yustan) to stop or cease from, leave off what one is doing; to let go or let alone—amdustan, adustan, unkayustanpi; amayadustan, thou hast left me.
- a-yu'-śu-źa, v.a. T. to sliver on, by twisting.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u'} \mathbf{\hat{s}} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{\hat{s}} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{\hat{z}} \mathbf{a}$, v. red. of ayusuźa.
- a-yu'-ta, v.a. to cover with earth; i. e. akata: 2. of yuta, to eat; to eat upon or in addition to: 3. T., to look at, look steadily at; amayaluta, you are looking at me.
- a-yu'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. a. (a and yutakuniśni) to destroy or bring to naught on.
- a-yu'-tan, v. (a and yutan) to touch, put the hand upon—amdutan.

 T., to mix up, as cherries and grease, to mingle.
- a-yu'-tan-in, v. a. (a and yu-tanin) to make manifest upon.
- a-yu'-te-ća, v.a. (a and yuteća) to renew upon.
- a-yu'-te-pa, v. a. (a and yutepa) to wear off on.
- a-yu'-ti-ća, v. a. (a and yutića) to scrape or paw on.
- a-yu'-ti-pa, v. a. (a and yutipa) to make cramp or draw up on.
- a-yu'-ti-tan, v.a. (a and yutitan) to pull on.
- a-yu'-to-kan, v. a. to shove away, put aside a little.

- a-yu'-spu-ya, v. a. (a and yu-|a-yu'-tpan, v. Same as ayukpan.
 - to scratch on, when an a-yu'-wa-kan, v. a. (a and yusation is felt.

 wakan) to consecrate or make sacred for—amduwakan.
 - a-yu'-wan-ka, v.a. to make fall on—amduwanka. T., ayuyunka.
 - a-yu'-wan-kan, v a. (a and yuwankan) to exalt; make high for.
 - a-yu'-wa-ste, v. a. (a and yuwaste) to make good on or for.
 - a-y u'-w e-ga, v. a. (a and yuwega) to break down on or fracture.
 - a-yu'-wi, v. a. (a and yuwi) to wrap on.
 - a-yu'-wi-6a-ka, v.a. (a and yuwicaka) to assure one; to asseverate.
 - a-yu'-win-źa, v. a. (a and yuwinźa) to bend down on.
 - a-yu'-za-mni, v. a. (a and yuzamni) to open on, set open on, as a a door; to unroll on.
 - a-yu'-ze, v. a. (a and yuze) to dip or skim out on. T. ayuge.
 - a-yu'-zi-ća, r. a. (a and yuzića) to draw or stretch on.
 - a-yu'-zuŋ-ta, v. a. (a and yu-zunta) to connect or link together on.
 - a y u' ź a ź a, v. a. (a and yuźaźa)
 to wash on
 - a y u' ź i p a, v. a. (a and yuźipa) to pinch upon.
 - a y u' ź u n, v. a. (a and yuźun) to pull out by the roots on anything.
 - a y u' ź u ź u , v. a. (a and yuźuźu) to destroy or take to pieces on.
 - a zan', adv. See azanzanka.
 - a-zan'-zan-ka, or a-za'-za-ka,

- from each other.
- a-ze', n. the breasts of a female; the udder of a cow, etc.
- a-ze'-pin-kpa, n. (aze pa and inkpa) the nipple of the breast; the teat or dug of a cow, etc.
- a-ze'-pin-tpa, n. Same as azepinkpa.
- a'-zi, v. n. to get aground or stick fast, as a boat.
- a'-zi-ki-ya, v.a. to run aground, to cause to stick-aziwakiya.
- a-zin'-ki-ya, v. a. to burn incense, make a good smell by burning, as cedar-leaves when one is sick, and in their religious ceremoniesazinwakiya.
- a-zin'-ton, v. a. to make a pleasant smell by burning leaves-azinwaton. T., azilton.
- a-zin', v. a. to suck, as a child its a-zo'-zo-ki-ya, v. a. to cause mother, or the young of mammals awazin: azin ehpeya, to leave off sucking; azin ayustankiya, to cause to leave off sucking, to wean.
- a-zin'-ki-ya, v. a. to give suck to or nurse, as a mother her childazinwakiya. T., azilkiya.
- a-zin'-ki-ye, n. a wet-nurse.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \, \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{t} \, \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{n} . to smoke upon, to burn, as incense.
- a'-zi-ya, v. a. (azi and ya) cause to get aground, to run aground, as a boat-áziwaya.

- thinly, standing at a distance | a z i' y a, v. a. (a and ziya) to make yellow on anything. See aziva
 - a-zi'-ya-han, part. becoming yellow on.
 - a'-zi-zi, v. red. of azi: azizi unyanpi, we often get aground as we go.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. (a and zuya) make war on any one, go to war against a people—azuwaya; azuwićunyanpi, we make war on them
 - a-źi'-źi, v. to whisper about a person or thing—awaźiźi, ayaźiźi.
 - a ź o', v. See aźoźo.
 - a-źo'-ki-ya or a-źog-ki-ya, v. to move the ears, as a horse.
 - $a \acute{z} \circ \eta' tka$, n. T. the kidneys.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{z}} \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{\acute{z}} \mathbf{o}, v.$ to whistle about; to call by whistling, as a dog-awaźoźo.
 - to whistle for—aźoźowakiya: nakpa aźoźokiya, to prick up the ears, as a horse.
 - $\mathbf{a'} \mathbf{\acute{z}} \mathbf{u}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . to lay up, as rice or corn on a scaffold for drying; to pile up-awaźu, unkaźupi.
 - $a \acute{z}u' ki ya$, v. a. to cause to lay up for drying.
 - a-źuŋ'-tka, n. In the kidneys: i e., paksin: this latter is applied by the Ihanktons to the fat that is on the kidneys; i. e., pakśin śin. See aźontka.

В.

- b, the second letter of the Dakota al- | ba-gan'-ga-ta, v. red. of baphabet. It has the same sound as in English.
- ba, a prefix to a class of verbs, signifying that the action is done by a sawing motion, as in cutting with a knife or saw. The place of the pronoun is immediately after the prefix. In the Titonwan dialect this prefix, with but few exceptions for the sake of euphony, is changed to wa.
- ba, v.a. to blame—waba, yaba, unbapi; maba, niba; ciba, I blame thee; wićawaba, I blame them; içiba, he blames himself—miçiba.
- ba-ćan'-ksi, v.a. (ba and ćanksi) to make angry by cutting.
- ba ce' va, v.a. (ba and ceya) make cry by cutting-bawaćeya.
- ba-ći'-ka-dan, v a. (ba and ćikadan) to shave small—bawaćikadan. T., waćikala.
- ba-ći'-stin-na, v. a. (ba and ćistinna) to make small by cuttingbawaćistinna. T., waćisćila.
- ba-ćo'-ka, va. to cut out or cut open—bawaćoka.
- ba-gam', cont. of bagapa; bagam iyeya, to take off, as the hide of an animal—bagam iyewaya. T., wa-
- ba-gan', cont. of bagata; bagan iyeya. T., wagal. VOL. VII—

- gata; to make marks, such as cuts or saws, in anything; to haggle— T., wagalgata. bawagangata.
- $ba \dot{g}a' pa$, v.a. (ba and $\dot{g}apa$) take off, as the skin of an animal, with a knife, to flay—bawagapa.
- $ba \dot{g}a' ta$, v. a. (ba and $\dot{g}ata$) to mark or cut with a knife, to carve, hack—bawagata.
- ba-go', v. a. to make marks or gashes in the flesh; to mark, carve, or engrave, with a knife, in woodbaważo, bayażo, baunżopi. wago.
- ba-ġo'-ki-ya, v. a.. to cause to carve—baġowakiya.
- ba-ha', *adj*
- ba-ha', n. a middle-aged or oldish Sometimes, but not often, applied to a woman.
- ba-ha'-i-ye-ya, v.a. to throw down or push aside. See pahaiyeya.
- ba-ha'-ka, n. an aged person.
- ba-hba', v. a. to cut off, as corn from the cob—bawahba: wabahba ohan, to boil corn that is cut off. T., wagba.
- ba-hbe'-za, v. a. (ba and hbeza) to carve, make rough with a knife bawahbeza. T., wagbeza.
- ba-hda', v. a. to take off, as tallow from entrails, with a knife—bawahda. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ wagla.

- ba-hda'-hda, v. red. of bahda. ba-hda'-ka, v. a. (ba and hdaka) to cut like the teeth of a coarse comb; to cut notches in—bawahdaka. T., waglaka.
- ba-hna', v. a. (ba and hna) to cut off, as fruit from a tree, to make fall off by cutting—bawahna. T., wagna.
- ba-hna'-śkiŋ-yaŋ, v.a. (ba and hnaśkiŋyaŋ) to make crazy or frantic by cutting or stabbing.
- ba-hna'-yan, v. a. (ba and hna-yan) to miss in attempting to strike with a knife—bawahnayan.

 T., wagnayan.
- ba-hon', v. a. to cut across, in one's flesh, or in meat of any kind; to gash or cut the flesh, as the Dakotas are accustomed to do for the dead—bawahon, bayahon, baunhonpi; bai-éihon, to cut or gash one's self—bamiéihon.
- ba-hon'-hon, v. a. red. of bahon; to cut many gashes—bawahonhon.
- ba-hun', v. a. Same as bahon.
- ba-hu'-te, v. a. (ba and hute) to cut off by the roots; to wear to a stump, as an old knife—bawahute.
- ba-hu'-te-dan, v. a. dim. of bahute; to wear out, as a knife—bawahutedan.
- ba-hu'-te-dan, part. worn out, as an old knife.
- ba-han'-hi, v. See bahanhiya.
- ba-han'-hi-ya, adv. slowly cutting: bahanhiya se ećon wo, ba-

- yalideće kta, cut slowly, or you will tear it.
- b a li é i', v. a. (ba and héi) to cut or break out notches by cutting—bawa-héi.
- ba-héi'-héi, v. red. of bahéi; to break out notches in a knife by cutting—bawahéihéi.
- b a h d a', v. a. (ba and hda) to make rattle with a knife—bawahda.
- ba-hda'-ġaŋ, v.a. (ba and hdaġaŋ) to enlarge, as a hole, by cutting around—bawahdaġaŋ. T., owahlaġaŋ.
- ba-hda'-hda, v. a. (ba and hda-hda) to make rattle by cutting—ba-wahdahda.
- ba-lida'-ya, v. a. to pare off; ha bahdaya, to peel, i. q. basku—bawahdaya. T., wahlaya.
- ba-hday-ye-dan, v. dim. of bahdaya. T., wahlayela.
- b a-h d e'-é a, v.a. to cut or break in pieces with a knife; to tear or rend in cutting—bawahdeéa. T., wahleéa.
- ba-hde'-hde-ća, v. red. of bahdeća.
- ba-hden', cont. of bahdeća: ba-hden iyeya. T., wahlel.
- ba-hdog', cont. of bahdoka: ba-hdog iyeya.
- ba-hdo'-ka, v. a. (ba and hdoka) to cut a hole in anything with a knife—bawahdoka.
- ba-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of ba-hdoka.
- ba-hpa', v. a. to cut off anything and let it fall—bawahpa.

- ba-hpu', v. a. to cut off in small pieces—bawahpu.
- ba-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of bahpu. ba-hu', v. a. to cut the hull or rind off, to peel, as an orange, with a knife—bawahu, bayahu.
- ba-hu'-hu, v. red. of bahu.
- ba-i'-&i-hon, v. reflex of bahon; to cut or gash one's self—bamiéihon.
- ba-ka', v. a. to cut or strip, as the feather from a quill; to cut off, as the ribs of an animal; to split a quill in the middle—bawaka. T., waka.
- ba-ka'-han, part. split, as the feather end of a quill.
- ba-kan', v. T. (ba and tokan) to saw or cut crookedly; to saw to one side of the mark.
- ba-kan'-yan, adv. sawed crookedlu.
- ba-ka'-tin, v. a. (ba and katin)
 to straighten with a knife, cut
 straight—bawakatin. T., wakatin.
- ba-kéa', v. a. to cut straight; to remove tangles with a knife—bawakéa. T., wakéa.
- ba-kes', cont of bakeza.
- ba-kes'-ke-za, v. red. of bakeza.
- ba-kes'-ya, part. scraping, striking and grating, as a knife that strikes the bone.
- ba-ke'-za, v. to strike a bone, cut or grate on a bone, as in cutting meat—bawakeza. T., wakeza.
- ba-ki'-ći-ġo, v. of baġo; to cut

- or carve for one—bawećigo, baunkićigopi, bamićigo, baćićigo.
- ba-ki'-ći-hon, v. of bahon; to cut or gash for one—bawećihon.
- ba-ki'-ći-hon-hon, v. red. of bakićihon.
- ba-ki'-ći-hu, v. of bahu; to cut the rind or hull off for another bawećihu.
- ba-ki'-ći-kpaŋ, v. of bakpaŋ; to cut up fine, as tobacco, for one bawećikpaŋ.
- ba-ki'-ći-ksa, v. of baksa; to cut off for one—bawećiksa, bayećiksa, bauŋkićiksapi, bamićiksa, banićiksa, baćićiksa.
- ba-ki'-ći-ksa-ksa, v. red. of bakićiksa.
- ba-ki'-ći-mda-za, v. of bamdaza; to cut open or cut lengthwise for one—bawećimdaza. T., wakićiblaza.
- ba-ki'-ći-pta, v. of bapta; to cut off or trim for one—bawećipta.
- ba-ki'-ći-sde-ća, v. a. of basdeća; to split with a knife or rip with a saw for one—bawećisdeća. T., wakićisleća.
- ba-ki'-ći-sku, v. of basku; to peel or pare for one—bawećisku.
- ba-ki'-ći-śda, v. of baśda; to cut or shave off with a knife for one—bawećiśda.
- ba-ki'-ći-śdo-ka, v. of baśdoka; to cut out, cut a hole for one; to take out a piece for—bawećiśdoka.
- ba-ki'-ći-śpa, v. of baśpa; to cut off a piece for one—bawećiśpa.

- ba-ki'-ći-śpu, v. of baśpu; to cut off something that was stuck on, for another—bawećiśpu.
- ba-ki'-ġo, v. pos. of baġo; to cut or carve one's own, engrave—bawakiġo.
- ba-ki'-hon, v. pos. of bahon; to cut or gash one's own—bawakihon.
- ba-ki'-hon-hon, v. red. of ba-kihon.
- ba-ki'-ksa, v. pos. of baksa; to cut off one's own with a knife or saw—bawakiksa and baweksa.
- ba-ki'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of bakiksa.
- ba-ki'-mde-ća, v. pos. of bamdeća; to break one's own, by attempting to cut, with a knife—bawakimdeća. T., wakibleća.
- ba-kins', cont. of bakinza: bakins iyeya.
- ba-kins'-kin-za, v. red. of ba-kinza.
- ba-kin'-za, v. a. (ba and kinza) to make a scraping, squeaking noise, with a knife or saw—bawakinza.
- ba-ki'-pta, v. pos. of bapta; to pare, cut off, or trim one's own—bawakipta.
- ba-ki'-pu-ski-ća, v. (ba and kipuskića) to clap together and make fit or adhere by shaving—bawakipuskića.
- ba-ki'-pu-skin, cont. of bakipuskića: bakipuskin iyeya.
- ba-ki'-sde-ća, v. pos. of basdeća; to split or rip, as a board or stick, with a knife or saw—bawakisdeća. T., wakisleća.

- ba-ki'-sde-sde-ća, v. red. of bakisdeća.
- ba-ki'-sku, v. pos. of basku; to pare one's own, as an apple or potato—bawakisku.
- ba-ki'-śda, v. pos. of baśda; to cut off and make bare, as in cutting one's own grass, with a knife—bawakiśda.
- b a k i' \acute{s} d a \acute{s} d a , v. red. of ba-ki \acute{s} da.
- ba-ki'-śki-ta, v. pos. of baśkita; to cut across on one's own bawakiśkita.
- ba-ki'-śpa, v. pos. of baśpa; to cut off a piece from one's own—bawakiśpa.
- ba-ki'-śpa-śpa, v. red. of ba-kiśpa.
- ba-ki'-śpu, v. pos. of baśpu; to cut up one's own in pieces—bawa-kiśpu.
- ba-ki'-śpu-śpu, v. red. of bakiśpu.
- ba-kon'-ta, v. a. (ba and konta) to dig out with a knife, to hollow or groove—bawakonta.
- ba-kon'-tkon-ta, v. red. of bakonta; to make in grooves or ridges bawakontkonta: éan bakontkonta, a wash-board.
- ba-kpa', v. a. to cut off, cut from; to cut out or cut into—bawakpa: ista bakpa, to cut out the eye, make blind. T., wakpa.
- ba-kpaŋ', v. a. (ba and kpaŋ) to cut up fine with a knife, as tobacco—bawakpaŋ, bayakpaŋ, bauŋkpaŋpi.

ba-kpan'-kpan, v. red. of ba-kpan.

ba-kpi', v.a. to cut open, as a nut, with a knife; to crack with a knife, as a louse—bawakpi.

ba-kpi'-kpi, v. red. of bakpi.

ba-ksa', v. a. (ba and ksa) to cut off, as a stick, with a knife or saw; to separate anything by cutting crosswise—bawaksa, bayaksa, baunksapi. T., waksa.

ba-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of baksa; to cut off in several places, cut in pieces, with a knife or saw—bawaksaksa. T., waksaksa.

ba-kśiś, cont. of bakśiźa: bakśiś iyeya.

ba-kśi'-źa, v. a. (ba and kśiźa) to shut up, as a knife-blade, when in the act of cutting—bawakśiźa.

ba-ktan', v. a. (ba and ktan) to make crooked by shaving—bawaktan. ba-ktan'-ktan, v. red. of baktan.

ba-kun'-ta, v. a. Same as ba-konta.

ba-kes'-ya, part. cutting off: bakesya aya, to strip off clean, as meat from bones—bakesya amda.

ba-ke'-za, v. (ba and keza) to smooth over by shaving—bawakeza.

b a - m d a', v. a. to cut in slices, as bread—bawamda, bayamda, baunmdapi. T., wabla.

ba-mda'-mda, v. red. of bamda. ba-mda'-mda-za, v. red of bamdaza.

ba-mdas', cont. of bamdaza: ba-

mdas iyeya, to rip open—bamdas iyewaya.

ba-mda'-ska, v. a. (ba and mdaska) to make dull or flat on the edge, as a knife, by shaving—bawamdaska.

b a - m d a s' - m d a - z a, v. red. of bamdaza.

b a - m d a' - y a, v. a. (ba and mdaya) to make flat with a knife, to shave off lumps, etc.—bawamdaya.

ba-mda'-za, v.a. (ba and mdaza) to rip open, cut open lengthwise, as in butchering an animal—bawa-mdaza.

ba-mde'-ća, v. a. to break, as brittle ware, with a knife—bawamdeća.

ba-mde'-mde-ća, v. red. of bamdeća.

b a - m d e n', cont. of bamdeća: bamden iyeya. T., wablel.

ba-mna', v. a to rip, as a seam, with a knife—bawamna, baunmnapi.

ba-mna'-mna, v. red. of bamna. ba-ni', v.a. to shake in cutting, as jelly; to cut off, as the fastenings of a skin stretched up; to rip—bawani. T., wani.

ba-ni'-ni, v. red. of bani.

ba-o'-po, v. a. to push in with a knife, make a hole in—bawaopo.

ba-o'-ze-ze, v. a. to cut nearly off with a knife and let swing—bawaozeze.

ba-o'-ze-ze-ya, v. a. to cause to cut in strips or dangles—baozezewaya.

- ba-pa'-ko, v. a (ba and pako) to cut or saw crooked—bawapako.
- ba-pe', v. a. (ba and pe) to sharpen with a knife—bawape.
- ba-pe'-mni, v. a. (ba and pemni) to make crooked or twisted by shaving—bawapemni. T., wapemni.
- ba-pe'-mni-yan, part. shaved twisting.
- ba-pe'-sto, v. a. (ba and pesto) to shave to a point—bawapesto.
- ba-pon', cont. of bapota; bapon iyeya, to rip up or destroy with a knife.
- ba-po'-ta, v.a. to destroy by cutting; to cut to pieces, as in cutting up a tent—bawapota, baunpotapi.
- ba-po'-tpo-ta, v. red. of bapota.

 T., wapolpota.
- ba-psag', cont. of bapsaka; bapsag iyeya, to cut off suddenly with a knife, as a string.
- ba-psa'-ka, v. a. to cut off, as a string or cord, with a knife—bawa-psaka, baunpsakapi.
- ba-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of bapsaka.
- ba-pśuŋ', v. a. (ba and pśuŋ) to cut round a joint, to joint with a knife—bawapśuŋ.
- ba-pśuŋ'-pśuŋ, v. red. of ba-pśuŋ.
- ba-pta', v. a. to cut off a piece, trim off the edge of anything; to cut out, as a garment; to cut through bawapta, baupptapi: baptapi se, as it were cut off or trimmed; bapta

- iyeya, to trim off with a stroke. T., wapta.
- ba-pta'-pta, v. red. of bapta. ba-pte'-će-dan, v. a. (ba and ptećedan) to cut short, cut too short—
- ba-ptem', n. baptism. This form was introduced from the French.

bawaptećedan.

T., waptećela.

- ba-ptem'-ku, v. a. to give baptism, baptize—baptem waku: baptem čiću, I baptize you.
- ba-pti'-sma, n. baptism. This form is used by the Episcopal mission, and is the preferable form. It is now proposed to use the verb econ instead of ku: baptisma ecacicon, I do for you baptism, or I do to you baptism. Also written baptizma.
- ba-pti'-zo, v. to baptize, introduced from the Greek. According to analogy, the pronoun should be inserted after the ba; but the Messrs. Pond in using it have prefixed the pronouns.
- ba-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of baptuźa.
- ba-ptuś, cont. of baptuźa: baptuś iyeya, to cause to crack suddenly with a knife—baptuś iyewaya.
- b a p t u' ź a , v. a. to crack or partly split with a knife—bawaptuźa.
- b a s d e' é a , v. a. to saw, to slit or rip up, by sawing—bawasdeća, baunsdećapi. T., wasleća.
- ba-sden', cont. of basdeća; basden iyeya, to split with a knife or saw.
- it were cut off or trimmed; bapta ba-sde'-sde-ca, v. red. of ba-

sdeća; to saw up, as a log, into boards—bawasdesdeća, baunsdesdećapi. T., waslesleća.

ba-sde'-sden, cont. of basdesdeća. ba-sdi', v.a. to press out with a knife or by cutting—bawasdi.

ba-sdi'-sdi, v. red. of basdi.

ba-sdi'-tka, v.a. to cut to a point, make taper—bawasditka.

ba-ski'-ća, v. a. to press out with a knife—bawaskića. T., waskića. ba-skin', cont. of baskića and baskita. T., waskil.

ba-ski'-ta, v. a. to press upon with a knife—bawaskita.

ba-sku', v. a. to pare or shave off, as the skin of a potato or apple, and as flesh from a hide—bawasku, baunskupi. T., wasku.

ba-sku'-sku, v. red. of basku. ba-sma'-ka, v. a. (ba and smaka) to indent or make a hollow place by cutting with a knife—bawasmaka.

ba-smin, v. a. to cut or shave off clean, as meat from a bone—bawasmin, baunsminpi.

ba-smin'-na, v. dim. of basmin. ba-smin'-smin, v. red. of basmin; to pare the meat off clean and smooth from the bones—bawasminsmin.

ba-smin'-yan, part. cutting off smoothly.

ba-so', v.a. to cut or pare around the edge; to cut off a string—bawaso. T., waso.

ba-so'-so, v. red. to cut into strings. T., wasoso. ba-śda', v. a. (ba and śda) to make bare by cutting with a knife; to shave or scrape off, as the hair from a hide—bawaśda, baunśdapi.

ba-śda'-śda, v. red. of baśda.

ba-śdog, cont. of baśdoka; baśdog iyeya.

ba-śdo'-ka, v. a. (ba and śdoka) to cut a hole in, to cut out a piece, cut out, as an eye; to cut loose something that is fast in, etc.—bawaśdoka.

ba-śdo'-śdo-ka, v. red. of baśdoka.

ba-śi'-ća, v. a. (ba and śića) to spoil by cutting—bawaśića.

ba-śi'-ća-ho-wa-ya, v. a. (ba and śićahowaya) to cause to cry out by cutting—bawaśićahowaya.

ba-śi'-htin, v. a. (ba and śihtin)
to enfeeble by cutting—bawaśihtin.
T., waśihtin, to do poorly with knife
or saw.

ba-śi'-kśi-ća, v. red. of baśića. ba-śim', cont. of baśipa; baśim iyeya. T., waśib.

ba-śim'-śi-pa, v. red. of baśipa. ba-śi'-pa, v. a. to cut off, as a branch from a tree, to prune; to cut off, as a pin, with a knife—bawaśipa. T., waśipa.

ba-śki'-ća, v. a. to squeeze by cutting; to press out, as water from a cloth, with a knife; to scrape out—bawaskića.

ba-śkin', cont. of baśkića and baśkita; baśkin iyeya. T., waśkil.

ba-śki-śki-ća, v. red. of baśkića. ba-śki'-śki-ta, v. red. of ba-1śkita; to cut much, gash-bawaśkiśkita.

ba-śki'-ta, v. a. to cut across, gash; i. q. bahon—bawaskita,

ba-śku', v. a. to cut off, as corn from the cob—bawasku, baunthat is cut off

ba-śku'-śku, v. red. of baśku. ba-śpa', v. a. (ba and śpa) to cut off a piece, cut up-bawaspa, baunśpapi: baśpa iyeya.

to cut into many pieces, as meatbawaspaspa.

• ba-śpi', v. a. to cut off, as fruit from a tree—bawaśpi.

ba-śpi-śpi, v. red. of baśpi.

ba-śpu', v. a. to cut up, cut into pieces; to rip, as a seam, to rip up, cut, as in ripping—bawaspu.

ba-śpu'-śpu, v. red. of baśpu; ba-za'. See yubaza. to cut up into pieces—bawaśpuśpu.

ba-ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. a. (ba and takuniśni) to cut to pieces, destroy by cutting-bawatakuniśni.

ba-tan'-ka, v. a. (ba and tanka) | ba-za'-pa, v. a. to skin, cut off; to to cut large—bawatanka.

ba-tan'-ka-ya, adv. cut large. ba-tem', cont. of betepa; batem iyeya. T., wateb.

ba-tem'-ya, adv. cut short.

ba-te'-pa, v. a. to shorten by cutting off at the end with a knife, to cut short—bawatepa. T., watepa.

ba-tkon'-ta, v. See bakonta, which is the proper form.

ba tpa', v. a. Same as bakpa. ba-tpan', v. a. Same as bakpan.

ba tpan'-tpan, v. red. of batpan.

ba-tpi', v. Same as bakpi.

ba-tpu', v. a. to cut a very little off, cut fine—bawatpu.

skupi: wabasku ohe, to boil corn ba-tpu'-tpu, v. red. of batpu; to cut up fine—bawatputpu.

> ba-tu'-ka, v. a. to cut off, as fur or hair; to destroy, as furs, by cutting—bawatuka. T., watuka.

ba-tu'-ka-ka, v. red. of batuka. ba-śpa'-śpa, v. red. of baśpa; ba-tu'-tka, v. a. (ba and tutka) to cut up into crumbs-bawatutka. T., watutka, to cut into bits or scraps, to whittle.

> ba-ta', v. a. (ba and ta) to kill with a knife-bawata.

> ba-wi'-ći-śni-yan, v. ćiśniyan iyeya, to run the knife out of the right course in cutting.

ba-zam', cont. of bazapa; bazam iyeya. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, wazab.

ba-zam'-za-pa, v. red. of bazapa.

cut, as meat for drying—bawazapa.

ba-za'-za, v. to cut into fringe.

ba-za'-za, adv. in dangles; i. q. kasbupi.

ba-źag'-źa-ta, v. red. of baźata. b a - ź a n', cont. of baźata. T., waźal.

ba-źan'-ya, v. a. to cause to cut forked, make forked—baźanwaya.

 $ba-\acute{z}an'-\acute{z}a-ta$, v. red. of baźata. T., ważalżata.

ba-źa'-ta, v. a. (ba and źata) cut into a fork, make forked—bawa-

 $ba - \acute{z}u' - \acute{z}u$, v.a. (ba and $\acute{z}u\acute{z}u$) cut to pieces, cut up, as an animal bawaźuźu.

bdo, n. potatoes; more commonly written mdo.

bdo-ke'-tu, n. summer. See mdoketu, which is the more common pronunciation.

b d o' - k i - t a, v. n. to be tired; i. q. mdokita.

be, v. n. to hatch, as fowls. Same as man.

beś, intj. signifying strong affirmation, and surprise that it should be doubted. John vi, 42.

Be- \pm de'-ke, n. p. the Fox Indians. be-yan'-ke-ća, v. n. (be and) yankeća) to remain at home and keep house, as an old man does bemankeća, benankeća.

bla-bla'-ta, n. T. rolling prairie, hills and levels; i. q. mdamdata. bla'-ska, adj. T. Same as mdaska.

bla'-ye, adj. T. level; i. q. mdaya.

ble, n. T. a lake. Same as mde. blo, n. T. Same as mdo.

blo-a'-li-ya, adv. T. along the

ridge.

blo-tan'-hun-ka, n. T. the leader of a war party.

blo-way'-źi-la, n. T. a divide, a single upland plain between streams.

bo, a prefix to verbs, signifying | bo-ga'-ga, v. n. to shoot out in

that the action is done by shooting, punching, pounding with the end of a stick, or by blowing. It is also used when the action of rain is expressed. The pronoun's place is after the prefix. In the Titonwan dialect this prefix is uniformly wo.

bo-a'-kan-hi-yu-ya, v. a. to cause to rise to the top, as scum or froth, by shooting in, as in water boakanhiyuwaya. T., woakanlhiyuya.

bo-a'-śda-ya, v. a. (bo and aśdaya) to make bare, lay open or expose by shooting in: boasdaya iyeya.

bo-ćan'-ćan, v. a. (bo and ćancan) to make tremble by shooting bowaćanćan.

bo-ćeg', cont. of boćeka; boćeg iyeya.

bo-ćeg'-ya, adv. staggeringly.

bo-će'-ka, v. a. to make stagger by shooting or punching—bowaćeka. bo-će'-kće-ka, v. red. of boćeka.

b o - 6 o' - k a, v. a. (bo and 60ka) empty by shooting in anything, to make a great hole in—bowaćoka.

bo-ćo'-ka-ka, v. red. of boćoka. $b \circ - c \circ - z \circ a$, v. a. (bo and $c \circ z \circ a$) make warm by punching.

bo-\(\chi\)o', v. a. to churn—bowa\(\chi\)o, bounçopi.

 $b \circ - c \circ - c \circ , v.$ red. of boco.

bo-ga', adv. spreading out, spraddling: boga se nažinpi.

the branches of a tree. T., yuġaġa.

 $bo-\dot{g}a'-\dot{g}a-ya$, adv. spraddled, as a tree-top when cut down; shooting out from a center.

bo-ga'-ya, adv. shooting out from a point. T, yugaya.

bo-ha', v. boha iyeya, to shoot or punch over.

bo-ha'-ha-ye-dan, v. to make totter by shooting or punching.

bo-hba', v. a. to shell off by shooting or punching—bowahba.

bo-hda', v. a. to uncoil or make roll out, as in blowing entrailsbowahda. T., wogla.

bo-hda'-kin-yan (bo and hdakinyan) bohdakinyan iyeya, to cause to glance, as a bullet. woglakinyan.

bo-hin', cont. of bohinta; bohin iyeya, to sweep all off, as men in a battle-field; to blow away.

bo-hin'-gla, v. n. T. to rush, to break and run—bomahingla, etc.

bo-hin'-hpa-ya, v. a. fall by shooting or punching. wohinhpaya.

bo-hip'-ta, v. a. to sweep off by shooting, as men in a battle-field; to blow away—bowahinta.

bo-hna', v. a. to shoot off, as fruit from a tree—bowahna. T., wogna.

bo-hna'-śkin-yan, v. a. (bo and hnaskinyan) to make crazy or furious, as an animal, by shooting it—bowahnaskinyan. T., wognaskinyan.

different directions, as rays of light or | b o - h n a' - y a n, (bo and hnayan) to miss in shooting or striking with the end of a stick—bowahnayan. T., wognayan, to shoot to one side of.

bo-ho'-ho, v. a. to shake or loosen by shooting—bowahoho.

bo-ho'-ta, adj. short and thick, chubby; i. q. taku ptećedan tanka: bohota se.

bo-ho'-tan-in, v. a. (bo and hotanin) to make cry out by punching—bowahotanin.

bo-ho'-ton, v. a. (bo and hoton) to make bawl by shooting or punching-bowahoton.

bo-hu'-hus, cont. of bohuhuza; bohuhus iyeya. T., wohunhuns.

bo-hu'-hus-ya, part. shaken by shooting or punching,

bo-hu'-hu-za, v. a. (bo and hahuza) to shake, as a tree, by shooting it—bowahuhuza. T., wohunhuŋza.

bo-hun'-ka, v.a. T. to make fall, as an animal when shot-bowahunka. Perhaps the T. is wohunka.

bo-ha', v. a. to strike and cut or scrape along, as a flint on a pan that is too soft; to miss fire—bowaha; boha iyewaya.

bo-han'-hi-ya, part. hiya iyeya, to let off a gun when it hangs fire or "makes long fire."

bo-héi', v. a. to break out a piece by punching, as from the edge of a chisel—bowalići.

bo-héi'-héi, v. red. of bohéi.

bo-hći'-hći, n. a string of beads.

- bo-hći'-hći-ya, adv. in dangles. dangling: bohćihćiya hiyeya.
- b o h é i' y a, adv. in dangles, dangling: hiyete bohéiya, an epaulet.
- bo-hda', v. a. to make rattle by shooting—bowahda.
- bo-hda'-ġaŋ, v. a. (bo and hdaġaŋ) to enlarge by shooting—bowahdaġaŋ.
- bo-hda'-hda, v. red. of bohda.
- bo-hda'-ya, v.a. to peel off by shooting, as the bark of a tree—bowahdaya.
- bo-hde'-éa, v. a. to break in, as one's skull, by shooting or punching—bowahdeéa. T., wohleéa, to tear through by shooting, as cloth or skin.
- bo-hde'-hde-ća, v. red. of bohdeća.
- bo-hden', cont. of bohdeca; bo-hden iyeya. T., wohlel.
- bo-hdog', cont. of bohdoka: bo-hdog iyeya.
- bo-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of bohdoka
- bo-hdo'-ka, v.a. (bo and hdoka) to shoot or punch a hole in—bowahdoka. Malipiya-bolidoka, Hole-in-the-day, a celebrated Ojibwa chief.
- bo-hmin', v. a. (bo and hmin) to make a gun crooked by shooting—bowahmin.
- bo-hmin'-yan, part. crooked by shooting.
- bo-hpa', v.a. to make fall by shooting, to shoot down, as birds on the wing—bowahpa.

- b o h p a' h p a, v. red. of bohpa.
- bo-htag', v.a. cont. of bohtaka.
- bo-hta'-ka, v. a. (bo and htaka) to pound, punch, or knock with the end of anything—bowalitaka.
- bo-hu', v. a to peel off, as bark, by shooting. T., wohu, to strike and scrape along.
- bo-hu'-ġa, v. a. to break in or break open by shooting or punching—bowahuġa.
- bo-huh', cont. of bohuga; bohuh iyeya.
- bo-hu'-hu-ġa, v. red. of bohuġa. bo-i'-de, v. a. (bo and ide) to blow and make blaze, as a fire—bowaide: boide iyewaya.
- bo-i'-de-ya, v. a. to cause to make blaze by blowing—boidewaya.
- bo-i'-pa-tku-ġa, v.a. to make get into a line or row by shooting amongst—boipatkuh iyewaya. T., woipatkuġa, to shoot and make get out from others.
- bo-i'-tkon, v. a. (bo and itkon) to kindle or make burn by blowing—bowaitkon, boiuntkonpi.
- bo-i'-tpi-ska, v boitpiska ehpeya, to shoot or punch and knock over on its back.
- bo-i'-yo-was, cont. of boiyowaza; boiyowas iyeya, to make an echo by shooting.
- bo-i'-yo-wa-za, v. a. to make an echo by shooting—bowaiyowaza.
- bo-kan', v. a. to punch or shoot off—bowakan.
- bo-ka'-tin, v. a. (bo and katin)

- to make stretch or straighten out by punching—bowakatin.
- bo-ki'-ći-ćo, v. of boćo; to churn for one-bowećićo, bounkićićopi, boćićićo, bomićićo.
- bo-ki'-ći-hdo-ka, v. of bohdoka; to shoot or punch a hole for another.
- bo-ki'-ći-hpa, v. of bohpa; to shoot down something on the wing, or that is hanging up, for another—bowećihpa.
- bo-ki'-ći-kpan, v. of bokpan; to pound for one—bowecikpan.
- bo-ki'-ći-ksa, v. of boksa; shoot or punch off, as a limb or an arm, for one-bowećiksa, boyećiksa, bounkićiksapi.
- bo-ki'-ći-ksa-ksa, v. red. of | bo-ki'-ktan, v. pos. of boktan; bokićiksa.
- bo-ki'-ći-mde-ća, bomdeća; to break for another by shooting or punching—bowecimdeća.
- bo-ki'-ći-pta, v. of bopta; to dig or pry up for one, as in digging a turnip—bowecipta.
- bo-ki'-ći-sni, v. of bosni; blow out, as a candle, for one; to blow and cool for another, as hot food-bowećisni.
- bo-ki'-ći-so-ta, v. of bosota; to kill all off for one by shooting as cattle—bowećisota.
- bo-ki'-ći-śdo-ka, v. of bośdoka; to shoot off a gun for onebowećiśdoka, bomićiśdoka.

- miss in shooting for one—boweciśna.
- bo-ki'-ći-śpa, v. of bośpa; to shoot off a piece for one; to shoot for one and relieve from danger, as from a wild animal: wićasta wan wahanksića bowećiśpa, I delivered a man from a bear by shooting itbowećiśpa.
- bo-ki'-ći-we-ġa, v. of boweġa; to break, but not entirely off, for one, by shooting or punching-bowećiwega.
- bo-ki'-ksa, v. pos. of boksa; to break in two one's own by shooting or punching—bowakiksa.
- bo-ki'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of bokiksa.
- to crook one's own by shooting, as one's arrow—bowakiktan.
- bo-ki'-mde-ća, v. pos. of bomdeća; to break one's own by pounding or shooting—bowakimdeća. T., wokibleća.
- bo-ki'-mde-mde-ća, v. of bokimdeća
- bo-ki'-mden, cont. of bokimdeća; bokimden iyeya. T., wokiblel.
- bo-ki'-nu-kan, v. a. (bo and kito separate by shooting: nukan) bokinukan iyeya.
- bo-kin'-ća, v. a. to scrape or scratch in shooting. T., wokinća; red., wokintkinća.
- bo-ki'-po-wa-ya, v. bopowaya.
- bo-ki'-ći-śna, v. of bośna; to | bo-ki'-pu-ski-ća, v. a. (bo and

- kipuskića) to drive up close together, by punching, shooting, or raining on—bowakipuskića.
- bo-ki'-pu-skin, cont. of bokipuskića: bokipuskin iyeya.
- bo'-ki-sa-pa, v. (bo and kisapa) to shoot into snow, and make the bare ground appear; to rain on, as on snow, and make the ground bare.
- bo-ki'-śda, v. pos. of bośda; to injure or lay bare by shooting—bowakiśda.
- bo-ki'-śda-ya, v. a. to make bare or expose by shooting—bowakiśdaya.
- bo-ki'-śde-ća, v. pos. of bośdeća; to split off a piece from one's own by shooting or punching—bowakiśdeća.
- bo-ki'-śdo-ka, v. pos. of bosdoka; to shoot or punch a hole in one's own, shoot off one's own gun; to blow out and make clear, as a tube-bowakiśdoka
- bo-ki'-śna, v. pos of bośna; to miss in attempting to shoot one's own bowakiśna.
- shoot off a piece from one's own bowakiśpa.
- bo-ko'-ka, v. a. to make rattle by shooting or punching—bowakoka.
- $b \cdot o k \cdot o' k \cdot e d \cdot a \cdot \eta$, v. a. (bo and kokedan) to make active or restless by shooting or punching—bowakokedan. T., wokokela, to make rattle, by shooting in.
- bo-kpa', v. a. (bo and kpa) to

- shoot out, punch out-bowakpa: ista bokpa, to make blind; bokpa iyeya.
- bo-kpan', v. pos. of bopan; to 'pound one's own, pound fine, as in a mortar, with a pestle; to shoot to pieces—bowakpan, boyakapan, bounkpanpi.
- bo-kpan'-kpan, v. red. of bokpan.
- bo-kpi', v. a. to crack by punching—bowakpi.
- $b \circ -k \circ a'$, v. a. (bo and ksa) to break off by punching or shooting, as a stick, limb, etc.—bowaksa.
- bo-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of boksa; · to break off in many places by shooting—bowaksaksa.
- bo-kśe'-ća, v. a. to shoot and make keel over—bowakśeća. T., wokśeća, to shoot and make double up.
- bo-kśeń, cont. of bokśeća; bokśen iyeya. T., wokśel.
- bo-ktan', v. a. (bo and ktan) bend or make bend by punching—bowaktan.
- bo-kte', v. a. (bo and kte) to kill by punching—bowakte.
- bo-ki'-spa, v. pos. of bospa; to bo-ku'-ka, v. a. (bo and kuka) to shoot or punch all to pieces.
 - bo-ke'- $\dot{g}a$, v.a. to snap, as a gun; to miss fire, as in firing off a gun; to scrape, as a gun missing fire bowakega.
 - bo-keh', cont. of bokega: bokeh hiphda, to go off after a long time; bokeh iyaya, to hang fire, as a gun.
 - bo-keh'-ya, part. missing fire, as a gun.

- bo-mda', v. a. to shoot or punch off bo-na'-sun-sun, v. a piece—bowamda. T., wobla. struggle by shooting:
- bo-mdas', cont. of bomdaza; bo-mdasiyeya.
- bo-mda'-ska, v. a. (bo and mdaska) to flatten by punching; to flatten by shooting, as in shooting a bullet against a stone—bowamdaska: bomdaska iyeya.
- bo-mda'-ya, v.a. (bo and mdaya) to spread out by blowing or punching—bowamdaya.
- bo-mda'-za, v.a. to tear open by shooting, as the bowels of an animal—bowamdaza.
- b o-m d e'-é a, v. a. to break in pieces by striking with a pestle, or by shooting—bowamdeéa. T., wobleéa.
- b o m d e' m d e é a, v. red. of bomdeća.
- bo-mden', cont. of bomdeća; bomden iyeya. T., woblel.
- bo-mdu', v. a. (bo and mdu) to pound up fine, crush—bowamdu.
- b o m d u', v. n. to blow in fine particles, drift, as snow, to blow about, as dust; to boil up, as water in a spring: bomdu hiyu; bomdu iyeya; wa bomdu, the snow is blown about. T., woblu.
- bo-mdu'-mdu, v. red. of bomdu. bo-mdu'-ya, part. blowing up, as the wind blows dust or snow.
- bo-mni'-ga, va. to full up, as cloth, by pounding, to cause to full up—bowamniga.
- bo-mnih', cont. of bomniga; bo-mnih' iyeya.

- bo-na'-sun-sun, v. to make struggle by shooting: bonasunsun iyeya.
- bo-ni', v. a. (bo and ni) to resuscitate by blowing—bowani; boni iyewaya.
- bo-ni'-ni, v. a. to wake up by punching—bowanini.
- bo-ni'-ya, v. a. (bo and niya) to resuscitate by blowing—bowaniya.
- bo-o'-han-ko, v.a. (bo and olianko) to make lively by punching or shooting—bowaohanko.
- bo-o'-hpa, v. a. to break in, as the skull, by shooting or punching—bowaohpa.
- bo-o'-ksa, v.n to break off in, as the bank of a river: booksa iyewaya.
- bo-o'-ktan, v. a. to bend into by punching—bowaoktan.
- bo-o'-ktan-yan, v. n. to become crooked, as an arrow, by being shot into anything: booktanyan iyeya.
- b.o-o'-ze-ze, v. a. to shoot almost off and let swing—bowaozeze.
- bo-o'-ze-ze-ya, adv. shot almost off and swinging; boozezeya ehpeya, to make swing by shooting.
- bo-pa', v. a. to pound, as hominy in a mortar, with a pestle—bowapa, boyapa, bounpapi.
- bo-pa'-ko, v. a. (bo and pako) to knock crooked, by shooting or punching—bowapako.
- bo-pan', v. a. to pound fine, as corn in a mortar—bowapan, bounpanpi.

- bo-pan'-pan, v. red. of bopan. bo-pan'-pan-na, v. a. (bo and panpanna) to pound soft with the end of a stick—bowapanpanna.
- bo-pe'-mni, v. a (bo and pemni) to turn aside or twist by blowing or shooting.
- bo-pe'-mni-yan, part. twisting or turning aside by blowing or shooting.
- bo-pe'-sto, v. (bo and pesto) to sharpen by punching.
- b o p o' t a, v. a. (bo and pota) to shoot or punch to pieces, destroy by shooting—bowapota.
- bo-po'-tpo-ta, v. red. of bopota. T., wopolpota.
- bo-po'-wa-ya, v. a. (bo and powaya) to make soft by blowing up, as nap or fur, also by striking with the finger—bowapowaya.
- bo-psag', cont. of bopsaka; bopsag iyeya.
- bo-psa'-ka, v. a. (bo and psaka) to break off, as a cord, by shooting or punching—bowapsaka, bouppsakapi.
- bo-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of bopsaka.
- bo-pta', v. a. to punch or dig with the end of anything: tipsinna bopta, to dig turnips—bowapta, boyapta, bounptapi.
- bo-ptan'-yan, v.a. (bo and ptanyan) to make glance off, in shooting; to make turn over by shooting, as a boat—bowaptanyan. T., woptanyan.
- bo-pta'-pta, v. red. of bopta.

- bo-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of boptuźa.
- pappanna) to pound soft with the bo-ptuś, cont. of boptuśa; boptuś end of a stick—bowapanpanna. iyeya.
 - b o p t u' ź a, v. a. to split or crack by shooting, pounding or punching bowaptuźa. T., woptuźa.
 - bo-pu'-ski-ća, v. a. (bo and puskića) to ram in tight—bowapuskića.
 - bo-pu'-skin, cont. of bopuskića; bopuskin iyeya. T., wopuskil.
 - bo-sdan', adv. cont. of bosdata; upright, straight up: bosdan nazin, to stand erect. T., woslal.
 - bo-sda'-ta, adv. on end, erect, perpendicularly.
 - bo-sda'-tu, n. height, perpendicularity. See obosdatu.
 - bo-sda'-tu, adv. perpendicularly.
 - bo-sda'-tu-dan, adv. straight up. T., woslalhan.
 - bosda'-tu-dan-hin, adv. exactly perpendicular.
 - bo-sda'-tu-ya, adv. perpendicularly.
 - bo-sde'-ća, v. a. to split by shooting or punching—bowasdeća.
 - bo-sden', cont. of bosdeća; bosden iyeya. T., woslel.
 - b o s d e' s d e ϵ a, v. red. of bosde ϵ a.
 - bo-sdi', v. a. to push down in, as in churning; to squirt—bowasdi.
 - bo-skan', v. n. to cause to melt and flow off, as rain does snow.
 - bo-ski'-ća, v. a. to press down tight by pounding—bowaskića.

- bo-skin', cont. of boskića; boskin | bo-śag'-ya, part. iveya. T., woskil.
- bo-sna', v. a. (bo and sna) make ring by shooting; said also of the noise made by the falling of leaves which have been shot down—bowasna.
- bo-sna'-sna, v. red. of bosna. bo-sni', v. a. (bo and sni) to extinguish, blow out, as a candle; to cool by blowing-bowasni, bounsnipi.
- bo-sni', v. n. to put out, as rain does fire on the prairie.
- bo-sni'-sni, v. red. of bosni.
- bo-son', cont. of bosota; boson iyeya. T., wosol.
- bo-son'-so-ta, v. red. of bosota. bo-so'-ta, v. a (bo and sota) to kill all off, use all up by shootingbowasota, boyasota, bounsotapi. T., wosota.
- bo-so'-tso-ta, v. red. of bosota. bo-spa'-ya, v. n. (bo and spaya) to wet by raining on.
- bo-stan'-ka, v. (bo and stanka) to moisten by raining on.
- bo-su'-ksu-ta, v. red. of bosuta.
- bo-su'-ta, v. (bo and suta) make hard by punching or ramming; to make hard by raining on-bowasuta, bounsutapi.
- bo-śag, cont. of bośaka.
- bo-śag-śag-ya, part. bośagya.
- bo-śag'-śa-ka, v. red. of bośaka.

- shooting with too little force.
- bo-śa'-ka, v. a. to shoot with too little force to penetrate—bowaśaka.
- bo-śda', v. a. (bo and śda) make bare by shooting, shoot off, as hair, etc.—bowaśda.
- bo-śde'-ća, v. a. to split off a little piece by shooting or punching bowaśdeća.
- bo-śden', cont. of bośdeća: bośden iyeya. T., woślel.
- bo-śde'-śde-ća, v. red. of bośdeća.
- bo-śdog', cont. of bośdoka; bośdog iyeya.
- bo-śdo'-ka, v. a. to fire off a gun, shoot out a load; to blow out, clear out by blowing, as a tube-bowaśdoka, bounśdokapi.
- $bo-\dot{s}do'-\dot{s}do-ka$, v. red. of bośdoka.
- bo-śdun', cont. of bośduta; bośdun iyeya, to make glance, as a bullet. T., woślul.
- bo-śdu'-ta, v. n. (bo and śduta) to glance, as a bullet.
- bo- \sin - \cos a, v. a. (bo and \sin a) to injure or spoil by shooting or punching—bowaśića.
- bo-śi-ća-ho-wa-ya, v. a. (bo śića and howaya) to make cry out by shooting or punching.
- red. of bo-śim', cont. of bośipa; bośim iyeya. T., wośib.
 - | bo-śim'-śi-pa, v. red. of bośipa.

branch or anything projecting from another body—bowasipa.

bo-śki, v. a. to pound, as corn not well dried—bowaśki.

bo- $\pm k i'$ - $\pm c a$, v. a. to squeeze out by ramming—bowaśkića.

bo-śkin, cont. of bośkića; bośkin iyeya. T., wośkil.

bo-sna', v. a. to miss in shooting, miss the mark—bowaśna, bounśnapi.

bo-śna-śna, v. red. of bośna.

bo-śna'-ya, v. a. (bośna and ya) to cause to miss—bośnawaya.

bo-spa, v. a. to punch or shoot off a piece—bowaśpa.

bo-śpa'-śpa, v. red. of bośpa; to shoot or punch to pieces—bowaśpaśpa.

bo-spa'-ya, part. shot or punched

bo-śpi', v. a. to shoot off, as fruit bowaśpi.

bo-śpi-śpi, v. red. of bośpi.

bo-spu', v. a. to shoot off a piece, to break or crack off by punching or shooting—bowaśpu.

bo-śpu'-śpu, v. red. of bośpu; to punch to pieces, as a cake of tallow—bowaśpuśpu.

bo-śuś, cont. of bośuźa; bośuś

bo-śu'-śu-źa, v. red. or bośuźa. bo-śu'-źa, v. a (bo and śuźa) to crush by punching; to crush or mash up, as a bullet does bones— | bo-tin'-yan, adv. stiffly. bowaśuźa.

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bo-si'-pa, v. a. to shoot off, as a bo ta', v bota iyeya, to blow off; i. q. bohin iyeya.

> bo-ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. a. (bo and takuniśni) to destroy by punching or shooting; to shoot all to pieces; to carry off, as rain does snow—bowatakuniśni.

> $bo-ta\eta'$, v. a.to pound, as in washing clothes.

> bo-tan'-ki-ya, v. a. (botan and kiya) to cause to pound—botanwakiya.

> bo-ta'-ta, v. a. to knock or shake off by striking, as in cleaning dust from clothes—bowatata.

> bo-t'a'-t'a, v. a. to make dull, as a pestle, by pounding in a mortar, or as an arrow, by shooting

> bo-tem', cont. of botepa; botem iyeya, to wear off, as the point of an arrow. T., woteb.

> bo-te'-pa, v. a. (bo and tepa) wear off short, as an arrow, by shooting—bowatepa.

> bo-ti'-ća, v. a. to grab or snatch away a part. T., wotića, to make spatter out, as mud, by shooting.

> bo-tin, cont. of botica; botin iyeya bo-tin', v. n. to stand upright, be stiff

> bo-tin', adj. stiff, standing up, as horses' ears.

> bo-tin'-tin, adj. red. of botin; stiff, standing up.

> bo-tin'-tin-yan, adv. red. of botinyan.

bo-tku'-ġa, v.a. (bo and tkuġa)

to shoot off square, as a stick, to: shoot and break partly off; to strike T., wotkuġa.

bo-tkuh', cont. of botkuga.

bo-to', v. a. to knock or pound on anything—bowato. See iboto. T., to miss fire, as a gun, because of faulty loading, or a poor cartridge. bo-to'-ka, adj. pounded off short,

short.

bo-to'-kan, v. a. (bo and tokan) to make change places by shooting atbowatokan.

bo-to'-ke-ća, v. a. (bo and tokeća) to alter or make different by punching or shooting.

bo-ton', v.n.to be unable to see, to grope about: boton waun.

bo-t'on', v. n. to shoot well—bo-

bo-ton'-ton, v. red. of boton; to grope about, said when one's eyes are very sore.

bo-ton'-yan, adv. in a groping manner.

bo-to'-to, v. red. of boto.

bo-tpa', v. a. to shoot into, as into an eye; to shoot through: botpa iyeya.

bo-tpan', v. a. Same as bokpan. bo-tpi', v. a. to shoot into-bowatpi.

bo-tpi'-tpi, v. red. of botpi.

bo-tu'-ka, v. a. to spoil, as the fur of an animal, by shooting—bowatuka.

bo-tu'-ka-ka, v. red. of botuka; to spoil or hurt by shooting; to make smart by shooting—bowatukaka. T., i. q., wokintkinća.

and crack, as a plate—bowatkuġa. bo tu'-ka-ka-ka, v.a. to make smart or feel pain by shooting-bowatukakaka.

> bo-tu'-tka, v. a. (bo and tutka) to shoot or punch off pieces—bowatutka.

bo-ta', v. a. (bo and ta) to kill by punching or shooting; to strike so as to endanger life, to stun-bowata; bota iyewaya; boićita, to stun one's self by shooting; to shoot and kill one's self-bomicita; mini bota, to drown one out, as when the water leaks through the roof. See ibota.

bo-tins', cont. of botinza; botins iyeya.

bo-tins'-tin-za, v. red. of botinza

bo-tins'-ya, adv. tightly.

bo-tin'-za, v. a. (bo and tinza) to tighten, make tight by punching; to blow up tight, as a bladder-bowatinza.

bo-tin'-za, v. n. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ wotinza; ćaga wotinza, the ice is firm.

bo-toś, cont. of botoźa.

bo-to'-źa, v. a. to make short or blunt by shooting—bowatoźa.

bo-wa'-ni-ća, v. a. (bo and wanića) to shoot or punch to nothing.

bo-wa'-nin, cont. of bowanića; bowanin iyeya, to shoot to pieces, destroy by shooting.

bo-we'-ġa, v. a to break, but not off, by shooting—bowawega, boyawega, bounwegapi.

bo-weh', cont. of bowega; boweh | bo-źa'-ta, v. a. (bo and źata)

bo-weh'-we- $\dot{g}a$, v. red. of boweġa.

b o - w e h' - y a, part. broken by shooting, but not entirely off: bowehya yanka.

bo-wo'-tin-za, v. a. T., wowotinza, to ram down tight in: i. q., bopuskića.

b o - y a', adj. boya se, ragged, dangling.

bo-ya'-ya, n. T., woyaya, a bunch, a skein: śipto woya yamni, three bunches of beads.

bo-za', v. boza hiphda, to start up all at once, as a company on hearing some startling intelligence

bo-zan', v.a. to shoot well, to shoot so as to kill—bowazan. T., wozan, to shoot in the heart or vital part; bu-ya'-ken, adv. to stun.

mist. T., miniwozan.

bo-źag'-źa-ta, v. red. of boźata.

make forked by punching, as a turnipdigger—bowaźata.

 $bo-\acute{z}a'-\acute{z}a$, v. n. to wash, as the rain does.

 $bo-\acute{z}u'-\acute{z}u$, v. a. (bo and $\acute{z}u\acute{z}u$) to break to pieces or destroy by shooting: to knock or punch to pieces; to break, as the rain does ice—bowaźuźu.

bu, v.n. to make a noise; to low, as a cow. See kabu, nabu, etc.

bu-bu' v. red. of bu.

bu-bu', adj. bubu se, said of one who has a large head and face. T., bubukesa.

bu-bu'-ya, adv. red. of buya; noisy, with a noise

bu-ya', adv. noisy, in the manner of lowing: buya apa, to thump or strike, making a hollow sound.

in a noisy manner. T., buyakel.

bo'-zan, n. minibozan, slow rain, bu-yeh', adv. (buya and hin) with a loud noise: buyeh hinhpaya. T., buyehćin.

Ć.

6, the third letter of the Dakota alphabet. It has the power of ch in chain.

ća, adv. when. This word is used when a general rule or something customary is spoken of, and is generally followed by ce or ece at the end of the member or sentence: yahi ća piwada će, when thou comest I am glad; waniyetu ća wapa eće,

when it is winter it snows. See eca. T., can and cannahan. In Titonwan, as a particle, it is ska and ske lo, they say.

ća, n. a step, the distance which one steps: ća nihanska, thy step is long. ća-do'-ki-mna, adv. (ćana and okimna) between the knees. Vul-

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- é a d o'-t a h e d a n, adv. (éana and otahedan) between the knees or feet. T., éanootahela.
- ća-du'-za, adj. swift, running swiftly, as water: mini ćaduza. Same as kaduza.
- ća'-e-će, adj. many, a great many. ća-e'-hde, v. n. (ća and ehde) to step, take a step—ćaewahde. T., ćaegle.
- ć a e' h d e, n. a step, a space. Pl., ćaehdepi, steps. T., ćaegle.
- ć a'- g' a, v. n. to freeze, become ice: wakpa ćaga, the river freezes.
- ća'-ġa, n. ice.
- éa-gan'-ki-ya, adv. iceward, out on the ice.
- $\acute{\mathbf{c}}$ a $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ a' \mathbf{t} a, adv. at or on the ice.
- ća- $\dot{g}u'$, n. the lungs, lights.
- Ca-gu', n. p. Burnt-thighs, the designation of a clan of Yanktons. J. P. W.
- ća-ġu', n. See ćaġuka.
- ć a g u' k a, n. a fool; i. q. waćintonśni.
- ća-hde', v. n. to step. See ćae-hde. T., ćagle.
- ća-hde'-pi, n. steps. Same as ćaehdepi.
- ćah, cont of ćaġa; ćah kun, under the ice; ćah iyaya, the ice is gone; ćah hiyaya, floating ice.
- ćah-a'-hde-dan, n. or adv. (ćaġa and ahdedan) great and sudden, spreading rapidly or widely.
 - 1. swift on glare ice.
 - 2. standing on ice seen from afar.

- 3. a snag frozen in with much ice.
- 4. the shock of putting ice on the body.
- 5. the shock of bad news.

A. L. R.

- éali-a'-ki-han, adv. said of the ice when it first became firm.
- ća-hdi, n. charcoal; gunpowder.
- ća-hdi'-o-pi-ye, n. a powdermagazine.
- ća-hdi'-o-źu-ha, n. a powderflask, powder-horn
- éa-hdi'-ti-pi, n. a powder-house.
- é a h d o' ź u h a, n. a powderhorn or flask. See ćahdioźuha.
- \acute{c} a \ddot{h} \dot{i}' \acute{c} a z o, n. T. skates.
- ća-hli', n. T. gunpowder. Same as ćahdi.
- ća-ho'-ta, n. ashes.
- ća-hta'-mna, adj. rusty, as old pork, strong smelling.
- ć a h t o' w a t a, adj. transparent, as newly formed ice. T., ćahowata.
- éah-wo'-tin, n. the cracking of ice by reason of the cold. See ofin.
- ć a' i a, v. (ćeya and ia) to talk crying—ćawaia.
- ća'-i-a-a, v. red. of ćaia.
- ća-ka', n. the palate, roof of the mouth, gills—mićaka.
- éa-ka'-ka, n. a liar; i. q. tuwe itonśni kin. T., ćakala.
- éa-ki'-éi-pa, v of éapá; to stab for one.
- ća-ki'-pa, v. pos. of ćapá; to stab one's own—ćawakipa.
- ća-ki'-yu-hu-ge, n (ćaka and iyuhuge) a fish-hook.

- 6a ksu', n. bare or smooth ice.
- éa-kśin', v. to step, bend the leg. See aćakśin.
- ćam, cont. of ćapá. See ićam.
- éa-mni', n. a sprout, a germ or bud: éamni uya, to sprout.
- 6a-na', n. the groin, inside of the thigh, the gland in the groin.
- 6 a n h a' h a -d a n, adj. (cante and hahadan) quick-tempered—canmahahadan.
- ćan-ha'-ha-ka, adj. quick-tempered, easily excited—ćanmahahaka.
- ćan-ha'-ha-ya, v. a to irritate ćanhahawaya.
- ćan-ha'-ha-ya, adv. irritably.
- can-ha'-ha-ye-dan, adv. in an excited state, irritably.
- can-i'-yu-tan-yan, n. (cante and iyutanyan) temptation.
- ć an ki'- ya, v. cont. of ćantekiya.
- éan-psag'-ya, v. a. (cante and psaka) to make sad, to grieve one—canpsagwaya.
- ćan-psag'-ya, adv. in a brokenhearted manner.
- 6 an psa'-ke-6a, adv. brokenhearted, without control over one's self.
- ćan-skem'-ya, v. a. (ćante and skepa) to make the heart melt or pass away; to disappoint—ćanskemwaya.
- can-skem'-ya, adv. in a disappointed manner.
- ćan-ske'-pa, adj. (ćante and skepa) disappointed, angry, troubled—ćanmaskepa.

- ćan-śin', cont. of cante sica. T., cansil.
- ćan-śin'-ya, v a. to make sad—ćanśinwaya. T., ćanśilya.
- ćan-śin'-ya, adv. sadly, sorrowfully. T., ćanśilya.
- can-sin'-ya-ken, adv. sorrowfully.
- éan-tins'-ya, v. a. to embolden or encourage one—cantinswaya.
- c a n t i n' z a , v. n. (cante and tinza) to be of good courage canmatinza.
- éan wan' ka, n. (cante and wanka) a coward. T., canlwanka.
- ćan-wan'-ka, v. n. to be a coward—ćanwanmaka and ćanmawanka, ćanwannika, ćanwanunkapi.
- ćan-wan'-ka-ka, v. red. of ćanwanka.
- ćan-wan'-ka-pi, n. cowardice.
- ć an wa'-śte, v. n. to be happy, contented. T., ćanlwaśte.
- éan-za'-ni, v. n. (cante and zani) to be well in heart, to be tranquil or of good cheer—canmazani.
- éan-ze', v. n. to be troubled, to have a load on the heart—canmaze: canze hingla, T. to become angry.
- ć a n z e' k a, adj. troubled—ćanmazeka.
- ćan-ze'-ya, v. a. to trouble, to make angry—ćanzewaya.
- ćan-ze'-ya, adv. angrily.
- é a n ź a n' y a, adv. (cante and źata) undecidedly, hesitatingly.
- ćan-źan'-ye-ća, v. a. to make

- undecided, make hesitate—ćanźan- ćan ba' s de ća pi, n. wayeća. sawed lengthwise; plank,
- éan-źa'-te, adj. or v. n. (éante and źata) heart forked; hesitating ćanmaźate.
- ćan, n. ·a tree, trees; wood.
- can, n. a night or day. This is always used after the numeral adjective, as nonpa can, yamni can, etc. In this way it is distinguished from the preceding word. May not this meaning of the word have grown out of the fact, that the Indians when traveling calculate to reach wood at night?
- éan, adv. Ih., when: i. q. éa. T., éannahan.
- ć a n'-a-di-pi, n. See ćanjyadipi. ć a n'-a-kan-yo-tan-ka, n. something to sit on, a chair, a stool. T., ćanakanyankapi.
- ćan'-a-kan-yo-tan-ka-pihan-ska, n. any long thing to sit on, a bench, a form.
- éan'-a-ki-ta, adv. much brush, many trees down.
- can-a-ki'-yu-ha-pi, n. a bier for the dead. See canwichupa, said to be the better form.
- ć a n'-a-ma-ni-pi, n. stairs, a ladder. See ćanjyamanipi, the better form. T., ćanalipi.
- ćan an', adv. See ćannan.
- éan ba'-kpa, n. (éan and bakpa) a shingle; éan bakpapi, shingles.
- éan-ba'-sde-éa, v. a. (éan and basdeéa) to saw lengthwise. T., éan wasleéa.

- can-ba's de-ca-pi, n. wood sawed lengthwise; plank, hoards; sawing; making boards.
- éan-ba'-sde-sde-éa, v. a. to saw boards, saw lengthwise of the wood often—éanbaunsdesdeéapi.
- $\mathbf{can} \mathbf{ba'} \mathbf{sde} \mathbf{sde} \mathbf{ca} \mathbf{tipi}$, n. $\mathbf{canwasle}$
- é a n é a n', v. n. to shake, tremble, have the ague—maćanćan, nićanćan, unćanćanpi.
- ćan-ćan'-ki-ya, v. a. to make tremble or shake—ćanćanwakiya.
- ćaη-ćaη'-pi, n. the ague, trembling.
- éan-éan'-se, adv. hastily, quickly. éan-éan'-ya, v. a. to make tremble or shake; to hastenone—éanéan waya.
- ćan-ćan'-yan, adv. tremblingly.
- éan'-ée-ga, n. (can and éega) a skin stretched over a hoop, a drum: canéega apa, to drum; canéega kabu, to drum.
- can-de', v. a. to get wood, get firewood—canwade. Quite likely this is compounded of can and ode, to hunt wood.
- éan-de'-pi, n. getting fire-wood; cutting up wood for a fire.
- ćan di', n. tobacco: ćandi unpa, to smoke tobacco—ćandi unmunpa; ćandi yaśkića, to chew tobacco. T., ćanli; ćanli yata, to chew tobacco.
- can-di'-a-ba-kpan, n. (candi and abakpan) a board to cut tobacco on. T., canliawakpan.
- ćan-di'-a-ba-tpan, n. Same as ćandiabakpan.

- can-di'-yu-hmun, v. to twist tobacco, to make tobacco into twists; to make cigars. Ih., candiyu-kmun.
- ćan-di'-yu-hmun-pi, n. cigars. Ih., ćandiyukmunpi; T., ćanliyugmunpi.
- éan'-do-wan-ki-ya, v. (éan and dowankiya) to play on an instrument, as the violin.
- ćan'-do-wan-ki-ya-pi, n. a musical box; the organ. T., ćanlo-wankiyapi.
- éan-do'-źu-ha, n. (éandi and oźuha) a tobacco-pouch.
- éan-du'-hu-pa, n. a Dakota pipe, a pipe of any kind to smoke with.
- ćan-du'-hu-pa-pa-hu, n. the bowl of a pipe, usually made of red pipe-stone by the Dakotas.
- éan-du'-hu-pa-sun-ta, n. a pipe-stem; also, the name of a kind of ash, much used for making pipe-stems. T., éannonpasunta.
- éan ha', n. (éan and ha) tree-skin, i. e., bark..
- ćan'-han-pa, n. (ćan and hanpa) shoes; lit., wooden moccasins. Perhaps the Dakotas at first thought that shoes were made of wood.
- ćan'-han-pa-han-ska, n. long shoes, i. e., boots. T., ćanhanpa iškahu yukan.
- can-han'-pi, n. (can and hanpi) sugar; lit., tree-sap.
- éan han' pi m du, n. powdered sugar. T., éanhanpiblu.

- éan-han'-pi-mi-ni, n. sugarwater, sap.
- ć a η h a η' p i ś a ś a, n. candy.
- ćan-han'-pi-ta-s'a-ka, n. cake sugar.
- ćan-han'-pi-ti-kti-ća, n. molasses.
- éan-ha'-san, n. (éanha and san) the sugar maple or rock maple; so called from its bark being whitish. Also, the white birch.
- ćaŋ-ha'-śa, v. (ćaŋha and śa) cinnamon-bark.
- éan h da' ka, n. large trees alone, without underbrush. T., éanglaka.
- can-hde'-hde, n. scattering trees, one here and there. T., canglegle.
- 6 an h d e' h d e k a, n. trees that stand here and there.
- ćan-hde'-śka, n. a hoop, a wheel.
- ć a ŋ ḥ d e' ś k a , adj. round, wheellike. T., ćangleška.
- can-hde'-ska-ku-te, v. to play at shooting through a hoop while it is rolling.
- can-hdu'-kan, v. pos. of yukan; to shake off; said of snow falling from trees.
- éan h m u n' za, n. the name of a small bush bearing little three-lobed red berries.
- can-ho'-ta-dan, n. a swing. See hotadan.
- ćaŋ-ho'-ta-pi-śko, n. a swing. ćaŋ-huŋ', n. the sturgeon, a kind
 of fish.
- ćan-hu'-ta, n. a stump.

- buffalo's hump.
- ćan-ha'-ha-ke-ton, v.n. to be humped, having a hump.
- ćan-ha'-ha-ya, adv. brushy.
- brush, a bush.
- ćanh-ćan'-ga, v. n. to crunch or make a noise in chewing anything hard, as corn.
- ćan h d o' h u, n, weeds, pig-weed, any large weed. T., caphlogu
- ćan h do' ka, n. (ćan and hdoka) a hollow tree or log. T., ćanlilogeća.
- ćan-he'-ta-źu, v. (ćan and hetaźu) to put wood ashore from a boat. See hetaźu.
- ćan-hi'-ya, v. a. to disappoint one, either in a good or bad sense; to lead on or tempt one, as the presence of a wild animal leads one to desire to kill it—ćanhiwaya, ćanhimayan.
- ćan-hlo'-ga, n. T. hollow stalks, sunflowers.
- ćaŋ-ho'-tka, n. a kind of small bush: ćanhotka hu.
- ćan-ho'-tka, adj. frosty, covered with frost.
- ć a n-li p a n', n. the coot or water-hen.
- éan-hpi and éan'-hpi, n. war-club, tomahawk.
- éan-hu'-na-ptan, n. (can and hunaptan) the side of a hill covered with trees.
- \acute{c} a \acute{n} \acute{i} \acute{b} a \acute{k} s \acute{e} , n. (\acute{c} and \acute{b} aksa) a saw, hand or cross-cut saw. ćinbakse. T., ćaniwakse.

- can-ha'-ha-ke, n. a vertebra, a can'-i-ca-kan, n. (can and kakan) an adze, a broad-ax, any instrument used in hewing or adzing.
 - ća n'-i-ća-sde-će, n. (ćan and kasdeća) something to split wood with, a wedge.
 - ća n'-i-ća-źi-pe, n. (ćan and kaa drawing-knife; a plane. źipa) See ćanwićazipe.
 - ćan-i'-ći-pa-we-ga, n. across.
 - ćan'-i-ćo-ġe, n. drift-wood.
 - ćan'-in-kpa, n. the ends of branches, buds. See ćinkpa.
 - ćan'-in-tpa, n. buds. Same as ćaninkpa.
 - ćan'-i-pa-be, n. (ćan and paman) a wood-rasp. T., ćanjpame.
 - ćan'-i-pa-kin-za, n. (ćan and pakinza) a fiddle
 - ćan-i'-ya-li-pi, n. T. a ladder; stairs.
 - ćan'-i-ya-ma-ni-pi, n. (ćan and amani) pieces of wood to walk on, a ladder, stairs or steps, a bridge.
 - ćan'-i-yu-be, n. (ćan and yuman) a wood-rasp. See canipabe.
 - ćan-i'-yu-hlo-ka, n. auger, gimlet.
 - ć a n'-i-y u-m ni, n. (ćan and yumni) See ćinyuan auger; a gimlet. T., ćaniyuhomni.
 - ćan'-i-yu-sdo-he, n. (ćan and yusdohan) a sled, a sleigh. ćanwiyusdohe. T., ćanwoslohan.
 - ćan-i'-yu-ski-ta-wo-hnaka-pi, n. T. a basket.
 - ćaη'-i-yu-ta-pi, n. a cord of wood.

- ćan'-i-vu-te, n. (ćan and iyuta) | ćan'-ka-wa-ći-pi, n. (ćan and a measure for wood, a square or rule.
- ćan-i'-yu-wi, n. curly wood, a vine. See ćanwiyuwi.
- ćan-ka', n. a fire-steel.
- ćan-ka'-ġa, n. a log, any large piece of wood on the ground.
- ćan-ka'-ģi-ća, touchwood, spunk.
- éan-ka'-hu, n. (éanka and hu) the spine or backbone, the vertebræ.
- ćan-kah'-on-pa, v. a. (ćankaga and oppa) to lay or place logs to walk on, to bridge.
- ćan-kah'-on-pa-pi, n. logs laid to walk on, a bridge: inyan ćankahonpapi, a stone bridge.
- ćan-ka'-hpa-hpa, n. shingles; i. q. ćanbakpa.
- ćan'-ka-i-de, v. to make wood blaze by rubbing: of can and kaide.
- ćan'-ka-i-de-pi, n. matches.
- $\epsilon a \eta k a' k i \eta z a$, v. n. to swing $\epsilon a \eta k o' p a$, n. and creak, as trees in the wind.
- ćan-ka'-sun-ta, n. (ćanka and sunta) the spinal marrow. T., cankaslute.
- ćan-ka'-śka, v. (ćan and kaśka) to bind wood together; to inclose with wood, to fortify—ćanwakaska; ćankaska yanka, to be fortified. T., canivakaska.
- ćan-ka'-śka-pi, n. a fence, a fortification. See conkaske.
- ćan-ka'-śko-kpa, n. (ćan and kaśkokpa) wood hewed out, a trough.
- ćan-ka'-śko-tpa, n. Same as ćankaskokpa.

- kawaći) a top.
- ćan'-ka-źi-pa, v. to shave or plane wood.
- ćan-ka'-źi-pe, n. (ćan and kaźipa) a carpenter.
- ćan-ke', adv. or adverbial conjunction used by Ihanktonwan and Titonwan; because; therefore, i. q., nakaeś: osni ćanke wahi śni, I came not because it was cold, J. P. W.; and so; and then; hence, therefore: sometimes it is equivalent to nakaeś, sometimes to heon, and sometimes to hehan; the idea of time is often involved as well as of It connects two complete sentences, and makes one subordinate to the other. T. L. R.
- ćan-ke'-da-ka, adv. therefore: waniyetu ćankedaka osni, it is winter, therefore it is cold. T., cankelaka.
- T. the back, as of a book.
- can-ko'-ye, n. the parts along the T., ćankohan.
- ćan-ko'-ye-śin, n. the fat along the back and sides.
- ćan-ko'-źu-ha, n. (ćanka and oźuha) a tobacco-pouch or bag, so called because they carry in it their flint and steel; a medicine-bag.
- éan-kpe', n. the tibia; the bone in the hind leg of animals below the knee; cankpe huwakipe, the fibula. Ih., the knee-pan, the knees: atkuku ćankpe akan iyotanka, he sits on his father's knees.

- can-kpe'-ca-ka, n. one who is can'-na-han, adv. when, at such furious; i. q. tuwe ohitiicida kin. time, as; wetu cannahan maga
- ćan ksi', v. n. to be angry, irritated—ćan waksi.
- ćan-ksi'-ksi, v. red. of ćanksi. ćan-ksi'-ksi-ka, n. one who is petulant.
- ćan-ksi'-ksi-ya, adv. red. of ćanksiya.
- ćan-ksi'-ksi-ze-ća, adj. petulant, irritable.
- can-ksi'-ya, adv. angrily, in a petulant manner.
- ćan-ksi'-ya-han, adv. crossly. ćan-ku', n. a road, way, path, trail.
- ćan-ku'-lu-za-han, n. T. a railroad. See duzahan.
- éan-ku'-ya, v. to make for a road, have for a road—éankuwaya.
- éan-ku'-ye, n. arow, as of corn, etc.
- can-ku'-ye-ton, v. to be in rows or furrows.
- ćan-ku'-ye-ton-ton, v. to make rows or furrows, as a plough ćankuyetonton aya.
- can ku'-ye-ton-ton-yan, adv. in rows or furrows.
- éan-ma'-ko-pa-za, n. wood, trees. The sacred name.
- ćan'-mi-ni-ća-źo, n. a sawyer in the river.
- éan-mi'-ni-yu-ha, n. a wooden water-holder, a wooden buchet, waterbucket.
- can-na', n. See cana, the better orthography.

- San'-na-han, adv. when, at such time, as; wetu cannahan maga ahdi ece, when it is spring, the geese return; i. q., cinnahan.
- can-na'-ksa, n. a war-club, i. q. canhpi; perhaps, a club broken off with the foot.
- ćaŋ-nan', adv. out from the shore, in the middle of the river: paćaŋnan iyeya, to shove off a boat.
- can-nan'-tki-ya, adv. out from the shore, towards the middle of a stream.
- can-nan'-wa-pa, adv. out from the shore, further out.
- ćan ni'-ki-ya, v. n. to be angry. See ćanniyan.
- can ni'- yan, v. n. to be angry canmaniyan, canniniyan, canunniyanpi.
- can-ni'-ye-ki-ci-ya-pi, v. to be angry with one another. As a noun, anger, malice.
- ćaŋ-ni'-ye-ki-ya, v.a. to make angry—ćaŋniyewakiya.
- ćan n i' y e y a, v. a. to be angry at, offended with—canniyewaya, ćanniyeyaya, ćanniyeunyanpi, ćanniyećiya, ćanniyemayaya.
- can-ni'-ye-ya-pi, n. an object of anger; anger.
- can-non'-pa, v. See cannunpa. can-no'-ma-slo-ye, n. T. pewter, zinc.
- éan num', cont. of éannunpa; éannum mani, to smoke as one walks.
- éan-nun'-pa, v. n. (éandi and unpa) to smoke tobacco: éannun-

- munpa, I smoke; cannununpa, you | can pa' g m i g m a, n. smoke; ćannunkonpapi, we smoke.
- $\epsilon a \eta' o h n a h n a k a p i$, n. (can ohna and hnaka) a coffin. ćanwognake
- ćan-o'-hna-ka, n. (can and See canohnaka) a trunk, box. wohnaka
- ćan-o'-hlo-ka, n. T. a hollow tree.
- ćan-o'-i-ya-li-pi, n. T. stairs in a house.
- ć a n o' k a h p a h p a, n. (ćan and kalipa) chips. T., canokpan.
- Can o' na, n. p. a family or clan of the Yanktonais Dakotas: the same as the Wazikute. The story is that long ago, some young men practiced shooting at a pine tree; whence the name Wazikute. And as they learned to hit the mark, they earned the name of Can-o-na, Wood-hitters.
- ćan-o'-pa-mna, n. sprouts growing up round a stump.
- $\epsilon a \eta o' p i y e$, n. ($\epsilon a \eta$ and opiye) a dressing-case, a work-box. ćanwopiye. T., a trunk.
- ćan-o'-ti-dan, n. the Dakota god of the woods—an unknown animal said to resemble a man, which the Dakotas worship; the monkey.
- a round stick.
- ćan'-o-wan-ća-ya, n. wood all over, i. e., a forest
- choke-cherries, of the ćan-pa', n. genus prunus. T., ćanpakakan.

- See canpahmihma.
- ćan-pa'-gmi-yan, n. waqon.
- ćan-pa'-hmi-hma, n. (ćan and pahmihma) a cart, wagon, any vehicle.
- ćan-pa'-hmi-hma-hu-non-pa, n. a cart, two-wheeled carriage.
- ćan-pa'-hmi-hma hu-to-pa, a wagon, a four-wheeled carriage.
- can-pa'-hu, n. choke-cherry bushes. ćan-pa'-kin, v. (ćan and pakin) to set up a stick in the ground to point the way one is going-canwapakin. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ wasabgle.
- ćan-pa'-kin, n. the stick thus set up pointing the direction one has T., a tree bent over. gone.
- ćan-pa'-kin-za, v. (ćan and pakinza) to play on the violin—canwapakinza.
- ćan-pa'-kin-za-pi, n. a violin. ćan-pa'-kmi-kma, n. Ih. See ćanpahmihma.
- ćan-pa'-kmi-yan,. n. wagon.
- ćan pa' ksa, n. (ćan pa and ksa) a stump.
- ćan-pa'-mna, n. the bunch of sprouts that grow at the root of a tree or stump. See ćanopamna.
- ćan-pa'-nmi-nma, n. Mdewa. See canpahmihma.
- $\operatorname{\mathsf{dan}} \operatorname{\mathsf{pa'}} \operatorname{\mathsf{sa}} \operatorname{\mathsf{pa}} \operatorname{\mathsf{wi}}, \quad n.$ (can pa sana and wi) the moon when chokecherries are black, August.

- éan-pa'-sla-ta, v. T. to set posts.
- $6a\eta pa' sla te$, n. T. a post.
- ćan pe' śka, adv. on the knees: ćanpeśka makehdeyainaźin, to stand on one's knees, i. e., to kneel.
- ćan-pteh', adv. well, very well: ćanpteh sdonya, to know a thing well; ćanpteh anagoptan.
- ćan-pteh'-ya, adv. well.
- éan-sa'-ka-dan, n. (éan and saka) a switch, a twig, a rod.
- ćan-san', n. a pillory; a pole.
- ćan-san'-se, adv. quickly, in haste. See ćanćanse.
- ćan-ska', n. the mulberry tree.
- ćaŋs-mna', adj. unpleasant to the taste, as lean meat, i. q. mazamna sećeća.
- éan su', n. (éan and su) hickorynuts, hickory-wood.
- ćan su' hu, n. the hickory-tree, the walnut of New England; (arya alba.
- ća n' s u s b e ća, n. (ćan and susbeća) a wooden cross. See susbeća. T., ćankaićiyopteya.
- ćan-śa'-śa, n the bark which the Dakotas mix with their tobacco for smoking. This they take from two or three bushes, one a species of dogwood and the others species of willow.
- ćan-śa-śa-hin-ća-ke, n. a species of cornus or dogwood, the bark of which is considered the best for smoking.
- ćan-śin', adj. cont. of ćanteśica.

- set | 6 a n 8 i n' y a, adv. sorrowfully.
 - ćan -,śin', n. (ćan and śin) the gum or resin that oozes from trees, pitchplaster; the pitch pinė-tree, from which the gum oozes.
 - éan-śin'-ća-hpu, n. a small species of bird.
 - éan-śin'-śin-na, n. a plant from which gum oozes when it is broken off; perhaps a species of camomile. T., ćanśinśinla.
 - ćan-śka, n. a species of hawk.
 - ćan-śka'-wan-mdi-dan, n. a species of kite or eagle.
 - $6 a \eta 6 k e' d u t a$, n. the red bird. T., 6 k e u t a.
 - ćaŋ-śko'-kpa, n. T. a wagon-bed. ćaŋ-śu'-śka, n. (ćan and śuśka) the box-elder, Acer negundo. See taśkadan.
 - ćant-a'-hde, v. a. (ćante and ahde) to desire, wish for, set the heart upon; especially, to set the heart on for evil, determine evil against one—ćantawahde, ćantayahde, ćantaunhdepi, ćantaćihde.
 - éant-a'-hde-pi, n. a determining evil against. T., éantaglepi.
 - ćant-a'-hde-ya, v. a. to cause to set the heart against—ćantahdewaya. T., ćantagleya.
 - ćan-te', n. the heart of men and animals; the seat of the affections: cante yukan, to have a heart, to be kindly disposed; cante wanica, to have no heart; micante, my heart: also the eye of corn, the germinating part of seeds.

- $\text{\'e} \quad \text{an-te'-a-sni}, \quad v. \quad n.$ from anger or sorrow—ćanteamasni.
- ćan-te'-a-sni-yan, v. a. cause to recover from sorrow-canteasniwaya.
- ćan-te'-en-a-i, v. to take to heart, be displeased—canteenawai.
- \acute{c} aŋ-te'-en-yu-za, v. or hold in the heart, to esteem—canteenmduza.
- ćan-te'-ha-ha-dan, adj. quicktempered—ćantemahahadan. See ćanhahadan.
- ćan-te'-ha-ha-ye-dan, adj. quick-tempered, irascible $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ cantehahayela.
- ćan-te'-hni-yan-yan, v.n. to be disturbed, or distressed, as when one's food hurts him—ćantemahniyanyan.
- ćan-te'-i-ki-ćun, v. to sustain oneself, have command over oneself; to be resolute; i. q. śagićiya—ćanteiwećun.
- ćan-te'-i-ki-ćun-yan, resolutely, restraining one's self.
- ćan-te'-ka-ze, v. n. to be diseating—cantemakaze.
- ćan-te'-ki-ći-ći-ya-pi, loving each other. See cantekiya.
- ćan-te'-ki-ćun, v. See ćanteikićun.
- -ćan-te'-ki-ya, v.a. to love, have ćan-te'-ske-pa, v.n. an interest in or affection for, which prompts to benevolent acts-ćantewakiya, ćanteyakiya, ćanteunkiyapi, ćantećićiya, ćantemayakiya.

- to recover , ćan te'-ki-ya-pi, n. love. benevolence; one loved.
 - ćan-te'-ki-yu-za, v.a. to hold in the heart for good or ill; to have an opinion of, whether good or bad: tanyan ćantewakiyuza, I hold him in my heart for good.
 - ćan-te'-o-ki-ću-ni-ća, v. n. to be offended; i. q. canteptanyan: ćanteowećunića, I am angry at.
 - ćan-te'-o-ki-ću-nin, cont. of canteokićunica. T., canteokićunil.
 - ćan-te'-o-ki-ću-nin-ya, v. a. to offend, make angry by opposition ćanteokićuninwaya.
 - ćan-te'-on-śi-ka, lowspirited—ćanteonmasika.
 - éan-te'-o-yu-ze, n. inclination, intention. See canteoze
 - ćan-te'-o-ze, n. the way the heart is affected, mind, thought, purpose mićanteoze.
 - ćan-te'-o-ze-ya, adv. with the whole heart. T., canteoyusya.
 - adv. | ćan-te'-ptan-yan, v. n. to be angry, be in a passion—cantemaptanyan, canteniptanyan.
- tressed, as when one is thirsty while | ćan te' p tan y an, adj. angry. From this comes woćanteptanye, anger, wrath.
 - | ćan-te'-ptan-ye-ya, v. a. to make angry, to provoke-canteptanyewaya.
 - to have the heart pass away; to be surfeited, sick. See ćanskepa.
 - ćan-te'-so-so-pi-se-ća, v. n. to be terrified, miserable, have the

- heart cut into strings as it were cantemasosopiseca. See soso.
- éan-te'-su-ta, v. n. to be firm of heart; to be brave, not cowardly—éantemasuta.
- ćaŋ-te'-śi-ća, v. n. to be sad, sorrowful—ćaŋtemaśića, ćaŋteniśi-ća, ćaŋteuŋśićapi.
- éan-te'-śi-éa-ya, adv. sadly, sorrowfully.
- ćan-te'-śin-ya, v. a. to make sad, sadden—ćanteśinwaya.
- ćan-te'-śin-ya, adv. sorrowfully. T., ćanteśilya.
- ćan-te'-śin-ya-ken, adv. sadly.
- éan-te'-țins-ya, v.a. to strengthen the heart, encourage—canteținswaya.
- 6an-te'-tins-ya, adv. courageously.
- éan-te'-țin-za, v. n to be firm of heart, courageous—cantemaținza.
- éan-te'-wa-ni-éa, v. n. to be heartless, unprincipled, mean, wicked—éantemaniéa.
- ćan-te'-wa-śte, v.n. to be glad, cheerful, jouful—ćantemawaste.
- ćan-te'-wa-śte-ya, v. n. to make glad, gladden—ćantewastewaya
- can-te'-wa-ste-ya, adv. joyfully, cheerfully.
- ć a ŋ t e' y a ś i ć a, v. a. to make sad by talking to, to dishearten—ćaŋtemdaśića.
- ćan-te'-ya-śni-śni-źa, v. n. T. to have a tickling in the throat.
- can-te'-ya-tins, cont. of canteyatinza.

- can-te'-ya-tin-za, v. a. to cheer up by words; to comfort, strengthen—cantemdatinga.
- ćan-te'-ya-wa-śte, v. a. to make happy by words—ćantemdawaśte.
- can-te'-ya-zan, v. n. T. to be heart-sick; to be very hungry.
- ćaŋ-te'-yu-kaŋ, v. n. to have a heart, be benevolent—ćaŋtemayukaŋ, ćaŋteniyukaŋ.
- éan-te'-yu-za, v. n. to think, form an opinion—éantemduza: token éanteduza he, what is your opinion?
- éant-i'-éa-spe-ya, v. a. to satisfy the desires of the heart, whether good or bad; to gratify one's desires—éanticaspewaya. T., canticappteya.
- ćant-i'-he-ya, v. a. to set the heart upon, to desire very much, covet—ćantihewaya, ćantiheyaya, ćantiheunyanpi.
- ennt-in'-yun, adv. voluntarily. ennt-i'-ya-hde, v.n. to be angry, meditate evil—cantiyamahde. T., cantiyagle.
- ćan t-i'-ya-hde-pi, n. malice, anger. See woćantiyahde.
- éant-i'-ya-hde-ya, v. a. to be angry at; to make angry—ćantiya-hdewaya.
- ćant-i'-ya-hde-ya, adv. angrily.
- cant-i'-yo-zi, v. n. to get over one's anger—cantiyomazi.
- cant-ka'-spe-ya, v. n. to be

- provoked, be emulous; to relieve one's self, gratify one's desires—cantRaspewaya. See canticaspeya.
- ćant-ki'-ya, v. See ćantekiya. ćant-o'-ću-ni-ća, v. n. to be irritated, angry. See ćanteokićunića.
- ćan t-o'-ću-nin-ya, v. a. to make ashamed or angry—ćantoćuninwaya.
- ćant-o'-ġan, n. the pericardium. ćant-o'-ġe, n. (ćante and oġe) the pericardium.
- éant-o'-gin, n. the pericardium. éant-o'-hnag-ya, v.a. to cause to place in the heart—éantohnagwaya. T., éantognagya.
- cant-o'-hnag-ya, adv. in a loving manner.
- éant-o'-hna-ka, v.a. (éante and ohnaka) to place in the affections, to love—éantowahnaka, éantounhnakapi.
- ćant-o'-hna-ka-pi, n. love.
- ćantohnaka; to place in one's heart—
 ćantowakihnaka.
- éant-o'-kpa-ni, v. a. (éante and okpani) to desire, long for anything—éantowakpani, éantounkpanipi.
- cause to long for—cantokpaniwaya.
- ćant-o'-kpa-ni-yan, adv. longing for.
- éant-o'-tpa-ni, v. Same as éantokpani.
- ćant-o'-tpa-ni-yan, adv. longing for.

- éant-o'-źu-ha, n. T. a tobacco bag.
- éan-un'-kée-mna, n. the root of the honeysuckle.
- éan un' pa, v.n. to smoke tobacco. See éannunpa.
- ćan-wa'-kin, n. T. a saddle.
- ćaŋ-waŋ'-ka, adj. weak-hearted, cowardly. See ćanwanka.
- éan-wan'-ka-la, adj. T. cowardly.
- $6a\eta wa\eta' 2i la wa ta, n.$ T. a log canoe.
- éan-wa'-pa, n. leaves, small branches.
- éan-wa'-po-śbe, n. thick leaves or foliage, full leaf, said of the woods after the leaves come to their growth and until they fall off. T., ćanwapewoheśma.
- ćan wap' ton wi, n. the moon in which the leaves are green, answering to May. Some say ćanwapatowi T., ćanwapenablećawi
- ćaŋ-wa'-ta, n. a log canoe; a skiff. ćaŋ-wa'-ta-taŋ-ka, n. a boat
- or barge.

 6 an wi' 6 a źi pe, n. a drawing-knife.
- ćan wi'-ći-hu-pa, n. sticks to carry a dead person on, a bier. T, ćan wićaki vuha.
- éan-wi'-du-du-ta, n. wood with which red or scarlet is dyed, logwood. T., éanwilulye.
- ćan-wi'-du-ta, n. logwood.
- éan-wi'-pa-snon, n. a spit or stick to roast meat on.

- ćan-wi'-sku-ye, n. smelling shrub; the honeysuckle.
- can-wi'-ta, n. a little grove or ca-p'a', v. a. to thrust into, as a island of trees.
- ćan wi' ya pe, n. (ćan and iyape) a grape vine; any twining vine. T., ćunwiyape: also grapes.
- ing stick.
- ćan-wi'-yu-sdo-he, n. a sleigh or sled of any kind; sometimes a wagon. T., ćanwiyuslohan.
- ćan-wi'-yu-te, n a wood measurer, a cord stick.
- ćan wi' yu wi, n. curled wood, i. e. a vine.
- ćan-wo'-hna-ka, n. a trunk, box. T., ćanwognaka.
- ćan-wo'-ka-źi-pe, n. shavings. ϵ an - wo' - s do - he, n. a sled. T., ćan woslohan.
- ćan-yag', cont. of ćanyaka: ćanyag yanka, to be groaning in pain: ćanyag ayanpa, to groan all night until the morning—ćanyag amayanpa.
- \acute{c} a η γ a' k a, v. n. to be heart sick, T., ćanblaka, ćanlaka, to groan. ćanunyakapi; ćanyaka yanka, to be groaning.
- ćan ze', v. n. to be incensed, angry. T. angry.
- ćan-ze'-ya, v. a. to make angry. See ćanzeya.
- ćaŋ-zi', n. yellow wood, i.e. sumac. ćan - źa' - ta, n. a forked stick, a
- $\acute{\mathbf{c}}\mathbf{a} o' k \mathbf{i} t \mathbf{a}$, v. n. T. to sob.

hay-fork.

- a sweet- ća'-pa, n. the beaver. Capa wakpa, Beaver Creek.
 - knife—ćawap'a.
 - ća pong' i ću wa, n. (ćaponka and kuwa) a mosquito-bar. · ćapongwokeya.
 - ća-pon'-ka, n. the mosquito, mosquitoes.
 - ća-pta'-he-za, n. (ćapa ta and the black current, Ribes floridum. See taptaheza.
 - ća-pu'-ta, n. alder-berries.
 - ća-pu'-ta-hu, n. the alnus or alder-tree.
 - ća-ske', n. the name of the first-born child, if a son—ćamaske, ćaniske.
 - ća ske', v. T. to take by mistake, as in supposing a thing was intended for him, when it was meant for another-ćawaske.
 - ća-smu', n. sand; i. q. wiyaka.
 - ća-smu'-smu, red. of ćasmu; sandy, much sand.
 - ćaś-ki'-ton, v. pos. of ćaston; to give a name to one's own-ćaśwakiton.
 - ćaś-toŋ', v.a. to name, give a name to-ćaśwaton, ćaśyaton, ćaśuntonpi.
 - ćaś-toŋ'-pi, part. named.
 - é a'-ta, n. hard ashes, cinders.
 - ća-tan', n. the name of the fourth child, if a son—ćamatan, ćanitan.
 - ća-tka, n. the left hand: mićatka and maćatka, my left hand; nićatka, thy left hand.
 - ća-tka', adj. left-handed - camatka, ćanitka.

- éa-tka'-taŋ-haŋ, adv. at the left hand—mićatkataŋhaŋ.
- éa-tku', n. the back part of a tent or house, the part opposite the door; the place of honor.
- ća-tkun', adv. at the back of a house or tent: ćatkun iyaya wo, go to the back part of the house. T., ćatkul.
- éa-tku'-ta, adv. at the back of the tent.
- éa-tku'-taŋ-haŋ, adv. at the back part of a tent.
- ća-źe', n. a name; maćaźe, my name.
- ća-źe'-hdan, cont. of ćaźehdata; in the name of one's own. T., ćaźeglal.
- ća-źe'-hda-ta, v. pos. of ćaźeyata; to call one's own by name ćaźewahdata.
- ća-źe'-i-hda-ta, v. reflex. to speak one's own name—ćaźemihdata.
- ća-źe'-ka-ġa, v. T. to name, make a name for.
- ća-źe'-ki-ya-ta, v. to mention or speak of anything to one—ćaźe-wakiyata, ćazećićiyata.
- ća-źe'-yan, cont. of ćaźeyata; in the name of.
- ća-źe'-ya-ta, v. a. (ćaźe and yata) to call by name, speak the name of a person or thing, mention by name—ćaźemdata, ćaźedata, ćaźedata; ćaźedata; ćaźedata; ćaźedata, thou speakest my name.
- ée, a particle. It is commonly used at the end of a sentence or paravol. VII——7

- graph, when a general truth is expressed, or a common course of action mentioned; also, when reference is made to what is past, especially in quoting the words of another or one's own. See ca and cee. T. interrogative for ci, which see.
- će, n. the penis—maće, niće.
- će-a'-kton, or će-ag'-ton, v. T. to make a bridge—ćeagwaton.
- će-a'-kton-pi, n. a bridge. See ćeyaka.
- ée-blo'-hu, n. T. the collar bone. ée-éa', n. the thigh; the cock of a gun; mazakan éeéa, the breech of a gun.
- će-ća'-kaŋ-taŋ-ka, n. the femoral artery.
- će-ća'-o-wa-gle, n. T. the femur bone, the hip-joint.
- će-ćo'-ktan-ktan, adj. bandylegged.
- će-ćuŋ'-te, n. the thigh-bone, femur.
- ée-éuŋt'-o-staŋ, n. the neck or head of the femur, the articulation of the femur. T., éetuŋtostaŋ.
- ć e d i', n. a reed-like yrass with long joints.
- 6e-di'-6o-tan-ka, n. a large
 kind of reed.
- će-di'-hu, n. the reed stalk.
- će-e', a particle. For its definition, see će.
- ćeg, cont. of ćeka. See ćegya.
- ćeg'-ya, adv. of ćeka; stumblingly.
- ć e' ġ a, n. a kettle, pot; a pail, bucket.

- ée'-ġa-hu-ha-toŋ-na, n. an iron kettle with feet.
- će'-ġa-i-ha, n. the lid or cover for a kettle or bucket.
- će'- ġa-i-hu-pa-haŋ-śka, n. a frying-pan; long-handled kettle.
- će'- ġa-i-hu-pa-ton, n. a kettle, or bucket with a bail. T., ćeġaikanton.
- će'-ga-i-pśuŋ-ka-daŋ, n. a sauce-pan; a kettle with a small mouth.
- će-ġaŋ'-stiŋ-na, n. (ćeġa and ćistiŋna) a small kettle or bucket. T., ćeġisćila.
- će'-ġa-pśuŋ-ka-dan, n. sauce-pan.
- će'-ġa-ska, n. a white tin kettle.
- će-ġa'-te-zi-toŋ-na, n. a teakettle, any kettle that bulges in the middle.
- će-ģi n'-s t i n n a, n. See ćeģanstinna. T., ćeģisćila.
- će-ġu'-ġu, v. n. to fry, as meat. će-ġu'-ġu-ya, v. a. to fry meat ćeġuġuwaya.
- 6 e-h b e'-6 a, n. a kind of nuts which the Dakotas take from the deposits made by ground-squirrels or mice. A very small root, in size and shape resembling a pea, collected by mice and eaten by the Dakotas.
- će hnag', cont. of čehnake
- ée-hnag'-ki-ton, v. to put on or wear a breech-cloth.
- ée-hna'-ke, n. a breech-cloth, a piece of cloth worn around the loins by Dakota men. T, éegnake.

- će-hna'-ke-ki-ton, v. to put on and wear a breech-cloth—ćehnakewakiton. T., ćegnakekiton.
- će-hu'-pa, n. the under jaw.
- ée-hu'-pa-hda-hda, v. n. to chatter, as the teeth on account of cold—éehupawahdahda. T., éehupaglagla.
- ćeh, cont. of ćeġa; ćeh sapa, a black kettle; ćeh ska, a white kettle.
- ćeh nonpa, twice two.
- će h h u' h a t o n, n. a kettle having legs.
- ćeh-i'-kan, n. T. a kettle-bail.
- ćeh-in' and ećehin, adv. just so much, that alone: he ćehin mduha, I have that alone. T., ećelahćin.
- će h n a' ġi, n. (ćeġa and naġi) soot; dead coals.
- ćeh-o'-ki-hde-ton, n. a kettle, such as a tea-kettle. T., ćehokiyeton.
- će-hpi', n. flesh, muscular fiber mićehpi.
- ćeh-pśuŋ'-ka, n. T. a pail small at the top and large at the bottom.
- éeh-po', n. the steam of a kettle.
- ćeh u n', v. See ćehunka.
- će h u n' k a, v. n. to be the object of anger—ćehwaunka.
- će h w o' h o t a, n. T. a low, wide kettle.
- ć e' k a, v. n. to stagger—maćeka.
- će-kćeg, cont. of ćekćeka.
- će-kćeg'-ya, adv. staggeringly, recling: ćekćegya mani.
- loins by Dakota men. T, cegnake. | centle e k centle e k a, v. n. to stagger, reel.

- će-ki'-ća-ti, v. of ćeti; to make a | će-pće'-pa, adj. fire for one-ćewećati, ćeyećati.
- će-ki'-ći-ti, v. of ćeti; to make a fire for one-ceweciti, ceyeciti, ceunkićitipi.
- će'-ki-ći-ya, v. of ćekiya; to pray or supplicate for another—ćewećiya, ćeyećiya, ćeunkićiyapi; ćemiyećiya, thou prayest for me.
- će-ki'-ti-pi, n. a feast, of which virgins and men who have not known women are said to partake; i. q. wimna śni.
- će'-ki-ya, v. of ćeya; to pray to, beseech, entreat—ćewakiya, ćeyakiya, ćeunkiyapi, ćećićiya; ćeunniciyapi, we pray you.
- će-kpa', n. the navel; a twin: ćekpapi, twins—maćekpa.
- ćem, cont. of ćepa. T., ćeb.
- ćem-će'-pa, adj. red. of ćepa; fat.
- ćem-ki'-ya, v. a. pos. of ćemya; to fatten one's own—cemwakiya, ćemunkiyapi.
- će m y a', v. a. to make fat, fattenćemwaya.
- ćem ya', adv. fatly; liberally.
- ćem-ya'-pi, part. fatted.
- ćen, adv. about, nearly: wikćemna ćen, about ten. T., ćel.
- će-om', cont. of ćeonpa. *T.*, ćeob. $\acute{c}e - o n' - p a$, v. a. to roast, as corn
- on the cob, or as potatoes in the ashes—ćewaoppa. See ćempa.
- će'-pa, adj. fat—maćepa, nićepa, unćepapi.
- $\acute{e}e'$ pan $\acute{e}i$, n. Ih., i. q., ićepan.

- red. of cepa. See also cemcepa.
- će-sdi', n. the dung of man or an-T., česli; i. q. tunkće.
- će-sdi', v. n. to dung—ćewasdi, ćeyasdi.
- će-sdi'-o-śa-ka, v.n. to be foul, as a gun or pipe-stem. T., ćesli-
- će-sli'-ślo-ślo, v. n. T. to have diarrhœa.
- ćeś, conj. although. Same as keś.
- će-śka, n. the part of the breast near the collar-bone.
- će-śki'-ća-te, n. the collar-bone, clavicle. T., ćeblohu
- će-śki'-kan, n. (ćeśka and ikan) Ih. a button.
- će-śki-yu-tan, n. T. suspenders; i. q., sina kan.
- će-śko'-hdo-ka, n. the hollow place in the throat by the collar-bone.
- će-śpu', n. a wart, a scab: hoćeśpu, fish-scales.
- će-tan', n. the chicken-hawk, the pigeon-hawk.
- će-ta'-ta, adv. T. in the center of a lodge, near the fire.
- će-te', n. the bottom of a vessel.
- će-te'-ta, adv. at the bottom; in the center of a lodge, near the fire.
- će-te'-ta-he-dan, n a standing on the bottom; a saucer.
- će-ti', v. a. to build a fire, make a fire—ćewati, ćeyati, ćeuntipi.
- $\acute{e} t o' w e d a \eta$, adv. less than half full, having a little in. T., ćeteyela.

- ée-to'-we-ta, adv. having a little in, as a vessel. T., éetetala.
- će'-tu, adv. then, so much, just so. će-tun'-te, n. T. the thigh bone:

i. q. ćećunte.

- ć e t u n' h d a, v. a. to doubt, disbelieve—ćetunwahda, ćetunyahda, ćetununhdapi, ćetunćihda. T., ćetungla.
- će-tun'-hda-ya, v. a. to cause to doubt—ćetunhdawaya.
- će-um', cont. of ćeunpa.
- ée-un'-pa, v.a. to roast, as corn by the fire, or as potatoes in the ashes—ćewaunpa. See ćeonpa.
- će'-ya, v. a. to cry, to weep—waćeya, yaćeya, unćeyapi; wićaćeya, weeping. From this word comes ćekiya, to cry to, pray.
- 6 e y a' k a, n. a dam, anything that stops the water. Inyan 6 eyaka, the Little Rapids.
- će-ya'-ka-ka-ġa-pi, n. a milldam.
- ée-ya'-ka-ta, n. mint, the generic name of mints. T., éeyaka.
- $\epsilon e' y a o k i t a t a$, v. to sob.
- će' ye-kta-kta, v. to cry sobbingly—waćeyektakta.
- će'-ye-na-ka, v. n. T. to twitch under the eyes or about the mouth ćeyemanaka.
- će-ye'-ni-yan, v. to cry out aloud. će źi', n. the tongue—mićeźi: ćeźi nonpa, double-tongued; ćeźi źata, forked-tongued, deceitful.
- ć e ź i' n i y a, v. n. to have a sore mouth—ćeźimaniya.

- će-źiŋ', n. See će and źiŋ.
- će-źi'-źal-ya, adv. T. deceitfully.
- éi, a double pronoun in composition, including the nom. I and the obi. thee.
- 6i, prep in comp. for, with, in. This is used after e or i in the place of ki, as the first ci in amicicita, from akita.
- ci, interrog. particle. This is always used at the end of a sentence, and has the force of demanding an immediate answer; as, yahi kta ci, you will come, will you?
- 6i-6a', a. rough, frizzled, curled up.
- ći-ća', v. of ka; I mean thee.
- ći-hiŋ'-tku, n. his or her son. See ćinhintku.
- ći'-kći-ka-dan, adj. red. of ćikadan; pl. ćikćikapidan.
- ć i k ć i' s t i ŋ n a, adj. red. of ćistinna; pl. ćikćistinpidan. T., ćikćisćila.
- ći'- ka-dan, adj. little, very small; pl. ćikapidan—maćikadan.
- ći'- ka-ye-dan, adv. small, pent up in a small place.
- éi-kon', adv. of time. It is used after verbs and sometimes adjectives, and marks past time, as epe éikon, I said. Where the verb or adjective immediately preceding changes a or an into e, éikon is used instead of kon. T., éon.
- cin, adv. cont. of cinka; miye cin, I alone.

- ćin, def. art. the. It is used in the place of kin, when the verb or adjective preceding has changed a or ay into e.
- cin, v. a. to desire, want—wacin, yaćin, unćinpi.
- ćin'-a-han, conj. Same as ćinhan.
- ćin'-ba-kse, n. a saw. See can-T., ćinwakse. ibakse.
- cin-ca', n. a child; the young of animals, a whelp, cub, calf, foalmićinća, nićinća, unkićinćapi; tuwe ćinća tanjin śni, whose child is not manifest, i. e., a bastard.
- ćin-ća'-ka-ġa, v. to beget a child---ćinćawakaża.
- ćin-ća'-ki-ći-ton, v. to bear a child to or for one—cincaweciton, cincamiciton.
- $Cin-\epsilon a'-kin-ze$, n. p.The Apaches.
- ćin-ća'-ton, v. a. to have or give birth to a child—cincawaton, cincayaton, ćinćauntonpi.
- éin éa' ya, v. to have for a child, adopt as a child—cincawaya, cincamayan.
- ćin'-ću, n. his elder brother. See ćinye.
- ćin-ćun'-kpa, adj. with child, pregnant; i. q. ihduśaka.
- cin-cun'-tpa, adj. Same as cin-cin-ya', v. a. to cause to desire, ćunkpa.
- ćin-han', conj. if, when. as kinhan.
- éin-hin'-tku, n. his or her son.
- ćin'-ka, adv.

- cinka, I myself, without the suggestion or command of any one.
- ćin'-ka, v.a. to want, desire. Same as cin-wacinka.
- ćin'-ka-han, adv. voluntarily: iye cinkahan.
- cin-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to desire, persuade--ćinwakiya, ćinunkiyapi.
- éin'-kpa, n. (éan and inkpa) buds; a twig; the top of a tree, end of a stick.
- ćin'-kpa-ta, adv. at the buds.
- ćin-kśi, n. a son; sometimes used for a child, whether male or female: mićinkši, my son; unkicinksipi, our son or our sons. Also a man's brother's son, or a woman's sister's son.
- ćin-kśi'-tku, n. his or her son.
- éin k śi' y a, v. to have for a son, to be a father to one—cinksiwaya.
- ćinś, n. son, my son; used only when an address is made to the person. $T_{\cdot,i}$ cinks, used by men in addressing their children, whether boys or girls; my child.
- \dot{c} i 1) \dot{s} k a', n. T. a spoon.
- ćin-to', adv. T. yes; to be sure.
- ćin'-tpa, v. Same as ćinkpa.
- ćin'-tpa-ta, adv. Same as cinkpata.
- persuade—ćinwaya.
- Same | é i n' y a n, adv. kitanna éinyan taninyan vanka, it is but just in sight. See kitan.
- voluntarily: miye | cin y e', n. a man's elder brother,

- my elder brother. Male cousins by the father's side older than oneself are also called cinye. T., ciye.
- ć i n y e' k u, n. his elder brother. Same as ćinću. T., ćiyeku.
- i η y e' y a , v. to have for an elder brother—cinyewaya.
- ćin'-yu-mni, n. an auger; a gimlet. See ćanjyumni.
- ći s'-ći-na, adj. Ih small. Same as ćistinna.
- ćis-ćis'-tin-na, adj. red. Same as čikćistinna. T., čisćisčila.
- ć i s'-t i l a, adj. T. Same as ćistinna. Also, ćisćila.
- ći'-stin, adj. small, little.
- ći'-stin-na, adj. small, little—maćistinna, unćistinpidan.
- ci'-sti-ye-dan, adj. narrow, pentup, as a way.
- ći'-sti-ye-dan, adv. for a little while.
- ćo, v. to call, invite. See kićo.
- ćo, n. the kernel or meat of grain, seeds, etc.; ćo aya, to ripen, bear seed.
- éo, intj. bang! Said of the report of a gun.
- ćo. See yućo and ayućo.
- ć o ć o', adj. soft, as mud, opposed to tinza and suta; not well cooked, i. q. span sni.
- ćo-ćo'-dan, adj. soft.
- ć o ć o' y a , adv. ćoćoya span, not well cooked.
- éo'-dan, adj. destitute, without, not having, as tawiéu éodan, without a wife; bare, naked, as siéodan, bare-

- footed, tancodan, naked. See cokadan for the pronoun's place. Ih, cona.
- ć o'- ġ a, adj. not neat, slovenly. See ćoġeća.
- 6 o' g e 6 a, adj. slovenly, with one's clothes not well put on: macogeca, I am slovenly.
- 60-gin', n. the pith or core of anything.
- ćoh, adv. when.
- coh-wan'-zi-ca, n. the smaller kind of willow.
- ćo-ka', n. the middle. See ćo-kaya.
- ć o k a', adj. empty, without anything: ćoka wahdi, I have come home empty.
- éo-ka'-dan, adj. naked, bare: tanéomakadan, I am without clothes; ·siéomakadan, I am without shoes.
- 6 o ka' dan, adv. empty, said of a cask, etc.: cokadan han. Ih., cokana.
- ćo-ka'-hnag, cont. of cokahnaka.
- 6 o k a' h n a g y a, adv. placed in the middle. This is used by Mr. Renville for the veil of the temple.
- 6 o ka' h n a ka, v. See cokayahnaka. T., cokagnaka.
- éo-ka'-ka, v. red. of éoka.
- 6 o k a' k a d a n, adv. red. of 60kadan.
- ćo-kam', adv. cont. of ćokata; in the midst. T., ćokal.
- ćo-kan', adv. long ago, in former times.
- wife; bare, naked, as sicodan, bare- | co-kan', cont. of coka and en; co-

- kan iyeya, to shoot through the bowels. T., cokal.
- éo-kan', n. a low bottom, where are lakes or marshes. T., éokanya.
- ćo-ka'-pa, adv. in the midst.
- co-ka'-pa-tan-han, adv.the inside.
- ćo-ka'-ta, n. the middle.
- 60-ka'-ta, adv. in the middle, in the midst.
- ćo-ka'-ta-wa-pa, adv. out in the middle, as of a stream.
- ćo-ka'-ya, n. the middle.
- ćo-ka'-ya, adv. in the middle.
- 60-ka'-ya-hna-ka, v. a. (60-kaya and hnaka) to place across the middle, place in the middle—60-kayawahnaka. T., 60kayagnaka.
- 60-kon', v. a. to purpose evil against, desire to take the life of one—cowakon, coyakon, counkonpi, comakon: wacokonpi, purposing evil against.
- 60-ku', n. the inside of the cuticle, the under side of the skin, the thickness or stripe of the skin; the under part of the chin.
- cowakin, coyakin, counkinpi: co-kinpi, roasting. T., to roast on coals. com, cont. of copa.
- 60-mni', v. n. to be tired of staying—comamni, conimni. See also icomni.
- 6 o m n i' h d a, v. n. to feel uneasy, become tired of staying—comniwahda, comniunhdapi. T., icomnigla. 6 o - m n i' - h d a - z i, v. n. to sigh,

- groan—comniwahdazi, comniyahdazi, comniunhdazipi. T., cuwiokini.
- 6 o m y a', v. a. of copa; to cause to wade—comwaya. See copekiya.
- ć o'-na-la, adv. T. a few; i. q. tonana.
- 60-ni'-6a, n. flesh, meat of any kind; the meat or kernel of grain; the wood that grows inside of the sap; waconica, dried meat.
- ćon, for ćan. See ćontanka.
- ćoŋ-ćoŋ'-se, adv. See ćaŋćaŋse.
- ćon'-ka-śke, n. a fence, an inclosure; a fort.
- éon'-kin, n. a backload of wood; i. e., as much as a woman could carry on her back.
- éon'-kin-ta, n. any place where they go for wood
- ćon'-na-kde, n. Ih a ladder.
- 6 o n'-pe-ska, n. glue. The Dakotas generally obtain it by boiling buffalo heads, and use it in fastening on the points of their arrows.
- ć o n' ś m a, n. (ćan and ośma) dense woods, forest. T., ćonwoheśma.
- éon'-tan-ka, n. (éan and tanka) high wood, groves of timber.
- éon'-te-hi, n. (can and otehi)
 thick woods
- 6 o p a', v. a. to wade, go in the water—cowapa, coyapa, couppapi. 6 o p e' k i y a, v. a. to cause to
- wade—ćopewakiya.
- ćos, cont. of ćoza.
- é o s a', adv. warmly, comfortably—éosa manka.

- ćos-ćo'-za, adj. red. of ćoza.
- ćos-ya', v. a. to cause to warm—
 ćoswaya; .cosićiya, to warm one's
 self—cosmićiya; to put out to dry,
 as cooked victuals; to dry and
 smoke, as meat.
- ćos-ya', adv. warmly.
- ćos-ya'-ken, adv. in a warm state T., ćosyakel.
- 60'-tan-ka, n. (60 and tanka) of fife, flute, any wind instrument.
- éo-ton', adj. (éo and ton) ripe mature.
- ć o'-wa-he, n. a scaffold, such as the Indians make to dry corn on
- 60-wo'-he, n. the belly, lower part of the abdomen.
- \acute{c} o w o' h e a k a li p e, n. (co-wohe and akalipe) an apron.
- ć o y a', v. n. to ripen, as grain, etc. T., ćo aya.
- ćo-ya'-pi, n. harvest.
- ć o'-za, adj. warm, comfortable, used both in regard to persons and things, as clothing, houses, etc.—maćoza, nićoza, unćozapi.
- ću, n. dew: ću śma, heavy dew.
- ć u ć u' ś t e, n. the side below the ribs, the flank.
- ć u li ć i n', adv. T. Used with personal pronouns, miye, niye, etc.; sometimes with a numeral, but never alone, as niye ćuhćin ećon wo, do it yourself.
- ću'-kćan, n. a kind of duck.
- 6 u k 6 a y' p a g i , n. a duck about the size of a mallard, with a gray head and white breast.

- ću-kćan'-pa-sa-pa, n. a species of duck, with a black head and neck.
- ć u k ć a n' t a h u s a p e d a n, n. Same as ćukćanpasapa.
- ću-kćan'-tan-ka, n. the large species of duck which they denominate ćukćan.
- ću'-mni, n. dew-drops.
- ć u m n i' ś e, n. dew standing in drops, dew-drops. See aś'e.
- ću-mni'-śe-śe, n. dew-drops all over anything.
- éun, n. a woman's elder sister, used only with pronouns: mićun and mićunwayê, my elder sister; nićun, thy elder sister. T., ćunwe.
- ćuŋ'-ku, n. her elder sister.
- ć u n' k u y a, v. to have for older sister.
- ćunkś', n. cont. T. my daughter; used by the women in addressing their children, whether boys or girls; my child.
- ć u n k ś i', n. a daughter: mićunkśi, my daughter; nićunkśi, thy daughter; unkićunkśipi, our daughters Also, a man's brother's daughter, and a woman's sister's daughter.
- ćun-kśi'-tku, n. his or her daughter.
- ć uŋ-kśi'-ya, v. to have for a daughter, count as a daughter—ćuŋ-kśiwaya.
- éun'-kśu-dan, n. a little bow, such as small boys use.
- éuns, n. my daughter; used only when an address is made to the individual.

ćun-we', n. Ih. Same as cun. ćun-we'-ku, n. Ih.Same as ćunku.

cun-we'-ya, v.Ih.Same as ćunkuya and ćunya.

ćun-wi', n. T. i. q. mićun, mysister. Also, ćunwe.

ćun-win'-tku, n. his or her daughter.

ćun-wi-ya-pe, n. T. grapes.

ćun-wi'-ya-pe-i-yu-wi, grape-vines.

ćun-ya', v. to have for an elder sister—mićunwaya, ćunkuyaya.

ću-pe', n. marrow.

ću-sni', adj. cool, as dewy mornings and evenings.

ću-sta'-ka, adj. damp, dewy, wet. ću-te', n. the side under the arm, pleura; ćute pahdoka, to make holes

éu-ti'-éin, v. to carry at the side or under the arm, as a powder-horn or shot-pouch, strapped over the shoulder and coming down under the arm.

ću-ti'-ki-ćin, v. pos. of ćutićin. ću-tu'-hu, n. a rib, the ribs.

ću-wi', n. the side, pleura: ćuwi mayazan, my side aches.

ću-wi'-hu, n. the ribs.

ću-wi'-pa-ha, n. the prominent part of the side below the arms.

ću'-wi-ta, adj. cold, feeling cold, used only of living things—maćuwita, nićuwita, unćuwitapi.

 $\acute{c}u - wi' - yu - ksa - o - gle$, n. a vest.

ću-wi'-y-u-ski-te, n. T. corsets. ću-wi'-zi, n. a flower, perhaps the daisy.

in one's flesh, as one in mourning. | ć u - y a, v. a. to cause dew—ćuwaya.

&, the fourth letter of the Dakota al- | &a, v. of ka; to dig. See ki &a. sound of ć, which is made by pressing the end of the tongue ment of separation making the ce'-yas, conj. sound of Eng. ch.

ća, conj. and. Same as ka.

phabet. It has the explosive or click (e - han', adv. when. Same as kehan. T., conhan or cohan, when, in the past.

against the palate, and at the mo- & e s, conj. although. Same as kes. even if, although. Same as keyaś.

 $\langle con, adv. T. i. q. kon. \rangle$

1

D.

- d, the fifth letter of the Dakota alphabet. This sound does not occur in the Titonwan dialect; it uniformly becomes "l."
- da, v. a. to form an opinion of, whether good or bad; to think of or esteem in any manner-wada, yada, undapi. It is used often with waste and sica, as waste wada.
- da, v. a. to ask, demand—wada, yada, undapi; kida, to ask of one. T., la.
- da, v. 2d pers. sing. of ya, to go; thou goest.
- da-ka', v. a. to have an opinion of, whether good or bad. T., laka.
- da-ka'-eś, adv. Same as nakaeś.
- da-kan'-non, v. 2d pers. sing.; thou art. Pl., dakannonpi. It is a defective verb, these being the only forms in use.
- da-kon', cont. of dakota.
- da-kon'-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. alliance, friendship; dakonkićiya yakoppi, they are in alliance. T., olakolkićivapi.
- da-kon'-ya, v. a. to be friendly with, to have for a friend—dakonwaya, dakonunyanpi.
- feeling affection da - ko' - ta, adj. for, friendly; wadakota śni, unfeeling, without natural affection.
- Da-ko'-ta, n. p. the name of the Sioux Indians. They are divided | de'-éa, adv. such as this.

- into seven principal divisions-Mdewakantonwans, Wahpetonwans, Wahpekutes, Sisitonwans, Ihankton wans, Ihanktonwannas, and Titonwans—Damakota, Danikota, Dawićakota. T., Lakota.
- dam-ya', adv. stiffly or thickly, as in making mush; opposed to hdaheya: damya econ, to make thick or stiff. T., labya, very much so, intensely.
- dan, a diminutive termination of pronouns, nouns, adjectives, verbs, and adverbs. It is often changed to "na," which is in common use in the Sisitonwan and Ihanktonwan dialects, and to "la" in the Titonwan. When suffixed to numeral adjectives, demonstrative pronouns, and adverbs, it signifies only; as wanzidan, only one; denana, only these; dehanna, only so far. See Grammar, in the chapter on Nouns.
- da'-pa, adj. sticky, adhesive, as clay; thick, stiff, as mud.
- da-za'-ta, adv. back of, back from; i. q. heyata.
- da-za'-tan-han, adv. back from, out from.
- de, pron. dem. this; pl. dena, these. T., le.
- de, v. a. to go after; to cut or procure, as firewood. See cande.
- T., leća.

- de-ca'-ki-con, v. a. to do thus de'-e, this is it. to—decawecon, decayecon, decaunkiconpi. See ecakicon.
- de-ea'-ki-on, v.a. to do this to-
- de'-ća-na, adv. Ih. i. q. askatudan; now, lately, soon.
- de'-ée-éa, adv. like this, as, such as; pl. deéeéapi: demaéeéa, I am such as this. T., leéeéa.
- de-će'-dan, adv. (de and ećedan)
 this alone. T., lećela.
- de'-ée-kée-éa, adv. red. of deéeéa; such as these.
- de'-će-kćen, adv. red. of dećen. T., lećekćel.
- de'-ce-keen-ya, adv. red. of decenya. T., lecekeelya.
- de'-ćen, adv. so, thus, after this manner. T., lećel.
- de'-cen-ya, adv. so, thus.
- de'-ée-tu, adv. thus, so; right, this is right. T., lecetu.
- de'-ce-tu-ken, adv. in this manner.
- d e'- 6 i, adv. here, in this place. T. le6i.
- de'-ći-ya, adv. here, about here.
- de'-ći-ya-tan, adv. from this.
- de'-éi-ya-tan-han, adv. from this place, on this side.
- de-ći'-yo-tan, adv. in this direction. T., leciyotan.
- de-ći'-yo-tan-han, adv. it this direction, this way.
- de'-ćon, v. a. (de and ećon) to do this, act in this way—dećamon, dećanon, dećonkonpi.

- de'-e, this is it. This word, and also hee and ee, contain the substantive verb. T., lee.
- de'-ġa, adj. loose, swinging. See delideġa.
- de-ha', v. 2d pers. sing. of deya. de-han', adv. at this place, here; at this time, to-day, now
- de-han'-han-ke-ća, adv red of dehankeća.
- de-han'-han-na, adv. red. of dehanna.
- de-han', adv. now; thus far.
- de-han'-han-yan, adv. red. of dehanyan.
- de-han'-ke-ća, adv. so long, so high. T., lehankeća.
- de-han'-na, adv. thus far; now, just now, immediately, suddenly.
- de-han'-na-hin, adv. just now, very lately.
- de-han'-tan-han, adv. from this, i. q. detanhan.
- de-han'-tu, adv. to this, thus far; now. T., lehantu.
- de-hay'-tu-hin, adv. just so far, just now.
- de-han'-tu-ken, adv. just so far, in this way; just now.
- de-han'-tu-ya, adv. to this extent, on this wise. T., lehantuya.
- de-han'-tu-ya-ken, adv. just now, on this wise.
- de-han'-yan, adv. so far, in space; so long, in time. T., lehan-yan.
- de-he'-tu-ya, adv. just the time, i. q. iyehantu.

 $deh - de' - \dot{g}a$, adv. red. of $de\dot{g}a$; $de\acute{s} - de' - \dot{z}a$, v. n. loose, wrinkled, flabby; puffed out.

de-kśi', n. mother's brother, uncle, my uncle. It is not applied to one's father's brothers, who are called ate: nidekśi, thy uncle. T., lekśi.

de-kśi'-tku, n. his or her uncle. de-ksi'-ya, v. to have for uncle,

call uncle—dekśiwaya, dekśimayan. de-kta'-ya, v. a. to have no regard for, to be dissatisfied with; i. q.

ćinśni and aktaśni—dektawaya.

dem-de'-pa, adj. notched.

den, adv. here, in this place. lel, and lenl.

de-na', pron. pl. of de; these. T., lena. de-nag'-na-ke-ća, adv. red. of denakeća.

de-na'-ke-ća, adv. so many: demanakeća, I am so many; deunnakećapi, we are so many. lenakel.

de-na'-ke-seh, adv. all these, so many. T., lenakehćin.

de-na'-na, adv. only so many, so few; pl. denanappidan. T., lenala.

de-na'-os, adv. these two, both these: denaosnana, only these two.

de-na'-o-za, adv. both these.

de-ni'-os, adv. See denaoza.

de-ni'-yos, adv. See denaoza.

de-pa', v. 1st pers. sing. of deya; I said this.

de-péa', v. 1st pers. sing. (de and epća) I thought this. No other forms in use.

de-peh', n. a leper. Introduced from the English.

red. of deźa; to urinate often.

de-tan'-han, adv. from this place, from here, hence: dematanhan, I am from this place; denitarian, thou art from here; from this time, henceforth, hence. T., letanhan.

de'-tu, adv. (de and etu) to this. at this place or time; hither, here; hitherto, now. T., letu.

de'-tu-hin-ća, adv. just here.

de'-tu-ya, adv. here.

de'-ya, v. (de and eya) to say this—depa, deha.

de'-ža, v. a. to urinate—wadeźa, undeźapi.

de'-źa, n. urine, chamber-lye; wićadeźa, urine, the bladder of a person; tadeźa, the bladder of an animal.

di-di'-ta, adj. very warm, hot; said of the temperature of the weather, of a house, etc. T., lilita, and luluta.

di-di'-ta-hda, v. n. to become very warm; to regard as hot-diditawahda.

do, a particle, used at the end of a phrase or sentence, for the sake of euphony or emphasis, as waste do; "do" is used by the men alone; the women say "ye." T., lo, and ye lo; Ih., do and ye do.

do, adj. soft, tender, moist, as fresh meat, etc.; opposed to saka, dried. See tado, fresh meat.

do, n. food. T., lo.

do-ćin', v. to want food, have an appetite. T., locin, to be hungry.

do-ćin'-pi, n. appetite.

do-do', adj. red. of do; soft, damp, fresh.

do-dom'-ya, adv. tenderly, very tender; said of meat well cooked: dodomya span, cooked tender. T., lolobya, and lolobyela.

do-do'-pa, adj. soft, miry.

do-do'-pa, n. a miry place.

do-hde'-ska, n. the gullet, æsophagus. T., logleska.

do-he', n. the parts of the cheeks and throat which are loose and not fastened to the bones.

do-ksi', n. the arm-pit: doksi kaśe, to chafe under the arm, as a tight coat.

do-ksin'-ća, n. a mink, Mustela lutraola. T., ikusan.

dom-ya', adv. domya span. See dodomya. T., lobya.

do'-pa, adj. soft, miry. See dodopa. do'-pa, v. n. to mire. See dodopa, kadopa, etc. T., lopa

do-te', n. food.

do-te', n. the throat, the whole forepart of the neck. T., lote.

do-te'-hbe-za, n. the wind-pipe, trachea. T., glogleska.

do-ti'-¢in, n. See idotićin.

do-tku', n. the throat, especially of animals; the part immediately under the jaw.

dot-o'-pi-ye, n. (dote and opiye)
a granary, pantry. T., lotopiye.

do-wan', v. n. to sing—wadowan, yadowan. T., lowan.

do-wan, n. a song, hymn—mitadowan. See odowan.

do-way'-pi, n. hymns; singing.

do-ya', adj. moist, not dry, fresh, as meat.

do-ya'-ke, adj. fresh, not dried. do-ya'-ken, adv. in a moist condition.

du-kan'-pi, v. 2d pers. pl. of yu-kan; you are.

dun, cont. of duta. T., lul.

dun-ya', v. a. to color red or scarlet-dunwaya, dunyaya. T., lulya.

dus, adv. swiftly: dus ya, to go fast—dus mda. T., lus.

dus-du'-za-haŋ, v. red. of duzahaŋ. T., lusluzahaŋ.

dus-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to be swift.

dus-ya', v. to make swift—duswaya.

du'-ta, adj. red, scarlet. T., luta. du'-za, v. 2d pers. sing. of yuza; thou holdest.

du'-za-haŋ, v.n. to be swift, fast running—waduzahaŋ, yaduzahaŋ, uŋduzahaŋi. T., luzahaŋ.

E.

- e, the sixth letter of the Dakota alphabet, with the long sound of English a, as in late, fate, etc.
- e, an inseparable preposition or prefix.

 1. Prefixed to verbs it commonly signifies to, at, and is equivalent to ekta, as echpeya, to throw away at a place. It makes a locative form of the verb, and denotes that the action is done at a place, as, ebaksa, to saw off at. There are two other locative pre-
 - 2. Of some verbs commencing with "i," it makes a collective plural form: as, inazin, he stands, enazin, they stand; iyaya, he has gone, eyaya, they have gone.

fixes, namely, "a" and "o."

- e, intj. ah! well! said when one misses his mark in shooting: strange! why!
- e, a particle, used commonly after the sign of the future tense, when it is followed by a statement of the cause of what precedes, as, tanyan yaun kta e heon hecamon, I have done this that it might be well with thee. It also occurs in hee and dee, and seems to have the force of the substantive verb.
- e-ća', adv. when. See remarks under ća. It is also used, as in

- the cases which follow, to give emphasis.
- e-ća', adv. permanently, truly; eća waun, I am usually. With ka or ća at the end of the verb, not truly, at random; eća hećonka, he did it in fun; eća heyeća, he said it in sport. T., generally; hel eća unpi, they are generally there.
- e-ća', intj. Well! I declare! well done!
- e-ća'-ća, adv. at all, by any means, so, entirely; with sni following, not at all: ećaća yuhe kte sni, he will not have it at all; ećaća hi sni, he did not come at all.
- e-ća'-ća-dan, adv. red. of eća-dan; soon, referring to more than one event. T., ećakćal.
- e-ća'-ća-ka-eś, adv. indeed.
- e-ća'-dan, adv. soon. T., ećala.
- e ć a' d a ŋ ħ i ŋ, adv. very soon.
 T., ećalahćin.
- e-ća'-e-ćoŋ-ka, v. n. to follow, as a business; to pretend; to do as one likes—ećaećamoŋka. T., to do persistently against advice.
- e-ća'-eś, adv. indeed, truly.
- e-ća'-haŋ-ke-ya, adv. immediately, immediately after, at that time, continuously. T., ecahankeyela, incompletely.
- e-ća'-he-ćoŋ-ka, v. to feign, pretend; not to do—ećahećamoŋka, ećahećanoŋka. T, to do in spite of.

- e-ćah, adv. indeed, truly. See ećahe.
- e-ća'-han, v. a. to kill; i. q. kte: ahi ećahan, to come and kill one, as a war party does—ećawahan, eća-unhanpi.
- e-ća'-lie, adv. indeed, truly, expressing impatience.
- e-ća'-hin, adv. truly.
- e-ća'-litin, adv. Si. indeed. T., ećalićin.
- e-ća'-i-ći-źe-haŋ, adv. often. See iźehan:
- e-ća'-ka-eś, adv. at any rate. T., ećakaleś.
- e-ća'-ka-tin, adv. directly.
- e-ća'-ka-tin-yan, adv. directly, straight forward, without stoppage.
- e-ća'-ken, adv. generally; naturally. T., ećakel.
- e-ća'-ken-eś, adv. at any rate.
- e-ća'-ki-ći-ćon-pi, v. pl. they do to each other.
- e-ća'-ki-ćon, v. of ećon; to do to one—ećawećon, ećayećon, eća-unkićonni, ećaćićon, ećamiyećon.
- e-ća'-ki-on, v. of ećon; to do to; ećakićon is the better form—ećawakion, ećayakion, ećaunkionpi, ećamion, ećanion.
- e-ća'-la, T.; e-ća'-na, Th.; soon, i. q. ećadan.
- e-ća'-mna, adj. having smell or taste, fragrant, savory.
- e-ćan'-kin, v. a. to think so of, form an opinion of one—ecanwa-kin, ecanyakin, ecanunkinpi, ecan-

- cicin: ecanmayakin, thou thinkest so of me.
- e-ćan'-tu-dan, adv. i. q. ehantudan.
- e-ća'-on, v. to do to one—ećawaon, ećayaon.
- $e \acute{e} a' o w a \eta \acute{e} a y a$, adv. all over.
- e-ća'-o-wa-siŋ, adv. all, emphatically.
- e-ća'-o-ya-ke-ya, adv. telling, in the manner of relating. T., eća-oyagya.
- e ć a ś', adv. indeed. Same as ećaeś.
- e'-ća-ta, v. to draw a bow—ćwakata, éyakata, éunkatapi.
- e-ća'-wi-ći-śni-yan, adv. wrongly, entirely wrong.
- e-ća'-yaŋ-ke-ća, v. n. to remain in one place—ećamaŋkeća, ećauŋkaŋpika.
- e-ća'-yaŋ-ke-ća, n. something permanent, a fixture.
- e-ća'-yu-lii, n. something that is all over buboes, as a toad.
- e-ća'- y u li i, adj. rough, uneven on the surface.
- e-će', adv. only, usually, always: kośka eće, young men alone; delian waźuśteća yukan eće, at this time there are usually strawberries; magaźu eća maka spaya eće, when it rains the ground is always wet.
- e-će', intj. T. denotes doubt; eće! tuwe kakeśa, who would believe it!
- $e \acute{e} e' \acute{e} a$, adv. thus, so.
- e ée' éa, v. n. to be so, be affected

- with, as with a cold or disease of any kind; to be like—emaćeća, enićeća, unkećećapi.
- e-će'-ća-ke, adv. just so, even so, that alone.
- e ć e' ć e d a n, adv. red. of eće-dan.
- e-će'-daŋ, adv. only, alone, without anything extraneous. T., ećeela.
- e'-će-dan-ya, v. a. to purify, take away everything extraneous ććedanwaya.
- e-će'-e-dan, adv. only, that only.
- e-će'-hna, adv. just so, without alteration or change: ećehna han, remaining just so.
- e-će'-hna-hna, v. red. of ećehna
- e-će'-hna-na, adv. only so, just so, nothing more.
- e-ćeh', adv. times; well: topa ećeh topa, four times four; ećeh tuka će, well, so it is, said when one is badly off for some particular thing, although well off in most respects.
- e-će'-hin, adv. so, just so.
- e-će'-hćin, and e-će'-htin, adv. just so, exactly.
- e-će'-kćen, adv. red. of ećen; in this manner or way; so and so, thus and thus. T., ećekćel.
- e-će'-kćen-ya, adv. thus and thus.
- e-ćel', adv. T. so, thus: i. q. ećen.
- e-ćel'-ya, v. T. for ećel iyeya: tiyopa ećelya, shut the door.
- e-ćen', adv. so, thus, as it was, as

- it ought to be: ecen icu, to place as it was; tiyopa ecen icu, shut the door.
- e-ćeś', intj. of unwillingness.
- e'-će-ti, v. (ekta and ćeti) to build a fire to or at—éćewati, éćeyati, éćeuŋtipi.
- e-ée'-tu, adv. so, thus; just, right; about so many or so much: yamni eéetu, about three.
- e-će'-tu, v. n. to be accomplished or fulfilled. From this are formed ekićićetu, ekićetu, yuećetu, etc.
- e-će'-tu-ki-ya, v.a. to make so, to accomplish, fulfill—ećetuwakiya.
- e-će'-tu-ya, v. a. to fulfill, accomplish, bring about—ećetuwaya, ećetuyaya, ećetuunyanpi.
- e-će'-wa-kta, v. to attend to, to pursue such a course; to be accustomed to—ećewawakta, ećewayakta, ećewaunktapi.
- e-će'-wa-kta-ya, adv. attending to.
- e-će'-wiŋ, adv. very much; i. q. ota: ećewiŋ mayaku, thou hast given me much. See ićewiŋ. T., ićewiŋś.
- e-će'-wiŋ-yaŋ, adv. bountifully, liberally. T., ićewinśya.
- $e \acute{c} e' y e d a \eta$, adv. only so.
- e-ći'-ći-ya, v. of ećiya; I say to thee.
- e'-ći-na-kśin, v. col. used only with the plural ending, either on itself or a following verb (of anakikśin): to stand up for each other, to shield each other, to help each other: ećinakśin yakonpi.

- e-ćin', v. n. to think, suppose—ećanmi, ećanni, unkećinpi.
- e-cin', adv. to-day, soon, now always referring to the future; then indeed.
- e-ćin'-e-śta, adv. even to-day, by and by.
- e-cin'-ka, v. Same as ecin; to think, to hesitate or waver in one's opinions—ecanmika.
- e-ćin'-kta, adv. falsely, not truly: ećinkta eya, to tell what is not so.
- e-éin'-na-ke-éin-han, adv. soon, presently, in a little while.
- e-ćin'-śni, adj. thoughtless, foolish, vain.
- e-ćin'-śni-yan, adv. thoughtlessly, foolishly, wrong: ećinśniyan ećamon, I have done foolishly: ećinśniyan nawahon, I heard wrongly.
- e-ćin'-to, adv. what of it? The "to" is probably a contraction of tokeća. T., ćinto.
- e'-éi-pa, v.n. of akipa; to meet together, as two ends of anything, or as two armies in battle—écipapi.
- e'-ći-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to meet together, as the two ends of anything—écipewaya.
- e'-ći-ptan, adv. of akiptan; together: éćiptan ećonkupi, we do it together.
- e'-ć i-t a-p a, adj. agreeing with each other, fitted to, all of the same length.
- e'- & i to o p ta, adv. in the direction of, by anything.
- e'-6i-to-o-pte-ya, adv. directly by, in the direction of.

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- e-ći'-ya, v. a. of eya; to say to one—ewakiya, eyakiya, unkeki-yapi, emakiya, enićiya, ećićiya, emayakiya; unkekićiyapi, we say to each other.
- e-ći'-ya-pi, v. 3d pers. pl. of ećiya; also part., called, named: hećen ećiyapi, he is so called.
- e-ći'-ya-tan, adv. from, thence, hence.
- e-ci'-ya-tan-han, adv. from, of, on account of, concerning, hence.
- e'-ći-yu-pta, v. of ayupta; to answer one another; i. q. akićiyu-ptapi: ććiunyuptapi, we answer one another.
- e-ćon', v. a, to do, to work—ećamon, ećanon, ećonkupi and ećonkopi. Of this are formed ećakićon, ećakićićon, and ećakion.
- e-ćon'-ka-p'in, v. to be tired of doing, not to want to do—ećonwa-kap'in, ećonunkap'inpi. See kap'in.
- e-ćoη'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to do anything.
- $e \acute{e} \circ \jmath' na$, v. dim. of ećoj.
- e-ćon'-na, v. n. to gamble, play where anything is staked—eća-monna, ećanonna, ećonkupidan.
- e-ćon'-pi-ća, v. it can be done, is possible: econpica śni, it is not possible; cannot be done. Pica, when joined to verbs, denotes possibility.
- e-ćon'-pi-ća-ka, v. it is possible.
- e-ćon'-pi-dan, n. gambling. See oećonna. T, wayekiyapi.

- e-ćon'-śi-pi, n. orders.
- e'-e, v. it is, that is. This, with hee, dee, etc., includes the substantive verb.
- e'-e-ća-han, v. See ećahan.
- e'-e-h pe-k i-ya, v. a. to take to and leave at, to throw away at—éehpewakiya.
- e'-e-hpe-ya, v. a. to take and leave—éehpewaya.
- e'-e-ki-ya, adv. instead of.
- e'-e-ki-ya, v. a to substitute for, put for another; to regard as being something: taku samya wanke ćin he tatanka eewakiya, that black thing I take to be a buffalo.
- e-e s', adv. indeed. John i, 50; that is it.
- e'-gla, prep. among: T. i. q., ehna.
- e'-gla-ka, v. T. Same as ehnaka. e'-gla-ku, v. T. Same as ehdaku.
- e'-gle, v. T. Same as ehde: ti-
- yopa ecel egle, put the door to.
- e'-gna, prep. T. Same as ehna.
- e'-gna-ka, v. T. Same as ehnaka.
- e-ha'-es, adv. indeed, truly; used when one overdoes the matter; 2. intj. Well! I declare. T., ehakales.
- e-ha'-ha, v. red. 2d pers. of eya.
- e-ha'-ha-dan-ka, v. 2d pers. of eyayadanka; you don't say so. T., ehahalaka, you lie.
- e-ha'-ke, adv. yet, yet to come: ehake wanzidan, one yet.
- e-ha'-ke, n. the last one.
- e-ha'-ke-dan, n. the last. Ih., ehakena.

- e-ha'-ke-dan, adv. yet a little while.
- e-ha'-ke-dan-ka-se, adv. a little more, yet a little.
- e-ha'-ke-daη-ke-ćiη-haη, adv. soon.
- e-han', adv. then, at that time: he ehan, at that time, referring to past time alone; there, at that place, to, thus far: ehan wai, I have been there; ehan unkipi, we have been there.
- e han', intj. of assent; oh yes! yes; i. q. han. The last syllable is prolonged.
- e-hàn'-ke-ća, adv. Ih. i. q. ehankon. J. P. W.
- e-han'-ke-han, adv. T. formerly.
- e-han'-kon, adv. indeed. This word is used when one is informed or convinced of something which he has doubted or disbelieved, or has been ignorant of. It is sometimes followed by hunste, as chankon wićakapi hunste, well, that is true.
- e-han'-na, adv. long ago.
- e-han'-na-tan-han, adv. from a long time ago.
- e-han'-tan-han, adv. from, from that time or place: hipi kin ehantanhan yamni can, it is three days since they came.
- e-han'-tu, adv. at that time.
- e-han'-tu-dan, adv. then. Ih., ehantuna.
- e-han'-tu-dan-hin, adv. just then. T., ehantulahéin, just there.

- e'-hda-ku, v. pos. of éyaku; to take up again, take back again; to take up one's own—éwahdaku, éyahdaku, éunhdakupi. T., eglaku.
- e'-h de, v.a. to place, set or make stand in a place—éwahde, éyahde, éunhdepi. T., egle.
- e'-h de-ġa, v. to overtake—éwahdeġa, éyahdeġa.
- e'-hdu-za, v. pos. of éyuza; to overtake and take one's own; to retaliate—éwahduza.'
- e-he'-dan, v. dim. of eha; thou saidst so. Used when speaking to a child.
- e-he'-dan, intj. thou sayest so. A by-word.
- e'-hna, prep. with, in, amongst, through, in the midst of: wicehna, amongst them. T., egna.
- e'-hnag, cont. of éhnaka; éhnag aya, to take and lay away.
- e'-hna-hna, prep. red. of éhna.
- e'-hna-ka, v. a. to lay down or place; to lay away, to put off or delay; to stop from, let rest, lay aside, as some matter of business—éwahnaka, éunhnakapi, and unkehnakapi. T., egnaka.
- e'-hna-na, adv. amongst. T., egnalahcin.
- e'-ha, v. a. of ha; to take to and bury at a place—éwaha.
- e-lip a'-ya, v. n. See ihpaya, the better orthography.
- e-hpe'-ki-ći-ći-ya-pi, n.
 throwing each other away, divorcement.

- e-hpe'-ki-ći-ya, v. taku elipekićiya aku, they throw away things as they return.
- e-hpe'-ki-ya, v. a. pos. of ehpe-ya; to throw away, forsake, leave one's own: winohinéa ehpekiya, he has put away his wife—ehpewakiya, ehpeunkiyapi.
- e-hpe'-ya, v. a. to throw away, put aside, leave, forsake: toki ehpeya, to lose anything—ehpewaya, ehpeunyanpi.
- e'-i-hda-ku, v. reflex. of éhdaku; to take away or deliver one's self— -émihdaku, énihdaku. T., eiglaku.
- e'-ka-ta, v. to put the arrow to the string, draw the bow—éwakata, éya-kata, éunkatapi. See écata, which is more correct.
- e-ki'-će-tu, v. n. pos of ećetu; to recover, become as before—emakićetu, enikićetu, eunkićetupi.
- e-ki'-će-tu-ya, v. a. to cause to recover, make right again; to restore, raise up from the dead—ekićetuwaya, ekićetuyaya, ekićetuunyanpi.
- e-ki'-ći-će-tu, v. n. to become as before to or for one—emićićetu, enićićetu, euŋkićićetupi.
- e'-ki-ći-hda-ku, v. pos. to take one's own from another; to take away what one has given—ćwećihdaku, éyećihdaku, éunkićihdakupi, émićihdakupi.
- e'-ki-ći-hde, v. of éhde; to place for one—éwecihde, éyecihde, éunkicihdepi. T., ekicigle.

- e'-ki-ći-hdu-za, v. of éhduza; to take one's own from another; to retaliate—éwećihduza.
- e'-ki-ći-hna-ka, v. of éhnaka; to lay away for one, put away and keep for one—ćwećihnaka, éyećihnaka, éunkićihnakapi, émićihnaka.
- e'-ki-ći-on-pa, v. of éonpa; to place or set as a trap for anything; to lay away or place something for another—éwećionpa, éyećionpa, éuŋkićionpapi.
- e'-ki-ći-pa, v. of akipa; to meet, launch out to—ćwećipa, ćunki-ćipapi.
- e'-ki-ći-pa-zo, v. of épazo; to point to for one—éwećipazo, éyećipazo, éunkićipazopi.
- e-ki'-ći-ya, v. used only in the dual and plural: ekićiyapi, they said to each other; unkekićiya, we two say to each other. See ećiya.
- e'-ki-ći-ya-ku, v. of éyaku; to take from one—éwećiyaku, éyećiyaku, éunkićiyakupi.
- e'-ki-ći-źu, v. of eźu; to pile up for one; to hand over to another, as to one who wins in gambling—éwećiźu, éuŋkićiźupi.
- e'-ki-hde, v. pos. of éhde; to place or lay away one's own—éwehde, éyehde, éunkihdepi.
- e'-ki-hde-ġa, v. to overtake one—éwehdeġa, éyehdeġa, éuŋkihdeġapi, ééihdeġa, émihdeġa, énihdeġa; éwićuŋkihdeġapi, we overtake them.
- e'-ki-hna-ka, v. pos. of éhnaka;

- to lay away one's own—éwelinaka, éunkihnakapi.
- e'-ki-pa-zo, v. of épazo; to show to one, point to for one—éwakipazo, éyakipazo, éuŋkipazopi, émakipazo.
- e'-kna, prep. Ih. Same as éhna.
- e'-kna-ka, v. Ih. Same as éhnaka.
- e-kta', prep. at, to: ekta mde kta, I will go to.
- e-kta'-ki-ya, adv. to, towards.
- e-kta'-kta, prep. red. of ekta.
- e-kta'-śni-yan, adv. not according to.
- e'-kton-źa, v. Ih. Same as akiktonźa. T., to forget one's own.
- e-ke', compound rel. pron. that which, that itself, even that. It refers to some person or thing before mentioned.
- e-keś', pron. Same as eke. T., adv., as for that one.
- en, prep. in, at, to, of, or concerning; en un, he is in; en ai, to charge upon one, lay to one's charge; en au, to bring upon one; en aya, to lay to one's charge; en amda, I take to or charge upon one. T, el and enl.
- e n a g' n a l a, adv. T. i. q. enana.
- e-na'-ki-ya, v. a. to finish, quit, cease from—enawakiya, enaunki-yapi.
- e-na'-na, adv. here and there.
- e-na'-na-ki-ya, adv. scattered, here and there: enanakiya iyayapi.
- e'-naŋ-pa, v. See énapa.
- e'-na-pa, v. col. pl. of inapa; they come in sight.

- e'-na-pe-ya, adv. coming in sight, e'-pa-zo, v. a. coming out of. to—éwapazo, é
- e'-na-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to come in sight; to cause to come out, bring forward; to speak audibly, tell, relate, make known—énapewaya, énapeyaya, énapeunyanpi; ho énapeye éni, he does not make his voice heard. T., to come in sight, become visible.
- e'-na-źiŋ, v. n.. to stand at a place—énaunźiŋpi.
- e'-na-źiŋ, v. n. col. pl. of inaźiŋ; they stand there.
- e'-na-źiŋ-ya, v. a. to cause to stand at; to bring to a stand, as one following deer, when he overtakes it—énaźiŋwaya.
- e n i' ć i ć i y a, adv. scattered abroad; i. q. enanakiya.
- e-ni'-ći-ya, v. of ećiya; he says to thee.
- en'-tu, adv. there, in that place; at, in. See etu.
- e'-o-ka-sin, v. See éyokasin, the better orthography.
- e'-on-pa, v. a. to place, lay, to set as a trap; to lay or place carefully, as a sick person on a bed—éwaonpa, éyaonpa, éunkonpapi.
- e-pa', v. 1st. pers. sing. of eya; I said.
- e'-pa-lipa, v. a. to take to and lay down at—éwapalipa, éyapalipa, éunpalipapi.
- e'-pa-ni, v. a. T. to crowd or shove, push with the elbow.
- e pa' pa, v. red. of epa.

- e'-pa-zo, v. a. to point at, point to—éwapazo, éyapazo, éunpazopi.
- e-pća', v. 1st pers. sing. I think: epće ćikon, I thought. This is the only person used. See hepća and kepća.
- e-pća'-ken, adv. as I think.
- e-pće'-ća, v. I think so. See epća.
- $e p e' da\eta$, v. dim. of epa.
- e-pe'-dan, intj. I said so, I told you so.
- eś, particle. John xi. 56.
- e-s a' and e-s a n', adv. T. though, although: i. q. esta.
- e-śta', conj. though, although, even if: hećamon eśta waśte kte śni, although I should do that, it would not be well. It is used singularly in some phrases, as, mayaku eśta śni, why don't you give it to me? mayaku śni eśta śni, thou needest not give it to me; maku śni eśta kta, do not give it to me.
- e-śtaŋ'-haŋ, conj. although: hi estaŋhaŋ sdonwaye śni, although he has come I do not know it. T., eśahaŋ and yeśahaŋ.
- e-śtaś', intj. indeed! T., eśaś.
- e-tan', adv. an abbreviated form of etanhan.
- e-tan'-han, prep. from, on account of, concerning.
- e-tan'-han ś-to-ke-ća, adv. T. what difference does it make?
- e-ta'-pa, n. the right hand—ematapa and mietapa, enitapa and nietapa: etapa eciyatanhan, at the

- right side.
- e-ta'-pa, adj. right-handed-ematapa, enitapa, euntapapi.
- e-ta'-pa-tan-han, adj. at the right hand of-ematapatanhan.
- e'-ta-wa-pa, v. (e and tawapa) to overtake.
- e'-ti, v. a. to encamp at, pitch a tent at-éwati, éyati, éuntipi.
- e'-tki-ya, adv. towards: étkiya ya, to go towards, to make a motion to go towards.
- e'-ton-wan, v. a. to look to or towards-éwatonwan, éyatonwan, éuntonwanpi, ématonwan.
- e-to'-o-pta, adv. in the direction of, through or by an object, straight through without stopping.
- e-to'-o-pte-ya, adv. by, through, straight through. T., etoopteyela.
- e-to'-o-pte-ya-ken, adv. the direction of, by.
- e-to'-pte-ya, adv. by, towards, through.
- e'-tu. *adv*. to, at, in: he étu, at that place. See entu.
- e'-un, v. to go and dwell or be; to be or dwell at-éwaun, éyaun.
- e'-wa-ćin, v. a to think of or concerning; to set the mind to, turn the attention to-éwaćanni, éwaćanni, éwaunćingi.
- e'-wan-ka, v.a. to go and sleep at—émunka, énunka. T., eyunka. e'-wan-ka, v. col. pl. of iwanka. e'-ya, adv. also, too: miś eya, I

also.

- right hand; tan etapanhan, at the e'-ya, v. to say anything—epa, eha, unkeyapi, ehapi, eyapi. From this come heya, keya, ećiya, ekiciya, and cyaya. The Titons and Yanktons say eyin when kta follows, as eyin kta, ehin kta, epin kta.
 - e'-ya-ća-ston, v. to give a name to. See caston.
 - e'-ya-han, v. col. pl. of iyahan.
 - e'-ya-he, v. Same as éyahan.
 - e'-ya-hin-hda, v. to commence or burst out saying. T., eyahingla.
 - e'-ya-ke, adv. also, too.
 - e'-ya-keś, intj. T. well, oh! well.
 - e'-ya-ku, v. a. to take up, take away-émdaku, édaku, éunyakupi.
 - e'-ya-ni-yan, v. to cry out, to say calling out.
 - e'-yan-pa-ha, v. to herald, proclaim aloud; to stand out and make a speech in camp—éyanwapaha, éyanyapaha, éyanunpahapi.
 - e'-yan-pa-ha, n. a crier, herald, one who proclaims the decisions of councils.
 - e'-ya-pa-to, v.n. to strike against one, butt against—eyamapato, eyanipato, eyauppatopi.
 - e'-yaś, adv. **T**. so, even so, although.
 - e'-ya-sin, adv. T. nevertheless.
 - e-ya'-ya, v. red. of eya; to say . often, repeat—epapa, ehaha, unkeyayapi. T., eyayalaka, to lie.
 - e'-ya-ya, v. a. to take or have taken with one-émdamde, édade, éunyayapi: makeyaya, he has taken

away something of mine. See keyaya.

e'-ya-ya, v. col. pl. of iyaya; they have gone.

e'-ye, v. i. q., eya.

e-yin', v. T. See under eya.

e'-yo-ka-kin, v.a. to look round into, as in at a door partly open; to look out of-éyowakakin, éyounkakinpi.

e'-vo-ka-sin, v. a. to peep in, as at a keyhole; to look in by stealth éyowakasin, éyounkasinpi.

e'-yu-hpa, v.a. to take and lay

down at, to take off one's pack and rest at-émdulipa.

e'-yu-kan, v col. pl. they go and stay. Same as iyukanpi.

e'-yun-ka, v. T., i. q., ewanka.

e'-yu-za, v. a. to go and take at, seize and hold at or on the way; to hold to or at-émduza.

e-ze', intj. expressing surprise and unbelief.

e'-źu, v. a. to pile up, lay up in a pile—éwaźu. T., ekśu.

e'-źu-pi, part. piled up.

G.

- g, the seventh letter of the Dakota alphabet. It has the sound of g in good, glad, etc. It occurs in the Dakota language only at the end of a syllable, and as a contraction of "ka," except in the Titonwan dialect, where "gl" is used in the place of "hd" and "hn" of the Wahpetonwan and "kd" and "kn" of the Ihankton wan dialects.
- gla, v. pos. T. to yo to one's homewagla. Same as hda.
- gla'-pa, adj. T. i. q. hdapa.
- gla-pe', v. T. to take up when one wins in gambling.
- tkan, to drink one's own.
- own-waglawa. Same as hdawa.

- gla-ya', v. T. to sound, as the depth of water-glawaya.
- gla-za'-ta, adv. T. by the side of; miglazata, by my side.
- gla'-źa, v. n. T. to be sick or diseased; i. q. kanheźa: distinguished from wayazanka, as that means an attack of sickness-this a confirmed state: maglaźa, niglaźa, unglaźapi. T. L. R.
- glaź-uŋ'-ke or glaś-uŋ'.-ke, v. n. or adj. (glaza and un) T. to be a confirmed invalid—glasmunke, etc.
- gli, v. pos. T. to come home—wagli. Same as hdi.
- gla-tkan', v. pos. T. i. q. hda-gli-ću', v. pos T. to start to come home-wagliću. Same as hdiću.
- gla'-wa, v. pos. T. to read one's gli-gla', v.n. T. to pass on going home—wagligla. Same as hnihda.

gli-yo', v. T. pos. of hiyo: i. q. | gna-śkin'-yan, v. T. i. q. hnahduwe: glivo mni kta, I will go for my own.

glo-gla', v. pos. T. to carry back home-waglogla. Same as hdohda.

glo-gle'-ska, n. T. the gullet; i. q. hdohdeska.

g l o - g l i', v. pos.T. to bring back home—waglogli. Same as hdohdi.

glu-kćan', v. pos. T. to form an opinion of what concerns one's self— -waglukćan. Same as hdukćan.

g n a' - k a, v. a. T. i. q. hnaka.

śkinyaŋ

g n a' - y a n, v. T. i. q. hnayan.

g n u' - n i, v. n. T. i. q. hnuni or nuni: to wander, be lost, lose-wagnuni, etc.

gnu-gnu'-śka, n. T. the grasshopper; grasshoppers; i. q. psipsićadan.

Note.—These words are only given as examples of this peculiarity of the Titonwan dialect.

Ġ.

g, the eighth letter of the Dakota alphabet. It represents a deep sonant guttural.

ġa. See yuġa.

 \dot{g} a - \dot{g} a', adv. T. on the surface.

 $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ a - $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ a' - \mathbf{v} a, adv. T. $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ a $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ ava $\dot{\mathbf{s}}$ pan, cooked on the outside.

 \dot{g} a - \dot{g} a' - v e - l a , adv. T. ģaģavela span, well cooked.

g a - h a n', adj. great, loud, harsh, or rough, as the voice: ho magahan, my voice is rough.

ga-he'-ća, adj. harsh, rough, loud, as the voice—magaheća.

ġam, cont. of ġapa.

gan, adj. open, full of little holes.

ġaŋ-ġaŋ', adj. open, as thin cloth.

ġaŋ-ġaŋ'-na, adj. thin, open, full of small holes.

ġaŋ-ġaŋ'-ye-daŋ, adj. very

of an ax: ġanġanyedan yuman, to grind sharp and thin.

gan-ga'-ta, adj. forked, pronged: open, as cloth. T., ġalġata.

ġaŋ-ġe'-ća, *n*. dand**ruff**. ģiņģiņća.

ġa'-pa. See yuġapa.

ġa-pa'-wa-han, part. stripped off, come off of itself. See yugapa.

ga'-ta, adj. forked, pronged: ta-. hinća he yamni gata, a deer's horns have three prongs.

ġe-ća. See ġuġeća.

 $\dot{g} e - \dot{g} e' - y a$, v. n. to swing, as one's arms, like a drunken man-ģeģeićiva.

 $\dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e} - \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e}' - \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, adv. swinging, dangling.

ġi, adj. brown, dark-gray, rustylooking.

sharp and thin, as the blade or bit | g i-g i', adj. red. of gi; brown, rusty.

ġi-ġi', n. rust..

ġi-ġi'-taŋ-ka, n. oranges, lemons. T., taspaŋġi.

ġiŋ'-ća, v. n. to snivel, grunt, sob—waġiŋća, yaġiŋća, uŋġiŋćapi. ġiŋ-ġiŋ'-ća, n. dross; quicksilver of looking-glasses; pa ġinġiŋ-ća, dandruff (see heġiŋća); mahpi ġiŋġiŋća, certain webs, like spiders' webs, which are seen floating in the air in the fall of the year.

ġiŋ-ġiŋ'-ća, adj. smoky, hazy as Indian summer.

ġi-tka', adj. brownish.

ġi-tka'-dan, adj. a little brownish.

ġi-tka'-tka, adj. red. of ġitka; reddish, brownish, or yellowish.

ġi-ya', v a. to make brown—ġi-waya, ġiyaya, ġiunyanpi; ġiićiya, to make one's self brown—ġimićiya.
ġi-ya', adv. brownly: ġiya śpan,

cooked brown.

ġ o m - ġ o m', cont. of ġ o mġ o pa: ġ o mġ o m niya, to breathe with difficulty, as one snoring. T., ġ o bġ o b.

gom-go'-pa, v. red. of gopa. gom'-ya, adv. in a snoring manner. ġoŋ'-ġa, adj. ista ġoŋġa, blind, one blind—ista maġoŋġa, ista niġoŋġa, ista uŋġoŋġapi.

ġ o' - p a, v. n. to snore—waġopa, yaġopa, unġopapi.

ġu, v. n. to burn, singe, scorch, be burnt—maġu, niġu, unġupi.

gu-ge'-ca, n. the soft, spongy part of bones in which there is oil.

ġu-ġu', v. red. of ġu; to be burnt in several places.

 $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ u - $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ u' - y a, v red. of $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ uya

ġu'-ka. See yuġuka.

g u - k a' - h a n, part. stretched, strained, sprained.

ġu-ka'-wa-han, part strained. ġu-mna', adj. (ġu and omna) smelling burnt.

ġuŋ'-ġa, adj. T. proud.

ġ u ŋ'- ġ a - ġ a, adj.. T. red. of ġ uŋġa.

ġuŋ-ġa'-ġa-ya, adv. T. proudly. ġu-ya', v.a. to burn, cause to burn ġuwaya, ġuyaya, ġuuŋyaŋpi.

gu-ya', adv. in a burnt manner.

gu-ya'-pi, n. a brand on an animal.

H.

h, the ninth letter of the Dakota alphabet. It is an aspirate, like the English h in hymn.

ha, n. a flea, fleas. T., hala.

ha, n. the skin or hide of animal, man included; the bark or rind of anything, as trees, etc.

ha-a'-kam, adv. on the outside, on the surface. T, haakab.

ha-a'-kam-ye-dan, adv. on the surface, shallow, as in plowing, skimming over the surface.

ha-a'-ka-pa, adv. on the outside. ha-a'-ka-pa-ta, adv. externally. ha-a'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. on the outer surface.

Ha'-des, n. the place of the dead, hell. Introduced from the Greek.

ha-ha'-dan, adv. tottering, moving, easily moved.

ha-ha'-ya, v. a. to move, make a coward of; i. q. cantewankaya—hahawaya, hahaunyanpi.

ha-ha'-ya, adv. totteringly, moving. ha-ha'-ye-dan, adv. moved, not firm: cante hahayedan mayanka, my heart is in an excited state.

ha-hon'-ta, n. thread, twine, cord. ha-hon'-ta-i-ya-pe-han-pi, n. spool-thread.

ha-hon'-ta-zib-zi-pe-dan, n.
fine thread, silk thread. T., hahonta cikala.

ha-hun'-ta, n. See hahonta.

ha^-ka-hmon-pi, n. (ha and kahmon) a cord, rope, twisted bark rope.

ha'-ka-hmuŋ-pi, n. Same as hakahmonpi.

ha-ka'-kta, adj. last, the last; the youngest—hamakakta and mahakakta, nihakakta, unhakaktapi.

ha-kam', adv. afterwards, in the mean time. T., hakab.

ha-kam'-ya, adv. afterwards. ha-ka'-pa, adv. See hakapatanhan.

ha-ka'-pa-tan-han, adv. on the external surface; also, hakapantanhan. Ih., afterwards.

ha-ka'-ta-ya, v. T. to have for a sister.

ha-ke', n. the name of the fifth child, if a son. This with hapan and hapistinna are not used by the Yanktons.

ha-ke'-ke, n. red. of hake It is so used as a proper name.

ha-ki'-kta, v. n. to look around, look behind, turn round to look—hawekta, hayekta, haunkiktapi.

ha-ki'-kta-kta, v. red. of ha-kikta; to look back often.

ha'-la, n. T. fleas.

ha-mde', v. See hanmde, the correct orthography.

ham-i'-ta-ke, n. See hanpaitake. ha'-mna, adj. smelling of the skin, poor, lean, not smelling well, as meat. ha'-na-hpu, v. See hanahpuhpu. ha'-na-hpu-hpu, v. the rough bark of trees, that seems ready to fall off. See nahpu.

ha'-na-sku, v. See hanaskusku. ha'-na-sku-sku, v. n. to crack and peel off, as the skin of potatoes by boiling. See nasku.

ha'-na-sku-ya, v. a. to cause to crack and peel off-hanaskuwaya.

han, adv. of affirmation; yes, yea. han, n cont. of hanyetu; night: han waste, good night; han icamna,

a stormy night.

han, v. n. to stand, stand upright or on end; to remain: ećen han, it stands or remains as it was. From this are formed iyahan, kićihan, etc.

han-a'-ke-cin, n. T. to-morrow. han - ble' - će - ya, v. n.cry in vision seeking.

han-ćo'-ka, n. midnight.

han - co' - ka - ya, n. (hanyetu and) ćokaya) midnight.

han - do' - wan, n. (hanyetu and) dowan) a night-song.

han-do'-wan-pi, n. a nightsona.

han-he'-pi, n. Ih. and T. night: i. q. hanyetu: last night; hanhepi kinhan, to-night; hanhepi kin le, this night.

han-he'-pi-wi, n. T. the nightsun-moon: i. q. hanyetu wi.

han-han'-na, n. morning, tomorrow. T., hihanna.

han-han'-na-hin, n. very early in the morning. T., hihannahćin.

han-ka', n. a man's sister-in-law, his wife's sister or brother's wife; my sister-in-law.

han-ka'-ku, n. his sister-in-law. han-ka'-śa-dan, n. the groundhog or woodchuck, the American arctomys.

han-ka'-śi, n. a man's female cousin, his mother's brother's daughter, but not his father's brother's daughter; my female cousin.

han-ka'-śi-tku, n. his female cousin.

han-ka'-śi-ya, v.a. to have for or call hankasi, to sustain the relation of male cousin to a woman—hankaśiwaya.

han-ka'-ya, v. a. to have for or regard as a sister-in-law-hankawaya, hankaunyanpi.

han-ke', n. half; a part.

han-ke'-dan, n. a small half.

han-ke'-ke, n. red. of hanke; half and half.

han-ke'-ya, v.a. to halve; to have reached the middle—hankewaya.

han-ke'-ya, adv. by the half. T., hankeyela, only half.

han-ki'-kta, v. n. (hanyetu and to rise very early in the kikta) morning; to wake while it is yet night—hanwekta, hanyekta, hanunkiktapi.

han ko'-ki-pa, adv. ardly, fearing night.

han-kpan', n. moccasin-strings.

Mr. S. W. Pond suggests, that perhaps the "k" and "p" in this word have changed places, and the word was originally happkan, that is, happa and ikan.

han'-ma-ni, v. to walk in the night; to be in the dark about anything, not to understand—hanmawani: hanmanipi se unyakonpi, we are in the dark about it.

han-mde', v.n. to fast and dream, to have intercourse with the spiritual world, used in regard to their superstitions—hanwamde, hanunmdepi. T., hanble.

han-mdo'-hdag-i-a, v. (han-mdohdaka and ia) to tell dreams and visions; to talk so that common people do not understand—hanmdohdagiwaa. T., hanbloglagia.

han-mdo'-hdag-i-a-pi, n talking mysteriously; preaching.

han-mdo'-hda-ka, v. a. (han-mde and ohdaka) to tell of one's intercourse with the spirit world, relate visions; to speak unintelligibly—hanmdowahdaka, hanmdoyahdaka, hanmdounhdakapi. T., hanbloglaka.

han-mna', v. See ihanma. han-na'-ka, n. (hanyetu and nakaha) this night.

hanp, cont. of hanpa.

han'-pa, n. moccasins; tahanpe, his moccasins; hanpa hdusdoka, to pull off one's own moccasins.

 $ha\eta'-pa-a-pe$, and $ha\eta'-pa-a-pe-e-co\eta-pi$, n a game in

which a bullet is hid in one of four moccasins or mittens, and sought for by the opposite party.

han'-pa-i-ta-ke, n. the face or upper part of a moccasin. Pronounced often happitake.

hanp a'-pe and hanp-a'-pe e-con'-pi, n. Same as hanpaape. See ap'a, ap'e.

han - pe', n. See hanpa—mitahanpe, tahanpe. See also istaminihanpe.

han-pi', n. broth, soup, gravy; juice, sap, etc. See wahanpi.

hanp-i'-ta-ke, n. See hanpaitake.

hanp-o'-han, v. to put on or wear moccasins—happowahan.

hanp-o'-he-ki-ći-ći-ya, v.a. to put moccasins on one—hanpohe-wećićiya.

hanp-o'-he-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to put on moccasins—hanpo-hewakiya.

hanpohan; to put on or wear one's own moccasins—happowakihan.

han'-ska, adj. long; tall.

han'-ska-ska, adj. red. of hanska.

han'-ske-ya, v. a. to make long, lengthen—hanskewaya,

han'-ske-ya, adv. far, extending, long.

han'-ini, intj. no! not yes; i.q. hiya. han'-ta, v. imperat. only; get away, begone, get out of the way—hanta wo, hanta po. hay'-tan-hans, adv. Ih. i. q. ha'-pis-tin, n. kinhan; if, in case that.

han'-tu, adv. indeed.

han'-tu-ke, adv. indeed, for once. ha'-stan, adj. dark-complexioned— T., hantuķeś, certainly.

han-wa'-ći-pi, n. the name of a Dakota dance.

han-wan'-ka, v.n. to remain over night, as something killed and left until the morning. T., hanyunka. han-wi', n. See hanyetuwi.

han-ya'-ġu, n. T. a robe dried out of doors in winter by freezing.

han - ya' - ke - cin - han, n. to-morrow.

han-ye', cont. of hanyetu.

han-ye'-ćo-ka, n. midnight.

han-ye'-ćo-ka-ya, n. (hanyetu and ćokaya) middle of the night, midnight. T., hancokaya.

han-yen', adv. by night, at night. T., hanhepi el.

han-ye'-tu, n. night. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ hanhepi and hihappi.

han-ye'-tu-dan, n. dim. of hanyetu. The black bear is sometimes so nicknamed.

han - ye' - tu - wi, n. night-sun, i. e., the moon. T., hanhepi wi.

ha-o', adv. See ho.

ha'-o-ya-sa-ka, adj. skin dried to the bone, very lean.

ha'-pa-hda-ya, v. to throw off the skin, as snakes. T., hapahlaya. ha'-pan, n. the name of the second child, if a daughter.

See hapistinna, which is more commonly used

han-tpan', n. Same as hankpan. ha'-pis-tin-na, n. the name of the third child, if a girl.

hamastan; of ha and stan.

night-dance; ha-stay-hay-ka, n. grapes of all kinds. T., cunwiyape.

> ha-stan'-han-ka-han-pi, n. grape-juice.

> ha-stan'-han-ka-i-yu-wi, n. grape-vines

han-wi'-yan-pa, n. moonlight. has-tan'-ka, n. (haza and tanka) a kind of berry, which, it is said, is bitter if approached from the windward—if from the leeward, sweet. Syn., aunyeyapi.

> ha-stan'-yan-ka, n. This is probably the most ancient form of hastanhanka.

ha-śbe', n. nettles; flax. T., haśme. ha-ya', v. T. to have for clothing hawaya.

ha-ya'-ke, n. Ih. clothes; i. q. heyake. T., hayapi.

 $ha - yo' - we - da\eta$, n. marks made in the snow, as by children in play: hayowedan kiçun.

ha'-yu-za, v. a. to skin, take off the skin of anything—hamduza.

ha'-za, n. the whortleberry, huckleberry. The Dakotas specify several kinds, as the winohin tahaza and the wahanksin tahaza.

h b a. See yuhba, etc. T., gba. h b a - h a n', part. falling off, shelling off of itself, as corn. T., gbahan. h b e - h b e' - z a, adj. red. of hbeza;

in rings around, ring-streaked, ap- | h d a - d a', v. pos. of kada; to spill pearing like the ribs of animals.

h b e - h b e'- z e - d a n, adj. See hbehbeza.

h b e' - z a, adj. ring-streaked, rings running around, rough: dote hbeza, the wind-pipe, because it appears in rings.

hbe'-ze-dan, adj. striped or ringed, like a screw; rough.

h b u, adj. clear of everything else, cleaned, as grain. One's hair is said to be "hbu," when not curled.

h b u, v. n. to burst open, as boiled potatoes. *T.*, gbu.

hbu-ya', adv. cleaned, clear of everything else, as grain clear of chaff.

hda. See yuhda.

hda, used to make the possessive form of verbs commencing with "ka" and "ya:" as kaksa, to cut off, yaksa, to bite off hdaksa, to cut off or bite off one's own; nape wahdaksa, I cut off or bite off my hand. The pronouns are prefixed.

hda, v. pos. of ya; to go homewahda, yahda, unhdapi. T., gla.

hda, v.n. to feel, become sensible of, as of heat or cold, pain, etc.: ćuwita hda, to become cold; wayazan hda, to become sick..

 $hda-\acute{c}e'-ya, v.$ pos. of kaćeva or yaćeya. T., glaćeya.

hda-ćo', v. pos. of yaćo; to judge or condemn one's own-wahdaćo. T., glasu. Ih, kdasu.

hda-ćo'-za, v. pos. of kaćoza.

one's own-wahdada.

hda-ga'-pa, v. to tear or bruise a piece off. T., glagapa.

hda-ġe'-ġe, v. pos. of kaġeġe; to sew one's own-wahdagege, unhdaģeģepi.

h d a - $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ o', v. pos. of $\mathbf{k}a\dot{\mathbf{g}}o$.

hda-han', adj. very thin, as mush or gruel; i. q. happi ota.

hda-han', v. n. to ravel, to untwist. T., glahan.

hda-he', adv. unrolled of itself.

h da - h e' - y a, adv. straight forward, without interruption, as hdaheya ia, to speak continuously; thin, as mush or gruel, i. q. happi ota: hdaheya ećon, to make thin, as gruel. T., glaheya.

hda-hin'-ta, v. pos. of kahinta hda-hna'-yan, v. pos. of yahnayan.

h da - h o' - h o, v. pos. of vahoho or kahoho.

hda-ho'-mni, v. pos. of vahomni or kahomni.

hda-ho'-ton, v. pos. of kahoton. hda-hu'-hu-za, v. pos. of kahuhuza.

hda-ha'-pa, v. pos. of kahapa.

h da - h da' - ya, v. pos. of yahdaya; to bite off, as the skin of anything; to tell a lie—wahdahdaya.

hda-hde'-ća, v. pos. of kahdeća and valideća, to break open one's own by smiting; to tear open one's own by biting—wahdahdeća.

hda-hden', cont. of hdahdeća; hda-kan', v. pos. of kakan; to hdaliden iyeya, to break or smash open one's own suddenly. T., glafilel. h da - h do' - ka, v. pos. of kahdoka and validoka.

hda-hem', cont. of hdahepa; hdahem iyeya. T., glaheb.

hda-he'-pa, v. pos. of valiepa; to drink up one's own—wahdahepa.

hda-hi'-ća, v. pos. of valića. hda-hni'-ga, v. pos. of kahniga;

to choose one's own.

hda-hpa', v. pos. of kahpa.

hda-hpu', v. pos. of yahpu; to pull or tear off with the teeth something of one's own that adheres to something else—wahdahpu.

hda-hpu'-hpu, v red. of hdahpu.

hda-htag, cont. of hdahtaka; hdahtag iyeya. T., glahtag.

hda-hta'-ka, v. pos. of yahtaka; to bite one's own-wahdahtaka.

hda-hu'-ga, v. pos. of kahuga and vahuga. See hdahuhuga.

hda'-huh, cont. of hdahuga.

hda-hu'-hu-ga, v. pos. of kahuhuga and yahuhuga; to smash or break in one's own, as the skull of one's child, or as one's kettle, by pounding; to break up one's own with the teeth, as bones which belong to one's self

h da-ka', adj. standing apart; standing alone, separated, as large trees without underbrush; large-toothed, as a coarse comb. See canhdaka. T., glake.

hew one's own.

hda-ka'-wa, v. pos. of yakawa. hda-kća', v. pos. of kakća; to comb one's own—wahdakća, vahdakća, unhdakćapi.

hda-ke'-ya, adv. separately, at a distance from each other.

h da-kin'-ća, v. pos. of kakinća. hda-kins'-kin-za, v. pos. of yakinza. See hihdakinskinza.

hda-kin'-yan, adv. across, crosswise, transverse: Mde hdakinyan. Lake Traverse; ohan hdakinyan, perverse; oie hdakinyan, a liar. T., glakinyan ia, to speak what is not

hda-kpan', v. pos. of kakpan; to wink: ista wahdakpan, I wink my eyes.

hda-ksa', v. pos. of kaksa and yaksa; to cut off one's own, as one's own wood, with an ax; to bite off one's own—wahdaksa, yahdaksa.

hda-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of hdaksa; to cut or bite one's own in many pieces—wahdaksaksa.

hda-kśi'-źa, v. pos. of yakśiża.

hda-ku'-ka, v. pos of yakuka

 $h da - k \cdot e' - za$, v. pos. of yakeza.

hda-ko'-ga, v. pos. of yakoga.

h da - m da' - y a, v. pos. of kamdaya.

h da - m da' - za, v. pos. of kamdaza and yamdaza.

hda-mde'-ća, v.pos. of kamdeća and yamdeća; to break in pieces one's own by striking, as any-

- thing brittle; to bite in pieces—wahdamdeća. T., glableća.
- h da-m den', cont. of hdamdeća: hdamden iyeya. T., glablel.
- hda-mdu', v. pos. of kamdu and yamdu.
- hda-mna', v. pos. of kamna and yamna; to acquire or collect property; to acquire by talking—wahdamna.
- hda-mni', v. used with ya or i; hdamni ya, to go after something one has left, as provisions hid in the snow—wahdamni mda.
- h da-mni'-yan, v. Same as hdamni: hdamniyan wai, I have been for something left.
- hda-o'-ksa, v. pos. of kaoksa.
- hda-o'-ni-han, v. pos. of yaonihan; to praise one's own—wahdaonihan
- h da-o'-ta, v pos. of yaota; to count one's own many.
- h da-o'-tan-in, v. pos. of yaotanin; to manifest or declare one's own—wahdaotanin.
- hda-pa', v. pos. of yapa; to take hold of one's own with the mouth—wahdapa.
- h da-pan, v. pos. of kapan; to beat or thresh out one's own, as one's corn—wahdapan, unhdapanpi.
- hda-pe'-han, v. pos. of yapehan; to fold up one's own with the mouth—wahdapehan.
- h da-pon', cont. of hdapota; hdapon iyeya.
- h da p o' p a, v. pos. of yapopa. h da s a n', v. pos. of kasan, to

- hda-po'-ta, v. pos. of kapota and yapota; to beat one's own to pieces; to bite to pieces, destroy one's own by biting—wahdapota, unhdapotapi.
- h da p s a g', cont. of hdapsaka; hdapsag iyeya.
- hda-psa'-ka, v. pos. of kapsaka and yapsaka; to cut off one's own by striking, as one's own string; to bite off one's own—wahdapsaka.
- h da-psin'-psin-ta, v. pos. of kapsinpsinta; to whip one's own child—wahdapsinpsinta.
- h da-psin'-ta, v. pos. of kapsinta. See hdapsinpsinta.
- hda-psun', v. pos. of kapsun and yapsun; to spill one's own by striking or with the mouth—wahdapsun.
- h da-pśuŋ', v. pos. of kapśuŋ and yapśuŋ; to knock out one's own by the roots, as a tooth; to knock out of joint, as one's own leg; to bite out or knock out one's own, as a horse does in shedding his teeth—wahdapśuŋ, hdapśuŋ iyeya.
- h da-pta', v. n. to stop, cease, as rain or snow: magazu hdapte kta, the rain will cease. Also pos. of kapta to lade out. T., glapta.
- hda-ptan'-yan, v. pos. of kaptanyan.
- h da-pte'-će-dan, v. pos. of kaptećedan and yaptećedan.
- hda-pte'-ya, v.a. to cause to cease—hdaptewaya.
- hda-ptu'-źa, v. pos. of kaptuźa. hda-san', v. pos. of kasan, to

shave off one's own beard: putinhin | h d a - s d u' - t a, v. of kasduta. wahdasan, I shave off my beard.

h d a - s d e' - ć a, v. pos. of kasdeća. hda-sdo'-han, v. pos. of kasdohan and yasdohan.

hda-skam', cont. of hdaskapa.

hda-ska'-pa, v. pos. of kaskapa; to clap, make strike together: nape hdaskapa, to clap one's hands—wahdaskapa. T., glaskapa.

hda-ske'-pa, v. pos. of kaskepa. hda-ski'-ća, v. pos. of kaskića and yaskića; to press one's own with the mouth—wahdaskića. See hdaśkića.

hda-sku', v. pos. of yasku; to bite or peel off one's own-wahdasku.

h da-sni', v. pos. of kasni and ya-

h da - son', cont. of hdasota; hdason iyeya.

hda-so'-ta, v. pos. of kasota and yasota; to eat up one's own; to use up words or language, i. e., to finish speaking; to cut all off, as one's own timber—wahdasota.

hda-sto', v. pos. of kasto.

hda-su', v. pos. of yasu; to perfect, finish-wahdasu. See hdaćo and yaéo. T., glasu.

hda-su'-ta, v. pos. of yasuta; to confirm one's own words.

h'da-śa'-pa, v. pos. of yaśapa.

hda-śda', v. pos. of kaśda and yaśda; to mow one's own meadow; to graze off one's own grass-wahdaśda. T., glaśla, to shave, as one's own beard.

h d a - ś d o' - k a, v. pos. of kaśdoka. vol. v11---9

hda-śi'-ća, v. pos. of yaśića; to speak evil of one's own.

hda-śka, v. pos. of kaska; to bind one's own.

hda-śki'-ća, v. pos. of yaśkića; to press one's own with the mouth, as in chewing tobacco-wahdaśkića. See hdaskića.

hda-śki-pa, v. pos. of yaśkipa. hda-śko'-pa, v. pos. of kaśkopa and yaskopa.

hda-śna, v. pos. of kaśna and yaśna; to blunder in speaking; to miss in taking one's food into the mouth; to miss in attempting to strike one's own—wahdaśna. T., glaśna; ie glaśna, to talk incorrectly.

h d a - $\sin a'$ - $\sin a$, v. red. of hdasna. hda-śna'-śna-yan, adv. blunderingly, as in talking, incorrectly.

h d a - s p a', v. pos. of kaspa and yaspa; to knock or bite off a piece from one's own-wahdaspa.

hda-śpu', v. pos. of kaspu and yaspu.

hda-śta'-ka, v. pos. of kaśtaka; to strike or smite one's own: tawiću hdastaka, he beats his wife—wahdaśtaka.

hda-stan', v. pos. of kastan and yastan; to pour out one's own; to spill with the mouth, as one's own coffee; to finish eating or speaking wahdastan.

hda-ta', v. pos. of yata; to taste one's own; to chew over again, as a cow her cud.

- h da-tan', v. pos. of yatan; to praise one's own; to suck out one's own blood—wahdatan.
- h da-tan'-ka, v. pos. of yatanka. h da-t'a'-t'a, v. pos. of kat'at'a and yat'at'a; to knock and shake one's own blanket; to take in the mouth and shake, as a dog does anything wahdat'at'a.
- h da-tem', cont. of hdatepa; hdatem iyeya. T., glateb.
- hda-te'-han, v. pos. of yatehan.
- h da-te'-pa, v. pos. of yatepa; to wear off one's own teeth short—wahdatepa.
- hda-ti'-tan, v. pos. of yatitan.
- h da-tkan', v. pos of yatkan; to drink one's own—wahdatkan, yahdatkan, unhdatkanpi.
- h da-to'-kan, v. pos. of yatokan; to put one's own in another place with the mouth; to speak of one's own as in another place—wahdatokan.
- hda-to'-ke-ća, v. pos. of yatokeća; to speak of one's own as different—wahdatokeća.
- hda-to'-na-na, v. pos. of yatonana; to count one's own few. See hdaota.
- hda-to'-to, v. pos. of katoto; to knock at one's own door—wahda-toto.
- hda-tpi', v. pos. of katpi and yatpi; to break one's own nut by pounding or pecking—wahdatpi.
- h da-ta', v. pos. of kata and yata; to kill one's own by striking; to bite one's own to death—wahdata.

- pos. of yatan; to hda-tins', cont. of hdatinza; hdaton; to suck out one's tins iyeya.
 - h da-tin'-za, v. pos. of katinza and yatinza; to make one's own tight by driving; to press one's own tight with the teeth—wahdatinza.
 - h da'-wa, v. pos. of yawa; to read one's own, count one's own—wahdawa, yahdawa, unhdawapi. T., glawa, to reckon, count, value one's own; he tokel yaglawa he, how much do you value this at?
 - h da-wa'-kan, v. pos. of yawakan; to call one's own sacred—wahdawakan.
 - hda-wang', cont. of hdawanka; hdawang iyeya. T., glayung.
 - hda-wan'-ka, v. pos. of kawanka; to cut down or fell one's own trees—wahdawanka. ¹T., glayunka.
 - hda-wan'-kan, v pos. of yawankan.
 - hda-wa'-ś'a-ka, v. pos. of yawaś'aka.
 - h da wa'-śte, v. pos. of yawaśte; to bless one's own.
 - h da-we'-ġa, v. pos. of kaweġa and yaweġa; to break or fracture by striking, as one's own ax-handle; to break partly off with the teeth wahdaweġa.
 - hda-weh', cont. of hdawega.
 - hda-weh'-we-ġa, v. red. of hdaweġa.
 - h d a w i' ć a k a, v. pos. of yawićaka.
 - h d a-z a'-m n i, v. pos. of kazamni; to open one's own—wahdazamni.

hda-za'-pa, v. pos. of kazapa; | hde-hde'-ġa, adj. red. of hdeto cut off the fat with the skin, in - skinning one's own—wahdazapa.

hda-ze', v. pos. of kaze; to lade out one's own food-wahdaze, unhdazepi. T., glaze.

hda-zo'-ka, v. pos. of yazoka; to suck one's own, as a child its own finger—wahdazoka. T., glazoka.

hda-zun'-ta, v. pos. of yazunta; to connect one's words, to speak correctly—wahdazunta. T., glazunta, to praise or speak well of one's own.

h d a - ź a', adj. T., glaźa, sickly.

hda-źa'-źa, v. pos. of kaźaźa.

kda-źim', cont. of hdaźipa; hdazim vuta, to eat very slowly, to nibble off; hdaźim iyeya.

hda-źi'-pa, v. a. pos. of kaźipa and yazipa; to shave one's own stick; to bite off or nibble one's own food wahdaźipa.

h da-źo', v. pos. of yaźo; to blow on one's own instrument-wahdaźo.

hda-źu'-źu, v. a. pos. of kaźuźu; to blot out or erase one's own; to pay one's own debts-wahdaźuźu.

hde, v. to go home. See hda.

hde, v. a. to put or place, make stand, usually applied to things that stand on end, as barrels, etc.; to have by one, as mini wahde, I have water. This may be regarded as a transitive of han.

spotted, figured, as $h d e' - \dot{g} a$, adj. calico.

hde-hde', adj. scattered, here and there. Hence canhdehde.

ga; spotted, speckled, brownish.

hde-hde'-ka, adj. scattered, separated, one here and one there. Hence ćanhdehdeka.

h d e-h d e'-z a, adj. striped, streaked. hde-hde'-ze-dan, adj. dim. of hdezedan; striped, streaked.

hde-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to go home, send home—hdewakiya.

hdem, cont. of hdepa; hdem hivuya, to vomit. T., gleb.

hdem-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to vomit-hdemwakiya, hdemunkiyapi, hdemmakiya. T., glebkiya.

hde'-pa, v. a. to vomit, pukewahdepa, yahdepa, unhdepapi; ihdepa, to vomit up what one has eaten—iwahdepa; on hdepapi, tartar emetic.

h d e - ś i', v. a. to command to go home—hdewasi.

h d e - s k a', adj. speckled, spotted.

hde-śka'-śka, adj. red. of hdeśka; spotted, figured, as calico.

h d e'-za, adj. striped, in ridges or

 $h d e' - z e - d a \eta$, adj. striped, in stripes of any kind.

hdi, v. pos. of hi; to come or arrive at home-wahdi, yahdi, unhdipi.

hdi-a'-pe, v. a. to await one's coming home—hdiawape.

h di-éu', v. pos. (hdi and ku) to start to come home-wahdiću, yahdiću, unhdićupi. T., gliću, also to get down from or away; as canpagmi etanhan gliću yo, get out of the wagon.

- hdi-ću'-ya, v. a. to cause to start home-hdićuwaya.
- hdi-han', v. n. to fall down, as something thrown up; to fall on end, as a stick; to fall, as water falls: mini hdihan.
- h di-h da, v. See hnihda.
- hdi-hu'-ni, v. pos. of hihuni; to come to land or come through in coming home—wahdihuni. T., glihuni, to reach home.
- hdi-hpa'-ya, v. pos. of hinhpaya; to fall down again; to come home sick-wahdihpaya.
- hdi-na'-pa or hdi-nan'-pa, v. pos. of hinapa; to come in sight coming home; to come out of or through, as through a wood, to emerge from; to come up again, as one divingwahdinapa, unhdinapapi.
- hdi-psi'-ća, v. pos. of hipsića; to alight at home, jump down again wahdipsića.
- hdi-psin', cont. of hdipsica.
- hdi-wan'-ka, v. pos. of hiwanka; to come home and sleep; to camp on the way home—wahdimunka, yahdinunka, unhdiwankapi. gliyunka.
- h di y a' h p a y a, v. pos. of iyalipaya; to come back home and fall upon one—wahdiyalipaya.
- tc return, hdi-ya'-ku, v. pos. start to come home; only the first and second persons used-wahdiyaku, yahdiyaku, unhdiyakupi. For the third person see hdiću.
- hdi-yo'-hi, v. pos. of hiyohi; | hdo-hdo'-do-wan, v. to sing a

- to come back, reach home—wahdiyohi: cihdiyohipi kta, I will come again to you, John xiv, 15. T., gliyohi, to go after one's own, i. q., hduwe: as, gliyohi mni kta, I will go and get it.
- hdi-yo'-tan-ka, v. pos. of hiyotanka; to come home and sit down; to return to one's place—wahdimdotanka, yahdidotanka. This is a compound verb which requires two pronouns.
- hdi-yu'-we-ġa, v. pos. of hiyuwega; to cross a stream by fording in coming home—wahdiyuwega.
- h do, a prefix which forms the possessive of some verbs.
- hdo, v. to grunt, make a noise, as hogs and buffalo calves do.
- h d o e' y a y a, v. pos. to take or have taken one's own with one. See hdoweyaya.
- hdo-ġan', v. pos. See yuġan, hduġan, etc.
- hdo-hda', v. pos to carry anything back home, carry one's own home—wahdohda, unhdohdapi. T., glogla, to be carrying one's own home.
- hdo-hde'-ska, n. the gullet, æsophagus. Same as dohdeska.
- hdo-hdi', v. pos. to bring back home one's own-wahdohdi.
- hdo-hdo', v. red. of hdo; to grunt, as hogs and buffalo calves, also as grouse.
- hdo-hdo'-dan, v. See hdohdodowan.

grunting song. The Dakotas do so | h d o - u', v. pos. sometimes in going to war. | one's own—wah

h do - hi', v. pos. to bring one's own to a place, as when one is beaten in gambling he goes and brings what he has staked—wahdohi, unhdohipi. T., glohi.

h do - i', v. pos. to take or have taken one's own to a place—wahdoi, yahdoi, unhdoipi.

h do - i η' , v. pos. of in. See hdowin. T., glowin.

h do-ki', v. pos. to have taken one's own home—wahdoki, unhdokipi.

h do-ki'-ni-ća, v. pos. to dispute in regard to one's own—wahdokini-ća, uphdokinićapi.

h do-ki'-ni-éa-pi, n. disputation.

h do-ki'-nin, cont. of hdokinića; hdokinin waun.

h do-ki'-ya-h da, v. pos. (hdoki and ahda) to be carrying one's own home—wahdokiyahda, yahdokiyahda, unhdokiyahdapi.

h do-ku', v. pos. to bring one's own towards home—wahdoku, yahdoku, unhdokupi.

h do-ni'-ća, v. pos. of anića; to refuse to give up what one claims, to hold as one's own; to forbid the use of one's own; tihdonića, to forbid one's house—wahdonića.

hdo-nin', cont. of hdonića.

hdo-nin'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to hold as one's own—hdoninwakiya.

h do-nin'-ya, v. a. Same as hdoninkiya. h do-u', v. pos. to come bringing one's own—wahdou, unhdoupi.

h do-we'-ya-ya, v. pos. to have taken one's own along—wahdowe-mdamda, yahdowedada, unhdowe-yayapi. See huwe.

hdo-win', v. pos. of in; to put around one his own blanket or cloak—wahdowin, yahdowin, unhdowinpi. T., glowin.

h do-ya', v. pos. to carry one's own towards a place—wahdomda and wahdoya, yahdoda, unhdoyapi.

hdu. Verbs commencing with "hdu" are formed from verbs in "yu;" which change denotes that the action is to or for one's own. The pronouns are prefixed.

hdu-a'-ki-pam, v. pos. of yuakipam; to divide or separate one's own: hduakipam ewahnaka, I make a division of my own. T., gluakipab.

hdu-a'-o-pte-tu, v. pos. of yuaoptetu; to make one's own less wahduaoptetu.

h d u - b a' - g a, v. pos. of yubaga.

hdu-ba'-za, v. pos. of yubaza.

hdu-bo'-sda-tu, v. pos. of yubosdatu; to place upright something of one's own—wahdubosdatu.

h du - é a n', v. pos. of yuéan; to shake or sift one's own—wahduéan, unhduéanpi.

h d u - 6 a n' - 6 a n, v. pos. of yuéanéan.

hdu-će'-ka, v. pos. of yućeka.

hdu-će'-ya, v. pos. of yućeya.

hdu-éo', v. pos. of yuéo; to per-

- one's own-wahdućo, unhdućopi.
- h du co' co, v. red. of hduco; also, pos. of yućoćo, to make soft one's own-wahdućoćo.
- h du-ćo'-ka, v. pos. to finish. See hdućo.
- hdu-ćo'-ka-ka, v. pos. of yućokaka; to empty one's own barrelwahdućokaka.
- $h du \acute{c}o' za$, v. pos. of yućoza.
- hdu-e'-će-tu, v. pos. of yuećetu; to make one's own right or as it was-wahduećetu.
- hdu-e'-ći, v. pos. of yueći; to turn one's own the other side out, as one's own bag-wahdueći. gluećiya.
- hdu-ga', v pos. of yuga; to pull off, as the husk of one's own corn wahduga.
- hdu-gan', v. pos. of yugan; to open out one's own, as one's blanket or one's door-wahdugan.
- hdu-ġa'-ta, v. pos. of yuġaţa; to spread out one's own, as one's in prayer—wahdugata: nape hdugan nazin, to stand with one's hands extended in a supplicating manner.
- hdu-ge', v. pos. of yuge; to pick or gather up scraps from one's floor wahduge.
- hdu-ġe'-ġe, v. red. of hduġe; to gather up one's own by handfulswahdugege.
- hdu-ġo', v. pos. of yuġo; to make marks or creases in one's own.

- fect, finish one's own; to arrange | hdu-ha', v. pos. of yuha; to have or possess one's own—wahduha, vahduha, unhduhapi.
 - hdu-hba', v. pos. of yuhba.
 - hdu-he'-ki-ya, v. a. to put one in possession of his own-hduhewakiya.
 - hdu hin'-ta, v. pos. of yuhinta. hdu-hmi', v. pos. of yuhmi.
 - hdu-hmi'-hma, v. pos. of yuhmihma.
 - hdu-hmun', v. pos. of yuhmun; to twist one's own—wahduhmun. T., glugmun.
 - hdu-hna', v. pos. of yuhna.
 - hdu-hnu'-ni, v. pos. of yuhnuni.
 - hdu-ho'-ho, v. pos. of yuhoho; to shake one's own, as one's teethwahduhoho.
 - hdu-ho'-mni, v. pos. of yuhomni; to turn one's own around wahduhomni, unhduhomnipi.
 - h d u h u' h u s, cont. of hduhuhuza. T., gluhunhuns.
 - hdu-hu'-hu-za, v. pos. of yuhuhuza; to shake one's own treewahduhuhuza.
 - hdu-hda', v. pos. of yuhda; to ring one's own bell-wahdulida.
 - hdu-hda'-gan, v. pos. of vuhdagan; to loosen a little, as one's belt; to leave, as a wife her husband—wahduhdagan. T., gluhlagan śni, to be constant to, not to leave one's own.
 - hdu-hda'-ya, v. pos. of yuhdaya; to peel off the skin of one's own potato-wahduhdaya.

- hdu-hde'-ća, v. pos. of yuhde-hdu-hu', v. pos. of yuhu; to pull ća; to tear one's own, as one's coat, etc.—wahduhdeća.
- hdu-hde'-hde-ća. v. hduhdeća.
- h d u li d e n', cont. of hduhdeća.
- hdu-hdog, cont. of hduhdoka.
- h d u h d o' h d o k a, v. red. of hduhdoka.
- h d u h d o' k a, v. pos. of yuhdoka; to make a hole in one's own by boring-wahduhdoka, yahduhdoka, unhdulidokapi.
- hdu-hem', cont. of hduhepa; hduhem iyeya.
- hdu-he'-pa, v. pos. of yuliepa; to dry up, to soak up and wipe out, as water, from one's own canoewahduhepa.
- hdu-he'-ya-pa, v. pos. of yuheyapa; to remove or take away one's own—wahdulieyapa.
- hdu-hi'-ća, v. pos. of yulica; to wake up one's own-wahduhica.
- hdu-hpa', v. pos. of yulipa; to take down one's own, as something hung up-wahdulipa.
- hdu-hpa'-hpa, v. red. of hduhpa.
- hdu-hpan'-hpan, v. make soft one's own, as one's moccasins by putting them into waterwahdulipanlipan.
- hdu-hpu', v. pos of yulipu; to pull off one's own, as one's seal, or anything sticking fast—wahdulipu.
- h du-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of hduhpu.

- off one's own, as bark with one's hands-wahduhu.
- red. of hdu-kan', v. pos. of yukan; to shake off one's own fruit-wahdukan.
 - hdu-ka'-pa, v. pos. of yukapa.
 - hdu-ka'-tin, v. pos. of yukatin.
 - hdu-ka'-wa, v. pos. of yukawa; to open one's own, as one's mouth: i wahdukawa, I open my mouth.
 - hdu-kća', v. pos. of yukća; to untie one's own-wahdukća. glukća, to undo or unbraid, as a woman her hair.
 - hdu-kćan', v. pos. of yukćan; to comprehend one's own; to understand what belongs to one's selfwahdukéan, yahdukéan, unhdu-T., glukćan, to decide about, form an opinion for one's self.
 - hdu-ke'-za, v. pos. of yukeza; to scrape, rub, make smooth one's own-wahdukeza.
 - hdu-ki'-nu-kan or hdu-kin'nu-kan, v. pos. of yukinukan; to divide one's own; hence, to distract, John xiv. 1.
 - hdu-kin'-ća, v. pos. of yukinća; to scrape off, as dirt, from one's own clothes, with the hand—wahdukinća, unhdukinćapi.
 - hdu-ko'-ka, v. pos. of yukoka.
 - hdu-kpan', v. pos. of yukpan; to grind one's own corn, etc.—wahdukpan, unhdukpanpi.
 - hdu-ksa', v. pos. of yuksa; to break off one's own, as a stick with the hands—wahduksa, yahduksa.

hdu-ksa'-ksa, v. pos. of yuksaksa. | hdun, cont. of hduta; hdun waun, hdu-kśa', v. pos. of yukśa.

hdu-kśan', v. pos. of yukśan.

hdu-kśi'-źa, v. pos. of yukśiźa.

hdu-ktan', v. pos. of yuktan; to bend one's own-wahduktan.

hdu-ku'-ka, v. pos. of yukuka; to wear out or make old one's ownwahdukuka.

hdu-ke'-ġa, v. pos. of yukeġa; to scratch one's own—wahdukega.

h d u - k e s' - k e - z a, v. red. of hdukeza: to shave off one's own close, as the hair of one's head, one's dog, etc.—wahdukeskeza.

hdu-ke'-za, v. pos. of yukeza; to rub and make smooth one's own, as one's arrows—wahdukeza.

hdu-ko'-ga, v. pos. of yukoga. hdu-ko'-za, v. pos. of yukoza.

hdu-man', v. pos. of yuman; to grind and make sharp one's own, as one's ax or knife-wahdube, unhdumanpi.

h du - m da' - ya, v. pos. of yumdaya; to spread out one's own, as one's blanket—wahdumdaya.

h du - m da'-za, v. pos. of yumdaza

hdu-mde'-ća, v. pos. of yumdeća; to open out, take in pieces one's own—wahdumdeća.

h d u - m d e n', cont. of hdumdeća.

hdu-mdu', v. pos. of yumdu; to plow or make mellow by plowing one's own field-wahdumdu, yahdumdu, unhdumdupi.

hdu-mna', v. pos. of yumna: to rip one's own-wahdumna.

I am eating my own food. T., glul.

h d u - n a' - ź i n, v. pos. of yunaźin; to make one's own stand up-wahdunaźin.

hdu-o'-hda-gan, v. pos. of yuohdagan; to loosen one's own a little. as one's girdle.

hdu-o'-hdah, cont. of hduohdagan; hduohdah iću, to loosen a little or untie a knot.

hdu-o'-ki-ni-han, v. pos. of yuokinihan; to make one's own honorable—wahduokinihan.

hdu-o'-kon-wan-źi-dan, pos of yuokonwanzidan; to place all one's own together, make one of them.

 $h du - o' - m de - \acute{e}a$, v. pos. of yuomdeća; to scatter out one's ownwahduomdeća.

hdu-o'-mden, cont. of hduomdeća.

hdu-o'-ni-han, v. pos. of yuonihan; to honor one's own-wahduonihan.

hdu-o'-ta, v. pos. of yuota; to multiply one's own-wahduota, yahduota, unhduotapi.

hdu-o'-tan-in, v. pos. of yuotanin; to inanifest one's own-wahduotanin.

 $h du - o' - t k o \eta - z a$, v. pos. of yuotkonza; to make equal one's own; to do like—wahduotkonza.

 $h d u - o' - w a n - \acute{c} a - y a$, v. pos. of yuowancaya; to cause to spread all over; to make one's own go all overwahduowanćaya.

hdu-pe', v. pos. of yupe.

hdu-pe'-han, v. pos. of yupe-han.

hdu-pe'-mni, v. pos. of yupemni.

hdu-pon', v. cont. of hdupota.

hdu-po'-pa, v. pos. of yupopa.

hdu-po'-ta, v. pos. of yupota; to wear out one's own—wahdupota, unhdupotapi.

h d u - p o t' - p o - t a, v. red. of hdupota.

hdu-psag, cont. of hdupsaka.

h du-psa'-ka, v. pos. of yupsaka; to break one's own with the hands, as a string—wahdupsaka.

hdu-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of hdupsaka.

hdu-psi'-ća, v. pos of yupsića; to make one's own jump, as one's horse; to pull up with a hook and line one's own fish—wahdupsića.

h du - p s i n', cont. of hdupsica. T, glupsil.

h du - p s i' - p s i - é a, v. red. of hdupsića.

h du-pśun, v. pos. of yupśun; to pull out or extract one's own, as one's teeth—wahdupśun.

h du-pta', v. pos. of yupta; to cut out one's own, as clothes.

h d u - p t a n', v. See hduptanyan.

hdu-ptan'-yan, v. pos. of yuptanyan; to turn over one's own wahduptanyan.

h du-pte'-će-dan, v. pos. of yuptećedan; to shorten one's own—wahduptećedan.

h du-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of hduptuźa.

hdu-ptuś, cont. of hduptuźa.

h du - p tu' - źa, v. pos. of yuptuźa; to crack or split anything of one's own, by boring, etc.—wahduptuźa.

h d u s, eont. of hduza; hdus nazin, to stand holding one's own.

h du - s de' - éa, v pos. of yusdeéa. h du - s do' - han, v. pos. of yusdohan.

h du-s du'-ta, v. pos. of yusduta. h du-s ka', v. pos. of yuska.

h du-ske'-pa, v. pos. of yuskepa; to absorb one's own; to cause one's own to leak out or evaporate—wahduskepa.

h du-ski'-ća, v. pos. of yuskića. h du-skin', cont. of hduskita. T., gluskil.

hdu-ski'-ski-ta; v. red. of hduskita; to wrap or tie up one's own, as a Dakota woman does her baby—wahduskiskita.

hdu-ski'-ta, v. pos. of yuskita; to wrap or tie up one's own—wahduskita.

hdu-sku', v. pos. of yusku; to cut close one's own, as the hair of one's child; to pare off, as the skin of one's own potato or apple—wahdusku.

h d u - s k u' - s k u, v. red. of hdusku.

hdu-sna', v. pos. of yusna.

hdu-sni', v. pos. of yusni.

hdu-son', cont. of hdusota; hdu son iyeya.

- h du-son'-so-ta, v. red. of hdusota.
- h du-so'-ta, v. pos. yusota; to use all one's own up—wahdusota, unhdusotapi.
- h du-sto', v. pos. of yusto; to smooth down, as one's own hair: pa hdusto, to smooth one's hair.
- h du-sto'-sto, v. red. of hdusto. h du-stu'-ksu-ta, v. red. of hdusuta.
- h du-su'-ta, v. pos. of yusuta; to make firm or establish one's own—wahdusuta.
- h du-śa'-ka, v. pos. of yuśaka; to be burdened with one's own—wahduśaka.
- hdu-śam', cont. of hduśapa
- h du \pm a m' \pm a p a, v. red. of hdu- \pm sapa.
- h du śa' pa, v. pos. of yuśapa; to defile one's own—wahduśapa, yahduśapa, unhduśapapi.
- hdu-śda', v. pos. of yuśda.
- h du ś d o g', cont. of hduśdoka; hduśdog iyeya.
- h du-śdo'-ka, v. pos. of yuśdoka; to pull off, as one's own clothes; to pull out—wahduśdoka.
- hdu-śdo'-śdo-ka, v. red. of hduśdoka
- h du-ś du'-ta, v. pos. of yuśduta. h du-ś i'-ća, v. pos. of yuśića; to make bad or injure one's own—wa-
- hdu-śi'-htin, v. pos. of yuśihtin; to weaken, enfeeble one's own, as one's horse—wahduśihtin. T.,

hdusića.

- glusilitin, to wear out, spoil, make bad or injure one's own.
- h du-śi'-kśi-ća, v. red. of hduśića.
- h du-śka', v. pos. of yuśka; to untie or let go one's own—wahduśka, unhduśkapi.
- h du ś k a ŋ' ś k a ŋ, v. pos. of yuśkaŋśkaŋ; to make one's own move about—wahduśkaŋśkaŋ.
- h du-śki', v. pos. of yuśki; to pucker, gather, plait one's own—wahduśki.
- h du-śki'-ća, v. pos. of yuśkića; to press with one's hands; to milk one's own cow
- hdu-śkin', cont. of hduśkića.
- h du-śki'-śki-ća, v. red. of hduśkića.
- h d u ś k o' p a, v. pos. of yuśkopa.
- h du-śna, v. pos. of yuśna; to miss in regard to one's own—wahdu-śna, unhduśnapi.
- h d u s n a' s n a, v. red. of hdusna.
- hdu-śpa, v. pos of yuśpa.
- hdu-śpi, v. pos. of yuśpi.
- hdu-śpu', v. pos. of yuśpu.
- h du ś pu' ya, v. pos. of yuśpuya; to scratch one's own flesh—wahduśpuya.
- hdu-śpu'-śpu-ya, v. red. of hduśpuya.
- h du-śtan, v. pos. of yustan; to finish one's own—wahdustan, yahdustan, unhdustanpi.
- h d u $\sin u$ $\sin u$ $\sin u$. red. of hdustan.
- T., h d u s t e', adj. numb, as one's foot

- foot is asleep; nape nihduste, thy hand is numb.
- hdu'-ta, v. pos. of yuta; to eat one's own corn, etc.-wahduta, yahduta, unhdutapi.
- hdu-ta'-ni, v. pos. of yutani or yutanni.
- praise one's own; to touch one's ownwahdutan.
- $h du ta \eta' i\eta$, v. pos. of yutanin; to make manifest one's own-wahdutanin.
- hdu-tan'-ka, v. pos. of yutanka; to make large, enlarge one's ownwahdutanka.
- hdu-t'a'-t'a, v. pos. of yut'at'a; to shake one's own, as one's clothes.
- hdu-te'-ća, v. pos. of yuteća; to make new one's own-wahduteća.
- hdu-te'-han, v. pos. of yutehan; | hdu-wa'-ste, v. pos. of yuwaste; to to make a long time, put off, deferwahdutehan.
- hdu-te'-pa, v. pos. of yutepa; to make blunt, wear off one's ownwahdutepa.
- hdu-ti'-ća, v. pos. of yutića; to scrape off the snow from one's own place—wahdutića.
- hdu-ti'-tan, v. pos. of yutitan; to pull at one's own—wahdutitan.
- 'h du-to'-kan, v. pos. of yutokan; to remove one's own to another placewahdutokan.
- h du to' ke ea, v. pos. of yutokeća; to make one's own different wahdutokeća.

- when it sleep: siha mahduste, my | h d u t p a n', v. pos. of yutpan; to grind one's own corn, etc.-wahdutpan. T., glukpan.
 - hdu-ta', v. pos. of yuta; to kill one's own by hanging, etc.-wahduta. T., gluta, to kill one's own by choking.
- hdu-ţiŋ'-za, v. pos. of yuţinza. hdu-tan', v. pos. of yutan; to hdu-wa'-hba-dan, v. pos. of yuwahbadan.
 - hdu-wa'-hpa-ni-ća, v. pos. of yuwalipanića.
 - hdu-was-kan, v. pos. of yuwakan; to make one's own sacred-wahduwakan.
 - hdu-wan'-kan, v. pos. of yuwankan; to lift or raise up one's own-wahduwankan.
 - h d u w a' s' a k a, v. pos. of yuwaśaka; to make strong one's ownwahduwaś'aka.
 - make good one's own-wahduwaste.
 - hdu-we', v. pos. of huwe; used always with "ya", "hi", etc., as hduwe ya, to go for one's ownhduwe mda, hduwe unyanpi. T., gliyohi.
 - hdu-we'-ga, v. pos. of yuwega; to break or fracture, one's own—wahduweġa.
 - hdu-weli', cont. of hduwega.
 - hdu-weh'-we-ġa, v. hduwega.
 - hdu-wi', v. pos. of yuwi; to wrap up one's own, as with a string or thong-wahduwi, unhduwipi.
 - hdu-wi'-ća-ka, v. pos. of yu-

wićaka; to make true or prove one's own—wahduwićaka.

hdu-win'-ga, v. pos. of yuwinga. hdu-win'-ta, v. pos. of yuwinta; to stretch out the hand to, implore, worship; to stroke one's own wahduwinta.

hdu-winś, cont. of hduwinźa.

h du-win ś'-win-źa, v. red. of hduwin źa.

h du-win'-źa, v. pos. of yuwinźa; to bend down one's own grass, etc.—wahduwinźa.

hdu-wi'-tan, v. pos. of yuwitan; to make proud or glorify one's own—wahduwitan.

hdu-wi'-ta-ya, v. pos. of yuwitaya, of witaya, together.

hdu-wi'-ya-kpa, v. pos. of yu-wiyakpa, of wiyakpa.

hdu-wi'-ye-ya, v. pos. of yuwiyeya, of wiyeya, ready.

h du-wo'-h du-ze, v. pos. of yuwohduze; to consecrate one's ownwahduwohduze.

h d u'-za, v pos. of yuza; to take or hold one's own; to take again, take back again: tawiću hduza, to take again or take firmly one's own wife wahduza, unhduzapi.

h du-za'-mni, v. pos. of yuzamni h du-ze', v. pos. of yuze; to dip or lade out, as victuals from one's own kettle—wahduze.

hdu-zo'-ka, v. pos. of yuzoka.
'hdu-źa', v. pos. of yuźa; to stir
one's own, to make one's own mush,
etc.—wahduźa.

hdu-źag'-źa-ka, v. red. of hduźaka. hdu-źa'-ka, v. pos. of yuźaka; to pull open one's own, as one's eyes—wahduźaka.

h du-źa'-źa, v. pos. of yuźaźa; to wash one's own: nape hduźaźa, he washes his hands—wahduźaźa.

hdu-źim', cont. of hduźipa.

h d u - ź i n' - ć a, v pos. of yuźinća; to pull or blow one's own nose—wahduźinća.

h du - źi' - pa, v. pos. of yuźipa; to pinch one's own—wahduźipa.

h du-źuŋ', v. pos. of yuźuŋ; to pull one's own out by the roots, as one's own tree—wahduźuŋ.

h du-źu'-źu, v. pos. of yuźuźu; to pull down or destroy one's own wahduźuźu.

he, interrog. particle; wićayada he, dost thou believe? hena mayaku kta he, wilt thou give me those?

he, dem. pron. that; pl. hena, those. he, n. a horn, the horns of animals; he katin and he katintin, straight horns.

he, intj. T. look here!

he-ća', n. the buzzard (Cathartes aura).

he'-ća, adj. such, such like, belonging to such a class or description hemaća, henića, heunćapi.

he'-ća-e-śta, adv. although it is such, notwithstanding.

he'-ća-ki-ćon, v. a. of hećon; to do thus to one—hećawećon, hećaunkićonpi.

he-ćan'-kin, v.a. to think so of

one, form such an opinion of one- | he'-će-kće-ća-ka, adj. hecanwakin, hecanyakin, hecanunkinpi; hećanćićin, I have such an opinion of thee.

 $he'-\acute{e}e-\acute{e}a$, adj. like, such as, like that—hemaćeća.

 $he'-\acute{e}e-\acute{e}a$, adv. so, always so.

 $he'-\acute{e}-\acute{e}a-\acute{e}-\acute{s}ta$, adv. notwithstanding.

he-će'-ća-ka, n. such a one: a mean fellow; i. q. tuwe kinihangi T., hećećake lo is said of one who is highly prized, as of a child or friend: but hećećake ćon is said of one who is disliked. W. J. C.

 $he'-ée-da\eta$, adv (he and ećedaŋ) that alone, only that.

he'-će-daŋ-ki-ya, adv. only that way, that alone.

he'-će-dan-ya, v. a. to regard that ulone—hećedanwaya.

he-ée'-e-dan, adv. that alone.

he-će'-e-dan-ke, adv. only that.

he-ee'-e-dan-ki-ya, v. to have only that—hećeedanwakiya.

he'-ée-hna, adv. thus, so; only; immediately. T., hećegla.

he'-ée-hna-han, adv. all, entirely; immediately upon that.

he'-će-hna-na, adv. thus, just so, just as, only that; without alteration. T., hećeglala.

he'-će-hin, adv just so, only so; altogether.

he'-će-htin, adv. See hećehin T., hećehćin. and ećehtin.

he'-će-kće-ća, adj. red. of hećeća.

always such; bearing this character.

he'-će-kćen, adv. red. of hećen; in this manner, so, thus, just as.

he'-će-kće-tu, adv. red. of hećetu; so, in this manner.

he'-ée-kée-tu-ya, adv. after this manner.

he'-ćen, adv. thus, so, in this way; hence, therefore: hećen olianke, to do in this manner usually, be accustomed so to do. T., hećel.

he-će'-ni-će, n. a yearling colt. T., hećenićala.

he'-ćen-ya, adv. so, thus, in that manner. T., hećelya.

he'-će-tu, adv. as, so, thus; right,

he'-će-tu-ke, adv. ds is common, as is usual.

 $he'-\acute{c}e-tu-wan-\acute{z}i-\acute{c}a$, adj. ways the same.

he'-će-tu-ya, adv. so, well.

he'-će-tu-ya, v. a. to make so, cause to be so or right—hećetuwaya, hećetuun yanpi.

he'-ći, adv. in or at that place, there.

he-ćin', v. (he and ećin) to think this, think that—hećanni, hećanni, heunkećinpi.

he'-ćin-a-han, adv if, if it is so. he'-ćin-han, adv. if, if it is so.

he'-cin-ska-ya-pi, n. T., the mountain goat; so called because its horns are used for spoons. See

hekinska.

he-ći'-ya, v. of heya; to say this

to one: hewakiya, I said this to him; heyakiya, thou saidst this to him; heunkiyapi, we say to him, or he says to us; hemakiya, he says to me; hećićiya, I say to thee; hekićiyapi, they say to each other.

he'-ći-ya, adv. at that place, there. he'-ći-ya-pa-tan-han, adv. T., towards that time or place; on the side next to.

he'-ći-ya-tan, adv. from that place, thence.

he'-éi-ya-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from that place; therefore.

he-ci'-yo-tan, adv. in that direction.

he-ći'-yo-tan-han, adv. in that direction.

he'-ćoŋ, v. (he and ećoŋ) to do that—hećamoŋ, hećanoŋ, hećoŋku-pi and hećoŋkoŋpi.

he'-e, that is it; it is he. This with "dee" includes the substantive verb and demonstrative pronoun.

he'-e-han, adv. at that time, referring to the past.

he-e'-ki-ya, v.a. to call or count that the person or thing; to substitute, put one in the place of another—heewakiya, heeunkiyapi: adv. in the place of.

he-han', adv. at that time, then: hehan ecamon kta, at that time I will do it

he-han', adv. at or to that place, there, to that distance: hehan wai kta, so far I will go.

he-han, adv. red. of hehan.

he-han'-han-ke-ća, adv. red. of hehankeća; so long, each so long. he-han'-han-na, adv. red. of hehanna.

he-han'-han-yan, adv. red. of hehanyan.

he-han'-ke-ća, adv. so long.

he-hay'-na, adv. so far and no farther; just then.

he-han'-na-hin, adv. just so far. T., hehanlahicin.

he-han'-pi, n. Ih. night, i. q. hanyetu. T, last night.

he-han'-pi-wi, n. T. the moon. he-han'-tan-han, adv. from that time; therefore.

 $h e - h a \eta' - t u$, adv. at that time, then. $h e - h a \eta' - t u - d a \eta$, adv. then.

he-han'-tu dan-hin, adv. just then. T., hehantulahéin.

he-han'-yan, adv. so far, referring to place; so long, referring to time.

he-han'-yan-yan, adv. red. of hehanyan.

he-han'-ye-la, adv. T. so far, only so far.

he'-he, intj. alas! hehe mața nun seca, alas! it seems as if I should die.

he'-he-he, intj. alas!

he-ha'-ka, n. (he and haka) the male elk, Cervus alces. So called from his branching horns. The female is called "upan."

he-ha'-ka-ćaŋ-te-ya-śni-śniźa, n. (hehaka ćaŋte and yaśniźa) the cricket. he-ha'-ka-ta-pe-źi-hu-ta, n. | he-mni'-śa-ka-daŋ, n. (hehaka ta and peźihuta) medicine, a kind of mint, perhaps

he-ha'-ka-ta-wo-te, n. (hehaka and tawote) elk-food, perhaps the same as the preceding word.

He-ha'-ka-wa-kpa, n. (Elk River) The Yellowstone River.

he-hak'-ta-pe-źi-hu-ta, Same as hehakatapeźihuta.

 $he-hdo'-\dot{g}e-\dot{c}a$, adj. hollowhorned. T., hehlogeća.

he-ki'-ći-na-ke-ća, v. n. be all used up to or for one: hemićinakeća, I have no more. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, hekićinala. See henakeća.

he'-kin-śka, n. a horn spoon. he-kin'-śka-ya-pi, n. mountain goat; the mountain sheep; from which the horn spoon is made.

he'-kta, n. that behind, what is past, applied to both space and time

he'-kta, adv. behind: hekta u, he comes behind; hekta hda, he goes back home; hekta waćin uye śni, he does not turn his thoughts back.

he'-ktam, adv. behind, after.

he'-kta-pa, adv. behind, after.

he'-kta-pa-ta, adv. behind: wahektapata, the stern of a boat.

he'-kta-pa-tan-han, adv. from behind.

he'-kta-tan-han, adv. behind. he'-ke, pron. that itself. T., hekeś. He-le'-nes, n. p., introduced; the Greeks.

hatched louse, a nit.

hen, adv. (he and en) in that place, there. T., hel.

he'-na, pron. pl. of he; those.

he-nag'-na-ke-ća, adv. red. of henakeća; so many of each.

he'-na-ka, adv. so many. $T_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$ henakel, only so many.

he-na'-ke-ća, adv. so many; enough, sufficient; finished, all gone: wanna hemakeća, it is now all gone. T., henakća.

he-na'-ke-seh, adv. all these, so great a quantity T., henakehćin. he-na'-ki-ya, adv. in so many ways.

he-na'-na, adv. only so many or so much; none, all gone. T., henala: henamala, mine all gone, I have

he-na'-na-ki-ya, adv. only in so many ways or places. T., henalakiya.

he-na'-nan-pi-dan, adv. pl. of henana.

 $he-na\eta g'-na-ke-ća$, adv. red. of henakeća; so many each. henagnakeća.

he-nang'-nang, cont. otoiyohi henangnang yuhapi kta, each one will have so many.

he'-na-os, pron. See henaoza.

he'-na-o-za, pron. those two: henios, heniyos, and heniyoza are also used.

he-na'-o-za-ki-ya, adv. those two, those two times.

he-na'-pe-ton-na, (heya | he-tan'-han, adv. from that place: nape and ton) a louse partly grown, a louse that has feet.

hen'-tu, adv. at that place.

he-o'-le-la, n. the louse T. hunter; the ape. See ode.

he'-on, adv. for that, on that account, therefore.

he'-on-e-tan-han, adv. therefore.

h e - p a y', n, the name of the second child, if a son. This and "hepi" are Santee only.

he-pay'-na, n. Same as hepay. he-péa', v. 1st pers. sing. I think that, I thought that. This is the only form used. See epća and ke-

he-pi', n. the name of the third child, if a son.

he-pi'-dan, n. dim. of hepi. he-pi'-na, n. Si. Same as hepidan.

Si. Same as hepa. See heya.

he-pi'-ya, adv. in the mean time; before, waniyetu hepiya, before winter; during, in the course of, appetu hepiya, during the day. T., hepiyela—waniyetu hepiyela, during the winter: this side of, part way.

hes, intj. expressing impatience, unbelief, pride.

he-sda'-tka-dan, n. a young male elk.

he-śki'-źu-pi, n. See hinskiźupi

he-tan', cont. of hetanhan.

hematanhan, I am from that place; from that time; therefore, on that ac-

 $he-ta\eta'-ha\eta-to-ke-ća$, adv. what difference is it! hetanhan itokeća śni, it is none of his business; hetanhan iwatokiyaka, what does it concern him? T., hetanhans tokaka and hetanhans toka. See etanhantokeća.

he-tka'-dan, n. the common striped ground squirrel, a species of Sciurus.

he'-tu, adv. at that place, there.

he'-tu-dan, adv there, then.

he'-tu-dan-hin, adv. T., hetulahćin. that place or time.

he'-ya, n. a louse, lice; head louse. he'-ya, v. (he and eya) to say that or this-hepa, heha, heunkeyapi.

he-ya'-ke, n. clothes, wearing apparel of any kind. T., hayapi.

he-pin', v. 1st pers. sing. Ih. and | he-ya'-ke-ćin-han, n. to-morrow; heyakecinhan sanpa and heyakećinhan ićima, the day after tomorrow. T., hanyakećinan.

> he'-va-śa, n.a red louse, small louse.

> he-ya'-ya, v. red. of heya; to say much, keep saying—hepapa, hehaha, unkeyayapi.

he-ya'-ya-la-ka, v. T. to tell lies. See eyaya.

he-ye'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to say that—heyewakiya.

He-yo'-ka, n. the name of a Dakota god, called by some the antinatural god. Heyoka is represented as a little old man with a cocked hat on his head, a bow and arrows in his hands, and a quiver on his back. In winter he goes naked, and in summer he wraps his buffalo-robe around him. See Waziya.

He-yo'-ka-ti, n. p. the house of Heyoka, the name of a conical hill about ten miles east of Lac-quiparle. The little hills on the prairie are also the houses of Heyoka.

he'-yu-ġa and he'-yu-ġa-ġa, n. an appellation of all animals that have branching horns.

he'-yu-ktan, adj. bent-horn. T., pte heyuktala, n., a heifer, a young cow.

he-yun', v. a. to tie up, wrap up a pack, pack up—hemun, henun, heunyunpi.

he-yun'-pi, n. wrapping up; what is wrapped around.

he'-źaŋ-źaŋ, n. T. a body-louse. hi, n. a tooth, teeth; the bit or edge of an ax; the point of anything mahi; wićahi, human teeth.

hi, v. n. to come to, arrive at—wahi, yahi, unhipi: en mahi, he came to me.

hi-a'-pe, v. to await one's coming hiawape.

hi-gna', n. T. husband; mihigna, nihigna, hignaku; i. q. hihna. hi-gna'-ya, v. T., to have for a husband; hignawaya.

hi-han'-zi, v. n. T. to become vol. vii—10

dark, to grow obscure: tawaćin hihanzi, to lose consciousness.

hi-hda', v. See hinhda.

hi'-hda-kins-kin-za, v. to grate the teeth. See hihdakinskinza. hi'-hda-ko-kog, cont. of hihdakokoka; hihdakokog waun.

hi'-hda-ko-ko-ka, v. to gnash the teeth—hiwahdakokoka.

h i'-h d a - ķ i ŋ s - ķ i ŋ s, cont. of hihdaķiŋsķiŋza; hihdaķiŋsķiŋs wauŋ, I am grating my teeth.

hi'-hda-kins-kin-za, v. to grate the teeth—hiwahdakinskinza.

hi-he'-ya, v. n. (hi and iheya) to come and enter, as a bullet or arrow.

hi-he'-ya, v. col. pl. they collect together, assemble in one place.

hi-hi', adj. soft, as fur or down.

hi-hi'-dan, adj. soft, as mud, etc.; mellow, as ground. T., hihiyela.

hi-hi'-se, adj. nappy, furry.

hi-hna', n. a husband; mihihna, my husband; nihihna, thy husband. See higna.

hi-hna'-ku, n. her husband.

hi-hna'-ton, v.n. to have a husband, be married—hihnawaton, hihnauntonpi.

hi-hna'-ya, v. a. to have for a husband—hihnawaya, hihnayaya, hihnamayan,

hi-hnu', v. See hinhnu.

hi-huŋ'ni, v. to come to land, to arrive at any place—wahihunni, unhihunnipi.

hi-h'a'-ki-ya, v. n. to show one's teeth, to grin—hih'awakiya.

ipaśku) a pin. Probably because the Dakotas may have seen pins used to pick the teeth with. See hipaskudan.

hi'-i-ya-tin-za, n. T., cloves. hi-mni'-ći-ya, v. col. pl. come, assemble, to keep coming.

hi'-na-han-ka, intj. stop, hold, wait a minute.

hi-nah', adv. yet, as yet. See hinahin.

hi-na'-hin, adv. yet, as yet; used with sni, not yet.

hi-na'-hin-ke-śni, adv. not yet the time.

hi'-na-ka, intj. See hinahanka. hi'-na-ka-ha, adv. See hinnakaha.

hi-na'-pa or hi-nan'-pa, v. n. to come in sight, come out of, come up, as something planted—wahinapa, unhinapapi.

hi-na'-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to come in sight—hinapewaya.

hi-na'-źa, n. the jaws of an arrow which hold the point.

hi-na'-źin, v. n. (hi and naźin) to come and stand-wahinawazin, yahinayazin, hinaunzinpi.

hin, interrog part. equivalent to nun he: wau hin, shall I come? It is used commonly by women.

hin, n. hair, fur, down.

hin-a'-ka-ġa, n. an owl. See hinhankaga.

hin-ćin'-ća, n. (hinta and ćinća) a small species of bass-wood.

hi'-i-pa-śku-dan, n. (hi and | hin-gla', v.n. T. This is an auxiliary signifying action or movement, i. q. hiphda. See bohingla, slip hingla, ćanze hingla, etc.—mahingla, nihingla.

> hin-han', v. n. to fall, as rain or snow, to rain or snow: highe kta, it will rain.

hin'-han, n. last night.

hin - han', n. an owl.

hin-han'-ći-ka-la, n. T., a small species of owl; i. q., hiphanhe-

hin-han'-he-ton-na, n. horned owl, probably the Strix bubo.

hin-han'-ka-ga, n. an owl. T., hinyankaga.

hin-han'-ka-ga, v. to hoot or shout as an owl, as young men do at night; to act like an owl.

 $h i \eta - h a \eta' - k e$, n. this end, the end this way.

hin'-han-na, n. T. and Ih. tomorrow morning; i. q. hanhanna, hiphanna le, this morning.

hin - han' - san, n. the gray owl.

hin-han'-sa-pa, n. the black owl.

hin-han'-ska, n. a white owl

hin-han'-śa, n. the red owl.

hip-hap'-top-wan, n. fern, brake.

hin'-hda, v. n. to become, commence, implying suddenness—mahinhda, nihinhda, unhinhdapi: yazan hinhda, to become sick suddenly.

hin-he', v. n. to rain. See hinhan. hin-he'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to

fall, as rain or snow—hinhewakiya.

hin-he'-ya, v. a to cause to rain, etc.—hinhewaya.

hin-hin'-se, adj. See hihise.

hin-hnu', v. a. to singe off, as the down of a duck, etc.—hinwahnu, hinyahnu. T., hingnu.

hin-hnu'-pi, part. singed off.

hiŋ-lipa'-ya, v. n. to fall, fall down—mahinhpaya, nihinhpaya, unhinhpayapi. See ihpaya.

hin-hie, n. thick fur, hair, or nap.

hin-hte'-ya, adj. furry, rough, the fur side out—hinhteya hinmi, I wear the fur side out.

hin-kpi'-dan, n. short hair or fur, as that on robes taken in summer; robes with short hair.

hin'-na-ka-ha, adv. suddenly, immediately, upon that.

hin-se', intj. denoting impatience, used when one is asked to tell a thing over again.

hin-ska', adj. shed off, said of animals that have a new coat of hair: literally, hair-white.

hin-ske', n. the long upper or canine teeth of animals such as are called wamanica: hence wahinske, the long-grained corn; in horses, the teeth that fall out when they are three years old; in man, some say the molar teeth, others say the canine teeth, are called hinske.

hin'-sko, adv. so big, so large.

hin'-sko-ke-ća, adv. so large, so great.

hiŋ'-sko-ki'-ni-ća, v. n. (hiŋ-

sko and akinica) to be doubtful which is the largest.

h i n' - s k o - s k o - k e - é a, adv. red. of hinskokeća.

hin'-sko-sko-ya, adv. red. of hinskoya.

hin'-sko-tan-ka, adv. so great. hin'-sko-ya, adv. so far around, thus far.

hin-śka, n Ih. the string with which they pack. See tehniso.

hin-śki'-źu-pi, n. a fish-hook.

hin'-śko-dan, adv. so small. Why this is not hinskodan, corresponding with the rest of the family, I cannot tell; but in this tin-śkodan resembles it. T., niśkola.

hin'-ta See kahinta, etc.

h i y'-ta, n. the bass, linden, or lime wood: hinta can, bass-wood, Tilia.

hin-te', intj. expressive of disbelief. hin-tka', n. T. a body-louse; an unhatched louse.

hin-tkan', n. the common cat-tail or Typha.

hiŋ-tkaŋ'-hu, n. the Typha stalk. hiŋ'-tkaŋ-ha-ka, n. watermoss. Called also minihintkanhaka.

hin-tka'-za-pi, n. (hinta and kaza) the bundles of linden bark which the Dakotas prepare for tying rice.

h i n - t k u n', v. i. q. yuśda: peźi hintkun mda, I go to get grass. Not in general use.

hin-tpi'-dan, n. anything with short fur; a summer robe. Same as hinkpidan. T., hinkpila.

- hin-ya'-hin, adv. yet, as yet; with sni, not yet, as, hinyahin ecamon sni, I have not yet done it. See hinahin. T., nahanhéa.
- hin-ya'-hin-ke-śni, adv. not yet, the time is not yet.
- hin-yan'-ka-ga, n. an owl. Same as hinhankaga.
- hin-yan'-pa, v. n. to come in sight, come up out of, as one diving. See hinapa.
- hin-yans'-gla, v. T., to dislike, be afraid of, as of an infectious disease
- hin-yans'-ya, v. a. to provoke hinyanswaya.
- hin-yans'-ya, adv. sternly, crossly. T., wohinyansya.
- hin-yan'-za, v. n. to be stern, cross—mahinyanza: tawaćin hin-yanza, to be of a surly disposition.
- hin-yan'-ze-ća, n. one who is stern or cross.
- hiŋ-ya'-ta-oŋ-pa, v. a. to lay on the shoulder—hiŋyatawaoŋpa. See hiyetaoŋpa.
- hiŋ-ya'-ta-źu, v. a. to put into one's blanket on the arm, as an Indian does—hiŋyatawaźu. Also hiyetaźu.
- h i.p. y a' \acute{z} i \acute{c} \acute{e} , n. fur, down, swan's down.
- hin-ye'-te, n. the shoulder, whole shoulder. See hiyete.
- hin'-źi-źi-dan, n. thin hair, as that on one's hands and arms.
- hi'-pa-śku, v. to pick the teeth—hiwapaśku.

- h i'- p a ś k u d a n, n. a pin, pins. See hiipaśkudan. T., hiyopataka.
- hi-psi'-ća, v. to jump down, as from a horse—wahipsića.
- hi'-pson-pson-na, n. teeth on edge. See psonpsonna.
- hi-ta'-kan-yu-wi, v. (hi takan and yuwi) T to bind an arrowhead on the shaft.
- hi-ti'-hda, v. a. to loathe, dislike, as food—hitiwahda, hitiyahda, hiti-unhdapi.
- hi-ti'-hda-ya, v. a to cause to loathe or dislike—hitihdawaya.
- hi-tung'-tan-ka, n. Ih. arat: hitunka tanka, large mouse.
- hi-tuŋ'-ka, n. a mouse, mice.
- hi-tuy'-ka-day, n. hi-tuy'-ka-la, Ka-na, Ih.; and hi-tuy'-ka-la, T. mice.
- hi-tun'-ka-kan, v to tell tales or traditions—hitunwakakan, hitununkakanpi. T., hunkankan.
- hi-tun'-ka-kan-pi, n. tales, legends, traditions, myths: the word is pronounced also, hitunkankapi and hitunkankanpi. These myths can be told only at night.
- hi-tun'-ka-san, n. the weasel, ermine; of the genus Mustela.
- hi-tuŋ'-ka-saŋ-na, n. the weasel, ermine.
- hi-tuŋ'-psi-ća-daŋ, n. the fieldmouse.
- hi-tun'-psi-psi-ća-dan, n the field-mouse
- hi-wan', v. imp. look here, halloo. See hiwo.

hi-wan'-ka, v. n. to come and camp or spend the night—wahimunka, yahinunka, unhiwankapi. T., hiyunka.

hi-wo', v. imp. look here, halloo.

hi-ya', adv. of negation; no.

hi-ya'-dan, intj not so! A by-word.

hi-ya'-han, v. n. to come and stand on—wahiyawahan, yahiya-yahan, unhiyaunhanpi.

hi-ya'-hde, v. n. to reach to, lead to, as a road; to come upon one—mahiyahde, nihiyahde, unhiyahdepi.

hi-ya'-hde-ya, v. a. to cause to reach to; to bring upon one—hiyahdewaya, hiyahdeunyanpi.

hi-ya'-hde-ya, adv. reaching to, leading to.

hi-ya'-ka-pta, v. n. to come over, as a stream or hill—wahiya-wakapta, yahiyayakapta.

hi-ya'-nun, adj. puny; T., le ehanna tuka hiyanun, heon cistila, this is a long time ago, but was puny, and so is small; opposed to koyanun.

hi'-yan-ka, v.n. to come again and again, to keep coming—wahimanka, yahinanka. T., imp. only, wait, hold on:

hi-ya'-ya, v. n. to come and pass along, go by, go past—wahimdamde, yahidade, unhiyayapi.

hi-ya'-yan-pa, v. (hi and ayanpa) to come morning on one.

hi-ye'-ta-on-pa, v. a. to place on the shoulder—hiyetawaonpa. Also hinyataonpa.

to come and hi-ye'-ta-źu, v. a. to put into night—wahi-unhiwankapi. hi-ye'-ta-źu, v. a. to put into one's blanket on the arm—hiyeta-waźu. See also hinyataźu.

hi-ye'-te, n. the shoulder. See also hipyete.

hi-ye'-ya, v. n. to be: hiyeye cin, those who are, all; taku hiyeye cin, all things; oyate hiyeye cin, all people; unhiyeyapi, we are.

hi-ye'-ya, v.n. to become; to cause to be. See iyeya.

hi-yo', v. Ih. and T., i. q. huwe: hiyo mni kta, I will go for it. hiyo i; hiyo iyaya, etc.

hi-yo'-hi, v. n. to come to, arrive at, reach to—wahiyohi, yahiyohi, mahiyohi, unhiyohipi.

hi-yo'-hi, v. Ih. to come for; i. q. huwe hi—hiyowahi, hiyoyahi, hiyounhipi. T., to go for; hiyohi mni kta, I will go for it.

hi-yo'-hi-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to come or reach to—hiyohiwakiya.

hi-yo'-hi-ya, v. a. to cause to reach—hiyohiwaya, hiyohiun-yanpi.

hi-yo'-hi-ya, adv. reaching to.
hi-yo'-hpa-ya, v.n. to fall into,
come and fall in; to come into a road;
to join, as one road does another—
wahiyowahpamda and wahiyohpaya, yahiyoyahpada and yahiyohpaya, unhiyohpayapi.

hi-yo'-hpe-ya, v. a. to cause to fall into, cast into, bring and put into, as food into a dish—hiyohpewaya.

hi-yo'-pa-pson, v. to throw or dash, as water into a boat.

hi-yo'-pa-ta-ka, n. T. a pin, a toothpick. See hipaskudan.

hi'-yo-tan-ka, v. n. (hi and iyo-tanka) to come and sit down; to establish one's self at a place—wahimdotanka, yahidotanka, unhiyotankapi.

hi-yu', v.n. to come forth, as a child born; to come, come toward—hibu and wahihbu, hidu and yahihdu, unhiyupi, hidupi and yahihdupi

h i - y u' - k i - ć i - ć i - y a, v. a. to hand to one his own—hiyuwećićiya, hiyumićićiya.

hi-yu'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to come to; to hand to—hiyuwakiya, hiyuunkiyapi.

hi-yu'-ya, v.a. to cause to come to, to send or hand to; to throw up from the stomach, vomit—hiyuwaya, hiyuyaya, chiyuunyanpi.

h m a, n. the black walnut, black walnuts. T., gma.

h m a - h u', n. the black walnut-tree, Juglans nigra.

h m i - h b e', v. n. Same as hmihma. h m i - h b e' - y a, adv. round and round, going round.

h m i - h m a', v. n to go round, like a wheel. Ih., kmikma; T., gmigme-See canpagmigma.

hmi-hmi'-yan, adj. round, like aball.

h m i - h m i' - y a n - y a n, adj. red. of hmihmiyan.

h m i - y a η' , adj. round, as a wheel. T., gmigma.

h m i - y a n' - n a, adj. roundish, Same as hmiyan. h m i - y a n' - y a n, adj. red. of hmiyan.

hmi-yan'-yan-na, n. any little round things.

h m o n, adj. twisted. See hmu and hmun.

h m u or h m u n, adj. twisted. See kahmun, yuhmun, etc.

h m u n g, cont. of hmunka: sunktokeća, hmung waun, I am trapping wolves.

h m u n - h m u n' - z a, adj. red. of hmunza.

h m u n'-ka, v.a. to set a trap, to trap any thing, to catch in a trap—wahmunka, yahmunka, unhmunkapi.

h m u n s'- m n a, adj. smelling like fish.

h m u n - w a' - h a n , part. See hmuwahan.

h m u n'-za, adj. slimy, fish-like, smelling strang, like spoiled meat. h m u s, cont. of hmuza. See iohmus.

h m u s' - y a, adv. shut up.

h m u - w a' - h a n, part. becoming twisted of itself. T., gmuwahan, becoming untwisted.

h m u'-za, adj. shut, as the mouth, hand, etc. See ohmuza.

hna. See yuhna. T., gna.

hnag, cont. of hnaka.

h n a'-h a n, part. fallen off of itself, as fruit.

hna-hna'-do-wan, v. to sing a grunting song. T., gnagnalowan. See hdohdodowan.

h n a' - k a, v. a. to lay or place, lay

away; to lay up, as the dead on scaffolds, hence, to bury the dead; to have by one, as takudan hnake sni, he has nothing laid by him—wahnaka, unhnakapi. From this are derived ahnaka, ehnaka, kihnaka, and ohnaka.

hna'-ka-pi, n. dead persons laid away; hence graves, tombs.

h n a - ś k a', n. the common frog. See also naśka.

hna-śka'-ćaŋ-di-daŋ, n. small kind of frog; the tree-frog.

hna-śkin'-yan, v.n. to be oppressed, overcome, possessed, as of devils—mahnaśkinyan. T., gnaśkinyan, to be wild, crazy, frantic.

h n a - w a' - h a n, part. Same as hnahan

h n a'-yan, v. a. to deceive, cheat, take advantage of—wahnayan, yahnayan, inhnayan, mahnayan; cihnayan, I deceive thee; icihnayan, to deceive one's self—micihnayan. T., gnayan.

hni hda', v. n. to pass by a place going home. This is used only in the third person; the other persons are formed from the obsolete "hdi-yahda," as, wahdiyahda, yahdiyahda, unhdiyahdapi. T., gligla

hni-na'-pa or hni-nan'-pa, v.

n. to come forth; to return; to come
out of any place going home; to rise,
as from the dead—wahninapa.
Same as hdinapa. T., gninapa.

hnu'-ni, v. n. wacinhnuni, to be bewildered, deranged—wacinmahnu-

ni: to be bewildered or lost, as in trying to follow tracks—wahnuni, yahnuni. T., gnuni.

ho, adv. of affirmation. yes, yea.

ho, n. the voice either of a man or of any animal or thing; sound in general—maho, niho, unhopi, wićaho.

ho, n. cont. of hogan; fish; a fish-net.

ho, v. n. imp. only; come on, come now—ho wo, ho po, ho miye. See iho.

ho-a'-pe, n. (hogan and ape) fish-fins.

ho'-bu, n. a rough, unpleasant voice—homabu: a wild young man, one who goes around yelling at night.

J. P W.

ho'-bu-ki-ya, v.n. to speak with a gruff, unpleasant voice—hobuwakiya.

ho-ća'-ka; n. (hogan and ćaka) fish-gills.

ho-će'-śpu, n. fish-scales; warts. See ćeśpu. T., hoćośpu, warts, scales.

ho-će'-ta, n. the road or entrance to a hoćoka or court-yard: the straight road to a drove of buffaloes when a surround is made.

ho-ćo'-ka, n. a court-yard, an area surrounded by tents or houses: tahoćoka, his court.

ho-da'-za-ta, adv. outside of a circle of tents.

ho'-e-ća-he, adv. See hoećahe, the correct form.

ho-ga'-han, n. a rough, loud voice—homagahan.

ho-gan', n. fish; the generic name. ho-gan'-mna, adj. (hogan and omna) smelling like fish, fishy.

ho-gan'-stin-na, n. (hogan and cistinna) little fish, such as min-T., hoganscila. nows.

ho-gan'-tan-ka, n. big fish, the name given to whales.

ho-ġaŋ'-wi-ća-śta-śni, n. trout or salmon, lit., ill-behaved fish.

ho'-ga-ta, n. a rough voice—homagata.

ho'-gi-ta, adj. hoarse, as a person's voice when he has taken cold-homagita, honigita, houngitapi.

ho'-hda-gi-ta, v. pos. of hoyagita; to make one's self hoarse by speaking—howahdagita. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ hoiglaģita.

Ho'-he, n.p. the Assiniboine Indians. Long ago they belonged to the Dakota nation. Also a clau of the Blackfeet Dakotas.—J. O. D.

ho'-ho, intj. Used when there is ho'-i-yo-hpe-ya, v. a. to cast something said which is not liked. ho-ho', adj. loose, as a tooth.

ho-ho'-dan, adj. loose, that can be shaken or moved: hi mahohodan, my teeth are loose.

ho'-ho-he, intj. T. red. of hohe. See hehehe.

ho-ho'-pi-ća-śni, adj. immovable.

ho-ho'-pi-ća-śni-yaŋ, immovably.

ho-hu', n.T. a bone. See huhu.

ho-hun'-ka, n. a mother-fish, i. e., an old fish.

hoh, intj. T. expresses doubt, unbelief.

Ho-hno'-gi-ća, n. p. a Dakota god, a fabulous being: a household god, related to Canotidan, by which mothers scare their children.

Ho-hno'-gi-ća-dan, n. p. dim. of Holinogića.

ho-hpa', v. n. to cough—howahpa. ho-hpa'-pi, n. coughing, having a cold: hohpapi emaćeća, I have a bad cough.

ho-hpi', n. a nest, bird's nest.

ho-hpi'-ya, v. a. to have for a nest, make a nest of—hohpiwaya.

ho-i'-ću-wa, n. (hogan and kuwa) a fish hook, fishing apparatus. hoićuwa maza.

ho-i-yo'-hpa-ya, v. n. to become hoarse, by the wind blowing on one and affecting the voice hoiyomahpaya.

a net in fishing-hoiyohpewaya.

T., hohe, denoting surprise, regret. ho-i-yo'-ki-se, n. half of a company, half of a camp.

> h o' - i - y u - p s i - c e, n. a fish-hook. ho-ka', n. a kind of fish. T., the

> ho-k'a', n. the heron, of the genus Ardea.

> ho-k'a'-ġi-ća, n. the snipe, a small kind of heron of the genus Scolopax.

> ho-k'a'-gi-ća-dan, n. dim. of hok'agića.

- ho'-ka-psan-psan-i-a, v. to | ho-ksin'-i-kpi-hna-ka, v. n. whine—hokapsanpsaniwaa.
- ho-k'a'-san-na, n. a kind of heron or snipe.
- ho-k'a'-to, n. the blue heron.
- $ho-k\acute{s}i'-\acute{c}a-la$. n. T. a baby: i. q. hoksiyokopa.
- ho-kśi'-će-kpa, n. a blue wild flower, which appears first in the spring: twin flower.
- ho-kśi'-će-kpa *or* ho-kśi'-ćekpa-pi, n. twins.
- ho-kśi'-će-tpa, n. a twin or twins; a blue flower, which appears early in the spring. Same as hokśićekpa.
- ho-kśi'-ćo-pa, n. Si. and Ih. a child; i. q. hokśiyokopa.
- ho-kśi'-dan, n. a boy—homaksidan, honiksidan; hounksipidan, we are bogs.
- ho-kśi'-ka, adj. 'yet a boy, under age—homaksika.
 - ho-kśi'-ke-śni, adj. of age, not a boy; John ix. 21—homaksikeśni, honiksikesni.
 - ho-kśi'-ksu-ya, v. n. to travail, be in childbirth—hoksinwaksuya, hokśinyaksuya.
 - ho-kśi'-la, n. T Same as hokśidan.
 - ho-kśin', cont. of hokśina or hokśidan. T., hokśil.
 - ho-kśi'-na, n. Ih. Same as hokśidan.
 - ho-kśin'-ćant-ki-ya-pi, n. the beloved son, one universally esteemed; the heir to the throne.

- to be with child, be pregnant—hoksinikpiwahnaka.
- ho-kśin'-i-tpi-hna-ka, v. n. to be pregnant. Same as hokśinikpihnaka. T. hoksilikpignaka.
- ho-kśin'-ka-ġa, v.a. to beget a child—hoksinwakaga.
- ho-kśin'-ka-ġa-pi, n. a doll, a made child.
- ho-ksin'-kin, v. a. to carry or pack a child on the back—hokśinwa-
- ho-kśin'-win-kta, angry and act like a child, be pettish hoksinmawinkta.
- ho-kśin'-wi-tko-dan, v. be childish, silly.
- ho-kśin'-yu-ha, v. to give birth to a child—hoksinmduha.
- ho-kśi'-win, n. See hokśiwinna.
- ho-kśi'-win-na, n. a virgin, one who has not had a husband.
- ho-kśi'-yo-ko-pa, n. (hokśidan and okopa) a baby, a very little child; but figuratively applied to grown persons-homaksiyokopa, hounksiyokopapi.
- ho-k si'-yo-pa, n. a child, boy or girl—homaksiyopa, honiksiyopa, hounksiyopapi.
- ho-ku'-wa, v. (hogan and kuwa) to fish, take or catch fish in any way, either by hook, net or spear-howakuwa; hokuwa mda, I go a fishing.
- ho'-mna, adj. smelling like fish, *fishy.* Same as hoganmna.

ho'-mna-yan, v. to gather or collect fish for a feast—homnawaya.

ho-mni', adj. round, going round. See ohomni, yuhomni, etc.

ho-na'-gi-dan, n. the common house-fly.

ho-na'-wi-tka-la, n. T. tadpoles.

hon, n. See hun.

hon'-hon-he, intj. of doubt or surprise. See hohohe and hoho.

hon'-ku, n. See hunku.

hon-pe', n. the stick used in digging tipsinna or Indian turnips; a pestle.

hon-son'-za-he, adj. Ih. shaky, not firm: i. q. huhuzahan.

ho-pa'-śku, n. T. fish-scales.

ho-pa'-tan-ka-la, n. T. a kind of fish like the perch.

ho'-pins, cont. of hopinza.

ho'-pins-ki-ya, v.a. to make the voice squeak, to speak with a squeaking voice.

ho'-pin-za, n a small squeaking voice—komapinza.

ho-pon'-ka, n. a gnat, gnats, of the genus Culex. See caponka.

 $h \circ - p \circ \eta' - k a - d a \eta$, n. a gnat, gnats.

ho'-psi-ća, v. a. (hogan and yupsića) to make fish jump, to take fish with a hook and line—homdupsića. See hoyupsića.

ho'-psin, cont. of hopsica; hopsin ya, to go a fishing—hopsin mda.

ho-sa'-mna, adj. smelling like fish, fishy.

to gather or ho-se'-wi-mna, adj. smelling-homnawaya. like fish.

l.o-śi', v. (ho and śi) to command the voice, i. e., to tell news, take word to one. It is always used with other verbs.

ho-śi'-hda, v. (hośi and hda) to carry word home--hośiwahda.

ho-śi'-hdi, v. (hośi and hdi) to bring word home.

ho-śi'-hdi-ću, v. (hośi and hdiću) to start home with news—hośiwahdiću.

ho-śi'-hi, v. (hośi and hi) to arrive with intelligence—hośiwahi.

ho-śi'-i, v. (hośi and i) to have been at to carry word—hośiwai.

ho-śi'-i-ya-ya, v. (hośi and iyaya) to have gone to carry word.

ho-śi'-ka-hda, v. (hośi and ka-hda) to carry home word to one.

ho-śi'-ka-hdi, v. (hośi and ka-hdi) to bring word home to one.

ho-śi'-ka-hi, v. (hośi and kahi) to bring word to one.

ho-śi'-ka-i, v. (hośi and kai) to have taken word to one.

ho-śi'-ka-ki, v. (hośi and kaki) to have taken word home to one.

ho-śi'-ka-ya, v. (hośi and kaya) to take word to one—hośiwakamda, hośiyakada.

ho-śi'-ki, v. (hośi and ki) to have reached home with news.

ho-śi'-ku, v. (hośi and ku) to be coming home with a message.

ho-śin'-ya-śe-ća, n. the sucker, a kind of fish. See paliteća.

- ho-śi-u, v. (hośi and u) to come with a message.
- ho-śi'-ya, v. (hośi and ya) to go to take a message.
- $ho-\sin n'$ pe- $\sin n$ tadpoles.
- ho'-ta-dan, n. a small sharp-billed duck.
- ho'-ta-dan, n. a swing, as a grapevine attached to a tree above. T., hohotela.
- ho'-ta-daŋ-ki-ćuŋ, v. n. to swing, swing round—hotadaŋ wećuŋ, hotadaŋ uŋkićuŋpi.
- ho'-tan-in, v.n. to have the voice heard—homatanin.
- ho'-tan-ka, n. the sturgeon, a kind of fish of the genus Acipenser.
- ho'-tan-ka-ki-ya, adv. with a great or loud voice: hotankakiya ia, to speak with a loud voice.
- Ho-tan'-ke, n. p. the Winnebago Indians.
- ho'-tan-ke, n. a loud or great voice. ho'-ta-pi-sko, n. a swing: hotapisko kićun, to swing. Hotadan is generally used.
- Ho-ta'-wa, n. p. the Otawas or Oto Indians.
- ho-ton', v. to cry out, put forth the voice, howl, as animals; to crow, as a cock, hence appachotonna; to thunder, as wakinyan hoton, it thunders.
- ho ton'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to bawl or cry out—hotonwakiya.
- ho-te'-ća, n. dead fish, such as are found in the spring, having been frozen in the ice.
- ho'-u-ki-ya, v. a. to make the

- voice go to, i. e., to cry out to one houwakiya, houunkiyapi, houmakiya: houciciya, I cry out to thee.
- ho-u'-ma, or ho-u n'-ma, n. one of the sides of a surround, on the buffalo hunt.
- ho'-u-ya, v. a. to send the voice to, cry out to one—houwaya, houun-yanpi.
- ho-wa'-kan, n. the large spotted pike is sometimes so called.
- ho-wa'-mdu-śka, n. (hogan and wamduśka) an eel, so called from its being both fish and snake.
- ho-wa'-mdu-śka-dan, n. dim. of howamduśka.
- ho-wa'-mdu-śka-na, n. Ih. an eel.
- ho'-wa-na-se-ki-ya-pi, n. a large fish-net. See nasa and wa-nasa.
- ho-wa'-sa-pa, n. (hoġan owasin and sapa) the cat-fish, so called from its being all black.
- ho-wa'-sa-pa-dan, n. a small species of cat-fish, the bull-head.
- ho-wa'-ya, v.n. to cryout, groan—wahowamda, yahowada: sićaho-waya, to cryout badly: wasićaho-wamda.
- ho-we', T. adv. of assent—yes.

 The Teeton women also say "ho" for yes.
- ho-wo', v. imp come on. The women use "ho we" and "ho ye."
- ho'-ya, v. there is fish; said when fish assemble in one place and die there: hoya kta, there will be fish.

ho-ya', v. to use the voice of another, as to have another sing in one's stead—howaya, hoćiya.

ho'-ya-ġi-ta, v. (ho and yaġita) to make the voice hoarse by speaking homdaġita.

ho-ye', v. imp. Same as ho wo.
"Ye" and "pe" are the precatory
terminations of the imperative
mood, and the forms used by the
women.

ho'-ye-ki-ya, v. a. (ho and yekiya) to cry to, call to, pray to hoyewakiya, hoyeyakiya, hoyeunkiyapi.

h o'- y e - y a, v. a. (ho and yeya) to cause the voice to go to—hoyewaya, hoyeunyanpi.

ho'-yu-hi, n. a ring in timber, a year's growth; a line or wrinkle in the skin of a person.

h o'- y u - p s i - é a, v. a. to make fish jump., i. e., to catch fish with a hook and line—homdupsiéa, hounyupsiéapi.

ho'-yu-sde-ća, n. wrinkles.

ho'-yu-sde-će-ton, v. n. to have wrinkles, to become old—hoyusdećewaton.

h o-zi'-zi-dan, n. (hoġan and zizi) the perch, a kind of fish. See śintaka.

hu, v. a. to copulate, have intercourse with a female—wahu, yahu, unhupi.

hu, n. a bone, bones—mihu, nihu, wićahu; the leg, legs of a person or animal, as hu mayukan, I have legs; the stock or stem of anything, as of

a plant, tree, etc.; the wheel of a wagon, etc. See huha and huhu.

hu-a'-ki-pe, n. See huwakipe. hu-ćan', n. (hu and ćan) the stock

of a gun; the shaft of an arrow. hu-ćo'-ġin, n T. the calf of the leg. See ćoġin and sićoġin.

hu-ha', n. the limbs, members of the body, as the legs and arms; the legs of anything, as of a kettle.

hu-ha'-sa-pe-dan, n. (huha and sapa) the black-legged fox.

hu-ha'-śa-daŋ, n. (huha and śa)
the red-legged fox.

hu-ha'-ton, v. n. (huha and ton) to have legs or limbs—huhawaton.

hu-ha'-to-pa, n. (huha and topa) a quadruped, the wolf in particular.

hu-ha'-ya, v. a. to have for members, use for legs—huhawaya.

h u'-h de, v. a. (hu and hde) to set out, plant out, as a young tree or plant of any kind—huwahde, hu-unhdepi.

hu-hde'-pi, n. things set out, plants.

hu-hu', n. a bone, bones, of the bone kind: maza huhu, arm-bands, probably because at first they were made of bone.

hu-hus', cont. of huhuza. T., hunhuns.

hu-hus'-ya, v.a. to cause to shake, to shake—huhuswaya.

hu-hus'-ya, adv. in a shaking manner. T., hunhunsya.

the stock or stem of anything, as of | h u - h u' - t o - pa-o-wa - h d e, n. the

large end of the thigh-bone. See owahde.

hu-hu'-za, adj. shaking, trembling—mahuhuza, nihuhuza. T., hunhunza.

h u - h u' - z a - h a n, part. shaken, shaking.

hu'-h'a, n. bones bare or stripped of flesh, a skeleton: tihuh'a, the skeleton of a house, as when the poles of a lodge are left standing. T., huh'aka.

h u'-ha-ka, n. a spear for killing muskrats.

hu-h'a'-ka, adj. T. lean, poor, nothing but bones.

hu'-h'a-pi, n. a skeleton.

hu'-h'a-ya, adv. skeleton-like, as the poles of a tent: huh'aya han, to stand as a skeleton. T., huh'akaka.

hu-hba', n. a kind of large watergrass, the stalks of which are eaten by the Dakotas. T., hohba and hohwa.

hu-hna'-ġa, v. See huhnaġa, the more correct form.

 $hu-i\eta'-yu\eta$, adv. See huiyun.

hu-i'-yun, adv. (hu and iyun) on foot: huiyun mda, I go on foot.

hu-i'-yuŋ-ken, adv. on foot, walking.

hu-ku'-hu, intj. When a deer is brought into camp, the children shout "Hukuhu!"—s. w. POND.

· hu-kun', adv. under, beneath.

hu-ku'-wa-śte-śte-ki-ću η , v.

to hop: the pronouns come in in

kićun, wećun, yećun. The word is easily analyzed: hu, bone; ku, to come; waste, good, and kićun, to use.

hu-ku'-ya, adv. below, under, at the lowest place.

hu-mdo', n. the shin-bone.

hu-na'-pta, v. to be lame: sicogan nawapta, I have sprained my ankle. Said when the muscle is so injured as to make one lame.

hu-na'-śte, v. to sprain one's leg—hunawaśte.

hu-na'-ti-pa, v. n. T. to have cramp in the leg.

hu'-ni. See hihuni.

hu'-non-pa, n. (hu and nonpa) a biped, man, in the sacred language.

hun, n. mother—nihun, thy mother; hunku, his or her mother. See ina, my mother.

h u n - h e', T. intj. of astonishment. h u n - h u n' - h e, intj. alas! T., hohohe.

hunh, n. some, a part

hunh'-na-na, adv. only a part.
T., hunhnala.

hun-ka', n. a parent or ancestor; an elder brother is often so called—mihunka; one who has raised himself or herself in the estimation of the people so as to be considered as a kind of benefactor or parent of all; the sun is sometimes so called from his munificence.

hun-ka'-do-wan-pi, n. a rite or ceremony of the Dakotas. T.,

hunkalowanpi When a person, because he thinks highly of them, or for other good reason, intends in a measure to adopt the children of another, or to become "ate" to them, or be regarded by them as a relative in Dakota fashion, he makes the "hunka lowanpi" for and in honor of the children. The children thus become "hunka," and are always after known as such by a red stripe across the side of forehead and cheek, which they are permitted to wear as a badge. The number of these stripes shows how many times the wearer has been made "hunka."—w. J. C.

hun-ka'-ke, n. an ancestor—mihunkake, nihunkake, wićahunkake.

hun-ka'-ke-ya, v.a. to have for an ancestor-hunkakewaya, hunkakeunyanpi.

hun-kan'-kan, v. T. to tell stories or myths: i. q., hitunkankan. hun-kan'-kan-pi, n. T. stories,

fables: i. q., hitunkankapi.

hun-ka'-wan-źi, n. a brother, one of the same family-mihunkawanźi, nihunkawanźi.

hun-ka'-wan-źin-ki-ći-yapi, n. brethren.

hun-ka'-wan-źin-ya, v. a. to have for a brother, count as brotherhunkawanzinwaya.

hun-ka'-wan-źi-tku, n. his | brother.

hun-ka'-ya, v. to consider and hun-ska'-ya, v. a. to have for

honor as a hunka—hunkawaya, hunkaunyanpi.

hun-ka'-va-pi, n. one who is called hunka. Used also for deacon or elder; the sun.

hu n' - ke - sn i, v. n. to be slow, not fast, in walking or working—wahunkeśni, yahunkeśni, unhunkapiśni: ćante hunkeśni, low-spirited.

hun'-kpa, n. the entrance to a camp when made in a circle or hollow square.

Hun'-kpa-pa, n. p. the name of a clan or division of the Teeton Sioux. In marching and camping, the prairie Indians did everything by rule—each family had its place in the circle. Hence those who camped at the entrance, came to be named Hunkpapa and Hunkpatina or Hunkpatidan.

Hun'-kpa-ti, n. p. the "Lower Yanktonais." Same as Hunkpatina.

Hun'-kpa-ti-na, or Hun'-kpati-dan, n. p. a clan of the Yanktonais Sioux.

hun-kti'-ya, v. imp. only; go away, go along, get out of the wayhunktiya wo.

hun'-ku, n. his or her mother.

hun'-ku-ya, v. a. to call mother, have for a mother—hunkuwaya, hunkuyaya.

hun-pe', n. See hoppe.

hun-ska', n. leggings; hunska oton, to wear leggings.

waya.

 $hu\eta - ski' - ća - he, n$ garters.

huns, Ih. intj. of surprise.

hun-ste', adv. well, at any rate; ećamon kta hunšte. I will do it at any rate; hećetu kte hunste, well, so it will be. T., hunse.

hun'-tka, n. a large water-fowl, the cormorant. T., the loon.

Ih. and T. hun-ya'-kon, n. stockings.

hu-pa'-hu, n. the knee; the kneepan, patella. T., ćankpe.

hu - pa' - za - hde, v. to sit with the knees bent up.

hu - pa' - za - hde - ya, adv. pazahdeya wanka, to lie on the back with the knees sticking up.

hu-saŋ'-hmi, adj. very lean; i.q. tamaheća hinća.

 $hu-sa\eta'-ni$, n. one of a pair, an odd one; one leg. See sanni.

hu-sdi', n. the lower part of the leg, just above the ankle; the ankle: Ih., the tibia.

hu'-stag, cont. of hustaka.

hu'-stag-ya, v.a. to enfeeblehustagwaya

hu'-sta-ka, v.n. to be faint, weak, weary, feeble, lame—humastaka

hu-śte', adj. lame-humaśte, huniste; huunstepi.

hu-śte'-ken, adv. lamely: huśteken mani.

hu-śte'-ya, v. a. to make lamehustewaya.

hu-śte'-ya, adv. limpingly.

leggings, make leggings of—hunska- | hu-ste'-ya-ken, adv. lamely.

hu'-ta, n. the root of a tree or plant: canhuta, a stump with sprouts, the bottom of a tree.

hu-ta', n. the shore or margin of a river or lake; the edge of a prairie or wood.

hu'-ta-hu, n. the part on top of the leg-bone, the shin-bone. T., hublohu.

hu'-tam, adv. cont. of hutapa: hutam yeye cin, along the shore. T., hutab, below, down stream.

hu'-tam-ya, adv. by the edge or shore; at the time of need or extremity. See hutamyaken. T., hutabya, down stream; opposed to inkpatakiya.

hu'-tam-ya-ken, adv. edge or shore; at the time of need, in one's extremity: hutamyaken omayakiye śni, you did not help me when I was most in need.

hu-ta'-na-ku-te, v.n. to play with the hutinacute; to throw a stick so as to make it slide along on the snow-hutanawakute. T., hutanaćute.

hu'-ta-pa, adv. down stream, towards the root.

hu-ta'-ta, adv. at the shore or edge; to the shore; to the woods or interior: hutata unyanpi.

hu-ta'-ta-ki-ya, adv. towards the shore.

hu-ta'-wa-pa, adv. T. i. q. hutata.

hu'-te, adj. worn, dull; onspe hute, a dull ax.

hu'-te, n. the bottom, as of a tree, the lowest part, root: can hute, the roots of a tree.

hu'-te-la, n. T. a pistol.

hu-ti'-na-ću-te, n. a long stick with a large head, which the Dakotas make slide on the snow or ice.

hu-tkan', n. a root, the roots of trees, plants, etc.

hu-tkan'-o-mdo-ton, n. (hu-tkan and omdoton) the square root, in arithmetic. T., hutkanobloton, a flat or square post.

h u t - o' - s k e, adj. broad at one end, tapering.

hut-o'-tkon-za, adv. T. even with the roots.

hut-o'-tkon-za, n. a bluff shore with deep water below.

hu-wa'-ki-ś'a-ka, adj. T. enduring, not easily tired.

hu-wa'-ki-pe, n. the smaller

bones in the lower leg and forearm: ćankpe huwakipe, the fibula; ispa huwakipe, the ulna.

hu-wa'-pa, n. an ear of corn, corn unshelled. See wahuwapa.

hu-wa'-pa-hpe, n. See huwa-pahpe.

hu-we', v. to bring, fetch Used with other verbs, as, huwe ya, to go to bring—huwe mda; huwe i, to have been for; huwe hi, to have come for. T., hiyo.

hu-ya', v. to have for a bone, have for a staff or leg—huwaya.

hu-ya'-ta, adv in the leg.

hu-yo'-ka-hmin, n. the hollow behind the knee.

h wo, adv. interrogative. Commonly used when the speaker is at a distance: toki da hwo, where are you going?

Ĥ.

h, the tenth letter of the Dakota alphabet. It represents a deep surd guttural.

ha, adj. curled, rough. See yuha, to curl.

ha, n. a curl.

ha, v.a. to bury, as a dead person, or as corn in holes or caches—waha, unhapi.

h'a, adj. gray or mixed, as black and white, the black appearing under the white, as in the badger.

ha-ha', adj. red. of ha; curling, curled. See yuhaha.

ha-ha', n. waterfalls, so called from the curling of the waters; especially the Falls of St. Anthony T., iyohaha.

Ha-ha'-mdo-te, n. the mouth of the St. Peter's or Minnesota River.

Ha-ha'-ton-wan, n. p. the Chippewa or Ojibwa Indians, the name given to them by the Dakotas, as those who make their village

came from the Sault Ste. Marie and not the Falls of the Mississippi.

 $\mathbf{H} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{h} \mathbf{a}' - \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{k} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, n. the Mississippi River, lit. river of the falls.

ha'-ka, adj. branching, having many prongs, as some deer's horns. See hehaka.

ha - ka', adj. ruffled, not smooth, made rough, as a feather.

ha-ka', n. T. an instrument used for shooting at a mark in a game.

the "haka."

ha-kpa', adj. not straight or level, a little curved; ruffled.

ham, cont. of hapa; ham hinhda and ham iyaya, to start up, as something scared. $T_{\cdot,i}$ hab.

ham-ham'-ya, v. red. of hamya. ham-ha'-pa, v. red. of hapa.

ham-ha'-pe-dan, n. the name han-i'-te-ya, v.a. to cause to give given to silk cloth of any kind, probably from the rustling noise made | han'-i-yo-kpa-ni, v. in handling it.

ha-mna', adj. meat, tainted. T., ohamna.

ham-ya', v. a. to frighten or scare away anything, as wild animals; to drive off—hamwaya. T, habya.

hay, n. a scab: hay hiphpaya, the scab has fallen off.

han, v. n. to do, work, act, in any way—wahan, unhanpi: token yahan he, what are you doing?

han-di'-ta, v.n. to be active, make progress in work: handita waun, I am active.

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at the falls. It is believed the name | h a n - d i' - t a - y a, v. a. to spur one up—handitawaya: handitaićiya, to spur one's self up—handitamićiya.

han - di' - ta - va, adv. actively.

han - han' - ska, v. n. (han and hanska) to be long-winded, not soon tired.

han-hi', v. n. to be slow at work, advance slowly or leisurely—hanwahi, hanunhipi.

han-hi'-ka, n. one who is slow at work, one who is incapable—hanwa-

ha-ka'-ku-te, v. to play or shoot | han-hi'-ki-ya, adv. slowly, carefully, as in finishing a piece of work.

> han-hi'-ya, adv. slowly, with difficulty. T., hanhiya wayazanka, to to be sick of a slow disease.

han-hi', adj. sloppy, slushy.

han-i'-ta, v.n. to give out at work, be laid up by work—hanimata.

out at work-hanitewaya.

See hanokpani. T., hunkpani.

smelling like stale hay'-i-yo-tpa-ni, v. See hanotpani.

> han-o'-kpa-ni, v. n. to be unable to reach or to do, unable to accomplish; hanokpani wann, I am unable to accomplish.

> han-o'-kpa-ni-yan, v. a. cause to fail of accomplishing-hanokpaniwaya, hanokpaniunyanpi.

han-o'-tpa-ni, v.n. hanokpani.

han-o'-tpa-ni-yan, v. Same as hanokpaniyan.

han-pi'-ća, v. that can be done: token hanpića śni, it cannot be done.

han-te', n. the cedar, of the genus Juniperus and Cupressus.

han-te'-śa, n. See hanteśadan.

han-te'-śa-dan, n. the red cedar, Juniperus virginius.

han-tkan'-hu, n. T. the upper arm bone.

han-yan', v.n. to fail, decline, sink away, as in sickness; to be near death, i. q. wanna te kta; to be very tired—hanwaya, hanunyanpi.

han - ye'-ća, v n. to fail, decline, sink away, as in approaching death—hanwayeća.

ha'-pa. See kahapa.

ha'-pa, v.n. to make a rustling noise, as in leaves or bushes, to rustle.

ha-pa', adj. T. rough, as the wind héi-han', part. or voice; ho hapa, i. q. hoġita. piece from the ed

ha-tpa', adj. ruffled, as feathers or hair. See hakpa.

h b a, adj. sleepy, drowsy—mahba, unhbapi, wićahba. T., hwa.

h b a'-k a, adj. sleepy, mild, gentle—mahbaka. See wahbadan and wahbaka.

h ba'-ya, v. a. to make sleepy—hbawaya.

h b a' - y a, adv. mildly, gently.

h b a'- y e - d a n, adv. softly, gently, mildly: hbayedan waun. T., hwavela.

h b o g'-y a, adv. collected, together. h b o'-k a. See kaliboka:

h b u, v.n. to make a noise as in chew-

ing snow or ice, to make a crunching noise.

li b u - li b u', v. red. of libu.

h b u - w a' - h a n, part. crumbled, as ice or snow in the spring.

li é a, n. a flower, blossom. See waliéa.

héa, v. n. to blossom; héa aya, to bloom or blossom.

héa, adv. cont. of hinéa.

h é a' - k a, T. adv. suffix. i. q. hinéa: wastela héaka, very good.

h ć a - w a' - h e - ć a, adj. slovenly. See hćoya.

héa'-ya, v. n. to blossom.

héa'-ya, adv. blossoming.

héi, adj. broken out in gaps. See kahéi.

h éi, n. a gap, as in the edge of an ax; a gash, cut, scar.

hei-han', part. broken out, as a piece from the edge of an ax: torn out, as the ear by ear-rings.

hći-hći', red. of hći; gapped.

héin, adv. Ih. and T. very; i. q. hinéa.

h é i - w a' - h a n, part. broken out in gaps, gapped.

héo, adj. slovenly, slatternly.

h é o'-ka, adj. slovenly—mahéoka. See hdohan and hdoheéa.

h é o'-y a, adv. in a slovenly manner.

hćo'-ya-ken, adv. slovenly.

h da, v. n. to rattle.

h d a - h a n', adv. loose, torn, dangling. T., hlahan. See hnahan.

h da - h da', v. red. of hda. See mazahdahda.

hda-hda', n. a rattle.

hda-hda'-ya, adv. rattling, loosely. T, hlahlaya.

hda-hda'-ye-dan, adv. not securely, loosely: hdahdayedan wahnaka, I placed it loosely. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ hlaganvela.

h d a - h d a' - y e n, adv. not securely: hdahdayen hnake śni, he has not placed it in securely.

h d a h - y a', adv. to a distance, i. q. tehan; removing.

'h d a h - y e' - \acute{c} a , v. n. to remove or go off to a distance: hdahyeće śni, it does not go off, said of deer or other animals that stay about in the same place.

hda-ya', adv. rattling; not safely. T., hlagan.

h da - y e n', adv.not securely or safely.

hdi, v. n. to break out in sores, be sore, raw—malidi, unhdipi: ćankahu hdi, to have a sore back, as a horse.

hdi, n. a running sore, a raw place. h di, adj. miry. See kahdi.

h di-h di', adj. red. of hdi; broken h'e-h'e', adj. dangling, ragged. out in sores; miring.

hdi-hdi'-dan, adj. miry, muddy.

h do, v. n. to growl, as a dog

h do - \dot{g} e' - \dot{c} a, adj. hollow, as a tree.

hdo-han', adj. slovenly, not well put on, as clothes. T., héoya. hćoka.

hdo-he'-ća, adj. slovenly.

hdo-he'-ya, adv. in a slovenly manner. See finalieya.

hdo-hdo'-ka, adj. full of holes. See lidoka.

hdo-hdo'-ka-han, part. full of

hdo-hdo'-ka-wa-han, part. having holes in.

h d o'-ka, n. a hole: mini hdoka, a spring of water.

h d o'- k a, part. See kahdoka.

hdo-ka'-han, part. opened, having a hole in.

hdo-ka'-wa-han, part. havina a hole in.

h do-k i'- y a, v. a. to make growl hdowakiya.

h do-ya', v a. to cause to growl lidowaya.

hdo-ya', adv. growling.

lie, n. a high hill or ridge of hills, a mountain; especially the Coteau des prairies.

h e - \dot{g} i η' - \dot{c} e, n. dross: pa he \dot{g} in \dot{c} e, dandruff. See also ginginéa.

he-he'-pi-ya, adv. T. part way. up the hill.

he-hu'-kul, n. T. the bottom or foot of a hill.

he'-i-mni-źa, n. (he and imniża) a rocky ridge.

he-in'-kpa, n. the brink or brow of a hill, the end of a hill. See hinkpa.

See + $h e - i \eta' - t p a$, n, Same as heinkpa. he'-i-pa, n. the brow of a hill; especially the head or commencement of the Coteau des prairies.

he-ku', n. the foot of a kill back

at the foot of the hill.

 $he-ma'-ko-ska\eta$, adv. T., i. q. liewoskan.

he-ma'-ni, v. to walk on dry landhe-ma'-ni, n. a railroad; a train of cars.

h e' - m a - y a - c a n, n. a wooded hill. he'-mdo, n. a hill-top, ridge; i. q. mdaındata.

he'-mdo-ka, n. Same as hemdo. he-mni'-ćan, n. (he mni and ćan) a hill that appears as if it were in the water; Red Wings' village, a short distance above Lake Pepin, is so called.

hen, adv. (he and en) ashore: hen eźu, to put anything ashore, as from a boat; hen ihan, to step ashore.

he-na'-gi, n. the shadow of a hill. he-na'-ke, n. a hill-side, slope. See hunnaptan.

he-na'-ke-ya, adj. sloping, sideling. he-o'-hla-te, n. T. the foot or bottom of a hill.

he-o'-ta-he-na, adv. T., i. q.hewotahedan.

he'-pe-se, adv. hepese ehpeya, to make a splash, as in throwing anything into water.

He-ska', n. The Big Horn Mountains.

het-a'- \acute{z} u, v. a. to put ashore, as the load of a boat. See walietaźu.

he-un'-na-ptan, n. a hill side. See lionaptan.

He-wa'-kto-kto, theArickaree Indians.

from a river: heku unyanpi, we go | he - wan' - ke, n. frost, hoar-frost T., heyunke.

> lie-wo'-skan, n. an uninhabited, desert place. T., hemakoskan. See howoskan.

> lie-wo'-skan-tu, adv. in a desert place.

> he-wo'-skan-tu-ya, adv. away from any dwelling, in a desert place, solitarily.

> he-wo'-ta-he-dan, adv. where no one lives, in a desert place. heotahena.

> he-ya'-ka, n. a hill, river hill, mountain.

he-ya'-ka-ta, adv. at the hill.

he-yam', cont. of heyapa; by land, following the hill: heyam unyanpi, · we go by land: away, elsewhere: heyam ećon, go away. T., heyab.

he-yan', cont. of heyata; inland, in the interior.

he-ya'-pa, v. n. to go by land, travel by land, in distinction from going by water-heyawapa.

he-ya'-pa-ya, adv. T. by land; i q. heyata.

he-ya'-ta, adv. back by the hill, back from a river, back from a fire, out back, back, behind: heyata ya, to go out back, retire, withdraw—heyata mda; heyata iyeya, to shove aside or back, put out of office, reject. This word and others like it are formed from the noun he, hill, and the preposition ata, at. It might be called a prepositional noun. See ilieyata.

he-ya'-tan and he-ya'-tan-|hmu'-ga, v. See hmunga. han, adv. from behind.

hi-ća'-han, v. n. to slip, misstep, stumble and fall—mahićahan.

hi-ća'-he-ya, v. a. to cause to slip and fall—hićabewaya.

hin, adv. cont. of hinéa; very. héin and htin.

hin'.-ća, adv. very: waste hinća, very good; siće hinća, very bad.

hin-ća'-ke, adv. very, indeed.

hin'-kpa, n. (he and inkpa) -thebrow of a hill.

hin'-kpa-ta, adv. to or at the top of the hill; hinkpata unyanpi kta, we will go to the top of the hill.

hin'-kpa-tan-han, adv. at the hill-top, from the hill.

hin-tkan'-hu, n. the upper armbone. Hintkan alone is said not to be used. $T_{\cdot,i}$ hantkanhu.

hin'-tpa, n. Same as hinkpa.

hin'-tpa-ta, adv. Same as hinkpata.

hin'-tpa-tan-han, adv. Same as hinkpatanhan.

hin-yan'-tan, n. the daisy, which the Dakotas use in dyeing yellow.

hi-ya'-ya, adv. bungled. yuhiyaya.

hla'-ġan, adj. **T**. loose; i. q. lidagan. See lidaya.

hmin, adj. crooked, misshapen: siha limin, a crooked foot.

hmin-hmin', adj. red. of hmin.

hmin-hmin'-yan, adv. red. of hminyan; crookedly.

hmin'-yan, adv. crookedly.

 $h m u \eta$, v. n. to buzz, hum, as the stones of a mill or the flapping of bird's wings; to whistle, as a bullet: hmun hinhda, to make a buzzing noise suddenly.

h m u.n'-g a, v.a. to cause sickness or death, as the Dakotas pretend to be able to do, in a supernatural way; to bewitch, kill by enchantment—wahmunga, unhmungapi, mahmunga; kićilimungapi, bewitching each other.

hmuŋ'-ġa, adj. smelling strong, fishy, rancid, stinking, as grease.

hmunh'-mna, v. n. to smell rancid or fishy. See homna.

hmun-hmun', v. red. of hmun; to

hmun-hmun'-ga, adj. red. of hmunga; rancid.

hmun'-se, adv. T. in a buzzing way, as when many persons are talking together.

h m u n - y a', v. a. to cause to hum, make buzz—hmunwaya.

hmun-yan', adv. buzzing.

hna, v. n. to snort, as something dying; to snicker: T. hna mahingla, I'snicker.

h n a - h a n', adj. slovenly, not tidy, hanging, as a horse's lip.

h n a - h e' - y a, adv. loosely, slovenly: hnaheya up, he is slovenly. See lidoheya.

h n i' - y a n, v. cante liniyan, to flutter or be troubled, be sick at the stomach, as from eating too much—mahniyan.

hni'-yan-yan, adj afraid, quak- | ho'-pi-dan, intj. ing for fear—mahniyanyan.

h n i' - y e - y e - s e, adv. in haste, affrightedly: hniveyese mawani, I walk hastily.

ho, v. n. to stand up on end, as hair. See aho.

ho, intj. of surprise.

ho' e-éa, intj. expressing dissatisfaction or dissent. T., hoh.

ho'-e-ćah, intj. Same as hoećahe.

ho'-e-ća-he, intj. of disbelief and dissent. T., hohećah.

hoh'-e-ćeś, adv. T., i. q., hoećahe. ho'-ta, adj. gray, brown.

 $h \circ - k a', n.$ the badger.

ho-na'-ptan, n. See hunnaptan.

hon'-hi-ki-ya, v.a. to finish, perfect. See hunhikiya.

hon'-hi-ya; v. a. fect. See hughiya.

hon'-ki-ta, v. n. to become very | hpa, part. thrown down. tired. See hunkita. T., watuka.

hon'-kpa-ni, v. n. unfinished state. See hunkpani.

hon'-kpa-ni-ki-ya, v. to fail of finishing. See hunkpanikiya.

hon'-kpa-ni-yan, v. See hun-hpa, adv. together, in a bunch, said kpaniyan.

hon'-tpa-ni, v. See huntpani.

hon'-tpa-ni-ki-ya, huntpanikiya.

tpaniyan.

ho'-pa, adj. T. attractive, beautiful; hpan-yan', v. a. to soak or steep in wihopawin, a pretty woman.

ho'-pe-ća, adj. T. beautiful, well hpa-wa'-han, part. formed.

astonishing! wonderful!

ho'-pi-dan-ni-ye, intj. ishing!

ho'-pi-dan-sni, intj. impossible!

ho-pu'-za, n. (he and opuza) adry country desert.

ho'-śki, adj. hilly, rough, uneven, as a country.

ho'-śki, n. the bad lands.

ho'-śki-śki, adj. red. of hośki; abounding in little hills, a hilly country.

hot-ho'-ta, adj. red. of hota. T., liolliota.

ho - tin' - za, n. (he and otinza) hard ground, a desert.

to finish, per- ho-wo'-skan, n. an uninhabited country. See hewoskan.

> See vuhpa: broken off.

to be in an hpa, v. n. to be wet or clogged, as mosquitoes' wings with dew: ćaponka lipapi, mosquitoes are wet with dew.

> of beans or potatoes which grow together.

See hpa-han', part. thrown down, fallen down of itself.

hon'-tpa-ni-yan, v. See hun-|hpan', adj. soaked with water, wet; hpan hingle, T. to become softened.

water—hpanwaya, hpanunyanpi.

thrown off, thrown down.

h pa'-ya, v. n. T. to lie down, recline; kul hpaya, he lies down; ta hpaya, he is dead: ćanku kin kal hpaya, the road lies over there: tohan nihpayin kta, where will you lie down?

h p a'-y e-y a, v. a. to cause to lie down; to kill, as in battle.

h p e'- é a, adj. faint, exhausted mahpeéa; hpeéa śni, untiring, strong to endure fatigue. T., hpeéaka.

h pe-wan'-ka, v. n. to stay with the young, hover over, as a hen does over her brood, brood over—hpemunka. T., hpeyunka.

h p i' - k a, adj. T. shaggy, bushy, as hair.

hpu. See yuhpu.

h p u- h a n', part. crumbled off.

hpu-hpu', red. of hpu.

h pu - wa'- han, part crumbled off, come apart, as things formerly stuck together.

hpu-ya', adv. crumbling off.

hta, cont. of htayetu.

h ta - & u' - & n i, n. the cool of the evening. T., hta & usni

hta'-ka. See yahtaka.

hta-ki'-ya, adv. towards evening. T., htakiyaka.

h ta'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to catch and hold, as a trap. See mazalitakiyapi.

hta-ki'-ya-ken, adv. towards evening.

litan, cont. of litata; litan iyaya, to become weak.

hta-ni', v.n. to labor, toil, work,

do such labor as the Dakota women do—htawani, htayani, htaunnipi.

hta'-ni-han, n. yesterday; htanihan sanpa and htanihan ićima, the day before yesterday. T., htalihan. hta-ni'-pi, n. laboring; i. q. wićohtani.

htan'-yan, adj. rough, made rough; i. q. powaye. T., htanyela. hta'-ta, adj. languid, weak—mahtata.

h t a' - t e - é a , adj. weak, feeble—mahtateća.

lita-yen', adv. in the evening; generally last evening.

hta'-ye-tu, n. the evening.

htin, Ih. adv. or particle, intensive in force; very. See hein and hin.

hu'-ġa, part. broken in. See kahuġa.

hu-ga'-han; part. broken in.

hu-ga'-wa-han, part. broken in. hu-ge'-éa, n. See gugeéa.

hu-ha', n. the scrapings or shavings of hides, taken off in making them thin enough for robes, and which are eaten by the Dakotas. See taliuha.

hu-hna'-ġa, v. n. to burn'up, be consumed. See huhnaġa.

hu-hnah'-ya, v.a. to cause to burn up, to consume—huhnahwaya.

hun'-hi-ki-ya, v. a. to finish, perfect.

hun'-hi-ki-ya, adv. in a finishing way, perfectly: hunhikiya ecamon, I do it by the way of finishing. huŋ'-hi-ya, v. a. to finish.

hun'-ki-ta, v. n. to be tired, be weary and give out at work—hunwakita, hununkitapi.

hun'-kpa-ni, v. n. to be unfinished. See honkpani.

hun'-kpa-ni-ki-ya, v.a. to leave in an unfinished state, to fail of accomplishing—hunkpaniwakiya.

hun'-kpa-ni-yan, v. a. to fail of finishing—hunkpaniwaya.

h u n-n a'-p t a n, n. a hill-side. See henake and heunnaptan.

huŋ-na'-ptaŋ-yaŋ, adv. on the hill-side.

hun'-tpa-ni, v. n. to be unfinished. See hontpani and hunkpani.

hun'-tpa-ni-ki-ya, v. a. to fail of accomplishing, leave unfinished—huntpaniwayakiya.

hun'-tpa-ni-yan, v. to fail of finishing—huntpaniwaya.

huŋ'-ṭa, v. n. T. used up, exhausted—huŋmata. See huŋkiṭa.

hun'-te-ya, v. a. to cause to give out, to exhaust, as one's strength.

hun'-win, v. n. to stink, become putrid, as a dead body. See hwin.

li u n - w i n' - m n a, adj. stinking, smelling putrid.

hun-win'-ya, v. a. to cause to

smell badly, make putrid—hunwinwaya.

hu-pa'-hu, n. the arm of a person; the wing of a fowl—mahupahu nihupahu.

hu-pa'-hu-wa-ki-hda-ke-dan,
... n. the bat, lit., little leather-wings.

hu-pa'-ko-za, v. n. to move or flap the wings, to fly. See wahupa-koza. T., hupaokoza.

hu-pa'-wa-ki-hda-ke-dan, n. the bat. T., hupakiglaksla.

hu-pin'-yun, adv. by the arms, without instruments, by main strength. See hupahu and iyun.

hu-pin'-yun-ken, adv. by main strength.

to hu-wa'-pa-hpe, n. the meat in-which is left sticking to a hide; the right side of anything. See tahu-of wapahpe.

h u - y a', n. the common eagle: huya cinca, a young eagle.

h wa, v. n., i. q. hba: The Titonwans sometimes use "w" for "b," as in this case.

h w a'- y e-la, adj. T. gently, slowly: i. q. hbayedan.

hwin, v. n. to stink, become putrid, as a dead body. See hunwin.

hwin'-mna, adj. stinking, smelling putrid. See hunwinmna.

Τ.

- i, the eleventh letter of the Dakota alphabet. It has the sound of English ee, or of i in marine, machine.
- i, an inseparable preposition or prefix.
 - 1. Prefixed to verbs and adjectives, it means to, for, of or about; by means of, by reason of, on account of, in consequence of: as, kićo, to invite, ikićo, to invite to eat any particular thing ćekiya, to pray to one, ićekiya, to pray to one for something; wohdaka, to tell news, iwohdaka, to tell about some particular thing; ćanniyan, to be angry, ićanniyan to be angry on account of something; wayazanka, to be sick in consequence of something; ćepa, fat, ićepa, fat by reason of.
 - 2. Prefixed to active verbs, it sometimes forms of them nouns of the instrument: as, kaźipa, to shave, ićaźipe, a drawing-knife or plane; kasdeća, to split, ićasdeće, a wedge; ćap'á, to stab, ićap'e, a spear.
 - 3. Prefixed to the cardinal numbers, it forms of them ordinals: as, nonpa, two, inonpa, second; yamni, three, iyamni, third, etc.

- 4. Prefixed to adverbs, it gives them the force of prepositions: as, tehan, far, itehan, far from.
- 5. Prefixed to nouns signifying time, it means the next or succeeding one: as, hanhanna, morning, ihanhanna, the next morning; wetu, spring, iwetu, the succeeding spring.
- ćekiya, to pray to one, ićekiya, i, n. the mouth—mii, nii, wićai: i en to pray to one for something; hde, to cast up to one; i en hiyeya, wohdaka, to tell news, iwohdata to cast into one's teeth.
- ka, to tell about some particuli, v. n. to have gone to, to have been lar thing; canniyan, to be and at—wai, yai, unkipi.
 - i a', v. n. to speak—iwaa, iyaa, uŋ-kiapi.
 - i-a'-han, part. speaking.
 - i a' k a n, prep. (i and akan) upon, on top of.
 - i-a'-ka-p'in or i-e'-ka-p'in, v.

 n. to be tired of speaking, unwilling
 to speak. See kap'in.
 - i-a'-ke, adv. again, so many more.
 - i-a'-ke-de-na-ke-ća, adj. so many more than ten.
 - i-a'-ke-de-na-na, adj. only so many more than ten. T., iakelenala.
 - i-a'-ke-he-na-ke-ća, adj. so many more than ten.
 - i-a'-ke-ka-na-ke-ća, adj. that number more than ten.
 - i-a'-ke-non-pa, num. adj. twelfth.

- i-a'-ke-śa-hdo-ġaŋ, num. adj. | i'-a-ki-de-na-ke-ća, adv. eighteenth. T., iakeśahlogan.
- i-a'-ke-**śa-**ko-win, num. adj. seventeenth.
- i-a'-ke-śa-kpe, num. adj. teenth.
- i-a'-ke-to-pa, num. adj. fourteenth.
- i-a'-ke-wan-źi-dan, num. adj. eleventh.
- i-a'-ke-ya-mni, num. adj. thirtcenth.
- i-a'-ke-za-ptan, num. adj. fifteenth.
- i'-a-ki-ća-ġe-ća, n. one who is unreasonable in his demands; one who keeps asking for things after he should stop, an importunate person. T., aokaġeća.
- i-a'-ki-ću-ni, v. to desist from, grow tired and leave off. See iyakićuni.
- i a' k i ć u y a, adj. much. See iyakiçuya.
- alike, i'-a-ki-de-će-ća, adv. equal to. See iyakidećeća.
- i'-a-ki-de-ćen, adv. like to, equal to. i'-a-ki-de-han-han-ke-ća, adv. red. of iakidehankeća.
- i'-a-ki-de-han-han-yan, adv. red. of iakidehanyan.
- i'-a-ki-de-haŋ-ke-ća, equal in length to; kići iakidemahankeća, I am as tall as he.
- i'-a-ki-de-han-yan, adv. alike in distance, as far as.
- i'-a-ki-de-na-ka, adv. alike in number, as many as.

- many as.
- i'-a-ki-he-će-ća, adv. alike in kind.
- i'-a-ki-he-han-ke-ća, adv. alike in length.
- i'-a-ki-he-han-yan, adv. alike in distance.
- i'-a-ki-he-na-ke-ća, adv. equal number with.
- i'-a-ki-p'a-p'a, v. (i and ap'a) to strike on the mouth often, as the voung men do in shouting—iawakip'ap'a.
- i'-aŋ-pe-tu, *n*. the next day to. the day following. T., the same day: ianpetu hankeyela, during that day.
- i-a'-pi, n. talk, speech, language.
- i'-a-s'a, v. to halloo, make a loud inarticulate noise—iawaś'a, iaunś'api.
- i'-a-ta-ye-la, pronominal adv. T. that alone; personally, individually: also iyatayela; iye iyatayela econ, he did it himself.
- i-ba'-pe, v. to make sharp byibawape: ibapeśni, to make dull on. T., iwape.
- $i b o' \dot{c} o$, n. a churn. See boćo.
- i b o' h ta ka, v. n. to strike against—ibomahtaka. T., iwohtaka.
- i b o' m d u, v. n. to drift, blow up, as snow or dust: wa ibomdu, the snow is blown about; to storm.
- i b o' m d u m d u, red. of ibomdu.
- i-bo'-pan, n. a pestle. See bopan.

- i-bo'-pan, v. to shoot in pieces, i. q., bokuka.
- i-bo'-sdi, n. a squirt, syringe; a squirt-gun. This is made by Da- i- 6 a'-gla-la, prep. kota boys of the common elder or ing water. See miniibosdi.
- i-bo'-sdo-han, v. to blow along lengthwise: ibosdohan iyeya.
- i-bo'-sdo-han-han, v. red., of ibosdohan.
- i-bo'-śa-ka, v. used with waćin; waćin ibośaka, to be discouraged: waćin ibowaśaka, I am discouraged.
- to hit with little force, not to penctrate—ibowaś'aka.
- i-bo'-sta-ke, n. (i and bostaka) a | i-ca'-ge-ya, adv. together; oyate blunt-pointed arrow. T., wiwośtake.
- i-bo'-to, v. n. (i and boto) to hit or strike against, to butt against ibomato, ibonito: siha inyan ibomato, I struck my foot against a stone; pa en ibomato, it struck my head. See apato, etc.
- i 6a' be 6a, v. n. to be pricked or have one's feelings injured by some little thing. T., ićameća. ićama.
- in feelings; icabeya waun, my feelings are hurt. T., ićameya.
- i-ća'-bu, n. (i and kabu) a drumstick.
- $i \acute{c} a' du$, n. (i and kadu) a fan, $|i \acute{c} a' \dot{g} o y a$, v. a. wing to fan one's self with. ićalu.
- i-ća'-du-ģe, n. (i and kaduģa) a

- fan for wheat, something to blow or clean with: psin icaduge, a riceblower.
- by the side of: i. q. icahda.
- box-wood, and is used for shoot- | i é a' g a, v. n. of kaga; to spring up, grow, as grass, trees, etc.; to grow from, as a result from a cause; to grow, as a child, become, as a man or boy, in any respect—imaćaġa, inićaga.
 - i-ća'-ġe, n. (i and kaġa) something to make with, an instrument: wowapi ićaże, a pen or pencil.
- i bo' s'a ka, v. (i and bos'aka) i ca' g o, v. of kage: icage icu, to take up in a bucket, as water; to take off or skim off—ićage iwaću.
 - ićageya tipi, the people were camped together.
 - i'-ća- \dot{g} e- \dot{z} u-ya, v. to come upwith and go along with a company ićageźuwićawaya, I came up and went with them.
 - i'-ća-ġe-źu-ya, adv. together with, in company.
 - i-ća'-ġi, v. n. (i and kaġi) to be hindered by, opposed by an obstacle imakaği, inićaği.
- i-ća'-be-ya, adv. pricked, injured | i-ća'-ġo, n. (i and kaġo) a mark or line drawn.
 - i-ća'-ġo, v. a. of kaġo; to make a mark, draw a line, sketch—iwakażo, unkićagopi.
 - to cause to mark-ićagowaya.
 - i-6a'-go-ya, adv. marking, in the way of marking.

- i-ća'-hda, prep. (i and kahda) by the side of, near to.
- i-ća'-hi, v. a. (i and kahi) to mix, stir up together—iwakahi, iyakahi, unkićahipi.
- i-ća'-hi, v. n. to mix, mingle.
- i-ća'-hi-hi, v. red. of ićahi; to mingle, mix together.
- i-éa'-hi-hi, n. cement.
- i-ća'-hi-hi-ya, adv. mixed up with, together with: i. q, openeya.
- i-ća'-hin-te, n. (i and kahinta) a rake, a broom.
- i-éa'-hi-ton, v.a. to mix together ićahiwaton, ićahiyaton, ićahiuntonpi.
- i-ća'-hi-ton, part. mixed.
- i-ća'-hi-ya, v. a. to mix together, adulterate—ićahiwaya, ićahiunyan-
- i-ća'-ho-mni, n. (i and kahomni) something that is turned or turns, a wheel.
- keeps growing.
- i é a' h a m h a p e d a n, v. n. to rustle, as the grass in a gentle wind. See hamhapedan. T., ićićahabhapa.
- i-ća'-ha-pe, n. (i and kahapa) something to drive with, a whip.
- i-ćah'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to grow; to rear, raise, as a child or domestic animal—ićahwakiya.
- i-ćah'-ko-ke-dan, See oićalikokedan.
- i-ća'-ho-ta, n. of ćahota; drops of rain, flakes of snow, so called

- because falling like ashes. T., ićaholliota.
- i ć a' h t a g, cont. of ićahtaka.
- i-ća'-htag-e-ya, v. to hint at, touch upon, in speaking.
- i-ća'-htag-ya, v. a. to cause to touch—ićalitagwaya.
- i é a' h t a g y a, adv. touching, relating to, concerning.
- i-ća'-htag-ya-ken, adv. relating to.
- i-ća'-hta-ka, v. n. to touch, be near to-imakahtaka, inicahtaka.
- i'-éa-hta-ka, n. (i and kahtaka) a place where a river touches or runs near a hill; a place where the prairie comes down to a river or lake.
- i é a h' y a, v. a. to cause to grow, raise, as corn, etc.; to rear, to train up, as a child, etc.—ićahwaya, ićalimayan.
- i ć a h' y a, adv. conformed to, made like.
- i-ćah', cont. of ićaga; icah aya, it | i-ća'-kan, n. (i and kakan) adze.
 - i-ća'-kan, v. a. of kakan; to strike and cut a piece out of-iwakakan, iyakakan, unkićakanpi.
 - i-ća'-kiś, cont. of ićakiźa; ićakiś waun, I am suffering for.
 - i-ća'-kiś-ya, v. a. to cause to suffer for, to afflict—ićakiśwaya.
 - i-ća'-kiś-ya, adv. in a suffering manner.
 - $i \epsilon a' ki 2a$, v.n. to be in want of, lacking, suffering for-imakakiźa, inićakića, unkićakićapi: ićakiće śni, not in want of.

- i-ća'-ki-źe, n. (i and kakiźa) | i-ćan'-śin-ya, adv. affliction. See iwićakakiće.
- in want of, plentifully.
- i ć a m', cont. of ićapa; ićam iću, to stick in and take out.
- i-ća'-ma, adj. rough, as cloth or the beard; pricking, as iron filings.
- to hurt or prick, i - ca' - ma, v. n. as anything in the eye: taku ista imakama, something is pricking in my eye.
- i-ća'-ma-ma, v. red. of ićama; to prick: ićamama niun he, does it keep pricking you?
- i-ća'-mda-ska, v. n. (i and kamdaska) to be flattened, as a bullet that is shot into wood.
- i-ća'-mna, v. n. to blow, bluster, storm, drive, as wind and snow; nina ićamna, it is very blustering; ićamna au, a storm is coming: to be torn by anything and lose the contents, as a bag of corn carried along. kamna, to rip.
- i ć a n', adv. whilst, in the meantime, just then.
- i-ća'-nan, adv. See ićannan.
- i ćan' ka spe-ya, v. See ićantkaspeya and ićantekaspeya.
- i-ćan'-śi-ća, v.n. to be sad for ićanmasića. See ićantesića.
- i-ćan'-śi-ća-pi, n. tribulation.
- i ć a n' ś i n, cont. of ićanśića.
- i-ćan'-śin-ya, v.a. to make sad, grieve, disappoint one by means of | i - can'-te-ka-spe-ya, v. something—ićanśinwaya. See ićanteśinya.

- sadly, distressingly.
- i-ća'-ki-źe-śni-yan, adv. not i-ćan'-wa-śte, v.n. to be glad for-icanmawaste. See icantewa
 - i-ćan'-wa-śte-ya, adv. gladly
 - i-ćan'-a-ma-ni, n. a ladder. See ćaniyamanipi.
 - i ć a n' ć a n, v. n. (i and cancan) to tremble for, shake on account ofimaćanćan, inićanćan.
 - i'- éan-han, adv. leaning against. T., ićanyan. See ićinhan.
 - i'-ćan-kćan, adv. making effort but not with much determination: ićankćan ećamon, I did it, but not truly; opposed to awićakehan.
 - i'-can-ksi, v. n. to be angry or irritated at or in consequence ofićanwaksi, ićanyaksi.
 - i'- éan-ksi-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to be angry for—ićanksiwakiya.
 - i'-ćan-ksi-ksi, v. red. of ićanksi.
 - i'-ćan-ksi-ya, adv. crossly, bluntly, roughly, angrily. T., ićanksiksiya.
 - i-6an'-nan, adv. out from, out in the river or lake from.
 - i-ćant', cont. of icante.
 - i-ćant'-a-hde, v.a. to determine evil against one for some cause ićantawahde.
 - $|i-\epsilon a\eta'-\epsilon e|$, adv. in or at the heart. Used as in the following compounds.
 - gratify one's self by avenging, make one's self cheerful by retaliating on

- has done the injury—ićantekaspewaya.
- i-ćan'-te-ki-ćun, v.n. to encourage one's self by reason of-icantewećun, ićanteyećun.
- i-ćan'-te-ki-ćun-yan, adv. encouragingly.
- i-ćan'-te-śi-ća, v. n. to be sad on account of. See ićanśića
- i-ćaŋ'-te-śi-ća-ya, adv. sadly on account of.
- i-ćan'-te-śin-ya, v. a. to render unhappy by.
- i-ćan'-te-țins, cont. of icanteținza.
- i-ćan'-te-tins-ya, v. a. to encourage one by reason of-icantetinswaya.
- i-ćan'-te-țin s-ya, adv. encouragingly.
- $i-6a\eta'-te-ti\eta-za$, v. n.to be encouraged or sustained by-icantematinza.
- i-ćan'-te-wa-śte, v. n. to be glad on account of-icantemawaste.
- i ć a n' t e w a ś t e y a, gladly on account of.
- i-ćan t'-i-ća-spe-ya, v. to avenge | i-ća'-psin-te, n. (i and kapsinta) one's self and thus become pleased ićantićaspewaya. See ićantekaspeya.
- i-ćant'-ka-spe-ya, as ićantekaspeva.
- i 6 a n t' o h n a k a, v. a. to place in the heart with reference to something; to purpose to give to oneićantowahnaka.

- relative of the one who | i-ćan t'-o-ki-ćun, v. to strengthen or encourage one's self by-icantowećun. See ićantekićun.
 - i-eant'-o-kpa-ni, v. to long for in reference to-ićantowakpani.
 - i-ćant'-o-tpa-ni, v. Same as ićantokpani.
 - i'-ćaŋ-yaŋ, adv. *T*. leaning against. See icanhan.
 - i'-ća-pa, v. to open the mouthiwakapa.
 - i & a' p' a, v. (i and cap'a) to stick into, take a stitch-ićawap'a, ićayap'a, ićaunp'api; to stab with; to stick in, as a thorn or stick: can icamap'a, a splinter sticks in me.
 - i-éa'-pan, n. of kapan; a thresher, threshing machine; something to pound with.
 - i-ca'-p'e, n. (i and cap'a) something that sticks in, a spear, a splinter; a stitch.
 - i-ća'-pe, n. (i and kapan) something to pound with.
 - i-ća'-psa-ke, n. (i and kapsaka) something used in cutting off strings; pahin ićapsake, a porcupine-quill cutter, a small knife.
 - something to whip with, a whip.
 - i-ća'-pśin-pśin-ća, n. a species of swallow.
 - Same | i 6 a' p s i n p s i n 6 a d a n, n. the common swallow.
 - i & a' p s u n, n. (i and kapsun) anything to pry out or pull up by the roots · with.
 - i'-ća-pta, v. a. (i and kapta) to

- open the mouth at, scold—-iwakapta, | i é a' s k e, n. (i and kaska) íyakapta.
- i-ća'-pta, v. n. of kapta; to break out; as the hold of meat in carrying it.
- i-ća'-ptaŋ-ptaŋ, v. n. of kaabout.
- i'-ća-pta-pta, v. red. of íćapta; to be angry at, to scold—iwakaptapta.
- i-ća'-pte, n. (i and kapta) something to dip out with, a ladle. also wićapte.
- i-& a'-s an, n. (i and kasan) a razor.
- i-éa'-san, v. n. to become used to, as to eating or doing anythingimakasan, inicasan. T., v. a. to whiten by touching or striking—iwakasan.
- i-ća'-sde-će, n. (i and kasdeća) something to split with, a wedge.
- i-ća'-ski-ća, v. n. to be pressed down—imakaskića, inićaskića.
- i-ća'-ski-će, n. (i and kaskića) a press.
- i-ća'-ś'a-ka, v. n. of kaś'aka; not to penetrate, as an ax that is dull.
- i-ća'-śda, n. (i and kaśda) something to mow with: peźi icaśda, a T., ićaśla; putin ićaśla, a scythe. razor.
- $i-\acute{e}$ a'- \acute{e} d $e-\acute{e}$ a, n. Ih. i. q. ićasdeće.
- i-ća'-śe, n. (i and kaśe) something rubbing against, a hindrance.
- i-6a'-6e-ya, v. a. to make a hinśewaya.

- thing to tie or bind around with, a girdle, sash.
- i-ća'-śki-ća, v. n. to cut a small gash, be gashed-imakaśkića, inića-
- ptanptan; to turn over much, roll | i ća' śki će, n. (i and kaśkića) something to pound with, a beetle.
 - i-ća'-śki-ta, v. n. to cut a little gash in.
 - $i \acute{c} a' \acute{s} o \acute{s} e$, v. T. to mix by shaking together—iwakaśośe.
 - i-ća'-śpe, n. (i and kaśpa) instrument for cutting off pieces: mazićaśpe, a cold chisel.
 - i ća' śpu, n. (i and kaśpu) thing to knock off with.
 - i-ća'-ta, v. ićata iheya, to crowd together. See kata iheya.
 - i-ća'-tka-tan-han, adv. left hand of-mićatkatanhan. ćatka.
 - i-ća'-tku-tan-han, adv. to or at the back part of the tent from one. See ćatku.
 - i-ća'-zo, v. a. of kaźo; to draw a mark or line; to take credit, to owe, be in debt-iwakazo, iyakazo, unkićazopi. See also ikićazo.
 - i-ća'-zo, n. a mark, line drawn.
 - i-ća'-zo-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to - mark; to cause to take things on credit, give credit to-ićazowakiya, ićazoyakiya, ićazounkiyapi, ićazomakiya, ićazoćićiya.
 - $i \epsilon a' zo pi$, n. credits.
- drance of, hinder by means of—ića- | i ć a' ź a , v. a. to think there is much or many; to do a thing much, as to

give away much; to take more than | i - ć e' - p a n - ś i - y a, v. a. is proper-iwaćaźa, unkićaźapi.

i-ća'-źa-pi, n. ota hinća.

i - é a' - ź a - ź a, v.a. to wash by shaking, as a bottle—iwakaźaźa.

i-ća'-źe, adv. of ćaźe; in the name of.

i-ća'-źe-ka, n. a liar, i. q. itonpiśni.

i-ća'-źe-ka, v. n. to be named for | i-će'-win, adv. much, very much: or on account of.

i-ća'-źe-yan, adv. cont. of ićaźeyata; in the name of.

i-ća'-źe-ya-ta, adv. in the name of, in speaking the name of.

i'-će-haŋ, adv. ićehan nažin, to stand leaning against. See icinhan and icinyan.

i-će'-kin, v. a. to envy any oneićewakin, ićeyakin, ićeunkinpi, ićećićin, ićemakin.

i-će'-kiŋ-yaŋ, adv. enviously.

i-će'-ki-ya, v. a. of ćekiya; to pray to one for something-icewakiya, ićeyakiya, ićeunkiyapi, ićećićiya: Woniya Wakan ićeyakiya he, dost thou pray for the Holy Spirit?

i-će'-pa, adj. of ćepa; fat on or by by, fat reason of-imaćepa.

i-će'-paŋ, n. a woman's husband's sisters she calls ićepan: ićepanku, i'-ći-ća-hi, v n. her sister-in-law.

 $i-\acute{e}e'-pa\eta-\acute{s}i$, n. male cousin; her husband's brother's wife: ićepanśitku, her female cousin, etc.

for female cousin-icepansiwaya.

very much, i. q. i - ć e' - p a n - y a, v. a. to have for or count as sister-in-law-icepanwaya, ićepanmayan.

i - ć e ś', intj. See ećeś.

| i - ć e' - t i, v. of ćeti; to make a fire to or at-ićewati.

i-će'-win, v.n. to give away much ićewawin.

ićewin wićawaku, I have given them very much.

i - ć e' - w i n h, adv. Same as ićewin. i-će'-wiŋ-wiŋ, adv. red. of ićewin; much, lavishly.

leaning against: | i - é e' - w i n - y a n, adv. lavishly, bountifully.

i'- 6 i, a prefix. Prefixed to verbs, it usually signifies together: as koyaka, to put on, scikoyaka, to fasten together; wanyaka, to see, iciwanyaka, to look at together, compare. Prefixed to prepositions and adverbs, it conveys the idea of space or time intervening between the objects: as scikiyedan, near to each other, ícitehan, far apart.

i-6i', a prefix to cardinal numbers which makes of them ordinals: as yamni, three, ićiyamni, the third. See i, 3.

to mingle together, mix.

a woman's fe- i' éi-éa-hi-ya, v.a. to mix together, mingle, stir up together-16ićahiwaya, íćićahiunyanpi.

i'-ći-ća-hi-ya, adv. mingled.

- i'-ći-ća-hi-ya-pi, part. mixed | i'-ći-kde-kde-ġa, adj. together.
- i'-ći-ća-hi-ha, adj. connected, in links: maza ićićahiha, a chain.
- i'-6i-6a-6ka, v. to bind together. See ićiyakaska.
- i'-ći-ća-win, adv. back again by the same way: icicawin hda, to go home by the same way that one came; anog ičićawin, back and forth. See ićipaś.
- i'-ći-ća-win-win, adv. red. of ícicawin.
- i'-ći-ća-win-yan, adv. back by the same way.
- i'-ći-ću-ya, adv. passing by each other partly, as two things placed thus =; said of twins, if one is a | i - $\dot{\epsilon}$ i' - ma - na, adv. boy and the other a girl.
- i'-ći-hde-śka, adj. speckled, as corn of different colors.
- i'- éi-hde-śka-śka, *adj. red.* of | i'- éi-ma-ni, v. n. to travel, go on íćihdeska.
- i'-ći-he-han-han-yan, red. of scihehanyan.
- i'-ći-he-han-yan, adv. thus | far apart.
- i-6i'-hni, v. a. to beat or maltreat, as a man his wife.
- i'-ći-hnu-ni, v. to be mixed up, so as not to be distinguished
- not to be distinguished—scihnuniwaya.
- i'- ci-hnu-ni-yan, adv. mingled, mixed up.
- i'-ći-kaŋ-ye'-la, adj. T. near to each other: ićikiyena. vol. vII---12

- Ih.tering, few.
- i'-ći-ki-ki-ye-dan, adv. of scikivedan.
- i'-ći-ki-ye-dan, adv. each other
- i'-ći-ko-yag, cont. of íćikovaka; íćikoyag iyeya.
- i'-ći-ko-yag-ya, v.a. to fasten one to another—íćikoyagwaya.
- i'-6i-ko-ya-ka, v. n. to be fastened one to another.
- i ć i' m a, adv. ever, again; with śni, never; htanihan ićima, the day before yesterday; heyakecinhan icima, the day after to-morrow; ptinhan ićima, the fall before last.
- ever; śni always follows, making never: icimana ećamon kte śni, I will never
- a journey without one's family; to visit—íćimawani, íćimayani, íćimaunnipi.
- i'-ći-ma-ni-pi, traveling; visiting.
- i-ći'-na-pćin-wan-ka, adj. the ninth. This form is not much used. See inapćinwanka. T., ićinapćinyunka.
- i'- éi-hnu-ni-ya, v. a. to cause | i- éi'-non-pa, adj. the second. T., also, again; i. q. ićimana.
 - i-cin', v. to desire one thing for another; to desire more of, in addition to-iwaćin.
 - i-ćin', adv. T. of a truth; now: i. q. ecin.

- i'-cin-han, adv. leaning against.
- i-cin'-in, v. of kinin; to throw at, strike with—iwakinin.
- i-cin'-yan, v. a. to cause to desire—icinwaya.
- i'- é i ŋ y a ŋ, adv. leaning against: iéiŋyaŋ mayaŋka, it is leaning against mc. T., iéaŋyaŋ. See iéehaŋ and iéiŋhaŋ.
- i'- 6i-pa-si-sa, v. a. of pasisa; to stick in one and another, sew together; to sew across—ićiwapasisa.
- i'-ći-paś, cont. of ićipaźa; back by the same way; ićipaś hdiću, he started back by the same way. See ićićawin.
- i'- é i p a s y a, adv. backwards and forwards, doubled on. T., i éipaspas.
- i'-ći-pa-we-ġa, v. n. of paweġa; to cross, lie across.
- i'- éi-pa-weh, cont. of icipawega; crosswise: icipaweh okatan, to nail on crosswise, as our Saviour when crucified; to crucify.
- i'- $\acute{\mathbf{e}}$ i pa w $\acute{\mathbf{e}}$ h w $\acute{\mathbf{e}}$ - $\mathring{\mathbf{g}}$ a, v. red. of ićipawe $\mathring{\mathbf{g}}$ a.
- i'-ći-pa-weh-ya, adv. crosswise, across.
- i'-ći-pa-źa, adv. back by the same way, doubled back on, on the same track back.
- i'-ći-pu-kpe-ya, adv. scattered, mixed up. See kpukpeya.
- i'- & i p u t p e y a, adv. mixed up, scattered about.
- i'-ći-sku-ya, adj. of skuya; alike sour or sweet: kići ićiskuya, alike sweet with.

- i-ći'-śa-hdo-ġan, adj. the eighth. i-ći'-śa-kdo-ġan, adj. Ih. the
- i-ći'-śa-kdo-ġan, adj. Ih. the eighth.
- i-ći'-śa-ko-win, adj. the seventh. i-ći'-śa-kpe, adj. the sixth.
- i'-ći-ta-ki-hna, adv. in rows, in layers, one on another; double, stout, as thick cloth.
- i-ći'-taŋ, adv. hardly; i.q. kitaŋ se: ićitaŋ mduśtaŋ, I have but just finished it; ićitaŋ se ehaŋ wai, I barely arrived at the place.
- i'- éi-taŋ-iŋ-śni, v. n. of taŋiŋ; it is not manifest between two or more which is the one.
- i'-ći-te-han, adv. of tehan; far apart.
- i'-ći-te-han-han, adv. red. of scitchan.
- i'-ći-te-haŋ-haŋ-yaŋ, adv. red. of féitehaŋyaŋ.
- i'-ći-te-han-yan, adv. far apart.
 i'-ći-tko-kim, adv. meeting face
 to face, opposite each other. See
- i'- éi-tko-ki-pa-pi, v. pl. of itko-kipa; they met face to face.

itkokim.

- i'- & i t o h a n, adv. how long from?
- i'-ći-to-han-han, adv. red. of íci-tohan.
- i'-ći-to-han-han-yan, adv. red. of scitchanyan.
- i'-ći-to-han-yan, adv. how far apart? John ii. 4.
- i'-éi-ton-pe-ya, adv. of itonpa; fearing each other, taking care for each other.
- i-ći-to-pa, adj. the fourth.

- ask thee a question. T., ićiyunga.
- i'- $\dot{\mathbf{c}}$ i \mathbf{w} a \mathbf{n} $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ a, v. a. to cross-question, examine by cross-questioning íćimunga, íćinunga, unkićiwangapi. T., ićiyunga.
- i'-ći-wan-ġa-pi, n. · examination. T., iciyungapi.
- i'- éi wan ya ka, v. a. of wanyaka; to look at things together, compare—féiwanmdaka, ićiwandaka, íciwanunyakapi.
- i'-ći-wan-ya-ka-pi, n. parison.
- $i \acute{e}i' w a \acute{s}t e$, v. n. to be good with: taku ićiwaśte he, with what is it good? to be good for.
- i-ći'-wi-kće-mna, adj. the tenth. See iwikćemna.
- i'-ći-wo-hdu-ze, n. fellowship.
- i-ći'-ya, v. a. to take sides with, assist in a dispute or controversy, assist as an advocate—iwakiya, unkikiyapi, imakiya.
- i'- \dot{c} i-ya- \dot{c} i η , v. of iya \dot{c} i η ; to liken several things to each other, think equal—íćimdaćin, ićidaćin.
- i'-ći-ya-ćin-yan, adv. likening to one another.
- i'-ći-ya-hda-skin, adv. above another, pressing on each other. See ahdaskića.
- i'-ći-ya-hda-śka, *v. pos*. unite together, tie one to another of one's own—íćiyawahdaśka. kaśka.
- to another.

- $i \acute{e}i' wan \acute{g}a; v.$ of $iwan \acute{g}a; I | i' \acute{e}i ya hde hde, v. red.$ of $\acute{e}i$ yahde.
 - i'-ći-ya-hde-hde-ya, *adv. red*. of íćiyahdeya.
 - i'-ći-ya-hde-ya, adv. reaching one to another.
 - i'-ći-ya-hde-ya, v. a. to cause one to reach to another, cause to meetíciyahdewaya.
 - i'-ći-ya-hpa-ya, v.a. to catch from one another; to communicate
 - to others, as an infectious disease. See alipaya.
 - i'-ći-ya-lipa-ya, *adj*. contagious.
 - i'-ći-ya-i-hda-śka-pi, v. pl. to unite one to another, tie each other together, as man and wife.
 - i'-ći-ya-ka-śka, v. a. to tie or unite things together mutually—ićiyawakaska, ićiyayakaska, ićiyaunkaśkapi.
 - i-ći'-ya-mni, adj. the third.
 - i'-ći-ya-pu-spa, v. a. of iyapuspa; to stick two or more things together—íćiyawapuspa.
 - i'-ći-ya-skam, cont. of íćiyaskapa; sticking to each other.
 - i'-ći-ya-skam-ya, v. a. to cause to adhere or stick to each other-16iyaskamwaya.
 - i'-ći-ya-skam-ya, adv. adhering to each other: íciyaskamya wanka, they lie sticking together.
 - i'-ći-ya-ska-pa, v. n. of iyaskapa; to adhere or stick one to another.
 - yaza.

- i'-ći-ya-wa, v. a. of iyawa; to | i-ćo'-i-ći-on, v. of icokon; to count up together—séimdawa, séidawa, sciunyawapi.
- i' rows, in a range; from one to another, as in passing a thing around.
- i'-ći-yo-ki-he-ya, adv. T. over again and again, repeatedly; after another.
- i'-ći-yo-pe-ya, v a. of iyopeya; to barter, exchange one thing for another—ſćiyopewaya.
- i'-ći-yo-pe-ya-pi, n. barter, exchange: íćiyopekićiyapi, a market.
- i'-ći-yo-pta; adv. with, in the same direction. See iyo-
- i'-ći-yo-pte-ya, adv. in that i-ćo'-mi, v a. Same as ićoma; some direction, across, through.
- i'- éi- yo-ta-kons, cont. of féiyo- i- éo'-mni, v. n. to be tired of staytakonza; opposite to each other. ićiyotatkons.
- i'-ći-yo-ta-kon-za, adv. of iyotakonza; opposite to each other, equal to, even with. T., ići yotatkonza.
- i'-ći-yu-hmun, v. a. of yuhmun; i i -ćo s', cont. of ićoza. to twist together—ićimduhmun, ići- i - ć o s' - y a, v. a. duhmun.
- multiply together—scimduota, sciunyuotapi.
- i-ći'-za-ptan, adj. the fifth.
- i c'i' z'e h a n, adv. often, repeat i c'u', v. a. to take, accept, receive, edly, frequently.
- $i ci' \acute{z} e n a$, adv. mingled, mixed up.
- i'- co-ga, v.n. to lodge on, drift and | i-cuy'-han, adv lodge on, as a log of wood.

- determine evil against one's self; to be resolute.
- i-ćo'-kam, adv. before, between one and the fire-mićokam.
- $i \acute{c}o' kam ya$, adv. before, between.
- i-ćo'-ka-pa, adv. of ćokapa; same as ićokam.
- i-ćo'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. before, in the midst, inside of.
- i-ćo'-kon, v.a. of ćokon; to determine evil against one for any cause— · ićowakon
- in a range i ć o' m a, v. a. to draw up around the shoulders, as one's blanket: sina iwaćoma, I draw my blanket up.
 - use one form and some the other.
 - ing; weary, discontented—icomamni, ićonimni, ićounmnipi.
 - $i \acute{c}o' pa$, v. of $\acute{c}opa$; to wade in, as in one's moccasins-ićowapa, ićounpapi.

 - to make warm with—ićoswaya.
- i'-ci-yu-o-ta, v. a. of yuota; to | i-co'-za, v. n. of coza; to be warm by means of, as of clothing—imaćoza: takudan inićoza śni, you have nothing to keep you warm.
 - take up anything—iwaću, iyaću, unkićupi; to become, as, otpas iću, it has become dark.
 - whilst, during the time, in the mean time.

- i-ćuŋ'-haŋ-na, adv when.
- i-ćuŋ'-haŋ-nah, adv. just at that time.
- i-ćuŋ'-om, adv. cont. of ićuŋoŋpa; out at one side of; tipi kin ićunom mda, I went off on one side of the house.
- i-ćuŋ'-oŋ-pa, adv. off to one side, off from, out of the way: icunonpa wanka, it lies out of the way; micunonpa, off from me. T., icionpa.
- i-ćuŋ'-oŋ-pa-taŋ-haŋ, out of the way, off to one side.
- i ć u n s', cont. of ićunza.
- do much, to have no mind to the work, work only for the pay; i. q. tanyeh econ śni-icunswaya, icunsunyanpi.
- i-ćuns'-ya-ken, adv. not heartily, pretending.
- i-ćuns'-ye-ća, n. one who is not faithful, one who does his duty not well
- i ć u n' z a, v. of kunza. Obsolete.
- i-ću'-te, n. of kute; something to | i-ći'-ćon-za, v. reflex. of konza; shoot with, as the arrows one uses in a game.
- with which to hunt or catch anything; as, hogan ićuwa and hoićuwa, a ing-implements.
- i-¢e'-śi, n. a woman's male cousin; | i-¢i'-hde, v. reflex. of hde; to lay her husband's sister's husband; içesitku, her male cousin, etc. T., śiçesi.

- whilst, |i ce' si ya|, v. a to have for male cousin, etc.—ićeśiwaya. śiya.
 - i ¢ i', pron. reflexive. It usually signifies that the action returns upon the actor; but sometimes, that the action is done for one's self. See Grammar, under compound pronouns, "içi," "niçi," "miçi," and "unkiçi," which form the middle or reflexive of a large class of verbs.
 - $adv. \mid i \xi i' \xi a \dot{g} a, v.$ reflex. of kaġa; to make one's self; to make for one's self-miçicaga, niçicaga.
- i ću n s' y a, v. to be dilatory, not to | i ći' ća śka, v. reflex. of kaśka; to bind or tie one's self, to deliver up one's self to the authorities—mićićaska.
 - i & i' & i ta, adv. taking care, carefully; i. q. itoppeyahan: içicita aya wo, take it along carefully.
 - i ć i' ć o n s, v. cont. of ićićonza; icicons opa, to follow on one's own decision; to make a profession of religion.
 - to determine for one's self-mićićonza.
- i-ću'-wa, n of kuwa; something | i-ći'-ću-ya, adv. of ku, to give; giving one's self up to, devotedly: içićuya ećon, he acts devotedly.
 - fish-hook, fishing-implements: farm- | i & i' g l a l u, v. reflex. T. to fan one's self.
 - up for one's self-miéihde. Hence, taku içihdepi, furniture.
 - i-¢i'-hde-ka, n. one who has

- much, one who is always accumulat- | i da' za tan han, adv.
- i'-¢i-hna-hna, adv. with care, pleasantly, politely: icihnahna econ wo, do it pleasantly.
- i-¢i'-hna-ka, v. reflex. of hnaka; | to place or locate one's self; to lay up *for one's self*—mi¢ihnaka; taku i¢ihnakapi, furniture. See içihde.
- i-¢i'-hna-yan, v. reflex. of hnayan; to deceive one's self-miçilma-
- reflex. of ihni; to i-ći'-hni, v. hunt, as game, for one's self-miçi- i'-de-ga, n. pouting lips. See dega hni. T., iićigni.
- i'- & i ha ha, v. reflex. of iha; to | i'- de han, adv. so far off. make one's self a laughing-stock, said | i'-de-han-han, adv. red. of ideof one who commits adultery mićihaha. T., iićihaha.
- i-¢i'-kću, v. reflex. of icu; to help one's self, take what one is to i'-de-han-yan, adv. so far off. have—imi¢ikću. T., iićikću
- i-¢i'-ksu-ya, v. reflex. of kiksuya; to remember one's self, come to one's self-mićiksuya.
- i-&i'-kte, v. reflex. of kte; to kill | i-di'-ta-ka, v. n. to be animated one's self, commit suicide.
- i-ći'-kton-źa, v reflex. of akiktonźa; to forget one's self, leave off or cease from one's sorrow, etc.
- i d a g', cont. of idaka. T. wowilag.
- have for a servant—idagwaya.
- i-da'-ka, v.a. to have for a servant, to control, govern, rule over-iwadaka, unkidakapi. See wowidake.
 - i da' za ta, adv. back from, i. q. iheyata. See dazata.

- in the rear of.
- i-de', v. n. to burn, blaze.
- i de', n. a blaze, a burning, a prairie fire: ide au, a fire is coming.
- i'-de-ći-ya, adv. on this side of.
- i'-de-ći-ya-taŋ, adv. side of.
- i'-de-éi-ya-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from this side of, on this side of, in this way from.
- i'-de-ći-yo-taŋ, adv. in this direction from.
- and delidega.

- i'-de-han-na, *adv*. only so far off, near to.
- i-de'-ya, v.a. to burn, cause to burn, set fire to-idewaya, ideyaya, ideunyanpi.
- i-di'-di-ta, adj. hot on account of.
- for, brave for or on account of—idimataka and imaditaka, iniditaka. See waditaka.
- i-do'-ti-ćin, n. (dote and kin) a collar for a horse.
- i-dag'-ya, v. a. to cause to serve, i-do'-wan, v. a. of dowan; to sing to or for, to sing the praises of, praise one—iwadowan, iyadowan, unkidowanpi, imadowan; ićidowan, I praise thee; ićidowan, to sing of one's self.
 - i e', v. Same as ia.

- i-e'-a-hta-ni, v. to sin in speaking, blaspheme.
- i e' h d a ś n a, v. pos. of ieyaśna; to speak falsely of one's own, as when one tells what is false in regard to his dreams or visionsiewahdaśna. T., ieglaśna, to blunder in speaking.
- i e' k a s k i s k a, v. n. to stutter iemakaskiska, ienikaskiska.
- i-e'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to speak, make speaker of; to have for interpreter—iewakiya, ieyakiya.
- i-e'-ksa-pa, v. n. to be wise of speech, eloquent—iemaksapa and ie- | i-gla'-ho-mni, v. reflex. waksapa.
- i'-en-h de and i'-en-i-ye-ya, v. |i-gla'-ka, v. T. for ihdaka. to reproach, blame.
- i-e'-ska, v. n. to be fluent, speak a language intelligibly—iemaska, ieniska, ieunskapi.
- ·i-e'-ska, n. one who speaks well, an interpreter.
- i-e'-ska-ki-ya, v.a. to have for interpreter, cause to interpret from one language to another—ieskawakiya, ieskauŋkiyapi.
- i-e'-śni, v not to be able to speak, dumb; i. q. iaokitpani.
- i-e'-śni, *intj. not so!* T., ieśnićaś. See iyesni.
- i-e'-wi-ća-ka, v. n. to speak the truth—iewićawaka, iewićayaka, iewićaunkapi.
- i-e'-wi-ća-ke-han, adv. truly, in truth. T., iewićakeya.
- i-e'-yan-pa-ha, v. to proclaim, publish, make proclamation, as the

- Dakota men do-ieyanwapaha, ieyanyapaha, ieyanunpahapi.
- | i e' y a n p a h a, n. a public crier, herald, a man employed to proclaim with a loud voice the decisions of the principal men concerning any public matter, such as the time when they will move, where they will encamp, etc.
 - i-e'-ya-śna, v. to talk as one pleases, talk falsely—iemdaśna, ieunyasnapi.
 - i-e'-ya-śna-śna, v. red. of ieyaśna.
 - one's self around: i. q ihdamna.

 - i-gla'-ye-ki-ya, $v. \cdot T.$ to push into, as a straw to clear out a pipestem.
 - i-gla'-ye-ya, n. stem cleaner.
 - i-gla'-za-ta, adv. **T**. side: miglazata, at my side.
 - i-gla'-zun-ta, v. reflex. T. to praise one's self.
 - i-glo'-ni-ća, v. T. for ihdonića.
 - i-glu'-ble-za, v. reflex T. to make one's self see or think clearly.
 - i g m u', n. T. for inmu.
 - i-g m u'-g le-z a, n. To for inmuhdeza.
 - i-gmu'-gle-śka, n. T. for inmuhdeska.
 - i-gmu'-ho-ta, n. T. for inmuhota.
 - i-gmu'-śuŋ-ka, n. T. for inmuśunka.

- i-gmu'-tan-ka, n. T. for inmu-|i-ha'-kta-ya, adv. having regard
- i-ġaŋ'-ġaŋ-he-ća, n. a kind of swamp-grass.
- i-ha', n. (i and ha) the lips; the lid or cover of anything; as ćega iha, a pot-lid; a stopper, cork; i. q. iostanpi.
- i-ha', adv. signifying doubt or want of knowledge concerning what is affirmed or asked; as, iha, sdonwaye śni, I do not know.
- i h a' i s d a y e, n. (iha and isdaye) grease for the lips, ointment.
- I h a' i s d a y e, $n \cdot p$. the name of a Yankton clan.
- i-ha'-kam, adv. after in place, behind; after in time—mihakam, nihakam; cihakam waun, I am behind thee.
- i-ha'-kam-ya, adv. after, after-li-han'-ka-ye-tu, n. the next day, wards.
- i-ha'-ka-pa, adv. after, behind.
- behind.
- i-ha'-ki-ći-kta, v. a. of ihakta; i-hay'-ke, n. the end, termination; to accept of, take of one—ihawecikta, ihamićikta.
- i-ha'-ki-kta, v. pos. of ihakta; to and ihawakikta.
- i-ha'-kta, v. a. to see to, be intent | i-hay'-ke-va, adv. at the end, at on; to watch over, guard; to have regard for, love; to obey, follow ihawakta, ihaunktapi.
- i-ha'-kta-kta, v. red. of ihakta.
- i-ha'-kta-ya, v. a. to cause to have regard for—ihaktawaya.

- for.
- i ha' m na, v. See ihanmna, which is the better spelling.
- | i han', v. n. to stand in or atiwahan; to remain, as ikićihan, to remain for one. See han.
- i-haŋ'-bla, r T. to dream: i. q. ihanmna.
- i-hang', cont. of ihanke.
- i-hang'-ki-ya, v. a. pos. to destroy one's own; to destroy for oneihangwakiya; ihangkićićiyapi, *they* destroy for each other.
- | i-hang'-ya, v a. todestroy, bring to an end—ihangwaya; ihangunyanpi; ihangićiya, to destroy one's self.
- i-hay'-hay-na, n. the next morning, the morning following. T., ihin-
- day following. This form is used by Mr. Renville. See ihanyanketu.
- i-ha'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. from | i-han'-ke, v.n. to end, come to un end
 - the border, boundary.
 - i h a n' k e t a, adv.at the end, at the last.
 - have regard for one's own—ihawekta | i han' ke ya, v. a. to make an end of, destroy. See ihangva.
 - the last or lowest part: kun ihankeya, John viii. 23.
 - I han k' ton wan, n. p. (ihanke and tonwan) the name of one of the divisions of the Dakota people; the Yanktons.

- I-hank'-ton-wan-na, n. p. (ihanke, tonwan and na) another family or grand division of the Dakotas. Perhaps originally these two were one band, but now they are distinct. These names signify those who have their villages at the end. The Yanktonais.
- i h a n' m d e, v. See ihanmna.
- i-han'-mna, v. to dream in the ordinary way; to have visions of what was known in a former state of existence; to have intercourse with spirits—iwahanmna, unkihanmnanpi. T., ihanbla. See hanmde.
- i-han'-ya-ke, n. See ihanyaketu.
- i-han'-ya-ke-tu, n. the next day. T., ihihanna.
- i-hda', a prefix, used to make the reflexive form of verbs beginning with "ka" and "ya." T., igla; Ih., ikda.
- i-hda'-ćin, v. pos. of iyaćin; to liken one's own or one's self to—iwahda-ćin, imihdaćin, iyahdaćin. T., iglaćin.
- i h d a' é o, v. reflex. of yaéo; to judgė or condemn one's self—mihdaéo, nihdaéo, unkihdaéopi. T., iglaéo.
- i h d a' d u , v. reflex. of kadu; to fan one's self—mihdadu and i¢ihdadu.
- i h d a g', cont. of ihdaka; ihdag unyanpi.
- i-lida'-ka, v.n. to move, start with one's family, to go camping, move about from place to place, as the Dakotas do—iwahdaka, unkihdakapi.

- n. p. i h d a' k s a, v. reflex. of kaksa and yaksa; to cut off or bite off one's own, as one's arm—mihdaksa.
- Perhaps originally these is high days mana, v. reflex. of kamna and yanna; to turn one's self around; to gain for one's self, to indemnify or remunerate one's self, get back one's own—mihdamna, unkihdamnapi.
 - i-hda'-o-ni-han, v. reflex. of yaonihan; to praise one's self—mihdaonihan.
 - i h d a' o t a n i n, v. reflex. of yaotanin; to manifest one's self, proclaim one's self—mihdaotanin.
 - i-hda'-su, v. reflex. of yasu; to judge one's self. T., iglasu.
 - i h d à' s i c a, v. reflex. to speak evil of, or blame one's self. T., iglasica.
 - i-h da'-śka, v. reflex. of kaśka; to bind one's self, to deliver one's self up to be punished—mihdaśka.
 - i-h da'-śna and i-h da'-śna-śna, v. reflex. of yaśna; to miss in biting one's self, as a dog in trying to bite his own tail.
 - i-hda'-śpa, v. reflex. of yaśpa; to bite one's self loose, break loose—mihdaśpa.
 - i-hda'-tan, v. reflex. of yatan; to praise one's self; to brag, boast, speak of one's self above what is true—mihdatan, nihdatan, unkihdatanpi.
 - i-hda'-tanh, intj. praise yourself very much! boast away! A byword. See ihdatan.
- kotas do-iwahdaka, unkihdakapi. i h d a' t o k a n, v. reflex. of yato-

- kan; to clear one's self, prove an alibi-mihdatokan.
- i-hda'-wa, v. reflex. of yawa; to count one's self; as, wićasta ihdawa, one who counts or esteems himself a man, i. e., a chief; to count one's own or what one is to have—milidawa.
- i-hda'-zo, v. pos. of ićazo; to mark one's self; to mark-one's own, as a blanket-iwahdazo.
- i h d a' ź i ć a, v. reflex. of yaźića; to speak of one's self as rich.
- i-hda'-źi-ća-ka, n. one who counts himself rich.
- i-hdem', cont. of ilidepa.
- i-hdem'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause one to vomit up what he has eaten ihdemwakiya.
- i-hde'-pa, v. a. up what one has eaten—iwahdepa, iyahdepa, unkihdepapi.
- i-hdi', n. the soft fat of animals, sappi ihdi, butter: also vegetable oil. See wihdi.
- i-hdi'-yo-mda-sin, n. a looking-glass, mirror. T., miyoglasin. See aokasin and okasin.
- i-hdo'-hi, v. reflex. of hi; to bring might come to be shot-mihdohi.
- i-hdo'-i, v. reflex. of i; to take one's nihdoi, unkihdoipi.
- i-hdo'-ku, v. reflex. of ku; to bring
- i-hdo'-ni-ća, v. reflex to forbid one's self, withhold one's self from

- others; to balk as a horse-mihdo-T., iglonića.
- i-hdo'-u, v. reflex. of u; to bring one's self towards a place-mihdou, nihdou, unkihdoupi.
- i-hdo'-ya, v. reflex. of ya; to take one's self to a place; to take to one's self—said of using the personal pronouns in verbs: en ihdoyepića śni, it cannot be applied to one's self mihdoya, nihdoya.
- i-hdu', a prefix of verbs in "yu," making the reflexive form. T_{\cdot} , iglu; *Ih.*, ikdu.
- i h d u' e é e t u , v. reflex. of yuećetu, to make one's self right; to reform, repent-mihduećetu, unkihduećetupi.
- to vomit, throw | i h d u' e k i & e t u, v. reflex. to make one's self right or as before; to raise one's self from the dead, as Christ did—mihduekićetu.
- grease, oil; kukuśe ihdi, lard; ptea- | i h d u' h a, v. reflex. of yuha; to possess one's self, be free; to restrain one's self, act well; to be able to carry one's goods, etc.—mihduha, nihduha.
 - i h d u' h e ća, v. to have all one's own with one—milduheća.
- one's self to a place, as a deer that | i h d u' h o m n i; v. reflex. of yuhomni; to turn one's self around mihduhomni. T., igluhomni.
- self to; to take one's own to-mihdoi, | i h d u' h u k u n, cont. of ihduhukuya, ihduhukun iyeiçiya, to put one's self down.
- one's self towards home-mildoku. i-hdu'-hu-ku-ya, v. reflex. of yuhukuya; to humble one's selfmihduhukuya.

- i-hdu'-hda-hda-ta, v red. to scratch one's self much.
- hdata; to scratch one's self-milduhdata. $T_{\cdot,i}$ igluhlata.
- i-hdu'-hdo-ka, v. reflex. of yu-|i-hdu'-o-ta, v. reflex. of yuota; hdoka; to open or unbosom one's self; to open for one's self-mihdulidoka.
- i h d u' h i ć a, v. reflex. of yuhića; *to waken one's self up*—mihduhića.
- i'-hdu-ka-wa, v. pos. (i and hdukawa) to open one's own mouthiwahdukawa. See hdukawa.
- i h d u' k ć a n , v. reflex. of yukćan; to have an opinion of one's self; to understand one's self; to examine one's self-mihdukćan. kéan, to make up one's opinion.
- i-hdu'-ksa, v. reflex. of yuksa; to break one's self away, as a muskrat from a trap-mihduksa.
- i'-hdu-ksan, adv. around, round about anything—mihdukśan, nihduksan, unkihduksan. T., iglukśaŋ.
- from all sides around.
- i'-hdu-ksan-yan, adv. round about.
- i-hdu'-ku-ya, v. reflex. to humble one's self. See ihduhukuya.
- i h d u' k e g a, v. reflex. to scratch one's self. T. iglukega.
- i h d u' m d e z a, v. reflex. to make one's self see or think clearly. iglubleza.
- i-hdu'-noŋ-pa, *v. reflex.* of yunonpa; to make two of one's self;

- to have two pursuits on hand at the same time—milidunonpa.
- i-hdu'-hda-ta, v. reflex. of yu-|i-hdu'-o-ni-han, v. reflex. of yuonihan; to honor one's self-mihduonihan.
 - to multiply one's self; to do many things at the same time—milduota.
 - i-hdu'-o-tan-in, v. reflex of yuotanin; to manifest one's selfmiliduotanin.
 - i-hdu'-o-wo-tan-na, v. reflex. of yuowotanna; to straighten one's self up, stand straight; to make one's self upright or righteous-mihduowotanna.
 - T., iglu-|i-hdu'-psi-ća, v. reflex. of yupsića; to fish for one's own use; to prance or jump about, as a frisky horse-mihdupsića.
 - i-hdus', cont. of ihduza. **Ićihdus** is also used. T_{\cdot} , iglus.
 - i-hdu'-so-ta, v. reflexof yusota; to use one's self up; to use up one's own-mihdusota.
- i'-hdu-kśan-tan-han, adv. i-hdu'-su-ta, v. reflex. of yusuta; to make one's self firm, establish one's self-mihdusuta.
 - i-hdu'-ś'a-ka, v. reflex. of yu-Saka; to be overburdened with one's self; to be pregnant—ihdumas'aka, ihduniś'aka.
 - i-hdu'-śa-pa, v. reflex. of yusapa; to blacken or defile one's self milidusapa.
 - i-hdu'-śdo-ka, v. reflex. of yuśdoka; to put off one's own, divest one's self of, as one's garments; to

- empty one's self or put off one's self, | i h d u' t e é a, v. as it is said of Christ, in Phil. ii. 7-mihduádoka.
- i-hdu'-śi-ća, v. reflex. of yuśića; to make one's self bad, get one's self into difficulty—mihdusića.
- i-hdu'-śi-htin, v. reflex. of yusilitin; to enfeeble one's self, to injure one's self, in any way.
- i-hdu'-śka, v. reflex. of yuśka; to untie or loose one's self-mihduska.
- i-hdu'-śpa; v. reflex. of yuśpa; to break one's self away, deliver one's self, as from a trap—mihduspa.
- i-hdu'-stan, v. reflex. of yustan; to finish or complete the things pertaining to one's self-mihdustan, nihdustan, unkihdustanpi.
- i-hdu'-ta, v pos. of iyuta and yuta; to measure one's self, measure or try one's own; to eat two things of one's own, one with the other—iwahduta.
- i-hdu'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. reflex. of yutakuniśni; to destroy one's *self*—mihdutakuniśni.
- i-hdu'-tan, v. reflex. of yutan; to paint one's self; to glorify one's self, praise one's self-mildutan. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ iglatan; $i_{\cdot,\cdot}q_{\cdot,\cdot}$ ihdatan.
- i-hdu'-tan-in, v. reflex. of yutanin; to manifest one's self-mihdutanin.
- i-hdu'-tan-ka, v. reflex. of yutanka; to make one's self great mihdutanka.
- i-hdu'-t'an-t'an, v. reflex. of yut'an; to touch, as with one's dirty hands; touch often.

- reflex. of yuteća; to make one's self new-mihduteća.
- i-hdu'-to-kan, v. reflex. of yutokan; to remove one's self to another place-mihdutokan.
- i-h'du'-to-ke-ća, v. reflex. of yutokeća; to make one's self different—milidutokeća.
- i-hdu'-wa-ka-śo-te-śni, v. reflex. to purify one's self. **T.,** · igluska; *i. q.* ihduska.
- | i-hdu'-wa-ś'a-ka, v. reflex. of yuwaś'aka; to strengthen one's selfmihduwaś'aka.
- i-hdu'-wa-ste, v. reflex. of yuwaste; to make one's self good, make reparation for a wrong done.
- i-hdu'-wi, v. reflex. of yuwi; to wrap or tie on one's own, as one's leggings—mihduwi.
- i-hdu'-wi-ye-ya, v. reflex. of yuwiyeya; to make one's self ready mihduwiyeya, unkihduwiyeyapi; ihduwiyeya manka, I have made myself ready.
- i-hdu'-za, v. reflex. of yuza; to dress up, put on a dress, paint one's self up-mihduza: Dakota ihduza, to dress in Dakota style; Wasićun ihduza, to dress like a Frenchman.
- i' h d u z e z e, v. reflex. to hold up one's self by; to cling to—imihduunkihduzezepi: Nićinksi ihduzeze unyakonpi, we are clinging to thy Son.
- i'-hdu-ze-ze-ya, adv. clinging

- i-hdu'-zi-ća, v. reflex. of yu-|i-he'-pi-o-pi-ye, n. an oil-sack. zića; to stretch one's self-mihdu-· zića.
- $i h d u' \acute{z} a \acute{z} a$, v. reflex. of yuźaźa; to wash one's self-mihduźaźa. T., igluźaźa.
- i-hdu'-źu-źu, v. reflex. of yuźuźu; to take to pieces one's own, as one's own bundle-mihduźuźu.
- i-he'-ća, n. something laid down to shoot at; iheća kute, to shoot arrows at a mark. See owinheća. T., oweheća, used only of arrows: one arrow is thrown first, and that becomes the mark, or oweheća, for the others to throw at.—w. J. C.
- i'-he-ći-ya, adv. in that way from.
- i'-he-ći-ya-tan, adv. in that direction from.
- i'-he-ći-ya-tan-han, adv. that side of.
- i-he-ći'-yo-tan, adv. in that direction from.
- i'-he-han-han-yan, adv. red. of ihehanyan.
- i'-he-han-yan, adv. so far from.
- i-he'-ktam, prep. behind, after one-mihektam, nihektam; wićihektam, behind them.
- i-he'-ktam-ya, adv. behind.
- i-he'-kta-pa, adv. behind: mihektapa, behind me.
- i-he'-kta-pa-ta, adv. at the back, behind.
- i-he'-kta-pa-tan-han, adv. from behind.
- i-he'-pi, n. head-oil, ointment for the hair. T., islaye.

- i h e' y a, v. to go or pass through, as iyoopta iheya, to pass or discharge from the bowels—ihewaya, iheyaya, iheunyanpi; to shoot, hit, as a mark; to assemble, come together, as, kata iheya; witaya iheya, wanyag iheya. In these cases it is a collective plural: iheunyanpi is also used.
- i-hi'-han-na or i-hin'-han-na, n. T. the day following, the next morning: appetu wakan ihihanna, the day after the Sabbath—Monday. See ihanhanna.
- i'-hi-ya-ye, n. semen; i. q. on hoksiyokopa kagapi.
- i-hmuŋ'-ke, n. a snare, a trap; poison to trap with.
- i-hna'-hna-yan, v. red. of ihnayan; to sport with, deceive by-iwahnahnayan.
- i h n a' ś k i n y a n, v. n. to be possessed with, demonized; to be crazy for or by reason of-imahnaskinyan.
- i-hna'-yan, v. a. to deceive with or for-iwahnayan, iyahnayan, unkihnayanpi.
- i h n i', v. a. to hunt, seek for; to hunt or follow after, as deer and such like game—iwahni, iyahni, unkihnipi. T., igni. See wotihni.
- i-hni'-hda, v.a. to go for, take a journey for, procure; to have business—iwahnihda, unkihnihdapi. T., igniya
- i-hnu', v. a. to blame with, charge upon; to grumble, murmur about-

- *they recriminate each other. T., ahoya.
- i-hnu'-han, adv. Used always with "kin" or "cin," "kinhan" or "Cinhan" after it, and signifying strong prohibition; beware: ihnuhan hećanon kin do, see thou do it not T., ungna and ungnahan.
- i-hnu'-han-na, adv. suddenly, immediately. T., ungnahanla.
- i-ho', v. iho wo, iho po, always imp.; come on, come; be it so; see there.
- i-ho'-e-ća, adv. indeed. T., ihoećaś.
- $i h \circ m' e \acute{e} a$, adv. now indeed. This word is frequently used to introduce threatening expressions.
- i-ho'-ni-ća-ta, n. T. a stone hammer, a pestle.—T. L. R. ihunićata.
- i h u'. This is an obscene by-word relating to copulation. See hu. It is much used by the Indians as an interjection denoting impatience—iwahu: onze ihu, to commit sodomy; iwićahu, sodomy. T., to"hu" in the mouth. See ias'a.
- i-hu'-dan, intj. Same as ihu.
- i-hu'-ku-ku-ya, adv. red. of ihukuya.
- i-hu'-kun, adv. under, beneath: ihukun iyeya, to put underneath.
- i h u' k u y a , adv. under, beneath anything, down below; inferior in dignity or office-mihukuya, nihukuya.
- i-hu'-ni, v. See ihunni.

- iwahnu, unkihnupi; wikićihnupi, | i h u' n i ća ta, n. T. a stone to pound meat or cherries with.
 - i-hun'-ni, v. n. to land, reach the shore; to get through, as a wood, get across, as a prairie; to finish, to come to the end of—iwahunni, iyahunni, unkihunnipi.
 - i-huŋ'-ni-ki-ya, v. a. through with, finish, complete, as the reading of a book-ihunniwakiya.
 - i-hun'-ni-ya, v. a. to go through with, finish-ihunniwaya, ihunniunyanpi.
 - i-hun'-ni-yan, adv. clear through, entirely.
 - i-hu'-pa, n. the bail or handle of anything; the stem, shaft, thill, etc.
 - i-hu'-pa-ki-ći-ton, v. a. to put in a handle, etc., for one—ihupaweciton.
 - i-hu'-pa-ki-ton, v. pos. to bail or handle one's own—ihupaweton.
 - i h u' p a t o n, v. to have a handle, be handled; to put a handle or bail to anything-ihupawaton.
 - i-hu'-wi-ća-ta, n. a stone for pounding meat. A stick is fastened in a crease made round the middle, which serves for a handle. ihunićata.
 - i-ha', v. (i and ha) to laugh; laugh at, make fun of-iwaha, iyaha, unkihapi; imayaha, thou laughest at me.
 - i'-had, or i'-han, adv. jestingly, laughingly.
 - i h a' h a, n. the manyplies or omasum, one of the stomachs of an animal. T., tihaha. See tihaha.

- i-ha'-ha, v. red. of iha; to laugh at, | i-hdi', v. n. to have a sore or breaking make fun of, ridicule—iwahaha. T., iyohaha.
- i'-ha-ha, v. n. to bubble and curl or laugh along, as rapid water.
- i'-ha-ha, n. the noise of water-falls or rapids.
- i h a' li a k e, n. one who is always jesting, a fool.
- i h a' h a y a, v. a. to cause to jest or laugh at—ihahawaya.
- i-ha'-ha-ya, adv. laughingly, jestingly.
- i ha' ke, v. to laugh, jest—iwahake.
- i h a' k i y a, v. a. to cause to laugh-ihawakiya.
- epeća, I said it in fun.
- i-han', v. n. of han; to do, work, do in reference to: tak ihan yahi he, what didst thou come to do?—iwahan.
- i-h'an', v. n. to graze, eat grass, as an ox: peźi ili'an, to eat off the grass. See wili'an.
- i-h'an'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to feed or graze—ih'anwakiya.
- i'-han-yan, adv. temporarily.
- i-lia'-ța, v. to laugh hard; lit., to die laughing.
- i h a' t a t a, v. n. to laugh immoderately-iliamaţaţa.
- i h a' y a, v. a. to cause to laugh, be the occasion of laughter—ihawaya, ihamayaya.
- i-hdah'-ye-će-śni, v. n. stay, remain in a place. T., oyuhlaġaŋ śni. See lidaliyećeśni.
- i'-h di, n. a sore mouth—imahdi.

- out in consequence of-imalidi, inilidi.
- i-h'e', n. gravel; a stony place.
- i-he'-ya-ta, adj. of heyata; back from, behind—milieyata: tipi kin ilieyata, back of the house. Perhaps this should be rather regarded as a preposition or postposition, formed of two prepositions and a noun, and taking the pronouns, as other prepositions. The two adverbial forms that follow take the pronouns also; as, milieyatanhan, from behind me.
- i-he'-ya-tan-han, adv. behind.
- i'-han, adv. jestingly, in fun: ihan | i-he'-ya-ta-tan-han, adv. from behind.
 - i-hin'-kpa, n. the hill behind. See hinkpa.
 - i-hin'-kpa-ta, adv. at the hill behind, back from.
 - i-hin'-kpa-tan-han, adv. back from, towards the hill from.
 - i-hin'-tpa, n. Same as ihinkpa.
 - i-hin'-tpa-ta, adv. Same as ihinkpata.
 - i-hin'-tpa-tan-han, adv. Same as ihinkpatanhan.
 - i'-hna-han, v.n. to have the under lip hanging down-imalinahan. See hnahan.
 - i h n i' y a n y a n, v. n. troubled with, excited about-imahniyanyan: wasin ihniyanyan, to be distressed by eating fat.
 - I'-ho-ka, n. T. the name of a clan or band of Tectons.

- i-hpa'-ya, v. n. to fall, fall down; to become sick—iwahpamda, iyahpada, unkihpayapi.
- i-hpe'-ya, v.a. to throw down, throw away; to leave, forsake—ihpewaya, ihpeunyanpi. See ehpeya.
- i-hta'-he-pi, n. Ih and T. before night; before the day is out.
- i'-hta-ye-tu, n. the next evening, the evening following the time mentioned.
- i-htin', n. T., zeze. See ihtinka.
- i-litin'-ka, n. anything that hangs down or dangles, as ear-bobs, etc.
- i-hwin' or i-hun'-win, v. n. to smell of, stink. T., ihwinmna.
- i-hwin' or i-hun'-win, n.
 bad smell, stink.
- i-i'-ći-ha-ha, v. reflex. to make one's self a laughing stock.
- i-i'-ći-gni, v T. to hunt for one's self: i. q. ićihni.
- i'-i-&i-k&u, n of i&u; one who takes without leave. Perhaps this is for iye i&i&cu.
- i'-i-ki-ya, v. T. to ask back what one has given.
- i'-i-kpu-ta-ka, v. pos. to kiss one's own, as one's relative—iiwa-kputaka.
- i-in'-kpa-ta, adv. at the point of anything.
- i-in'-tpa-ta, adv. Same as iinkpata.
- i'-i-pu-ta-ka, v. to touch mouths, to kiss—iiwaputaka.
- i'-i-tko-pa-tan-han, adv. See iyeitkopatanhan.

- i'-i-tpu-ta-ka, v. to kiss one's own. Same as iikputaka.
- i'-i-yu-wi, n. a bridle: sung iiyuwi, a halter or bridle for a horse.
 T. iteha and ipahte.
- i-ka'-ġi, v. See ićaġi—imakaġi.
- i'-ka-han, adv. so far from.
- i'-ka-han-yan, adv. so far from.
- i'-ka-ki, adv. on that side of.
- i'- k a- k i- y a, adv. on that side of.
- i'-ka-ki-ya-tan-han, adv. in that way from, on that side.
- i-ka-ki'-yo-tan, adv. in that direction from.
- i-kan', n. a cord, a string, a rope; the bail of anything.
- or tie a string or strap on for one to carry by—ikanweciton.
 - i-kan'-ki-ton, v. pos. of ikanton; to tie a string on one's own pack, to carry it by—ikanweton.
 - i-kan'-ton, v. a. to put a strap or string on a bag, etc., to carry it by—ikanwaton, ikanuntonpi.
 - i-kaŋ'-yaŋ, v. a. to have for a handle or string—ikaŋwaya, ikaŋ-uŋyaŋpi.
 - i-kan'-ye, adv. towards the center, as towards the fire, towards a river or lake, down towards.
 - i-kan'-ye-la, adv. T., near to.
 - i-kan'-ye-ta and i-kan'-ye-tan, adv. or n. in front of: mikanyeta, in front of me
 - i-kan'-ye-tan-han, adv. on the river or lake side of an object, in front of: mikanyetanhan, in front of me.

- i'-ka-pa, v. a. (i and kapa) to open | i-kée'-kée-ya, adv. red. of ikéeya. the mouth on, scold—iwakapa, imakapa. See ikapta.
- i-ka'-pa, v. of kapa; to pass by, go beyond, exceed—ikawapa.
- i'-ka-pa-s'a, n. one who scolds, a scold. T., ikapaka and ikapakala.
- i-ka'-pa-ya, adv. more than, surpassing.
- i k a' p e y a, adv. beyond, more than.
- i'-ka-pta, v. (i and kapta) threaten, scold. See icapta, which is the better form.
- i-ka'-pta, adv. through: ikapta. hinhpaya, to fall through. ićapta, the better form.
- ·i'-ka-skam, cont. of ikaskapa.
- i'-ka-skam-ya, adv. smiting on the mouth.
- i'-ka-ska-pa, v. a. to slap on the mouth—iwakaskapa.
- i-kéa'-pta, v. pos. of ićapta; to be angry and talk badly—mikćapta.
- i-k ć e', adj. common, wild, in a state of nature: ikće happa, or happikćeka, common moccasins, that is, not ornamented; śunkikćeka, a dog, not a horse; Ikćewićasta, Indians, not white men.
- i-kée', adv. for nothing, freely, in the common way: ikće maku, he gave it to me for nothing.
- i-kće'-ka, adj. common: śunkikćeka, a dog, a common dog, not a horse, as they frequently call horses and oxen "suŋka."
- i-kće'-kće, adv. red. of ikće. VOL. VII---13

- i-kće'-wi-ća-śta, n. men, wild men, Indians, not white men. T. and Th., ikćewićaśa.
- i-kće'-ya, adv. in a common manner, commonly, ordinarily, freely, wildly, naturally.
- i-kće'-ya-ken, adv. ordinarily.
- i-ke'-kto-pa-win-ġe, adj. the one thousandth. T., ikoktopawinge.
- i-ki'-ća-ġa, v. n. of ićaġa; to become, grow to be-imakićaga, unkikićaġapi.
- i k i' ć a z o, v. a. of ićazo; to take credit of one—iwećazo, iyećazo, unkićazopi, imićazo, inićazo.
- i-ki'-ći-ća-ġa, v. n. of ićaġa; to grow for one-imićićaga, unkićićaġapi.
- i k i' ć i ć u, v. of iću; to take or get for one—iwećiću, imićiću.
- i-ki'-ći-do-wan, v. of idowan; to sing to one, to praise one for another—iwećidowan.
- i-ki'-ći-han, v of han; to remain for one-imicihan, inicihan, unkićihanpi.
- i-ki'-ći-hni, v. of ihni; to hunt something, as deer, etc., for oneiwećihni.
- i-ki'-ći-ha-ha-pi, v. recipr. they laugh at each other.
- i-ki'-ći-ksa-pa, v. of iksapa; to be wise for one, instruct one in the right way—iwećiksapa.
- i-ki'-ći-tu-ka, v. of ituka; to beg of one for another—iwecituka, imićituka. T., wotikiya.

- i-ki'-ći-un, v. of iun; to rub on for—iwećiun.
- i-ki'-ći-wi-śtan, v. of yustan; to treat with kindness, as a sick person, do little things for one—iwećiwistan. See ikiciyustan.
- i-ki'-ći-yu-kćan, v. of iyukćan; to judge of or form an opinion for one—iwećiyukćan, imićiyukćan, unkićiyukćanpi, ićićiyukćan.
- i-ki'-ći-yu-śtan, v. of iyustan, to take care of, as of a sick person iwećiyustan.
- i k i' c o, v. a. to invite to, as to eat corn or meat—iweco, iyeco, imico: takudan iwićawećo śni, I have nothing to invite them to.
- i-ki'-hni, v. pos. to hunt one's own | i-ki'-ya, v. See iciya.
- i-ki'-ha, v. pos. of iha; to laugh at i'-ki-ya-dan, adv. near to, near one's own-iwakiha.
- i-ki'-ha-ha, v. red. of ikiha; to make fun of one's own—iwakihaha.
- i-ki'-kću, v. pos. of iću; to take one's own; to take back what one has given—iwekću, iyekćn, unkikćupi.
- i-ki'-ki-ye-dan, adv. ikiyedan.
- i-ki'-ksam, cont. of ikiksapa.
- i-ki'-ksam-ya, v. a. one to be wise in reference to his own ikiksamwaya; ikiksamićiya, to make one's self wise for one's self.
- i k i' k s a m y a, *adv*. wisely, cautiously.
- i-ki'-ksa-pa, v. n. to be wise for one's own; to consult—iwakiksapa. i - k o' - y a g, cont. of ikoyaka; iko-
- i-ki'-ni-ća, v. of akinića; to dis-

- pute, as about the division of anything—unkikinićapi.
- i-ki'-nin, cont. of ikinica: ikinin ia, to talk about in a displeasing way, to dispute about.
- i-ki'-pan, v. a. of kipan; to call to one for something—iwakipan.
- i-ki'-pa-smi, v. a. to provoke to anger—iwakipasmi. T., ćanzeya.
- i-ki'-pa-źin, v. a. of kipaźin; to quarrel with one for or on account of anything-iwakipaźin.
- i-ki'-tu-ka, v. n. to delight in anything—imatuka, inicituka. T., iyokipi.
- i-ki'-un, v. pos. of iun; to rub on one's. self-iwakiun, iyakiun, unkikiunpi.
- at hand-mikiyadan, nikiyadan, wićikiyadan, ćikiyadan.
- i-ki'-yan-ya, v. to have nearly *finished*—ikiyanwaya,
- i'-ki-ye-dan, adv. nigh to, referring both to time and place. Same as ikiyadan.
- red. of | i k i' y u w i, v. a. to bridle or put a rope in the mouth of one's horseiwakimduwi.
- to cause i-ko'-pa, v. a. to be afraid of, to fear, as some event—ikowapa, ikoyapa, ikounpapi.
 - i-ko'-pe-hda, v. n. to be in a state of fear on account of—ikopewahda.
 - i k o' p e k i y a, v. a. to cause to be afraid of or for-ikopewakiya.
 - yag iyeya.

- · i-ko'-yag-ya, v. a. to fasten to, as a horse to a cart, to join one thing to another; to clothe, put on ikoyagwaya, ikoyagunyanpi.
 - i-ko'-yag-ya, adv. fastened to: ikoyagya han, standing fastened to.
 - i-ko'-yag-ya-ken, adv. fastened to.
 - i-ko'-ya-ka, v. n. to adhere to, stick to-ikomayaka: to be fastened to, as a horse to a cart.
 - i-kpa'-ġan, v. reflex. of paġan; to spare one's self, yield up one's selfmikpaġaŋ.
 - $i k p a' \dot{g} e$, n. the notch in the end of an arrow.
 - i-kpa'-hu-hu-za, v. reflex. pos. of pahuhuza.
 - i-kpa'-lido-ka, v. reflex. of pahdoka; to pierce through, make a hole for one's self, as the muskrat—mikpahdoka.
 - i-kpa'-hpa, v. reflex. of pahpa; horse—mikpahpa.
 - i-kpa'-hpe-hin-ća, n. one who throws away everything which he has, a squanderer, a spendthrift—mikpahpehinéa. T., igluwahpaniéala.
 - i-kpa'-kpi, v. pos. one's own.
 - i-kpa'-ta-ka, v. pos. T. to lean on one's own; to brace one's own. See ipataka.
 - i-kpa'-ptan, v. reflex. unkikpaptanpi. See ipaptan.
 - reflex. of patan; i-kpa'-tan, v.

- T., to push along, as a boat with a pole; to steer a boat.
- i-kpa'-tan-yan, taking care of one's self, carefully.
- i-kpa'-zo, v. pos. to show one's *self*—mikpazo.
- i-kpi', n. the belly, abdomen. Sometimes it may mean the thorax also; · but that is more properly called "maku." See itpi.
- i-kpi'-hnag, cont. of ikpihnaka: ikpihnag iyewaya.
- i-kpi'-hnag-ya, adv. placed in around the body.
- i-kpi'-hna-ka, v. a. to place in the belly; hoksin ikpihnaka, to be pregnant—ikpiwahnaka; to place in or put around the body, as in a blanket when tied around one. See itpihnaka.
- i-kpi'-pa-tan-han, adv. in around the body.
- to throw one's self off, as from a | i k p i' s k a y a w a n k a, v. to lie with the belly turned up, as a dog does.
 - i k p i' ź u, v. a. (ikpi and oźu) to put in around the body—ikpiwaźu, ikpiunźupi. T., ikpioźu.
 - to hatch out | i-kpu'-kpa, adv. mixed up, as people of different nations dwelling together, or as different kinds of corn growing together in the same field. T., ikpukpeya.
 - to turn | i k s a m', cont. of iksapa.
- one's self over, roll over—mikpaptan, i'-ksam-ya, v. a. of iksapa; to make anything, to do anything, i. q. kićanyan – iksamwaya.
- to be careful of one's self-mikpatan. | i k s a m' y a, v. a. of ksapa; to

- i-ksam'-ya, adv. wisely.
- i-ksa'-pa, v. n. to be wise about kiksapapi.
- i'-ksa-pa, v.n. to be much engaged about; to be unfortunate, not to obtain—imaksapa, iniksapa, unkiksa- | i - k u' - t k u - t e - k a, v. n. papi: ituli iksapa, he has been working for naught.
- i k s u', n. the beak or bill of a bird; i. q. pasu.
- i-ksu'-ya, v. n. to see signs of an enemy; to be frightened by signs iwaksuya, unkiksuyapi. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ wakiksuya—1st pers. sing., wamiksuya.
- i-kśin'-ki-ya, v. a. to make faces at—ikśinwakiya, ikśinmakiya. T., iteyukśilkiya.
- i-kta'-he-la, adv, moderately; carefully.
- i-kte', v. of kte; to kill with anything—iwakte.
- i-kte'-ka, n. something to kill with, as a gun: ikteka manića, I have nothing to kill with.
- i-kto'-mi, n. T. a spider; i. q. unktomi.
- i k u', n. the chin; the lower jaw of animals.
- i-ku'-ka, v.n. to be decayed by i'-ma-hen-tu-ya, adv. inwards, reason of, worn out by; to be boiled to pieces together with.
- i-ku'-ke-ya, adv. rotten or boiled to pieces with: ikukeya śpan, it is i'-ma-hen-wa-pa, adv. towards cooked all to pieces T, kukeya.

- make wise for or concerning—iksam-'i'-ku-san, n. a small kind of mink. with a light-colored lower jaw.
 - i'-ku-san-na, n. Same as ikusan.
- anything—iwaksapa, iyaksapa, un- | i k u' s o y a, adv. in the way of.
 - i-ku'-te, *n*. ammunition; something to shoot with, a gun. Icute is the better form.
 - to make trial, to endeavor beforehand to know how one can succeed, for instance, in asking for anything-iwakutkuteka.
 - i-la'-za-ta, adv. or n. T. at the side of; milazata, by my side.
 - $i-la'-za-ta\eta$, and $i-la'-za-ta\eta$ han, adv. T. from the side of.
 - T. i-le'-ġa, v. to shine: i. q. iyega.
 - i-leh'-le-ġa, v. red. of ileġa.
 - i l e h' y a, adv. T. in a shining manner.
 - $i m a' \dot{g} a \dot{g} a$, v. n. of magaga; tobe amused with, cheered by-imamaġaġa, inimaġaġa.
 - $i m a' \dot{g} a \dot{g} a y a$, v. a. to amuse with, enliven by, cheer one-imagaġawaya.
 - i'-ma-hen, adv. within.
 - i'-ma-hen-tan-han, adv. from within.
 - i'-ma-hen-tu, adv. within.
 - within.
 - i'-ma-hen-tu-ya-ken, adv. within, in the inside of.
 - the inside, inwards.

- i-ma'-ni, v. a. of mani; to walk to | in, and in'-ske, T. intj., i. q. non or for a thing-imawani, imaun-
- i-mda'-mde, v. 1st pers. sing. of | i-na', n. mother, my mother. It is iyaya; I went.
- i'-mna, v. n. to be satisfied, have sufficient of—imamna, inimna, iunmnanpi.
- i'-mna-han, adv. satisfied, to satisfaction, enough, sufficiently: imnahan untapi, we have eaten sufficiently.
- i'-mna-han-yan, adv. sufficiently.
- i'-mna-haŋ-yaŋ-ken, adv. very much, a great deal, sufficiently imnahanyanken econ, he has done enough.
- i'-mna-yan, v. a. to fill, satisfy imnawaya.
- i'-mna-yan, adv. filled, satisfied.
- i-mna'-yan, v. a. of mnayan; to gather together by means of-innawaya.
- i m n i' ć i y a, v. n. to make an assembly to—imnimićiya, imninićiya; they assemble to or for some purpose.
- i'-mni-stan, n water running from the mouth: imnistan au, to drivel, slaver—imnistan amau.
- i-mni'-źa, n. a rock, rocks. inyanhe. See heimniza.
- $I m n i' \acute{z} a s k a$, n. Saint Paul, Minn.: so called from the white rocks on which the town is built.
- I-mni'-źa-ska-dan, n. (imniźa and skadan) the Dakota name for Saint Paul; little-white-rock.

- or nonske, expressing hesitancy or doubt.
- used only in this form. For the second and third persons see "hun."
- i-na', or i-nah', intj. strange! surprising! T., hina and hinu.
- i'-na-gna, v. T. to move the lips, as in reading to one's self.
- i'-na-gna-gna, v. red. of inagna.
- i-na'-ġu-ġe-ća, adj. spongy or open, like the soft part of bones. Said when the grease is all boiled up with the water or soup.
- i-na'-ha-ya and i-na'-ha-ha-ya, adv. T. loosely, as wood corded badly.
- i'-na-han, intj. of assent; truly! certainly! to be sure! T., cinto.
- i-na'-hda-ka, v. n. to stand out, as the ribs of a poor animal, to be lean, very poor; to spread out, as a moccasin. T., naglaglake se.
- i-na'-hi-na-hi-na, intj. of surprise; indeed! T., hinuhinuhinu.
- i n a h', intj. See inahinahina.
- i n a' li b e , v. See inalima.
- i-na'-hbe-ki-ya, v. a. to hide from, conceal from one—inabbewakiya. T., inahmekiya.
- The city of | i n a. h b e k i y a, adv. in a concealed manner, secretly.
 - | i n a' h b e y a, adv. secretly, slily,covertly.
 - i n a' h b e y a h a n, adv. secret, secretly.
 - | i-n a'-h ći, v. a. to pierce and have

- the hold break out of anything; to have the hold break out, as of a stirrup—inawahći.
- i n a' h ć o, v. See nahćo.
- i-n a'-h do-ka, v.a. to wear a hole with the foot by means of something, as in one's moccasins or socks: happa inyan inawahdoka, I have worn a hole in my moccasins on a stone—inawahdoka.
- i n a' h m a, v. a. to hide, keep secret, conceal—inawahbe, inaunhmanpi.
- i'-na-hma, v.a. to seduce, to commit fornication or adultery with one—inawahbe. See wiinahma.
- i'-na-hman-pi, n. seduction.
- i n a' h n i, v. n. to be in haste, make haste, hurry—inawalini, inaunlinipi.
- i-na'-hni-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to make haste, to hasten one—inahni-wakiya.
- i-na'-hni-pi, n. a hastening, haste, hurry.
- i-na'-hni-ya, v.a. to hasten one, make hurry—inahniwaya.
- i-na'-hni-yan, adv. in haste, hastily; on an errand: inaliniyan wahi, I have come on an errand.
- i n a' h p e, n. of nahpa; that which is stepped on and sets off a trap, the pan of a trap.
- i-na'-hpe-dan, n. dim of inahpe.
- i-na'-keh-ya, v. T. to make a scraping noise, as a wagon brake: huinakehye, a wagon brake.
- i'-na-ki-hbe, v. See inakihma. i'-na-ki-hma, v. pos. of inahma;

- to entice away one's own, as a woman whom one has formerly had for a wife; tawiću inakihbe, he has stolen away his old wife—inawakihma.
- i n a' k i m y a , adv. of inamya; taking refuge in, fleeing to for shelter or refuge, trusting in: Nicinksi inakimya ceunniciyapi, we pray to Thee, trusting in thy Son.
- i n a' k i p a, v. pos. of inapa: to take refuge in one's own; to trust in something that sustains some relation to one—inawakipa.
- i-na'-ki-tan, v. pos. of inatan; to go off and leave one's own in danger—inawakitan, inaunkitanpi.
- i n a' k i w i z i, v. pos. of inawizi; to be envious of one's own relations; to be jealous of one's own—inawakiwizi.
- i-na'-ku-ka, v. of nakuka; to crush or destroy with the foot—inawakuka.
- i n a' k e s y a , adv. T. near by, along side of.
- i n a m', cont. of inapa.
- i'-na-ma, intj. surprising! T., hunhunhe.
- i-na'-mni, adv. T. beyond, over, as over the hill from.
- i n a m' y a, adv. taking refuge in, sheltered by: tipi inamya waun, I am taking refuge in a house.
- i-nan'-pa, v. See inapa.
- i-na'-pa, v.a. to come out, come up out of, as in diving; to appear or come out on the other side; to get through, live through, as through

- in, from a storm or from any evil; to trust in-inawapa, inaunpapi; inacipa, I take refuge in thee.
- i-na'-péin-wang-wan-ka, adj. red. of inapcinwanka; every ninth one.
- i-na'-pćin-wan-ka, adj. the ninth. T., inapćinyunka.
- i-na'-pe-ya, v.a. to cause to come out of, cause to appear on the other side; to shoot through; to cause to live through, as through a winter; to cause to trust in-inapewaya, inapeunyanpi.
- i-na'-pe-ya, appearing; adv. trusting in.
- i-na'-pi-śkan-yan, v. little things to pass away time, to kill time—inapiskanwaya.
- i-na'-pi-śkan-yan-pi, n. toys, playthings.
- i-na'-pi-stan-yan, v. Same as inapiskanyan.
- i n a' po ta, v. a. of napota; to wear out, as one's moccasins, by means of something—inawapota.
- i-na'-psa-ka, v. a. of napsaka; to break off, as a string, with the foot, by means of something—inawapsaka.
- i-na'-pśa, v. n. to make a noise, as one walking with water in his moccasins—inawapśa.
- i-na'-pta, v. a. to wear out a thing—inawapta: happa inapta iyewaye, I have worn out my moccasins. See inapota.

- a winter; to take shelter or refuge | i n a' p t e \(\epsilon\) a, v.n. to be prevented by; used with śni: inapteća śni, not to be prevented by anything inamapteća śni.
 - i-na'-pte-tu, adv. prevented by:
 - i-na'-śdog, cont. of inaśdoka; inaśdog iyaya.
 - i-na'-śdo-ka, v. to pass on beyond; to wear through, wear out a thing, as, hanpa inawaśdoka, I have worn through my moccasins; to get one's self away, escape, as from danger—inawaśdoka. T., inaśloka, to slip off, as a cover from anything. See inahdoka.
 - i-na'-śdo-ka, adv. past: wiyotanhan inasdoka, a little past noon.
 - i-na'-ta-ke, n. (i and nataka) a fastener, i. e., a bolt, lock, bar; a fence, fort, etc. See mahinatake.
 - i-na'-tan, v.a. to disregard, leave in danger—inawatan, inamayatan. John xiii. 38.
 - i-na'-tan, v. a. to press upon with the foot. Hence, siinatan, something on which the foot presses, stirrups.
 - i-na'-tib-ya, v. T. to roast hurriedly, as meat on coals; to make curl up.
 - i-na'-wi-zi, v. to be jealous; to be envious of-inawawizi, inaunwizipi.
 - i n a' w i z i p i, n. jealousy, envy.
 - i-na'-wi-zi-ya, v. a. to cause be jealous—inawiziwaya. See nawizi.
 - i n a' y a, v. a. to call mother, have for mother—inawaya, inaunyanpi.

- i-na'-źin, v. n to rise up to one's feet, to stand, to go and stand at; to stop, come to a stand—inawazin.
- i-na'-źin-ki-ya, v. a to cause to stand, to raise up—inazinwakiya.
- i n i', v. n. to take a vapor-bath, steam one's self, to take a sweat-iwani, iyani, unkinipi; to make a kind of wakan. This consists in washing | i - n m a', intj. See inama. and steaming one's self four times over hot stones, accompanied with singing, etc. It is done after one has killed an enemy or a royal eagle.
- i-ni'-han, v.n. to be scared, fright-|i-nmu'-ho-ta, n. the gray wild ened, amazed, astonished—imanihan, ininihan, unkinihanpi.
- i-ni'-han-pi, n. amazement. See | i-nmu'-sun-ka, n. (inmu and wowinihan.
- i n i' h a n s n i, adv. fearlessly, persistently.
- to frighten, i-ni'-han-ya, v. a. scare, amaze, astonish one-inihanwaya, inihanunyanpi.
- i-ni'-han-yan, adv. in amazement.
- $\mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} \, \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{k} \, \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \, \mathbf{a}$, v. to make "ini."
- i-ni'-la, adj. T. still, silent; i.q. inina.
- i n i' n a, adv. still, silent: inina | i n u', adv. suddenly; i. q. ihnuhanna. yanka, to be still or silent—inina manka.
- silent, make still—ininawaya.
- i-nin'-ya, v. a. to put to silenceininwaya.
- i-ni'-pi, n. a steaming, sweating.
- i-ni'-ti, v. to take a vapor-bath,

- make a little house and sweat in it iniwati.
- i-ni'-ti, n. a sweat-house
- i-ni'-wo-ke-ya, n a sweathouse; i. q initi. See wokeya.
- | i n i' y a, v. a. of niya; to breathe from; ćuwi iwaniya, I breathe through a hole in my side.
- i'-n m u, n a cat, the generic term for an animal of the cat kind. igmu; *Ih.*, ikmu.
- i-nmu'-hde-śka, n. the spotted wild cat, the genet.
- cat, catamount, lynx, Felis rufa or Felis lynx.
- sunka) the domestic cat.
- i-nmu'-tan-ka, n. the panther, Felis pardus.
- i n o m', cont. of inoppa.
- i nom'-nom, cont. of inomnonpa.
- i-nom'-non-pa, adj. every second one.
- i-non'-pa, adj. the second.
- i'-non-pa, n. (i and nonpa) mouths: mazakan inonpa, a doublebarreled gun.
- T., ungnahanla.
- i'-nun. See inunka.
- i-ni'-na-ya, v. a. to cause to be | i'-nun-ka, v. n. to grow well, as grass, by reason of rain or any favorable circumstance, to thrive. See winuka.
 - i-nun'-ka, v. 2d pers. sing. of iwanka; thou liest down.

- $i n u \eta' k a$, v. n. to become large in $| i \eta' y a \eta h a$, n.the genital organs—imanunka.
- in, a terminal (Ih. and T.) of some | in'-yan-ka, v. n. verbs, as in "epin kta," for "epe "eyin kta," for "eye kta." sometimes used by the Sisitonwan.
- in, v. a. to wear around the shoulders, as a blanket, shawl, or cloakhinmi, hinni, unkinpi.
- $i \eta d e', n.$ a flame, a blaze. See ide, the better orthography.
- in-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to wear, as a shawl or blanket—inwakiya.
- in'-kpa, n. the end of anything. the small end; the head or source, as of a stream, etc.
- in'-kpa-ta, adv. at the end, at the head or source: wakpa inkpata yeye cin, all along at the sources of a stream: above, up stream; i. q. tatowam.
- in'-kpa-tan-han, adv. from the
- hesitancy; let me see! See in.
- in'-sko-ke-ća, adv. so large.
- in s, pron. he, she, it. Same as is. in'-tpa, n. Same as inkpa.
- $i \eta' t \rho a t a$, adv. Same as inkpata.
- in'-yan, n. a stone, stones. yantankinyanyan, Big-Stone Lake. Inyanéangnahan ohloka, Pease Island in the Missouri River.
- $i \eta' y a \eta \acute{c} e \acute{g} a$, n. a stone jar; earthen pot.
- in'-yang, cont. of inyanka: inyang mde kta, I will go on a run.

- T. a sea shell.
- in'- yan-lie, n. a rocky hill.
- to run-waimnanka, yainanka, unkinyankapi. kta;" "ehin kta," for "ehe kta;" in yan-ka-pe'-mni, n. T. a
 - stone war-club.
 - in'-yan-wa-a-nu-nu, n. moss on stones, moss. See waanunu.
 - iŋ-yuŋ', *intj*. lo! behold! inyun lećon yaśi kon ećon śni, behold! what thou commandest him to do he has not done.
 - i-o'-blu-la, n. T. a sheltered place, where the wind does not blow.
 - i-o'-hda-mni-yan, adv. following around the curves, as of a stream.
 - i-o'-hmus, cont. of iohmuza; iohmus manka, I keep my mouth shut.
 - i-o'-hmus-ya, v. a. to cause to shut the mouth.
 - i-o'-hmu-za, n. a closed mouth.
 - i-o'-ka-pa-za, v.n. to be pungent in the mouth, as pepper—iomakapaza.
- in'-ska and in'-ske, T. intj. of | i-o'-ka-tan, v.a. to nail one thing on another; to nail and hold an ax on the other side—iowakatan.
 - i-o'-ka-winh, adv. following around the circle. See okawinga.
 - i-o'-kpa-ka, adv. with open mouth, furiously: iokpaka iyalipaya, to fall on one talking furiously, as a drunken man, or as a dog barking attacks anything.
 - i-o'-kpa-kpas, adv. moving the lips: iokpakpas yanka, to be moving the lips, as one talking to himself.
 - i-on'-śi-da, v. a. of onsida; to

- have mercy or compassion on one in reference to something; to grant, bestow—ionsiwada, ionsiundapi, ionśimada.
- i-on'-si-da-ya, adv. having compassion on one in reference to some-
- i-o'-pa-win-ġe, adj. the one hundredth.
- $i o' \pm t a \eta$, n. of o $\pm t a \eta$; a cork, stopper for a vial, etc.
- i-o'-stan-pi, n. Same as iostan.
- i-o'-wa, n. of owa; something to write or paint with, a pen or pencil-
- i-o'-zim-na-na, adv. full, running over. T., ioźiblala. See iyuźimnana.
- i-o'-źu-d'an, adj. of oźudan; full to the brim.
- i p a', n. the top of anything: paha ipa, the top of a hill; he ipa, the head of the Coteau; also, a cape, promontory, projecting point.
- i p a' b e, v. of pabe. Same as ipaman.
- i-pa'-be, n. something to rub with; as, can ipabe, a. file; wan ipabe, a stone to rub arrows with.
- i-pa'-gan, v. of pagan; to push aside, as a tent door, for the purpose of looking out: tiyopa ipagan inawapa, I went out by pushing aside the door.
- i-pa'-ge-ki-ya, adv. shoving aside.
- $i p a' \dot{g} o$, n. (i and pa \dot{g} o) thing to carve or grave with, a carving or graving implement.
- i-pa'-ġo-ya, adv. passing by, ex-|i-pa'-kiŋ-te, n. (i and pakiŋta)

- ceeding in length; said when one thing is longer than another; exceeding in speed, as when one horse outruns another.
- i-pa'-ha, v. ipaha iyeya, to raise up, as a curtain.
- i-pa'-hdo-ka, v. n. to run the head against, butt against-imapahdoka. T., ipagloka, to be dislocated, as a joint, by anything.
- i-pa'-hin, v. n.to lean the head against, have for a pillow—iwapahin, iyapahin, unkipahinpi.
- i p a' h i p, n. a pillow—mitipahin, nitipahin.
- i-pa'-hin-ya, v. a. to have or use for a pillow—ipahinwaya.
- i-pa'-hdan, adv. through; ipahdan iheya, to shoot clear through.
- i-pa'-hdo-ka, v.a. to make a hole in, punch through.
- i'-pa-lite, n. T. a bridle, of i, mouth, and palita, to tie.
- i p a' h t e, n. (i and pahta) thing to tie up with, a string.
- i-pa'-ka, v. n. to draw back, as meat from ribs when cooked, or as husks of corn when ripe—ipaka iyeya.
- i-pa'-kéa, n. (i and pakéa) comb. T., nasuppakća.
- i-pa'-kéa-dan, n. a small comb.
- i-pa'-kća-sbu-daŋ, n. comb. T., nasuppakćeswula.
- i-pa'-kća-taŋ-ka, n. a dressing-comb.
- i-pa'-kin-ta, v. a. to wipe off iwapakinta.

- Hence, napipakinte, a napkin.
- i pa' ki 2a, v. to rub, as one's |i pa' pu 2a, n. (i and papuza) eyes, with the hand—iwapakiźa.
- i-pa'-ko-te, n. a probe. Hence, i-pa'-san, v. a. to put on white ćanjpakote or ćanwipakote, a stick to probe with.
- i-pa'-kśaŋ, n. a bend in a river, etc. Mde ipakśan, Big-Stone Lake; Wakpa ipakéan, the Big Sioux River.
- i p a' m a n, v. a. of paman; to rub, rub on, as in filing—iwapabe, unkipamanpi. See ipabe
- i pa' m n a, n. a setting-pole.
- i-pa'-mna-ki-ton, v. a. to pole, to use a pole in boating—ipamnaweton. $T_{\cdot,i}$ ikpatan.
- i-pa'-mung, cont. of ipamunka; ipamung iću, to dip up, as water, with a vessel—ipamung iwaću. T., ipagmug.
- i'-pa-mung, cont. spamung yatkan, to stoop down and drink from a spring—ípamung mdatkan.
- i-pa'-mun-ka, v. n. to be capable of being dipped up with a bucket. Thus it is asked, Miniyowe toketu hwo, how is the spring? Answer, Ipamunka, it can be dipped up. ipagmunka.
- i'-paŋ-ho-ye-ya, adv. screamingly, above the natural voice. See pan and hoyeya.
- i-pa'-po-pe, n. a pop-gun; the elder, from which pop-guns are made.
- i-pa'-psa-ke, n. T. a small knife for cutting porcupine quills; i. q. ićapsake.

- something to wipe with, a towel. | i pa' ptap, v. to turn over: ipaptan elipeiçiya, to turn one's self orer.
 - something to wipe dry with, a towel.
 - paint with the end of a stick, make white dots, to rub on and whiten with-iwapasan, imayapasan.
 - i-pa'-sbu, v. ipasbu iyaya, to pass through, as through tall grass; ipasbu iyeiçiya, to force one's self into a feast or company when not called.
 - i-pas'-hay, n. anything that comes through and holds, the little iron that comes over and holds a trap when set; a screw.
 - i-pa'-si-sa, v. a. to stick in, as a needle or pin; to sew; to fasten, as with a wiping screw—iwapasisa. iyapasisa, unkipasisapi.
 - i-pa'-si-se, n. (i and pasisa) a stitch. See icap'e.
 - i-pa'-so-tka, adj. conspicuous, extending up, as a tall tree or steeple.
 - i-pa'-so-tka-ya, adv. conspicuously.
 - i-pa'-spa, v. to drive in, as tentpins—iwapaspa. T, okatan.
 - i-pa'-stan, n. an instrument used in dressing skins, a rubbing instrument; i. q. tahaipastan. T., ipaste.
 - i p a' ś d o g, cont. of ipaśdoka; ipaśdog iyeya.
 - i-pa'-śdo-ka, v. a. to draw off over the head, as a shirt; to live through, as through a winter or sickness: kitan iwapaśdoka, I have just lived through.

- i-pa'-ta, v. a. to embroider, work i-pa'-weh-ya, v. a. to cause to quill-work, work with porcupine quills—iwapata. See wipata.
- i-pa'-tag, cont. of ipataka.
- i-pa'-tag-ton, v. a. to brace out or stretch, as in drying hides and skins—ipatagwaton.
- to cause to i-pa'-tag-ya, v. a brace out or up; to sustain, reinforce — ipatagwaya, yanpi.
- i-pa'-ta-ka, v. a. to stretch out by means of cross-sticks; to have for a staff or support; to lean on, be dependent upon—iwapataka, unkipatakapi.
- i p a' t a k e, n. (i and pataka) a prop or brace, a stick to stretch a skin stretch a muskrat-skin on.
- i-pa'-tan, v. a. to mash up one i-pa'-zi-pa, v. a. to stick in, to thing with another—iwapatan.
- i-pa'-tan, n. a prop or brace.
- i-pa'-tku-ġa, adv. abreast, in a row, in a phalanx.
- i-pa'-tkuh-ya, adv. in a row. abreast.
- by means of-iwapatinza.
- i p a' t i p z a, n. (i and patinga) anything that makes firm, sustenance, nourishment.
- i-pa'-we-ga, v. n. to bend across; to intersect, come into or cross, as one road does another.
- i-pa'-weh, cont. of ipawega: ipawell iyaya, to go across—ipawell i-pi'-ga, v. n. to boil, as water, to imdamde.

- intersect—ipaweliwaya.
- i-pa'-weh-ya, adv. crossing, intersecting; 'aside, out of the way; incorrectly: ipawehya wanka, it lies across.
- i-pa'-win-ta, v.a. to rub on iwapawinta, iyapawinta, unkipawintapi.
- ipatagun- i-pa'-zi-ća, adv. longer than the rest; said of a tall tree, or anything relatively long; bulged out, as a tent when one leans against it.
 - i-pa'-zin, v. n. to be prevented by something from proceeding; to come to a stand, not to be able to go on imapazin: mde ipazin inazin, he has come to a stand at a lake.
- on; sinkpe ha ipatake, a stick to i-pa'-zin-yan, adv. prevented by, in opposition, opposing.
 - prick with—iwapaźipa.
 - i-pa'-źi-pe, n. (i and paźipa) something that pricks, a pricker.
 - i-pe'-ga, v. n. to boil, as water. See ipiga, which is more commonly used.
- i-pa'-tin-za, v. a. to make firm | i'-pi, adj. full, satisfied; full of, satisfied with-imapi, inipi, iunpipi, świćapi. See wspi.
 - i-pi'-da, v. a. to deny to, refuse to give to, withhold from—ipiwada, ipiundapi, ipamadi, ipićida: takudan ipiundapi śni, he withholds from us nothing, or we refuse to give him nothing.
 - foam.

- the foam of boiling i-pi'-ġa, n. water.
- i-pi'-hdag, cont. of ipihdaka.
- i-pi'-hdag-ki-ton, v.a. to put on one's girdle, gird one's selfipihdagweton.
- i-pi'-hdag-ton, v. a. to put on a girdle, girded—ipihdagwaton, ipihdaguntonpi. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$, ipiyagkiton.
- i-pi'-hda-ka, v. pos. of ipiyaka; to put on one's own girdle---ipiwahdaka, ipiunhdakapi.
- i-pi'-hda-ke, n, a girdle. See ipiyake.
- i p i h', cont. of ipiga.
- i-pih'-ya, v. a. to cause to boil ipihwaya, ipihunyanpi.
- i-pih'-ya, adv. boiling: ipihya han, to stand boiling.
- i-pin'-ta, v. n. to be defective in | i-psi'-psi-ća, v. red. of ipsića; some part, too short or too little, not as is usual. Said of one who is without a nose, or of a coat without skirts—imapinta, inipinta. See also iputan and ipustaka.
- i'-pi-ya, v. a. to make full, to fillípiwaya.
- i pi' y a g, cont. of ipiyaka.
- i-pi'-yag-ki-ći-ton, v.a. put on a girdle for one, to gird oneipiyagweciton.
- i-pi'-yag-ki-ton, v. a. pos. put on one's own girdle; to be girdedipiyagweton.
- i-pi'-yag-ton, v. a. to gird, put on a girdle; to be girded—ipiyagwaton, ipiyaguntonpi.
- i-pi'-ya-ka, v. a. to gird one's

- self, to put on a girdle—ipimdaka, ipidaka, ipiunyakapi.
- i-pi'-ya-ke, n. a girdle, sash.
- i-pi'-ye, n. something to repair with.
- i p o', n. a swelling. See iwićapo.
- i-po'-gan, v.n. to blow, as the wind; to breathe out, exhale-iwapogan.
- i-poh', cont. of ipogan: ipoh iyeya, to blow on, blow in, blow away-ipoh iyewaya.
- i-poh'-ya, v.a. to cause to blowipohwaya
- i-poh'-ya, adv. blowing.
- i-psi'-ća, v. n. to jump down from, as from a horse; to jump, jump over-iwapsića, iyapsića, unkipsićapi.
- i p s i n', cont. of ipsica: ipsin iyaya.
- to hop, as a grasshopper.
- | i-psi'-psi-ća-dan, v. n. dim. of ipsipsića; to hop, as do the psipsi-
- i-pte'-ġa, n. the end of a lake where grass grows.
- i-pte'-ga, v. n. iptega yanka, to be sad about anything.
- $|\mathbf{i} \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{t} \cdot \mathbf{e}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \cdot \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{a}, v. n.$ to be sad about anything; i. q., icantesica—imapteġaka.
- i'-pu-sdi, v. n. to be close to, to press upon, to touch anything, as the nose presses on the face; to press upon, weigh down, as sorrow—imapusdi, ínipusdi.
- i'-pu-sdi-ya, *v. a.* to cause to press on—ípusdiwaya.

- i'-pu-sdi-yn, adv. touching.

 Hence, makipusdiya, on the ground.
- i'-pu-ski-ća, v. n. to be close to, to touch, press on—ímapuskića.
- i'-pu-ski-će-day, adv. pressed, close together.
- i'-pu-skin, cont. of ípuskića; close together: ípuskin iyotankapi, they sit close together.
- i'-pu-skin-ya, v. a. to cause to press on—ípuskinwaya.
- i'-pu-skin-ya, adv. pressed together.
- i'-pu-ski-skin, cont. ípuskiskin iyeya, to shove up close together.
- i-p u'-s p a, v. a. to stick on—iwapuspa.
- i-pu'-spe, n. anything that sticks to, a seal, a wafer.
- i p u' s t a g , cont. of ipustaka: makipustag elipei@iya, to throw one's self flat on the ground.
- i-pu'-sta-ka, v. n. to be flat, wanting, defective; one who has no nose is ipustaka—imapustaka. See ipinta and iputan.
- i-pu'-stan, adv. ipustan yuza, to clap up against, as a coal of fire: peta ipustanpi se emaćeća, it seems as if I was held up to the fire.
- i p u s' y e, n. T. something to dry on or with, a dryer. See pusya.
- i-puś'-in, n. the outside of a bend.
- i-pu'-tag, cont. of iputaka.
- i p u' ţ a k a , v. a. to touch, to kiss—iwaputaka, imaputaka. See iiputaka.
- i-pu'-tan, v. n. to be defective,

- wanting, flat, lower or shorter than usual—imaputan. See ipinta and ipustaka.
- i'- pu-za, v.n. (i and puza) to have the mouth dry, to be thirsty—imapuza, inipuza, inipuzapi.
- i'-pu-za-ţa, v. n. to die or be dying of thirst; to be very thirsty, suffer from thirst—ipuzamaţa.
- i p u' źi ta, v.a. to give when it is not wanted, to force upon one—iwapuźita.
- i-po', n. of po; steam.
- i-po'-za, v. See ipozeća.
- i-po'-ze-ća, v. n. to be out of humor about anything—imapozeća.
- i s a' k i m, adv. both together, with. T., isakib, along side of. See sakim.
- i-sa'-kim-tu, adv. both together.
- i-san', n. a knife, knives: this belongs to the eastern Dakotas; the Yanktons say min'-na and the Teetons, mil'-la.
- I-san'-a-ti, n. (isan and ati) Isanties, or Esanties, the name which is applied to the Dakotas of the Mississippi and Minnesota by those living on the Missouri. Why this name has been given to them by their brethren is still a matter of conjecture; perhaps, because they pitched their tents formerly at Isantamde, or Knife Lake, one of those which go under the denomination of Mille Lacs; or, perhaps, it was given to them because they lived nearer the Isantanka, or Big-knives, i. e., the Americans.

- i-san'-na, n. dim. a little knife.
- i-saŋ'-o-źu-ha, n. (isan and oźuha) a knife-case, knife-sheath. T., mioźuha.
- i'-san-pa, adv. beyond that place | i-sdo'-ća, v. See isdonya or time; more than.
- i-say'-pa-mi-ma, n. round-pointed knives, table-knives. T., milapaksa.
- i'-san-pa-tan-han, adv. from | i'-sin-yan, adv. out of sight, bebeyond that.
- i-san'-pe-sto-dan, n. sharppointed knives.
- i-san'-śko-pa, n. a crooked knife, i. e., a sickle.
- I-san'-ta-mde, n. Knife Lake. The name of a lake to the east of the Mississippi River.
- I san' tan ka, n. (isan and tanka.) The name by which the Isanthe United States. It is said to have been given them because the first Americans who came among the Dakotas were officers with The Yanktons say Min'swords. na-han'-ska, and the Teetons, Mil'la-han'-ska, Long knives: as Isantanka is Large knives.
- i-san'-yan, v. a. to communicate the whiting from one's robe to another by rubbing against; to have for or use as a knife—isanwaya.
- I-san'-ya-ti, n. See Isanati.
- i-sa'-pa, v. n. to be blackened by he, what has blackened you?
- i-sa'-pa, n. the name of a stone used | i-sto'-pa-ksan, n. the bend of for blacking, prob. iron ore.

- i-sbu', n. small stones.
- i-sbu'-dan, n. dim. of isbu; gravel. i-sda'-ye, n. ointment; i.q., taku on sdayapi; wagon grease.
- i-sdon'-ya, v. a. to know by means of—isdonwaya, isdonyaya, isdonunyanpi. See sdonya.
- hind something, concealed: isinyan iyaya, he has gone out of sight.
- i'-sku-ya, adj. sweet-mouthed, flattering; mouth watering for-imaskuya.
- i'-sku-ya, n. a flatterer.
- i'-sku-ya-hda, v.n. to have one's mouth water for anything, as for different kinds of food—ískuyawahda.
- ati Dakotas designate the people of | i' s k u y e y a , v. a. to make one's mouth water for—iskuyewaya, iskuyeunyanpi, ískuyemayan.
 - i-sto', n. the arm of a person, the fore-arm; the fore-leg of an animal.
 - i-sto'-hdu-ka-tin, v. pos. stretch out one's own arm. T., istoglukatin
 - i-sto'-hdu-kśan, v. pos. to bend T., istogluksan. one's arm.
 - | i-sto'-i-yo-hi-ya, v. to reach with the arm.
 - i-sto'-ka-tin-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to stretch out the arm—istokatinwakiya.
- anything—imasapa: taku inisapa | i s t o' o h i y a, adv. within arm's reach. T., istoiyohiya.
 - the arm.

- i-sto'-pa-kśi-źa, v. to bend up the arm; to bend up the leg, as a lame dog—istowapakśiźa.
- i-sto'-yu-kan, v. to have arms—istomayukan
- i s t o' y u k ś i ź a, v. to bend up the arm—istomdukśiźa.
- i s, pron. he, she, it: is iye, he himself. See ins.
- i-śa'-hdo-ġaŋ, adj. the eighth.
- i-śa'-hdo-hdo-ġan, adj. red. every eighth one.
- i ś a' k d o ġ a ŋ, adj. Ih. the eighth. T., iśakloġaŋ.
- $i \hat{s} a' k o w i \eta$, adj. the seventh.
- i-śa'-ko-win-win, adj. red. every seventh one.
- i-śa'-kpe, adj. the sixth.
- i'-śa-kpe, n. a six-shooter, a pistol.
- i-śa'-kpe-kpe, adj. red. every sixth one.
- i-si', n. Ih. and T. remuneration, pay; i. q., iyunwin.
- i-śi'-ća, v. n. See iśin; also, to be bad on account of, to be injured by: imaśića.
- i-si'-ca-wa-cin, v.n. T. to be greedy about.
- i-śi'-hda, v. of śihda; to be angry about—iśinwahda.
- i-śi'-h ćin, adv. T. excitedly.
- i-śi'-htin, v.n. to be enfeebled by; be injured by—imaśihtin.
- i-śi'-ki-ćin, adv. angrily.
- i-śin', cont. of iśića; iśinwaćin, to covet, desirc more—iśinwaćanni, iśinwaćanni. T., iśićawaćin.
- i-śi'-tki-hda, v. n. to be angry

- on account of; to be sad about, be afflicted for—imasitkihda.
- i śi' t k i h d a y a, v. a. to make angry by; to torment, afflict for iśitkihdawaya.
- i-śka', n. the ankle or tarsus miiśka. See iśkahu.
- i-śka'-hu, n. the ankle-bones or tarsus. Hence happiśkahu, moccasin-tops.
- i-śka'-hu-toŋ, v. a. to put tops on moccasins—iśkahuwatoŋ.
- the | i sk a' k a n, n. the large tendon extending from the heel up the leg; the large tendon in the back of the neck.
 - i-śkaŋ', cont. of iśkata; petiśkaŋ, to come near the fire, draw up to the fire, to warm one's self—petimaśkaŋ.
 - i-śka'-ta, v. a. to play to or for anything—iwaśkata, iyaśkata, unkiśkatapi.
 - i ś k i' ź u p i, n. fish-hooks. T., hoićuwa maza. See hiŋśkiźupi.
 - i-śko'-na-gi, n. the small black bony substance on the inside of a horse's fore-leg, just above the knee, the web.
 - i-ślo'-ya, adj. or n. T. the right, the right hand.
 - i-ślo'-ya-ta, i-ślo'-ya-tan, and i-ślo'-ya-tan-han, adv. T. at the right hand of.
 - iś-na'-ka, pron. he alone—miś-naka.
 - i ś-n a'-la', pron. T. he alone; i. q. iśnana.
 - i ś n a' n a, pron. alone, he alone, she alone—miśnana, niśnana; unkiśnanpidan, we alone.

- iś-na'-śna-na, pron. red. of iś- i -śta'-ġoŋ-ġe, n. a blind person. nana.
- iś-na'-ti, v. n. to dwell alone or in a separate house; to have the menses. This last, at present, appears to be the only meaning of the word; it is so used because, at such times, the Dakota women are not permitted to stay in the house with others, but put up a little one for themselves outside.
- íś-na'-ti-pi, n. dwelling alone; the menses.
- $i \sin i' k \cdot a e \cdot s$, adv. within a little, nearly: iśnikaeś nikte śni, it came near killing thee. T., isnikalis.
- i'-śo-kśo-ka-pi-dan, n. lips, a nickname for the Ojibwas.
- i-ś'o'-ś'o, adj. scampering, not easily restrained—imas'os'o, inis'os'o.
- $\mathbf{i} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \circ \mathbf{\acute{e}} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \circ \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, n.$ T. one who obeys cheerfully.
- the lower part of the $i - \sin a'$, n. arm—miiśpa. T., the elbow. isto.
- i-śpa'-hu, n. the bones in the lower part of the arm, the radius and ulna.
- i-spa'-se, the point of the elbow.
- i'-spa-spa, v. n. to move the lips, as some persons do when reading to themselves: iśpaśpa manka, I am moving my lips. T., inagnagna. See inagna and iokpakpas.
- the eye, eyes-miista, i - sta', n.niista, unkistapi.
- not to be able to see well-istamaġoŋġa.

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- $i \hat{s} t a' \hat{g} o \eta \hat{g} e y a$, v. a. to make blind, to blind—iśtagon gewaya, Istaġoŋġeuŋyaŋpi.
- i-śta'-hda-kpa, v. pos. of iśtakakpa; to put out one's own eyeistawahdakpa.
- i-śta'-he, n. (ista and he) the ridge above the eyes.
- i-śta'-lie-hin, n. the eye-brows.
- i-śta'-he-pe or i-śta'-he-piŋ, n. the eye-lashes.
- i-śta'-he-pe-hiŋ, n. the eye. lashes.
- i-śta'-hmin, adj. cross-eyed.
- i-śta'-i-yo-hi-ya, adv. as far as the eye can reach.
- i-śta'-ka-kpa, v. a. to strike and put out an eye—istawakakpa.
- i-śta'-ka-kpaŋ, v. the eye—istawakakpan, istaunkakpaŋpi.
- i-śta'-ka-kpaŋ-kpaŋ, v. red. of istakakpan.
- i-śta'-ka-kpan-pi-se, adv. in the twinkling of an eye.
- i-sta'-kpe, v. n. to be blind, having the eye put out—istamakpe. istakpa.
- i-śta'-kpe-ya, v. a. to make blind—istakpewaya.
- i-śta'-kśin, v. to be squint-eyed cross-eyed—istamaksin. istalimin. See istoksin.
- i-śta'-kśin-ka, n. a squint-eyed person.
- i-sta'-ksin-ksin, v. n. red. of istaksin.

- i-śta'-mdes, cont. of istamdeza.
- i-śta'-mdes-ya, v. a. to make clear-sighted—istamdeswaya.
- i sta' mde za, v. n. to be clear-sighted—istamamdeza.
- i-śta'-mi-ni-ġa-ġa, adv. in tears, with tears trickling down; istaminigaga ia, to speak with the tears dropping down.
- i-śta'-mi-ni-haŋ-pe, n. tears; iśtaminihaŋpe au, to cry—iśtaminihaŋpe amau.
- i-sta'-mi-ni-o-sdo-ka, adj. with water standing in the eyes. T., istaminioslo.
- i-sta'-na-ka, v. n. to have the eye twitch—istamanaka, my eye twitches; "I shall see something nice."
- i-sta'-o-hi-ya, adv. as far as the eye can reach. T., istaiyohiya.
- i ś t a' o ź u h a , n. the eye-lids. See iśtoźuha.
- i-śta'-tpe, v. n. Same as istakpe.
- i-sta'-wi-ca-ni-yan, n. T. sore eyes.
- i-sta'-wi-ća-ya-zaŋ-wi, n. the moon in which sore eyes prevail; a moon answering generally to the month of March.
- i-ste'-ca, v. n. to be ashamed, ashamed of; to be bashful—imasteca, inisteca, unkistecapi. See wisteca.
- i-sten', cont. of isteća.
- i-śten'-ki-ya, v. a. to make one ashamed, to disappoint one—istenwakiya, istenunkiyapi, istenmakiya.

- i ś t e n' y a, v. a. to make ashamed, dishonor—iśtenwaya, iśtenunyanpi, iśtenmayaya.
- i-sti', n. the under lip.
- i-sti'-ha, n. the skin of the under lip.
- i-śti'-ma, v. See istinma.
- i-stin'-be, v.n. Same as istinma.
- i ś t i ŋ' m a, v. n. to sleep miśtinbe, niśtinbe, unkiśtinmapi. Hence, oiśtinma, sleep.
- i-sto'-gin-ki-ya, adv. eyes partly closed.
- i sto' h di waŋ źi daŋ, n. a fixed look, a gaze. T., oistagliwaŋ-źila.
- i-śto'-hmus, cont. of iśtohmuza: iśtohmus majka, I keep my eyes shut. See ohmus.
- i-sto'-hmus-ya, v. a. to cause to shut the eyes—istohmuswaya.
- i-sto'-hmus-ya, adv. having the eyes shut.
- i ś t o' h m u z a, v. n. to shut the eyes—iśtowahmuza.
- i-sto'-ksin, v. n. to partly close the eyes, to look askance—istowaksin.
- i-śto'-kśiŋ-ki-ya, v. a. to look askance at, look at with the eyes partly shut—iśtokśiŋwakiya, iśtokśiŋmakiya.
- i-sto'-sni-za, v. n. to have the eyes blinded or dazzled by the light—istomasniza. T., istaiyosniza.
- i-śto'-śniś-ya, v. a. to dazzle the eyes, as a light—iśtośniśmayan.
- i-sto'-snu-za, v. n. Same as istośniża.

- i · sto' zu ha, n. the eye-lids.
- i-śun', v. iśun iyeya, to do more than was requisite, to overdo.
- i-śu'-ta, v. a. to fail of accomplishing, be unable to do a thing—iśuwata. T., to miss in shooting at.
- i ś u' t e, adv. at random, as it happens: iśute otaka, very much, i. q. śtedapi. T., ituśeś.
- $i \sin u' t e k a$, adv. Same as isute.
- i-śu'-te-ya, v. a. to cause to fail of—iśutewaya, iśutemayan.
- i t a' h d a h b e, adv. with the wind. T., itaglaliwe.
- i'-ta-hda-hbe, adv. with the wind. The word is accented in this way when used with a noun; as, paha stahdahbe unyanpi, we gate to the lecward of the hill.
- i-ta'-h d a-h b e-k i-y a, adv. with the wind.
- i t a' h d a h b e y a, adv. with the wind. T., itaglahweya.
- i'-ta-he-na, adv. Ih. on this side of.
- i-ta'-he-na, adv. Ih. on this side of; since. See itato.
- i-ta'-he-na-taŋ-haŋ, adv. Ih. on this side of.
- i-ta'-he-pi, adv. by the way, between places. T., itahepiyela.
- i-ta'-hnag, v. cont. of itahnaka.
- i-ta'-hnag-ya, adv. placed one on top of another.
- i-ta'-hna-ka, v. a. to place one on top of another—itawahnaka.
- i t a' h n a k a, adv. placed one on another. See ahnaka.

- i-ta'-ka-ha, n. the instep. Hence, siitakaha, the top of the foot, instep.
- i-ta'-ka-hpe, n. See iteakahpe.
- i-ta'-ka-sam, adv. over the river from, opposite tv. T., koakata.
- i t a' k a s a n p a, adv. over against, across the river or lake from any place. T., koakatanhan.
- i-ta'-ka-san-pa-tan-han, adv. on the other side from.
- i-ta'-ke, n. the instep; the top or piece put in the instep of a moccasin. See happitake and happaitake.
- i'-ta-ki-hna, adv. one over another, in layers.
- i'-ta-ki-hna, n. something worn over another garment, a vest.
- i-ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. n. of takuniśni; to come to naught.
- i'-tam, adv. soon after: itam yankeya, to be after.
- i-tan', adv. of tan; on the side: itan anog, on both sides. From this we have mitantanhan, at my side; mitankiyedan, near me, etc.
- i-tan', v. n. to be vain, proud of, to glory in—imatan, initan, unkitanpi Hence, iwićatan, vain-glorying. See witan.
- i-tan'-a-no-ka-tan-han, adv. on both sides of.
- i-tan'-ćan, n. a chief, ruler, head one; a lord, master; the principal thing—imatanćan, initanćan. See otanćan and tanćan.
- i-tan'-ćan-ka, n. chief one, lord, master.
- i-tan'-ćan-ki-ya, v. a. to have

- for or acknowledge as chief or master; to make lord or chief—itanéan-wakiya, itanéanmakiya.
- i-tan'-ćan-ki-ya, adv. in a lordly manner, with authority.
- i t a ŋ' ć a ŋ y a , v. a. to have for chief or master—itaŋćaŋwaya, itaŋćaŋuŋyaŋpi.
- i-tan'-ćan-yan, adv. with authority, chief-like.
- i-tan'-i-hdu-kśan, adv. round about one.
- i-tan'-kan, adv. without, outside of.
- i-taŋ'-ki-ye-daŋ, adv. neur to one—mitaŋkiyedaŋ. See ikiyedaŋ,
- i-taŋ'-o-kśaŋ, adv. T. around about, on all sides; itaŋokśaŋ eićitoŋwaŋ, he looked about himself.
- i-tan'-pi, n. pride, vain-glorying.
- i-tan'-tan, v. red. of itan.
- i-tan'-tan-pi, n. pride, glorying, arrogance. See witan'tanpi.
- i'-taŋ-waŋ-kaŋ-hde, adv. up hill, ascending: itaŋwaŋkaŋhde ya, to go up hill. T., itaŋwaŋkaŋgle.
- i'-taŋ-waŋ-kaŋ-hde-ya, adv. ascending. T., itaŋwaŋkaŋgleya, up a very steep hill.
- i-tan'-yan, v. n. to grow by reason of, as by eating meat; to be proud—itan waya.
- i-tan'-ye-śni, v n. to receive no benefit from, to be of no use—imatanyeśni.
- i-ta'-to, adv. on this side of, this side of; used in reference to time, since. T., itahena.

- i-ta'-to-ki-ya, adv. on this side of. i-ta'-to-tan-han, adv. on this side of, from this side of.
- in a | i ta' to wam, adv. to the windward of, on this side of.
 - i-ta'-to-wa-pa, adv. on this side of, to the windward of.
 - i-ta'-to-wa-pa-tan-han, adv. on this side of.
 - i'-ta-wan-kan-hde, adv. See stanwankanhde.
 - i-ta'-zi-pa, n. a bow to shoot with: mitinazipe, my bow; nitinazipe, thy bow; tinazipe, his bow.
 - i-ta'-zi-pa-i-kan, n. a bowstring.
 - i t e', v. n. to be made blue or bluish by, be made grape-colored—imate.
 - i-te', n. the face—miite, niite.
 - i-t'e', n. the forehead. T., ituhu.
 - i-te'-a-ka-hpe, n. a cover for the face, veil.
 - i-te'-a-nog or i-te'-a-no-katan-han, adv. on both sides of the face.
 - i-t'e'-ća, adj. slightly warm, lukewarm, tepid. Said of fluids only: mini it'eća, lukewarm water. T., iteća and itećaka.
 - i-te'-ha, n. T. a halter.
 - i'-te-han, adv. of tehan; far from.
 - i'-te-han-han, adv. red. of itehan.
 - i'-te-han-han-yan, adv. red. of ftehanyan.
 - i'-te-han-tan-han, adv. far away from.
 - i'-te-han-yan, adv. far away from.

- i-te'-hde-ge-dan, n. face, a name for the raccoon, i. q. wića. T., wićiteglega.
- i-te'-hin, n. the forelock. See itoyehin.
- i-te'-hna-ka-pi, n. T., itognakapi. See itohnakapi.
- i-t'e'-hu, n. the frontal bone; the forehead.
- i-te'-hi, v. n. of tehi; to be difficult to get along with—imatchi.
- i-te'-ka, adv. T. time for; due, as, wanna hi iteka, now he ought to come.
- i-te'-la-za-taŋ-haŋ, adv. behind the back.
- i-te'-na-śiŋ-śiŋ-ki-ya, v. to make faces at.
- i-t'en'-ya, v.a. to make slightly warm or tepid, as water-it'enunyanpi. T., itelya.
- i-te'-o-wa-pi, n. a photograph. T., wićiteowapi.
- i-te'-o-yu-ho, v. n. to have hair stand up on the head.
- i-te'-śin-ki-ya, v. to frown; to grin—iteśinwakiya, iteśinunkiyapi.
- i-te'-sin-sin, n. a wrinkled faceitemasinsin.
- i-te'-yu-ko-ki-ya, v. T. frown, scowl.
- i-te'-yu-śin-ki-ya, v. a. draw up the face at one; to grin; to frown—iteyuśinwakiya.
- i-te'-yu-śin-śin, adj. wrinkled.
- i-ti'-ća-ga, v. to set up a tent for | i-tko'-tpe-ya, v. a. to cause to a certain purpose—itiwakaga.

- striped- | i t i' & a n n a n, adv. away out on the prairie from, away from a house. Tinéannan is also used. T_{\cdot} , manil.
 - i ti' ma ta, v. to beg for: he itimata wahi, I have come to beg for that.
 - i t k a', n. a blossom, capsule; an egg; the seed of anything; the testicles, i. q. susu.
 - i-tka'-ska, n. the white of an egg.
 - i t k a' z i c e, n. the yolk of an egg. i'-tko-kim, cont. of ítkokipa;
 - meeting; in presence of, beforemitkokim; ítkokim ya, to go to meet.
 - i'-tko-ki-pa, v. a. to meet, come together from opposite directionsítkowakipa, itkounkipapi.
 - i-tko'-kpa, v.n. to be still-born itkomakpa. See also itkotpa.
 - i t k o m', adv. again, back again, in return, in reply.
 - i-tkom'-ya, adv. in return.
 - i-tkon', v. n. to burn, blaze, as fire: peta itkon, the fire blazes.
 - i-tkon'-ya, v. a. to make burn or blaze—itkonwaya.
 - i-tkon'-ya-han, part. burning, alive, as coals.
 - i'-tkon-za, adv. even with. itkunza.
 - i-tko'-pa-tan-han, adv. in reply, back again. See iyeitkopatan-
 - i-tko'-tpa, v. n. to be still-born: taku itkotpe ćin, an untimely birth, an abortion.
 - abort or be aborted—itkotpewaya.

- i-tkun', v. n. to burn, blaze. See | i-to'-ka-ga, adv. southward. itkon.
- i'-tkuns, cont. of itkunza.
- i-tkuns'-ya, adv. even with.
- i'-tkuŋ-za, adv. even with. See itkonza.
- i-to', adv. come, well: ito mde kta, well, I will go; ito econ wo, come
- i-to', v. n. to become blue by means of. See ite.
- i-tog'-e-han, adv. at the first, formerly.
- i-tog'-to, adv. T. alternately: i.q. itokto.
- i'-to-han, adv. how far from? how long from? See tohan.
- i'-t o-h a n-h a n, adv. red. of ítohan.
- i'-to-han-yan, adv. how far from? See tohanyan.
- i-to'-he-ya, adv. towards: hekta itoheya, backwards.
- i'-to-hna-ka-pi, n. brooches, such as are worn by the men on their hair and by the women on their gowns. T., pegnakapi.
- i-to'-hna-ke, n. the face, countenance, visage, appearance, presence—mitohnake. T., iteoyuze.
- i-to'-ho-mni, adj. dizzy, lightheaded; drunk—itomahomni, itonihomni. T., itomni.
- i-to'-ho-mni-ya, v. a. to make dizzy or drunk—itohomniwaya, itohomniunyanpi. T., itomniya.
- i-to'-i-yo-hi, adj. each one. See otoiyohi. T., iyohila.
- i-to'-ka-ġa, n. the south.

- i-to'-ka-ġa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. to the south of, on the south side of, from the south.
- i-to'-kah, cont. of itokaga; southward: itokah mda, I am going south.
- i t o' k a h k i y a, adv. towards the south.
- i-to'-kah-wa-pa, adv. towards the south.
- i'-to-kam, adv. before, used either in reference to place or time, in presence of—mitokam, nitokam, wićitokam. T., itokab.
- i'-to-kam-tu, adv. before.
- i'-to-kam-tu-ken, adv. before, prior to.
- i'-to-kam-tu-ya, adv. before.
- i-to'-ka-pa, v. n. to be before one in birth, be older than—mitokapa, he is older than I. See tokapa.
- i-to'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. before, from before, from the presence ofmitokapatanhan.
- i-to'-ka-tam, adv. before the time of a certain event.
- i-to'-ke-ća, v. n. of tokeća; to be altered, changed; to be affected by in any way—imatokeća, initokeća.
- i t o' k e ć a ś n i, v. etanhan ítokećaśni, it is none of his business, or it makes no difference to him-imatokećaśni.
- i'-to-ki, adv where from? which way from? See toki.
- i-to'-ki-kta, adv. face to face, facing each other.

- i'-to-ki-ya, adv. which way from? | i-ton'-ki-pe-ya, adv. carefully, i'-to-ki-ya-ka, adv. which way
 - from?
- i'-to-ki-ya-pa, adv. which way from?
- i'-to-ki-ya-pa-tan-han, adv. which way from?
- i'-to-ki-ya-tan-han, adv. what direction from?
- i-to'-kto, adv. See itoto.
- i-to'-ke-han, adv. formerly, of old.
- let me $i - to' - ke - ya \le$, adv. *T*. see; wait a little.
- i-tom'-tom, adj. cont. of itomtopa.
- i-tom'-to-pa, adj red. of itopa; every fourth one.
- i'-to-na, adv. of how many? which number? See dena, hena, etc.
- i'-to-na-ka, adv. of how many?
- i'-to-na-ke-ća, adv. number? See kanakeća, etc.
- i'-to-na-na, adv. of a few: de itonana en yanka, this is one of a very few. See denana, etc.
- i-ton', v. n. to tell the truth. Not in use. See itonáni.
- $i-to\eta'-ka$, and $i-to\eta'-ka-e$, v. n. to lie, tell a falsehood; i. q iton-T., owewakan.
- i-ton'-kam, adv. See itunkam.
- i-ton'-ki-pa, v. pos. of itonpa; to value, guard, take care of one's ownitonwakipa, itonunkipapi; itoni-Gipa, to take care of one's self—itonmićipa; itopićipeśniyan, not taking care of one's self, neglectful of one's self.

- guardedly.
- i-ton'-pa, v. a. to guard, take care of; to refrain from, beware of—itonwapa, itonunpapi, itoncipa, itonmapa.
- i-ton'-pa, adj. careful, prudent.
- in | i t o n' p e y a, adv. carefully, prudently.
 - i-ton'-pe-ya-han, adv. carefully.
 - i-ton'-pi-śni, n. untruth, lies. T., owewakanpi. See itonśni.
 - i-ton'-śni, v. n. to tell an untruth, to lie—iwatonśni, iyatonśni, unkitoppiśni. Hence, oitopśni, a lie; oimayatonáni, thou liest about me. This belongs to the eastern Dakotas. The Yanktons and Tetons say "owewakan."
- of what | i to n' śn i śn i, v. red. of itonśni; i. q. itonśni wanića.
 - i-ton'-śni-yan, adv. falsely.
 - $i-t \circ \eta' w \circ \eta$, $v. n. \circ f to \eta wan; to look$ or see with, as with one's eyes iwatonwan, iyatonwan.
 - i-to'-o-pta, adv. through, by, as itoopta ya, to go on past; from one to another, as, itoopta wićaku, he passes it on to others. T., iyopta.
 - i-to'-o-pta-i-ya-ya-pi, n. a purge. See iyooptaiyayapi.
 - i to' o pte ya, adv. through, straight through, passing on.
 - i-to'-pa, adj. the fourth—imatopa; in or of the fourth, as, itopa en zaptan, or itopa zaptan, five in the fourth ten, i. e. thirty-five.

- i-top'-tom, adj. red. See itomtom.
- i-top'-to-pa, adj. red. of itopa.
- i-to'-to, v. n. red. of ito: to be made blue by.
- i-to'-to, adv. turn about, alternately: unma itoto ećonkupi kta, we will do it alternately. T., itogto.
- i-to'-wi-ća-ho-mni, n. a turning round, swimming, as of the head; have hair sta drunkenness; something that turns round, as a wheel. T., itomnipi. i-tuh', adv.
- i'-to-ye, n. the face, appearance—mitoye, nitoye.
- i'-to-ye-hin, n. the forclock. See itchin.
- i'-to-ye-ki-ton, v. pos. to wear braids of hair or ornaments in front—itoyeweton.
- i'-to-ye-ton, v.n. to have braids or ornaments dangling about one's face; to wear anything that makes one look frightful—itoyewaton.
- i-tpa'-hdo-ka, v. reflex. of pahdoka; to break up through, as a muskrat under ice; to hatch as young birds, that is, to break one's own shell.
- i-tpa'-ta-ka, v. pos. of ipataka; to brace one's own.
- i-tpi', n. the belly, abdomen; the chest. See ikpi.
- i-tpi'-hna-ka, v.a. to put in or around the abdomen—itpiwahnaka. See ikpihnaka.
- i-tpu'-ta-ka, v. pos. of iputaka; to kiss one's own—iwatputaka. See iitputaka.

- See itom- | i t p u' t p a, adv. mixed up.
 - i-tu', adv. wildly, without being planted or tamed, as, itu ićaga, it has grown up of itself; for nothing, as, itu ećamon, I have done it for naught.
 - i-tu'-hu, n. T. a stone used to break bones or pound berries; the frontal. See it'e.
 - i-tu'-hu-wo-blu, v. n. T. to have hair stand up.
 - i-t u h', adv. for nothing, gratuitously, without cause. T., ituhéin and otuhéin.
 - i-tu'-han, v.a. to give, bestow; to give for nothing, give away, as the Dakotas often do—ituwahan, itu-unhanpi.
 - i t u' h a n, adv. gratuitously, without reward.
 - i-tu'-hin, adv. for nothing, gratuitously; without cause, falsely. T., ituhéin and utuhéin.
 - i t u' k a , v. a. to beg, ask one for iwatuka, iyatuka, uŋkitukapi, imatuka, ićituka. T., kićićiŋ.
 - i t u' k a e ś, adv. truly, indeed. T., itukaleś.
 - i-t u'-ka-ga, v. a. to make up a lic on, tell a falschood about one; to do for nothing—ituwakaga, ituunkagapi, itumakaga.
 - i-tu'-kah, cont. of itukaga
 - i-tu'-kaś, adv. truly, at any rate.
 - i-tu'-ka-śta, adv. for nothing. T., otuyaćin. See itu, ituh, etc.
 - i-tu'-ki-han, v. a. of ituhan; to make a present of to; to give to one, as the Dakotas do when they ex-

- han, ituunkihanpi, itumakihan, itućićihan. T., otukihan and utukihan.
- i-tun'-kam, adv. on the back: itunkam wanka, he lies on his back; itunkam ilipaya, to fall backwards.
- i-tu'-o-co-ka, adv. in the middle, between. See ocokam.
- i-tu'-o-ćo-ka-ya, adv. between, in the middle. See ocokaya.
- i-tu'-o-ki-ta-he-dan, adv. in the middle, between. T., ituotahela.
- i-tu'-śdi, adj. abundant.
- i-tu'-śdi-ya, adv. abundantly.
- i-tu'-śeś, adv. T. indeed.
- i-tu'-tu, adv. red. of itu.
- i tu' tu ya, adv. red. of ituya.
- i-tu'-un, v. to be in a wild state. 'i'-wa-ćin, v. to think of going to-Hence, ituuppi, wild beasts. otuyaun.
- i-tu'-wo-ta-he-dan, adv. far T., makotahela. from any dwelling.
- i-tu'-ya, adv. for nothing, without utuya.
- i-tu'-ya-ken, *adv*. causelessly, gratuitously. T, ituyaćin and otuyaćin.
- i-țe'-ca, adj. T. lukewarm, as water.
- i t e l' y a, v. a. T. to make warm.
- i-țins', cont. of iținza.
- $i t i \eta s' y a$, v. a. to make firm by means of—itinswaya.
- i tin' za, v.n. to be firm by reason |i wa' hna na, adv. of.

- pect to be praised for it—ituwaki- i-tin'-ze, n. (i and tinza) a strengthener, a tightener.
 - i-ṭuŋg'-ki-ya, v. to suspect concerning one's self.
 - i-tung'-ya, v. T. to suspect.
 - i t u ŋ' k e ć a, v. n. to be suspected of—imatunkeća.
- i-tuŋ'-kam-tu, adv. on the back. i-u'-ma-na-péi-waŋ-ka, adj. See iunmanapćinwanka.
 - i-un', v. a. to rub on, as ointment or soap—iwaun, unkiunpi.
 - i-uŋ'-ma-na-pćiŋ-wāŋ-ka, adj. the nineteenth. T., iakenapćinyunka. See iakenapćinwanka.
 - i-un'-ton, v. a. to put grease or brains on a skin, in order to dress it—iunwaton.
 - li-uŋ'-toŋ-pi, part. greased, prepared for dressing.
 - íwaćanmi.
 - $i w a' c i \eta k o$, v. n. to be impatient about, be out of humor on account of—iwaćinmako, iwaćinniko, iwaćinunkopi.
 - cause, gratuitously. T., otuya and $i w a' \acute{e} i \eta t \circ \eta$, v. to be intelligent by reason of—iwaćinwaton.
 - i wa' ćin yan, v. a to trust in for or in reference to—iwaćinwaya, iwaćinunyanpi.
 - i-wa'-ćin-yan, adv. trustingly.
 - i-wa'-ćiŋ-źa-ta, v.n to be undecided about anything—iwacinmaźata.
 - i-wa'-hna, adv. slowly. T., iwastela. See iwahnana.
 - slowly, by short stages; carefully.

- i-wa'-ho-kon-ki-ya, v. a. to instruct in regard to, to counsel or advise concerning—iwahokonwaki-ya, iwahokonunkiyapi, iwahokonmakiya; wićoni owihanke wanića iwahokonćićiya, I counsel thee in regard to eternal life.
- i-wa'-ho-kon-ki-ya-pi, n. instruction, counsel.
- i-wa'-ho-ya, v. a. to send word to concerning anything; to promise; to grant, give by promise; to permit iwahowaya, iwahounyanpi, iwahomayan.
- i w a' h a n i & i d a, v. reflex. to be proud of—iwahanmidida.
- i'-wa-lite-da, v. See iwahtedaśni.
- i'-wa-hte-da-ka and i'-wahte-da-ka-e, v.a. to dislike on account of something—fwahtewadakae.
- i'-wa-hte-da-śni, v.a. to dislike on account of something; to dislike something in one; to disesteem, think lightly of for something—iwahtewadaśni, iwahteundapiśni.
- i-wa'-i-ći-ni-yan, v. reflex. of iwakiniya; to be dissatisfied with one's self.
- i'-wa-kan, adj. talkative, tattling, gabbling.
- i'-wa-kan, n. a babbler.
- i'-wa-kaŋ-yaŋ, adv. in a babbling manner.
- i-wa'-kan-yan, adv. supernaturally.
- i-wa'-ki-ći, v.n. to dance the

- scalp-dance—iwawakići, iwayakići, iwaunkićipi.
- i-wa'-ki-ći-pi, n. the scalp-This dance follows the dance. bringing home of the scalps of their enemies. A circle is formed, on one side of which stand the young men, with their bodies painted, with their feathers in their heads, and their drums, rattles, and other instruments of music in their hands; while on the other side stand the young women in their best attire, carrying the scalp or scalps stretched on a hoop. The war-song commences, and the women dance around, sometimes advancing towards the men, who are stationary, and then again retreating, and responding at intervals to the music in a kind of chorus. If the scalp is taken in the winter, the dance is kept up, frequently by day and night, until the leaves grow in the spring. If it is taken in the summer, they dance and rejoice over it until the leaves fall off, when it is buried.
- i w a' k i ć o ŋ z a, v. a. of koŋza; to influence one, command one in regard to—iwawećoŋza.
- i-wa'-ki-ćoŋ-ze, n. a commandment, decree
- i-wa'-ki-ni-ya, v. a. to get out of humor with, to neglect—iwawaki-niya, iwayakiniya.
- i-wa'-kta, n. a mark, sign, pledge.
- to dance the | i w a' k t a, v. n. to be on one's

- guard, to be on the look out; to guard-iwawakta, iwayakta.
- i-wa'-kta-ya, *v. a*. to put on iwaktaunyanpi.
- i-wa'-kta-ya, adv. guardedly.
- i-wa'-kte-hda, v. n. to go home | i-waŋ'-i-¢i-hda-ka, v. reflex. in triumph having taken scalps—iwaktewahda, iwakteunhdapi.
- i-wa'-kte-hdi, v. n to come home in triumph bringing scalpsiwaktewahdi, iwakteunhdipi.
- i-wa'-na-ġi-ye-ya, v. a. trouble one in regard to or with. See nagiyeya.
- i-wa'-na-pi-stan-yan, v. a. to kill, hurt, or do injury with iwanapistanwaya. See napistanyan.
- i-wa'-ni-ti, v. n. to go and spend the winter at for some purpose iwaniwati.
- i'-wa-ni-ye-tu, n. the succeeding winter, next winter.
- i-wang', cont. of iwanka; tahinéa deer. T., iyung. See awang.
- $\mathbf{i} \mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{n}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, v. a. to inquire of one, ask one a question about, call to account-imunga, inunga, unkiwanġapi, imawanga, ićiwanga. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ iyunga.
- i-waŋ'-ġa-pi, *n*. inquiry. iyungapi. See wiwangapi.
- i w a n' h d a g', cont. of iwanhdaka; ing our own.
- i-wan'-hda-ka, v. pos. of iwan-

- yaka; to look to or have regard for one's own—iwanwahdaka. See itonkipa.
- one's guard, forewarn—iwaktawaya, | i w a n h', cont. of iwanga; he iwanh walti, I have come to inquire about T., iyunh.
 - to look at one's self; to guard one's self—iwanmićihdaka, iwanunkićihdakapi. See itonićipa.
 - i-wan'-i-hdag, cont. of iwanihdaka: iwanihdag waun.
 - i-wan'-i-hda-ka, v. to book at one's self in a glass; to watch over, guard one's self, to set a guard—iwanmihdaka, iwannihdaka.
 - i-way'-ka, v. n. to lie down, go and lie down, go to bed—imunka, inunka, unkiwankapi. T., iyunka.
 - i w a n' k a m, adv. above—miwankam, niwankam, unkiwankam, wićiwankam.
 - i-way'-kam-tu, adv. above, up.
 - i-way'-kam-tu-ya, above.
- iwang mda, I am going to lie out for |i wan' kam tu ya ken, adv.above. Not much used.
 - i-wan'-kan-pa, adv. above one.
 - i-wan'-kan-pa-ta, adv. above, above one.
 - i-wan'-kan-pa-tan-han, adv. from above one.
 - $T_{\cdot, \cdot} | \mathbf{i} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, v.$ to look to or watch over for one-iwanwećiyaka. See wanyaka.
- iwanhdag unyakonpi, we are guard- | i w a n' k i ć i y a k a p i, v. pl. they look to or watch over one another—iwanunkićiyakapi.

- i-wan'-yag, cont. of iwanyaka; iwanyag wahi.
- i w a y' y a k a, v. a. to look to or at; to survey; examine; to spy out iwanmdaka, iwandaka, iwanunya- i - w a' - ste - k a, v. n. kapi.
- i-wan'-ya-ka-pi, n. spies, surveyors.
- i-way'-ya-ke, n. which to see, the sight of a gun: a telescope or field-glass.
- i-wan'-źi-ća, adv. very much.
- i w a' p e t o g, cont. of iwapetokeća.
- i-wa'-pe-tog-ton, v.a. to mark | i-wa'-to-ki-ya-pa-ka-e, v.n. or brand with—iwapetogwaton, iwapetoguntonpi.
- i-wa'-pe-to-ke-ća, n. a mark, i-wa'-to-ki-ya-pa-śni, v. n. sign.
- i w a' s a z a, v. n. to take hardly, get sick over; iwamasaza.
- i-wa'-ś'ag, cont. of iwaś'aka.
- i-wa'-ś'ag-ya, v.a. to strengthen by means of—iwas'agwaya.
- i-wa'-ś'a-ka, v. n. to be strong by reason of or for-iwamas'aka, iwaunś'akapi. See waś'aka.
- i w a' ś' a k a, n. strength, the source of strength.
- $i w a' \acute{s} e \acute{c} a$, v. n. to be rich, in provisions especially—iwamaśeća, iwaunśećapi, iwawićaśeća.
- i'-wa-śi-ćuŋ, v.n. to be talkative, to talk badly—ímawasićun, íniwasićuŋ.
- i-wa'-śte, v. n. of waste; to be better by means of-imawaste.
- i-wa'-śte-dan, adv. slowly, mod-

- erately, carefully; but little, not much: iwastedan yazan, he is not very sick. Ih., iwastena; T., iwaštela.
- to be none the better for: he taku iniwasteka, thou art none the better for that.
- i-wa'-śte-ya, adv. better.
- something by i-wa'-ste-ya-ken, adv. a little better.
 - i-wa'-to-ki-ya-ka-e, v. n. he etanhan iwatokiyakae, what matter is it to him? how does it concern him?
 - Same as iwatokiyakae. T., etanhaŋś toka.
 - it does not concern one-iwamatokiyapaśni. T., iyowaźa śni.
 - i-wa'-to-ki-ya-śni, v. n. be none of one's business: he etanhan iwanitokiyasni, it is none of thy business.
 - i-wa'-to-pe-ki-ya, n. Ih. an oar or paddle; any thing to row a boat with. See watopa.
 - i-wa'-tu-ka, v.n. T. to be tired of or on account of anything.
 - i-wa'-wi-ku-wa, v. a. to do something to make one angry, to provoke one—iwawiwakuwa. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, iwakuwa.
 - i-wa'-ya-zan, v. n. to be sick in consequence of-iwamayazan.
 - i w a' y u p i k a, v. n. to be skillful, handy on account of, or in doing—iwamdupika; i. q. iwayupi kiçuŋ.

- i-wa'-yu-pi-ya, *adv*. nicely, well.
- i-wa'-zi-ya-pa-taŋ-haŋ, *adv*. to the north of
- i-wa'-zi-ya-ta, adv. at the north i-wiy'-kta, v. n. of.
- i-wa'-zi-ya-tan-han, adv. northward of.
- i-we', v. n. to bleed by reason ofimawe.
- i'-we, v. n. to bleed at the mouth—i-win'-kta-ya, v. a. to cause to ímawe. $T_{\cdot,i}$ iwehiyu.
- i-we'-će-ya, v. a. to have regard i-win'-kta-ya, adv. for, do as one commands—iwećewaya, iwećeunyanpi; iwećeyeśni, to disregard—iwećemayeśni. wećeya.
- i'-we-hi-yu-ya, v. blood, spit blood—fwehiyuwaya.
- i-we'-śde-ka, v. n. to do someing of an enemy—iwewaśdeka. To wear or have as the evidence of i-wi'-tko-ya, v.a. to make drunk bravery; insignia of honor. The custom is to wear a split feather i'-wi-yo-hi-yan-pa-ta, adv. as a sign of having been wounded: by the enemy.
- i-wi'-ća-hna-yan, n. of hna-! yan; deception.
- i-wi'-ća-hu-pi, n. of hu; sodomy This is now a vulgar byword.
- i-wi'-ća-po, n. of po; a swelling, inflation on account of.
- i'-wi-ća-pu-za, n. of ípuza;
- i-wi'-ća-śte-ća, n. of iśteća; shame.

- handily, $i w i' k \acute{c} e m n a$, adj. the tenth. See ićiwikćemna.
- i-wa'-zi-ya-pa, adv. to the north of. i-wi'-kée-mna-mna, adj. red. of iwikćemna; every tenth one; tithes.
 - to glory in, be proud of-imawinkta, iniwinkta, unkiwinktapi.
 - | i-win'-kta-kta, v. red. of iwinkta
 - i-wiy'-kta-pi, n. a glorying in.
 - glory in—iwinktawaya.
 - glorying, proudly.
 - i-wi'-śtan, v.a. to treat well, as a sick person—iwawistan. ikićiwistaŋ.
 - to raise | i w i' t k o, v. n. of witko; to be drunk on-imawitko: taku iwitko, something that makes drunk, liquor.
 - thing entitling to honor, as the kill- | i w i' t k o t k o k a, v. n. to become foolish by means of.
 - with—iwitkowaya.
 - at the east of.
 - i'-wi-yo-hi-yan-pa-tan-han, adv. to the cast of.
 - i w o' b l u, v. n. T. to bluster; blowy, snowy: i. q. ibomdu.
 - $i w o' \cdot g a g a$, n = T. a rifle.
 - i-wo'-hda-ka, c. pos of iwoyaka; to speak in reference to one's owniwowahdaka.
 - i-wo'-hdu-ze, n. the cause of taboo. See wohduze.
 - i-wo'-lita-ka, v.n. T. to hit or

- ibolitaka.
- i w o' m n i y a n, adv. carefully, attentively: iwomniyan anagoptan, he listened attentively. T., iktahela.
- i w o' m n i y e n, adv. not hastily, leisurely, carefully: iwomniyen ecamon, I did it carefully.
- i w o' m n i y e t u, adv. slowly, carefully.
- i-wo'-mni-ye-tu-ken, adv. not in haste.
- i w o' s o, n.T. pouting lips.
- i-wo'-so-ki-ya, v. T. to pout, push out the lips. See izokiya.
- i-wo'-ya-ka, v.a. to relate or tell of, to speak in reference to-iwomdaka. See woyaka.
- i y a', intj. of surprise, on meeting a friend unexpectedly.
- I'-ya, n. a fabulous creature' worshipped by the Dakotas.
- i-ya'-be, adv. individually, singly, or in little companies, as the Dakotas go in hunting deer: iyabe unyanpi, we are going separately. T., aweya.
- i y a' b e y a , adv. singly, separately, scattered, as in hunting: iyabeya unyanpi, we go separately. aweweya.
- i'-ya-be-ya, *adv*. scattering around, dispersedly: iyabeya unkodepi, scattering ourselves around we hunted.
- i y a' ć i ć a, adj. rough, ruffled up, said of hair or feathers,
- i y a' ć i n, v. a. to liken to, compare with—imdacin, idacin, unkiyacinpi.

- strike against—iwomalitaka; i. q., | i y a' \(\cdot\) in k en, adv. by way of comparison.
 - i-ya'-ćiŋ-pi, n. likeness, resemblance.
 - i-ya'-ćin-yan, adv. like to, in like manner, equal to; parabolically, metaphorically.
 - i-ya'-ćin-yan-ken, adv. somewhat like.
 - i-ya'-ćo, v. a. of yaćo; to judge of, judge on account of, to condemn for—imdaćo, idaćo. T., iyasu.
 - i-ya'-ćun-ni, v.n. to leave off, give up: iyawaćunni. See iyakićunni.
 - i-ya'-di, v. a. of adi; to climb up on—iyawadi, iyayadi, iyaundipi. Hence, can iyadipi, stairs.
 - i-yag'-ton, v of iyake; to put a feather on an arrow—iyagwaton.
 - i y a' g e, n. a bunch, a cluster, as as of grapes.
 - $i y a' h a \eta$, v. a. of ahan; to go and stand on; to alight down in or on, as birds in a cornfield or on a tree—iyawahan, unkiyahanpi.
 - i'-ya-han, v. a. to put the foot on, step on any thing-fyawahan.
 - i'-ya-hda-pśin-yan, adv. of ahdapsinyan; bottom upwards.
 - i-ya'-hda-pśin-yan, v. a. turn over upon any thing-iyahdapsinwaya.
 - i y a' h d a s k i ć a, v. n. of ahdaskića; to lie on, press on, cover—
 - iyamahdaskića.
 - i-ya'-hda-skin, cont. of iyahdaskića; iyahdaskin mayanka, *it is* pressing on me.

- i-ya'-hda-skin-ya, v. a. cause to press upon—iyahdaskin-
- i-ya'-hda-śka, v. pos. of iyakaśka; to tie one's own to-iyawalidaśka, iyauphdaśkapi.
- i-ya'-hde, v. n to go or come to; to reach to, extend to; to lead to, as a road; to meet, come upon one iyamahde, iyaunhdepi. See iyahdeya.
- i-ya'-hde-han-pa, n. (iyahde and hanpa) socks. T., hunyakon huha ptećela.
- i y a' h d e h u ŋ s k a, n. (iyahde and hunska) socks, stockings.
- i-ya'-hde-ton, v.a. to have on or over, as, iyahdeton econ, he does it on something else; to knit.
- i y a' h d e t o n y a n, adv. on or over, having something under: iyahdetonyan kaksa, to cut one stick off on another.
- i-ya'-hde-ya, v. a. to cause to i-ya'-hpe-ya, v. a. reach to; to lead to, bring one to; to merit, deserve, bring upon one-iyahdewaya, iyahdeunyanpi; iyahdehdemiçiya.
- i y a' h d e y a, adv. reaching to, even to.
- i'-ya-he, n. the ball and heel of the | i'-ya-ka-hpe, n. of akahpa; a foot. T., siyete iyahe.
- i y a' h n a, prep. after, behind, following; with, together with: iyalma ya, to go with; appetu hapyetu iyahna, both day and night.
- i-ya'-hna-hna, red. of iyahna.

- to | i'-ya-hna-hna-na, adv. gently, carefully. T., iktahela; iwasteglala.
 - i-y'a'-hna-ken, adv. in the manner of following.
 - i-ya'-lipa-ya, v. n. to fall upon, to seize, pounce upon, lay hold of violently—iyawalipaya and iyawalipamda, iyayalipada, iyaunlipayapi. See ahpaya.
 - li-ya'-hpe-ki-ći-ći-ya, v. a. to put or throw on for one, as in putting a load on a horse. iyahpekiya.
 - i-ya'-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. to give or hand to; to carry around to, as the pipe is taken round on great occasions and held for each one to smoke; to put on or throw over, as in putting on the load of a horse—iyahpewakiya, iyahpeunkiyapi. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ to touch the ground with and then hold up to heaven, as they do before smoking the pipe.—w. J. c.
 - to carry around to; to hand to; to throw over or on—iyahpewaya. See iyahpe-
- içiya, to bring on one's self—iya-'i-ya'-i-hda-ska, v. reflex. of iyakaśka; to tie one's self; to give one's self up to be bound; i. q. iyaiçihdaśka—iyamihdaśka, iyanihdaśka.
 - cover or lid for the mouth of any thing.
 - i'-ya-kam, adv. beyond, surpassing. i'-ya-kam-tu, adv. surpassingly.
 - i'-ya-ka-pa, v. n. to be larger than, to surpass—fyamakapa.

- i-ya'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. afterwards; behind.
- i-ya'-ka-pe-i-éi-ya, v. reflex. i-ya'-ke-noŋ-pa, to go beyond one's self, to be intemperate. See iyatahdeićiya.
- i'-ya-ka-pe-ya, v.a. to pass, go beyond; to overcome; to persuade, succeed in persuading—iyakapewaya, íyakapeunyanpi, íyakapemayan.
- $\mathbf{i'}$ $\mathbf{y}\mathbf{a}$ $\mathbf{k}\mathbf{a}$ $\mathbf{p}\mathbf{e}$ $\mathbf{y}\mathbf{a}$, adv. more than, surpassing.
- i y a' k a p t a, v. a. to climb, as a hill, to reach the top; to pass over or beyond—iyawakapta, iyaunkaptapi, and unkiyakaptapi.
- $i y a' k a_i p t e y a_i$, v. to cause to pass up or over—iyakaptewaya.
- i-ya'-ka-pte-ya, *adv. beyond*, going over; going up hill.
- i-ya'-ka-saŋ-ni, n. one side or i'-ya-ki-ćuŋ-ni-yaŋ, adv. leavhalf of anything. See sanni.
- i-ya'-ka-saŋ-ni-na, n. side only
- i-ya'-ka-śka, v. a. of kaśka; to i-ya'-ki-ću, adv. much, more than tic one thing to or on another, to bind to-iyawakaska, iyaunkaskapi.
- i-ya'-ka-tin, v. of akatin: to i-ya'-ki-ćun-ćun-ka, n. measure by means of, as with a yardstićk—iyawakatin.
- to exceed, go beyond bounds, overflow, as a river its banks.
- i'-ya-ka-win, *adv*. more than: íyakawin iyeya, to surpass; íyakawin iyeya ecamon, I have done more than was needful. T., iyakab.
- i'-ya-ka-win-yan, adv. surpassing.

- T. |i-y|a'-k|e, n. the feather end of a quill, the feather on an arrow.
 - adj. thetwelfth. See iakenoppa. The ordinal numbers from this to *eighteen* will be found under "iake," and need not be repeated here, though by some they are all written with a y inserted.
 - i-ya'-ki-ći-yu-ha, v. T. to be attached to, as one horse to another.
 - i'-ya-ki-ćuŋ-ni, v. n. to become tired and leave off, to cease from, give up pursuit—fyawećunni, fyayećunni, fyaunkićunnipi. See iyaćunni.
 - i'-ya-ki-ćuŋ-ni-ya, v. a. to cause to leave off or cease from íyakićunniwaya.
 - ing off.
- one | i y a' k i \(\xi\) u, v. n. to be much, to increase.
 - one needs: iyakiçu wahnaka, I have put away a great deal.
 - who does more than is usual; one **w**ho keeps on begging.
- i'-ya-ka-win, v. n. of akawin; | i-ya'-ki-ću-ya, v. a. to have more than one needs—iyakiçuwaya.
 - i-ya'-ki-ću-ya, *adv. much*, *a* good deal, plentifully, in abundance: iyakiçuya mduha, I have a great deal.
 - i'-ya-ki-de-će-ća, adv. like, alike. See iakidećeća.
 - i'-ya-ki-de-ćen, *adv*. like,

- i'-ya-ki-de-han-ke-ća, adv. | i'-ya-ki-ni-sko-ke-ća, adv. of the same length with.
- $\mathbf{i'}$ ya-ki-de-haŋ-yaŋ, adv. of | $\mathbf{i'}$ ya-ki-p'a-p'a, v. See fakiequal distance.
- cqual number. See iakidenakeća.
- i'-ya-ki-de-na-na, adv. as few See denana.
- i-ya'-ki-gle-gle, adv. T. over and over again, repeatedly.
- i y a' k i h d e, v. n. to surpass, overlap, reach beyond the time, as old corn lasting until the new comes. See akihde.
- i-ya'-ki-hde, adv. like to, as: wetu iyakihde maste, it is as warm as spring.
- i-ya'-ki-hde-ġa, v. and overtake.
- i-ya'-ki-hdeh, cont. of iyakihdega; iyakihdeh okihan, to keep following after but not overtakeiyakihdeh owakihan.
- i y a' k i h d e y a, v. a. to cause | i' y a k o s, adv. to reach round to; to make surpass iyakihdewaya
- i-ya'-ki-hde-ya, adv. surpassing.
- i'-ya-ki-he-će-ća, *adv. like to* | i'-ya-ko-taŋ-haŋ, *adv. beyond*, that. See iakihećeća.
- as long as. See iakihehankeća.
- many as. See iakihenakeća.
- i'-ya-ki-he-na-na, adv as few See henana, etc.
- i-ya'-ki-hna, adv. in layers, one on another; i. q. akihna.

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of the same size.

p'ap'a.

- i'-ya-ki-de-na-ke-ća, adv. of |i-ya'-ki-pe|, v.a. to wait for, wish to have go with one; to wait for, hope for; to befall, happen to—iyawakipe, iyaunkipepi, iyamakipe.
 - i-ya'-ki-pe-ya, adv. waiting for. i'-ya-ki-s'a, v. T. to shout at one's own.
 - i'-ya-ki-ś'a-ś'a, v. red. of iyakiś'a. See iyaś'a.
 - i'-ya-ki-ta, v.a. of akita; to have an eye to, keep a watch on, lest one commit some depredation; to hunt for charges against one—íyawakita.
 - to go on | i'-ya-ki-te-dan, adv. together, familiarly, among themselves: iyakitedan hekićiyapi, they say this among themselves.
 - i'-ya-ko, adv. beyond anything. See ako.
 - See íyakosan.
 - i'-ya-ko-san, *adv*. in addition, as an additional reason: he iyakosan dećen ećamon, I have done this in addition to that. T., iyakotanhan.
 - from beyond
- i y a' k i h e h a ŋ k e é a , adv. | i y a' k t a , v. Used only with śni. See iyaktaśni.
- i'-ya-ki-he-na-ke-ća, adv. as | i-ya'-kta-śni, v. a. of aktaśni; to disregard—iyawaktasni, iyaunktapiśni.
 - i-yam', cont. of iyapa; striking against: tiyopa iyam imdamde, I struck against the door.

- i-ya'-mni-mni, adj. red. every third one.
- i-ya'-mni-mni, or i-a'-mnimni, v. of amnimni, to sprinkle, as | i - y a' - o - p ta, v. See iyayupta. clothes for ironing—iyawamnimni.
- i-ya'-mni-na, adj. only the third one.
- i-yam'-ya, adv. butting or striking against. See iyapa.
- i-ya'-na-ka, intj. of surprise on meeting a friend.
- i-ya'-na-pta, v. a. of anapta; to proceeding — iyanawapta, iyanamapta.
- i'-ya-ni- ϵ a, v. n. of ani ϵ a; to be prevented, detained, or hindered by: magazu kin he iyamanića, I am íyaunnićapi.
- $i-ya'-nun-\dot{g}a$, v. n.to become hard, callous, unfeeling, as a scarred i'-ya-pa-stag, cont. of 'yapaplace—iyamanunga, iyaninunga.
- i y a' nunh, cont. of iyanunga; iyanunli iyeya.
- i-ya'-nunh-ya, v.a. to cause to become callous—iyanunliwaya.
- i-yan'-pa, v. a. to push out, as an otter does his nose to breathe.
- i y a' o y p a, v. a. of aoypa; to lay on, place on; to accuse of, blame with—iyawaonpa, iyaunkonpapi, iyamaonpa.
- i-y a'-on-pa-pi, n. an accusation.
- i-ya'-oŋ-pe-pi-ća-śni, *adj.* blameless.

- i-ya'-mni, adj. of yamni; the third. i-ya'-oŋ-pe-pi-ća-śni-yaŋ, adv. blamelessly.
 - i-ya'-oŋ-pe-ya, adv. in a blaming or accusing way.

 - water on anything; to sprinkle, as | i-ya'-p'a, v. a. of ap'a; to beat, strike against; to beat, as the heart or pulse, as, cante iyamap'a, my heart beats; to strike or knock against, as the foot—iyamap'a, iyaunp'api; iyaiçip'a, to strike one's self-iyamićip'a.
 - i'-ya-p'a, v.n. to strike against, as the wind against a hill.
 - detain, to go before and prevent from | i y a' p a, v. n to be injured or wounded in one's feelings by word or action. See iyapaka.
 - i y a' pa ka, v. n. to be injured or hurt in one's feelings by something said—iyamapaka.
 - prevented by the rain—fyamanića, i y a' p a s p a, v. n. to be obscured, as the sun or moon by clouds. T., tanináni. See apaspa.
 - śtaka.
 - i'-ya-pa-śtag-ya, v. a. to creep up and fall upon before one is aware, to take by surprise—fyapastagwaya, íyapastagniyanpi, John xii, 35.
 - i'-ya-pa-śta-ka, v.n. to be taken by surprise—íyamapastaka, íyanipastaka.
 - i'-ya-pa-to, v. n. to butt against, be struck by; to press on or be cramped by, as by a short moccasin—íyamapato, íyaunpatopi. See apato.
 - i'-ya-pa-to-ya, *v. a.* to run

- against, press against; to hinder, prevent by—íyapatowaya.
- i'-ya-pa-to-ya-ken, *adv*. the manner of pressing against.
- i'-ya-pa-wo-han-pi, n. a cer-li-ya'-pu-spe-ya, tain sacred dance and feast.
- i ya' pa ya, v. a. says—iyapawaya. See iyapa.
- i y a' p e, v. a. of ape; to wait for; to lie in wait for, lie in ambush—| i'-ya-se, n. of iya; a glutton. iyawape, iyaunpepi, iyamape.
- i-ya'-pe-han, v. a. of pehan; to on a spool: halionta iyapelianpi, spool-thread—iyawapehan, iyaunpehanpi.
- i-ya'-pe-han-yan, adv. folding $|i-ya'-ski-\acute{c}a|$, v-a
- i'-ya-pe-la, adv. T. near, close at hand; i. q. ikiyela.
- i-ya'-pe-mni, v. a. around, wind up in-iyawapemni, iyaunpemnipi; wrapped up in, as, woalitani iyapemni unyakonpi, we are enveloped in sin.
- i-ya'-pe-mni-yan, adv. wrapped up in. See penniyan.
- i y a' p e y a, v. a. of iyape; tocause to lie in wait for—iyape- i'-ya-sna-sna-na, adv. waya.
- for.
- i-ya'-pu-spa, r. a. to glue, stick on with glue or paste—iyawapuspa, iyauŋpuspapi.
- i y a' p u s p a, v. n. to stick to, as wet clothes; to be glued up, as sore

- eyes—iyamapuspa. See puspa and askapa.
- in_+i-y a'-pu-spe-ya, v. a. to cause to glue on—iyapuspewaya.
 - adv. in a glued or sticking manner.
- to injure or i-ya'-sag, cont. of iyasaka.
- hurt one's feelings by what one | i y a' s a k a, v. n. of asaka; to be dried hard on, as skin garments on one—iyamasaka, iyamsakapi.

 - i-ya'-skam, cont. of iyaskapa; iyaskam wanka, it lies sticking on.
- fold up with; to wind on, as thread i-ya'-skam-ya, adv sticking to.
 - i y a' s k a p a, v. n. of askapa; to stick to, stick on, adhere to-iyamaskapa. See iyapuspa.
 - to press or suck one thing on another, as corn on the cob—imdaskića.
 - i-ya'-skin, cont. of iyaskića.
 - to wrap i-ya'-skin-ya, adv. pressing or sucking on.
 - i-ya'-ski-ska, v.n. tobesmoothed down, as the hair of an animal by swimming in water—iyamaskiska. T., stoyela.
 - i'-ya-sna-na, adv. gently. T, iwasteglala.
 - carefully, gently.
- i-ya'-pe-ya, adv. lying in wait i-ya'-sni, v. n. of asni; to become still, as a noise ceasing: ecen iyasni, so it became still; to recover from, as from anger or sickness.
 - i va' sni va, r.a. to give to one unexpectedly; to make quiet—iyasniwaya.

- i-y a'-s u, v. a. T. to judge, con-|i'-y a-t a-y e-l a, adv. T. persondemn for; i. q. iyaćo.
- i'-ya-s'a, v. of as'a; to shout at, shout against—fyawas'a, fyauns'api.
- i'-ya-śla-ya, adv. T. plainly, clearly: i. q. aślayela.
- i-ya'-ta, v. a. to promise to give, betroth to one, as a girl to a man imdata, idata. T., ku kta eya.
- i'-ya-tab-ye-la, adv. T. soon
- i-ya'-ta-hde, v. n. to go beyond, surpass; to go beyond ordinary bounds, be excessive.
- i-ya'-ta-hde, adv. full, running over.
- i-ya'-ta-hde-ya, v.a. to go beyond, surpass; to do more than is right, exact too much; to cause to go beyond; to be intemperate—iyatahdewaya, iyatahdeunyanpi; iyatahdeićiya, he is intemperate.
- i y a' t a h d e y a, adv. too much.
- i-ya'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. n. come to nothing, come to naught.
- i'- y a t a m, adv. soon, soon again. See itam.
- i-ya'-t'an, v. n. to touch with the mouth; to light, as a pipe, which is done by drawing a few times when | i - y a' - y u - s t a g, cont. of iyayuput to the fire—imdat'an, idat'an; ikićiyat'an, to light a pipe for one.
- i-ya'-ta-sag, cont. of iyatasaka.
- i-ya'-ta-sag-ya, adv. stiffly.
- i-ya'-ta-sa-ka, v. n. of tasaka; to become hard or stiff on one, as skin that has been wet and dried; | i - y a' - y u - z a, n. stiff or frozen on—iyamatasaka, iyauntasakapi.

- ally, it alone. See atayedan.
- i-ya'-wa, v. a. of yawa; to count by or according to, count togetherimdawa, idawa.
- i y a' y a , v. n. to have goneimdamde, idade, unkiyayapi: to have gone down, as, wi iyaya, the sun has gone down; to be more than, go over; to be more than enough, be a surplus, as, onge iyaya, there is some over; ikićiyaya, to remain for or stand to one's credit.
- i y a' y e y a, v. a. to cause to go or have gone, to send—iyayewaya.
- i-ya'-yu-ha, v. T. to have an attachment for, be a follower of: iyayuh waun, I am following him.
- i y a' y u h y a, adv. T. follow-
- i-ya'-yu-pta, v. n. to pass by without stopping—iyamdupta, iyadupta, iyaunyuptapi.
- i-ya'-yu-pte-ya, adv. passing by.
- i-ya'-yus, cont. of iyayuza; iyayus yuza, to hold anything close to another.
- staka, with, together with.
- i-ya'-yu-sta-ka, v. iyayustag heyun, to tie up one thing on another—iyayustag hemun.
- i y a' y u z a, v. a. of yuza; to hold to or at-iyamduza.
- a holder, as a cloth to hold a hot iron with.
- i-ya'-za, adv. one after another:

- iyaza kata, to kill one after another; ti iyaza waun, I go from house to house.
- i-ya'-zan, v. n. of yazan; to be sck on account of or by means of; to be affected by sympathy with—imayazan, iniyazan.
- i y a' z i, v. T. to be convalescent.
- i-ya'-zin, cont. of iyazita.
- i-ya'-zin-ya, v. a. to burn, as sweet leaves, to burn incense—iyazinwaya.
- i-ya'-zi-ta, v. n. to burn, as cedar leaves, to smoke and make a pleasant smell. See izita.
- i-ya'-źu, n. of aźu; something used to spread out and dry on: ćaŋśaśa iyaźu, a stick split partly, with others woven across, on which smoking-bark is placed to dry. T., ipusye.
- i'-ye, pers. pron. he, she, it. Pl., iyepi, they.
- i y e' c e c a, adv. like, like as, like to, such as, the same as. See dececa, hececa, and kakeca.
- i-ye'-ée-éa, v. n. to be like to iyemaćeća, iyenićeća, iyeunićećapi; it is fitting, proper: hećamon kta iyećeća, it is proper that I should do that.
- i-ye'-će-će-hin, adv. just like.
- i y e' ć e k ć e ć a, adv. red. of iyećeća.
- i-ye'-će-kćeŋ-ya, adv. red. of iyećenya.
- i-ye'-ćen, adv. like, in like manner. See dećen and ećen.
- i-ye'-ćen-ya, adv. like; a little

- less, not much: iyećenya se maku, he gave me about so much.
- i y e' é e t u, v.n. to be so, become so, to be as was expected; to come to pass, take place. See eéetu, deéetu, heéetu, and kaketu.
- i-ye'-će-tu, adv. so, thus, right.
- i y e' ć e t u y a, v. a. to make so, fulfill, accomplish—iyećetuwaya.
- i y e' ć e t u y a, adv. so.
- i-ye'-ée-tu-ya-ken, adv. in this manner.
- i'-ye-ćin, adv. (iye and ćin) voluntarily, of one's own accord, of one's self.
- i'-ye-cin-ka, adv. of one's self, of one's own accord, without advice: miyecinka ecamon, I did it of my-self.
- i'-ye-ćiŋ-ka-haŋ, adv. voluntarily.
- i-ye'-ću-hćin, pro. T. he him-self.
- i'-ye-eś, pron. he, she, it.
- i-ye'-ġa, v n. to shine, sparkle, twinkle, as the stars. T., ileġa.
- i-ye'-han, adv. at or to the place; at the time appointed. See dehan, hehan, and kahan.
- i y e'-han-han-tu, adv. red. of iyehantu; at the times or places referred to.
- i-ye'-han-tu, adv. at the time, now, at the same time; it is now the time; there, thus far, so far. See dehantu and kahantu.
- i-ye'-han-tu-dan, adv. just at the time.

- i-ye'-han-tu-dan-hin, adr. exactly at the time.
- i-ye'-han-tu-śni, adv. not time
- i-ye'-han-tu-ya, adv.
- i-ye'-han-wa-pa, adr. towards; the time.
- i-ye'-haŋ-haŋ-ke-ća, adv. of iyehankeća.
- i-ye'-han-han-yan, adv. red. of iyehanyan.
- i-ye'-han-ke-ća, adv. so long, of the same length.. See dehankeća and hehankeća.
- i-ye'-han-yan, adv. so far; at the proper time. See dehanyan, hehanyan, and kahanyan.
- i y e h', cont. of iyega. T., ileh.
- i-yeh'-ya, v.a. to cause to shine iyehwaya. T., ilehya.
- $i y e h' y e \dot{g} a$, v. red. of $iye\dot{g}a$; to twinkle. T., ilehlega.
- i-yeh'-yeh-ya, v.a. to cause to twinkle
- $i y e' i \xi i y a$, v. reflex. of iyeya; to find one's self; to put or | i - y e' - p e, v. n. to lodge on, as one thrust one's self: ohna iyeiçiya, to push or crowd one's self in.
- i'-ye-i-tkom, adv. T., iye śitkob. | i-ye'-pe-pe-ya, adv. unsettled, See iyeitkopatanhan.
- i'-ye-i-tko-pa-taŋ-haŋ, *adv*. returning the compliment; as when should be said to himself.
- i'-ye-ka-eś, pron. even he. T., iyekaleś.
- i-ye'-ki-ći-han-tu, v. n. to be 'i'-yeś, pron. See iyeeś.

- suitable for one, be befitting or belong to one; to be the time or opportunity for one—iyemićihantu, iyeuŋkićihantupi. See iyehantu.
- at the i-ye'-ki-ya, v. a. pos. of iyeya; to find one's own; to recognise any person or thing; to experience, as, iyotanhan iyekiya, to find it hard, have difficulty; to put or push one's own in, as, ohna ivekiya—iyewakiya, iyeunkiyapi, iyemakiya.
 - i-ye'-kta-śni, adv. T. rectly, not according to rule.
 - i'-ye-ke, pron. he himself, even he, she herself, etc. T., iyeskalaka.
 - i'-ye-keś, pron Same as íyeke.
 - 'i y e' n a, adv. so many, as many as. See dena, hena, and kana.
 - i-ye'-na-ka, adv. as many as.
 - i y e' n a k e ć a , adv. so many, as many as, as much as-iyemanakeća, iyeunnakećapi. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ iyenakća. See denakeća, henakeća, and kanakeća.
 - i y e' n a ŋ g n a k e ć a , adv. red. of iyenakeća.
 - tree on another in falling. iyope.
 - without an abiding place, going from house to house: iyepepeya waun, I am unsettled.
- one says to another what was fit i y e' p e y a, v. a. to make one tree lodge on another—iyepewaya, iyepemyanpi. T., iyopeya.
 - i-ye'-pe-ya, adv. lodging on

- i-ye'-śni, intj you don't say so! it cannot be!—iyepiśni. T., iye-śnicaś.
- i y e' ś n i ć a, intj. Same as iyeśni.
- i-ye'-ya, v. a. to find anything; to put, place, or thrust into: ohna iyeya, to thrust into—iyewaya, iyeunyanpi. See iyeiçiya.
- i-ye'-ya, v. aux. It is appended to verbs commencing with "ba," "bo," "ka," "pa," "ya," etc., and also to some adverbs; and generally gives emphasis, and expresses quickness or suddenness of action—iyewaya, iyeyaya, iyeunyanpi.
- i y e' y a, or i y e y e, v. n. to be, exist: wićaśta iyeye ćin, all men. See also hiyeye.
- i-ye'-źa-ka, adv See iyeźakaken.
- i-ye'-źa-ka-ken, adv. unable, failing by a little; said when one fails of doing what he has been accustomed to do: iyeźakaken temye śni, he was unable to eat it up.
- i-yo', prep. in comp. compounded of i and o, with y introduced for euphony; to, in, into.
- i-yo'-blu-la, n. T. a sheltered place
- i-yo'-blu-la, adv. T. sheltered.
- i-yo'-ća-hda, adv rattling; said of a noise made in the mouth: iyoćahda se iyaya, to go down rattling, as a bullet when put into a gun.
- i-yo'-ćo-ka-ya, adv (i and oćokaya) in the midst of; all put into

- the mouth; all swallowed up in; wiconte kin he woohiye kin e ocowasin iyocokaya, death is swallowed up in victory
- i-yo'-co-tka, n. the two large lobes of the stomach.
- i-yog', cont. of iyoka; iyog iyeya, to put on one side, to drive out—iyog iyewaya, iyog iyeunyanpi.
- i-yog'-ya, adv. aside, away.
- i-yo'-ha-kam, adv. after in time, subsequent to. See, ihakam and ohakam.
- i-yo'-ha-kam-tu, adv. afterwards
- i-yo'-ha-kam-tu-ya, adv. afterwards.
- i-yo'-ha-kam-tu-ya-ken, adv. a little after.
- i-yo'-ha-ka-pa, adv. subsequent to. See ihakapa.
- i-yo'-ha-ka-pa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. afterwards. T., iyakapataŋhaŋ.
- i-yo'-han, r. a. of ohan; to boil one thing with another—iyowahe, iyounhanpi.
- i-yo'-hda-hda, adv. rattling; iyohdahda se iyaya, to make a noise, as a bullet put into a gun, to go down with a rattling noise.
- i-yo'-hda-mna, adv. circuitously, round all the crooks and turns.
- i y o' h d a m n a y a n, adr. circuitously, particularly: iyohdamnayan wohdaka, to relate particularly.
- i-y o'-h da-m n i-y a n, adv. round about, circuitously.

- i-yo'-hdi, n. hone, whetstone. T, miyogli.
- i-yo'-hdi-ya, v. a. to rub back and forth, as in whetting or stropping a razor—iyohdiwaya.
- i'-yo-he, n. around the feet, socks, stockings.
- i-yo'-hi, adj. each, every one; i. q. otoiyohi.
- i y o' h i l a, adj. Т. each one: *i. q.* iyohi.
- i-yo'-hi, v. a. to reach, get to, arrive at, a place—iyowahi: to be sufficient for, reach to one, as in a division of articles; to be large enough for, as a garment—iyomahi, iyounhipi, iyowićahi.
- i-yo'-hi-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to reach or arrive at; to give to each one, make go round, as in dividing articles; to pay one's debts entirely up-iyohiwakiya, iyohiunkiyapi.
- i-yo'-hi-śni, v. not to reach to. See iyohi.
- i-yo'-hi-śni-yan, v. a. to cause | i-yo'-hlo-ke, n not to reach to. See iyohiya.
- i y o' h i y a, v. a. to cause to reach a place; to extend the hand to; to make reach to all; to pay up one's debts-iyohiwaya, iyohiunyanpi.
- i'-yo-hmus, cont. of iyohmuza; íyohmus yaŋka.
- i'-yo-hmus-ya, v. a. to cause to | i-yo'-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. shut the mouth.
- i'-yo-hmu-za, v. n. (i and ohmuza) to have the mouth shut, lay the hand on the mouth—iyowahmuza.

- a razor-strop; a | i y o' h n a g, cont. of iyohnaka; iyohnag iyeya,
 - | i-yo'-hnag-ki-ya, v.a. to put into the mouth of another; to give to eat, cause to eat—iyohnagwakiya.
- something wrapped | i y o' h n a g y a, v. a. to cause to put into the mouth, give food to—iyohnagwaya.
 - i-yo'-h na-ka, v. a. (i and ohnaka) to put into the mouth, as food—iyowahnaka, iyounhnakapi.
 - i-yo'-hna-ka, n. a mouthful.
 - i-yo'-ha, n. the lower part of the face, the side of the face; the jowl, lower jaw of animals.
 - i-yo'-ha-ćan-du-hu-pa, the common short-stemmed pipe. iyohaćannonpa.
 - $i y o' h a h i \eta$, n. whiskers: iyohahinsma and iyohinsma, heavy whiskers.
 - i-yo'-ha-ha, n. T. water-falls. See haha.
 - i-yo'-hda-te-ya, adv. of ohdateya; underneath.
 - T. the mouth of a stream.
 - i y o' li p a . See iyulipa.
 - i-yo'-hpa-ya, v. a. to go in, fall into, alight in, as ducks in a pond; to join, become partakers of, as in joining a church or society—iyowalipamda.
 - as iyohpeya.
 - i-yo'-hpe-ya, v. a. to throw or cast into; to cause to fall into, to plant, as corn or other grain—iyo-

- hpewaya: iyohpeiçiya, to cast one's | i-yo'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. self into-iyohpemiçiya.
- i y o' k a, adj. another, as, wićasta iyoka, another man; in another place, elsewhere.
- i y o' k a d a, v = a. of okada; to empty or pour into, as grain—iyowakada.
- anything is poured to measure with: mazakan iyokada, a gun-charger.
- i-yo'-ka-du-za, n. air in motion, a breeze. See kaduza and okaduza.
- i-yo'-ka-du-za, adj. airy, cool.
- i'-yo-ka-ġa, adv. of okaġa; down stream, south of, below. T., ihutab.
- i'-yo-ka-ġa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from down stream, south of.
- i'-yo-kah, cont. of iyokaga.
- i'-yo-kah-ki-ya, adv. down stream, south of.
- i'-yo-kah-wa-pa, *adj*. down stream, in a southerly direction.
- i-yo'-kan, cont. of iyokata.
- i-yo'-kan-ya, v. a. to warm, make hot in—iyokanwaya, iyokanmayan; to heat with, as a room by means of a stove.
- i-yo'-ka-pa, v. of kapa; to surpass—iyowakapa.
- i y o' k a p a s, cont. of iyokapaza.
- i-yo'-ka-pas-ya, v. a. to exert an evil influence upon, as on a sick person by one's presence, to make worse—iyokapaswaya, iyokapasmayan.
- i-yo'-ka-pas-ye-&a, v.a. Same as iyokapasya.

- hind, after; younger than-miyokapatanhan. Same as iyohakapataŋhaŋ. T., iyakapatanhan.
- i y o' k a p a z a, v. n. to be pungent, make smart, as pepper or mustard seed in the mouth-fyomakapaza.
- i-yo'-ka-da, n. something into which | i-yo'-ka-pte, n. of kapte; something to dip with, a dipper, ladle.
 - i y o' k a śke, n. of kaśka; something that connects, something to bind with.
 - i-yo'-ka-ta, v. n. of okata; to be warm in, warm by reason of.
 - i-yo'-ka-tan, v. a. of okatan; to drive in, as a nail, on something iyowakatan, iyounkatanni.
 - i-yo'-ka-tku-ġe, n. of katkuġa; a nail, screw; tiyopa iyokatkuģe, nails; maza iyokatkuge, nails. T., a nut of a screw.
 - i-yo'-ka-win-ġa, v. round and round.
 - i-yo'-ka-winh, cont. of iyokawiŋġa.
 - i-yo'-ka-zi-ća-hde, adv. stretching up, on tip-toe: iyokazićahde wanyaka, to see by stretching up. T., igluzića.
 - i y o' k i, v. a. to permit, encourage. Not used except with "sni," or in a negative form. See iyokiśni and iyokika.
 - i-yo'-ki-ća-sde-ća, v. a. of kasdeća; to split in two in the middle iyokiwakasdeća.
 - i-yo'-ki-ća-śka, v.a. of kaśka;

- to tie together, as two strings—iyo- | i-yo'-ki-pi, v. a. kiwakaska.
- i-yo'-ki-ća-śke-ya, adv. tied together, connected or following each other, as the seasons, without any intervening time.
- i y o' k i ća ś p a, v. a. of kaśpa; to divide in the middle—iyokiwakaśpa.
- i'-yo-ki-he, v.n. to be next to, be second—iyowakihe.
- i'-yo-ki-he, adj. second, next to.
- i-yo'-ki-he, n. a joint: hu iyo-kihe, the leg-joint. See ókihe.
- i'-yo-ki-he-ya, adv. lengthened out, added to, next to, following, succeeding. See okiheya.
- i-yo'-ki-hi, v a. of okihi; to be able for; to come upon, come up with—iyowakihi, iyounkihipi.
- i-yo'-ki-hi-ya, v. a. to make able for—iyokihiwaya. See oki-hiya.
- i-yo'-ki-hi-ya, adv. ably.
- i-yo'-ki-hnag, cont. of iyokihnaka; iyokihnag hinhda, at the same instant; said of guns fired off at the same time.
- i-yo'-ki-hna-ka, va. of okihnaka; to put or place in together; to put in one's own mouth—iyowakihnaka.
- i-yo-ki'-ka, v. a. to forbid, hinder. Same as iyokiśni.
- i-yo'-ki-ni-han, adj. of okinihan; honored for.
- i-yo'-ki-ni-han-yan, adv. honorably.

- i-yo'-ki-pi, v. a. to please, be pleasing to—iyowakipi, iyounkipipi, iyoéiéipi.
- i-yo'-ki-pi, v. n. to be pleased with, to like; to be contented—iyo-makipi, iyonićipi, iyonykipipi.
- i y o' k i p i y a, v. a. to please, cause to be pleased—iyokipiwaya, iyokipiunyanpi, iyokipimayan.
- i-yo'-ki-pi-ya, adv. delight-fully, pleasantly.
- i-yo'-ki-pta, v. pos. of iyopta; to go towards home; to advance, go on, make progress in any business of one's own—iyomakipta, iyonicipta.
- i-yo'-ki-se, n. of okise; the half of anything cut in two.
- i-yo'-ki-śi-ća, v. n. to be sad, sorry, grieved—iyomakiśića, iyoni-ćiśića, iyounkiśićapi: waćin iyoki-śića, to be displeased with, have one's mind made sad by—waćin iyowaki-śića.
- i-yo'-ki-śi-ća-pi, n. sadness, sorrow.
- i-yo'-ki-śi-ća-ya, v. a. to make sad, to sadden. See iyokiśinya.
- i-yo'-ki-śi-ća-ya, adv. sadly.
- i y o' k i ś i n , cont. of iyokiśića; iyokiśin wauŋ.
- i-yo'-ki-śin-ya, v.a. to sadden, grieve, displease, disappoint iyokiśinwaya, iyokiśinuŋyaŋpi, iyokiśinmayaŋ.
- i-yo'-ki-sin-ya, adv. in a manner producing sadness, sadly.
- adv. i y o k i' ś n i , v. a. to forbid, prevent, hinder—iyowakiśni, iyounki-

- piśni, iyomakiśni, iyoćićiśni. iyokika, anića, etc.
- i-yo'-ki-ta-he-dan, adv. between. See okitahedan.
- i-yo'-ki-tan-in, n. of otanin; manifestation.
- i-yo'-ki-tan-in-yan, adv. manifestly.
- i'-yo-ki-win, v. a. to make a motion with the mouth, to gesture to one with the mouth—iyowakiwin.
- i'-yo-ki-yu-sde-ća, v. n. of yusdeća; to split in two, be divided in customs.
- i'-yo-ki-yu-sden, cont. of iyokiyusdeća; divided in customs: iyokiyusden unyakonpi, we are in a divided state.
- i-yo'-ko-hnag, cont. See iyo-. kihnag.
- i'-yo-ko-pe-ya, *adv*. opposite wanka, it lies beyond the lake.
- i'-yo-kos, adv.in the mean time. i'-yo-ko-san, adv. in the mean time. See osan.
- i-yo'-kpa-ni, v. n. to lack, be wanting; to be less than, not enough; to fail, not to reach in time, not to accomplish—iyowakpani, iyounkpanipi.
- i-yo'-kpa-ni-ya, v. a. to cause to lack, etc.—iyokpaniwaya.
- i-yo'-kpa-ni-yan, adv. lacking, failing of.
- i-yo'-ko-pa, n. the board on hokśiyokopa.

- See |i-y| o'-mda-ye, n. of omdaye; a plain extending from, as from a hill.
 - i-yo'-mni, n. a sheltered place, a harbor.
 - i y o' m n i n a, a sheltered n. T., ioblula. See place, a harbor. omnina.
 - i-yo'-mni-yan, adv. in a sheltered place; more particularly, over again; iyomniyan oćićiyake kte śni, I will not tell it to you again.
 - i-yo'-mni-yen, adv leisurely. T., hanhiya. See iwomniyen.
 - i-yo'-mni-ye-tu, adv. slowly, carefully. See iwomniyetu.
 - i-yo'-na-ni-yan *and* i-yo'-kani-yan, v. n. T. to be jarred or shaken by something heavy falling.
 - i-yo'-o-pta, adv. of opta; through, beyond. See iyopta.
- to, beyond, in sight: mde (yokopeya i y o' o p t a i y a y a, v. to go by or beyond, go on further; to go through, pass through. See iyoptaiyaya.
 - i-yo'-o-pta-i-ya-ya-pi, n. See iyooptaiyeyapi.
 - i-yo'-o'-pta-i-ye-ya-pi, n. a purge, a cathartic, as rhubarb, salts, oil, etc.
 - i y o' o p ta y a, v. n. to pass on, go beyond.
 - i-yo'-pa-ski-ća, *v. a.* press in, ram in, as in loading a gun.
 - i'-yo-pa-stag, cont. of iyopastaka; íyopastag wann, I am exciting.
- which a Dakota child is fastened. See 'i'-yo-pa-stag-ya, adv. encouragingly.

- i'-yo-pa-śta-ka, v. a. to excite, incite, encourage—íyowapaśtaka, íyoóipaśtaka.
- i-yo'-pa-ta, v. a. to patch, sew a piece on—iyowapata, iyounpatapi.
- i-yo'-pa-zan, v. a. of opazan; to put into the mouth; to put in around the waist; to load, as a gun iyowapazan.
- i-yo'-pa-zan, n. something to bind or hold in, as a ferrule; the brass ring that holds in the ramrod of a gun; the ramrod itself; the bore of a gun.
- i-yo'-pe, v.n. T. to fall and lodge on, as one tree on another: i.q.iyepe.
- i-yo'-pe-i-çi-ya, v. reflex. of iyopeya; to blame one's self, reprove one's self; to repent, change one's self; to sell one's self—iyopemiçiya, iyopeunkiçiyapi.
- i-yo'-pe-i-çi-ya-pi, n. a blaming one's self, repentance.
- i-yo'-pe-ki-ya, va. to reprove, chide, scold, to correct, punish; to change for something else, exchange—iyopewakiya, iyopeunkiyapi, iyopemakiya, iyopeciciya.
- i-yo'-pe-ya, v. a. to chide, reprove; to correct, punish; to give in exchange for, barter—iyopewaya, iyopeunyanpi.
- i-yo'-pe-ya, v. a. T. to make lodge on.
- i-yo'-pe-ya, adv. T. lodging on.
- i-yo'-pe-ye, n. the price paid: exchange.

- i'-yo-pa-sta-ka, v. a. to excite, i-yo'-psa-psa, v. n. T. to boil incite, encourage—iyowapastaka, up in bubbles.
 - i-yo'-pśa-pśa-ye, adv. T. red. of iyopśaye,
 - i y o' p s a y e, adv. T. close together; i. q. akipsa.
 - i-yo'-pta, v. n. to go on, move on, as a cloud; to go forward, advance, make progress in anything—imayopta and iyomapta, iniyopta and iyonipta, unkiyoptapi and iyounptapi.
 - i-yo'-pta, adv. of opta; through. See iyoopta.
 - i y o' p t a i y a y a, v. n. to pass through, passon. See iyooptaiyaya.
 - i-yo'-pta-i-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to pass through.
 - i-yo'-pta-i-ye-ya-pi, n. a purge, cathartic; i. q. iyooptaiye-yapi.
 - i-yo'-pte-ya, v.n. to have acquired some skill, made some progress—iyoptewaya.
 - i-yo'-pu-lidi, n. wadding for a qun.
 - i-yo'-pu-lidi-ya, v. a. to use for gun-wadding.
 - i y o' p u s k i é a , n. a ramrod. T., iyopazan.
 - i y o p u s k i é a, v. a. to ram in tight: i. q. iyopaskiéa.
 - i y o s'. See heniyos.
 - i-yos'-na-na. See heniyosnana.
 - i y o' ś n i ź a , v. n. to be blinded by the sun or snow—iyomaśniźa. See iśtośniźa.
 - i-yo'-śtan, n. of ostan; something



- pushed into the mouth of anything, a vial-cork, a stopper. See iostan.
- i-yo'-stan-pi, n. a cork, a stop-
- i-yo'-ta-he-dan, adv. between: unkiyotahedan, between us. See otahedan.
- i-yo'-ta-he-pi, adv. between one place and another. See otahepi.
- i-yo'-ta-kons, cont. of iyotakonza; opposite to, over against. T., iyotalkons. See otakons.
- i-yo'-ta-kons-ya, adv. with, opposite to.
- i y o' t a k o p z a, adv. of otakonza; opposite to, over against; even with. T., iyotalkonza.
- i-yo'-tan, adj. great, greater, greatest, chief; used in comparing one thing with another—imayotan, iniyotan, unkiyotanpi.
- i y o' t a y, adv. most, very: iyotan waste, very good, the best; iyotan ksapa, the wisest; iyotan sića, the worst. See also iyotaniyekiya.
- i y o' t a n d a, v. See iyotandaka.
- i-yo'-tan-da-ka, v.a. to esteem most, value most highly—iyotanwadaka.
- i'-yo-tang, cont. of iyotanka; íyotang hiyeya.
- i'-yo-tang-ki-ya, v. a. to cause |i-yo'-wa, n. to sit down--iyotangwakiya.
- i-yo'-tan-han, adv. very much. Same as iyotan. See iyotanhaniyekiya.
- i y o' tan han i y e k i y a, v. a. to have trouble, have a hard time, | i - y o' - w a n - k e, n. habit.

- have difficulty; to trouble, make difficulty or hardship for another—iyotanhaniyewakiya.
- i-yo'-tan-héin, adv. T. chiefly, most of all.
- | i y o' tan i y e k i y a, v. a. to find it difficult or hard, experience difficulty from; to trouble, make labor or difficult for one—ivotanivewakiya; iyotaniyemayakiya, thou hast given me a hard time.
- i'-yo-taŋ-ka, v. n. to sit, be sitting; to sit down; to sit up, get up ímdotanka, ídotanka.
- i'-yo-tan-ka-han, part. sitting.
- i'-yo-tan-ke-han, part. sitting.
- i-yo'-tan-yan, v.a. to count the greatest—iyotanwaya.
- i-yo'-tan-yan, adv. greatly.
- i-yo'-tpa-ni, v.a. Same as iyo-
- i-yo'-tpa-ni-yan, adv. Same as iyokpaniyan.
- i-yo'-to-hnag, cont. of iyotohnaka; iyotohnag mda, I go at the risk of my life.
- i y o' t o h n a k a, v. n. to hazard life, risk one's life, go into danger. See aotohnaka.
- $|\mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \cdot \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{a}, v. n.$ to gape, yawniyowawa, iyounwapi. T., iyoya.
- writing materials. See iowa.
- i-yo'-wang, cont. of iyowanke; iyowangiçiya, to be in the habit of, form a habit, take lessons from—iyowangmiçiya. See owangya.

- i-yo'-waś, cont. of iyowaźa; iyo- | i-yo'-wo-tan-in, n. waś waun śni I am not near it.
- i-yo'-wa-źa, adv. of owaźa; near | to, equal to, relating to; concerned in. i - y o' - y a, v. n.
- i y o' w a 2a k a, adv. Used with the meaning of iyowaźaśni.
- i-yo'-wa-źa-śni, adv. not near to, not equal to, having nothing to do with: iyowaźaśni waun, and iyowaś waun śni, I am not near to him or it, in any respect, I am not con-|i-y| o'-y a-k a, v. n cerned in it; i. q. iwatokiyapaśni.
- i-yo'-wa-źa-śni-yaŋ, adv. not near to.
- i-yo'-we-ha-dan, and i-yo'-wiha-dan, adv. in jest, jestingly.
- i-yo'-wi-éa-ki-śi-ée, n. of i-yo' yam, cont. of iyoyappa. iyokiśića; sorrow, sadness.
- i-yo'-wi-ća-ya-ka, n. of iyoyaka; sorrow, sadness; sympathy, irritableness.
- i y o' w i h a n , adv. in fun, in say it in jest.
- i-yo'-win, v. See iyokiwin.
- i-yo'-win-ki-ya, v.a. to permit, suffer, connive at; to receive, accept—iyowinwakiya, iyowinunkiyapi, iyowinmakiya.
- i-yo'-win-yan, v. a. ceive, accept; to be sufficient for, accomplish, said of medicine in curing | i - y o' - z i - y a, adv. at rest. disease—iyowinwaya, iyowinunyanpi, iyowinmayan.
- i-yo'-win-ye-śni, adv. without leave, contrary to orders; insufficient, i - y o' - źaŋ - źaŋ, n. of oźaŋźaŋ; inoperative, as medicine.

- from which one can see to a great distance, as a hill. See owotanin.
- T. to gape, yawn; i. q. iyowa.
- i-yo'-yag, cont. of iyoyaka; iyoyag waun.
- i y o' y a g y a, v. a. to displease, offend; to make sick—iyoyagwaya, iyoyagunyanpi.
- to be offended, displeased; to be made sick—iyomayaka, iyounyakapi.
- i y o' y a k e c a, v. n. to be sorrouful, distressed—iyomayakeća, iyoniyakeća.
- i-yo'-yam-ya, v. a. to shine on, illuminate, enlighten—iyoyamwaya, iyoyamunyanpi, iyoyammayan
- i y o' y a m y a, adv. illuminated, in an illuminated manner.
- jest: iyowilian epe śni, I did not i-yo'-yaŋ-pa, v. n. to shine, give light. See appa and iyoźanźan.
 - i-yo'-yan-pa, n. light.
 - i-yo'-yan-pa-ya, v. a. lighten, shine on—iyoyanpawaya, iyoyanpamayan.
 - i y o' z a. See heniyoza and oza.
 - to bear, i-yo'-zi, n. of ozi; rest, repose.
- endure; to permit, connive at; to re-\ii-yo'-zi-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to rest—iyoziwakiya.

 - i-yo'-zi-zi-ya, adv. red. of iyoziya; leisurely; iyoziziya yatkan, to sip, drink by draughts.
 - light. See iyoyanna.

- i-yo'-źaŋ-źaŋ-yaŋ, v. n. to shine, shine into, give light to
- i y o' źaŋ źaŋ yaŋ, adv. shining, giving light
- i-yo'-źib-na-la, and i-yo'źib-ye-la, adv. T. full to the brim. See iyuźimnana.
- i y u' b e, n. something to rub with: maziyube, a file. See iyuman and yube.
- i yu' ć a ŋ , v. a. to sift, to shake, as in sifting—imdućan. See yućan.
- i-yu'-ćan and wi'-yu-ćan, n. a sieve.
- i y u' e ć e t u , v. a. to perfect. make right by means of—imduećetu. See yuećetu.
- i y u' ġ e y a , adj. all, the whole; iyuġeya dećena waśte, all alone is good.
- i y u' h a , adj. Ih. and T. all:
 i. q. iyuhpa.
- i y u' h a y a, adv. T. loosely, slovenly.
- i-yu'-ha-ha-ya, adv. T. red. of iyuhaya.
- i-yu'-hin-he, n. a harrow: i q iyuhinte.
- i-yu'-hin-te, n. of yuhinta; any thing to rake with, as mahiyuhinte, a rake.
- i-yu'-hmi-hma, n. of yuhmihma; something that turns a thing, a turner, as a water-wheel.
- i-yu'-hna-yan, r. n. of yuhna-yan; to be deceived, as in the prospect of receiving something—imayuhnayan, iniyuhnayan.

- to | i y u' h o t a, n. the intestines, all the inside of an animal.
 - i y u' h é i , v. a. to break out, as the eye of a needle—imduhéi.
 - i-yu'-lida-ta, v. a. of yulidata; to catch hold of with, as with a hook; to scratch with—imdulidata.
 - i y u' h d a t e, n. (i and yuhdata) something to catch with, something to scratch with.
 - i-yu'-hdo-ke, n. of yuhdoka; something to open with, something to make a hole with: tiyopa iyuhdoke, a door-opener, i. e., a key: Ih. the mouth of a stream. T., iyuśloka.
 - i-yu'-he-pe, n. of yuhepa; an absorber, a sponge.
 - i-yu'-limun, n. of yulimun; a sling.
 - i y u' li p a , adj. all, the whole. T., iyuha.
 - i y u' h p e, n. of yuhpa; something to pull down with.
 - i'-yu-kaŋ-pi, v pl. they go and remain. The singular of this is not so used. Seè yukaŋ.
 - i-yu'-kéaŋ, v. a. of yukéaŋ; to understand, have an opinion or understanding of; to think, guess; to decide—imdukéaŋ, idukéaŋ, uŋkiyukéaŋpi, iéiyukéaŋ; imayadukéaŋ, thou understandest me.
 - i y u' k é a ŋ k e , n. one who forms an opinion.
 - i-yu'-kéaŋ-ken, adv. guessing: iyukéaŋken aya, to go on guessing.
 - i-yu'-kćan-yan, v. n. to cause

- to understand—iyukéanwaya, iyu- | i y u ŋ', intj. See inyun. kćanunyanpi.
- i-yu'-kéan-yan, adv. thinking, having understanding of.
- i y u' k e z e, n. of yukeza; a scraper. T., ićakoge.
- i-yu'-kin, v. a. to wrench, pryimdukin, unkiyukinpi.
- i-yu'-kin-yan, adv. prying.
- i-yu'-ki-pam, adv. divided. Not much used.
- i-yu'-kpan, v. a. of yukpan; to rub up fine, as with the fingersimdukpaŋ.
- i-yu'-kpan, n. something to make fine with, a mill. See wiyukpan.
- i y u' k p u k p a, v. a. of yukpukpa; to break up fine and mingle together—imdukpukpa.
- i-yu'-ksa, v. a. of yuksa; to break off with, cut off with—imduksa, unkiyuksapi.
- i-yu'-kse, n. something to break or cut off with, snuffers.
- i-yu'-ke-ge, n. of yukega; a grater.
- i-yu'-man, n. of yuman. See iyube.
- i-yu'-mni, n. of yumni; something that turns round: tate iyumni, a whirlwind; can iyumni, an auger.
- i y u n', cont. of iyuta; to cat with, as one thing with another.
- i-yun'-ki-ton, n. something to eat with, sauce.
- i-yun'-ton, n. something to cat with other things, sauce, condiment.

- i'-yun, v. to use: hu iyun, to use one's legs, be on foot; hu fyun hiyu, to come on foot. T. to rub on, apply, as paint or grease. See iun.
- $\mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$, v. T. i. q. iwanga.
- $\mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{y}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, v. T. i. q. iwanka.$
- i'-yun-ken, adv. hu iyunken, on foot.
- i-yun'-win, n. remuneration, something to pay with: iyunwin yukan, there is pay; iyunwin codan, without pay.
- i-yun'-win-ton, v. to have the means of paying, have something to give for—iyunwinwaton.
- i-yun'-win-yan, v. a. to have or use as pay-iyunwinwaya.
- $i y u' p a \dot{g} a$, v. a. to gather up in the hand, as the mouth of a bag for tying; to seize, lay hold of, arrest, as a desperate fellow: as iyupah iću—imdupaġa.
- i-yu'-pah, cont. of iyupaga; iyupah yuza, to clasp tight, as the mouth of a bag. See yupah.
- i-yu'-pam, adv. all together. T., ptayela.
- i-yu'-pan, v.a. to break or rub up, as in the hand—imdupan.
- i-yu'-pi-źa, adj. wrinkled.
- i-yu'-pse, n. a steering-oar, the helm, rudder. T., wasinte.
- i-yu'-pse-ki-ći-yu-za, v. a. to hold the helm for one, steer a boat for one; to keep one from doing wrong, lead him to do right-iyupsewećiyuza.

- i-yu'-pse-pse-ya, adv. red. of | i-yu'-son, cont. of iyusota; iyuson iyupseya.
- i-yu'-pse-ya, adv. crookedly, zig-
- i y u' p s e y u z a, v. to hold the helm, steer a boat, hold the paddle against the water so as to turn the boat, to back water—iyupsemduza. T., wasinte yuhomni.
- i y u' p s e y u z e, n. a pilot, theone who holds the helm.
- i-yu'-pśa-ya, adv. mixed up, all | i-yu'-śdo-ka, n. of yuśdoka; together good and bad.
- i'-yu-pśi-pśi-źa, v. to have the lips quiver, as from cold, etc. ímayupsipsiza. T., pute gniyanyaŋ.
- i'-y-u-pśi-źa. See íyupsipsiza.
- i-yu'-pta, v. iyupta iću, to take up with a spade, to dig and take up, as in spading—iyupta iwaću.
- I'-yu-pta-la, n. p. T. a societylike the Omaha dance society.—w. J. C.
- i-yu'-pu-za, v. a. of yupuza; to make dry with—imdupuza.
- i-yu'-pu-ze, n. something to make dry with, a towel.
- i y u' s a k e, n. T. a gad, a whip.
- i-yu'-sdo-he, n. of yusdohan; something to drag along, a sled. Hence, caniyusdohe, something to haul wood on, a wood-sled.
- i-yu'-sdo-he-ton, v. to have a sled or team—iyusdohewaton.
- i yu' s do he to y na, n. something that trails.
- i y u' s k i t e, n. a bandage: of yuskita.

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- eyaya, all passed by.
- i y u' s o t a, v. a. of yusota; to use all up with, use up for-imdusota, unkiyusotapi.
- i y u s' o y a h, adv. with difficulty, i. q. kitan hin: iyusoyah pakpi, to pick open with difficulty. T., iyusoyalićin.
- i-yu'-śda, n. of yuśda; scissors, shears.
- something to pull out with, as a corkscrew.
- $i y u' \acute{s} do ke$, n. Ih. a key.—J. P. w. T., iyuśloke. See iyuhdoke.
- i-yu'-śdu-śdu-ta, n. of yuśdusduta; something to make smooth with, a rubber, polisher.
- i y u' śi ća, v. of yuśića. to injure by means of, make bad withimduśića.
- i-yu'-śi-će, n. something that makes bad or injures.
- i y u' śka, n. of yuśka; something by means of which to untie a bundle; what is given in return on the occasion of untying a bundle of tobacco sent from another village or people. This is a Dakota custom. A bundle of tobacco is sent to renew the bond of friendship between bands or villages. If it is untied, blankets, guns, kettles, etc., are sent back in return; if they have nothing to give, they cannot untie the bundle.
- i-yu'-śki-ća, v.a. to press on and

- cut ccidentally, as with a knife; to wring out of, as out of water imduskića.
- i-yu'-śki-će, n. of yuśkića; a
- i-yu'-śkin, cont. of iyuśkića and iyuśkita.
- i-vu'-śkin, v. n. to rejoice, be glad; to rejoice in—imduskin, iduskin, unkiyuskinpi.
- i-yu'-śkin-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to rejoice—iyuskinwakiya.
- i-yu'-śkiŋ-śkiŋ, v. red. of iyuśkiŋ.
- i-yu'-śkin-śkin-yan, adv. red. of iyuskinyan.
- i-yu'-śkin-yan, v. a to make glad, to gladden, rejoice—iyuśkinwaya, iyuskinmayan.
- i-yu'-śkin-yan, adv. gladly, rejoicingly.
- i-yu'-śki-ta, v.a. to press upon and cut with a knife—imduskita, imayuśkita. See baśkita.
- i-yu'-śla, n. T. shears, scissors, i. q. iyuśda.
- i-yu'-ślo-ka, n. T. something to pull out with; i. q. iyuśdoka.
- i y u' s n a, n. of yusna; one that has lost its mate, an odd onc.
- i y u' s p a, v. a. of yuspa; to pick off from, as a scab—imduspa.
- i-yu'-śpu, v. a. of yuśpu; to pick off from, as corn from the strings imduśpu.
- i-yu'-śtan, v. a. of yustan; to finekta waki ka owasin wiyeya imdu-

- stan, when I have gone home and prepared a place—John xiv, 3.
- i-yu'-ta, v. a to measure, weigh; to try, attempt—imduta, iduta, unkiyutapi: can iyuta, to measure with a stick.
- i-yu'-ta, v. T. of uta; to taste.
- i y u' ta, v. of yuta; to eat with, as one thing with another—iwata, iyata.
- i-yu'-tan, v. a. to put in grease and mash up, to make pemmican imdutan, idutan, unkiyutanpi.
- i-yu'-tan, v. to tempt; to betempted or tried—imagutan, iniyutan, unkiyutanpi.
- i-yu'-tan, n. the trigger of a gun.
- $i y u' t' a \eta t' a \eta$, v. a. of yut'an; to touch, feel in several places—imdut'ant'an, unkiyut'ant'anpi.
- i-yu'-tan-yan, v. a. to tempt, try, prove—iyutanwaya, iyutanunyanpi, iyutanmayan.
- i-yu'-tan-yan, adv. tempting, trying.
- i-yu'-ta-pi, n. a measure; an acre; a mile; a bushel; a pound; nogiyutapi, a yard.
- +i-yu'-te-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to measure; to adjust, arrange, appoint—iyutewakiya.
- i-yu'-te-pa, v. n. of yutepa; tobe torn off by anything.
- i-yu'-te-ya, v. a. to adjust—iyutewaya, iyuteunyanpi.
- i-yu'-te*ya, adv. by measure.
- ish inside, to finish for-imdustan: | i y u' t i t an, v. a. of yutitan; to pull by—imdutitan.

- i-yu'-ti-tan, v. n. to be stretched or pulled by.
- i-yu'-ti-tan-yan, adv. stretched | i-yu'-zi-ya, adv. partly in sight;
- i-yut'-ki-ton, n. See iyunkiton.
- i-yu'-tku-ġe, n. T. something fasten or lock with, a key.
- i-yu'-tpu-tpa, v. a. Same as iyukpukpa.
- i-yu'-wa-ste, v. of yuwaste; to make good or benefit by means ofimduwaste.
- i-yu'-wa-ste, n. something that benefits.
- i-y u'-w e-g a, v. a. to pass through, cross, ford, as a stream—imduwega, iduwega, unkiyuwegapi. oiyuwege, a ford.
- i y u' w e h, cont. of iyuwega; iyuweh iyaya, to ford a stream.
- i y u' w e h y a, adv. crossing, fording.
- i-yu'-wi, v. a of yuwi; to tie, as a halter or rope in a horse's mouth imduwi.
- i-yu'-wi, v. n. to curl, twist, like a vine or curled wood.
- i-yu'-wi, n. anything twisted or tied, a vine, a bridle. See iiyuwi and wiyuwi.
- i-yu'-win. See iyunwin.
- i y u' w i y a ; adv. tangled, in a snarl, as hair or thread.
- i-yu'-za, v.a. of yuza; to hold on or to, to put the hand on and hold-
- i-yu'-ze, n. of yuza and yuze; | i-zu'-ya-pi, n. what the Dakotas something to hold with, a holder;

- something to take out food with, a ladle.
- said of anything seen over a hill.
- i-yu'-zi-zi-ya, adv. in sight, i. q. taninyan: iyuziziya iyaya, to pass along in sight.
- | i y u' źa źa, v. a. of yuźaźa; to wash with, to be washed withimdužaža.
- i y u' źa źa, n. something to wash with, as a wash-tub, wash-board, etc.
- i'-yu-źi-mna-na, adv. full, brim full, as a vessel of water, just about to run over; at the edge of, as syužimnana kajege, to sew close to the · edge. T., iyozibnala and iyozibyela. See ioźimnana.
- i'-yu-źi-mna-yaŋ, adv. by the edge of, full.
- i-yu'-źi-pe, n. (i and yuźipa) the front lock of a man's hair; something to pinch or lay hold with, as, maziyuźipe, tongs, pincers.
- i-za'-ptan, adj. the fifth.
- i-za'-ptan-ptan, adj. red. every fifth one.
- i-zin', cont. of izita.
- i-zin'-ton, v. a. to make a smoke, to smoke any thing—izinwaton.
- i-zin'-ya, v. a. to cause to smoke; to smoke, as a deer-skin—izinwaya. See ziya.
- i-zi'-ta, v. n. to smoke, as a firebrand.
- i z o', n. a peninsula.
- carry with them in going to war, the

palladium of the expedition. Some- | i - ź e' - h a ŋ, adv. times this is a pipe, and sometimes the skin of an animal. See zuya.

- i-zu'-za, n. a grindstone, a whetstone.
- $i' \hat{z}$ a n y a, adv. deceitfully, i. q. oie | $i \hat{z}$ e' \hat{z} e y a, adv. noppa. T., ćeźiźalya. See iźata.
- i-źaŋ'-źaŋ, v. n. to give light, as a candle. See źanźan.
- $i \hat{z} a \eta' \hat{z} a \eta$, v. a. to light, as a candle.
- i źaŋ' źaŋ, n. a light. See oźaŋźan and petiźanźan.
- i-źan'-źan-ya, v. a. to light, as a candle; to cause to give lightiźanźanwaya. .
- i-źaŋ'-źaŋ-yaŋ, adv. giving light for: tahinéa izanzanyan wicakute, he shoots deer by a light.
- i' źa ta, adj. forked-mouth, doubletongued; said also of a gun which | i'- \(\hat{z}\) o - ka, v. n. has the upper part of the stock cut This form of expression is said to have been introduced by white people. T., ćeźiźata.

often, frequently, repeatedly.

- i-źe'-han-yan, adv. often.
- i-źe'-haŋ-yaŋ-ken, adv. frequently.
- mixed up, as different kinds together. T., iźena.
- $i \acute{z} e' \acute{z} e y a k e n$, adv. mixed up, all sorts together.
- to be rich in goods; in $i-\dot{z}i'-\dot{c}a$, v. n.. distinction from waśeća or iwaśeća, to be rich in provisions. See źića.
- i- ź i' m n a, v. n, to smell like something burning, as fat or bones.
- i ź i n' y a, v. a. to cause to be rich iźinwaya. See źinya.
- $i \acute{z} i n' y a$, adv. richly.
- i'-źog, cont. of ízoka.
- i'-źog-ki-ya, v. a. to push out the lips at one. T., iwośokiya.
- to have the lips pushed out.
- i'-źo-ki-ya, v. to push out the mouth at; to twist the mouth; to whistle—íźowakiya. See źo.

$\mathbf{K}_{:}$

- k, the twelfth letter of the Dakota alphabet. It is sounded as in English.
- k, a prefix, making the possessive form of verbs which commence ka, adv. with p: as, pagan to part with; kpagan, to part with one's own.
- ka, dem. pron. This pronoun is used to denote
- some person or thing farther off than is meant by "de" and "he."
- ka, adv.there, yonder. See kan and kakiya.
- Used interrogatively at the end of a phrase or sentence, as ećoppića ka, can it be done?
- that; he, she, it. ka, a suffix to verbs and nouns. most cases it does not seem materi-

wasteda and wastedaka, to love any thing; itanéan and itanéanka, a chief one. In some cases it helps to form verbal nouns: as, o, to hit in shooting; waoka, a good marksman; in these cases it indicates frequency or a habit, and seems to be equivalent to ce or ece.—r. s. w.

ka, adv. suffix. It is equivalent to śni, not, and is sometimes used ironically: as, waste, good, wasteka, not good.

ka, a prefix to a class of verbs. shows that the action expressed by the verb is performed by striking, as with the hand, or with an ax, club or other instrument; or by the action of the wind or water. The pronouns are prefixed.

to mean, signify—waká, ka, v. a. yaká, unkápi, čićá, maká; unničapi, we mean you. T., to ask for, demand.

ka-a'-i-yo-hpe-ya, adv. down hill, down a steep descent.

ka-a'-o-pte-ća, v. of aopteća; kaaopteća każa, to lessen.

ka-a'-o-pten, v. cont. of kaaopteća; kaaopten ećon, to do less

ka-a'-o-pte-tu, v. to lessen: kaaoptetu ećamon, I do less, or I make The difference between "kaaoptetu" and "yuaoptetu" is the difference between the prefix "ka" and the prefix "yu."

ka-a'-o-pte-tu-ya, adv. in the + ka-bu'-bu, v. red. of kabu; to beat way of diminishing.

ally to alter the signification: as, | ka-a'-o-pte-tu-ya-ken, adv. diminishingly.

> ka-a'-pa-ma-hde, adv. sloping down hill, gently sloping; kaapamahde hinéa, quite steep.

> ka-a'-pa-ma-hde-ya, down hill, sloping: kaapamahdeya wanka, it is descending. See apamahde.

> ka-a'-ta-kin-yan, adv. See takinyan and yutakining.

> ka-a'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. a. to destroy by striking; i. q. kataku-

> ka-bas', cont. of kabaza; kabas iyeya. T., kawas. See yubas.

> ka-baś', cont. of kabaźa; kabaś yanka, he keeps at it. T., kawaś.

ka - ba' - za, v. a. to throw up, as cattle do earth: maka kabaza, to paw up dust. T., kawaza and yuwaza. See yubaza.

ka-ba'-źa, v.a. to work at a difficult thing, keep at work at a thing though hardly able to do so-wakabaźa, unkabaźapi.

ka-bla', v. a. T. to cut meat thin for drying; wakabla, yakabla, etc. See kamda.

ka-bla'-bla-pi, n. T. preparing meat for drying by slicing thin. See wakablapi.

ka-bu', v. a. to beat, as on a drum; to knock, as on a door—wakabu, uŋkabupi.

or knock often-wakabubu.

- ka-bu'-bu-ya, adv. red. of kabuya; | ka-ćeg'-ya, adv. staggering, in a knocking.
- ka-bu'-ya, adv. striking, knocking: kabuya waun, I keep knocking.
- ka-ća', a negative suffix; not; as, wastekaća, it is not good. *T.*, kaćaś.
- kā-ća', v. a. of kata; to warm, heat. See kanya, which seems to be the preferable form. T., kalya.
- ka-ća'-eś, intj. of doubt; is it possible! See kaćaś.
- ka-ćan', v. a. to shake, clean by shaking or blowing, as the Dakotas do cansasa; to sift—wakacan.
- ka-ćan'-ćan, v. a. red. of kaćan and also of cancan; to make tremble or shake—wakaćanćan.
- $ka \epsilon a \eta' \epsilon a \eta$, v. n. T. to trot, asa horse.
- 'ka-ćan'-ćan-yan, adv. shaking.
- ka-ćan'-ćan-ye-dan, adv. shaking, shivering with cold.
- ka-ćan'-he, v. T. to shake with the cold—wakaćanhe.
- ka-ćan'-nan, v. a. to push out from shore with a paddle——wakaćannan: kaćannan iyeya, to blow out into the river. See pacannan.
- k a é a ś', intj. of doubt or hesitation; what then! what of it!
- ka-će', pron. tuwe kaće, any one. T., keśa.
- ka-ćeg', cont. of kaćeka; kaćeg iyeya, to make stagger by striking.
- $ka \acute{c} e g' \acute{c} e g ya$, adv. red. of kaćegya.

- staggering manner: kaćegya mani, he walks staggeringly.
- ka-će'-ka, v.a. to strike and make stagger—wakaćeka.
- k a ć e n', adv. tuwe kaćen, any one, no matter who; tokiya kaćen; no matter where; about that, somewhere near that, as, opawinge kaćen, about one hundred.
- $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{n}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, adv. about, nearly.
- ka-će'-ya, v. a. of ćeya; to make cry by striking-wakaćeya, unkaćeyapi, makaćeya.
- ka-ći'-ka-dan, v. a. of ćikadan; to make small by chopping off—wakaćikadan.
- ka-ći'- ka-ye-dan, v. a. of ćikayedan; to make small by strikingwakaćikayedan.
- ka-ći'-stin-na, v. a. of ćistinna; to make small by cutting. T., kaćisćila.
- $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{c}} \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{\acute{c}} \mathbf{o}, \quad v. \ a.$ to mix up, as mortar, to make a noise, as in mixing mortar; to beat up, as eggswakaćoćo. See ćoćo.
- ka-ćo'-za, v.a. to make warm by striking: wakaćoza kta waskan hećen wakaćoza, I struck him for the purpose of warming him, in this way I made him warm. See ćoza.
- k a d a', v. a. to spill, scatter, to pour or throw out; to throw broadcast, to sow, as grain; not applied to liquids—wakada, yakada, unkadapi: kada iyeya, and kada elipeya, he goes on scattering. T., kala.

ka-da'-da, v. red. of kada; to spill, scatter; to sow, throw broadcast, as grain—wakadada: kadada ehpeya, and kadada iyeya, he scatters along. T., kalalala.

ka-de'-ća-na, adv. Ih. soon, pretty soon. See ećadan.

ka-dem'-de-pa, v. red. of kadepa; to notch by cutting—wakademdepa.

ka-de'--pa, v. a. to cut a notch in—wakadepa. See kademdepa.

k a - d o', n. the diamond in cards. It is the French word, carreau. T., sapestola (sa and pesto).

ka-dom', cont. of kadopa; kadom iyaya, to mire.

ka-dom'-dom, red. of kadom; miring, wading, as a horse in mud: kadomdom iyaya, he goes on wading.

ka-dom'-do-pa, v. red. of ka-dopa.

ka-dom'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to mire—kadomwakiya.

ka-dom'-ya, v.a. to cause to mire—kadomwaya.

ka-dom'-ya, adv. miring.

ka-do'-pa, v. n. to mire, stick in the mud—wakadopa. See kalidi.

ka-du', v.a. to blow or brush away a little with the hand—wakadu.

ka-du'-dan-ka, v. of kadu; to blow a little; also said of a child who walks with difficulty, and puffs and blows as he goes along—wakadudanka.

ka-du'-ġa, v.a. to fan, winnow,

clean by winnowing—wakaduġa, uŋ-kaduġapi,

ka-duh', cont. of kaduġa; kaduh iyeya.

ka-duh'-ki-ya, v. n. to cause to winnow—kaduhwakiya.

ka-duli'-ya, v.a. to cause to fan or winnow—kaduliwaya.

ka-duli'-ya, adv. winnowing.

ka-dus', cont. of kaduza.

ka-dus'-ya, v. a. to cause to flow-kaduswaya.

ka-dus'-ya, adv. flowing, swiftly: kadusya wanka, it is flowing on.

ka-du'-za, v. n. to flow, run, as water; to run swiftly. Hence, minicaduza, swift-running water. See duzahan.

ka'-e, pron. that is he: tuwe kae, that one, any one. See dee, ee, hee.

k a - e' - é a - l a , adv. T. soon, presently, in a little while. See ecadan and kadecana.

ka-e'-ée-tu, v.a. to make right or accomplish by striking—wakaeéetu.

ka-e'-e's, pron. that one: even such.

ka'-eś, pron. that one: kaeś nakun ope kta, even he will go along.

ka-gla', and ka-gla'-la, adv. T. by, near by; i. q. kahda.

k a - g l i', v. T. i. q. kahdi.

ka-gmi', v. a. T. to cut all down, clear away, as timber or grass, make bare—wakagmi, yakagmi.

ka'-ga, v. a. to make, form; to cause to be, be the cause or author of;

to execute—wakaga, yakaga, unkaġapi, makaġa, nićaġa, ćićaġa.

ka-gam', cont. of kagapa; kagam ka-gi'-ya, v. a. to hinder, obstruct, iyeya, to make spread out or open by cutting.

 $ka - \dot{g} a m' - y a$, adv. gaping open, as a wound.

ka-ġan'-ġa-ta, adv. red. of kaġata.

ka-gan', v.n. to open, make an opening in; to come through, as the wind through one's clothes; kagan hiyumayan, it blows through my clothes.

ka-ġaŋ'-ġaŋ-yaŋ, adv. red. of kaġanyan.

ka-gan'-yan, adv. open, spread out. $ka - \dot{g}a' - pa$, v. a. to cut, spread open by cutting; to spread open—wakagapa, unkagapapi.

ka-ġa'-ta, adv. spread out, as the | ka-ġu'-ka, v. a. to lengthen a little hands or fingers. See yugata, kaźata, etc.

ka-ġat'-ki-ya, adv. spread out, stretched out, as the hand or arm. T., kaġalkiya.

ka'-ġe, v. a. Same as kaġa.

ka-ġe', v. a. to skim off, as grease from a pot-wakaże, unkażepi: kage yuza, to gather in the hand, to hold in a bunch.

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} - \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e}' - \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e}$, v. a. to sew; to sew or mend together, as an old kettlewakażeże, unkażeżepi.

ka-gi', v. to stop one's progress, to be in one's way, as a river; not to be able to proceed-wakagi, unkagipi, makaği, nićaği. See ićaği.

ka-gi'-śni, adv. without obstruc-

tion: kaģiśni iyaya, to pass on without obstruction.

make go slow-kaģiwaya, kaģiunyanpi, kagimayan.

 $ka - \dot{g}i' - ya$, adv. hindering: kagiya waun.

k a - ġ o', v. a. to mark, to make marks, cuts, or gashes in one's flesh, as in mourning; to draw a line; also to vaccinate—wakażo. also ićaģo.

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} - \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{o}' - \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}, \quad v. \quad a.$ to strike one asleep, to wake partly up and make snore—wakaġopa. See ġopa.

ka-ġug', cont. of kaġuka; kaġug iyeya

ka-ġug'-ya, adv. kaġugya hnaka, to lay up to dry.

by striking; to sprain, strain, as a tendon—wakaguka.

ka-ha', v. kaha iyeya, and kaha ehpeya, to put out of the way, shove aside; to blow down, drive along, as the wind does; to turn up, as the brim of one's hat.

ka-han', adv. to this, at this, thus far. See dehan, ehan, hehan, and iyehan.

ka-han'-han, adv. red. of kahan. ka-han'-tu, adv. to that, so far, so long. See dehantu, ehantu, hehantu, and iyehantu.

ka-han'-tu-ke, adv. this once, now then.

ka-han'-tu-ya, adv. so far. See dehantuya and iyehantuya.

- ka-haŋ'-haŋ-ke-ća, adv. red. of kahaŋkeća. See dehanhaŋkeća, hehaŋhaŋkeća, and iyehaŋhaŋkeća.
- ka-han'-han-yan, adv. red. of kahanyan.
- ka-han'-ke-ća, adv. so long. See dehankeća, hehankeća, and iyehankeća.
- ka-han'-na, adv. only so far, so long. See dehanna, ehanna, and hehanna.
- ka-han'-yan, adv. thus far. See dehanyan.
- ka-han'-yan-ka, adv. some distance off, as in counting relationship. See akahanyanka.
- ka-ha'-ya, v.a. to push down; to push or turn up.
- ka-hba', v. a. to pound out, thresh, as grain—wakahba, unkahbapi.
 T. uses "nakan."
- ka-hda', v. a. of ahda; to také home | ka-hin'-to-kam, adv. forward, to one —wakahda, `unkahdapi. in advance, as of a traveling party;
- ka-hda', v. n. to stretch out at full length, uncoil, as a snake: kahda wanke, he lies uncoiled.
- ka-hda', adv. by the side of, near to: wakpa kahda, by the river. T., kaglala.
- ka-hda'-ya, adv. by the side of. ka-hde'-ġa, v. a. of hdeġa; to mark across, make in stripes or figures, make rough—wakahdeġa.
- ka-hde'-hde-ġa, v. red. of kahdeġa; to make stripes across by cutting.
- ka-hde'-hde-za, v. red. of ka-hdeza.
- ka-hde'-za, v. a. of hdeza; to mark

- across or around by cutting, make in stripes or figures—wakahdeza.
- ka-hdi', v. a of ahdi; to bring home to one—wakahdi, unkahdipi, makahdi.
- ka-hdog', cont. of kahdoka; ka-hdog iyeya.
- ka-hdo'-ka, v. a. to dislocate, put out of joint by striking—wakahdoka.
- ka-hi', v. a. of ahi; to bring to one, to have brought to one—wakahi, unkahipi, makahi, nićahi, ćićahi.
- ka-hi', v. a. to stir; to rummage—wakahi.
- ka-hin', cont. of hahinta; kahin iyeya, and kahin ehpeya, to brush or sweep off.
- ka-hin'-ta, v.a. to sweep or brush up, as a floor—wakahinta, unkahintapi: to drive or sweep off, as the wind does dust.
- ka-hin'-to-kam, adv. forward, in advance, as of a traveling party; kahintokam hdi, to come home before the rest; kahintokam mani, to walk in advance; kahintokam ya, to go before, prepare or break the way. T., kaitokab and kaitokabya. See itokam.
- ka-hin'-to-ka-pa, n. one who walks before See kahintokam and tokapa.
- ka-hmi'-hma, v. a. to roll along, make roll by striking—wakahmihma. T., kagmigma. See kahomni.
- ka-hmi'-yaŋ-yaŋ, v. a. to make round by striking, as a ball—wakahmiyaŋyaŋ. See kamima.

- ka-hmun', v. to spin or twist with the extended hand; wakahmun.
- ka-hna', v.a. to shake off, as fruit from a tree, by striking—wakahna, unkahnapi.
- ka-hna'-yan, v. a. of hnayan; to miss in attempting to strike—wakahnayan. See kasna.
- ka-ho'-ho, v. a. to strike and knock loose, as a tooth, or stick set in the ground—wakahoho.
- ka-ho'-ho-dan, v. Same as kahoho.
- ka-ho'-mni, v.a. to turn around, as a wheel, by striking; to spin, as a top—wakahomni, unkahomnipi: to turn, as water or wind does a mill-wheel. See kahmihma.
- ka-ho'-ton, v.a. to make bawl out by striking—wakahoton.
- ka-hu'-hus, *cont.* of kahuhuza; kahuhus iyeya. *T.*, kahunhuns.
- ka-hu'-hus-ya, adv. shaking; kahuhusya han, it stands shaking. T., kahunhunsya.
- ka-hu'-hu-za, v. a. to shake, as a tree or house, by striking—wa-kahuhuza, uŋkahuhuzapi: to shake, as the wind does trees, etc. T., kahuŋhuŋza.
- ka-hu'-kun, adv. down: kahukun iyeya, to put down by striking.
- ka-hu'-kun-wa-pa, adv. down a little.
- k a h u' t e, v. a. to wear to a stump by striking, as an ax—wakahute, uŋkahutepi.

- ka-hu'-te-dan, part. worn to a stump.
- ka-hu'-to-śka, v. a. to make large at one end, as a hutinaćute—wakahutośka. See hutośke.
- kali, cont. of kaga; kali aya, to continue making.
- ka-ha', v.a. to curl, to knot; to make rough or notch by striking—wakaha.
- ka-ha', n. a curl, a knot.
- ka-hag', cont. prob. of kahaka, which is not now used: kahagpićaśni, untamable, ungovernable, as a wild horse.
- ka-ha'-ha, v. n. red. of kaha; to curl up, as flame; to sparkle or send up sparks.
- ka-h'a'-kpa, v. a. to notch, make a hollow place by cutting with an ax wakah'akpa.
- ka-ham', cont. of kahapa; kaham aya, to drive along, as cattle or horses.
- ka-ham'-ha-pa, v. red. of kahapa; to beat against and make a rustling noise, as the wind blowing against grass.
- k a h a n' h i y a , adv. of hanhiya; a little slower, slowly.
- ka-ha'-pa, v.a. to drive along; to whip, drive by whipping—wakahapa, unkahapapi.
- ka-h'a'-tpa, v. Same as kah'a-kpa.
- ka-hba', v.a. (ka and liba) to make sleepy by shaking—wakaliba.
- ka-hbog', cont. of kahboka; ka-

off, carried along, either by wind or tide.

ka - hbog' - ya, v. a. to cause to drift; to wave, as a flag—kalibog-

ka-hbog'-ya, adv. drifting, wav-

ka-hbo'-hbo-ka, v. red. of kaliboka.

ka-hbo'-ka, v. n. to drift along, as wood on water, to be driven along by the current; to wave in folds, as a flag.

ka-libo'-ka, n. a drift, a float.

ka'-h'éi, v.a. to gap, break a gap in, as in the edge of an ax—wakahći, yakahći, unkahćipi. See kamni.

ka-hći'-hći, v. red. of kahći; to break out gaps from the edge of an ax—wakahćihći.

ka-hći'-ya, v. a. to cause one to break a gap in an ax-kahćiwaya.

ka-hda', v. a. to rattle, or make sound by striking; to ring, as a bell-wakalida, unkalidapi.

ka-hda'-gan, v. n. to lengthen out, become long, extend: kahdagan yeya, to give away what has been given one.

ka-hdah', cont. of kahdagan; kahdah aya, it lengthens out.

ka-hda'-hda, v. red. of kahda; to rattle-wakahdahda.

ka-hda'-hda-ġaŋ, v. red. of kalidagan.

ka-hda'-hdah, cont. of kahdahdagan.

hbog iyaya, it has drifted off; blown | k a - h d a' - h d a h - y a, adv. lengthening out: kahdahdahya aya, to become long or lengthen out, as the days.

ka-hda'-ta, v.a. to dig under, undermine, make large at the bottom, as a corn-hole; to get one's fishhook *fast* on anything—wakahdata. T., kahlateya.

ka-hda'-ya, v.a. to cause one to ring or rattle—kahdawaya.

ka-hda'-ya, v. n. to fall off, as a sticking plaster; to come off, as paint or plaster, in scales, to scale off.

ka-hde'-ća, v. a. to tear open by smiting; to split open; to break in, as the skull, to fracture; to break or fracture the skin by striking—wakalideća, unkahdećapi. T., kahleća

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{h} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{e}' - \mathbf{h} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{e} - \mathbf{e} \mathbf{a}$, v. \mathbf{red} . of \mathbf{ka} lideća; to break in, as the skull, to fracture—wakahdehdeéa.

ka-hden', cont. of kahdeća; kaliden iyeya.

ka-hden'-ya, *v. a.* to cause to fracture—kahdenwaya.

ka-hdi', v. n. to mire, stick in the mud—wakalidi. See kadopa.

ka-hdi'-hdi, v. red. of kahdi.

ka-hdi'-ya, v. a. to cause to mire-kahdiwaya.

ka-hdog', cont. of kahdoka; kalidog iyeya, to knock a hole in, to shoot a hole in.

ka-hdog'-o-stan-pi, n. Ih. a

ka-hdog'-ya, v. a. to cause to make a hole in-kahdogwaya.

ka-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of ka-|kah-i'-te-sni, adv. hdoka.

ka-hdo'-ka, v.a. to cut or break a hole in anything with an ax, club, etc, or by striking; to break open; to make a mortice, cut a hole with a chisel; to dress an animal by cutting the flesh from the bones. Hence, takalidoka, the flesh of a deer without the bones. T., kaliloka. See kaśdoka.

ka-hem', cont. of kahepa; kahem elipeya, to empty by lading out, used only of liquids.

ka-he'-pa, v. a. to bail out, throw out, as water until it is all gonewakaliepa.

of heyata; ka - he' - ya - ta, adv. back, on one side: kalieyata iyeya, to shove or throw back or to one side.

ka-hi'-ća, v. a. to wake up by striking—wakaliića.

T. ka-hi'-gi-ća, n. one who does nothing well.

ka-hi'-ġi-će-ća, n. very unskillful; i. q., wayuśićeća.

kah-in', adv. of kahita; bent forward, stooping down; kalin inazin, to stoop down, dodge, to stand bent forward, as a hunter does when approaching his game—kahin inaważin. T., patuś.

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} - \mathbf{i'} - \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, adv. kahita se mani, to walk with the head down. See patusya.

kah-i'-te-ća, adv. not well made, unfinished; i. q. kahiteśni. T., kahigića.

taku kagapi soka sica econpi kin he kaliiteśni, what is made clumsily and badly is called kahiteśni.

kali-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to make-kahwakiya.

ka-hli', v. T. to mire: i. q. kahdi. ka-hlog'-o-stan, n. T. a garment made without sleeves, a vest. See kalidogostanpi.

ka-limin', n. an inside corner; a bend in a river, a bay; a point of land, etc.

ka-hmin', v. a. to bend by striking—wakalimin.

ka-limun', v. a. to make buzz, to whirl and cause to make a noisewakalimun. See kahmun.

ka - hmun' - hmun, v. red. of kalimun.

ka-hmun'-hmun-yan, adv.buzzing.

ka-hmuŋ'-yaŋ, adv. whirring, buzzing.

kah-ni'-ga, v. a. to choose, make choice of, select, elect; to appoint wakaliniga, yakaliniga, unkalinigapi, cicahniga, makahniga.

kah-nih', cont. of kahniga; kahnih iću, to take one's choice.

kah-nih'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to choose—kaliniliwakiya.

kah-nih'-ni-ga, v. red. of kahniga.

kah-nih'-nih, cont. of kahnih-

kah-nih'-ya, adv. choosing.

ka-hon', cont. of kahota; kahon

aya, to make rough marks; to make prints, as in walking on burnt prairie. T., nahol.

kah-o'-ya, v. n. to sail, glide in the air, as a hawk. T., kaśa kinyan.

kah-o'-ya, adv. gliding: kahoya iyeya, to throw, toss, fling. T., kahol iyeya, to toss or throw away.

ka-hpa', v. a. to cover (see aka-hpa); to throw or knock down anything hanging up; to strike, take down, as a tent—wakahpa, unka-hpapi; wihdahpa.

ka-hpa'-hpa, v. red. of kahpa; to strike and make pieces fly off, as from wood or ice; to make chips wakahpahpa.

ka-hpe'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to knock down—kahpewakiya.

ka-hpu', v. a. to knock off, as something sticking; to knock down, as swallows' nests; to scale off—wakahpu, unkahpupi.

ka-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of kahpu. ka-hpu'-ya, adv. scaling off, falling off.

ka-hta'-ka, v. See ićalitaka.

ka-htan', v. n. to soak up; to soak in, as grease in wood; to spread, as disease in the body—makahtan: kahtan iyaya, it has penetrated.

ka-htan'-ka, v. to be attached to, ka-i'-éan-yan, adv. have an affection for, as one animal ing against i. q. kaićing has for another. T., iyakićiyuha. ka-i'-éi-éu-ya, adv.

ka-htan'-yan, v.a. to cause to spread, as grease.

ka-hta'-ta, v. to enfeeble, make

unwell by striking—wakahtata; to be enfeebled—makahtata.

ka-htu'-te-śni, adv. not well made; i. q. kahiteśni. T., kahigića. ka-hu', v. a. to peel, as bark; to peel off, take off the rind from any

hard substance—wakaliu.

ka-hu'-ġa, v. a. to break up or break in, as the skull, by striking; to stave or knock in, as a barrel head; to break or smash, as an egg—wakahuġa: pa makahuġa, he has broken in my skull.

ka-huh', cont. of kahuga; kahuh iyeya.

ka-huh'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to break or knock in—kahuhwakiya.

ka-hu'-hu, v. red. of kahu; to make rough by breaking the bark or skin in many places—wakahuhu.

ka-hu'-hu-ġa, v. red. of kaliuġa; to smash, as eggs.

ka-huh'-ya, adv. breaking or staving in.

kali-ya', n. of kaġa; make, kind, sort.

kah-ya', adv. made like, like: wakiyedan kahya, in the form of a dove.

ka-i', v. a. of ai; to take to onewakai, unkaipi, makai, cicai.

ka-i'-éaŋ, v. n. T. to lean against. ka-i'-éaŋ-yaŋ, adv. T. leaning against. i. q. kaićiŋyaŋ.

ka-i'-ći-ću-ya, adv. crossing each other; crookedly.

ka-i'-ćin-yan, adv. of ićinyan; leaning against. ka-i'-de, v. of ide; to make blaze, as the wind does fire.

ka-i'-ġe-źu-ya, adv. crowding in. ka-i'-pa-tku-ġa, v. a. of ipatkuġa; to strike into a line.

ka-i'-pa-tkuh-ya, adv. in a line fronting: kaipatkuhya aya, they go into a line.

ka-i'-pu-stag-ya, adv. T. crowding, pressing against.

ka-i'-śta-mi-ni-o-ġe-i-yeya, v. to bring tears into one's eyes, as the wind does—kaiśtaminioġe iyemayan. T., kaiśtaminiożu.

ka-i'-śto-mi-ni-iś-i-ye-ya,

p. to bring tears into one's eyes, as
the wind does—kaiśtominiiś iyemayan. T, kaiśtaminihanpihiyuya.

ka-i'-śu-ta, v. kaiśuta hiŋhda, to stumble, make a miss step—kaiśuta mahiŋhda.

ka-i'-śu-ta-ta, v. kaiśutata iyaya, to slip, miss step, stumble kaiśutata imdamda.

ka-i'-taŋ-waŋ-kaŋ-hde, adv.
up hill, ascending. See itaŋwaŋkaŋhde.

ka-i'-taŋ-waŋ-kaŋ-h de-ya,
adv. up hill; kaitaŋwaŋkaŋhdeya
waŋka, it lies in an ascending manner. T., kaiyakapteya.

ka-i'-te-kpas, cont. of kaitekpaza; kaitekpas iyeya.

ka-i'-te-kpa-za, v. a. to bring darkness over for a little while by smiting, to stun by striking—wakaitekpaza. ka-i'-tem, adv. diagonally, not straight.

ka-i'-tem-ya, adv. crosswise, slanting, diagonally: kaitemya kaksa, to cut diagonally.

ka-i'-te-pa, v. a. to cut diagonally—wakaitepa.

ka-i'-tko-kim, adv. with the face towards one, meeting.

ka-i'-tko-kim-ya, adv. facing one. See itkokim.

ka-i'-tko-ki-pa-tan-han, adv. opposite to, fronting one.

ka-i'-tkom, adv. back again: kaitkom hdihpaya, to fall back again, rebound. See itkom.

ka-i'-tkom-ya, adv. opposite but a little to one side, not looking quite straight at one: wi kaitkomya yanka, the middle of the forenoon.

ka-i'-to-kab, adv. T. before, in advance of; i. q. kahintokam.

ka-i'-to-kab-ya, adv. T. in advance of.

ka-i'-to-kan, adv. T. out one side; i. q. kaiyog. See tokan.

ka-i'-ya-ka-pe-ya, adv. T. exceeding, a little more than.

ka-i'-ya-ka-pte-ya, adv. T. up hill. See iyakapteya.

ka-i'-ya-ki-ću-ya, adv. T. a little more. See iyakićuya.

ka-i'-yog, cont. of kaiyoka; kaiyog iyeya, to put out of the way, shove to one side. T., kaitokan.

ka-i'-yog-ya, adv. out at one side. ka-i'-yo-ka, adv. See kaiyog. ka-i'-yo-tan, adv. of iyotan; im-

- one do more by forbidding—kaiyotan yewaya.
- ka-i'-yo-tang, cont. of kaiyotanka; kaiyotang hdihpaya, to fall down in attempting to be seated.
- ka-i'-yo-tan-ka, v. kaiyotanka hdihpaya, to fall down when being
- ka-i'-yo-was, cont. of kaiyowaza; kaiyowas iyeya, to cause an echo by striking.
- ka-i'-yo-wa-za, v. a. to make an echo by striking, make resound wakaiyowaza, unkaiyowazapi. See yaiyowaza.
- ka'-i-yu-ze-ya, adv. T. a little way off: kaiyuzeya iću, to reach for.
- ka-ka', pron. and adv. that, there. ka'-ka, adj. stiff, rattling, as a stiff hide when beaten; sounding dull, 'as a bell sometimes does. See ka-
- ka-kag', cont. of kakaka; kakag hinhda, to sound, rattle, like an old kettle when shaken with stones in it.

keća.

- ka-kag'-ya and ka'-kag-ya, adv. rattling, as an old kettle when shaken; rattling, as an empty wa-
- ka-kag'-ya-ken, adv. rattling. ka-ka'-ka, v. a. to make a dull noise by beating an old kettle or a stiff hide-wakakaka
- ka-kan', v. a. to hew, as a log, to adze; to knock off, as fruit—wakakan, unkakanpi. See kalma and kasna.

- moderately: kaiyotan yeya, to make | ka-kan'-kan, v. T. to cut notches in or knobs on.
 - ka-kan'-pi, n. the pigeon cherry. T., ćanpakakan. See ćanpa.
 - ka-kan'-pi-na and ka-kan'pi-dan, n. See kakanpi.
 - ka-ka'-tin, v.a. to straighten out by striking—wakakatin.
 - ka-ka'-wa, v.a. to make open by striking—wakakawa.
 - $k \cdot a k \cdot c \cdot a'$, v. a. to comb, as hair, to disentangle — wakakća, yakakća, unkakćapi.
 - ka'-ke-ća, adv. in this manner, thus, so: kakeća epće śni, I did not think it was so. See dećeća, ećeća, hećeća, iyakidećeća, and iyećeća.
 - ka'-ke-ća, adj. stiff, making a noise when felt or handled, as parchinent. See káka.
 - ka'-ken, adv. so, thus: kaken econ wo, do it in this manner. See dećen, ećen, hećen, iyakidećen, etc.
 - ka'-ken-ya, adv. thus, so.
 - ka-kes'-ton, v.a. to make barbed, as an arrow—kakeswaton.
 - $ka-ke\acute{s}'$, adv. upma tukte kake \acute{s} , whatever one, no matter which; to-· ketu kakeś, at random.
 - ka'cke-tu, adv. in this way, so, See dećetu, ećetu, hećetu, and iyećetu.
 - ka'-ke-tu-ya, adv. so, thus.
 - ka-ki', v. a. of aki; to have taken home to one—wakaki, unkakipi.
 - k a' k i, adv. there, yonder. See deći and heći.
 - ka-ki'-ki-ta, v. a. to make tough

by pounding—wakakikita. T., ka- | ka-ki'-yo-tan-na-i-ye-ya, suta and kasuksuta. See kikita.

ka-kin', cont. of kakinéa and kakinta; kakin iyeya, to scrape off.

ka-kin'-ća, v.a. to scrape, as hair from a hog or scales from a fishwakakinća, yakakinća, unkakinćapi.

ka-kins', cont. of kakinza; kakins iyeya.

ka-kins'-kin-za, v. red. of kakinza.

ka-kin'-ta, v. a. to scrape, clean. See kakinča.

ka-kin'-za, v. to make creak, as the wind does trees; to creak, as a cart-wheel not greased.

ka-ki'-pa, v. of kapa; to surpass, excel one-kawakipa, kaunkipapi. ka-ki'-paś, and ka-ki'-paś-paś,

adv. T. wrinkled, loose fitting.

ka-kiś', cont. of kakiźa.

ka-kiś'-ya, v. a. to inflict, make suffer; to punish, inflict punishment—kakiśwaya.

ka-kiś'-ya, adv. afflicted, suffering. ka-kiś'-ya-ken, adv. in a state of suffering: kakisyaken waun, 1 am suffering

ka'-ki-ya, adv. yonder, there. See dećiya and hećiya.

ka'-ki-ya-tan-han, adv. from yonder place; on this wise, in this way, by this means. See deciyatanhan, eciyatanhan and heciyatanhan.

ka-ki'-yo-tan, adv. in that direction. See dećiyotan and hećiyotan.

it stretches up in this way, said of anything high, as a tall tree.

ka-ki'-źa, v. n. to suffer, be afflicted; to be sick a long time-makakiźa, nićakiźa.

ka-ki'-źa, adj. suffering, afflicted. ka-kmin', v. a. Ih. to clear off, as weeds from a field; i. q., kamni. ka-kog', cont. of kakoka; kakog hiphda.

ka-kog'-ya, adv. rattling.

ka-kog'-ya-ken, adv. rattling. ka-ko'-ka, v.a. to rattle, as a cowbell; to make rattle by striking wakakoka. See kakaka.

ka-ko'-kam, adv. around, across, before: kakokam-ya, to go around, to hedge up the way, as in chasing buffalo-kakokam mda. See akokam.

ka-ko'-ko-ka, v. red. of kakoka. ka-kon'-kon-ta, v.a. kakonta; to hollow out in grooves or ridges—wakakonkonta.

ka-kon'-ta, v.a. to cut in ridges wakakonta. See kakunta.

ka-ko'-ya-han-na, adv. hurrying, hastening a little: kakoyalianna ecamon, I have done it in somewhat of a hurry. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, kokoyela. See koyahan and koyahanna.

ka-kpa', v. a. to shoot through, as an arrow through an animal; to strike, make a hole in, as, kankakpa, to cut a vein, to bleed a person.

ka-kpan', v. a. to beat fine, mash

See istakakpan.

ka-kpi', v.a. to crack or break, as a nut-wakakpi.

ka-ksa', v. a. to cut off with an ax or by striking—wakaksa, yakaksa, unkaksapi. See baksa, naksa, paksa, yaksa, and yuksa.

ka-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of kaksa; to cut off often; to cut up, as wood for the fire-wakaksaksa.

, ka - ksi' - za, n. a ravine, hollow, low place, gully, with or without water. T., opahći. See osmaka.

ka-kśa', v. a. to wind, as yarn; to fold up-wakakśa, unkakśapi.

 $ka - k \le a'$, adv. coiled up: kakśa wanka, it lies coiled up.

ka-kśa'-dan, adv. coiled up.

ka-kśa'-kśa, adv. red. of kakśa; coiled up, in coils, rolled round.

ka-kśan, v. a. to bend, bend upwakaksan, unkaksanpi.

ka-kśaŋ'-kśaŋ, adv, crookedly, in a zigzag manner: kaksanksan inyanka, he runs crookedly.

ka-kśi'-kśi-źa, v. red. of kakśiźa ka-kśiś, cont. of kakśiźa; kakśiś iyeya, to double up.

ka-kśiś'-ya, v.a. to cause to shut up—kakśiśwaya.

 $k a - k \le i' - 2 a$, v. a. to bend up, double up by striking; to shut up, as a pocket-knife—wakakśiźa.

ka-ktan', v.a. to bend by strikingwakaktan.

ka-ktan'-ktan, v. red. of kaktan. ka-ktan'-yan, adv. bending.

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up; to wink, as the eye-wakakpan. | ka-kti'-han, adv. stumbling, tot-T., kaćekćel. tering.

> ka-kti'-han-han, adv. red. of kaktihan; stumbling, tottering: kaktihanhan mani, to walk in a staggering manner. See kaćegya.

> ka-kti'-han-han-yan, adv. stumblingly.

> ka-kti'-han-yan, v.a. to cause to stumble along-kaktihanwaya.

> ka-ku', v.a. of aku; to start to bring home to one-wakaku, unkakupi, makaku.

> ka-ku'-ka, v.a. to pound to pieces, make rotten by pounding-wakakuka, unkakukapi.

> ka-kuŋ'-kuŋ-ta, v. a. to cut in ridges-wakakunkunta.

> ka-kuŋ'-ta, v.a. to cut a groove in—wakakunta. See kakonta.

> ka-kuŋ'-tkuŋ-ta, v. a. as kakunkunta.

> ka - ke' - ga, v.a. to make a grating noise-wakakega.

> ka-ķes', cont. of kaķeza; kaķes iyeya, to blow off and leave bare and hard, as when the wind blows the snow from the ground.

> ka-ķe'-za, v. n. to leave hard and bare, as the wind does the ground. See kakoza.

> ka-ko'-ġa, v. a. to scrape, as a turnip—wakakoga.

> ka-koh', cont of kakoga; tipsinna kakoli yutapi, scraping turnips they eat them.

> ka-kos', cont. of kakoza; kakos iyeya,

- ka-ko'-za, v. a. to make hard, to ka-mda'-źa, v. a. to spread open, leave hard and bare, as the wind does the ground; to beat hardwakakoza. See kakeza.
- ka-mda', v. a. to make smooth by cutting; to slice up, as meat for drying; to cut up, as bread—wakamda, unkamdapi. T., kabla, to open, as, ista wakabla, I open my eyes.
- ka-mda'-ga, v. to spread out, as wings: hupahu kamdaga, he spread his wings.
- ka-mdah', cont. of kamdaga; kamdali iyeya.
- ka mda'-pi, n. something cut up in slices or thin pieces, as meat for drying.
- ka-mdas', cont. of kamdaza; kamdas iyeya.
- ka-mda'-ska, v. a. to flatten by beating-wakamdaska, unkamdaskapi. T., kablaska.
- ka-mdas'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to rip or burst open-kamdaswakiya.
- ka-mdaś, cont. of kamdaźa; kaındas inazin, to stand astride of anything.
- ka-mdaś'-ya, v.a. to cause to straddle—kamdaśwaya.
- ka-mda'-ya, v. a. to make level or smooth by beating; to spread out, as a piece of cloth; to open or spread out, as the hand-wakaındaya. T., kablaya.
- ka mda' za, v. a. to make ripopen or burst by striking or throwing down, as a bag of corn—wakamdaza. See akamdaza.

- as the legs; to straddle—wakamdaźa. See akamdaźa.
- ka-mde'-ća, v. a. to break by throwing down or striking, as glass, plates, etc.—wakamdeća, yakamdeća, upkamdećapi. T., kableća.
- ka-mde'-mde-ća, v. a. red. of kamdeća; to break to pieces—wakamdemdeća.
- ka-mde'-mden, cont. of kamdemdeća.
- ka-mden', cont. of kamdeća; kamden iyeya, and kamden ehpeya, to throw down and break to pieces.
- ka-mden'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to break—kamdenwakiya.
- ka-mden'-ya, v. a. to cause to break to pieces.
- ka-mdes', cont. of kamdeza.
- ka-mdes'-ya, v. a. to cause to be clear, cause to clear off, as the wind does fog.
- ka-mde'-za, v.n. to become clear, clear off, as a fog clears away: appao kamdeza, when things are again visible, daylight, the dawn.
- ka m de' ze śni, v. n. to be unable to see; said when there is a fog or darkness, and things are not visible: kamdeześni elipeya, to stun, knock senseless. T., kableze śni, to strike and make frantic.
- ka-mdu', v. a. to pound fine; to stir up and granulate, as sugar, to make fine by stirring—wakamdu, , uŋkamdupi. T., kablu.
- ka-mdu', v.n. to blossom, open out.

as flowers; to decrease, as the moon, after its full: kamdu iću, it is decreasing. T., nableća.

ka - m du' - ki - ya, v ato make fine—kamduwakiya.

ka-mdu'-pi, n. something fine, as powdered sugar.

 $ka \cdot mdu' - ya, v. a.$ to cause to make fine-kamduwaya.

ka - mi' - ma, v. a. to make round, as a wheel, with an ax—wakamima. See kahmiyanyan.

ka-mi'-ni-o-ġe-i-ye'-ya, v. to bring tears in one's eyes, as the wind does. See kaistaminiogeiyeya.

ka-mna', v. a. to collect, gather; to get, procure, obtain; to break out, as a piece from the edge of an ax; to rip, as a seam, come open—wakamna, yakamna, unkamnanpi. See mnayan and kahći.

ka-mna'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to get or obtain-kamnawakiya.

ka-mna'-yan, v.a. to cause to get or obtain—kamnawaya, kamnaunyanpi.

ka-mni', v. a. to make level or clear away, as a place to put a tent; to break a piece out, as from the edge of an ax—wakamni. T., kagmi and kahći. See kapinźa.

ka-mni'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to clear away, etc.

ka-mni-mni, v. n. to hang loosely, dangle, swing, as a blanket on one's shoulders.

ka-mni'-mni-na, n. ear-drops,

such as are always dangling, made of a triangular shape. T, owinpi or oinpi.

to cause kam-pe'-ska, n. T. white ware, chinaware. See kanpeska.

ka-mdu'-mdu, v. red. of kamdu. kan, adv. there, yonder, i. e. kakiya. See den and hen.

> kan, cont. of kata; kan iću, it becomes hot.

> ka'-na, pron. pl. these, those dena and hena.

> ka-na'-ke, adv. leaning, likely to fall; i. q. owotanna yanke śni.

> ka-na'-ke-ća, adv. so many, so much, all these. See denakeća and henakeća.

> ka-na'-ke-seh, adv. so many. T., kanakelićin.

> ka-na'-ke-ya, adv. likely to fall: kanakeya hiyaya, it has become leaning. See panakeya, etc.

> ka-na'-ki-ya, adv. all these, so many, in so many ways.

> ka-na'-na, adv. only these, only so many. See denana and henana.

> $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i'} - \mathbf{c'} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . (ka and $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{ica}$) to cut off clean, as limbs from a tree; wakanića. See kasota.

> ka-nmi'-nma, v. a to roll, make roll, as a ball, by striking—wakanminma. T., kagmigma. See kahmihma.

> kan-ya', v. a. of káta; to warm or heat by the fire—kanwaya: kaniciya, to warm one's self.

> kan, n. a vein, artery; a sinew, tendon, i. q. takan; the nerves; a cord, string. See ikan.

kan, adj. uŋkáŋpi.

kan-di', n. the buffalo-fish.

 $kan - \dot{g}i'$, n. the raven.

kan-gi'-ka-ga-pi, n. a halfdollar, so called from its emblem, the eagle, which the Dakotas thought was a raven. The Yanktons apply this to a 25-cent piece. T., śokela.

 $kan - \dot{g}i' - ta - me$, n. T. coal. $Ka \eta - \dot{g} i' - w i - \dot{c} a - \dot{s} a$, n. p.

Crow Indians.

kaŋ-haŋ', adv. dangling, tattered, old.

kan-han'-han, adv. dangling, tattered, ragged.

kan-he', v. n. to shell out, as ripe grain.

kan-he'-ća, adj. ragged, tattered, as one's clothes—makanheća.

kan-he'-źa, adj. poor, distressed, feeble, sick—makanheźa. T., onśika. See wakanheźa.

kan - he' - źa - ka, adj. Same as kanheźa.

kaŋ-i'-ća-kpe, n. (kaŋ and kakpa) a lancet.

kan-i'-ća-tpe, n. (kan and katpa) a vein-cutter, a lancet.

kay - i' - ta, v.to die of old agekanimata.

kan'-i-ya-p'a, n. the pulse, the beating of the pulse. See iyap'a.

kan-ka'-kpa, v. a. to cut a vein, bleed one—kanwakakpa.

kan-kan', adj. gouged, uneven. kan-ka'-tpa, v.a. Same as kankakpa.

aged-makán, nikán, kan-ke'-tan-ka, n. the large red-headed woodpecker. *T.*, kaŋkeća.

> kan-ki'-ća-kna, v.a. to strike a *vein for* one, *bleed* one—kaŋwećakpa, kanyecakpa, kanunkicakpapi, kanmićakpa, kanćićakpa.

> kan-ki'-ća-tpa, v. a. Same as · kankićakpa.

> kaŋ'-na-hmuŋ-ki-ya, v. a. to draw up tight, as a bow-stringkannahmunwakiya.

> kan'-na-ti-pa, v.n. to draw up, to cramp, as the nerves or muscles.

> $ka\eta - pe' - ska, n.$ round, white medals, slightly curved, worn by the Indians on their necks; Ih., kanpeska wakśića, china ware; an excrescence growing on trees, fungus. See ćankanpeska. Kanpeska mde, Kanpaska Lake, on the Coteau des Prairies, at the head of the Big Sioux River; Kanpeska Wakpa, Laramie River.

> kan-su', n. plum-stones: i. q. kanta su; playing-cards; any small card or ticket.

> kan-su'-ku-te, v. a. to shoot plum-stones, to gamble; to play cards—kansuwakute.

> kan-su'-ku-te-pi, n. shooting plum-stones, gambling; playing cards. Hence minihuha kansukutepi, playing-cards.

 $k a \eta' - t a$, n. a plum, plums.

kan'-ta-hu and kan-tu'-hu, n plum-bushes

kan - ye', adv. inwards, towards fire from one; opposed to lieyata.

kaŋ-ye'-haŋ, adv. See kayehaŋ.

kan - ye' - ki - ya, adv. inwards, below.

T. near: kankap - ye' - la, adv.ye: i. q kiyela, kiyena.

kan-ye'-na, adv. Ih.

kan-ye'-ta, adv. or n. before, in front of: mikanyeta, in front of me.

kan - ye' - tan - han, adv.inside of. See ikanyetanhan.

kan-ye'-wa-pa, adv. within, towards the center.

Kan'-ze, n. p. the Kansas or Kaws. ka-o'-ći-kpa-ni, adv. unequal, of different sizes.

 $ka-o'-\acute{c}i-kpa-ni-yan$, adv. unequally: kaoćikpaniyan they are made not alike.

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{o}' - \mathbf{c} \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{p} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e} - \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}$, adv. not equal. ka-o'-ći-pten, adv. unequal, one large and one small, diminishing or increasing in size.

ka-o'-ći-pten-ya, adv. unequally.

ka-o'-ći-pte-tu, adv. unequal in size, etc.

ka-o'-ći-tpa-ni, adv. Same as kaoćikpani.

ka-o'-hda-psin, adv. bottom side up, turned over: kaohdapsin elipeya, to turn bottom up.

ka-q'-hda-pśiŋ-yaŋ, adv. turned over, bottom side up.

ka-o'-hmi-hma, v. to make roll over and over by striking. See kaonminma.

the center, towards a river or lake or | k a - o' - h a n - k o, v. a. of ohanko; to strike and make work fast-wakaolianko. See kakoyalianna.

ka-o'-hmi, v. a. to whirl, throw obliquely—wakaohmi. Same as kaolimin.

ka-o'-hmin, v.a. to cause to move obliquely—wakaolimin.

ka-o'-hmin-yan, adv. obliquely: kaoliminyan iyeya, to throw obliquely.

ka-o'-hpa, v. a. to break through by striking, break in, as one's skull; to cut a hole in, as in making a canoe-wakaohpa.

ka-o'-hpe-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to knock a hole in-kaohpewakiya.

ka-o'-hpe-ya, v.a. to cause to strike through.

ka-o'-hpe-ya, adv. in the manner of striking through.

ka-oh'-ya, adv. leaning, sloping, twisting: kaohya ewahnaka, placed it sloping. See yuoliya.

ka-o'-ksa, v.a. to cut or pound a hole in, as into a corn-hole or in ice; to break through—wakaoksa.

ka - o' - ksa, v. n. to fall off or over, as a bank; fall in: i. q. kaosba.

ka-o'-kse-ya, v.a. to cause to break in—kaoksewaya.

ka-o'-ktan, v. a. to bend and pound into-wakaoktan.

ka-o'-ktan-yan, v. a. *to bend into*—kaoktanwaya.

ka-o'-ktan-yan, adv. bending into. ka-o'-mni, *n*. a calm place in a lake or river. See iyomni.

ka-o'-mni-i-éu-ya, n. a whirl-ka-o'-tin-za, v. a. of otinza; to Said of the wind eding round. dying, or whistling, or whirling under a lee shore.

ka-o'-mni-na, n. of omnina. a calm place; in a calm place. See iyomnina.

ka-o'-nmi-nma, v.a. to roll, make roll—wakaonminma. See kaohmihma.

ka-on'-spe, v. of onspe; to train or teach, as a horse—wakaonspe.

ka-on'-spe-śni, adj. untrained, untaught.

 $ka - o\eta' - ze - bo - sdan$, adv. (ka onze and bosdan) heels up: kaonzebosdan iyeya and kaonzebosdan elipeya, to knock the other end up.

ka-o' po, v. T. to raise a dust, as in sweeping. See kapo.

ka-o'-sba, v. kaosba hinhpaya, to fall off, as from a bank into a river.

ka-o'-sma-ka, v.a. to make an indentation by striking—wakaosmaka: kaosmag iyeya. See osmaka.

ka-o'-spa, v. a. to strike and bruise in—wakaospa: kaospaiyeya. ka-pan', v. a.

k = -o' - s p = -y = v, v. T. to weigh down: i. q. aspeya. See kaspeya.

ka-o'-spe-ye-ton, v. T. weigh anything. See iyuta.

ka-o'-tan, v. a. to pound tight wakaotan

ka-o'-tan-in, v. a. of otanin; to make manifest or apparent—wakaotanin.

ka-o'-tins, cont. of kaotinza; kaotins iyeya.

drive or pound in tight, as a pinwakaotinza.

ka-o'-wo-tan-in, v. to clear off, become so that things can be seen at a distance. See owotanin.

ka-o'-wo-tan-na, v. a. of owotanna; to straighten, make straight by striking in any way-wakaowotanna.

ka - o' - ze - ze, v. n. to swing, dan-

ka-o'-ze-ze-ya, adv. swinging, dangling: kaozezeya yanka, it is swinging.

ka-p'a', v. a. to beat or thresh off, as corn; to pound up, as meatwakap'a, unkap'api. See kapan.

ka-pa' and ka-pe', v. a. to pass by in running, as kapa inyanka, to run past one; to excel, surpass in anything, as in height; to go beyond, to transgress—kawapa, kaunpapi, kamayapa.

ka-pa'-ko, v. n. of pako; to become crooked.

to beat or thresh off-wakapan. See kap'a.

ka-pan'-pan, v. a. to beat soft, make mellow—wakapanpan.

ka-p'a'-p'a, v. red. of kap'a; to beat or thresh, as grain.

ka-pe', v. a. of pe; to sharpen by pounding, to upset, as an old axwakape.

ka-pe'-mni, v. a. of pemni; to make crooked or awry by striking wakapemni. See kaskopa.

- ka-pe'-mni-mni-yan, adv. | ka-poh', cont. of kapogan; kapoh dangling.
- ka-pe'-mni-yan, adv. crookedly; dangling, swinging, as scissors tied by a string. .
- $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p}' \mathbf{e}' \mathbf{p}' \mathbf{e} \cdot \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n}$. T. to skip, as anything on water.
- ka-p'e'-p'e-ya, v. a. to make skip. ka-p'e'-p'e-ya, adv. skipping.
- ka-pe'-sto, v. a. of pesto; to make sharp-pointed with an ax—wakapesto.
- ka-pe'-ya, v. a. of kapa; to go or pass beyond, do more; to cause to surpass—kapewaya.
- ka-pe'-ya, adv. beyond, further, greater than, surpassing: Atewaye ćin he mikapeya tanka, "My Father is greater than I," John xiv, 28.
- ka-p'in', v. n. to be indisposed or unwilling to do a thing; to be tired: mani kap'in, to be indisposed to walk; ećon wakap'in, I am unwilling to do it; ie kap'in, he is tired of talkingwakap'in, unkap'inpi.
- ka-pins', cont. of kapinza.
- ka-pin ś', cont. of kapinźa.
- ka-pin'-za, v. a. to make squeak or squeal, as a squirrel, by striking wakapinza.
- ka-pin'-źa, v. a. to clear away, as brush, grass, etc.—wakapinźa. T., kagmi. See kamni.
- ka-po', v. n. to swell, as one's flesh—makapo, nićapo.
- ka-po'-gan, v. n. to puff out, to swell and become tight, as a bladder that is blown.

- iyeya.
- ka-poh'-ya, v.a. to make swell out, as anything filled with airkapohwaya. •
- ka-poh'-ya, adv. rising, swelling out.
- ka-pom', cont of kapopa; kapom iyaya, to burst with a noise; kapom iyeya, to cause to burst.
- k a p o' p a, v. a. to make a popping noise; to strike and make burstwakapopa.
- ka-po'-ta, v.a. to pound to pieces, as a garment; to rend, tear in pieces, as wind does clothes—wakapota.
- ka-po'-tpo-ta, v. red. of kapota. ka-psag', cont. of kapsaka; kapsag iyeya, and kapsag ehpeya, to break violently.
- ka-psag'-ya, v. a. to cause to break-kapsagwaya.
- ka-psag'-ya, adv. broken, as a string.
- ka-psa'-ka, v.a. to break, as a string, by striking; to break of itself-wakapsaka, unkapsakapi.
- ka-psay'-psan, v. n. to dangle, swing back and forth; to sway to and fro, as a limb in water.
- ka-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of ka-
- ka-psi'-ća, v.a. to make jump by striking—wakapsića, unkapsićapi
- ka-psin', cont. of kapsića; kapsin iyeya. Also used as a contraction of kapsinta.
- ka-psin'-psin ta, v.a. to whip,

psinpsinta.

ka-psin'-ta, v. a. to whip, flog; to correct, as a child, by whippingwakapsinta, unkapsintapi: kapsintapi se un, he appears as if he had been whipped.

ka-psi'-psi-ća, v. red. to make jump much by striking—wakapsi-

ka-psi'-psi'n, *cont.* of kapsipsića; kapsipsin iyeya, to throw out and make skip about, as in fishing.

ka-pson', v. a. to upset and spill, as a vessel of water; to overturn! and fall out, as from a canoe—wakapson.

ka - pso y' - pso y, v. red. of kapsoy. ka-pśun', v. a. to knock out, as a tooth; to dislocate, as a joint, by striking—wakapśun; to shed, as a deer his horns. Hence, the December moon is called Tahećapśun wi, Moon when the deer shed their horns.

ka-pśup'-ka, v. a. to make round or knob-like—wakapśnijka.

ka-pśuŋ'-pśuŋ, v. red. of ka-

ka-pśun'-yan, v. a. to cause to knock out of place—kapśunwaya.

ka-pta', v. a. to lade or bail out, as water from a boat-wakapta, yakapta, unkaptapi. See kage.

ka-ptan'-ptan, v.a. to turn over and over-wakaptanptan.

ka-ptan'-yan, v.a. to cause to fall over; to turn over, upset, as a canoewakaptanyan, unkaptanyanpi.

correct by whipping, chastise—waka- | ka-ptan'-yan, adv. turning over. ka-ptan'-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to fall over, to overturn-kaptanyewaya.

> ka-pta'-pta, v.n. to fall to pieces, as something rotten.

> ka-ptu'-ptuś, cont. of kaptuptuźa; kaptuptuś iyeya.

> ka-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of kaptuźa; to crack often by striking.

> ka-ptuś, cont. of kaptuźa; kaptuś iyeya.

> ka-ptuś'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to make crack—kaptuśwakiya.

> ka-ptu'-źa, v. a. to split or crack by striking, but not to split open wakaptuźa, unkaptuźapi.

> ka - po', v. a. to strike and make a *smell*, whether good or bad; to stop or cease from, as in gambling, and distribute the articles staked—wa-T., to raise a dust, as in kapo. sweeping.

> ka-poś'-po-źe-dan, adv. red. of kapoźedan.

ka-po'-źa, adj. light, not heavy.

 $Ka - po' - \acute{z}a$, n. p. those who traveled unincumbered with much baggage: the name of the Little Crow's band of Dakota Indians; Kaposia, or Little Crow's village.

ka-po'-źe-daŋ, adj. dim. light, not heavy.

ka-po'-źe-la, T., and ka-po'źe-na, Ih. adj. light, not heavy.

ka-sa', v. a. to bury in the snow, cover over with snow-wakasa, unkasapi.

ka-s'a', v. n. to whistle or moan, as 'ka-sdem', cont. of kasdepa. the wind. T., to sail or glide in the \pm k a - s d e m' - y a, air, as birds.

ka-sag', cont. of kasaka; kasag iyeya.

ka-sa'-ka, v. a. to switch, whipwakasaka.

k a - s a k' - s a - k a, v. red. of kasaka; to whip—wakasaksaka.

ka-sam'-ye-dan, adv. heavily: kasamyedan hiphpaya, to fall heavily.

ka - sa p', v. n. to whiten or wash off. as the rain does paint. See kasepa.

ka-san', v.a. to shave off, as the beard or hair; to whiten by scraping—wakasan. T., kasla.

ka-san'-san, v. red. of kasan; to scrape and whiten—wakasansan.

ka-sba', v.a. tomakelint; tocurry wakasba, unkasbapi.

ka - sba' - sba, v. red. of kasba.

ka-sbu', v. a. to cut into small strips, cut into dangles, make fringewakasbu, unkasbupi.

ka-sbu'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to cut into strips—kasbuwakiya.

ka-sbu'-pi, n. dangles, fringe. See akamda.

· ka-sbu'-sbu, v. red. of kasbu; to cut into strings and let hang—wakasbusbu.

ka-sda'-ta, v. to steal up to by paddling, as to ducks; to paddle softlywakasdata.

k a - s d e' - c a, v. a. to split, as wood, with an ax—wakasdeća, unkasdećapi.

adv. tapering, wedge-like.

ka-sden', cont. of kasdeća; kasden

ka-sden'-ki-ya, v. a to cause to split—kasdenwakiya.

ka-sden'-ya, v. a. to cause to split—kasdenwaya.

ka-sde'-pa, v.a. to make tapering, to make like a wedge—wakasdepa.

 $ka-sde'-sde-\acute{c}a$, v. a. red. of kasdeća; to split up fine, as wood wakasdesdeća.

ka-sde'-sden, cont. of kasdesdeća.

ka-sdi', v. a. to strike and force some out, as from a bladder full of grease; to sharpen, as a stick, with an ax—wakasdi. See kapesto.

ka-sdi'-sdi, v. red. of kasdi.

kā-sdi'-tka, v.a. of sditka; to cut in notches, make knobs on-wakasdi-T., kakankan.

ka-sdi'-tka-tka, v. red. of kasditka.

ka-sdi'-ya, v. a. to cause one to press out—kasdiwaya.

ka-sdo'-han, v. n. of sdohan; to waft or drive along, as the wind does clouds. T., kaslohan, to slide down hill.

ka-sdo'-han-han, v. red. of kasdohan.

ka-se'-pa, v. n. to wash off, as the rain does paint. See kasan.

ka-s'in', adv. appearing, in sight. See aokasin and okasin.

ka-s'in'-s'in, adv red. of kaś'in; appearing now and then.

ka-s'in'-s'in-yan, adv appearing at times, occasionally seen: kas'ins'inyan iyaya, he passes along in sight sometimes.

ka-s'in'-yan, adv. in sight, partly visible, projecting, as a cork in a bottle.

ka-ska', v. a. to bleach by striking or *dragging*—wakaska.

k a - s k a', v. n. to clear off, as clouds, smoke, or fog; to become clear.

ka-ska'-han, n. dregs.

ka-skam', cont. of kaskapa; kaskam iyeya, to strike off with the hand.

ka-ska'-pa, v. a. to strike, as with the hand, strike hands together: nape hdaskapa, he strikes his hands together.

ka-skem', cont. of kaskepa; kaskem iyeya.

ka - skem' - ki - ya, v. a. to cause to bail out, as water from a canoekaskemwakiya.

 $ka \cdot skem' - ya$, v.a. to cause to bail out.

ka-ske'-pa, v. a. of skepa; to paddle or bail out, as water from a canoe: also v. n. to leak, as a vessel; See kuse, kahepa, and kaskepa.

ka-ski'-ća, v. a. to press, press down on; to embrace—wakaskića, unkaskićapi: taha kaskića, to press | ka-sni'-sni, v. red. of kasni. packs of furs. See kaśkića.

ka-skin', cont. of kaskića; kaskin

vuza, to clasp in the arms—kaskin mduza.

ka-skin'-ya, v.a. to cause to settle down, to press down-kaskinwaya. ka-ski'-ta, v. to press, to clasp: kaskita yuza, to embrace.

ka-sku', v. a. to peel off, as bark with an ax; blaze, by cutting off bark from a tree: ćan kasku ya, to go blazing trees, as in making a road through woods-wakasku.

ka-smag', cont. of kasmaka; kasmag iyeya.

ka - sma' - ka, v. a. to indent or make concave by striking-wakasmaka; to make a track, as a wagon See kaosmaka. does.

ka-smin'-yan, v. to make bare; to blow all off and leave bare, as the wind does in taking off the snow.

ka-smin'-yan-yan, v. red. of kasminyan.

k a - s n a', v. a. to make ring or sound by striking; to make ring, as the wind; to knock or shake off fruit or leaves from a tree: i. q. kahna wakasna, uŋkasnapi.

ka-sna'-sna, v. red. of kasna; to make ring; to trim or cut off all the limbs from a tree and leave it barewakasnasna. See snasnana.

to go dry, as a well—wakaskepa. ka-sni', v. a. of sni; to put out or extinguish fire by beating; to cool food by shaking it—wakasni, unkasnipi,

ka-son', cont. of kasota; kason iyeya, to use all up.

ka-so'-ta, v. a. to use up by strik-|ka-sa'|, conj. (ka and esa) ing; to kill off, as cattle; to cut all off, as trees, to make prairie of woodland; to use up-wakasota, unkasotapi. See kanića.

ka-so'-ta, v. n. to clear off, as the | ka-s'ag', cont. of kas'aka. sky, be clear from clouds: kasota au, it is clearing off. See kaska.

ka-spa'-ya, *v. a.* of spaya; to wet, moisten-wakaspaya.

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{e}' - \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}, v. a$ to make sink; to balance, weigh—kaspewaya: kaspeya ehnaka, to place in a balance, to balance or weigh; to put so as to hold to its place, as something placed to hold a book open. See kaospeya.

ka-spe'-ya, adv. balancing, ready to sink; kaspeya yanka, it is in a balance.

ka-stag', cont. of kastaka; kastag ehpeya, to throw on and make stick, as mud.

-ka-sta'-ka, v.a to throw on, as mud, to throw so as to make stickwakastaka.

ka-stan'-ka, v. a. to moisten by pounding—wakastanka.

ka-sto', v. a. to smooth down, to stroke, comb, as hair or grass—wakasto, unkastopi: kasto iyaya, to drag or trip along.

ka-sto'-sto, v. red. of kasto; to stroke, make smooth.

ka-sto'-ya, adv. smoothly.

ka-suk'-su-ta, v. red. of kasuta.

ka-su'-ta, v. of suta; to pound and make hard or tough.

kaś, conj. if, although. See kaeś.

Ih. though, although: sometimes it has the form of ever; as, tuwe kaśa, whoever, taku kaśa, whatever: i. q. kasta.

ka-s'ag'-ya, v.a. to cause to strike feebly—kaś'agwaya.

ka-ś'a'-ka, v. a. to strike with too little force to penetrate; to discourage—wakas'aka.

ka-ś'a'-ka, adj. overloaded.

k a - s d a', v a. to cut off, make bare, as, pa kaśda, to shave the head; to mow, as grass, make bare by mowingwakasda, unkasdapi. See peźikaśda.

ka - sda' - sda; v. red. of kasda.

k a - k d a' - y a, v. a. to cause to make bare—kasdawaya.

 $k a - \acute{s} d e' - \acute{c} a$, v. a. Ih. to split: i. q. kasdeća.

ka - ś d o g', cont. of kaśdoka; kaśdog iyeya.

ka-śdo'-ka, v. a. to knock off or out, as the helve from an ax—wakaśdoka, unkaśdokapi; to fall out, as an arrow that has been shot into an animal. T., kaśloka, to clean out, as a pipe. See kahdoka.

ka-śdun', cont. of kaśduta; kaśdun iyeya, to cause to glance off; kaśdun iyaya, to glance off, as an ax.

ka-śdu'-śdu-ta, v. red. of kaśduta; to polish; to smooth by striking, to planish—wakaśduśduta.

ka-śdu'-ta, v. a. to strike and make glance off-wakaśduta.

- ka-śe', v. n. to strike or rub against— ka-śke m', cont. of kaśkepa; ka-makaśe, nicaśe. ka-śke melipeya, to strike out, to press
- ka-śe'-ća, v.a. to make dead or dry by striking, to deaden by cutting around, as a tree—wakaśeća.
- ka-śen'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to deaden—kaśenwakiya.
- ka-śe'-ya, v. a. to rub against, fend off; to obstruct—kaśewaya.
- ka-śe'-ya, adv. hitting against, touching.
- ka-śi'-ća, v. a. of śića; to spoil or make badly by striking—wakaśića.
- k a -ś i' ć a -h o w a y a , v. a. to cause to cry out by striking—wakaśićahowaya.
- ka-śim', cont. of kaśipa; kasim iyeya.
- k a ś' i ŋ', v. n. to bend backwards makaś'iŋ, nićaś'iŋ.
- ka-ś'iŋ'-yaŋ, adv. bent backwards: kaś'iŋyaŋ uŋ, he is bent backwards.
- ka-śi'-pa, v. a. to knock or cut off close, as branches from a tree, legs from a chair or pot, or rivets from a knife—wakaśipa; to break off, as the wind does limbs from a tree.
- ka-śka', v. a. to tie; to bind, imprison—wakaśka, uŋkaśkapi, ćićaśka, makaśka: kaśka hnaka, to put in bonds or in prison—kaśka wahnaka.
- ka-śka'-haŋ, part. tied, bound. ka-śke'-haŋ, v. a. of śkehaŋ; to make skip about by striking—wakaśkehaŋ.

- ka-śkem', cont. of kaśkepa; kaśkem elipeya, to strike out, to press out by striking, as water from anything.
- ka-śke'-pa, v. a. to strike and press out, as water—wakaśkepa. See kaskepa.
- ka-śki'-ća, v. a. to press by striking, to pound or batter out, as clothes wakaśkića. See kaskića.
- ka-śkin', *cont.* of kaśkića; kaśkin iyeya.
- ka-śki'-śka, v. a. to make rough by striking—wakaśkiśka.
- ka-śko'-kpa, v. a. to hollow out, make concave, cut out, as a trough — wakaśkokpa, unkaśkokpapi. Hence, ćankaśkokpa, a trough.
- ka ; śko' kpa kpa , *v. red.* of kaśkokpa.
- ka-śkom', cont. of kaśkopa; kaśkom iyeya.
- k a ś k o' p a , v. a to make crooked or.twisted by striking or falling—wakaśkopa. See kapemni
- $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, v red. of kaśkopa.
- ka-śko'-tpa, v. a. Same as kaśkokpa.
- ka-śko'-tpa-tpa, v. red. of kaśkotpa.
- k a ś n a', v. a. to miss in attempting to strike—wakaśna, uŋkaśnapi.
- ka-śna'-śna, v. red. of kaśna.
- ka-śni'-śni-źa, v. a. red. of kaśniża; to strike, as a fire, and cause to send forth sparks—wakaśniśniża.

ka-śni'-źa, v. a. of śniża; to make wither by striking—wakaśniża.

ka-śo'-śa, v. a. to stir up, make turbid; make into batter—wakaśośa.

k a - ś p a', v. a. to separate, cut loose from; to cut in two, as a pair of blankets; to cough and spit, to expectorate—wakaśpa, unkaśpapi; ki-caśpa, and kićićaśpa, to wrestle. T., kićikśan.

ka-śpa'-pi, n. See kaśpapidan. ka-śpa'-pi-dan, n. a small piece of money, a ten-cent piece, dime.

ka-spe'-pi-ća-sni, adj. not capable of being separated.

ka-śpe'-ya, v. a. to cause to separate or break off; to cause to expectorate—kaśpewaya. T., ton ka-śpeya.

ka-śpu', v. a. to cut off a piece by striking, cut off, as a bulge from a tree, etc.—wakaśpu, upkaśpupi.

ka-śpu'-śpu, v. red. of kaśpu; to break up in pieces, as ice or tallow, by striking—wakaśpuśpu; to break up, as the wind does ice.

ka-śpu'-śpu, n. pieces of lead cut and rounded in the mouth, slugs.

ka-śta', conj. (ka and eśta) though, although: tuwe kaśta, whoever or nobody; taku kaśta, whatever or nothing; toketu kaśta, at all events, at any rate; hećetu kaśta, let it be so. Ih. and T., kaśa; also keśa.

ka-śtag', cont. of kaśtaka; kaśtag yeya, to throw, as a hutinaćute kaśtag yewaya. T., kaliol yeya.

ka-śta'-ka, v. a. to strike, beat, whip; to kill—wakaśtaka, yakaśtaka, unkaśtakapi.

ka-śtan, v. a. to pour out; to throw away; said of liquids only—wakaśtan, unkaśtanpi. See kada.

ka-śuś, cont of kaśuźa; kaśuś iyeya.

ka-śu'-śuś, cont of kaśuśuża; kaśuśuś iyeya, to bruise or mash down. ka-śu'-śuś-ya, adv. battered,

bruised.

ka-śu'-śu-źa, v.a. red. of kaśuża. ka-śuś'-ya, v.a. to cause to batter or bruise—kaśuśwaya.

ka-śuś'-ya, adv. bruisedly, batteredly.

ka-śu'-źa, v. a. to bruise, to batter, to mash, to crush—wakaśuźa.

See kahuga.

ka'-ta, adj. warm, hot; applied both to persons and things—makata, nikata.

ka-ta', adv. together: kata iheya, to assemble together—kata iheunyanpi.

ka-ta'-ġa, v. of taġe; to make waves and foam, as the wind does by blowing on water.

ka-tali', cont. of kataga; katali ton, to make waves.

ka-ta'-kin, v. a. of takin; to strike and cause to lean—wakatakin.

ka-ta'-kiŋ-yaŋ, adv. of takiŋyaŋ; leaning: katakiŋyaŋ haŋ, to stand leaning.

ka-ta'-ko-han, v. katakohan yuza, to embrace—katakohan mduza.

ka-ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. a. (ka and

takuniśni) stroy—wakatakunisni.

ka-tan', v. a. to pound on-wakatan, unkatanpi: to press on, as water on a paddle or wind on a sail.

ka-tan'-in, .v. a. of tanin; to make apparent, to clear off, as anything covered up—wakatanin. See kaotanin.

ka-tan'-ka, v. a of tanka; to beat out large, to enlarge—wakatanka.

ka-tan'-ka-ya, v. a. to make large—wakatankaya.

ka-ta'-om, cont. of kataonpa; leaning at an angle of forty-five degrees. T., kataob.

ka-ta'-om-ya, adv leaning. ka-ta'-on-pa, v. to lean. See

kataom and oppa.

ka-ta'-pa, v. T. to shake and make dry, as the wind does clothes.

ka-ta'-psis, cont. of katapsiza; katapsis iyeya.

ka-ta'-psi-za, v. a. to cause to rise, as bubbles in water, by throwing something in-wakatapsiza. T., katapśiźa.

ka-ta'-ta, v. a. to shake off, as dust, etc., from a bed; to brush off with the hand or a brush—wakatata, unkatatapi.

ka-ta'-ta-pa, v. red. of katapa. ka-t'a'-t'a, v. a. to make blunt or batter by striking—wakat'at'a.

ka-ta'-źa, v. of taźa; to make waves, as the wind does. See kataga.

ka-te'-han, adv. of tehan; far, at a distance.

to beat to pieces, de- | ka-te'-han-yan, adv. at some distance, a little distance off.

> ka-tem', cont. of katepa; katem iyeya.

> ka-te'-pa, v.a. to cut to a stump; to cut tapering—wakatepa.

> ka-ti'-ća, v. a. to scrape off, as snow—wakatića, unkatićapi.

> ka-ti'-ća, v. n. to be obstructed, as the nostrils.

> ka-tik'-ti-ća, v. a. to thicken by stirring—wakatiktića.

> ka-tin', cont. of katića; katin iyeya. ka-tin', adj. straight, straightened out, as the arm—makatin. botin, natin, and patin.

> ka-tin', adv. T. in the way of, obstructingly, as, katin yanka.

> ka-tin'-ki-ya, v.a. to stretch out, straighten out: isto katinwakiya, I straighten out my arm.

> ka-tin'-yan, adv. directly, continuously, without stop.

> ka-tka', v.n. to choke or be choked, as in eating, to stick in the throat makatka, nićatka.

ka-tke', v. Same as katka.

ka - tke' - ya, v. a. to cause to choke-katkewaya.

ka-tki'-tka, v n. to collect in little bunches or lumps, as meal thrown in, in making mush.

ka-tki'-tka-tka, v. n. red. of katkitka; to gather into bunches or lumps, be tangled, as locks of hair.

ka-tku', adj. cut short, short, rather short.

ka-tku'-dan, adj. short: onhdo-

hda katkudan seća, the coat seems to be very short.

ka-tku'-ġa, v. a. to cut short, cut into short pieces—wakatkuġa. Hence, tiyopa iyokatkuġe, nails. T., kaptuġa.

ka-tkuh', cont. of katkuga; katkuh iyaya, to go round and get on the other side, to go by a short cut katkuh imdamda.

ka-tkuh'-ya, adv. going around. ka-tkuns', cont. of katkunza.

ka-tkuŋ'-tkuŋ-ta, v. See kakuntkuŋta.

ka-tkun'-za. v. a. to cut off square—wakatkunza.

ka-tku'-tku-ġa, v. red. of ka-tkuġa.

ka-to', v.a. to strike and not make an indentation; to knock or rap on a door—wakato.

ka-to'-han, v. (kato and han) to stand and tap, as a woodpecker on a tree

ka-to'-kam, adv. before, ahead. See kahintokam.

ka-to'-kam-wa-pa, adv. ahead, in advance of.

ka-to'-ka-pa, adv. ahead. See kahintokapa.

ka-to'-na-wang-ki-ya, v. a. to make gallop slowly—katonawang-wakiya. T., katonaungkiya.

ka-to'-na-wan-ka, v. n. to gallop slowly, as a horse. T., ka-tonaunka.

ka-to'-to, v. red. of kato; to knock or beat on, as on a door; to clear off, as bushes, trees, etc., from a field—wakatoto. See kasota.

ka-tpa', v. a. to strike and knock out, as an eye; to strike, as in bleeding, i.q. kankatpa; to strike through, as in shooting with an arrow, i.q. katpa iyeya—wakatpa, unkatpapi. See kakpa.

ka-tpan', v.a. to bruise, mash up by beating; to wink, as the eyelids—wakatpan. i. q. kakpan.

ka-tpan'-tpan, v. red. of katpan.

ka-tpa'-tpa, v. red. of katpa; to strike and knock out pieces—waka-tpatpa.

ka-tpi', v. a. to crack, as nuts, by striking—wakatpi. i. q. kakpi.

ka-tu'-ka, v.a. to knock off, as fur; to destroy by smiting—wakatuka. T., kaśla.

ka-tu'-tka, v. a. to break in small pieces, pound up fine—wakatutka.

ka-ta', v. a. (ka and ta) to kill by striking, strike dead, to stun—wa-kata, yakata, unkatapi: kata iyeya, to shoot down, kill by shooting; kata ehpeya, to knock over dead.

ka-ta'-ga, v. a. to shake and make dry, as the wind does a wet cloth. T., katatapa.

ka-tins', cont. of katinza; katins iyeya.

ka-tin'-s'a, adv. of tins'a; at rest, firmly, solidly.

ka-tins'-ya, v. a. to cause to be solid or at rest.

or beat on, as on a door; to clear off, | k a - t i n' - z a, v. a. of tinza: to pound

tinza.

 $ka-to'-\acute{z}a$, v. a. blunt by striking—wakatoża.

 $ka - tu \eta' - ke - ća, v.$ keća.

ka-u', v. a. of au; to bring to one, to be in the act of bringing to-wakau, uŋkaupi; ćićau, makau.

ka-wa'. See yukawa.

ka-wa'-ći, v. a. (ka and waći) to cause to dance by striking, to spin by whipping, as the boys do their tops—wakawaći.

ka-wa'-han, part. opened.

ka-wang', cont. of kawanka; kawang elipeya. T, kaung.

ka-wan'-ka, v. a. to cut down, ka-win h', cont. of kawinga. fell, as trees—wakawanka; to blow down, as the wind does trees, T., kauŋka. houses, etc.

 $ka - wa \eta' - ka - ka', v. n.$ To be jolted or bounced up and down, as in a wagon; kawankaka yemaya.

ka-wan'-kan, adv. kawankan iyeya, to knock upwards. See wankan.

ka-wan'-kan-wa-pa, adv. little up.

ka - wa' - s'a - ka, v. n. of was'aka; to be made strong by packing or carrying loads—makawas'aka.

ka-wa'-śte, v. a. to make well by striking or cutting with an ax.

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{w} \mathbf{e}' - \mathbf{g} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. to break by striking, but not entirely off; to break, as an ax-helve; to break down wakawega, unkawegapi; to break, as the wind does trees.

tight, make tight, make firm—waka- | k a - w e h', cont. of kawega; kaweh iyeya.

> to dull or make | k a - w e h' - w e - g a, v. red. of kaweġa.

See atun- | ka-weh'-weh, cont. of kawehwega; kawehweh iyeya, to fracture or break in several places.

> ka-weh'-ya, *v. a*. to cause to break-kaweliwaya.

ka-weh'-ya, adv. breaking.

ka-wi'-hnu-ni, v. a. to destroy by striking, to break in pieces—wakawihnuni.

 $ka - wi \eta' - \dot{g}a$, v. n. to turn in one's course; kawinga iyaya, he went turning—wakawinga. See pawinġa, yawinġa, and yuwinġa.

ka-wiŋś', cont. of kawiŋźa; kawiŋś iyeya and kawins elipeya, to beat down, mat down.

ka-winś-winś, cont. of kawinświnźa.

ka-win ś-win ś-ya, adv. matted down

ka-winś'-win-źa, v. red. of kawinźa.

ka-win ś'-ya, v. a. to cause to mat down—kawinśwaya.

ka - win s' - ya, adv.beaten down, fallen down,

ka - win' - źa, v. a.to beat down, mat down by striking, as grass, etc. wakawinźa.

ka - wi' - ta - ya adv. of witaya; together: kawitaya iheya, to assemble together, flock together.

ka-wo'-o-tan-in, v. n.

come light; to clear away, as a storm or anything that obstructs vision. See kaowotanin and katanin.

ka'-ya, v. a. of aya; to take to onewakamda, yakada, unkayapi, nicaya.

ka-ye'-ġa, v. a. to make shine by striking, as a fire. T., kalehya. See iyeġa.

ka-ye'-haŋ, adv. before, out in front: kayehaŋ ecoŋ, to do before another; kayehaŋ naziŋ, to stand out in front; kayehaŋ içihnaka and kayehaŋiçiya, to put one's self forward. T., ikokab. See kaŋyehaŋ.

ka-yo'-dan, adv. See kayowe-dan.

ka-yo'-la-wa-ći-pi, n. T. a dance of the Winnebagos; also called Hotanke waćipi; i. q kayowedan waćipi

ka-yo'-tan, adv. Same as kayodan

ka-yo'-we-dan, adj. zigzag, in all kinds of shapes: kayowedan kiçun, to make figures, as children do when playing in the snow; kayowedan wacipi, a kind of dance. T., yuglaskinskin.

ka-yo'-yo, adv. yielding, giving when struck or pressed on: kayoyo se ap'a, he strikes as if it yielded under the stroke.

ka-za', v.a. to pick to picces, as the takan, or sinew, used by the Dakotas in sewing—wakaza.

ka'-za, n. a unit, an atom, a particle, a grain; káza wanźidan, one vol. vII—18 grain or particle; káza nonpa, two grains. See sukaza.

ka-za'-mni, v.a. to uncover or open out, as anything covered; to open out, as a door—wakazamni, yakazamni. See yuzamni.

ka-zan', v.a. to hurt, stun by striking, render motionless; to part, to separate, as grass in passing 'through --- wakazan, unkazanpi. See kagan.

ka-zan'-yan, adv. parting.

ka-za'-pa, v. a. to cut off meat from bones; said also when, in flaying an animal, the fat is left on the skin—wakazapa, unkazapapi. Hence, ka-zapapi, meat cut off from the bones. T., to strip meat off clean, strip bare, tear off the periosteum, as they do from the ribs of animals. See kagapa.

ka-za'-za, v. a. to cut in strips; to gash—wakazaza, unkazazapi.

ka-za'-za-pi, n. the ermine, i. q. hituŋkasaŋ; so called because the skin is cut up into strips to wear on the head.

ka-ze', v. a. to lade or dip out with a spoon or ladle—wakaze, yakaze, uŋkazepi. See kage, kapta, etc.

k a'-ze-daŋ, adj. shallow, as water: mini kazedaŋ, the water is shallow; i. q. puzedaŋ. Ih., kazena.

ka-zi', v.n. to fill up, as a pipestem with water, etc.; to have the sense of fullness, so as not to be able to swallow: éante kazi, the heart is full—éante makazi: kaziton, to protect a skin drying, stretched in a

- tent, by hanging something before it. T., kazan; ćante kazan is used when one has swallowed too much smoke.
- ka-zil'-ya, v. T. to stretch out, straighten: kaziliçiya, he stretched himself out. See pazica, yazica, yuzica, etc.
- ka-zo', v.a. to mark; to throw back the arms—wakazo, unkazopi. See kago.
- ka-zon', cont. of kazonta; to weave in, as in making baskets, etc.
- ka-zon'-ta, v. a. to weave, as cloth, to twist in, as in making baskets or snow-shoes, i q. yanka—wakazonta, yakazonta, unkazontapi.
- ka-zuŋ'-ta, v. Same as kazoŋta.
 ka-źa', v. a. to split a little, to make gape—wakaźa.
- ka-źa'-haŋ, v.a. of źahaŋ; to make open out by striking; to press open—wakaźahaŋ.
- ka-źa'-haŋ-haŋ, v. red. of kaźahaŋ.
- ka-źa'-ka, v. a. to strain or knock open; to press open, as a wound—wakaźaka.
- ka-źan', cont. of kaźata; kaźan iyeya.
- ka-źaŋ'-źaŋ, v. n. of źaŋźaŋ; to become light, as clouds after rain.
- $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, v. n.$ Same as kazanzan.
- ka-źa'-ta, v.a. to make forked by cutting with an ax—wakaźata. See kaġata.

- k a ź a' ź a , v. a. to wash by pulling back and forth—wakaźaźa.
- ka-źa'-źa, adv. clearly: kaźaźa wanyaka, to see clearly. T., źaźayela
- ka-źim', cont. of kaźipa; kaźim iyeya, to shave off quickly or by a stroke.
- ka-źim'-źi-pa, v. red. of każipa. ka-źi'-pa, v. a. to shave with a knife or drawing-knife, to plane wakażipa, uŋkażipapi.
- k a ź o', v. n. to purge, have a diarrhwa—wakaźo.
- ka-źo'-pi, n. a purging, a diarrhæa. ka-źuŋ', v. a. to pull up, as birds do corn; to come out or moult, as the quills of geese, etc. See kapśuŋ.
- ka-źu'-źu, v.a. to blot out, efface; to pay off, as one's debts; to forgive; to knock to pieces; to come to pieces, as a wagon, cart, etc., in hauling—wakaźuźu. v.n. to break up, as ice in the river.
- k ć a, adj. loose, disentangled, straight. See kakća, etc.
- k & a h a n', part. coming loose, untying of itself.
- kćan. See yukćan.
- k ć a n' k a, n. one who fails of doing what he said he would.
- kéan'-kéan-ka, n. anything that is tall, i. q. hanska.
- kća-wa'-han, part. come untied. kd. Santee words commencing with "hd" commence with "kd" in Yankton; as, kda, i. q. hda. They need not generally be repeated,

kda'-ya, v. n. Ih. to scratch, rub. | ke-nun'-yan, v. to know partly, k di-yo', v. i. q. hduwe: Ih., kdiyo mni kta, I will go for my own.

ke, particle. It is sometimes used as the sign of the future tense of the first person; as, hećamon ke epća, I thought I would do that.

ke, n. T. a turtle: i. q. keya. $ke - \acute{c}a'$ and $ke - \acute{c}a' - la$, n. long-haired dog.—T. L. R.

ke-ćan'-kin, v.a. to think of as such, to regard as-kećanwakin, kećanyakin, kećanunkinpi, kećanmayakin, kećanćićin. See ećankin.

k e - ć i n', v. to think that—kećanmi, kećanni, unkećinpi. See ećin.

 $ke - \acute{c}i' - ya$, v. a. to say to one that it is so and so-kewakiya, keunkiyapi, kemakiya, kećićiya, kenićiya. See eciya.

ke-ćon', v. to do that: tanyan kećon ićidaća, he thinks he has done that well. See econ.

ke-gle'-ze-la, n. T. a spotted or striped turtle.

ke-ha', v. 2d pers. sing. of keya. ke'-ha, n. (keya and ha) a tortoise-shell.

keh-ķe'-ġa, v. n. to have a rattling in the throat, as anything choked to death—wakelikega. See kolikoga.

 $ke-kto'-pa-win-\dot{g}e$, adj. thousand: kektopawinge wikćemna, ten thousand. See koktopawinge and opawinge. Probably koktopawinge was the original form, from kokta and opawinge.

to suspect; i. q. tungya-kenunwaya.

 $ke-nu'-nu-\acute{z}a$, n. T. the softshell turtle: i. q. kezonta.

ke-pa', v. 1st pers. sing. of keya. ke'-pa, n. (keya and pa) toise's head.

ke-pća', v. 1st pers. sing.; Ithought that: hećeće kta kepća, I thought that it would be so.

kes-ton', v. n.to be barbed, have a barb, as a fish-hook.

keś, conj. although. It is always used in reference to past time.

ke-śa', adv. T. tuwe kaśa, whoever: i. q. kasta.

ke-ta'-gi-ka, n. T. a fool: i.q. ćaguka.

ke'-ya, n. the large tortoise; a roof, i. q. wakeya.

ke'-ya, adj. sloping, like a roof: keya han, it stands roof-like. T., keinyanhan.

ke'-ya, va. to make a roof ofkewaya.

ke-ya', v. to say that—kepa, keha, unkeyapi. "Keya," "kećin," and "kećankin," are from "eya," "ećin," and "ećankin." Those of the latter class indicate that the subject of the preceding verb is identical with the person who says or thinks, which those of the former class do not: as, mde kta eha, I will go, thou saidst; mde kta keha, thou saidst that I would go; ecamon kta ećin, I will do it, thought he, or he

kećin, he thought that I would do it.

ke'-ya-han, part. sloping, rooflike. T., keinyahan.

ke'-ya-ya, v. pos. of eyaya; to have taken anything to one's own home.

ke-ze', n. the barb of a fish-hook. ke-zon'-ta, n. the soft-shelled tortoise. T., kenunuźa.

ke-zun'-ta, n. Same as kezonta. ki, prep. in comp. to, for, of. It is often prefixed to verbs or incorporated in them: as, kte, to kill, kikte, to kill for one; kaga, to make, kićaga, to make for or to one; ećon, to do, ećakićon, to do to one. prefixed to verbs of motion commencing with a vowel, the i is dropped: as, kau, from ki and au; keyaya is probably from ki and eyaya.

ki, pron. pos. in comp. meaning one's own; as, okide, to seek one's own.

ki, a prefix to some verbs, which indicates that the action is performed through the middle of the object; as, kibaksa, to cut in two in the middle.

ki, v. n.to arrive at one's house or where one lives; this is used when the person speaking is away from the home spoken of—waki, yaki, uŋkipi.

ki, v. a. to take from one by force, to rob-waki, yaki, unkipi, maki, nići, ćići.

ki-a'-pe, v. a. to wait till one reaches home—kiawape.

thought he would do it; ecamon kta | ki-ba', v. pos. of ba; to blame one's self or one's own; to suffer in consequence of one's own course-wakiba, unkibapi.

> ki-ba'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to blame one's self—kibawakiya.

> ki-ba'-ksa, v. a. to cut in two in the middle, as a stick—kibawaksa, kibaunksapi.

> ki-ba'-psa-ka, v.a. cord or string in two in the middle kibawapsaka.

> ki-ba'-s'a, n. one who is lazy, gets along with difficulty and blames himself much.

> ki-ba'-sde-ća, v. a. to slit or saw in the middle—kibawasdeća. See okibasdeća.

> ki-ba'-śpa, v. a. to cut in two in the middle, as an apple—kibawaśpa.

> ki-ble'-za, adj. T. convalescent; i. q. kamdeza.

> ki-bo'-ksa, v. a. to shoot in two in the middle—kibowaksa.

> ki-bo'-psa-ka, v.a. to shoot off in the middle, as a cord.

> ki-bo'-śpa, v. a. to shoot in two, as an apple-kibowaśpa.

> ki-ća', prep. in comp. for, from: as, opeton, to buy; opekićaton, to buy from.

> ki-ća', v. pos. of ka; to mean one's own; to ask for or demand one's own—weća, yeća, unkićapi.

> ki'-ća-da, v. a. of kada; to spill, as grain, for another—wećada, un-• kićadapi.

ki'-ća-ġa, v. a. of kaġa; to make

to or for one: wowapi kićaża, to write a letter to one-wećaga, yećaga, unkićagapi, mićaga, ćićaga.

ki-ća'-ġa', v. pos. of kaġa; to make for one's self—wećaga, etc.

ki-ća'-ġa, v. n. of ćaġa, to become ice again.

ki-ća'-ġo, v. of kaġo; to make a mark for one; to vaccinate.

ki'- ća - hda, v. of kahda; to fall out or unroll for one—mićahda, ni-

ki'-ća-hi, v. of kahi; to rummage for one—wećahi, unkićahipi, mićahi.

ki-ća'-kća, v. of kakća; to comb or curry onc's own—wećakća.

ki'-ća-kin-ća, v. of kakinća; to scrape, as a fish, for one—wećakinća, unkićakinćapi.

ki'-ća-kpa, v. of kakpa; to strike ki-ća'-psa-ka, v. a. into for one: kan kićakpa, to cut a vein for, i. e., to bleed one.

ki'-ća-ksa, v. of kaksa; to cut in ki-ća'-psan, v. a. to shake for or two for one, as a stick, with an ax wećaksa, unkićaksapi.

ki-ća'-ksa, v.a. to cut in two in ki'-ća-psuŋ, v. of kapsuŋ; to the middle with an ax or by striking; to break, as a law, to disobey—kiwakaksa, kiunkaksapi.

ki'-éa-ku-ka, v. of kakuka; to pound to pieces or destroy for one, 'as clothing—wećakuka.

to break for one by striking, as brittle ware—wećamdeća. bleća.

ki'- éa-mna, v. of kamna; to col- | ki-éa'- spa, v. a. to cut in two in

lect or gather together for one; to earn for one-wećamna, mićamna.

ki-ćan', v. to call on the dead when wailing for them, as in crying, "Mićinksi, mićinksi," my son, my son!wećan, unkićanpi.

ki'-ćaŋ-pta, v.a. to comfort one; to take sides with, desire to help one wećanpta, unkićanptapi. Hence, wićakićanpte, a comforter.

ki-ćan'-yan, v. a. to work; to till, cultivate, as the ground—wakićaninda and wakićanyan, yakićanda, unkićanyanpi. See ahtani and litani.

ki'-ća-psag, cont. of kićapsaka; kićapsag iyeya.

ki'-ća-psa-ka, v. of kapsaka; to cut in two, as a string, for onewećapsaka, unkićapsakapi.

to cut in two, as a string, in the middle-kiwakapsaka,

to one: pa kićapsan, to bow the head to one—wećapsan.

knock over and spill out, as water for one—wećapsuŋ.

ki'-ća-pśuŋ, v. of kapśuŋ; to strike or knock off, as a horn, for one-wećapśwy.

k i' - é a - p t a , v. Same as kićaŋpta. ki'- éa-m de- éa, v. of kamdeéa; ki'- éa-s de- éa, v. of kasdeéa; to split in two for one—wećasdeća.

T., kića- $\frac{1}{2}$ k i' - ć a - ś p a , v. of kaśpa; to divide for one—wećaśpa.

the middle, as an apple—kiwakaśpa, kiuŋkaśpapi.

ki'-ća-tpa, v. Same as kićakpa. ki'-ća-we-ġa, v. of kaweġa; to partly break or fracture for one wećaweġa.

ki'-ća-wi-hnu-ni, v. of kawihnuni; to destroy for one—wećawihnuni.

ki-ći', prep. with, together with: kići mda, I go with him.

ki'-ći, prep. in comp. for: kićićahdi, to bring home for one.

ki-ći', prep. in comp. to each other. This makes the reciprocal form of verbs: as, ećakićićonpi, they do to each other; waśtekićidapi, they love each other.

ki-ći'-a-ta-ye-ki-ći-ya, v.
T. to meet face to face; to meet squarely — kićiatayewećiya. See itkokipa.

ki-ći'-ća, v. n. to be with, together with, following with, on the same side with; to have for a companion: ki-ćića wota, of the same age with—wećića, unkićićapi, mićića.

ki-ći'-ća, n. T. a friend, or his friend or companion. See kićuwa.

ki'-ći-ća · da, v. of kada; to pour out or spill for one—wećićada, mi-ćićada.

ki'-ći-ća-ġa, v. of kaġa; to make anything for another—wećićaġa, unkićićaġapi. In use there is a difference between "kićaġa" and "kićićaġa." If one writes a letter to another, he uses "kićaġa"; if he writes for or in the place of another, he uses "kićićaġa."

k i'- ć i - ć a - ġ e - ġ e , v. of kaġeġe; to sew anything for one—wećićaġeġe, uŋkićićaġeġepi, mićićaġeġe.

ki'-éi-éa-hda, v. of ahda; to take to one's home for him—wećića-hda, mićićahda, unkićićahdapi.

k i'- é i - é a - h d i, v. of ahdi; to bring to one's home for him—wećićahdi, uŋkićićahdipi.

k i'- é i - é a - h i, v. of ahi; to bring to a place for one—wećićahi, uŋkićićahipi.

k i'- é i - é a - h i ŋ - t a, v. of kahiŋta; to sweep for one—wećićahiŋta, uŋkićićahiŋtapi.

k i'- é i - é a h - n i - ġ a, v. of kahniġa; to choose or select for one—wećićahniġa.

ki'- éi - éa - hu - ġa, v. of kahuġa; to fracture for one, break in, as the skull or a barrel-head, for one wećićahuġa.

k i' - é i - é a - h u - h u - ġ a , v. red. of kićićahuġa.

ki-ći'-ća-i, v. of ai; to take to a place for one—wećićai, unkićićaipi.

ki'-ći-ća-kan, v. of kakan; to hew for one—wećićakan, mićićakan.

ki'-ći-ća-kća, v. of kakća; to comb, as hair for one—wećićakća.

ki'-ći-ća-ki, v. of aki; to have taken to one's home for him—weći-ćaki, unkićićakipi.

k i'- é i - é a - k i ŋ - é a , v. of kakiŋéa; to scrape for one—wecićakiŋéa.

another, he uses "kićaga"; if he ki'-ći-ća-ksa, v. of kaksa; to cut

- mićićaksa, ćićićaksa.
- ki'-ći-ća-ksa-ksa, v. red. of kićićaksa; to cut up, as fire-wood, for another—wećićaksaksa.
- ki'-ći-ća-ku, v. of aku; to be bringing something home for onewećićaku, unkićićakupi.
- ki'-ći-ća-ku-ka, v. of kakuka; to pound to pieces for one—wećićakuka, mićićakuka.
- ki'- ϵi - ϵa -mde- ϵa , v. of kamdeća; to break up for one, as dishes, by striking—wećićamdeća. T., kićićableća.
- ki'-ći-ća-sde-ća, v. of kasdeća; to split, as wood for one—wećićasdeća.
- ki'-ći-ća-sde-sde-ća, v. red. of kićićasdeća.
- ki'-ći-ća-śda, v. of kaśda; to cut or make bare for one, as in mowing—wećićaśda.
- ki'-ći-ća-śka, v. of kaśka; to tie or bind for one—wećićaska, unkićićaskapi.
- ki'-ći-ća-śpa, v. of kaśpa; to deliver from, to relieve or free from one; to separate for one-wećićaśpa, unkićićaśpapi.
- ki'-ći-ća-šta-ka, v. of kastaka; to smite for one-wećićastaka, unkićićastakapi.
- ki'-ći-ća-śtan, v. of kastan; to pour out or spill for one-wećićastan, unkićićastanpi.
- ki'-ći-ća-u, v. of kau; to bring for one—wećićau, mićićau.

- off, as a stick, for one—wećićaksa, | ki'-ći-ća-we-ġa, v. of kaweġa; to break or partly break for one wecicawega, unkicicawegapi.
 - ki-ći'-ća-wo-ta, n. same age.
 - ki'-ći-ća-ya, v. of kaya: to take or carry to a place for one—wećićamda, yećićada.
 - ki-ći'-ća-ya, v. of kićića; to have for a companion—kićićawaya.
 - ki'-ći-ća-zuŋ-ta, v. of kazunta; to weave for one-wećićazunta, mićićazunta.
 - ki'-ći-ća-źu-źu, v. of kaźuźu; to pay for anything for another; to erase for one; to forgive one-wećićaźuźu, upkićićaźuźupi.
 - ki'-ći-ćin, v. of ćin; to desire or ask for, for another—wećićin, mićićin.
 - ki-ći'-ćin-yan, v. to go with, be with, accompany, as one's friend wećićinyan. T., kićićaya.
 - ki-ći'-ćo-pi, v. recip. of kićo; to call cach other—unkićićopi: kićićo wotapi, a feast in which a general invitation is given.
 - ki'-ći-ću-te, v. of kute; to shoot anything for another—wećićute, mićićute.
 - ki-ći'-ću-te-pi, v. recip. shoot each other, as in the wakan waćipi—uŋkićićutepi.
 - ki'-ći-ćin, v. of ķin; to carry or pack for one—wećićin.
 - ki-ći'-ġe-pi, v.recip. of kiġe; to quarrel with each other—unkićigepi, yećigepi. T., akoyekićiya.

- ki'-ći-han, v. of han; to be or | ki'-ći-ksu-ya, v. of kiksuya; to remain for one—mićihan, nićihan: mazaska zaptan mićihan, five dollars are due me. See ikićihan.
- ki'-ći-hde, v. of hde; to place or set for one—weeihde.
- ki'-ći-hde-dan, v. to revenge, punish—wećihdedan, mićihdedan.
- ki-6i'-hde-ya, adv. one by one: kićihdeya au, they come one at a time or one after another. T., ićiyakigle and ićiyakiglegle.
- ki'-ći-hdo-hi, v. of hdohi; to bring one's own to him, return it wećihdohi.
- ki'-ći-hdo-i, v. of hdoi; to have taken one's own to him-wećihdoi.
- ki'-ći-hdo-ya, v. of hdoya; to take one's own to him—wećihdoya.
- ki'-ći-hi-yo-hi, v. T. to go and fetch for one: i. q. kihuwe—wećihiyohi mda, I go to bring for him.
- ki'-ći-hna-ka, v. of hnaka; to lay away or lay up for one-wećihnaka, unkićihnakapi.
- ki-ći'-hna-na, adv. alone with any one or anything. T., kićiśnala.
- ki'-ći-ha, v. of ha; to bury for one-wećiha.
- ki'-ći-han-yan, v. of hanyan; to fail or become worse for one, as one's sick child-mićihanyan.
- ki-ći'-hmun-ga-pi, v. recip of hmunga; to bewitch each other unkićihmungapi.
- ki'-ći-kpa-mni, v. of pamni; to divide among themselves.

- recollect for one—wećiksuya, mićiksuya
- ki-ći'-kśan, v. T. to wrestle with. See kiksan and kiihduspa.
- ki-ći'-kte-pi, v. recip. each other—unkićiktepi.
- ki'-ći-ku-źa, v. T. of kuźa; to be sick for one, as one's child: i. q. kikanheźa.
- ki-ćin', v of ćin; to desire one's own; to desire for one; to desire of one. See okićin.
- ki-ćin'-in, v. pos. of kinin; to throw, as stones, at one's own—wećinin, uŋkićiŋiŋpi.
- ki'-ći-pa, v. a. to assist one, as with something to carry on a game in gambling; to espouse, reserve, as a girl with the intention of marrying her; to keep for one—wećipa. See kipa.
- ki'-ći-pa-be, v. of paman; to file for one—wećipabe. T., kićipame.
- ki'-ći-pa-gan, v. of pagan; to part with for one—wećipagan.
- ki-ći'-pa-gan-pi, v. recip. part with each other, as a man and his wife—unkicipaganpi.
- ki'-éi-pa-ġo, v. of paġo; to carve for one—wećipaġo.
- ki'-ći-pa-hi, v. of pahi; to pick or gather up for one-wećipalii, unkićipahipi, mićipahi.
- ki'-ći-pa-hmuŋ, v. of pahmuŋ; to twist, as a string, for one—wećipahmun.

- ki'-ći-pa-kća, v. of pakća; to | ki-ći'-pa-źin-pi, v. recip. of kicomb out straight for one-wećipakća.
- ki'- ϵi pa- kin- ta, v. of pakinta; to wipe for one-wećipakinta, unkićipakintapi.
- ki'-ći-pa-mde-ća, v. of pamdeća; to break for one—wećipamdeća. T., kićipableća.
- ki'-ći-pa-mni, v. of pamni; to divide for one—wećipamni, unkićipamnipi.
- ki-ći'-pa-mni-pi, v. recip. to divide among themselves—unkićipamnipi, yećipamnipi. T., kićikpamnipi. See kićikpamni
- ki'-ći-pan, v. of pan; to call to one for another—wećipan, unkićipanpi.
- ki'-ći-pa-pson, v. of papson; to spill or pour out for one, as waterwećipapson.
- ki'- $\acute{c}i$ pa- $snu\eta$, v. of pasnu η ; to roast, as meat, for one-wećipasnun.
- ki'- $\acute{e}i$ pa su ta, v. of pasuta; to knead or make stiff, as bread, for one—wećipasuta.
- ki'-ći-pa-ta, v. of pata; to cut up or carve for one-wećipata.
- ki'-ći-pa-tan, v. of patan; to take care of for one—wećipatan, unkićipatanpi, mićipatan.
- ki'-ći-pa-zo, v. of pazo; to point to for one—wećipazo, unkićipazopi.
- ki'-ći-pa-źa-źa, v. of paźaźa; to wash out for one, as a gun-wećipaźaźa.

- pazin; they oppose each other—unkićipaźinpi.
- ki'-ći-pa-źu-źu, v. of paźuźu; to erase for one—wećipaźuźu.
- ki'-ći-pe-han, v. of pehan; to fold up for one—wećipehan, unkićipehappi.
- ki'-ći-pe-mni, v. n. of pemni; to become crooked or twisted for one—mićipemni.
- ki-ćis', cont. of kićiza; kićis waéinpi, they want to fight.
- ki-ćis'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to fight.
- ki'-ći-son, v. of son; to braid for one—wećison.
- ki'-ći-su-ta, v. n. of suta; to become hard or firm for one-mićisuta, unkićisutapi.
- ki'-ći-śi-ća, v. n. of śića; to become bad to or for one-mićiśića.
- ki-ćiś'-na-na, pron. with him, her, or it alone—wećiśnana, yećiśnana.
- ki-ći'-ti-dan, v. to side with one, to be of the same opinion, to be on the same side of a question—kićiwatidan. T., ićiya.
- ki'-ći-ton, v. of ton; to have or acquire for one; to bear or have a child to or for one—wećiton, mićiton: kićitonpi, born to one.
- ki'-ći-tu-ka, v. to beg for one-T., kićićin. wećituka.
- ki'- $\acute{e}i$ -wa- $\acute{s}te$, v. n. of waste; tobe good or become good for one-mićiwaste.

ki-ći'-ya-ćo-pi, v. recip. of yaćo; to judge or condemn each other unkićiyaćopi. T., kićiyasupi.

k i'- é i - y a-h d e - é a, v. of yahdeéa; to tear in pieces with the mouth for one—weéiyahdeéa.

ki'-ći-ya-hde-hde-ća, v. red. of kićiyahdeća.

ki'-ći-ya-he-pa; v. of yahepa; -to drink up for one—wećiyahepa.

ki'-ći-ya-hta-ka, v. of yahtaka; to bite for one—wećiyahtaka.

ki'- éi- ya-mna, v. of yamna; to acquire for one by talking—wećiyamna.

k i'- é i - y a ŋ - k a , v. n. of yaŋka; to be or exist for one—mićiyaŋka. See kićihaŋ.

ki'-ći-ya-o-ni-han, v. of yaonihan; to praise for one—wećiyaonihan.

ki'-éi-ya-o-tan-in, v. of yaotanin; to make manifest for one wećiyaotanin.

ki'- éi-ya-pa, v. of yapa; to hold in the mouth for one; to suck for one, as in conjuring—wećiyapa. See kiyapa. The Dakotas, in their powwowing or conjuring, shake their gourd-shell and other rattles over the sick person, singing with all their might as an accompaniment. When this ceases, they apply their mouths to that part of the body which seems to be more especially affected by the disease, and draw out, as they say, that which is the cause of the sickness, whether that

be matter or spirit. Undoubtedly this process does often answer as good a purpose as cupping or leeching.

ki'-ći-ya-po-ta, v. of yapota; to tear up with the mouth for one wećiyapota, mićiyapota.

ki'- 6i-ya-psa-ka, v. of yapsaka; to bite off, as a string, for one—we-6iyapsaka.

ki'-ći-ya-su, T. v. of yasu; to judge or condemn for one.

ki'-ći-ya-śpa, v. of yaśpa; to bite off a piece for one—wećiyaśpa, mićiyaśpa.

ki'-ći-ya-taŋ, v. of yataŋ; to praise for one—wećiyataŋ, mićiyataŋ.

k i' - 6 i - y a - t a ŋ - i ŋ, v. of yataŋiŋ; to make manifest or declare for one wećiyataŋiŋ.

ki'- ći - ya - wa, v. of yawa; to count for one; to account to one—wećiyawa, unkićiyawapi.

ki'-ći-yu-ćan, v. of yućan; to sift for one—wećiyućan, mićiyu-ćan.

ki'- 6i - yu - ġan, v. of yuġan; to husk, as corn, for one—wećiyuġan.

ki'- 6i - yu - ġa - ta, v. of yuġata; to open out, as the hand, for one wećiyuġata.

ki'-ći-yu-ha, v. of yuha; to have for one, keep for one—wećiyuha, unkićiyuhapi.

ki'-ći-yu-hmuŋ, v. of yuhmuŋ; to twist for one.

cause of the sickness, whether that | ki'-ći-yu-ho-mni, v. of yu-

- ćiyuhomni, mićiyuhomni.
- ki'-ći-yu-hu-hu-za, v. of yuhuhuza; to shake for one—wećiyuhuhuza. T., kićiyuhunhunza.
- ki'-ći-yu-hde-ća, v. of yuhdeća; to tear for one-wećiyuhdeća.
- 'ki'-ći-yu-hdo-ka, v. of yulidoka; to open or make a hole for one-wećiyuhdoka.
- ki'-ći-yu-kćan, v. of yukćan; to form an opinion about anything for another—wećiyukćan.
- ki'-6i-yu-kpan, v. of yukpan; to grind, as grain, for one—wećiyukpan, mićiyukpan.
- ki'-ći-yu-ksa, v. of yuksa; to break off for one—wećiyuksa, mićiyuksa.
- ki'-ći-yu-kśan, v. of yukśan; to bend for one.
- ki'-ći-yu-man, v. of yuman; to grind, as an ax, for one—wećiyuman.
- ki'-6i-yu-mda-ya, v. of yumdaya; to spread out for one-wećiyumdaya.
- ki'-6i-yu-mdu, v. of yumdu; to plow or break up for one—weciyumdu, miciyumda.
- ki'-ći-yu-o-ta, v. of yuota; tomultiply for one—wećiyuota, unki-Ciyuotapi.
- ki'-ći-yu-o-wo-tan-na, v. of yuowotanna; to straighten for one wećiyuowotanna.
- ki'-ći-yu-po-ta, v. of yupota; to wear out or destroy for one-wečiyupota.

- homni; to turn round for one—we- | ki'-ći-yu-psa-ka, v. of yupsaka; to break, as a cord, for anotherwećiyupsaka.
 - ki'-ći-yu-pśun, v. of yupśun; to pull out or extract for one, as tooth — wećiyupśuŋ, mićiyupśuŋ.
 - ki'-ći-yu-san-pa, v. of yusappa; to increase or extend for one-wećiyusanpa.
 - ki'-ći-yu-sa-pa, v. of yusapa; to blacken for one.
 - ki'-ći-yu-ski-ski-ta, v. red. of kićiyuskita.
 - ki'-ći-yu-ski-ta, v of yuskita; to bind or wrap up for one-wećiyuskita.
 - ki'-ći-yu-so-ta, v. of yusota; to use up for one-wećiyusota, mićiyusota.
 - ki'-ći-yu-sto, v. of yusto; to make smooth for one-wećiyusto, mićiyusto.
 - ki'-ći-yu-su-ta, v. of yusuta; to make firm for one—wećiyusuta.
 - ki'-ći-yu-śa-pa, v. of yuśapa; to defile for one—wećiyuśapa.
 - ki'-ći-yu-śdo-ka, v. of yuśdoka; to pull off for one, as clothes—wećiyuśdoka.
 - ki'-ći-yu-śi-ća, v. of yuśića; to make bad or spoil for one-weeiyuśića.
 - ki'-ći-yu-śi-htin, v. of yuśilitin; to enfeeble for one; to injure for one—wećiyusilitin.
 - ki'-ći-yu-śka, v. of yuśka; to loosen for one-wećiyuska.

- ki'-ći-yu-śna, v. of yuśna; to make a mistake for one—wećiyu-śna.
- ki'-ći-yu-śpi, v. of yuśpi; to gather or pick off, as berries, for one—wećiyuśpi.
- ki'-ći-yu-śtan, v. of yuśtan; to finish or perfect for one—wećiyuśtan.
- ki'-ći-yu-ta, v. of yuta; to eat anything for one—wećiyuta, mi-ćiyuta.
- ki-ći'-yu-ta, v. to cat with onekićiwata.
- ki'- &i-yu-ta-pi, v. recip. to eat one another.
- ki'-ći-yu-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. of yutakuniśni; to destroy for another—wećiyutakuniśni.
- ki'-ći-yu-t'an; v. of yut'an; to touch for one—wećiyut'an, mićiyu-t'an.
- ki'-ći-yu-taŋ-iŋ, v. of yutaŋiŋ; to manifest for one—wećiyutaŋiŋ.
- k i'- é i y u t a ŋ k a , v. of yutaŋka; to enlarge for another—weciyutaŋka.
- ki'-éi-yu-te-éa, v. of yuteéa; to make new for one—weéiyuteéa.
- ki'-ći-yu-te-han, v. of yutehan; to make a delay for one—wećiyutehan.
- ki'-éi-yu-to-kaŋ, v. of yutokaŋ; to put in another place or remove for one—wećiyutokaŋ.
- ki'-éi-yu-to-ke-éa, v. of yutokeéa; to make different for one wećiyutokeća.

- ki'-ći-yu-tpan, v. of yutpan. Same as kićiyukpan.
- ki'-ći-yu-wa-ś'a-ka, v. of yuwaś'aka; to make strong for one wećiyuwaś'aka.
- k i'- ć i y u w a ś t e, v. of yuwaśte: to make good for one—wećiyuwaśte, mićiyuwaśte.
- k i'- 6 i y u w e ġ a, v. of yuweġa; to partly break for one, as a stick wećiyuweġa.
- ki'-ći-yu-za, v. of yuza; to hold for one.
- ki'-ći-yu-za-mni, v. of yuzamni; to open out or uncover for one—wećiyuzamni, mićiyuzamni.
- ki-ći'-yu-za-pi, v. recip. to hold each other, to take each other, as man and wife: wakan kićiyuzapi, marriage.
- k i'- é i y u ź a, v. of yuźa; to make mush for one—wećiyuźa, mićiyuźa.
- ki'-ći-yu-źa-źa, v. of yuźaźa; to wash for one.
- ki'-ći-yu-źuŋ, v. of yuźuŋ; to pull out by the roots for one—weći-yuźuŋ.
- ki'-éi-yu-źu-źu, v. of yuźuźu; to tear down or tear to pieces for one—wećiyuźuźu.
- ki-ći'-za, v. of kiza; kići kićiza, to quarrel or fight with one—kići wećiza.
- ki-ći'-za-pi, n. a fighting, fight. ki-ćo', v. a. to call to a feast, invite; to call to any assembly or for any purpose—wećo, yećo, unkićopi, mićo, nićo, ćićo.

- ki-ćon'-za, v. See kićunza.
- k i'-c u, v. of ku; to restore to one, give to one what belongs to him—weću, yeću, unkićupi, miću, niću, ćiću. According to analogy this should be kiću, but it is not.
- ki-ćuŋ'-ni, v. to leave off, abstain from what one was about to do; to give over, be discouraged; to excuse, not press any further—wećuŋni. See iyaćuŋni and iyakićuŋni.
- ki-ću n'-ni-yan, adv. carelessly, not heartily: kićunniyan epa, I said it but did not wish it.
- ki-ćuŋ'-ske, adv. half full.
- ki-ćuŋ'-ske-haŋ, adv. half full, as a vessel.
- ki-ćuŋ'-za, v. to determine in regard to—wećuŋza.
- ki-ću'-wa, n. a friend, i. q. koda. Used chiefly by the Sissetons and some of the Teetons of the Missouri. See kićića.
- ki-ću'-wa, v. pos of kuwa; to follow up, pursue, as in giving medicine to one's child—wećuwa.
- ki-¢a', v. pos. of ka; to dig one's own; to dig for one—we¢a.
- ki'- çiŋ, v. pos. of kiŋ; to carry or pack one's own, as one's own child, or one's own corn, etc.—weçiŋ, uŋkiçiŋpi.
- ki-¢oŋ', v. Same as kiệuŋ.
- ki-¢uŋ', v. a. to put on or wear as clothes; to use—wećuŋ, yećuŋ, uŋ-kićuŋpi: tawaćiŋ kićuŋ, to have one's own way, be stubborn; oie kiçuŋ, to use language.

- ki-ćuŋ'-ki-ći-ći-ya, v. a. to put on for one, help one to put on, as clothes—kićuŋwećićiya.
- ki-ćuŋ'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to put on—kićuŋwakiya.
- ki-éuŋ'-ya, v. a. to cause to put on-kiéuŋwaya.
- ki-da', v. of da, to ask; to ask or beg of one—wakida, yakida, uŋki-dapi, makida
- ki-da', v. pos. of da, to think, esteem. See wastekida.
- k i d a' k a, v. Same as kida. See wastekidaka.
- ki-de'-de, adv. just as it happens: kidede wohdaka, he talks at random; kidede omawani, I walk without any purpose. This appears to be used when one has no determination to do or not to do a thing.
- ki-do'-wan, v. of dowan; to sing to, as to a child—wakidowan.
- ki-gla', v. n. T. to have gone home; i. q. kihda.
- ki-gni', v. n. T. to go home; wagni, I go home; yagni, you go home.
- ki-gnu'-ni, v. T. to lose one's own—wegnuni.
- k i'- ġ e , v. a to scold, vex, quarrel with—wakiġe, yakiġe, uŋkiġepi, makiġe, ćićiġe.
- ki-hbe', v. to resemble. Same as kihma.
- ki-hda' or kin-hda', v. n. to have gone home. It generally refers to past time, though it may be used in the future. In all the persons except the third, "ya" is in-

- yahda, yakiyahda, unkiyahdapi.
- ki-hda'-pa, v. to dress or paint, as the face and body—wehdapa, unkihdapapi. T., śaićiya.
- ki-hde', v. Same as kihda.
- ki-hde', v. of hde; to place for, make ready for one; to place or lay up one's own—wehde, unkihdepi. See kihnaka and kioppa.
- ki-hde'-ġa, v.a. to overtake one wehdega, yehdega, unkihdegapi, mihdeģa. See ehdega and ekihdeģa.
- ki-hde'-ya, v. a. to send off home—kihdewaya.
- ki-hdu'-spa, v. pos. to break in two one's own—kiwahduśpa, kiunhduśpapi.
- ki-hi', v. n. to be fledged, as young birds; to become large enough to provide for one's self. See uncihi.
- ki hi'- ya, v.a. to raise, as a child, train up to manhood—kihiwaya, kihiunyanpi. T., unćihiya.
- $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. to shoot an arrow as far as one can—kihiyewaya, kihiyeunyanpi. T., kiinyeya.
- $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{i}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i}$, n. a bow-shot.
- ki-hma', v. n. to look like, resemble, i. q. kinma—wehma, and wakihma, yehma.
- ki-hna', v a. to caress, fondle, as a child; to comfort—wehna, yehna, unkihnapi. T., kigna. See kihnayan.
- ki-hnag', cont. of kihnaka; kihnag wahi, I came to lay away.

- serted, as if from kiyahda—waki- | ki-hnag'-ya, v.a. to cause to lay up one's own-kihnagwaya.
 - ki-hna'-hna, v. red. of kihna.
 - ki-hna'-ka, v. a. of hnaka; to lay up for, keep for one; to lay up one's own; to put off, stop proceedingswehnaka, yehnaka, unkihnakapi. T., kignaka. See kihde.
 - ki-hna'-yan, v. a. to caress, to fondle-wakihnayan. T., kignayan. See kihna.
 - ki-hnug', cont. of kihnuka; kihnug iyaya, to go under water, dive-kihnug imdamde.
 - | ki-hnugʻ-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to dive—kihnugwakiya.
 - ki-hnu'-ka, v. to dive—wehnuka, yehnuka.
 - ki-hnu'-ni, v. n. of hnuni; to be bewildered, not able to remember how to do a thing—wakihnuni. T., kignuni and waćingnuni.
 - ki-hnu'-ni-ya, v. a. to bewilder, cause to make a mistake-kihnuniwaya, kihnunimayan.
 - ki-huŋ'-ni, v. n. to get through, reach home-wakihunni, unkihunnipi. See ihunni.
 - ki'-hu-we, v. of huwe; kihuwe ya, to go to bring something for another—kihuwe mda. T, kićihiyohi.
 - ki-han', v of han; to do to one, to treat one in any way—wakilian, makihan. T., okihan. See kiskan.
 - ki-han'-na, v. dim. of kihan; kihanna hinća, to do only a little for one.

- ki-han'-śi-ća, v.n. to be bad or | ki-ki'-hda, or ki-kin'-hda, v. stormy weather, to rain or snow. ośićećake.
- ki-han'-śi-ksu-ya, v. to know by one's feelings that unpleasant weather is coming—kihansiwaksuya.
- ki-han'-yan, v. of hanyan; to be likely to die to or for one, as one's child—makilianyan, nicilianyan. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ kićihanyan.
- ki-hdo', v. pos. of hdo; to growl over one's own, as a dog over his bone.
- ki-ho', v. See akiho.
- ki-i'-hda-ksa, v. reflex. of kićaksa; to injure one's self-kimi-hdaksa, kinihdaksa.
- ki-i'-hdu-spa, v. reflex. to free one's self, to wrestle. Perhaps this is only used in the plural; as, kiihduśpapi, they wrestle at arms' length—kiunkihduśpapi. T., igluśpa. See kićikśan.
- ki-in'-yan-ka, v. n. of inyanka; to run with one; to run with some object in view.
- ki-in'-yan-ka-pi, n. a running, a race.
- $ki-i\eta'-ye-ya$, v. T. to shoot or make fly an arrow: i. q. kihiyeya.
- $ki-i\eta'-ye-ya-pi$, n. T. a bowshot.
- ki-kaŋ'-he-źa, v. n. pos. of kaŋheźa; to be sick for or to one, as one's child—makikanheźa. T., kićikuźa
- $ki-ka'-ta\eta-ka$, n. a species of duck, about as large as the mallard, with a sharp bill.

- to go home and leave one, as one's dog or horse-makikihda, nićićihda, unkikihdapi. T., kićikigla.
- ki-ki'-ta, adj. tough, elastic. zigzića.
- ki-ksam', cont. of kiksapa.
- ki-ksa'-pa, v. n. of ksapa; to become wise; to consult—wakiksapa.
- ki-ksu'-ya, v. a. to remember, recollect; to be conscious, have a feelor sense of—weksuya, yeksuya, unkiksuyapi; miksuya, niksuya, čiksuya.
- ki ksu' ye ki ya, v. a. cause to remember—kiksuyewakiya.
- ki-ksu'-ye-śni, v.n. to be unconscious, to be numb; as nape weksuyeśni, my hand is numb.
- ki-ksu'-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to remember—kiksuyewaya:
- ki-kśan', v. a. to violate, commit a rape on; to take without leave-wakiksan, unkiksanpi. T., kisleya. See kićikśan and kiśdeya.
- ki-kśaŋ'-pi, n. rapc. See wikikśappi. T., wikiśleyapi.
- ki-kta', v. n. to awake from sleep; to be awake-wekta, yekta, unkiktapi.
- ki-kta'-han, part. awake: kiktahan un, to keep awake.
- ki-kte', v. a. of kte; to kill one's own; to kill for one-wekte, yekte, unkiktepi, mikte.
- ki-kto', v. a. to take a boat to, bring over the river—wakikto, makikto.
- ki-kto'-ya, v. a. to cause to come

- ićiya, to ferry one's self over.
- ki-ku'-se, v. pos. of kuse; to leak out for one-makikuse, nićikuse, uŋkikusepi.
- ki-ku'-te, v. of kute; to shoot anything for another, as ducks—wakikute, unkikutepi, makikute.
- ki-ku'-źa. v. pos. of kuźa; to be sick for one; to have one sick, as a child-makikuźa.
- ki-ma'-ka, v. to be renewed, as an old field that has become good again.
- ki'-ma-ma, n. the butterfly. kimimela and gmimela.
- ki'-ma-ma-na, n. Same as kimama.
- $ki mde' \acute{e}a$, $v. n. of mde\acute{e}a$; to break up, as a gathering of people. T., kibleća.
- ki m de' za, v. n. of indeza; tobecome clear-headed again, to recover from a drunken fit—wakimdeza and wemdeza. T, kibleza.
- ki-mi'-me-la, n. f(y); i. q. kimama.
- ki-mna'-han, v. n. to fall off, to rip off for one—makimnahan. See mna and mnahan.
- ki-mni', v. of mni; to spread out one's own to dry in the sun—wemni, yemni, unkimnipi.
- ki-na-han', conj. if, when. See kinhan.
- ki-na'-ksa, v. a. of naksa; to break in two with the foot, to break in the middle—kinawaksa, kinauŋksapi.

- over, ferry over-kiktowaya: kikto- | ki-na'-pa, v. to come or go forth out of; to have passed through in going home—wakinapa. See inapa.
 - ki-na'-psa-ka, v of napsaka: to break in two in the middle with the foot, as a string—kinawapsaka.
 - ki-na'-ptu-źa, v. of naptuźa; to split or crack in the middle with the foot or by frost—kinawaptuźa.
 - ki-na'-śpa, v. of naśpa; to break off about half with the foot—kinawaspa.
 - ki-na'-źin, v. (ki and naźin) reach home and stand; to stand again in one's place, recover one's positionwakinawaźin, yakinayaźin.
 - ki-nbe', v. See kinma.
 - ki-ni', v. n. of ni; to live again, to return to life, as one dead; to revive, recover from fainting, etc.—wakini, unkinipi.
 - ki'-ni-han, or ki-ni'-han, v. a. to honor, respect, reverence, have confidence in-wakinihan, unkinihanpi.
 - T. the butter- | ki'-ni-han-pi, part. respected.
 - ki'-ni-haŋ-śni-yaŋ, adv. dishonorably.
 - ki'-ni-haŋ-yaŋ, adv. honorably, respectfully
 - ki-ni'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to live again—kiniwakiya.
 - ki-ni'-wan, v. n. of niwan; to swim home, swim back again—wakiniwan. T., kinowan.
 - ki-nma', v. a. to be like, to resemble in any respect; to look like in

features or form; to be like in character, as a child resembles its parents-wakinbe, unkinmanpi, makinbe, nićinbe: atkuku kinma, he resembles his father. See kihma.

ki - no' - wan, v. T. of nowan; to swim home, swim back.

ki-nu'-kan, or kin-nu'-kan, separately, between two, divided, each having a part: kinukan ehnaka, to divide, place in two piles.

ki-nu'-kan-ki-ya, adv. separately.

ki-nu'-kan-yan, sepa-

ki-nuŋ'-ka, v.n. to grow, flourish.

 $ki - n u \eta' - k a$, v. T. 2d per. sing. of kiyunka; thou liest down.

kin, def. art. thé. When "a" or "an" changed to "e" precedes, kin becomes cin.

kin'-ća, adj scraping. See yukinća.

kin-ća'-han, part. bare; fallen off, as hair from a dead animal, or as scales.

kin-éa'-wa-han, part. Same as kiŋćahaŋ.

kin-han'. conj. if, when. After "a" or "an" changed to "e," it becomes "ćinhan." See kinahan.

kin-hans', adv. and yet, if.

kin-hda', v. See kihda.

kin-in', v.a.to throw at: inyan on kinin, to pelt with stones, to stonewakinin, makinin, nićinin.

kins, cont. of kinza.

kins-kin'-za, v. red. of kinza; to | ki-pa'-tan, v. of patan; to keep for VOL. VII----19

grate or gnash, as the teeth; to squeak, as shoes do.

kiŋ'-sko-ke-ća, adv. so large. See tinskokeća.

kin'-sko-sko-ke-ća, adv. red. of kinskokeća.

kin'-sko-sko-ya, adv. red. of kinskoya. See tinskoskoya.

kin'-sko-ya, adv. thus far around. kin-sle'-ya, adv. T. grating, as a wagon on snow. See kinza.

kin - ska', n. Ih. and T. a horn spoon; spoons; a large kind of tortoise. See tukiha.

kin-yan', v. n. to fly, as birds do: kinyan iyaya, it has flown.

kin-yan'-pi, n. those that fly, birds.

kin-ye', v. Same as kinyan: taku kinye ćin, birds.

kin'-za, v. n. to creak, to grate.

 $ki - o \eta' - p a$, v pos. of onpa; to lay or place on one's own.

ki-pa', v. a. to keep for one, as a puppy or girl, to keep what one has bespoken for him-wakipa, unkipapi, makipa. See kićipa.

ki-pa'-kin-ta, v a. of pakinta; to cleanse away for one, wipe offwakipakinta, unkipakintapi.

ki-pa'-mni, v. a. of pamni; to divide or distribute to-wićawaki-

ki-pay', v. of pay; to call to one wakipan, unkipanpi.

ki-pa'-ta, v. pos. of pata; to cut up one's own, as meat: i. q. kpata.

one; to mash up, as food—wakipatan.

push with all one's might, i. q. sagićiyapi—wakipatitan.

ki-pa'-ya, v. n. See kipayeća.

 $ki - pa' - ve - \acute{e}a$, v. n. to rise upagain, recover itself, as grass bent down.

ki-pa'-zo, v. of pazo; to point to for one, to show to one—wakipazo, makipazo.

ki-pa'-źin, v. a. of paźin; to stand up against, rebel against, oppose one—wakipaźin, makipaźin.

ki-pa'-zin-yan, adv. opposing. ki-spa'-ya, v. n. of spaya; to be ki-pi', v. n. to hold, contain, carry, as a vessel, cart, etc.; to be large enough for, as a coat; to be sufficient for—makipi, nićipi, unkipipi. See okipi.

ki-pi'-ya, v. a. to cause to fit kipiwaya; to go down well, as a bullet that fits the gun.

ki-pi'-ya, adv. fittingly, fitly, properly: kipiya ećamon, I have done it fitly.

ki-psi'-ća, v. to jump down from, alight from, as from a horse—wakipsića. See psića.

ki - san', v. n of san; to become whitish for one—makisan.

ki-sa'-pa, v. n. of sapa; to become by the disappearance of snow.

ki-sa'-pa, n. bare ground.

ki-sdi'-pa, v. of sdipa; to lick up

one's own again, as a dog his vomit wesdipa.

ki-pa'-ti-tan, v. of patitan; to ki-sna'-han, v. n to break and fall off, as beads from a strand, for one—makisnahan.

> ki-so', v. pos. to cut a string from a hide; to cut up one's own: whence kićiso and kićisoso.

> ki-son', v. pos. of son: to braid one's own-weson and wakison, yeson and yakison, unkisonpi.

> ki-so'-ta, v. n. of sota; to be used up for one—makisota, nicisota. See bosota, yasota, yusota, sonkiya,

or become wet for one—makispaya: onhdohda nićispaya, thy coat is wet.

enough to admit anything; to be large | ki-śde'-ya, or ki-śden-ya, v. a. to annoy, vex, continue to press or urge one; to make ashamed, to offend, dishonor—kiśdewaya. T., kiśleya.

> ki - si' - ca, v. a. to check, oppose, put a stop to; to forbid, command to ston: to drive or kick out, as a dog from the house—wakiśića. anića, iyokiśni, and kipaźin.

> ki-śkan, v. a. of śkan; to do to, act towards one—wakiskan. See kihan.

> ki-śka'-ta, v. a. of śkata; to play to or with; to play for—wakiskata.

> ki-śle'-ya, v. T to seduce; i q. kiśdeya. See kikśan.

black or bare again, as the ground ki-sto, adv. T. why: i. q kto.

ki-tan', v. n. to stick to, as an opinion, continue to assert; to insist upon, not yield—wakitan, unkitanpi.

- ki'-tan, adv. scarcely, hardly.
- ki'-taŋ-e-éiŋ-yaŋ, adv. slightly, just able: kitaŋeéiŋyaŋ okihi, he was just able to do it.
- ki-tan'-in, v. of tanin; to appear or be visible for—makitanin.
- ki-taŋ'-iŋ-śni, v. n. to be lost for one—makitaŋiŋśni.
- ki'-tan-na, adv. a little, very little, in a slight degree: kitanna waste, but a little good.
- ki'-tan-se, adv. with difficulty.
- ki-tan'-yan, adv. continuously; insisting upon
- ki-tan'-ye-héin, adv. T. poorly, not thoroughly. See kitan.
- ki-ta'-ta, v. a. to shake; i. q., ka-tata.
- ki-ta'-ta, adv. T. near together, frequently, in close succession.
- ki-ton', v. to put on, as clothes; to be clothed with, to wear, as wapaha kiton, to wear a hat—weton and wakiton, unkitonpi; to use, as, oie kiton, to use words
- ki-tu'-ka, v. a. to beg of, ask of—wakituka; makituka, éiéituka. T., kila.
- ki'-ța, v. n. of ța; to die or be dead for one, as one's child—makița.
- ki-uŋ'-ni, v. n. to be hurt. See kiuŋniyaŋ.
- ki-uŋ'-ni-ki-ya, v. a. to hurt, injure anything — kiuŋniwakiya, kiuŋnimakiya.
- ki-uŋ'-ni-yaŋ, v. a. to hurt, injure—kiuŋniwaya, kiuŋniuŋyaŋpi, kiuŋnimayaŋ.

- ki-uŋ'-yaŋ, v. T. to lose for one, lose what belongs to another—waki-uŋyaŋ.
- ki-wa'-kaŋ-he-źa, v. n. to desire to be with, to be on good terms or be intimate with—wakiwakaŋheźa. See wakanheźa.
- ki-wa'-ni, v. n. to be winter anew; said of snow squalls in the spring. See wanikisapa, waniyetu, etc.
- ki-wan'-ka, v. n. (ki and wanka) to go home and lie down, go and sleep at home; to sleep going home or on the way home—wakimunka, yakimunka. T., kiyunka.
- ki-wi'-ta-ya, adv. of witaya; together, assembled together.
- ki'-ya, v. aux. to cause, to make to be: ećoij kiya, to cause to do; to kjya, to cause to die; samkiya, to make black. The place of the pronoun is before the "kiya."
- ki'-ya, v. aur. pos. of ya or yan.
- ki'-ya, adr. towards, as in ektakiya; separately, in different ways, in different places, as, yamnikiya yakonpi, they are in three different places.
- ki'-ya-dan, adv. near, nearto. See kiyedan and ikiyadan.
- ki'-ya-hda, v. to have gone home. This is used only in the first and second persons—wakiyahda, yakiyahda, unkiyahdapi. See kihda.
- ki-ya'-hda-pta, v. pos. of kiyakapta; to have passed over, as a hill, in going home—wakiyahdapta.
- ki-ya'-ka-pta, v. n. to have

passed over, as a hill, in going home wakiyakapta or wakiyawakapta.

ki-ya'-ksa, v. of yaksa; to bite in two in the middle—kimdaksa, kiunvaksapi.

ki'-ya-la, T.; and ki'-ya-na, Ih. adv. near to, not far off; i. q., kiyadan.

ki-ya'-mna, v. of yamna; to acquire for another by talking-wakiyamna, makiyamna. T., kićiyamna.

ki-yan'-ya, v. to be nearly finish-T., kiyela ya. ing—kiyanmda. Compare hunhikiya and yustan.

ki-ya'-pa, v. of yapa; to suck for, take in the mouth and suck, as the Dakota conjurers do in the case of a sick person-wakiyapa, makiyapa, unkiyapapi. See kićiyapa.

ki-ya'-pa-pi, n. drawing with the mouth.

 $ki-ya'-ta\eta-i\eta$, v. a. of yatanin; to make manifest to or for—wakiyatanin.

ki-ya'-ya, v. n. to go by or near a place—kiyawaya, kiyayaya.

ki - ya' - ya, v. of iyaya; to go by or pass. Part., went, gone—unkiyayapi.

ki'-ye-dan, adv. near, near to. See ikiyedan, kiyadan, and kiyala.

ki-yo'-hi, v. (ki and iyohi) to reach home-wakiyohi, yakiyohi, unkiyohipi.

ki'-yo-ki-źu, v. n. to unite. See iyokiźu, kokiźu, and okiźu.

together, cause to unite; to add together sum up—kiyokiźuwaya.

ki'-yo-ki-źu-ya, adv. together, unitedly.

ki'-yo-tan-ka, v. n. (ki and iyotanka) to arrive and remain at home. Said, by the person who arrives or by another person, when away from the place—wakimdotanka, yakidotanka, unkiyotankapi.

ki-yu'-gan, v. a. of yugan; to open for one, as a door-wakiyuġaŋ.

ki-yu'-ġa-ta, v. a. of yuġata; to open as the hand to, to stretch out the hand to; to implore, as in worship-wakiyugata.

ki-yu'-ha, v. of yuha; to have or keep for one-wakiyuha, unkiyuhapi. T., kićiyuha.

ki-yu'-ha, v. a. to copulate, as the male and female of animals. \Hence, Takiyulia wi, the moon when the deer copulate, answering to November.

ki-yu'-kan, v. a. to make room for, as in a tent, give place to; to pass by or away from, leave unmolested—wakiyukan, unkiyukanpi, makiyukan, ćićiyukan. See tiyukan and yukan.

ki-yu'-ksa, v. of yuksa; to break in two one's own; to break or violate, as a law or custom—kimduksa and wakimduksa, kiduksa, uŋkiyuksapi.

ki'-yo-ki-źu-ya, v. a. to put | Ki-yu'-ksa, n. p. a band of Da-

kotas, Wapasha's band. So called, it is said, from the intermarrying of relations among them.

ki-yu'-śe, v. a. to hate one, do evil to one—wakimduśe, yakiduśe, unkiyuśepi, makiyuśe, ciciyuśe.

ki-yu'-śka, v. a. of yuśka; to loose, untie, unharness; to release from prison or confinement—wakiyuśka and wakimduśka, yakiduśka, unkiyuśkapi.

ki-yu'-śpa, v. a. of yuśpa; to break into pieces, divide, as bread; to divide, as in arithmetic; to deliver or free, as from a trap or evil of any kind—kimduśpa and wakimduśpa, kiduśpa and yakiduśpa, uŋkiyuśpapi, makiyuśpa.

ki-yu'-śpa-pi, n. a dividing, delivering; in arithmetic, division.

ki - yu' - śpa - pi - haŋ - ska, n.long division.

ki-yu'-śpa-śpa, v. red. of kiyuśpa.

ki-yu'-te, n. a strait or channel; an isthmus. See okiyute.

k i - y u' - w e - ġ a , r. of iyuweġa; to cross, as a stream, in going home wakimduweġa.

ki-yu'-za, v. a. of yuza; to hold to one—wakiyuza.

ki-yu'-za-mni, v. a. of yuzamni; to open to or for one; to uncover for one—wakiyuzamni.

ki-yu'-źa-źa, v. of yuźaźa; to wash one's own; to wash for another—wakiyuźaźa.

ki'-za, v. a. to fight, quarrel with—

wakiza, uŋkizapi, makiza, ćićiza. See okićize.

k i - ź o', v. a. of źo; to whistle for, call by whistling; wakiżo. See iwośokiya and iżoka.

ki-źo'-źo, v. to whistle for, to call one's own by whistling, as one's dog—wakiźoźo.

k m a, n. Ih. walnuts: i. q. hma. T., gma.

k n. Yankton words beginning with "kn" will be found under "hn." e. g., knaśka; i. q. hnaśka.

kni, v. Ih. i. q. hda. The sign of the future changes kda into kni; as, wakni kta, I will go home. See mni.

ko, conj and, too, also. See kokta, koya, and nakun.

ko, in comp. quick: waćinko, quick tempered; ohanko, quick at work. See kohan, kohanna, kokedan, and koyahanna.

ko-a'-ka-ta, and ko-wa'-ka-ta, adv. Ih. and T. the other side, over or across, as a river: i. q. akasappa.

ko-a'-ka-tan-han, adv. To over the river; from the other side.

k o · d a', n. the particular friend of a Dakota man. The Teetons say "kola" and "kićuwa"—mitakoda, nitakoda, takodaku.

ko-da'-ki-éi-ya-pi, n. friendship. ko-da'-ya, v.a. to have for a particular friend—kodawaya, kodamayan.

kog, cont. of koka; kog hinhda, to make a sound, to rattle or ring.

- ko-han', adv. T., koyanla.
- k o h a η' n a, adv. soon, very soon, k o k a' p a, adv. Same as kokam. too soon, early. See kokohanna and koyahanna.
- ko-hanś, adv. since that, so that.
- ko-hda'-mna, 'adv. around, over: kohdamna iću, to put or take around; surrounding. okśaŋ.
- ko-hda'-mna-yan, r.a. to surround, restrain, cut off retreat-kohdamnawaya.
- ko-hda'-mni, adv. around, surrounding: kohdamni ya, to surround.
- ko-hda'-mni-yan, v.a. to go around, surround; i. q. kokamya kohdamniwaya.
- ko-hdi', adj. clear, translucent.
- ko-hdi'-hdi, adj. red. of kohdi. The flint-corn is so called from its translucency.
- k o' k a, n.the sound of a bell, a ringing. See kokela.
- ko-ka', n. a keg, barrel, box: ćahdi koka, a powder-keg.
- ko-ka'-dan, n. dim. of koká; a small keg.
- ko-ka'-la, n. T. a keg.
- ko-ka'-la, adv. T. empty; i. q. ćokadan.
- ko-kam', adv. beyond, across, by a near way, before one; i. q. ákokam.
- ko-kam'-tu, adv. by a near way, across.
- ko-kam'-ya, v. to go across, go by a near way.

- soon, quickly, now. ko-ka'-o-źu-ha, n. an empty barrel.

 - ko-ka'-pa-hmi-hma, n. (koka and pahmihma) a keg that is rolled, i. e., a barrel. T., kokapagmiyan.
 - ko-ka'-pa-tan-han, adv. by a near way, across. T., akokabya.
- See ihduksan and ko'-ke-dan, adv. quickly, rapidly: oicali kokedan, of quick growth; oyahe kokedan, it boils away fast. See ko and kokokan.
 - ko'-ke-la, v. T. to make a noise, to rattle, as dishes.
 - ko'-ki-ća-hdo-ka, v. n. opened through on both sides: kokićahdog iyaya.
 - ko'-ki-ća-śpa, v. to dig two holes into one; to shoot twice in the same place—kowećaśpa. See okićaśpa.
 - ko'-ki-ći-wa-śin, adv. kokići yasin.
 - ko'-ki-ći-ya-hdan, adv, linked together, as the links of a chain; entangled, as the horns of a deer in _ brush.
 - ko'-ki-ći-ya-sin, adv.. uniting, coming together and flowing on, as two streams in one; stuck or fastened together, as dogs after copulating; used also of potatoes in a bunch. See okićiyasin.
 - ko-ki'-pa, v.a. to fear, be afraid of one-kowakipa, koyakipa, kounkipapi, komakipa, konićipa, koćićipa. See kopa.
 - ko-ki'-pa-pi, part. feared. Hence, wokokipe, fear.

ko-ki'-pe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause | ko-kta' and ko-kto', adj. to fear—kokipewakiya.

ko-ki'-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to fear, make afraid of-kokipewaya.

ko-ki'-pe-ya-han, adv. fearing, fearful, afraid: kokipeyahan waun, I am fearful.

to join, unite. ko'-ki-spa, v. n. T., ićiyakaška. See ośpaye.

ko'-ki-śpe-ya, v. a. to cause to *join*—kokiśpewaya.

ko'-ki-źu, v. n. to come together See iyokiźu, kiyokiźu, and okiźu.

ko'-ki-źu-ya, v. a. to cause to unite together.

ko'-ki-źu-ya, adv. unitedly.

 $\mathbf{k} \circ \mathbf{k} \circ$

T., koko'-ko-dan, adv. lively. kovela. See kokedan.

ko-kog'-ya, adv. of kokoka; rat tling.

ko'-ko-han-na, adv. lively. See kohanna

ko-ko'-ka, v. n. to rattle, as a stiff skin.

ko-ko'-ya-han-na, n. Ih. a chicken, fowls; i. q. appaohotoma. T., kokoyahanla.

ko-ko'-yan-na, adv. red. of koyanna. See kokohanna.

ko-ko'-ye-la, adv. T. in quick succession.

ko-ko'-źu-ha, n. (koká and oźuha). an empty cask, barrel, or key. T., kokaoźuha.

ko'-kta, adv. also, besides. See ko and koya.

T. one thousand.

ko'-kta-ya, adv. besides.

ko-kto'-pa-win-ge, adj. a thousand. See kektopawinge.

kon, v. to desire, to covet—wakon, yakon, unkonpi.

kon, n. mother-in-law; konku, his or her mother-in-law. See kup.

kon'-kon-ta, Same as kontkonta. T., kuntkunta.

kon'-ta-han, part. uneven, ridged. kon'-tkon-ta, adj. uneven, with Hence, ćanbakontkonta, ridges. a wash-board.

kon-yan', v. n. to start in sleepwakonyan: konyan hinhda, he started suddenly. T, skan hingla.

 $k \circ y' - z a$, v. to determine, influence; to pretend, as, witho konza, to pretend to be drunk-wakonza, yakonza, unkonzapi.

ko'-pa, n. a fearful place; fear. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ okope.

ko'-pa, adj. insecure, exposed to be killed by an enemy; in fear: kope wauŋ, *I am in fear*.

ko'-pe-hda, v n. to be afraid, be *in fcar*—kopewahda, kopeyahda, kopeunhdapi. See kokipa.

ko'-pe-ya, v. a. to make afraidkopewaya. T., wakokipekićaga.

ko'-pe-ya, adv. insecurely.

kos, cont. of koza; nape kos waun, I am beckoning with my hand.

ko-san'-ta, adv. from one to another: kosanta wićawaku, I gave away what was given to me.

- $k \circ s k \circ' z a$, v. red. of koza.
- kos-ya', v. u. to cause to wave or make a signal—koswaya.
- ko-śka', n. a young man—komaśka, koniśka, kouŋśkapi. T., kośkala and kośkalaka.
- ko-śka'-la, n. T. a youth, young man; one younger than a kośka: i. q. kośkana and kośkadan.
- ko-śka'-na, n Ih. a youth: kośka tanka, a man in the prime of life.
- ko-śka'-śka-pi, n. red. of kośka. ko-śkiy'-yay, n. one who begins to think himself a young man.
- ko-wa'-ka-ta, adv. T. and Ih. over the river, across the river: i. q. koakata.
- ko-wa'-ka-tan-han, adv. from beyond the river.
- ko'-ya, conj. and, too, also. See ko and kokta.
- ko-yag', cont. of koyaka; koyag waun, I am wearing; koyag han, standing clothed, hitched up, harnessed.
- ko-yag'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to put on or wear—koyagwakiya, koyagmakiya.
- ko-yag'-ya, v. a. to cause to put on; to attach to-koyagwaya.
- ko-ya'-han, v. n. to be quick in doing a thing, to hasten, hurry—ko-yawahan, koyayahan, koyaun-hanpi.
- ko-ya'-han-na, adv. quickly, immediately. See ko, kokodan, ko-yanna, etc.

- ko-ya'-ka, v.a. to put on or wear, as clothes—komdaka, kodaka, ko-unyakapi, komayaka.
- ko-ya'-ka-pi, part. clothed: taku koyakapi, clothing. See wokoyake.
- ko-yan'-na, adv. quickly; i. q. kohanna. See kokedan and koko-yanna.
- ko-ya'-non, or ko-ya'-nun, v. n. to be of quick growth, precocious—koyamanon, koyaminon.
- ko-yan'-nun, adj. T. vigorous; le lecala tuka koyannun heon lila tanka, this is of not long ago, but is vigorous, and so is large.—T. L. R.
- ko-ye'-la and ko-yan'-la, adv. T. promptly, quickly. See kohan and koyanna.
- k o'-za, v. a. to strike at, shake at; to wave, as a signal, brandish, as a sword—wakoza, unkozapi: sina koza, to wave one's blanket; nape koza, to wave the hand.
- ko-źag'-źal, adv. T. striking together: koźagźal mani, to walk striking the knees.
- kpa, a pos. prefix. Verbs that take "pa" as a prefix, make the possessive form by adding "k" or "t," as, paġan or kpaġan. See tpa.
- kpa, v. n. to swell, as rice does, in cooking.
- kpa, adj. durable, lasting, not soon eaten up, as some kinds of food; for instance, rice. See tpa.
- kpa, adj. punched out: noge kpa, deaf: ista kpa, blind. See tpa.

- kpa-ġaŋ', v. pos. of paġaŋ; to spare 'kpaŋ, adj. fine, as flour. See baor give away one's own-wakpagan, unkpaganpi. See tpagan.
- kpa-ha'-ha-pi-ka, n. one who is put forward in company—makpahahapika.
- k p a h i', v. pos. of pahi; to pick up one's own—wakpahi, unkpahipi.
- kpa-hmon', or kpa-hmun', v. pos. of pahmon; to twist one's own wakpahmon.
- kpa-hde'-ća, v. pos. of pahdeća; to make a hole in one's own, to lancewakpalideća.
- kpa-hpa', v. poss. of pahpa; to lay down or put off one's own load-wakpalipa.
- kpa-kiy'-ta, v. pos. of pakinta; to wipe one's own—wakpakinta, unkpakintapi.
- kpa-kpi', v. pos. of pakpi; to crack or break one's own, as a chicken breaking its shell.
- kpa-kśi'-źa, v. pos. of pakśiźa; to double up one's own-wakpakśiźa.
- kpa-ku'-ka, v. pos. of pakuka; to wear out one's own by rubbingwakpakuka.
- kpa-may', v. pos. of pamay; to file one's own—wakpaman.
- $\mathbf{k} \, \mathbf{p} \, \mathbf{a} \mathbf{m} \, \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{e}' \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{a}, \, v. \, pos. \, \text{of pamde\'ea};$ to break in pieces one's own-wakpamdeća. See tpamdeća.
- kpa-mni', v. pos. of pamni; to divide out one's own-wakpamni, unkpamnipi.
- kpa-mni'-pi, n. a distribution.

- kpan, yukpan, etc. See tpan.
- kpan'-na, adj. fine, soft. kpa-pson', v. pos. of papson; to
- spill over one's own—wakpapson. kpa-pta', v. to leave a company before it breaks up, to free one's self and go away while the others remain—wakpapta.
- k pa pu' za, v. pos. of papuza; to make one's own dry by wiping-wakpapuza.
- k pa s n o y', v. pos. of pasnon; to roast one's own meat—wakpasnon.
- kpa-su'-ta, v. pos. of pasuta; to make hard by kneading one's own bread-wakpasuta.
- kpa'-ta, v. pos. of páta; to cut up or carve one's own meat—wakpata. T., kipata. See tpata.
- kpa-tan', v. pos. of patan; to take care of one's own, think much of so as to spare or not use it up-wakpatan, yakpatan, unkpatanpi.
- kpa-ta'-ta, v. n. T. to be numb or asleep: siha wakpatata, my foot is asleep.
- k p a' z a , adj. dark. See okpaza. k p a - z a p', v. pos. of pazan; to part or separate one's own -wakpazan.
- k p a ź a' ź a, v. pos. of paźaźa; to wash out one's own, as one's own gun-wakpaźaźa.
- k p a ź u' ź u, v. pos of paźużu; to rub out one's own—wakpaźuźu.
- kpe, adj. See kpa and tpe.
- kpe-han', v. pos. of pehan; to fold up one's own—wakpehan.

kpu-kpa', adv. mixed up, as water and grease in soup. See pukpa and tputpa.

kpu-kpe'-ya, adv. mixed up, all kinds together.

kpu-spa', v. pos. of puspa; to glue or seal one's own—wakpuspa.

kpu-ta'-ka, v. pos. of putaka; to touch one's own. See ikputaka.

See baksa, -ksa, adj. separated. kaksa, yuksa, etc.

ksa'-han, part. broken in two of itself.

ksa-ksa'-pa, adj. red. of ksapa. ks am, cont. of ksapa.

ksam-ya', v.a.to make wiseksamwaya.

k s a m - y a', adv.wisely, prudently. ksam-ya'-han, adv. wisely.

ksa'-pa, adj. wise, prudent, having understanding—waksapa, yaksapa, unksapapi.

ksa-wa'-han, part. broken in two. ksi'-ze-ća, adj. grum, growling, i. q. waćinko—maksizeća.

ksu'-we, v. n. to be hurt. See ksuweya.

k s u' - w e - y a, v. a. to hurt or injure the flesh or body of any one ksuwewaya, ksuwemayan.

ksu'-ye-ya, v. a. to hurt, injure, inflict pain upon—ksuyewaya. Same as ksuweya.

kśa, adj. bent, rolled. See yukśa. kśa'-dan, adj. bent.

kśa'-ka, adj. bent up, as an aged person, decrepit—makśaka.

kśan, adj. crooked: kśa and kśan ktan-ktan, adj. crooked.

were probably the same root. See yukśan.

kśan-kśan', red. of kśan:

kśan-kśan', v. n. to wriggle, as a fish.

kśan-kśan'-yan, adv. crookedly. $k \le a n - y a n'$, v. a. to make crooked, to crook, bend-ksanwaya.

kśan-yan', adv. crookedly.

kśa-wa'-han, part. rolled up.

kśi-kśa', adj. numb, stiff with cold. T., kśikśeća.

kśi-kśan', adj. crooked. See pakśikśan.

kśi-kśe'-ća, adj. T. numb; nape maksikseća, my hands are numb.

k ś i - k ś i ' - ź a , adj. red. of kśiźa.

kśiś, cont. of kśiża; kśiśićidaka, to regard one's self as bent up.

kśi'-źa, adj. bent, doubled up. See yukśiźa, etc.

k ś i - ź a' - h a n, part. bent up, doubled up.

kśi-źa'-wa-haŋ, part. bent up. kta and kte, v. aux. shall or will. The usual sign of the future tense.

kta, v. to wait for, to neglect doing and expect another to do—wakta, yakta. See akta, wakta, ape, etc.

kta'-e, adv. of kta and e; in order that; used in the turning of a sentence, as, hećamon ktae on wahi, I came that I might do this.

kta'-ka, v. to wait, expect another to act—waktaka.

ktan, adj. crooked, curved. See yuktaŋ.

k'tan-ktan'-ki-ya, adv. crookedly, indirectly, zigzag.

ktan-ktan'-yan, adv. crookedly ktan-yan', adv. crookedly.

kte, v. Same as kta.

kte, v. a. to kill anything—wakte, yakte, unktepi, makte, nikte, éikte: tin wićakte, to kill one of one's own people, commit murder; akićita kte, to kill as a soldier, that is, to execute a sentence on one, by breaking his gun, cutting up his blanket or tent, or killing his horse. See kata.

kte'-day, v.a. to overcome, be victorious over; to win, beat in gambling—wakteday, unktepiday; to be overcome—makteday. See ohiya.

kte-ki'-ya, v.a. to cause to kill—ktewakiya.

kto, adv. why? what of it? This is chiefly used in answering questions; as, hećanon he, didst thou do it? han hećamon, kto, yes, I did it; why?—perhaps; indeed; yes; miye kto, it is I indeed. T., kiśto.

k t o' - k a, adv. T. indeed, surely:
i. q. kto.

ku, suffix pron. his, hers, etc.

ku, v.n. to come towards home, to be coming home; to be coming back—waku, yaku, unkupi. See u and hdi.

ku'-će-dan, adv. low, low down, near the ground: wi kućedan, the sun is low. See kutanhan.

ku'-će-e-daŋ, adv. low down: i. q. kućedaŋ. T., kućiyela.

ku'-će-ye-dan, ku'-te-ye-

dan, and ku'-će-ye-na, adv. low down, low of stature, short

ku-ka', adj. rotten, tender, worn out, as clothes; spoiled, as meat.

ku-ke'-ya, v.a. to make rotten, to wear out—kukewaya.

ku-ke'-ya, adv. rotten, spoiled, decayed, fallen to pieces: kukeya śpan, to be cooked too much.

ku-ku'-śe, n. a hog, hogs; pork. ku-ku'-śe-i-hdi, n. hog's lard. ku-ku'-śe-śiŋ, n. fat pork, pickled pork.

ku-ku'-ya, adv. red. of kuya; under, below.

kun, adv. below, under, beneath, down: kun ku, come down.

kun, v. T. to covet: i. q. kon.

kun, n. mother-in-law: nikun, thy mother-in-law; kunku, his or her mother-in-law. See unci.

kuŋ'-kśi-tku and kuŋ'-ki-śitku. See kuŋśi.

k u y'-la, v. T. to desire, to covet-wakunla.

kuŋs-ya', adv. of kuŋza; pretending.

kuŋs-ya'-ken, adv. pretending.

k u ŋ'-śi, n. grandmother: nikuŋśi, thy grandmother; kuŋśitku, kuŋkśitku, and kuŋkiśitku, his or her grandmother. See uŋći.

kun'-tki-ya, adv. downwards. See kutkiya.

kun'-tkun-ta, adj. T. grooved. See kontkonta.

kuŋ-ya', v. a. to have for motherin-law-kuŋwaya. kuŋ'-za, v. Same as koŋza. ku-se', v. n. to leak, as a vessel. ku-śde'-ća, n. the king-fisher. '

Ku-śde'-ća-wa-kpa, n. p. the Loup fork of the Platte River.

ku-śe'-ya, v.a. T. to put in the way of.

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{s} \mathbf{e}' - \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, adv. T. in the way of: i. q. kaseya.

kuś-ku'-źa-pi, adj. red. pl. of kuźa. ku'-taŋ-haŋ, adv. low down. See kućedaŋ and kuyataŋhaŋ.

ku-te', v.a. to shoot anything with a gun or arrow; to shoot at; wakute tuka wao śni, I shot at it but did not hit it: to shoot with the medicine-bag. When a person is introduced into the secret society called "the Sacred Dance," he is shot, or pretended to be shot, by the beads or claws which are contained in the medicine-bags of the members. When the missile is extracted by the same conjuring process, and not until then, do they live again. This is their story wakute, mykutepi, ćićute: wićawakute, I shoot them; kikute, to shoot for one; kićićutepi, they shoot each other.

ku'-te-ye-dan, adv. Same as kućeyedan. T., kućiyela.

ku'-tki-ya, adv. downwards. See kuntkiya.

ku'-wa, v. imp. come here: kuwa wo, kuwa po. This is used in the imperative only.

ku'-wa, v. a. to follow after, chase, hunt, as, sinkpe kuwa, to hunt musk-rats; to chase, pursue, as kuwa amau, he chases me; to treat or act towards one, as tanyan kuwa, to treat well, sicaya kuwa, to treat ill, persecute; to pursue, prosecute, as work—wakuwa, unkuwapi. See kicuwa.

ku-wa'-ćin, v. to think of coming home.

ku-wa'-śte-śte, v. to hop. See ipsića and psipsića.

ku'-ya, adv. below, beneath, under, underneath, down. See kukuya and kun.

ku'-ya-tan-han, adv. from below. See kutanhan.

k u' - ź a , adj. lazy, idle—makuźa, nikuźa.

k u'-źa, v. n. T. to be dumpish, sick; sometimes said of one about to die; wanna kuźa, now he is slow: makuźa, I am sick.

ku-zi'-ţa, v. to die or be dying of laziness, to be very lazy—kuźimaţa.

K.

alphabet. This sound is made by fixing the organs so as to make "k," and then pressing the back part of the tongue against the roof of the mouth and withdrawing it suddenly, which makes what may be denominated a *click*. The other consonants of this class are é, p, t.

ka, conj. and When "a" or "an" final in words immediately preceding is changed into "e," "ka" becomes "ça." *T.*, na.

ka, v. a. to dig, as the ground waka, yaka, unkapi; ićića, to dig for one's self-mićića; kićića, to dig for another—wećića.

ka-aś', adv. even if, indeed. keyaś.

ka-eś', adv. even if.

ka - e s' - t o s, adv. at any rate. T, kevastos.

ka'-iś, conj. or.

kaś, adv. even: hee kas, even that one. T., keś.

ke, v. a. to dig. Same as ka.

ke, adv. as for: he ke, as for that. Perhaps it is used for emphasis. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$

ke'-ća, intj. expressive of unbelief; T., kakeśa. indeed!

 $ke'-\dot{g}a$, v. to grate, scrape. See bokeġa.

k, the thirteenth letter of the Dakota | ke-han', adv. when. This always refers to past time. It becomes ćehan after "e" which has taken the place of "a" or "an." T., konhan. keli, cont. of kega.

> ķeh-ķe'-ġa, v. red, of kega; scraping along.

> ķeh-ķeh', cont. of ķehķeģa; ķehkeh ya, to go scraping along.

> ķeh'-ķeh'-ya, adv. in a scraping manner: ķeliķeliya mda, I go scraping along.

> kel, adv. T. there; i. q. kin el: malipiya kel, in the heavens.

kes, cont. of keza.

kes-ke'-za, adj. *red.* of keza; smooth, trodden down. See onakeza.

ķeś, adv. emphatic; miye ķeś, as for me. See ke.

ke'-ya, adv. even, all; that kind; i. q. kin eva: heća keya maku, he gave me of that kind.

ke'-yaś, adv. although, so, even so. See kaaś.

 $ke-ya\acute{s}'-to\acute{s}$, adv. at any rate, even if. See kaestos.

ke'-za, adj. hard, smooth, trodden hard.

kin, v. a. to carry, bear, carry on the back, usually with a strap round the head or breast—wakin, yakin, unkinpi; kićin, to carry one's own: kićićin, to carry for another.

kin-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to carry kinwakiya.

kin'-na-pa, v. T. of kin and napa; to run away with, as a horse with a wagon.

ko'-ga, v. n. to rattle, make a rattling noise.

koh, cont. of koga; koh iyeya.

ķoh-ķo'-ġa, v. red. of ķoġa.

ķoh-ķoh', cont. of ķohķoġa.

koh-koh'-ya, v. to cause a rattling noise—ķohķohwaya.

koh-koh'-ya, adv. rattling.

kon, pron. dem. that. Both kon and ciken refer to the past, to something done or said before, or to some person or thing mentioned in a previous sentence: as, wićaśta kon, that man; hepe cikon, I said that. T., con is used for cikon.

kon'-han, *udv*. Ih. and $T_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$, i. q. kehan; when.

ku, v. a. to give anything to one waku, yaku, unkupi, maku, niću, ćiću: wićawaku, I have given to them; kiću, to give one his own.

ku-ki'-ya, v. to cause to give kuwakiya.

kun, pron. dem. Same as kon.

ku'-śi, v. to command to give—ku-

to be disposed to ku-wa'-ćin, v. give—ka waćanmi.

L.

1, the fourteenth letter of the Dakota | la'-pa, adj. smooth, level. alphabet. This letter is found only in proper names introduced into the language, and in the Titonwan dialect, where it is used altogether few examples are here given.

la, dim. termination: i. q. na and dan.

la, v. to demand, i. q. da; kila, i. q. kida—wala.

lab-ya', adv. hard, difficult; much, intensely: labya econ, he did with might.

la'-ka, v. i. q. daka—walaka. la-ka'-eś, adv. indeed, i. q. nakaeś. La-ko'-ta, n. p. Dakota.

la'-pe-la, adj. level, as a floor. la-tka η' , v. i. q. datka η — mlatkan.

la-wa', v i. q. dawa—mlawa. for "d" and sometimes for "n." A | la-za'-ta, adv. T. by the side of, behind.

> la'-za-taŋ-haŋ, adv. back from; i. q. dazatanhan. ilazatanhan, which should be in accord with this in its meaning.

le, pron. this, i. q. de.

le, i. q. ye, the sign of the imperative. Not so used here: the women's form for imp. sing. is "na" or "ye": the precative form is "ye."— W. J. C.

le-ća'-la, adv. lately, a little while; | li-li'-ta, adj. i. q. dećana.

le'-ce-ca, adv. like this, i. q. dećeća.

le'-ćel and le'-ćenl, adv. thus, i. q. dećen.

le'-ći-ya, adv. here: i.q. dećiya. le-ći'-yo-tan, adv. in this direction, i. q. dećiyotan.

le-han', adv thus far, now; i. q. dehan.

le-han'-ke-ća, adv. so long, i. q. dehankeća.

le-han'-yang, adv. somewhere off.

le-hin'-la, v. to forbid, think much of; i. q. tehinda.

le-kśi, n. uncle; i. q. dekśi.

lel and lenl, adv. here; i. q. den.

le'-na, pro. these; i. q. dena.

le-na'-kel, adv. so many.

le-na'-ke-héin, adv. all these.

le-tan'-han, adv. from this, i. q. detanhan.

le'-tu, adv. here, i. q. detu. li'-la, adv. very, i. q. nina.

warm, hot; i. q. didita.

lo, particle, i. q. do.

lo, n. food.

lo-cin'; v. n. to be hungry—lowacin. lo-ġu'-te, n. the hollow of the flank: i. q. nigute.

lo-ksi', n. i. q. doksi.

1o - k s u', n. the opening of the ear lo-li'-lia'n, v. to prepare food, cook. lo-lob'-ye-la, adj. soft, very soft.

lo-lo'-pe-la, adj. withered, soft, pliant, flabby.

else: lehanyang iyaya, he has gone 10-10'-pi-ye, n. a pantry, a warehouse. See dotopive.

lo-te', n. i. q. dote.

lo-way', v. to sing; i. q. doway.

lu-ha', v. 2d pers. thou hast; i. q. duha.

lu-lu'-ta and o-lu'-lu-ta, adj. hot: i. q. odidita.

lus, adv. swiftly; lus ya, to go quickly: i. q. dus.

lu'-ta, adj. scarlet; i. q. duta. lu'-za-haŋ, adj. swift; i. q. duzahan.

$\mathbf{M}.$

m, the fifteenth letter of the Dakota | ma, or mah, intj. of calling; look alphabet.

ma, pronobjective; me. It is also used ma-ća', n. the red of the morning, with a class of neuter and adjective verbs, when it is translated by the **nominative** I_i and with some nouns it is used as the possessive, my, mive. ma- \dot{g} a', n. a goose, geese.

here! attend!

the aurora.

m à' - g a, n. a cultivated spot, garden, field.

- ma-ġa'-ġa, v. n. to be amused. ma-ġa'-ġa-ki-ya, v. a. to amuse, comfort one—maġaġawakiya.
- ma-ga'-ga-ya, v. a. to amuse, divert one—magagawaya; magagaiçiya, to amuse one's self—magagamiciya.
- ma'- ga-hu, n. cornstalks.
- ma-ġa'-ksi-ća, n. a duck, ducks, the generic name.
- ma-ġa'-paŋ-paŋ-na, n. the brand-goose or brant. So called from its peculiar voice, i. q. maġa-śekśećadan. T., maġaśekśećala.
- $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}$, n. Ih. and T. a swan.
- m a g a' s a p a, n. (magá and sapa) the common wild goose.
- ma-ġa'-śe-kśe-ća-daŋ, n. the brant. Same as maġapappaŋna. Said to be two species of the small goose.—A. L. R.
- ma-ġa'-ta, adv. at or in the field ma-ġa'-taŋ-ka, n. (maġá and taŋka) the swan, swans. Maġataŋka-ota-mde, Swan Lake.
- Ma-ġa'-wa-kpa, n. p. The Laramie River.
- $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}' \dot{\mathbf{z}} \mathbf{u}, n. rain.$
- $m a \dot{g} a' \dot{z} u$, v. n. to rain.
- ma-ġa'-źu-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to rain—maġaźuwakiya.
- ma-ġa'-źu-mi-ni, n. rain-water.
- ma-ġa'-źu-ya, v. a. to cause to rain—maġaźuwaya.
- ma-ġi'-ća-hiŋ-te, n. (máġa and kahinta) a rake; a harrow. T., mahićahinte.

- ma-ġi'-ća-mna, n. (máġa and kamna) a hoe, hoes.
- ma-ġi'-na-ta-ke, n. (mága and nataka) a fence, rails.
- ma-gi'-yu-hin-te, n. (mága and yuhinta) a rake; a har-row.
- $m \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} i' y \mathbf{u} m \mathbf{d} \mathbf{u}$, n. (má $\dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$ and yumdu) $a \ plow$.
- ma-hen', prep. within, in, into. T., mahel and mahenl: mahel eonpa, to put or place in.
- ma-hen'-un-pi, n. something worn within, a shirt, chemise.
- ma-hen'-wa-pa, adv. inward, towards the interior.
- ma-he'-tan-han, adv. from within; on the inside.
- ma-he'-ta-tan-han, adv. from within.
- ma-he'-tu, adv. within, inward, deep; i. q. temahetu.
- ma-he'-tu-ya, adv. within, deep; i. q. temahetuya.
- ma-he'-tu-ya-ken, adv. within. mah, intj. of calling attention; look
- mali, cont. of mága and magá.

here! listen! T., ma!

- m a h a' k a t a, v. to hoe, as corn—mahawakata.
- mah-a'-wan-gla-ke-la, n. T. the locust, grasshoppers.
- mah-ćin'-ća, n. (magá and ćinća) the young of geese and ducks.
- m a li i' é a li n te, n. (mága and kahinta) a rake; a harrow. See magicalinte.
- m a h i' c e , n. Ih. a plow.

- $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, n$. land, soil, com- $| \mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i}, n$. an old field. mon land. See makikćeka
- opposed to water. See makikćeya.
- mah-i'-na-ta-ke, n. (mága and | nataka) a fence, rails. See maginatake.
- mah-i'-yu-hin-te, n. (mága and yuhinta) a rake, a harrow. See magiyuhinte.
- mah-i'-yu-hin-he, n. Ih. a harrow: i. q. iyulinhe.
- mah-i'-yu-mdu, n. (mága and ma-ka', n. the skunk or polecat, yumdu) a plow.
- mah-ki'-ćan-yan, v. (máġa and kićanyan) to work or till a field.
- mah-pa'-źo, n. (mága and paźo) a corn-hill, potato-hill.
- ma-hpi'-hpi-ya, n red. of mahpiya; scattering clouds.
- ma-hpi'-ya, n. the clouds; the sky; heaven, the heavens.
- ma-hpi'-ya-śa-pa, n. $black \perp$ clouds.
- ma hpi' ya śo ka, n.thick
- ma-hpi'-ya-śpu-śpu, n. long broken clouds.
- ma-hpi'-ya-tan-in, n. T. northern lights, aurora borealis.
- Ma-hpi'-ya-to, n. p. The Arapahoes.
- ma-hpi'-ya-to, n. the blue sky. ma-hpi'-ya-to-la, n. T. clear
 - sky, blue sky: i. q. mahpiyatowanźića.
- ma-hpi'-ya-to-waŋ-źi-ća, n. the blue sky, the firmament. VOL. VII--20

- See tanni, tannika, etc.
- mah-i'-kée-ya, adv. on land, as mah-te'-éa, n. (mága and teéa) a new field; a breaking.
 - ma-ka', n. ground, earth; the earth; a season, a half year, as a summer or winter. See omaka. Considerable discussion has taken place in regard to the proper pronunciation Some say it should of this word be written man-ka'; but it appears rather to be ma-k'a'.
 - Viverra mephitis. See manka.
 - ma-ka'-a-ma-ni, adv. T. afoot: i. q. huiŋyuŋ.
 - ma-ka'-ća-hli, n. T. coal: i. q. kangitame.
 - ma-ka'-će-ġa, n. an earthen vessel or pot, such as the Dakotas are said to have made and used before their intercourse with white people.
 - ma-ka'-da-pa, n. sticky clay.
 - $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{i}$, n. brown earth. kagiyuzapi, the name of a stream emptying into the Minnesota from the west, below Big Stone Lake.
 - ma-ka'-hde, adv. end on the ground. Same as makehde.
 - ma-ka'-he-ya, v. a. to have a desire to kill or destroy, to think that one will kill, have a presentiment of killing or destroying. T. to finally accomplish what one has long desired. See ćanhiya.
 - ma-ka'-htan-ya, v.a. to kill or destroy very much—makahtanwaya.
 - ma-ka'-i-wa-za, v. T. to paw

- up the ground, as a horse or mad | ma-ka'-sin-to-mni, adv. bull.
- ma-ka'-i-yu-ta, v. to measure land, survey.
- ma-ka'-i-yu-ta-pi, n. a measuring-chain, surveyor's chain: an acre of ground.
- ma-kan', adv. (maka and akan) on the ground: makan iwanka, to sleep on the ground.
- ma-kan', n. tamarack roots.
- $ma-ka\eta'-o-pi-ye$, n. a basket Probably so called because the Dakotas supposed that willow bas- ma-ka'-wa-ksi-ća, n. earthen kets were made of tamarack roots. T., psawognake.
- ma-ka'-o-ba-spe, n. an acre of ground. T., 160 acres.
- ma-ka'-o-bo-hpe, n. a survey mound.
- ma-ka'-o-han-zi, n. the shading of the earth, i. e. dusk.
- ma-ka'-o-i-yu-te, n. a quarter section of land. T., one acre of land.
- ma-ka'-o-wa-ke-ya, nname of a sacred feast and ceremonies connected with going to war; when, it is said, they carry into the tent pulverized earth, and make hills like the gophers.
- ma-ka'-pa, n. a swamp, where the surface of the earth lies on T., wiwila kapanpan. water.
- ma-ka-pa', n. a skunk's head.
- $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, n. whitish or yellowish clay.
- ma-ka'-say-pa, n. next year, next season.

- makasitomui.
- ma-ka'-si-to-mni, adv. all the world over. See makowanća.
- ma-ka'-si-to-mni-yan, the world over. See makowanćava.
- ma-ka'-ta, adv. at the ground, on the ground, on the floor: makata munka, I lie on the ground.
- ma-ka'-to, n. blue earth. Makatooze, the Makato or Blue Earth River: The original form was Makato-yuza.
- plates or dishes. See wakśića.
- ma-ka'-wa-se, n. T. $red\ earth$ used as paint.
- $ma-ka'-wa-\acute{s}e-\acute{s}a$, n. red earth, used by the Dakotas as a paint instead of vermillion; i. q. wase. T., makawase.
- ma-ke'-hde, adv. on end: canpeśka makelide inaźin, to kneel. Same as makahde. T_{ij} , makagle.
- ma-ke'-hde-ya, v. n.to fall down, as a long stick, endwise: canpeśka makehdeya inaźin, to kneel.
- ma-ki'-ći-ma, n. T. (maka and ićima) last year; a yearling, as a colt or other animal.
- ma-ki'-ći-non, v. of manon; to steal anything for another—mawećinon; maunkićinonpi, they steal from cach other.
- ma-ki'-kće, n. See makikćeka. $ma-ki'-k\acute{e}-ka$, n. the land, as opposed to water; soil, as opposed to clay or gravel. See mahikéeka.

- $ma-ki'-k\acute{c}e-ya$, adv. See mahikćeya.
- makipapte.
- ma-ki'-non, v. of manon; to steal anything from one—mawakinon, mayakinon.
- ma-ki'-pa-pte, n. T. a spade. See makinaspe.
- ma-ki'-pu-sdi, adv. (maka and ipusdi) with the face on the ground, prostrate, prone.
- ma-ki'-pu-sdi-ya, adv. bowed down to the ground.
- ma-ki'-pu-ski-ća, v. n. (maka and ipuskića) 'to presson the ground, lie flat on the ground, lick the dust.
- ma-ki'-pu-skin, cont. of makipuskića; makipuskin elipeićiya, to | ma-ko'-skan-tu-ya-ken, adv. throw one's self on the ground.
- ma-ki'-san-pa, n. the next sea-| ma-ko'-sma-ka, n. (maka and son, i q. makasanpa.
- ma-ki'-wan-ya-ke, n. a com-ma-ko'-śi-ća, n. any prevalent pass; a surveyor.
- ma-ki'-ya-ka-san-ni, n. kasanni.
- $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, n. (maku and iyutan) a saddle girth.
- ma-ki'-yu-tin-za, n. cingle, girth.
- $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{c} \mathbf{e}$, \mathbf{n} . a country, a place: without a name; mitamakoće, my country. T. year, a time of year.—w. J. C. See omaka,

- on land. | ma-ko'-će-i-wan-ya-ka-pi, T. surveyors.
- ma-ki'-na-śpe, n. a spade. See | ma-ko'-će-o-wa-pi, n. a map, maps. See makowapi.
 - ma-ko'-hdo-ka, n. a hole in the ground, a cave, cavern.
 - $ma kon' ća \dot{g}e$, n. a season, the seasons.
 - ·ma-ko'-skan, n. a place where no one dwells, a desert place. woskan, etc.
 - ma-ko'-skan, adv. Ih. and T. for naught, in vain; i. q. ituya. See otumakoskan.
 - ma-ko'-skan-tu, adv. in a desert place.
 - ma-ko'-skan-tu-ya, adv. away from any dwelling, away on the prai-
 - in a desert place.
 - osmaka) any low place, a ditch.
 - disease, an epidemic, as the smallpox; i. q. makoće śića.
 - side or part of a country. See iya- ma-ko'-ta-he-dan, adv. (maka away from any and otahedan) dwelling, in the desert, on the prairie. See hewotahedan.
 - a sur- ma-ko'-wa-ki-ći-pa, n. place a little hollowing, a slight hollow or depression in the prairie.
 - makoćaźeyate wanića, a place ma-ko'-wan-ća, n. all the carik. See makasitomni.
 - also, a season, a ma-ko'-wan-éa-ya, adv. over the earth. See makasitomniyaŋ.

- country, maps.
- ma-ku', n. the breast, the forepart of the thorax.
- ma-ku'-a-gna-ke, n. T. an apron. See ahnaka.
- ma-ku'-a-ka-hpe, n. an apron, a woman's kerchief. T., makúagnake.
- ma-ku'-hu, n. the breast-bone. sternum.
- ma-ku'-i-yu-ski-te, n. child's swaddling-band.
- ma-ku'-i-yu-tan, n. a girth; i. q. makiyutan.
- ma-ma', n. a woman's breast, milk; mamma or mother. It is a singular fact that with the Dakotas, mama means milk, and papa, meat.
- ma'-ni, v. n.to walk—mawani, mayani.
- m a n i' é a, n. the gopher, a species of Diplostoma. T, wahinheya.
- $m a n i' \acute{c} a$, v. n. 1st pers. sing. of nića; I have none-ninića.
- $ma ni' \acute{c}a pa mdu$, n. gopherhills. T., wahinheya pablu.
- ma'-ni-han, part. walking.
- ma'-ni-ken, adv. walking.
- ma'-ni-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to walk-maniwakiya.
- abroad, away from ma-nin', adv. the house. T., manil.
- ma'-ni-ni-na, n. bed-bugs, i. q. taku mani nina. T., wabluśkaśaśa.
- ma'-ni-sku-ya, n. a species of plant; prob. the honeysuckle. T., ćanwiskuye.

- ma-ko'-wa-pi, n. a map of a ma-non', v. a. to steal anything mawanon, mayanon, maunnonpi. This is by some written manu.
 - ma-noy'-pi, n. a stealing, theft. ma-nu', or ma-nun', v. See ma-
 - man, intj. look here! See ma and mali.
 - man, v. to build a nest and hatch young ones, as birds do; to fly about, hover, sail around, as birds over a carcass. See aman and be.
 - man, adj. sharp, i. q. pe. See yuman:
 - man-ća', n. the aurora. T., hanwakan. See maća.
 - man-ka', n. a skunk. See maka. man-ka', v. n. 1st per. sing. of vanká.
 - m a s' c a y y a p a, n. T. (maza, can, and yapa) bridle bits.
 - m a s \acute{e} e' \acute{g} a , n. See mazaće \acute{g} a.
 - mas-i'-gmun-ke, n. T. a trap: i. q. mazalitakiyapi.
 - mas-wa'-kśi-ća, n. tin plates: i. q. mazawakśića.
 - mas-i'-wan-ya-ke, n. T. atelescope, a microscope.
 - ma-śte, adj. warm, hot, applied to the weather; maste hinća, very warm: maste au, it becomes warm, said of the sky clearing off.
 - ma-ste'-a-gle-han, n. T. sunstroke.
 - ma-ste'-i-ta, v. n. to be killed by heat; to be struck by the sun.
 - ma-ste'-na-pta-pta, n. hot waving air, as on a hot day.

- ma-ste'-o-sni, n. clear and cold; ma-ya', n. a steep place, a bank, as cold and bright.
- ma-ste'-ste, adj. red. of maste.
- ma-śte'-ya, adv. in a warm state, warmly.
- ma-ste'-va-ken, adv. warmly,
- ma-śtin'-ća, n. the rabbit, Lepus cuniculus: tinmastinca, the prairie | m a' - z a, n. rabbit or hare. T., mastincala.
- Ma-stin'-ca, n. the Cree Indians. $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{s} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n}' - \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{l} \mathbf{a}, n$. T. the rabbit.
- ma-śtin'-pu-te, n. a bush bearing red edible berries, the leaves of which are sometimes used by the Dakotas for tobacco: the berries themselves, the buffalo berry, or rabbit berry.
- ma-ta'-pi-ha, n. T. a toad. See natapelia.
- ma-ta'-wa-ze-ze-ća, n. moss. ma-te'-te, n. of tete; the side or rim of a boat, the part near the edge; a brow or projection, as of a hill. See watete.
- ma-tka', n. sticky earth. See maka and tkapa.
- ma-tka', n.T. the opossum.
- ma-tka'-śa, n. red earth.
- ma-to', n. the gray or polar bear, Ursus maritimus.
- ma-to'-ho-ta, n. the grizzly bear, ma-tu'-śka, n. the craw-fish.
- Ma-wa'-ta-dan, n. the Mandan
- Indians. T., Miwatani. Ma-wa'-tan-na, n. Same as Mawatadan.

- of a river.
- m a y a', adj. steep: maya hinéa, very steep. T., mayalićake.
- Ma-ya'-wa-kan, n. the Chippewa River which joins the Minnesota, from the north, about fifteen miles below Lac-qui-parle.
- metal of any kind; goods, merchandise.
- m a' z a a s p e i (i y e, n) (maza and aspeya) an anchor. T., wataićaspe.
- ma'-za-bla-ska-pe-sto-la, n. T. (maza, mdaska, and pesto) sharp-pointed shovel.
- ma'-za-ćah-i-ća-zo, T. (maza, ćaġa, and ićazo) skates.
- ma'-aa-će-ġa, n. (maza and ćeġa) an iron pot or kettle. Generally ćega alone is used.
- ma'-za-ćeś-ki-ka, n. T. metal buttons.
- m a' z a h u h u, n. (maza and huhu) bracelets, arm-bands. T., napoktan.
- ma'-za-hda-hda, n. a bell.
- m a' z a h t a k i y a p i, n. (ma-"biting iron": a za and litaka) trap, traps, steel-traps, such as are used in catching the otter, etc. T., ćabigmuŋke.
- a species of the Ursus Americanus. ma'-za-ćan-ku, n. T. (maza and canku) a railroad.
 - ma'-za-i-ća-ko-ke, n. a cowbell.Commonly used with the See ićakoke. "maza."
 - m a' z a i c a s n a, n.a cow-bell.

- m a'-za-i-ći-ća-hi-ha,-n. iron in links, a chain. T., mazaićićahaha
- $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{u}$, n. a gun-screw, the spiral wire which is used to draw wadding from a gun.
- ma'-za-i-yo-ka-tan, n. (maza | and iyokatan) nails.
- ma'-za-i-yo-ka-tku-ġe, n. a nail, nails. T., a nut, iron nuts for bolts. See, also, tiyopa iyokatkuge and iyokatkuģe.
- ma'-za-i-yu-ta-pi, n. (maza) and iyuta) a steel-yard; an iron square. T., mazawiyute.
- $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}, \quad n.$ (maza) kaġa) a worker in metal, a blacksmith. Ih., mazkape.
- See mazawakan.
- ma'-za-kaŋ-će-ća, n. the butt of a gun: also the gun hammer. T., mazawakan supute See ćeća.
- ma'-za-kan-e-ćon and ma'-zakan-i-ye-ya, v. to shoot a gun; mazakan bośdoka, to fire off a gun. T., mazawakan uta.
- ma'-za-kaŋ-i-noŋ-pa, (mazakan, i, and noppa) a doublebarreled gun.
- ma'-za-kan-i-yo-pa-zan, n. the tubes or ferrules which hold in the ramrod.; the ramrod. See iyo-
- ma'-za-kaŋ-i-yo-pu-hdi, n. | ma'-za-sag-ye, n. an iron cane, gun-wadding. See iyopuhdi.
- ma'-za-kaŋ-i-yo-pu-ski-će, pazan. See iyopuskića.

- ma'-za-kay-na-wa-te, n. the . plate of a gun-lock. See nawate.
- $ma'-za-kan-no-\dot{g}e$, n. a gunlock, especially the pan; the nipple. See noge.
- ma'-za-kaŋ-no-ġe-yu-hpa, n. (mazakan, noge, and iyuhpa) the whole of a qun-lock.
- $ma'-za-ka\eta-o-yu-wi, n.$ the inside work of a gun-lock. yuwi.
- ma'-za-kan-pa-hu, n. the breech of a gun. See pahu.
- ma'-za-kan-pte-će-dan, (mazakan and ptećedan) a short $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, mazawakan ptegun, a pistol ćela: also iśakpe and hutela.
- $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, n. (maza and wakan) $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}$, n. (mazakan and tanka) a great gun, a cannon. T., mazawakan tanka.
 - $m a' z a k i \eta s k a, n.$ T. an iron spoon, spoons: i. q. mazkinska.
 - $m \dot{a}' z a m da s k a$, n. (maza and mdaska) flat iron; a spade, shovel, etc. T., mazablaska.
 - ma'-za-na-péu-pe, n. fingerrings. T., maza napsiolili. napćupe.
 - ma'-za-o-će-ti, n. an iron fircplace, a stove. See oceti.
 - m a' z a o k a z e z e, n. skates: maza okazeze kićun, to skate. mazaćahićazo. See okaze.
 - a sword. T., miwakan and miwakanla.
 - n. a ramrod. T., mazawakan iyo- | ma'-za-sa-pa, n. (maza and sapa) black metal, iron.

- white metal, silver; money; a dollar.
- ma'-za-ska-han-ke, n. a halfdollar. T., mazaska okise. hanke.
- ma'-za-ska-ka-śpa-pi-dan, a twelve-and-a-half or ten-cent piece, a shilling, dime. T., kaspapi. See kaspapidan.
- ma'-za-ska-mi-ni-hu-ha, n. bank notes. T., minihuha mazaska See minihuha.
- ma'-za-ska-tan-ka, n. adollar. T., mazaska wanźina.
- ma'-za-ska-wa-na-pin, n. a silver medal. See wanapin.
- ma'-za-ska-zi, or ma'-za-skama-za-zi, n. yellow silver, gold.
- ma'-za-su, n. lead; a bullet, bullets. m a' - z a - s u - i - s do - y e, n. (maza,
- su, and isdoye) something to melt lead in. See śdoya.
- ma'-za-su-i-yo-ka-śtan, n (maza, su, and iyokastan) molds. See okastan.
- ma-za-śa, n. red metal, copper.
- ma'-za-śdo-ya-pi, n. pewter, so called because used for running on the bowls of Dakota pipes.
- ma'-za-śkaŋ-śkaŋ, n. T. (maza and skanskan) a clock; a watch.
- $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}, \quad n. \quad (\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \quad a \mathbf{n} \mathbf{d})$ skopa) a concave medal for the neck, used as the badge of a soldier.
- ma'-za-ta-śpu, n. metal buttons. T., mazaćeśkika. See taśpu.
- ma'-za-ta-śpu-day, n. metal buttons. See taspudan.

- ma'-za-ska, n. (maza and ska) ma'-za-tu-ki-ha, n. an iron or metal spoon. Ih. and T., mazkinska. See tukiha.
 - ma'-za-wa-kan, n. a qun. See mazakan.
 - ma'-za-wa-kan-u-ta, v. T. to shoot off a gun.
 - ma'-za-wa-ksi-ća, n. tin or iron pans. See wakśića.
 - ma'-za-wi-yu-te, n. a carpenter's square.
 - ma'-za-ya-ho-ton-pi, n. (maza and yahoton) a trumpet.
 - $m a' z a y a p i \eta z a p i, n. brass$ instruments.
 - $m a' z a y a \acute{z} o p i$, n. brass instruments.
 - ma'-za-zi, n. yellow metal, brass. $m a z' - \acute{c} a \eta - y a - p a$, n. T. (maza, ćan, and yapa) bridle-bits: i. q. masćanyapa.
 - maz-i'-gmun-ke, n. T. a trap. ma-zi'-pa-be, n. (maza and ipabe) a file. T., mazipame.
 - maz-i'-pa-bla-pi and mas-i'pa-bla-pi, n. T. sad-irons, flat-irons.
 - maz-i'-pa-mda-ye, n. sadirons. See pamdaya.
 - ma-zi'-ya-p'e, n. (maza and iyap'a) a hammer.
 - ma-zi'-yu-be, *n*. a file: i. q. mazipabe. T., maziyume.
 - maz'-i-yu-wi, n. (maza and iyuwi) T. bridle-bits.
 - ma-zi'-yu-źi-pe, n. (maza and iyuzipe) pincers; tongs. T., imasoyuspe.

m a z - k a' - p' e, n. (maza and kap'a)

Ih. a blacksmith. See mazakaġa.

maz-kin'-śka, n. Ih. and T. an iron spoon. See kinśka.

m a z - o η' - s p e, n. (maza and onspe) an ax.

maz-o'-pi-ye, n. a store, a storehouse. See opiye.

maz-yu'-ha, n. T. a chief. See naéa.

m da, v. 1st pers. sing. of ya; I go. m da, a prefix. Verbs commencing with "ya" change it into "mda" to form the first person singular, and into "da" for the second; for which the corresponding Teeton words are "bla" and "la."

m da. See kamda.

m d a - h a', adj. broad at one end, tapering.

m d a - m d a' - t a, n. high level land, the divide or high land between two streams. T., blowayzila.

mdas, cont. of mdaza.

m d a - s k a', adj. flat, as, ćan mdaska, boards; broad at one end. T., blaska. See omdaska.

m d a-s k a'-s k a, adj. red. of mdaska. m d a-s k a'-y a, adv. flatly, on the flat side. See omdaskaya.

m d a' - y a , adj. level, plain. T., oblaya. See omdaya.

m d a' - y e, n. a plain. T., oblaye. See omdaye.

m d a' - y e - d a ŋ , adj. level, plain.
T., oblayela.

m d a' - y e - y a, adv. evenly. T., oblayeya.

m da-za', adv. in strips. See ba-mdaza.

m d a - z a' - h a n, part. ripped open of itself, torn open.

m d a - z a' - w a - h a n, part. Same as mdazahan.

m de, n. a lake. T., ble.

m d e - é a', adj. broken. See kamdeća and ómdeća.

mde-ća'-han, part. broken of itself. mde-ća'-hmin, n. (mde and kahmin) a bay. T., bleokahmin.

m d e - é a' - w a - h a n, part. broken of itself.

m d e'-dan, n. a little lake, a pond. m d e'- ga, n. the pelican.

M de'-h da-kin-yan, n. p. (mde and hdakinyan) Lac Travers, Lake Traverse; so called from its lying in a direction crosswise to Big Stone Lake.

Mde-i-ye'-dan, n. Lac-qui-parle. This word was evidently supposed by the French to mean the talking lake. If that be the meaning, it is not apparent why the name was given. It is suggested that it is "mde iyahde," changed into "mde-iyedan," referring to the fact that the river is connected by the lake.

m de-ki'-yu-te, n. (mde and kiyute) an isthmus; a strait or channel in a lake.

m d e - m d e' - é a, adj. red of mdeéa. m d e - m d e' - é a - h a n, part. red. of mdeéahan.

m de - m de' - éa - wa - han, part red. of mdeéawahan.

7

- m d e m d e s' y a, v. red. of mdesya; mdemdesićiya, to amuse or regale one's self.
- Mde-mi'-ni-so-ta, n. Clear Lake, which lies about thirty-five miles from Traverse des Sioux, on the old road to Lac-qui-parle.
- mdes, cont. of mdeza.
- m de-sa', adj. clear, not fuddled: mdesa wauŋ, I am not drunk. See mdeza.
- m d e s a' h a n, part. clear-sighted, clearly.
- mdes-ya', v. a. to make clear, cause to recover from stupidity—mdeswaya.
- mdes-ya', adv. clearly.
- mdes-ya'-ken, adv. clearly.
- m d e t a n' h u n k a , n. a leader of a war party or any other party. T., blotanhunka. See zuyećin.
- m de y a', n. Mdeyatanka, Ottertail Lake.
- m de-ya'-ta, adv. at the lake.

 This is used by the Dakotas in referring to Lake Superior, which they used to visit.
- m d e'-za, adj. clear; clear-sighted, as, ista mdeza; sober—mamdeza, nimdeza. See mdesa.
- m d e'-z e-d a ŋ, adj. clear, as water: mini mdezedaŋ, clear water.
- mdo, n. an esculent root eaten by the Dakotas, in appearance and taste something like sweet potatoes, the Dakota tamdo; potatoes, the Wasićun tamdo. T., blo.
- mdo, n. a ridge or range of hills:

- T., blo; Waziblo owakipamni, Pine Ridge Agency.
- m d o g y a n' k a , v. n. to remain at home when others go out to hunt mdogmanka, mdognanka, mdogunyankapi.
- m d o' h u , n. potato-tops.
- m do-ka', n. the male of animals.
- in do-ka', adj. male, used only of animals, birds, etc., not of men.
- m do-ka'-ska, v. n. to hickup—mdowakaska.
- m do-ka'-ta, adv. at the water, by the shore. T, bleyata; hutata.
- m d o k e' ć o k a y a , n. midsummer. T., blokećokanyan.
- m do-ke'-han, n. last summer: mdokehan ićima, summer before last T., blokehan.
- m d o k e' t u, n. summer, this summer, next summer. T, bloketu.
- m do-ki'-h da-ka, v. n. to move in the summer—mdokiwahdaka.

 T., bloketu ehan iglaka. See ihdaka.
- m do'-ki-ţa, v. n. to be tired or weary, as by walking—mdowakiţa, mdowakiţapi. T., watuka.
- m do'-ki-te-ya, v. a. to make tired or weary, to tire, weary, fatigue—mdokitewaya, mdokitemayan.
- m do'-te, n. the mouth or junction of one river with another (a name commonly applied to the country about Fort Snelling, or mouth of the Saint Peters; also the name appropriated to the establishment of

- of the rivers, written Mendota); the outlet of a lake. T., iyohloke.
- m do-way'-źi-day, n. high table land; the top of a ridge. *T.*, blowanzila: i. q. mdamdata.
- m do'-za, n. the loon. T., huntka. mdu, adj. powdered, pulverized,
- fine: ağuyapi mdu, flour; maka mdu, dust.
- m d u m d u', adj. red. of mdu; mellow and dry, as apples or turnips.
- m du m du', v. 1st pers. sing. of yumdu.
- crumbled mdu-wa'-han, part. down, not hard.
- mi, pron. pos. in comp. my or mikte, he kills for me. See ni.
- mi-be', adj. round, circular: i. q. mima.
- mi-ća', pron. and prep. in comp. of kića; as in opemićaton, he buys from 'mi'-la-pi-śla, n. me. T., for me; opemicaton, he buys for me.—w. J. C.
- mi'- ca, n. a small species of wolf. Mi'- na-han-ska, n. Ih. long cont. for mićaksića.
- mi-ća', n. the lean meat on the side of mi'-na-yu-kśi-źa-pi, n. an animal near the rump, the small of the back; the lean meat of the thigh.
- mi-ća'-hu, n. the bone near the mi'-ni-a-pa-lita, v. T. to carry hip-bone.
- to or for me.
- mi'-ća-ksi-ća, n. a small wolf. See mića, miyaća, and miyaśleća.
- mi'-ća-pe-ća, n. T. i. q. wićapeća.

- the Fur Company at the junction | mi'-ci, pron. and prep. of kici; with T. means only for me: me, for me. e. g., mići un, is in my stead or for me: with me is "kići maun." w. J. c. See nići and íći.
 - mi-&i', pron reflex. myself, as, miéikte, I kill myself; for myself, as, mićićaga, I make for myself, or I make myself. See niçi and içi.
 - mi-hnag', cont. of mihnaka; mihnag waun.
 - mi-hna'-ka, v.a. to put in under the girdle, as a knife or hatchet; to wear round the loins—miwalmaka. T., mićignaka. See miuppa.
 - mi'-lına-ka, v. of kilmaka; he lays up for me.
- mine; me; for me or to me, as in 'mi'-la, n. T. a knife. Mi'-lahan-ska, n. *T*. i. q. Minahanska. See isan.
 - mi'-la-pa-ksa, n. T. knife.
 - knife.
 - mi'-na, n. Ih. a knife.
 - knife, an American: i. q. Isantanka.
 - a pocket knife. T., miyukśiźa.
 - mi'-ni, n. water.
 - water in a skin.
- mi'-ća-ga, v. of kićaga; to make mi'-ni-a-pa-hta, n. a skin bottle for water.
 - mi'-ni-bo-sdi, n. a syringe. See miniibosdi.
 - mi'-ni-bo-ţa, v. n. to be drenched with water. Said also when water

- T, miniwota. maţa.
- mi'-ni-bo-ha, n. Ih. a gulch, a ravine made by water. T., wakogla.
- mi'-ni-bo-zan, n. mist, fine rain. T., miniwozela.
- mi'-ni-ća-du-za, n. rapid water, strong current.
- mi'-ni-ća-sin-yan, n. T. rippling water.
- mi'-ni-ća-hda, adv. by the water.
- mi'-ni-ćo-ćo, adv. T. slushy; i q. waspanla.
- mi'-ni'- (a-pi, n. (mini and ka) T. a well of water: i. q. mniçapi.
- Mi'-ni-du-za, n. the Saskatchawan River.
- mi'-ni-he-ća, v. n. to be smart or active—maminiheća, niminiheća, unminihećapi. T., biliheća.
- mi'-ni-hen-he-ća, v. red. of miniheća.
- actively, mi'-ni-hen-ya, adv industriously.
- mi'-ni-he-ya, v.a. to make active: miniheiçiya, to make one's self active, to be industrious—minihemićiya. See mniheya.
- mi'-ni-hin-tkan-ha-ka, n. water-moss, that which grows under water.
- mi'-ni-hi-ya-ya, n T. a flood of water.
- mi'-ni-hdo-ka, n. a fountain or spring of water, a well.
- mi'-ni-hu-ha, n. linen or cotton cloth, calico; paper.

- comes much into a tent—minibo- mi'-ni-hu-ha-éan-non-pa, n. a cigarette.
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-i-pa-tin, n. T. starch. See patin.
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-i-yo'-wa, n. T. a pen, pencil. See iyowa.
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-kan-śu-ku-te-pi, n. playing-cards. See kansukutepi.
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-ma-za-ska, n. T. paper money
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-o-wa-pi, n. painted cloth, calico; a letter, a book. See owapi.
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-ska, n. white cotton or muslin; white paper, writing paper.
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-ska-śo-ka, n. bed-ticking.
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-ska-zib-zi-pedan, n. fine muslin.
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-to-héa, n. blue cloth as distinguished from green.
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-wi-yu-ma, n. sand-paper. See yuman.
 - mi'-ni-i-bo-sdi, n. a syringe: a squirt-qun.
 - $mi'-ni-ka-a-ta-\acute{z}a$, n. T. of mini and taźa; waves.
 - Mi'-ni-kan-ye-wo-źu, n. p the name of one of the bands of Teeton Sioux; the Minneconjoux: meaning those who plant near the water. Some of them pronounce their name thus: Mí-ni-ko'-o-źu.
 - mi'-nin, adv. (mini and en) in the
 - mi'-ni-na-ġa-ġa, v. to struggle, as anything shot in the water.

- mi'-nin-ţa, v. n. to drown, be drowned—minimata.
- mi'-nin-țe-ya, v. a. to drown, cause to drown—minintewaya.
- mi-ni-o'-ka-bla-ya, n. T. water spread out.
- mi'-ni-o-mni, n. an eddy. See miniyomni. T., owamniyomni.
- mi'-ni-o-ţa, v. n. to drown, be drowned—miniomaţa.
- mi'-ni-o-țe-ya, v. a. to drown, cause to drown—miniotewaya.
- mi'-ni-o-waŋ-ća, n. all over water, the ocean: i. q. miniwaŋća.
- mi'-ni-o-we, n. a spring, fountain of water: i. q. miniyowe. T., ominiowe.
- mi'-ni-sa-pa, n. (mini and sapa) ink.
 mi-ni-sku'-ya, n. (mini and skuya) salt, probably so called because salt was first found by them
 in springs or lakes.
- mi'-ni-sku-ya, n. vinegar.
- mi-ni-sku'-ya-o-hna-ka-pi, n. a salt-cellar. See ohnaka.
- Mi'-ni-so-ta, n. the Minnesota or Saint Peters River. It means whitish water, and is the name also of the lake called by white people Clear Lake.
- m i'-n i-śa, n. red water, i. e., wine, cider, ale.
- mi'-ni-ś'e-ś'e, v. n. T. to sprinkle, rain gently.
- mi'-ni-śi-ća, n. bad water, i. e., whisky.
- Mi'-ni-śo-śe, n. turbid water, i. e., the Missouri River.

- to drown, be mi'-ni-ta-ga, n. foam, froth, spittle.
 - mi'-ni-tan, v. n. to flood.
 - mi'-ni-tan, n. (mini and tanka) a flood, high water.
 - mi'-ni-tan-ka-ya, adv. with water spread over.
 - mi'-ni-tan-ya, v. a. to cause to flood—minitanwaya.
 - mi'-ni-wa-kan, n. (mini and wa-kan) water-spirit, i. e., whisky.
 - mi'-ni-wa-kaŋ-ti-pi, n. a whisky-shop, groggery.
 - mi'-ni-wa-mnu-ha-dan, n. snails, periwinkles.
 - m i'-n i-w a ŋ-ć a, n. the sea, the ocean: i. q. miniowanća.
 - $m i' n i w a \eta \epsilon a w a t a, n.$ T. a ship: i, q. wita wata.
 - mi'-ni-wa-ti-60-ga, n. T. the seum on stagnant water; water-moss.
 - mi'-ni-wi-to-ye, n. frog-spittle, the green that collects on stagnant water. T., minitola.
 - mi'-ni-ya-tkan, n. (mini and iya-tkan) a drinking-vessel, a tin cup.
 - mi'-ni-ya-tke, n. Same as miniyatkan.
 - mi'-ni-yo-hpan-yan, v. to soak in water.
 - mi'-ni-yo-mni, n. an eddy, whirlpool: i. q. miniomni.
 - mi'-ni-yo-pa, adj. wet, saturated with water, as wet wood. T., spaya.
 - m i'-n i y o w a ŋ é a , n. water spread all over, i. e., the ocean: i. q. miniowayéa.

- m i'-n i-y o-we, n. a spring, fountain of water: i. q. miniowe.
- mi'-ni-yo-we-hde-pi, n.
 well of water.
- m i' n i y u s p a s p a y e l a, n.T. water holes.
- m i'-n i-y u-ś p e-d a ŋ, v. to perspire much: miniyuśpedan waśkan, I work perspiring much. T., miniyuśpala.
- mi'-ni-zi, n. (mini and zi) bile, which accumulates in the stomach.
- m i' o g l a s i η , η . T. a mirror. See mniohdasi η .
- m i'- o g l e, n. T. a whet-stone; probably of mila, knife, and ogle or egle, to place. See milmáka.
- mi-o'-zu-ha, n. T. a knife-sheath. miś, pron. I: miś miye, I myself. See iś and niś.
- m i ś n a' k a , pron. I alone. See iśnaka.
- m i ś n a' k a s e, pro. and adv. T., miśnakase iyuha bluhe kta, as if I were the only one that I should have all: niśnakase, iśnakase.
- m i ś n a' n a, pron. I alone, I only.

 T., miśnala See iśnana and niśnana.
- miś-na'-sa-ni-ća, adv. on my side.
- mi-ta', pron. prefix; my, mine.
- mi-ta'-he, n. Ih. a tomahawk. See ćanhpi and onspedan.
- mi-ta'-wa, pron. my, minc. See tawa and nitawa.
- mi-un'-pa, n. something laid on the back to keep a pack from hurting,

- a pad: miunpa kiton, there is a pad under it. T., wagnagton.
- mi-wa'-kan, n. Ih. a sword.
- Mi-wa'-tan-ni, n. T. the Mandans: i. q. Mawatanna.
- m i' y a é a, n. T. the prairie wolf. See mićaksića.
- mi-ya'-śle-ća, n. T. a small kind of wolf—the coyote. See mićaksića.
- m i'-ye, pron. I; me. See iye and niye.
- mi-ye', pl. imperat. termination, as, econ miye, do ye it. T., pi ye; that is the plural termination "pi" and the precative "ye." Mr. Cleveland thinks these were, probably, corrupted by the Santees into "miye"; Yanktons and others into "biye." In the Lord's Prayer, we say, "Waunhtanipi kin unkićićaźupi ye"; but we do not say, in next clause: "ka taku wawiyutan kin ekta unkayapi śni piye," but "unkayapi śni ye."—w. J. C
- mi'-ye-ćin. See miyećinka.
- mi'-ye-ćin-ka, pron. I myself, I alone without aid or counsel. T., miyećuhćin; miyećuhćin ećamon kta, I will do it alone: miyećuhćin każa yo, make it yourself—iyećuhćin.
- mi'-ye-ćiŋ-ka-haŋ, pron. I alone.
- mi'-ye-ke, pron. even I, such a one as I. See niyeke.
- mi'-ye-keś, pron. I myself.
- m i' y e s', pron. I.

mi-yo'-gla-sin, n. T. a mirror, looking-glass. See mioglasin.

mi'-yo-gli, n. T. a razor-strop; mni. See yumni. whet-stone.

Mi-yo'-glu-ze, n.p. T. Whetstone Agency.

mi - yo' - ka - sin, n. the back.

 $m i'^{2}y u - k \acute{s} i - \acute{z} a, n.$ T. a pocketknife. Ih., minayukśiźapi.

mna. See yumna, etc.

mna, n. black-haws.

'm na - ha n', n. a rip.

mna-han', part. ripped of itself.

m n a - h a n' - h a n, red. of mnahan.

m n a' - h u, n. black-haw bushes.

mna-héa'-héa, n. the lily.

mna-ki'-ya, v. a. to take up a collection for one; to gather one's own.

mnan'-ka, v. 1st pers. sing. of yánka; to braid, plait.

mna-wa'-han, part. ripped.

mna-yan', v. a. to gather together, collect-mnawaya, mnaujyanpi.

mna-yay'-pi, n. a collecting, collection; harvest.

m n a - y e' - k i - y a, v. a to cause to collect -- mnayewakiya.

m n a'- źa, n. a lion; lioness. It is m n u h - y e'- la, adv. doubtful to what animal this name the Dakotas for lion, although they

have never seen one. It may also be used for wolverine.

mni, v. a. to lay up to dry, spread out in the sun to dry-wamni, yamni, unmnipi.

the small of mni, v. Ih. and T., 1st pron. of ya, to go; mni kta, I will go; ni kta, thou wilt go.

mni, n. Ih. for mini.

mni'-ći-ya, v. to assemble, as to a feast, etc.; to make a feast or call an assembly-mnimićiya, mninićiya, mniunkićiyapi.

mni éa'-pi, n. a well.

m n i' - ġ a . See yumniġa.

prairie m n i - h e' - ć a, v. n. See miniheća. mni-hen'-ya, adv. See minihenya.

> m n i - h e' - y a, v. a. See miniheya. mni'-ya-pa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. Ik. next to the river, by the water.

mni-yo'-hda-sin, n. a lookingglass; window glass. See mioglasiŋ.

mnu'-ga, v. 'to crunch, as a horse does in eating corn.

mnuh, cont. of mnuga.

mnuh'-mnu-ġa, v. red. of mnuġa. See yamnumnuġa.

T. in a crunching way.

properly belongs; but it is used by mnu-mnu'-ga-ha, adj. T. soft, as bone not formed; cartilagenous.

N.

- n, the sixteenth letter of the Dakota alphabet. It has the sound of English n in name, not, etc., and, except in a few cases, occurs only in the beginning or middle of a syllable.
- na, a prefix to verbs. It commonly indicates that the action is done with the foot; but it is also used to express the effects of frost, heat, etc.
- na, v. imperat. only; take it: na wo, na po. T., used by women and children: i. q. ye.
- n a, conj. T. and, moreover, also:
 i q. ka.
- na, suffix diminutive. Ih., i. q. dan. na, adverbial exclamation. here; na, iću wo, here, take it, said when passing the pipe around. T. L. Riggs thinks it is not a verb as used by Teetons.
- n a a' ġ a ġ a, v. to plunge, said of fish plunging in water: naaġaġa śkan, it plays plunging about
- n a a' h d a p ś i ŋ, v. of ahdapśiŋ; to kick over—naawahdapśiŋ.
- na-a'-hda-pśiŋ-yaŋ, v. of ahdapśiŋyaŋ; naahdapśiŋyaŋ iyeya, to kick anything over.
- na-a'-hmus, cont. of naahmuza.
- n a a' h m u z a , v. n. to draw up, as a person dying—naawahmuza. T., natib aya.
- na-a'-ka-mni, v. naakamni iyeya, to cause to burst or spread

- out, as one's moccasins. T., nabla iyeya and napota.
- n a a' k a s' i n , v. to bend backwards: naakas'in iyaya. T., nakas'in. See kas'in.
- nasa'-mda-ya, v. to make level by trampling on—naawamdaya; to become level or plain; to swell out full T., naablaya. See amdaya.
- na-a'-țiŋ-za, v. a. to tread down hard—naawaţinza.
- n a b a g', cont. of nabaka; nabag iyeya, to kick out the foot. T., nagwag.
- na-bag'-ba-ka, v. red. of nabaka.
- na-ba'-ka, v. n. to kick out the foot; to struggle—nawabakai T., nagwaka.
- nab-kay', n. .T. (nape and kay) the cords of the wrist.
- n a b l a' y a, v. T. i. q namdaya. n a - b u', v. a. to drum with the foot, beat on the ground, stamp—nawabu, naupbupi.
- na-bu'-bu, v. red. of nabu; to make a noise by stamping—nawa-bubu.
- n a-é a', n. T. a chief. See mazyuha and itanéan.
- na-ćam'-ćam. See naćapćam.
- na-éan'-éan, v. of éanéan; to make shake with the foot; to shake—nawaéanéan.

- na-ćap'-ćam, cont. of naćapćapa; na-ga'-ga, v. red. of naga; to naćapćam ya, to go on a trot. yućabćab.
- na-ćap'-ćam-ya, v.a. to cause to trot—naćapćamwaya.
- na-ćap'-ća-pa, v. n. to trot, as na-ġa'-ġa-ken, adv. a horse. T_{\cdot} , yućabćapa.
- n a ć e', adv. perhaps: i. q. niće.
- na-će'-ća, adv. perhaps, probably, it may be:
- na-ćeg', cont. of naćeka; naćeg iyeya.
- na-ćeg'-ćeg, cont. of naćegćeka.
- na-ćeg'-će-ka, v. red. of naćeka.
- na-će'-ka, v.a. to make stagger by kicking—nawaćeka.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{e}} \mathbf{e'} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n}$, v. n. to lie with one's back to the fire—naceweskun. T., ćankahu okaltkiya.
- na-ćen', adv. perhaps, about that.
- na-ćen'-ya, adv. probably.
- na-će'-ya, v. a. (na and ćeya) to make cry by kicking—nawaćeya.
- n a ć i' k a , v. Same as naćikadan.
- na-ći'- ka-dan, v. of ćikadan; to make small by trampling—nawaćikadan; to become less by drying.
- na-ći'-stin-na, v. a. of ćistinna; to make less by trampling on-nawa- \dot{c} istinna. T., na \dot{c} is \dot{c} ila.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{g} \mathbf{a}$, adj. T. moving, as the ribs of a buffalo.
- na-gmu' and na-gmuy', v.n. T. to twist of itself.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}', \quad v. \quad n.$ to gape open, as a wound: naga iyeya, to cause to spread open. T., nažal.

- splash with the foot—nawagaga: to spatter or fly out, as grease on the T., to be scorched or cooked fire. on the outside.
- standing open, as a wound. T., nažalžakel.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}, \quad adv.$ nagagaya span, partly cooked.
- na-ġa'-ġa-ye-la, adj. T. partially.
- na-gam', cont. of nagapa; nagam iyeya. T., nagal.
- na-gan', cont. of nagata; nagan iyeya. T., nagal.
- na-ġan'-ġa-ta, v. red. of naġata. T., nagalgata.
- na-ġa'-pa, v. a. to strip off the skin of anything with the foot—nawagapa.
- na-ga'-ta, v. n. to stretch out the foot—nawagata.
- na-gi', n. the soul, spirit of a person; manes, shades, ghosts (the Dakotas suppose several to belong to one person); the shadow of anything-minagi, ninagi, unnagipi, wićanagi: nagi iyaya, he is gone to the spirit-land.
- na-gi'-ya, v. n. to go to the spiritworld: nagi mda, I go to the land of spirits.
- na-ġi'-ya-ta, or wa-na-ġi'ya-ta, adv. at or in the spirit-
- $na \dot{g}i' ye ya$, v. a. to trouble, vex, bother one—nagiyewaya, nagiyemayan.

- n a g o' g o, v. to scratch, as a cat; to stick on, as mud on one's foot.
- na-ġu'-ka, v. a. to sprain, as one's ankle.
- naġ-wag', cont. of naġwaka.
- naġ-wa'-ka, v. T. to swing or dangle the feet.
- na-hah', or na-hanh', adv. yet; used with śni, not yet.
- na-ha'-hin, adv. See nahanhin. na-ha'-i-ye-ya, v. to kick out of the way: naha iyewaya, I kick out of the way. T., nakab iyeya.
- na-han', conj. T. and, then; also; besides; of na and hehan.
- na-haŋ'-héiŋ, adv. Ih. yet.
- n a h a n' h i n, adv. yet; nahanhin śni, not yet: nahanhin ećamon śni, I have not yet done it. T., nahanhća.
- na-haŋ'-hiŋ-ke-śni, adv. not yet, not time yet. T., nahaŋhéeke śni.
- n a h b a', v. n. to fall off, as quillwork or the feathers of an arrow. T., naswa; nasba.
- n a h d a', v. n. to uncoil of itself. T., nagla.
- n a h d a' k a. See inahdaka.
- na-hda'-ka-ya, adv. sticking out, as the ribs of an animal: nahdakaya wipi, it is so full that its ribs stick out. T., naglakeya.
- na-hda'-kin-yan, adv. set crosswise or turned out, as the foot: siha nahdakinyan iyeya, to turn the foot out.
- n a h d a' p ś i $\mathfrak y$ y a $\mathfrak y$, v. nahdavol. vII—21

- pśinyan iyeya, to turn bottom up with the foot. See naolidapśinyan.
- na-hda'-ptus, cont. of nahdaptuza: nahdaptus iyaya.
- na-hda'-ptu-za, v.n. to fly back, as a bow that is bent, or as a tree that is pulled and let go.
- n a h d e' h d e z a, v. n. to be checkered or marked.
- na-hdo'-ka, v. a. to knock and injure, as the joint of one's leg—nawahdoka. T, nagloka, to slip out of place, as a joint.
- na-hin', cont. of nahinta; nahin iyeya, to scrape off with the foot.
- na-bin', v. imperat. See na.
- n a h i n' t a, v. a. to wipe off with the foot—nawahinta.
- na-hmi'-hma, v.a. to roll with the foot—nawahniihma. T., nagmigma. See naohiihma.
- n a h m i' y a ŋ y a ŋ , v. a. to make round with the foot—nawahmiyaŋ-yaŋ. T, nagmiyaŋyaŋ. See nahomni.
- n a h m u y', v. n. to curl or crisp, as bark or burnt leather. T., nagmuy.
- n a h m u η h m u η' , v. red. of nahmu η . T., nagmugmu η .
- na-hmuny'-yan, adv. curled: nahmunyan wanka, it lies curled up. T., nagmunyan.
- n a h n a', v. a. to knock off with the foot, as fruit—nawahna. T., nagna.
- na-hna'-yan, v. a. to stumble, miss step; to miss in trying to kick—nawahnayan. T., nagnayan.

- na-hnu'-hnu, v. n. to swell up. | na-hćo'-ka, v. n. to come loose, as $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ nuhnuģe.
- $n h \circ h \circ v$. a. to shake or make $n h \circ o' y \circ dv$. loose with the foot—nawahoho.
- na-ho'-mni, v. a. to turn round with the foot—nawahomni. T., nahmiyanyan.
- na-hu'-hus, cont. of nahuhuza; na-hda'-gan, v.n. to open, spread nahuhus iyeya. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ nahunhuns.
- na-hu'-hu-za, v. a. to shake or rock with the foot—nawahuhuza. T., nahunhunza.
- na-ha', v. n. to become rough, as one's hands when chapped by the wind—namalia; to stand up on end, as grains of corn when boiling.
- na-ham', cont of nahapa; naham iyeya, to scare or drive away by stamping. T., nahab.
- na-ham'-ha-pa, v. red. of na-
- $na ha \eta' hi ya$, adv. slowly: i.q. iwastedan.
- na-ha'-pa, v. a. to scare away by stamping—nawaliapa.
- na-hba', v. a. to put to sleep by rocking with the foot—nawahba. T, nahwa.
- n a li b e', v. See nalima.
- na-hbe'-ya-haŋ, *adv*. secretly. T, nalimalahan.
- na-hći', v. a. to break out a piece with the foot—nawahći.
- na-hćo', v. n. to come loose or untied, as one's moccasins or leggins. T., naska. See inalico, to pull up: onzooge inalićo iyeya wo, pull up your pants.

- one's leggins. See naicoga.
- loose, untied, as the strings that hold up one's leggins.
- na-hda', v. a. to rattle with the foot-nawahda. T., nahla.
- out, be enlarged. T., nahlagan.
- na-hda'-hda, v. red. of nahda.
- na-lidan', v. cont. of nalidata.
- na-hda'-ta, v. a. to scratch with the toes—nawalidata.
- na-hda'-ya, v. n. to peel off, come loose, fall off, as a sticking plaster.
- n a h d e' ć a, v. a. to rend, tear open with the foot-nawahdeća, naunhdećapi. T., nalileća. See onalideća.
- na-hde'-hde-ća, v. red. of nalideća.
- n a h d e n', cont. of nahdeća; na-T., nahlel. hden iyeya.
- na-hdi', v. to trample in.
- na-hdog', cont. of nahdoka; nahdog iyeya.
- na-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of nahdoka.
- na-hdo'-ka, v. a. to make a hole with the foot; to wear a hole in the foot by walking—nawahdoka. nahloka. See onahdoka.
- na-he'-yan, cont. of naheyata; naheyan iyeya.
- na-he'-ya-ta, v.a. to kick off to one side—nawaheyata: nalieyata iyeya.
- na-hi'-ća, v. a. to wake one up with the foot, by touching or by walk*ing*—nawahića.

- n a h i n', cont. of nahića; nahin | n a h p u' h p u, v. red. of nahpu; to iyeya.
- na-hi'-ye-ya, v. nahiyeya iyeya, to kick to pieces, to destroy: nahiyeya iyewaya.
- n a h m a', v. a. i. q. nahbe; to hide, conceal—nawahbe, naunlimanpi. See analima, to hide on, as in speaking; and inalima, to hide in, as one's actions.
- na-.hma'-na, adv. secretly, slyly, covertly. T., nalimalahan.
- na-hmin', v. a. to turn out or make turn out, as one's moccasins—nawalimin. Compare naolimin.
- n a-h o l', cont. of nahota; T., oye nahol iyaya, he makes tracks as he goes.
- na-hon', v.a. to hear anything; to listen to; to attend to, obey—nawalion, nayahon, naunhonpi; namayahon, thou hearest me. See nogoptan.
- na-hon'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to hear, relate, and make hear-nalionwakiya.
- na-hon'-ya, v.a. to cause to hearnalionwaya, nalionmayan.
- na-ho'-ta, v. See nahol.
- na-hpa', v. a. to touch or set off a trap with the foot, throw down with the foot—nawahpa.
- na-hpay'-yan, v. to moisten with the foot—nawalipanyan and nalipan-
- na-hpe'-ya, v.a. to cause to make fall with the foot—nalipewaya.
- na-hpu', v. a. to knock off with the foot anything sticking—nawalipu; to fall off of itself.

- fall off, as anything that has been stuck on.
- na-htag', cont of nahtaka; nahtag iyeya.
- na-htà'-hta-ka, v. red. of nahtaka.
- na-hta'-ka, v. a. to kick anything — nawahtaka, nayahtaka, naunhtakapi, namahtaka.
- $na-i'-\acute{c}o-\dot{g}a$, v.n. to come loose, to slip down, as one's leggins nalićoka.
- n a i' é o h, cont. of naicoga; naicoh iyeya, to cause to come untied and slip down, as one's leggins: opposed to inahćo-naićoh iyewaya.
- na-i'-ći-hbe, v. reflex. See naićilima
- na-i'- ći-hma, v. reflex. of nahma; to hide one's self—namićihbe.
- na-in s', conj. T. or; i. q. ka is.
- na-i'-pa-tku-ga, v. naipatkuh iyeya, to kick into a row or line.
- na-i'-tpi-ska, v. naitpiska ehpeya, to kick over, as a dog, on its back T., naikpiska.
- na-i'-tun-kam, v. naituŋkam elipeya, to kick over backwards.
- n a i' yo w a s, cont. of naiyowaz :; naiyowas iyeya.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. to cau ean echo by stamping—nawaiyowaza.
- n a' k a , adv. now, lately, but a short time ago, to-day: náka ecamon, I did it just now. T., lećala.
- na'-ka, v. n. to twitch, as the eye or flesh sometimes does involun-

- tarily: ista manaka, my eye twitches. See wićanaka.
- na-ka'-aś, adv. indeed, truly.
- $na-ka'-e\acute{s}$, adv. truly, indeed, of course. T., lakaś.
- na-kab', cont. of nakopa; nakab iyeya.
- n a k a' h a , adv. now, lately, today, referring to the past. T., lećala See náka.
- T. na-ka'-ha-hćin, adv. atthis moment.
- na-ka'-haś, adv. at last, after a na-ki'-ći-hu-hu-za, v. of nahulong time.
- na-kah', adv. just now, lately.
- na-ka'-héin, adv. of náka; T. just now.
- na-kan', v. to pound or beat out, thresh.
- na ka' pa, v. to kick, as a ball nawakapa.
- na-ka'-po-ġaŋ, v. n. to rise, swell up, as bread rises.
- na-ka'-po, v. to swell, as the stomach.
- na-kaś, adv. indeed, truly. $T_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$ nakeś See nakaaś.
- na-ka'-ś'in, v. T. to bend backward. See naakaśin.
- na-ka'-tin, v. to straighten with the foot; to straighten the foot-nawakatin; to become straight of itself.
- na-ka'-wa, v. to spring open; to kick open-nawakawa.
- the foot—nawakća; to come loose of itself. T., nakśa. See nahćo.
- na-ke'-nu-na, adv. duringa short

- time, a little while: nakenuna wani, I have lived but a little while.
- na-keś, adv. Ih., at last: T., just now; indeed, truly.
- n a k e' y a, v. n. to slope. See keya.
- na-ke'-ya, adv. sloping, leaning, not level. See kanakeya, etc.
- na-ki'-ći-bu, v. of nabu; to drum with the foot for one—nawecibu.
 - na-ki'-ći-hmun, v. of nahmun: to twist or become twisted for one— T., nakićigmun. namićihmun.
 - huza; to shake for one—nawećihu-T., nakićihunhunza. huza.
- na-ki'-ći-hu-hu-za-pi, n. seesawing.
- na-ki'-ći-hma, v. of nahma; to conceal for one—nawećihbe, naunkićihmanpi.
- na-ki'-ći-hon, v. of nahon; to hear for one—nawećihon; nakicihoppi, they hear each other.
- na-ki'-ći-lita-ka, v. of nahtaka; to kick for one—nawećihtaka; nakićilitakapi, they kick each other.
- na-ki'-ći-ksa, v. of naksa; to break off with the foot for one—nawećiksa.
- na-ki'-ći-ku-ka, v. of nakuka; to wear out with the foot for one nawećikuka.
- na-ki'-ći-kśin, v. of nakikśin; to stand up for one in danger, stand by one—nawećikśin.
- na-kća', v. to untie or loosen with | na-ki'-ći-mda-ya, v. of namdaya; to make level by trampling on for one-nawećimdaya. T., nakićiblaya.

- na-ki'-ći-mde-ća, v. of na-|na-ki'-ći-źin, v. of naźin; to mdeća; to break, as a plate, for one with the foot-nawećimdeća; to break for one by freezing, etc.—namićimdeća. T., nakićibleća.
- na-ki'-ći-pa, v. of napa; to flee from any person or thing—nawećipa, namićipa.
- na-ki'-ći-pan, v. of napan; to trample or tread out, as grain, for one-nawećipan.
- na-ki'-ći-po-ta, v. of napota; to wear out, as moccasins, for one nawećipota.
- na-ki'-ći-psa-ka, v. of napsaka; to break, as a cord, with the foot for one-nawećipsaka.
 - na-ki'-ći-su-ta, v. of nasuta; to tread hard for one-nawećisuta, naunkićisutapi.
 - na-ki'-ći-śpa, v. of naśpa; to kick off for one anything sticking—nawećiśpa.
 - na-ki'-ći-ta-ka, v. of nataka; to fasten or lock for one-nawećitaka.
 - na-ki'-ći-tan-pi, v. recip. of natan; to kick each other, as boys in play—naunkićitanpi.
 - $na-ki'-ći-we-\dot{g}a$, v. of nawe $\dot{g}a$; to break, as an ax-handle, for one, by treading on it—nawećiwega.
 - na-ki'-ći-wi-zi-pi, v. recip. of nawizi; they are jealous of each other—naunkićiwizipi.
 - na-ki'-ći-źa, v. of naźa or nakiźa; to tread out for one; to hull for one, as rice, by treading—nawećiźa.

- stand for one, stand in one's place na wećiźin.
- na-ki'-ći-źin-ka, v. to stand up for one, stand by one—nawećiźinka.
- na-ki'-hmun, v. of nahmun; to become twisted of itself for one-namakihmun. T., nakićigmun.
- na-ki'-hbe, v. See nakihma.
- na-ki'-hma, va. pos. of nahma; to hide or conceal one's own-nawakilibe, naunkilimanni.
- na-ki'-hon, v. pos. of nahon; to hear one's own, as what one has said or is reputed to have said—nawakihon and nawehon.
- na-ki'-kin-ya, adv. tenderly, soft: nakikinya span, it is well cooked. T., nakintkilya.
- na-ki'-ki-ta, v. n. to be made limber or tender by boiling; to trample and make limber—nawakikita. T., nakintkinta.
- na-ki'-ksa, v. pos. of naksa; to break one's own with the foot-naweksa and nawakiksa.
- na-ki'-kśin, v. a. to defend one's self-nawekśin. See anakikśin.
- na-ki'-mda-ya, v. pos. of namdaya; to trample one's own level nawakimdaya. T., nakiblaya.
- na-ki'-mde-ća, v. pos. of namdeća; to break one's own by treading on it—nawakimdeća. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ nakibleća.
- na-ki'-mni, v. pos. of namni; to turn back to one's home—nawakimni.

- na-kin', cont. of nakinca and na- na-ki'-ta-ka, v. pos. of nataka; kinta; nakin iyeya, to scrape off with the foot.
- na-kin'-ća, v. a. to scrape off, as na-ki'-we-ga, v. pos of nawega; hair, with the foot—nawakinća, naunkinćapi.
- the foot-nawakinta.
- na-kint'-kil-ya, adv. T. tenderly.
- T. na-kint'-kin-ta, v. n. come limber: i. q. nakikita.
- na-ki'-pa, v. pos. of napa; to flee na-ko'-ka, v. a. or retreat towards home, turn back for fear—nawakipa.
- na-ki'-pa-ya, v. n. to straighten up of itself, as grass that has been trampled down.
- na-ki'-pća, v. pos. of napća; to swallow down one's own, as one's spittle—nawakipća.
- na-ki'-psa-ka, v. pos. of napsaka; to break with the foot one's own string—nawakipsaka.
- na ki' pson, v. pos. of napson; to spill over one's own with the foot nawakipson.
- na-ki'-pu-ski-ća, v.a. to press close together with the feet—nawakipuskića. See kipuskića.
- na-ki'-śdo-ka, v. pos. of naśdoka; to extricate one's self from, kick off one's own moccasins. T., nakiśloka.
- na-ki'-śna, v. pos. of naśna; to miss one's footing, to slip—nawakiśna.

- to fence, fasten, bolt or bar one's ownnawakitaka.
- to break or splinter one's own with the feet-nawakiwega.
- na-kin'-ta, v. a. to brush off with na-ki'-wi-zi, v. a. of nawizi; to be envious of, jealoas of-nawakiwizi, namakiwizi.
 - na-ki'-źa, v. pos. of naźa; to tread out one's own rice.
 - be made tender by boiling; to be-'n a k o g', cont. of nakoka; nakog iyeya.
 - to rattle, as a bell, with the foot—nawakoka.
 - na-ko'-ko-ka, adj. rough, as a country: he nakokoka, a rough hill. T., hośkiśki.
 - na-kpa', n. the external ear, auricle; the ears of animals: i. q. natpa.
 - n a k p a', v. n. ista nakpa, to become blind. T., istagonga.
 - na-kpa', v. to crackle, as fire. See nakpakpa.
 - na-kpa'-a-źog-ki-ya, v. n. to prick up the cars, as a horse, at anything. $T_{\cdot,i}$ nakpa yuwankan ikikću.
 - $na-kpa'-a-\acute{z}o-ki-ya$, v. nakpaaźogkiya.
 - na-kpa'-ġi-ća, n. the marten: i. q. natpaģića.
 - 'n a k p a' ġ i ć a d a ŋ, n. a small marten: i. q. natpagićadan.
 - na-kpa'-i-yo-ta-he-la, T. between the ears.
 - na-kpa'-kpa, v. n. to crackle, as wood burning.

- na-kpan', n. the sinews of the wrist. | na-kti'-he-ya, adv. See napkan.
- na-kpi', v. a. to crack, as a nut, with the foot—nawakpi: i. q. natpi.
- na-kpi'-i-yu-ta-ke, n. T. anear wrapper, scarf, tippet.
- na-kpi'-kpi, v red. of nakpi; to make successive sounds, as a gun sometimes does in hanging fire.
- n a k s a', v. a. to break off, as a stick, with the foot—nawaksa, naunksapi.
- na-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of naksa.
- na-ksa'-ya, v to cause to break with the foot—paksawaya.
- of itself; i. q. napsiza.
- na-k śa', v. n.to coil, roll up, as anything burnt.
- n a k ś a' d a n, v. n. See nakśa.
- na-kśan, v.a. to crook or bend with the foot—nawaksan.
- $n \cdot a k \cdot s \cdot a \cdot \eta' k \cdot s \cdot a \cdot \eta$, v. red. of naksan. na-kśi-kśi-źa, v. red. of nakśiźa.
- na-kśiś, cont. of nakśiźa; nakśiś iyeya, to bend up, as one's legs.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{s} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, v. to double up anything with the foot, bend up the leg; to double up itself—nawakśiźa:
- na-ktan', v. a. to bend with the foot—nawaktan. See naoktan.
- na-ktan'-ktan, v. red. of naktan.
- na-ktan'-yan, v.a. to cause to bend with the foot—naktanwaya.
- na-kti'-he-ća, v. n. to stumble, trip, miss step, knock the feet together in walking—nawaktiheća. T, hićahan; siićiyapapa.

- tripping, stumbling; naktiheya mani, to walk stumblingly. T., hićahanyan.
- na-ku'-ka, v. a. to wear out with the feet-1 awakuka.
- na-kun', conj. and, also.
- $na-le'-\dot{g}a$, v. T. to make shine by kicking: i. q. navega.
- na-leh, cont. of nalega.
- na-leh'-ya, v. T. to make shine or sparkle with the foot.
- n a m d a', v. n. to split off straight. na-mda'-ga, v. n. to swell out, burst open, as corn boiling. T., nablaga.
- na-ksi'-za, v. n. to split or crack | na-mdah', cont. of namdaga; namdah iyaya.
 - na-mdas', cont. of namdaza; namdas iyeya.
 - na-mda'-ska, v.a. to flatten with the foot—nawamdaska. T., nabla-
 - na mda' ya, v.to make level or smooth with the foot; to become level, spread out—nawamdaya. blaya.
 - na-mda'-za, v. to kick open, make burst by kicking-nawamdaza; to burst, as a kettle, by freezing, to burst open, as hominy, by boiling, or as one's entrails, etc. T., nablaza.
 - n a m d e' é a, v. to break, as glass, etc., with the foot—nawamdeca; to break, as earthenware or glass, by freezing. T., nableća, to open out, as flowers, blossom; to crack open, as seed.
 - na-mde'-mde-ća, v. red. of namdeća.

- n a m d e n', cont. of namdeća; na- n a m n i', v. n. mden iyeya: going on a journe
- na-mden'-ya, v. a. to cause to break with the foot—namdenwaya.
- n a m d e' z a; v. n. to hull, as corn does, by being boiled in ashes. T, naślaya.
- n a m du', v. a. to pulverize, tread up fine—nawamdu
- n a m d u', v. n. to become dry and fine, as sugar stirred up; to wear off, as a gun-lock, so that it will not stand cocked.
- na-mdu'-mdu, v. red. of namdu.
- na-mdu'-ya, v. n. to break or wear off, as a gun-lock, so that it will not stand; to be plain or manifest, as tracks not long since made; to blossom.
- na-mdu'-ya, v.a. to cause to wear off, as a gun-lock, so that it will not stand cocked—namduwaya. T., natepa.
- n a m k a' w i n, v. (nape and kawin)
 to beckon with the hand, wave the
 hand—namwakawin. T., nape
 koza. See napkawin.
- n am k i' é a w i n, v. a. to beckon to with the hand—namweéawin, nammiéawin. T., nape kiéoza.
- n a m n a', v. to rip, as the sewing of one's moccasins—nawamna; to rip of itself.
- na-mna'-mna, v. red. of namna. na-mna'-yan, v. a. to cause to rip, as one's moccasins—namnawaya.

- n a m n i', v. n. to turn back when going on a journey, to give out going—nawamni.
- n a m n i' \dot{g} a, v. n. to shrink, draw up, full up, as cloth
- na-mnih', cont. of namniga; namnih iyaya.
- na-mnih'-ki-ya, v. to make shrink, to full up.
- to become dry and na-mnih'-ya, v. a. to cause to rred up; to wear shrink, to full up, as cloth—namnihwaya.
 - na-mni'-mni, v. red. of namni; to swing, as one's blanket. T, kamnimni.
 - n a'-n a, intj. This is said to be used by the women when running after a boy they are unable to catch, meaning, well, well! I will do it some time! used by women also in handing anything: red. of na, take it; here it is.
 - n a'- n a, adv. alone, only; used with the pronouns miś, niś, iś, uŋkiś. T., nala.
 - n a n a' k e y a, v. a. to push and make slope or lean with the foot—nawanakeya. See nakeya, etc.
 - na-ni', v. a. to touch or jog with the foot, rouse up—nawani.
 - na-ni'-ni, v. red. of nani; to jogwith the foot, wake up—nawanini.
 - n a ŋ k a', v. 2d pers. sing. of yaŋká, to be.
 - n a ŋ'-k a, v. 2d pers. sing. of yáŋ-ka, to weave.
 - naŋ-kpa', n. See nakpa.
 - na-o'-hda-pśin, v. naohdapśin

- elipeya, to kick anything over bottom up.
- na-o'-hda-pśin-yan, adv. kicking over: naohdapsinyan iyeya, to kick over. See nahdapsinyan.
- na-o'-hdu-ta, v. naohduta iyeya, to close up or cover with the foot.
- na-o'-hmi-hma, v. to roll anything with the foot—naohmihma iyeya. T., naogmigma. See naonminma.
 - na-o'-hmus, cont. of naohmuza; naohmus iyaya. T., naogmus.
 - $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . to close up of itself; to close or shut up, as a flower does; to close up or cover with the foot—naowahmuza, naounhmuzapi. T., naogmuza.
 - na-o'-han-ko, v. a. to quicken one's movements by kicking himnaowalianko. See olianko.
 - na-o'-hmin, v. n. to glance off sideways, as a hutinacute: naolimin iyaya.
 - na-o'-hpa, v:n. to press or $sink \mid na-o'-pi-\acute{z}e-la$, adv. down into, as into mud or water; to break through, as into a corn-hole.
 - na-o'-hpe-ya, v. a. to cause to sink down into, to make break through—naolipewaya.
 - na-o'-ki-yu-te, v. up or heal, as a wound.
 - when walking on ice or crusted snow-naowaksa, naounksapi. See naksa.
 - na-o'-kśin, v. n. to turn in the tocs, as in walking—naowaksin:

- naoksin mani, to walk with the toes turned in. T., naowinh mani.
- na-o'-ktan, v. a. to bend into with the foot—naowaktan. See naktan.
- na-o'-ktan-yan, adv. bent in: naoktanyan wanka, it lies bent in.
- na-o'-mnu-mnu-za, v. red. of naomnuza.
- na-o'-mnus, cont. of naomnuza: naomnus iyaya
- na-o'-mnu-za, v. a. to make creak or sound, as when one walks on newly formed ice-naowamnuza.
- na-o'-nmi-nma, v. a. to roll, as a ball, etc., with the foot-nawaonminma and naowanminma. naohmihma.
- na-on'-ze-bo-sdan, v. naonzebosdan iyeya, to kick bottom upwards; naonzebosdan iyeićiya, to turn a somersault. See onze and bosdan.
- fitting.
- na-o'-po, v.n. to warp; to draw together, as a flower, to shut up.
- na-o'-śdi, v.n. to press up around, as when one sits down in soft mud.
- T. to close na-o'-śdi-ya, adv. puffed up around: naośdiya po, swelled up full.
- na-o'-ksa, v. to break through, as | na-o'-śin, v. a. to make into a hard knot by kicking, as a horse his traces—naowaśin.
 - $na-o'-\sin y$ and adv. in the manner of a hard knot: naosinyan iyaya, to become a hard knot.

- na-o'-tins, cont. of naotinza; na- | na-pa'-pa-śde-ća-pi, otins iyeya.
- na-o'-tins-ya, v. a. to cause to press down tight in, as a horse's foot—naotinswaya.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}, \quad v. \quad a.$ to press in tight with the foot-naowatinza, naountinzapi.
- na-o'-win-ga, v. to turn in the toes: naowinh mani, to walk with toes turned in. See naokšin and našada.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}', v. n.$ to run away, flee nawapa, nayapa.
- n a p a' h d e, v. a. (nape and ahde) to place the hand on, bear down on with the hand—napawahde.
- n·a pa' hun ka and na pa' hun-ke, n. (nape and hunka) the thumb.
- hand.
- na-pa'-ko, v.n. to bend up of itself. na-pa'-ko-ya, adv. rounded up: napakoya po, swelled up.
- na-pa'-nun-kin, adv. with both hands: napanunkin yuza, to take hold of with both hands. T, nape nupin.
- na-pan', v. a. to trample fine; to tread out, as grain—nawapan.
- na-pan'-pan, v. red. of napan.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$, v. n. to snap or crackle, as corn parching, or as sinews thrown into the fire.
- na-pa'-pah, cont. of napapaga; napapah iyeya.
- na-pa'-pah-ya, v. a. to parch, as corn—napapaliwaya.

- nape; the distance from the end of the thumb to the end of the middle finger when stretched out, a span.
- na-pa'-ta, adv. by the hand: napata yuza, to hold by the hand.
- na-pa'-tu-źa, v. a. of patuźa; to kick and make bend: napatuś iyeya.
- n a p é a', v. a. to swallow, as food nawapća, nauppćapi.
- na-péa'-péa, v. red. of napéa; napćapća iyeya.
- na-péa'-ya, v. a. to cause to swallow-napćawaya.
- na-péin'-wang-wan-ka, adj. red. of napćinwanka; nine and nine, by nines. T., napćinyungyunka.
- na-pćiy'-way-ka, num. nine. T., napćinyunka.
- na-pa'-ka-ha, n. the back of the | na-péo', n. the lean meat near the back bone, the longissimus dorsi. See tanapćo.
 - na-pćo'-ka, n. (nape and ćokaya) the palm of the hand.
 - na-pćo'-ka-ya,'n. T. the middle finger.
 - na--péu'-pe, n. a finger, fingers: maza napćupe, finger-rings. napsu and napsuhu.
 - na-pću'-pe-o-lida, n. Si. finger-rings.
 - na-pe', v. See napa.
 - na-pe', n. the hand; the fingers; the fore-foot of animals.
 - na-pe'-a-pa-ha, v. to raise the hand to strike anything: napeapaha makuwa, he follows me with his hand raised.

- na-pe'-hdu-źa-źa, v. to wash | na-pe'-ye-ya, v. to stretch out the one's own hands.
- na-pe'-he-ya-ta-he-dan, n. (little-far-back-hands) the mole. There are no moles in the Dakota country.
- na-pe'-i-pa-hin, v. of nape and ipahin; to lie with the head on the hand
- na-pe'-ki-ćo-za, v. of napekoza; to wave the hand to-napewećoza.
- na-pe'-ko-za, v. to wave the See namkahand—napewakoza. win and napkoza.
- na-pe'-kśi-kśa, v. to have the hands numb or stiff with cold-napemaksiksa.
- na-pe'-mni, v. n. of pemni; totwist of itself.
- $na-pe'-o-\acute{c}o-ka-ya$, n. middle finger. T., napečokaya.
- na-pe'-o-hna-ka, n. a handful.
- na pe' o sta y na, n. (nape and ostan) a thimble. T., napostan. See napostanna.
- na-pe'-o-stan-pi-dan, n. thimble, thimbles.
- $na pe' \sin i ka ga pi$, n. (makeno-flight) the name of a dance and feasts connected with it, in which they covenant not to flee in battle.
- na-pe'-to-ka-he-ya, n. fore-finger. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ was pazo.
- na-pe'-ya, v. a. to cause to flee, to drive off or away-napewaya, napeunyanpi.
- na-pe'-ye-ki-ya, v. to stretch out the hand to.

- hand—napevewaya.
- na-pi'-ća-śka, v. (nape and kaśka) to tie to the hands of one. T., napiićaska.
- na-pi'-ća-śke-ya, adv. tied to the hand, i. e., always with one, following one about: napićaskeva un, to accompany constantly.
- na-pi'-éo-za, v. See napekoza. na-pin', adv. they two, both. nupin.
- na-pin'-tu, adv. *alike, equal, as* two things. T., nupintu
- na-pin', adj. satisfying, strong, rich, oily; as some kinds of food. This word expresses that property in food which makes one soon satisfied.
- the | na pip' kpa, n. (nape and inkpa) mittens; gloves.
 - na-pin'-kpa-yu-ga-ga, gloves.
 - na-pin'-pin, adj. red. of napin. na-pin'-tpa, n. mittens. as napinkpa.
 - na-pin'-yun, adv. with the hands or arms alone, without weapons: napinyun codan, without anything in the hand.
 - na-pin'-za, v. n. to creak, make a creaking noise.
 - na-pi'-śkan, v. n. to put the hand to for evil, lay hands on; to move the hand about on; to touch with evil design.
 - na-pi'-śkan-ki-ya, v. a. cause to move the hands on-napiśkanwakiya.

- na-pi'-śkan-yan, v.a. to hurt or destroy anything, to kill, especially what is not one's own—napiśkanwaya. See napiśtanyan.
- na-pi'-śtan, v. n. Same as napiśkan.
- n a p i' s t a n k a, n. T. one who accomplishes much.
- na-pi'-śtan-yan, v. a. to lay violent hands on, to hurt, injure, or destroy anything—napiśtanwaya, napiśtanunyanpi.
- na-pi'-wi-ćos, cont. of napiwicoza.
- n a p i' w i ć o z a, v. to beckon to with the hand, to make gestures. T., napekićoza.
- na-pi'-yun, adv. See napinyun. na-pi'-yu-ze-ća, v. to take a thing into one's own hands, to do it one's self—napimduzeća.
- n a p k a n', n. (nape and kan) the sinews of the wrist: i. q. nakpan.
- n a p k a' w i n, v. n. (nape and kawin) to beckon with the hand—napwakawin. T., napkoza.
- nap-ki'-ća-win, v. a. of napkawin; to beckon to one—napwećawin.
- n a p k i' é o z a, v. a. of napkoza; to wave the hand to—napweéoza.
- n a p k o' z a, v. to wave the hand—napwakoza.
- na-po', v. n. to swell, as corn soaked.
- na-pob'-ya-pi, n. T. firecrackers. See napopa.
- $n p o' \dot{g} + \eta$, v. n. to ferment, as yeast.

- na-po'-hna, n. what is in the hand, i. e., a handful.
- n a p o' h n a k a, v. a. to put into the hand—napowahnaka.
- n a p o' h n a k a, n. a handful. See napeohnaka.
- na-poh', cont. of napogan; napoh iyeya.
- na-poh'-ya, v.a. to cause to ferment, to leaven, make light—napohwaya. Hence, on napohyapi, leaven.
- $n \cdot a p \cdot o' k \cdot a s \cdot k \cdot e$, n. the wrist.
- na-po'-ka-śke-en-i-yo-ya-pi, n. wristlets.
- na-po'-ktan, n. T. a bracelet.
- n a p o m', cont. of napopa; napom hiphda, to burst with a noise; napom iyeya, to cause to burst and make a noise. T., napol.
- na-pon', cont. of napota; napon iyeya. T, napol.
- na-pon'-po-ta, v. red. of napota.
- n a p o n', v. n. to become fine, crumble up of itself.
- na-po'-pa, v. n. to burst, as a boiler, or as a gun.
- n a p o' p a b a ġ a, v. a. to rub in the hands—napowapabaġa.
- na-po'-śtan, n. T. a thimble, thimbles.
- n a p o' ś t a ŋ n a, n. (nape and ośtaŋ) a thimble. T., napośtaŋ. See napeośtaŋna.
- na-po'-śtan-pi-dan, n. a thimble, thimbles.
- na-po'-ta, v. a. to wear out with

- the feet, as shoes, etc.—nawapota, nauppotapi.
- na-pot'-po-ta, v. red of napota. T., napolpota.
- na-po'-wa-ya, v.n. to spread or open out, as a flower.
- n a p s a g', cont. of napsaka; napsag iyeya.
- na-psa'-ka, v. a. to break, as a na-psun', v. a. to put out of joint, cord, with the foot—nawapsaka, nauppsakapi.
- nap-san'-ni, n. (nape and sanni) the hand on one side, one hand of a person.
- na-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of napsaka.
- na-psi'-ća, v. n. to skip or jump about—nawapsića.
- na-psin', cont. of napsića; napsin iyaya T., napsil.
- na psin' ya, v. a. to make jump napsinwaya. $T_{\cdot,}$ napsilya.
- na-psi'-psi-ća, v. red. of napsića; to dance about—nawapsipsića: to spatter out, as hot grease when water is dropped into it.
- na-psi'-psin, cont. of napsipsića; napsipsin iyaya
- na-psi'-psin-ya, v. a. to make skip or dance about—napsipsinwaya.
- na-psi'-yo-hli, and na-psi'-ohle, n. T. a finger-ring, a ring.
- na-psi'-za, v. n. to split or crack of itself.
- nap-ska'-śni, adj. of unclean hands; a sinner.
- na-pson', or na-psun', v.a. to kick

- canoe; to make a canoe dip water nawapson; naićipson, to throw one's self out.
- na-psu', and na-psu'-hu, n. the fingers.
- na-psu'-ka-za, n. (nape and sukaza) the fingers.
- na-psun', v. a. See napson.
- as a foot or leg-nawapsun.
- na-pta', v. a to sprain, as one's .leg; to wear off—nawapta. hunapta.
- na-pta'-hpa-ya, adv. lipaya wanka, to lie on the belly resting on the arms. $T_{,,}$ nape ipahin,
- na-ptan'-yan, v. to kick over nawaptanyan; to turn over of itself.
- na-ptan'-yan-ken, adv. in the manner of turning over.
- na-pte'-ća, adv. less. T., aopteća. na-pten', cont. of napteća. aoptel.
- na-pten'-ya, adv. less. T, apptelya.
- na-pten'-ye-dan, adv. less, diminished. T., aoptelyela.
- nap-to'-ka-he-ya, n. the fore-T., waepazo: i. q. napetofinger. kaheya.
- na-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of naptuźa.
- na-ptuś', cont. of naptuźa; naptuś iyaya.
- na-ptu'-źa, v. n. to crack, split of itself or by the action of heat or cold. over and spill; to throw out of a na-pin', v. a. to wear around the

- ment, beads, etc.—nawapin.
- na-pin'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to wear on the neck—napinwakiya. See wanapin.
- na-pin'-pi, n. ćan napinpi, an ox-yoke. See ptetawanapin.
- na-sa' and na-se', va. to hunt do in a buffalo hunt—nawasa. See wanase.
- n a s a', v. n. to stand erect, as hogs' bristles.
- na-sa', adj. sharp, prickly.
- slight noise, as water before boiling.
- na-sa'-ki-ya, v. to make stand na-se'-pa, v. n. to leak out, escape erect; to bristle up.
- na-sa'-tin, v. nasatin iyeya, to stretch out, as an animal when dying; to become straight.
- $\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{t} \cdot \mathbf{i} \cdot \mathbf{n} \mathbf{t} \cdot \mathbf{i} \cdot \mathbf{n}$, v. red. of nasatin;nasatintin iyaya, to go straight, as a hutinaćute.
- na sba', v. n. to fall off, as quill work: i. q. nahba.
- nas-ćan'-wa-pa, n. T. a bridle: i. q. masćanyapa.
- na-sda', v. a. to grease with the foot-nawasda.
- n a s d a n', cont. of nasdata; without noise, stilly. T., naslal.
- n a s d a' s d a n, cont. of nasdasdata. na-sda'-sda-ta, v. red. of na-
- na-sda'-ta, v. a. to go softly up to anything, to crawl up to-nawasdata.

- neck, as a kerchief or neck orna- n.a s de' 6a, v. n. to crack or split of itself, as wood. T., nasleća.
 - n a s d e n', cont. of nasdeća; nasden iyaya. T., naslel.
 - na-sden'-ya, v. a. to cause to split or crack—nasdenwaya.
 - na-sde'-sde-ća, v. red. of nasdeća.
- buffalo, to surround and kill, as they in a s d i', v. n. to hiss, as wet wood burning.
 - na-sdi'-sdi, v. red. of nasdi.
 - na-sem', cont. of nasepa; nasem ivava, to go scraping along, cleaning off, brushing off. T., naskeb.
- na-s'a', v. n. to simmer, make a | na-sem'-se-pa, v. red. of nasepa.
 - of itself.
 - $na \cdot ska', v. n.$ to bleach, become white.
 - na-skem', cont. of naskepa. T., naskeb.
 - na-ske'-pa, v. of skepa; to leak out.
 - na-ski'-ća, v. to press down with the foot—nawaskića; to go down or become less of itself.
 - na-skin', cont. of naskića; naskin iyaya, to abate or go down, as a swelling. T., naskil.
 - na-ski'-ta, v.a. to tread on and press down—nawaskita.
 - na-sli'-ya, adv. T. oozing out, as sap from a tree.
 - na-smin'-yan, v.a. to scrape off with the foot—nawasminyan.
 - na-smin'-yan-yan, v. red. of nasminyan; to scrape or wear off

- sminyanyan.
- na sna', v.with the foot—nawasna: to fall off of itself, as rice when the tying breaks.
- na-sna'-sna, v. red. of nasna; nasnasna mani, to make a tinkling as one walks.
- na-son', cont. of nasota; nason iyeya. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ nasol.
- na-son' or na-sun', v.n. to stretch out the feet and legs—nawason, naunsonpi.
- na son' son, v. red. of nason; to struggle-nawasonson.
- na-son'-yan, adv. in a struggling manner.
- na-so'-ta, v. a. to use up; to destroy with the feet-nawasota, naunsotapi.
- na-spa'-ya, v.a. to wet with the feet; to wet the feet—nawaspaya.
- na-stan'-ka, v.a. to moisten with the feet—nawastanka.
- na-su', n. the upper part of the head; the brain.
- $na-su'-\acute{c}in-\acute{c}a$, n. the brain, or that part of it which communicates with the spinal marrow.
- na-su'-dan, n. dim. of nasu; the cerebrum; the cerebellum. T., nasula. See nazute.
- na-su'-hu, n. the skull, cranium. T., natahu.
- na-sul'-pa-kća, n. T. a comb: i. q. ipakća.

- with the feet and leave bare—nawa- | na-sul'-pa-kéa-swu-la, n. T. a fine comb.
 - to make a rattling na-sun', v. See nason.
- noise with the feet; to shake off na-su'-su-za, v. red. of nasuza; to snap, as ice forming.
 - na-su'-śda, adj. bald-headed.
 - na-su'-ta, v.a. to trample hardnawasuta.
 - na-su'-za, v. n. to splinter or fly off, as a piece of a bone; to snap, as water freezing.
 - na-swa', v. T. to fall off, as feathers.
 - na-śa', v. n. (na and śa) to become red, to blush: ite nasa hinhda, his face colored up.
 - na-śa'-da, v. to turn out the toes, as in walking; nasada mani, to walk turning out the feet—nawaśada.
 - na-śam', cont. of naśapa; naśam iyeya. T., naśab.
 - na-śam'-ya, v.a. to cause to soil with the feet—naśamwaya. T., naśabya.
 - na-śa'-pa, v. a. to soil, blacken, defile with the feet—nawasapa.
 - na-śbe', v. See naśma.
 - n a ś d a', v. a to make bare with the feet—nawaśda.
 - na śda' ya, v. n. to come off, as the hull from corn when boiled.
 - na-śdi, v. n. to ooze out, as sap from trees, or juice from meat roasting. See nasliya.
 - n a ś d o g', cont of naśdoka; naśdog iyaya, to run or flee away; nasdog hdiću, he starts off home in haste.
 - na-śdo'-ka, r. a. to pull off, as one's pantaloons; to escape, fly out, as the cork of a bottle—nawaśdoka.

- na-śdun', cont. of naśduta; naśdun na-śka'-han and na-śka'-waiveva. T., naślul
- na-śdu'-śdun, cont. of naśduśduta. T., naśluślul.
- na-śdu'-śdu-ta, v. to slip often; to make smooth with the foot-nawaśduśduta.
- na-śdu'-ta, v. n. to slip, slide, slip down—nawaśduta. T., naśluta.
- na śe' ća, v. a. to make wither by trampling on, as grass—nawaśeća.
- na-śen'-ya, v.a. to cause to trample on and make wither—nasenwaya.
- na-śi'-ća, v.a. to defile, spoil with the feet—nawasića, naunsićapi.
- na-śi'-ća-ho-wa-ya, v. a. make cry out by kicking-nawasićahowaya.
- na-śim', cont. of naśipa; naśim iyaya. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, nasib.
- na-śim'-śim, red. of naśim; naśimśim iyeya. T., naśibśib.
- $na \sin \gamma \sin \gamma$, v. n. to pace, as a horse.
- $na \sin \gamma \sin \gamma$, na a scar, a burn.
- $na \sin \gamma \sin \gamma ya$, adv. nasinsinya span, cooked to a crisp.
- na-śi'-pa, *v. a.* to break off, as branches of a tree, by stepping on them; to put out of joint, as one's knee—nawasipa.
- $na \pm ka'$, v. a. to untie with the foot—nawaśka.
- na-śka', v. n. to come untied of it-
- n a ś k a', n. a frog. See also hnaśka.
- na-śka'-ćan-di'-dan, n. tree-frog.

- han, part. untied, loose.
- $na \pm ka\eta' \pm ka\eta$, v. a. to shake or move about with the foot-nawaskanśkan.
- na-śka'-ton-ton-tan-ka, n the bull-frog. T., gnaskatanka. See tontontanka.
- na-śki'-ća, v.a. to press with the foot, press out by trampling on-nawaśkića. See naskića.
- na-śki-ću-te, n. (naśka and icute) little arrows, used in shooting frogs. T., gnaśkaićute.
- n a ś k i n', cont. of naśkića; naśkin iyeya. T., naśkil.
- na- $\pm ki'$ - $\pm ka$, v. a. to make rough, as ground, by trampling on it—nawaśkiśka.
- na-śko'-kpa, v. a.to indent, make a hollow place with the foot nawaskokpa.
- na-śko'-pa, v. to twist with the foot—nawaśkopa; to twist or become crooked of itself.
- na-śko'-śko-pa, v. red. of naśkopa.
- na-śko'-tpa, v. a. Same as naškokpa.
- n a-ś m a', v.a. to hollow out or deepen with the feet—nawasbe. See nasbe.
- na-śna', v. n. to slip, miss one's footing—nawaśna.
- na-śna'-śna, v. red. of naśna.
- na-śni-źa, v.a. to trample on and kill. as grass—nawaśniża.
- $na \sin u \eta' 2a$, v. n. to become in jured of itself; to become withered.

- na-śo'-śa, v. a. to foul or make |na-ta'-ha-la|, n. turbid, as water, with the feet—nawaśośa.
- n a \(\forall \) p a', v. a. to break off anything with the foot; to take anything from a trap—nawaśpa.
- na-śpa'-śpa, v. red. of naśpa.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \hat{\mathbf{s}} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{e}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. to cause to break off with the foot; to break off a piece by shooting, as from a gun—naspewaya
- na-śpi', v. a. to break off, as fruit, with the foot—nawaśpi.
- na-śpu', v. a. to break off with the foot, as pumpkins—nawaśpu.
- $\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{u}$, v. red. of $\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{u}$; to break off pieces, break in pieces with the foot, as tallow—nawaśpuśpu; to come to pieces, as in boiling.
- na-śuś, cont. of naśuża; naśuś iyeya.
- na-śu'-śu ś, cont. of naśuśuża.
- $na \pm u' \pm u \pm a$, v. red. of nasuža; to bruise or mash by trampling on nawaśuśuźa.
- $n \cdot a \dot{s} \cdot u' \dot{z} \cdot a$, v. a. to bruise or crush with the foot; to crack off a piece, as from a leg-bone—nawaśuźa.
- na-ta', n. T. the head. See pa. na-ta', v. nata iyeya, to kick out of the way; to kick up.
- na-ta'-ćo-ku-hpu-hpu, n.. T. dandruff: i. q. natakpuhpu.
- na-tag', cont. of nataka; natag | na-tem', cont. of natepa; natem iyeya, to fasten; natag han, to stand fastened.
- na-ta'-ġu, v. n. to be baldheaded.

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- T. the scalp. na-ta'-hu, n. T. the skull, cranium: i. q. nasuhu.
- na-ta'-ka, v. a. to fasten, as a house, to bolt, bar or barricade; to fence, as a field—nawataka.
- na-ta'-kpu-hpu, n. T. dandruff.
- $Na-ta'-mde-\epsilon a$, n. p. The Flatheads. The Bannocks.
- na-t'an', v. a. to touch with the foot—nawat'an; to make an attack. go after and rush upon, as on enemies. See anatan.
- $na ta \eta' i \eta \sin i$, v. a. to walk or run off, to go off, as fatigue or partial sickness: nataninśni iyeyanawataninśni.
- na-tay'-ka, v. n. to enlarge, become larger.
- $na-t'a\eta'-t'a\eta$, v. a. red. of nat'an; to feel after with the feet-nawat'ant'an: also, to rush upon.
- na-ta'-om, adv. leaning, inclined. T., nataob.
- na-ta'-om-ya, adv. leaning: nataomya han, it stands leaning.
- na-ta'-pe-ha, n. a toad. T., natapiha and matapiha. See naska.
- na-ta'-śla, adj. T. bald-headed.
- na-ta'-ta, v. a. to shake off, as dust from one's feet or blanket nawatata.
- iyeya. T, nateb.
- na-tem'-ya, v.a. to cause to wear off, as one's horse's hoof-natemwaya. T., natebya.

- na-te'-pa, v. a. the foot, wear short, as a hoof or shoe; to wear out—nawatepa.
- na-te'-pa, adj. worn off; worn out.
- foot; to paw, as a horse—nawatića.
- na-ti'-kti-éa, v.n. to thicken by boiling; to trample, make thick by tramping.
- na-tim', cont. of natipa; natim iyaya. T., natib; natib aya, to draw up, as a hide in drying.
- na-tim'-ti-pa, v. red. of natipa. na-tim'-ya, v.a. to cause to draw up—natimwaya. T, natibya.
- n a t i n', cont. of natica; natin iyeya. T., natil.
- to become stiff, as a na-tin', v.n.dead person. T., wotin.
- na-ti'-pa, v. n. to draw up, as leather, meat, etc., when put on the fire, to crisp; to cramp, contract, as muscles.
- na-ti'-tan, v. a. to pull, pull backwards or forwards by bracing the feet, as a horse in pulling—nawatitan, nauntitanpi.
- na-tku', v. a. to break square off with the foot-nawatku: hu nawatku seća, it seems as if I had broken my leg.
- na-to'-to, v.a. to make a noise by knocking with the foot; to clear off, as brush, etc.—nawatoto.
- na-tpa', n. the external ear, the ear of animals. Same as nakpa.
- na-tpa', v. noge natpa, to become | na-tins', cont. of natinga; natins deaf by sickness.

- to wear off with na-tpa'-gi-ća, n. the marten, Mustela martes. Same as nakpaģića. na-tpa'-gi-ća-dan, n. the mar-
- na-ti'-éa, v. a. to scrape with the na-tpan', v. a. to bruise or mash up fine with the feet—nawatpan.
 - na-tpan'-tpan, v. red. of natpan. na-tpi', v. to crack by treading on nawatpi; to crack of itself, as fire snapping: i. q. nakpi.
 - na-tpi'-tpi, v. red. of natpi; to crack or snap, as fire burning. Said also of many guns fired off about the same time.
 - $na-tpi'-yo-ta-he-da\eta$, adv. of natpa; between the ears. See iyotahedan.
 - na-tpo'-ta, v. pos. of napota; to wear out one's own moccasins, etc. nawatpota.
 - na tpu' tpa, v. n. to mix together, as in boiling.
 - n a t u', n. corn-silk; the hair on the side of the head.
 - \cdot na-tu'-ka, v.a. to stamp off and destroy, as fur—nawatuka.
 - na tu' ta, v. n. to smart, as one's feet by traveling: siha namatuta, my feet smart.
 - na-tu'-tka, v. a. to knock pieces off with the foot—nawatutka.
 - na-ţa', v. a. to kill by kicking—nawaţa
 - na-ţe'-ki-ni-ća, v. of naţa and kinića; to annoy, to vex, to worry; to beg to death.
 - iyeya.

- na-țin'-za, v. a. with the foot—nawaţinza.
- na-tun'-ka, v. n. to refuse to go, hesitate, hold back, as a horse unwilling to go—nawatunka.
- na-ţuŋ'-ki-ya, v. a. afraid, make hesitate—natunwakiya.
- na-wa'-ni-ća, v.a. to trample to nothing, to destroy by trampling onnawawanića.
- na-wa'-nin, cont. of nawanića; nawanin iyeya, to walk or run off sickness or fatigue; to destroy or annihilate, as by the bursting of a boiler.
- na-wang', cont. of nawanka: nawang iyaya. T., nayung.
- $na \cdot wang' ki ya$, v. a. to cause to gallop, as a horse-nawangwakiya.
- na wan'-ka, v. n. to gallop, as a horse does. T., nayunka.
- na-wan'-kan, v. nawankan hiyu, to spring up, as the boards of a floor.
- na-wa'-te, n. the temples; the ends of a house; the lock of a gun.
- $na-wa'-te-ska-da\eta$, n. a kind of small duck with a white spot on each side of the head.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{e}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}, \quad v. \quad a.$ to break, as a stick, with the foot, but not entirely off—nawawega.
- na-weh', cont. of nawega; naweh | naz-on'-spe-i-hu-pa, n. iyeya.
- with the foot—naweliwaya.

- to press hard | n a w i' \(\delta\) a \(\delta\) li, n. T. the measles or rash.
 - na·wi'-ća-ti-pa, n. cramping, cramps.
 - na-wi'-hnu-ni, v.a. to destroy with the foot—nawawihnuni.
 - na-win', v. n. to scrape the foot; to sail around, as an eagle.
 - na-winś, cont. of nawinża; nawinś iveva.
 - $na win \acute{s}' win \acute{z}a$, v. red. of nawinźa.
 - na-win s'-ya, v.a. to cause to trample down-nawinśwaya.
 - n a w i n' ź a', v. a. to trample down, as grass, to mat down—nawawinźa.
 - na-wi'-zi, v. to be jealous, envious-nawawizi.
 - n a w i' z i s'a, n. a jealous person.
 - na-ye'-ġa, v.a. to make shine or sparkle by kicking, as when one pushes up the fire with his foot nawayega. T., nalehya.
 - na-yeh', cont. of nayega; nayeh iyeya. T., naleh.
 - $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{h'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$, v. red. of $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}$ yega; to kick or punch up the fire with the foot. T., nalehlega.
 - na-zan', v. to hurt; to stun by kicking.
 - naz-on'-spe, n. T. an ax. See mazonspe.
 - T. naz-oŋ'-spe-ći-ka-la, n. a hatchet.
 - T. an ax-helve. See ihupa.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{h}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . to cause to break $|\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{h}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{n} . T. a broad-ax. See ope.

- by trampling on—nawaźa. See nakiźa. T., inahuhuġa.
- na-źan', cont. of naźata; naźan iyeya. T., naźal; naźal iyeya, to spread or gape open, as a wound.
- na źa' ta, v. a. (na and źata) to make forked by kicking-nawaźata.
- na-źa'-ta-ka-hu, n. bush, something like the ćanśaśa.
- na-źa'-źa, v. a. to wash out with the feet, trample out; to wash out by boiling—nawaźaźa.
- na-źi'-ća, v. n. to run away, flee, retreat.
- na-źi-će-ya, v.a. to cause to flee-naźićewaya.
- na-źim', cont. of nazipa; nazim T., naźib. iyeya.
- na-źin', cont. of naźića; naźin iyaya. T. naźil.
- $n a' \acute{z} i \eta$, v. n. to stand, rise up; to stand still, stop; to stand on the ground, to get down, alight, as from a horse—nawaźin, naunżinpi.
- n ε' ź i η h a η, part. standing: nazinhan nazin, to rise up and stand.
- na'-źin-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to stand, to raise up, lift up—naźinwakiya.
- na-źi'-pa, v. a. to prick or pinch with the toes; to punch or touch with the foot.
- \cdot n a \acute{z} u' te, n. the occipital bone; base of the skull; the back of the head; the cerebellum: i. q. nasudan.
- $na-\acute{z}u'-te-o-\acute{s}ko-kpa$, n. hollow of the neck behind.

- na-źa', v. a. to mash up or crush | na-źu'-źu, v. a. to kick to piecesnawaźuźu; to come to pieces of itself.
 - ni, pron. in comp. thec, thou; thy, thine, your, yours. See ma and mi.
 - mi, v. n. to live—wani, yani, unnipi, wićani. Hence, wićoni, life.
 - $n i' \epsilon a$, v. n. to be destitute of, have none of-manića, ninića, unnićapi, wanića.
 - ni-ća', v. of ka; he means thee.
 - n i ć e', adv. perhaps. See nace. Niće is objected to, as it is so often used obscenely.
 - ni-će'-ća, adv. Ih. probably: i. q. naćeća.
 - ni'-ći, pron. and prep. with thee; for thee. T. for thee, but not with thee, as, niciyanka, it remains for thee: kići niun, it is with thee. See kići and mići.
 - ni-de', n. water, in the sacred language; i. q. mini.
 - ni'-en or ni'-yen, adv. anew: teća nien toppi, born again, regenerated.
 - n i \(\dec{g}\) e', n. the paunch, stomach.
 - ni-ġu'-te, n. the flank: niġute ośkokpa, the hollow of the flank. T., logute.
 - fearful; nihanśni, ni-han', adv. not afraid. See inihan.
 - ni-han'-yan, v. a. to scare—nihanwaya. T., inihanyan.
 - ni-hin'-ći-ya, v. n. to be frightened, scared: to cry or scream, as in fright; to hurry—nihinmićiya, nihinnićiya, nihinunkićiyapi.

- ni-hin'-ći-ya-ken, .adv. fright.
- ni-ki'-ya, v. a. of ni; to cause to live—niwakiya. See niyan.
- n in, cont. of nića; tuwe nin un kin, he who has none. T., lil.
- ni'-na, adv. very, very much, always intensive. T., lila.
- n i' n a h, adv. See ninahin. T., lilah.
- ni'-na-hin, adv. exceedingly. T.,lilahćin.
- n i'-n a-n a, adv. very: ninana ia, to speak loud and fast, speak earnestly. T., liglila.
- ni-ni', adj. coagulated, curdled, quivering, said of thick sour milk: asappi nini, curdled milk, curds
- nin, intj. T. may it be, would that it were Nitokićonze u nin, Thy Kingdom come: i. q. nunwe.
- nin-tpa'-hu, n. the haunch or hip-bone. See nitpahu.
- ni-po', adj. dead. This is probably Ojibwa, but frequently used by the Dakotas when speaking with white people who do not understand their language.
- n i s e' h u, n. the hip-bone, os ilium.
- n i'-sko, adv. so large. See niskokeća, hinsko, and tinsko.
- ni'-sko-ke-ća, adv. so large. See hinskokeća and tinskokeća.
- ni'-sko-sko-ke-ća, adv. red. of niskokeća.
- ni'-sk'o-tan-ka, adv. so large, | ni-wan', v. n. to swim-waniwe, See hinskotanka.

- in | ni'-sko-tan-ka-dan, adv. small.
 - ni'-sko-ya, adv. so far around. See hipskoya and tipskoya.
 - nis, pron. thou, thee: nis nive, thou thyself. See is, mis, and unkis.
 - ni'-śko-dan, adv. small, only so large. T., niśkola. See hinśkodan and tinskodan.
 - ni'-śko-śko-dan, adv. red. of niskodan.
 - ni-śko-ye-dan, adv. only so far around.
 - niś-na'-na, pron. thou alone: niśnanpidan, you alone. T., niśnala. See isnana, misnana, and unkisnana.
 - ni-stu'-ste, n: T. the rump, the heavy part near the tail: i. q nite.
 - ni-ta', pron in comp. thy, thine; your, yours: nitasunke, thy dog. See ta, mita, and unkita.
 - ni-ta'-wa, pron. thy, thine; your, yours. See tawa, mitawa, and unkitawa.
 - ni-te', n. the lower part of the back, the rump. T., nistuste.
 - ni-te'-he-pi, n. T. a petticoat.
 - ni-te'-hu n. the os sacrum.
 - ni-to'-śke, n. a white woman's dress, long gown: nitośke kiton, to put on white woman's clothes. T., ćuwignaka.
 - ni-tpa'-hu, n. the hip-bone. Same as nisehu.
 - ni'-un, v. to be living: ni waun, I am alive.
 - unniwanpi. T., nowan.

- ni-we'-ki-ya, v. a. of niwan; to | ni'-ye-ke, pron emphatic; thee cause to swim—niwewakiya. nowankiya.
- n i y a', v. n. to breathe—waniya, yaniya, unniyapi: niya śni iyaya, to die; niya śni mata nun seća, I am out of breath. See ni.
- n i y a', n. breath, life. See oniya. ni-va'-ke, adj. alive; niyake yuza, to take alive; niyake kte, to strike but not kill, as an enemy: niyake kte gli, he came home, hav-
- ni-ya'-ken, adv. alive, in a living manner.

ing struck an enemy.—W. J. C.

- ni-yan', v. a. of ni; to cause to live, make live, revive, as a sick person; to let live, miss or fail of killing, as an enemy or game-niwaya, niunyanpi, nimayan. See nikiya.
- n i y a n', adv. audibly, with a loud voice: eya niyan, to say with a loud voice.
- ni-yan'-hin, adv. yet. See hinahin. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ nahanhéa.
- ni-yaŋ'-hiŋ-ke-śni, adv. yet time, too soon. T., nahanhćeke śni.
- ni-ye', v. to cause to live. See niyan.
- n i'- y e, pron. thou, thee; nivepi, you. See iye, miye, and unkiye.
- ni'-ye-ću-hćin, pro. T. you at any rate.
- ni'-ye-eś, pron. emphatic; thou, thee, you. See iyees.
- ni'-ye-ka-eś, pron. even thou. T., niyekaleś. See iyekaeś.

- thyself, you yourself, even you. niyekeś. See iyeke, miyeke, and unkiyeke.
- no'-će. See nunće.
- n o'- g' e, adj. scabbed; swollen, enlarged, and hardened. See nunga.
- $n o' \dot{g} e$, n. the ear; the sense of hearing, as noge ninica, thou hast no cars (in this sense it is used in reference to other things as well as men and animals); the pan of a gun-lock, as, mazakan noge-minoge.
- no'-ġe-a-źog-ki-ya, v. to prick up the ears, as a horse, at any T., noge yuwankan ikisound kću.
- no'-ġe-i-yu-ta-pi, n the distance from the ear to the end of the fingers when the arm is stretched out, a yard. This is the common yardstick of the traders.
- no'-ġe-kpa, adj. deaf, hard of hearing—nogemakpa.
- no'-ġe-kpe-ya, v. a. to make deaf-nogekpewaya.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{o'} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}$, n. the orifice of the car; the touchhole of a gun.
- no'-ge-tpa, adj. See nogekpa.
- no'-ġe-tpe-ya, v. See nogekpeya.
- no-ġi-yu-ta-pi, n. a yard See nogeiyutapi.
- n o' g o p t a n, adj. (noge and ptan) "turning the ear towards:" listening, attending to; nogoptan manka, I am attending to it.

- noġ-su'-hu-te, n. T. base of the ear.
- noh-no'-ġe, adj. red. of noġe.
- noh-pan', n. of noge and pan; the ringing of the ear; lit. the calling of the ear, i. e. the sound; noh mapan, noh nipan: when one has a ringing of the ear, they say, "He will soon hear from afar."—w. J. C.
- nom, cont. of nonpa; two. T., nob.
- n o m' n a n a, adj. two alone, only two. T., nobnala. See tomnana, yamnina, etc.
- n o m'- n o m, adj. two and two, by twos. See tomtom.
- nom'-non-pa, red. of nonpa; by twos. See toptopa.
- non. See nun.
- n on. See nonske and nunske. T., inske.
- non-ée'. See nunée.
- n o y' p a, adj. two, twice. See topa.
- n on'-pa-ki-ya, adv. twice, in two ways. See topakiya, yamnikiya, etc.
- non'-ske or nun'-ske, intj. expressing ignorance or want of recollection; let me see! what do you call it? T., inske; in.
- no-wan', v. n. T. to swim: i. q. niwan—wanowan.
- n u'- g e, adj. T. swollen, enlarged, and hardened. See noge.
- nu-ksi', n. ears, as the long ears of a dog. See nakpa.

- base of nu'-ni, v. to wander, miss the road and wander about, get lost; to be misoge.

 taken about a thing—wanuni, yanuni, unnunipi. See hnuni and wacinhnuni.
 - n u'-n i-ya, v. a. to cause to wander—nuniwaya, nuniunyanpi.
 - nu'-ni-yan, adv. wandering, lost. nun, v. 2d pers. sing. of un, to use.
 - nun, cont. of nunwe; let it be so, expressive of desire; so be it, amen. It is often equivalent to the sign of the future tense; as, mda nun he, shall I go? token ecamon nun tanin sni, what I shall do is not apparent See nin.
 - nuŋ'-ġa, adj. callous. Said of any hard place, formed by a burn or otherwise, on the skin—manunġa. T., iyanunġa: i. q. noġe.
 - n u y'-ka, v. 2d pers. sing. of wanka; thou liest down. T., 2d pers. sing. of yunka.
 - nun-kas', n. a step-son or step-daughter: nunkasku, his or her step-son or step-daughter. This is said to be used only by the generation passing away, that is, by old people. T., tawagan; tawaganku.
 - n uŋ k a s' y a , v. a. to have for nuŋkas—nuŋkaswaya T., tawaġaŋya.
 - n u n s e', adv. almost, nearly; ta nunse, about to die.
 - n u n'-ske. See nonske. T., in; inske.

nun-we', v.n. let it be so, expressive | nu-pin'-ća-ska, adv. of desire; may it be so, amen. T., nin.

nun-yan', v. a. to tame, domesticate, as animals—nunwaya. Hence, wanunyanpi, tame cattle. *T.*, niyan: waniyanpi, tame cattle.

both together.

T. both: i. q. nanu-pin', adj. pin.

nu-śnuŋ'-źa, adj. wrinkled pitted, not smooth. T., piśpiźa.

N.

n, the seventeenth letter of the Dakota alphabet. It occurs only after a vowel, and has the sound of the French nasal n in bon.

Ο.

- o, the eighteenth letter of the Dakota | o-a'-gle, n. alphabet, with the sound of English o in no.
- o, a prefixed prep. It is a contraction of ohna, okna, and ogna, meaning in, into, and prefixed to verbs makes the locative form in o': as kastan, to pour out, okastan, to pour into; han to stand, ohan, to stand in. 2d. As a contraction of on, for, it is prefixed to verbs, meaning for, for the purpose of; as, okuwa waste, it is good for following; that is, easily followed.
- o, a prefix, forming nouns of verbs; as, baspa, to cut off, obaspe, a piece.
- o, v. a. to shoot, to hit when shooting-wao, yao, unkopi: wakute eća wao eće when I shoot I hit.
- o a' a, v. n. to mold; i. q. aa.
- o a' a, n. mold.
- o-a'-de, n. a load of wood in the arms. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ oakśu.

- T. the end of the pipe-stem which is put in the pipe.
- o-a'-hde, n. a place of holding or resting against, as the shoulder where the gun is held. T, oagle. See abde.
- o-a'-he, n. something to stand on. T., owahe.
- o-a'-he-će-ca, adj. better, pretty well, said of one sick. See ahećeća.
- o-a'-he-hde, n. a foundation. owaheglepi.
- o-a'-hi-ya-ye, n. of ahiyaya; a going or taking round; a tune, the air of a tune
- o-a'-hta-ni, n. of ahtani; transgression. See woahtani.
- o-a'-i-e, n. of aia; counsel; slander.
- o-a'-i-e-ti-pi, n. a council-house. T., owoglake tipi.
- o-a'-ki-han, n. of akihan; starring. See akihappi.
- o-a'-ki-ni-ća, n. of akinića; disputing.

- o-a'-ki-ye-dan, adv. of akiye-lo-ba'-hon or o-ba'-hun, n. of dan; near, not far: e. q., yapi kin otehan, kupi kin oakiyedan, the going is far, the coming is near.
- $o-a'-k \le u$, n. T. a load; an armful: i. q. oade.
- o-a'-p'e, n. of ap'a; strokes, stripes, beatings; the striking of a clock, an
- o-a'-śi-ća, adj. of aśića; unpleasant, disagrecable, as a country, the weather, etc. T., oiyokiśića.
- o a' si ca ya, adv. of asicaya; unpleasantly.
- o-a'-śi-ća-ya-ken, adv. of aśićayaken; disagreeably.
- o-a'-śi-će-ća, adj. See oaśićećaka.
- o-a'-śi-će-ća-ka, adj. unpleasant, disagreeable, as the appearance of a country, etc. See asicccake and ośićećake.
- o-a'-sin-ya, adv. of asinya; not satisfied or pleased with, unpleasantly: oasinya unyakonpi, we are un-T., oiyokicomfortably situated.
- o-a'-śin-ya-ken, adv. of aśinyaken; unpleasantly.
- o-a'-ska-dan, adv. of askadan; near, short, as a road; short, as time; appetu oaśkadan, the days are short. T., akokabya.
- o a' y a stan, n. of ayastan; a stop, stopping, as in talking.
- o-a'-ya-te, n. of ayate; a guess.
- o a' y u stan, n. of ayustan; astop, cessation from.

- bahon; a cut, gash. T., owahon.
- o-ba'-lida-ye, n. of bahdaya; something to peel off in.
- o-ba'-hdo-ka, v. a. to cut a hole in, when shaving, as in making a dish-obawahdoka. T., owahloka.
- o-ba'-lido-ke, n. of balidoka; a hole cut or made with a knife.
- o-ba'-po-te, n. of bapota; a cutting up, destroying by cutting.
- o-ba'-sde-će, n. of basdeća; a split, splitting. T., owasleće.
- o-ba'-s den, cont. of obasdeća: obasden waste, good to split. owaslel.
- o-ba'-sku, v. to pare in anything—obawasku.
- o-ba'-sku, n of basku; a paring.
- o-ba'-smin, n. of basmin; something to shave off into.
- o-ba'-śpe, n. of baśpa; a piece cut off: obaśpe wanzidan, one piece, as of pork or meat of any kind.
- o-ba'-tu-tka, v. to make chips or shavings in a place—obawatu-
- o-be', n. a litter, brood; a division, class, sort. Compare optage and ośpaye. T., owe.
- o-bla'-ya, adv. T. level. See omdaya.
- o-bla'-ye, n. T. a plain, a level place. See omdaye.
- o-bla'-ye-la, *adv*. T. level.
- o b l o' t o n, adj. T. cornered.
- o-blo'-ton, n. T. a corner: i. q. omdoton.

- o'-blu-la, n. or adj. T. calm, sheltered, protected: wanna oblula, now it is calm: le oblula, this is a o b o' - z a, v. oboza hiphda, to rise sheltered place: i. q. omnina.
- o b o' h a, v. oboha iyeya, to knock into. T., owoha.
- o-bo'-héi-héi, n. a string or bunch of beads; any bunch that dangles: i. q. bohćihći. T., opalite.
- o-bo'-hdo-ke, n. of bohdoka; a hole made by punching.
- o-bo'-po-ta, v. a. of bopota; to shoot to pieces in anything—obowapota.
- o-bo'-sdan, n. height. T., owoslal. See bosdan.
- o b o' s da ta, n. height. owoslata. See bosdata.
- o-bo'-sda-tu, n. height, perpendicularity. See bosdatu.
- o-bo'-ski-ća, v. a. of boskića; to punch or ram hard in a holeobawaskića.
- o b o' s k i n, cont. of oboskića; oboskin iyeya.
- o-bo'-śki, v. to make faint, obliterate, as the rain does tracks.
- o-bo'-spe, n. of bospa; a piece shot or punched off.
- o-bo'-tan, v. of botan; to ram or pound hard in a hole—obowatan.
- o-bo'-ta, v. a. of bota; to punch to death in, as in a hole—obowata.
- o-bo'-te, n. a killing or punching to death in.
- o b o' t i n z a, v. a. of botinga; to pound in hard and tight—obowatinza.

- o b o' y a y a, n. a bunch of beads. T., woyaya, a string of beads.
- up with a rush, as in case of an excitement. See boza.
- o b o' z a k a, v.to rush: ituli obozaka, the rush was for naught.
- o \dot{c} a' \dot{g} a, v. n. of \dot{c} a \dot{g} a; to freeze or become ice in.
- o-ća'-hde, n. of ćahde; a step. T., ćagle; ćagle yuta, to pace, measure by stepping.
- o-ćan'-ku, n. a road, street, way. See canku.
- o-ćan'-wa-ni-ća, n. place where there is no timber, prairie.
- $o \acute{e} a \eta z e$, v. n. oćanze kokela, easily made angry.
- o-éa'-źe, n of ćaźe; kind, sort, species, name.
- o-će'-sdi, v. of ćesdi; to ćesdi in: očesditipi, a privy.
- o-će'-ti, n. of ćeti; a fire-place, place where the fire is made; a chimney: maza oćeti, a stove.
- o'-ći-hin-yan-pi, v. recip. of ohinyan; they are offended at each other, they feel themselves slighted.
- o'-ći-kan, adv. having room, roomy: óćikan śni, without room, crowded.
- o'-ći-kpa-kpa-ni, adj. red. of oćikpani; some longer and some shorter. T., aocikpakpani.
- o'-ći-kpa-ni, adj. not equal in length. T., aocikpani.
- o-ći'-ka-dan, adj. of ćikadan; small within: ti ocikadan, a small room.

- $o \acute{e}i' k a y e d a \eta$, adj. of $\acute{e}ika | o \acute{e}i' sti l a$, adv. yedan; small inside, of small dimensions.
- o'- éi m, adv. afterwards, after awhile, at length.
- o'-ći-mda-ġa-he, adv. abreast, in a line. T., ociblagahe.
- o-ći-mda-ġaŋ, adv. abreast.
- $o' \acute{e}i m da \acute{g}e han$, adv. in a row, abreast. T., ocinblagehan.
- o'-ći-mdah, cont. of ocimdagan.
- o-ćin', n. of ćin; desire, wish, disposition.
- o-cin', v. a. to desire, beg, ask for: taku oćin wahi, I have come to ask for something—owacin. See wocin.
- o-ćin'-bla-ģe-han, T. abreast.
- o-cin'-i-yu-li, n. T. a ladder.
- o-ćin'-śi-ća, v. n. to be cross, badtempered, ill-disposed—oćinmaśića.
- o-ćin'-śi-ća-ya, adv. evilly disposed.
- o-cin'-yo-pe-ya, v.a. to please, make glad by giving to or in any other way, to reward. It is said to be used in case one is appointed to a difficult service, and well rewarded for it—oćinyopewaya, oćinyopeunyanpi, oćinyopemayan.
- o-6in'-yo-pe-ya, n. a reward of honor or service. T., iyunwin.
- o'-ći-pte-ća, adj. shorter than.
- o'- éi-pten, adv. not equal to, lacking.
- o'-ći-pte-tu, adv. unequal in length, or otherwise. T., aociptetu, smaller than

- **T**. little, for a little while.
- o-ći'-sti-ye-dan, adv. of ćistiyedan; for a little while. T., oćisćiyela
- o'-ći-tkons, cont. of oćitkonza; wićasta oćitkons waćinpi, men think alike.
- o'-ći-tkon-za, adj. cqual, alike, of the same size or length: can ocitkonza, trees of the same height.
- o'-ći-tpa-ni, adj.
- o'- & i t i n z a, v. n. to be crowded together; i. q. óćikan śni.
- o'-ći-ya-ka-pi, v. pl. of oyaka; i. q. okićiyakapi.
- o-ći'-yo-pe-ya, v. See oćinyopeya.
- o'-ći-yu-śtan, v. of oyustan; to be one in another, as kettles; to be doubled, as a blanket.
- o'-ći-yu-stan-stan, v. red. to be placed one inside of another, as kettles
- o-ćo'-ka-ka, v. n. of ćoka; to be empty, not full, as a house, of persons; there is room. T., okan.
- o-ćo'-kam, adv. of ćokam. in the middle.
- o-ćo'-kam-tu, adv. in the midst. T., čokabtu.
- o-ćo'-ka-ya, adv. of ćokaya; in the middle: ti ocokaya, in the middle of the house.
- o é o s', cont. of ocoza; ocos manka, I am in a warm place.
- o-cos'-ya, adv. in a warm condition.
- $o \acute{c} o' w a sin$, adv. all, the whole, all together. T., ataya. See owasin.

- o-ćo'-za, adj. warm in: ti oćoza, a warm house.
- o-&o'-za, n. of &oza; warmth, heat.
- o & u', v. n. of &u; to become damp in; to have drops of water inside.
- od or on, cont. of yuta; od waste, good to eat, good to taste. T., oyul.
- o-da'-kon, cont. of odakota. T., olakol.
- o da' kon ki éi ya pi, n. friendship, peace. See dakonkiéi-yapi.
- o d a' k o n y a , adv. friendly, peaceably. T., olakolya.
- o d a' k o t a , n. friendship, alliance, fraternity. T., olakota. See dakota.
- o-de', v. a. to seek for, hunt for anything—owade, oyade, unkodepi.

 T., ole; taku ole yahi he, what have you come for?
- o-de'-źa, v. of deźa; to urinate in anything—owadeźa. T., oleźa.
- o de' źa, n. the bladder; a chamber-pot. T., wićaleźa and taleźa: oleźapi.
- o-di'-di-ta, v. n. of didita; to be warm in, as in a house where it is uncomfortably hot: ti odidita, a hot house. T., oluluta.
- o di' di ta, n. heat.
- o-don', cont. of odota; taku odon wahi, I have come to borrow something T., olol.
- o-do'-ta, v. a. to borrow anything—owadota, oyadota, uŋkodo-tapi. T., olota.

- warm in: ti ocoza, o d'-o-ta, adj. red. of ota; much of various kinds.
 - o-do'-wan, n. of dowan; a song, hymn, tune.
 - o-du'-te, n. the large muscle or flesh on the thigh.
 - o-du'za-han, n. of duzahan; swiftness.
 - o-e'-ée-éa, v. n. to be a little better; i. q. aheéeéa.
 - o-e'-ée-éa-ka, v. n. to be like one, as a son is like his father, in appearance, demeanor, etc.; to be better, as a sick person—oemaće-ćaka. T., ahećeća and iyećeća. See owećećaka.
 - o · e' é e n y a , adv. so, however. T., esa and yesa.
 - o-e'-éon, n. of econ; doing, work: oecon waste, good doing it.
 - o-e'-con-ka, n. one who does a thing very much.
 - o-e'-éon-la, v. T. to do frequently at some place; to go often for a special purpose; as to frequent a bawdy-house.
 - o-e'-ćon-na, n. gambling, a lottery. Sometimes written oećona. T., yekiyapi.
 - o-e'-ha-ke, n. of ehake; the last.
 - o-e'-hde, v. a of ehde; to set or place in—oewahde.
 - o-e'-hde, n. of ehde; a setting down; a saying, a verse, a sentence.
 - o-e'-hna-ka, n. of ehnaka; a placing down, a stop, period.
 - o-e'-ti, n. of eti; an encampment ahead.

- o e' ya ke ya, n. the act of tell- $| o' \dot{g} e ki to y |$, v. pos. of ogetoy; ing a story, a relation.
- o-e'-ye, n. of eya; a saying, verse, sentence.
- o-e'-yu-hpa, n. of yuhpa; a place of resting or throwing down burdens.
- O g la' la, n. T. The name of one of the clans of Teeton Sioux: i. q. ohdada, to scatter one's own. Ih., Okdada.
- o g l a' y a, v. T. to thrust into, as a stick into a tube.
- o-gla'-ye-ya, v. T. to shove into.
- o'-gle, n. T.; and o'-kde, Ih. a shirt or coat: i. q. onliohda and onhdohda.
- o'-gle-i-sto-wa-ni-ća, n. T. a vest, that is, a coat without arms.
- o-glu', v. n. T. to befall one owaglu.
- o-glu', n. T. luck, fortune; oglu waste, good fortune.
- o-gmun', v. *T*. to gurgle, as a bad egg.
- o'-gna, prep. T. in: i. q. ohna: ognapasi, to follow after in: i. q. opasi.
- o-gna'-ka, v. a. T. to place in: i. q. ohnaka—owagnaka.
- o'- gan, n. something that is open, as open cloth. T., ġanġanla.
- o-ġaŋ'-ġaŋ, v. n. to be full of $T_{\cdot\cdot}$, ġaŋġaŋla. holes.
- o'- $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ e, n. clothes, covering; a sheath.
- one-ogeweciton.

- to put clothes on one's own-ogeweton.
- $o' \dot{g} e p i$, *n. clothes*. T., hevapi. See heyake and wokoyake.
- o'- ge-ton, v. a. to put on clothes, have clothes on-ogewaton, ogeuntoppi: ogeiciton, to clothe one's self.
- o'-ġe-źu-ya, v. oġeźuya yuza, to take hold of one's clothes.
- o'- ge- zu- ya, adv. together with; among.
- o'-gin-gin, v. n. to nod: ogingin yanka, he is nodding. See pakapsan.
- o-gi'-ya, v. of gi; to paint yellow.
- o-gu', v. n. of gu; to burn in, as in a kettle.
- o-gu', n. scraps, cracknels; dregs, as coffee grounds.
- $o \dot{g} u' \dot{g} u y e$, n. a brand, mark burnt in.
- o-ġu'-ke, n. tallow-scraps.
- o-gun'-ga, v. n. to be half asleep and awake, to slumber, doze-omaġuŋġa, oniġuŋġa.
- o-gu'-ya, v. a. to cause to burn in, as meat—oġuwaya.
- o'-ha, v. n. to stick to, adhere, as feathers—omaha.
- o'-ha, n. of yuha; a straight place in a river, the distance between two bends, a reach: oha hanska, a long straight place.
- o-ha'-kam, adv. afterwards. See ihakam.
- o'-ġe-ki-ći-ton, v. to clothe for o-ha'-kam-ya, adv. after. See ihakamya

- o h a' k a p a , adv. afterwards. See ihakapa.
- o h a' k a p a t a ŋ h a ŋ , adv. afterwards See ihakapataŋhaŋ.
- o-ha'-mna, adj. smelling of the skin.
- o-han', intj. oh, yes! See ahan and han.
- o-han', adv. when, in the past, at what time.
- o-han', v. n. (ohna and han) to stand in.
- o-han', v. a. to put on socks or moccasins, to wear; to boil, as corn, meat, etc.—owahan, oyahan, unkohanni.
- o'-han, v. to try, attempt; to apply one's self, study—ówahe, óyahan, óunhanpi.
- o'-han, n. a straight place in a river. See óha.
- o'-han-han, v. to speak lightly of, to jest.
- o-han'-han, adv. red. of ohan.
- o'-han-hde, v. See óhanhdeya.
- o'-han-hde-ya, v. a. to keep near one, follow about, as a colt its mother; to love—ohanhdewaya, ohanhdemayan.
- o'-haŋ-haŋ-na, n. the morning; i. q. haŋhaŋna. T., ohihaŋla.
- o'-han-gle-la, adv. T. in the middle; through the middle.
- o-han'-ke-ta, adv. T. at the last, finally; i. q. unhanketa.
- o-han'-pi, part. boiled.
- o-han'-ska, n. of hanska. length.
- o-han'-ska-ya, adv. in length.

- afterwards. o'-han-zi, n. shade, defense from the heat; shadow.
 - o'-haŋ-zi, v. n. to be shade on—omahaŋzi.
 - o'-haŋ-zi-hde-pi, n. something set up for a shade, as the branches of trees or bushes; an arbor; a porch; an umbrella.
 - o'-haŋ-zi-ya, v. a. to shade, make a shade on—ohaŋziwaya, ohaŋziuŋyaŋpi.
 - o-hba'-han, part. fallen to pieces in, as a barrel in a corn-hole.
 - o-hda'-da, v. pos. of okada.
 - o h da g', cont. of ohdaka: he ohdag wahi, I have come to tell that.
 - o-h d a h'-n i-g a, v. pos. of okahniga; to understand one's own affairs—owahdahniga. T., okiglahniga—okiweglahniga.
 - o h d a h' n i h, cont. of ohdahniga: ohdahnih manka.
 - o-hda'-ka, v. pos. of oyaka; to tell of one's own—owahdaka, un-kohdakapi.
 - o h d a' k i ŋ y a ŋ , n. of hdakiŋ-yaŋ; width, breadth.
 - o-hda'-pśiŋ-yaŋ, adv. bottom upwards, turned over. T., oglapśiŋ-yaŋ. See ahdapśiŋyaŋ.
 - o h d a' p t a, v pos. of oyapta and okapta; to leave some of one's own—owahdapta.
 - o-hde', v. a. of hde; to set or place in—owahde. See ohnaka, oźu, etc.
 - o'-hde, n. a coat; suspenders. T., éeśkiyutan, suspenders.

- o-h di'-h an, v. n. to fall in any-o'-hi, v. a. to be able to reach to, tall thing endwise.
- o-h di'-h e-y a, v. a. to cause to fall in endwise—ohdihewaya.
- o-h d u'-ġe, v. pos. of oyuġe; to put on, wcar one's own—owahduġe. T., ogiĢiton and kiçun.
- o-hdu'-so-ta, v. n. to go off, leave, be all gone, as ducks in the fall of the year. T., oglusota. See yusota.
- o'-hdu-ta, v. n. to be closed up.
- o'-hdu-te-ya, v. a. to close up óhdutewaya.
- o-hdu'-ze, v. pos. of oyuze; to dip out from into one's own dish owahduze.
- o h e', v. Same as ohan.
- o h e', n. a place; a niche, a bed; the old or former place—mitóhe.
- o'-he, n. of yuha; a having: óhe waste, it is good having; óhe waste-kae, useful. T., oyuha.
- o'-he, n. of ohan; a boiling: ohe wanzidan, one boiling. T, owehe.
- o-he'-hde-pi, n. a bedstead, bed. T., oyunke and oyunke ihupa.
- o-hem'-ya, adv. not quite full, almost full.
- o-he'-yun, v. a. to wrap up in—ohemun, ohemun. See heyun.
- o-he'-yun, n. a wrapper: oheyunpi, wrappers.
- o'-hi, v. n. to hang over, as hair over one's face, or grass over a path: i. q. ćanku peźi kaohdute-yapi. T., okahi.

- o'-hi, v. a. to be able to reach to, tall enough to reach up to, long enough to reach down to—ówahi, ounhipi; to reach to one, be large enough for—ómahi.
- o'-hi-dan, v. dim. of óhi.
- o'-hi-han-la, n. T. the morn-tng, during the forenoon.
- o'-hi-ka, n. one whose hair is always hanging over his face. T., okahika.
- o-hi'-ka, n. one who has ability, one who is able to accomplish.
- o-hi'-ki-ya, v. pos. of ohiya; to win back one's own; to give something to another of what one has won, to win for another—ohiwakiya.
- o'-hi-na-pe, n of hinapa; a place of egress.
- o-hin'-hpa-ya, v. (o and hin-hpaya) to fall into; to fall from, forsake—omahinhpaya.
- o-hin'-hpa-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to fall into-ohinhpayewaya.
- o'-hi-ni, adv. See óhinni.
- o'-hin-ni, adv. always.
- o'-hiŋ-ni-ki-ya, v. a. to cease from, to finish—óhinniwakiya. T., ihunikiya.
- o'-hiŋ-ni-ya, v. a. to finish—óhimiwaya. T., ihuniya.
- o'-hin-ni-yan, adv. always, all along, all through.
- o-hi'-ti-da, v. a. to consider furious—ohitiwada: ohitiiçida, to think one's self terrible, to bluster, to swagger, to bully—ohitimiçida. T., ohitilaka, to consider brave.

- o-hi'-ti-ka, v. n. to be furious, ter- o'-hmus-ya, v. n. rible, brave—omahitika, onihitika. See wohitika.
- o hi' ti ya, adv. furiously, terribly, savagely.
- o-hi'-ya, v. a. to get the better of one in any way, to overcome; to gain, win, acquire in a game—ohiwaya, ohiunyanpi.
- o'-hi-ya, v. a. to cause to reach to-6hiwaya.
- o'-hi-ya, adv. reaching to; hanging over, as hair.
- o'-hi-ya, n. the hair that hangs down on the face. T., okahiya.
- o'-hi-ye, n. a string or strand of beads; one length of anything.
- o-hi'-ye-ya, and o-hi'-yeki-ya, v. a. to cause to winohiyewaya.
- o-hi'-yu, v. of hiyu; to come through, as water through a roof, to leak; to come into, come through on—omahiyu
- o h m u y', adj. faint, not very apparent, as tracks in snow on which more has fallen.
- o-hmun'-hmun, adj. red. of ohmun; indistinct, as conversation not plainly heard.
- o-hmun'-hmun-yan, adv. indistinctly.
- o-hmuŋ'-yaŋ, adv. faintly, not apparent.
- o-hmun'-ye-ća, adj. partly visible, as a chicken peeping out of its shell.
- o'-hmus, cont. of ohmuza; i ohmus waun, my mouth is shut. T., ogmus; lotogmus yuza, to hold by the throat.

- to shut, cause to shut—óhmuswaya.
- o'-hmu-za, v. n. to be shut or closed: ista ohmuza, eyes shut.
- o h n a', prep. in, into, on, upon. T., ogna; *Ih.*, okna. See alma and ehna.
- o-hnag', cont. of ohnaka; ohnag wasi, I told him to put it in.
- o-hna'-hna, prep. red. of ohna.
- o-h n a'-h n a-k a, v. red. of ohnaka.
- o-hna'-hna-ka-pi, n. thing in which things are put or laid away, a chest; a coffin. See canohnahnakapi. T., ćanwogna.
- o-hna'-ka, prep. in, upon: nape ohnaka, in the hand.
- o-hna'-ka, v.a. to put in, place in anything. T., ognaka. See ahnaka, elmaka, lmaka, ouppa, etc.
- o-hna'-ka-pi, n. a placing in.
- o h n a' n a , adv. napohnana, only a handful.
- o-hni'-hda, v. n. (o and hnihda) to go on a journey, travel from place to place-owahnihda, unkohnihda- $\,\,\,\,\, T$., ognigla.
- o-hni'-hde, part. going from place to place: ohnihde ya, to yo from place to place.
- o-hni'-hde-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to go from place to place—olmihdewakiya. T., ogniglekiya.
- o-hni'-hde-ya, v. a. to send hither and thither—ohnihdewaya.
- o-hni'-hde-ya, adv. going from one place to another: olmindeya waun, I am going about.

- o-hni'-hde-ya-pi, n. those sent, | o-h'a'-ka, adj. gray, black appearmessengers, apostles.
- o-ho'. See ohoka.
- o h o' d a , v. a. to respect, honor, worship—ohowada, ohoundapi.
- o-h·o'-da-ka, v. a. to respect. honor, worship—ohowadaka, ohoundapika.
- o h o' h p a, v. a. of hohpa; to cough and spit into-ohowahpa. T., otahośe.
- o-ho'-ka, n. one who is respectable or honorable. T., oholapi.
- o-ho'-ki-da, v. pos. of ohoda; to honor one's own. T_{\cdot} , ohokila.
- o-ho'-mni, adv. around, round o - hay', n. about: ohomni ya, to go around.
- o-ho'-mni-ku-wa, v. to hint o'-hay, v. n. to be slow, to be long in at; go round about in regard toohomni makuwa.
- o-ho'-mni-yan, adv. around, round about.
- o-hun'-kan-kan, n. myths; i. q. hitunkankapi.
- o'-hu-ta, n. water meets the land, the edge or shore. See huta.
- o'-hu-tam, adv. at the shore. T., o-hay'-ko, v. n. ohuta. See hutam.
- o'-hu-ta-pa, adv. at the edge or shore. See hutapa
- o'-hu-ta-ta, adv. See hutata
- o-hu'-te, n. of hute; the root, the o-hay'-pi, v. n. (chan and pi) to bottom. T., hute.
- o-h'a', adj. gray, black and white, white specks on a black ground. T_{-} , o - h a n' - p i - y a, adv. hota.

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- ing through the white, all colors intermingled.
- o-ha'-ka, v. n. to be stuffed with food, surfeited; to be injured or made sick by food—omaliaka.
- hurtful, injurious, o-ha'-ka, *adi*. as some kinds of food.
- o-ha'-ka, adj. T. forked. as a stream.
- o-ha'-ka, n. the forks of a stream.
- o-ha'-mna, v. n. to smell moldy; i. q. aamna.
- o h a n', v. to do, to work—owahan, uykohaypi. See oskan.
- work, action, custommiohan, niohan, unkohanpi.
- doing-omahan.
- o-hay'-hay-hay, v.n. to do odd things, to play pranks, cut capers; to do badly—olianwahanhan.
- stories: o-han'-han-han-ka, v. Same as ohanhanhan.
- the place where the o-han'-ki-han-han, v. to play pranks upon one, to do badly to ohanwakihanhan.
 - to be quick in doing anything, handy—olianmako, ohanniko.
 - o-han'-ko-ya, adv. quickly.
 - at the shore. o-han'-ko-ye-dan, adv. quick ly, suddenly.
 - begenerous, liberal—ohanmapi. Sex ohanwaste.
 - generously, liberally,



- $o h a \eta' s d a t a$, v. n. (ohan and $| o h a \eta' y e y a$, v. a. to be slow in one's movements, to work slowly and deliberately—ohanmasdata. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ oh'anslate.
- o-han'-śi-ća, v. n. to be stingy or illiberal; to be of a mean or cross disposition—ohanmasića. See ohanwaste.
- o-han-śi'-ća, v. n. to be ill-behaved.
- o-han'-śi-ća-ya, adv. badly.
- o-han'-śin-ya, badly, wickedly.
- o-han'-śin-ya, v.a. to make stingy, make bad—ohansinwaya, ohansinunyanpi.
- o ha η' śu η ke ća, v. n. (ohan and sunka) to behave ill, act like a dog; to eat up or destroy provisions, or anything that is valued or stored up for use, and to which one has no right; to be selfish—owahanśunkeća, unkohansunkećapi. T., oh'ansunkeća, also when one who is much trusted in dies, he is said to be oli'ansunkeća.
- o-lian'-te-han, v. n. (olian and tehan) to be long in doing a thingohanmatehan.
- o-hay'-wa-śte, v.n. to behave well, be good, be generous-ohanmawaste. See oliansica.
- o-hay'-yaŋ, v. n. to do, work, act-owalianmda, oyalianda, unkohanyanpi.
- o'-han-yan, v. a. to cause to be slow, to hinder—olianwaye.

- to cause to do-olianyewaya.
- o'-ha-ya, v. a. to fill up, as a hole with brush, etc.—ohawaya, ohaunyanni. T, oliáya.
- o-h'a'-ya, adv. in a grayish or mixed manner. Said of putting paint on the face. T, holya.
- o h ć i' h ć i, adv. hanging, dangling.
- o-hći'-hći-ya, adv. in bunches.
- o-hći'-hći-ya, v. T. to make dangle.
- o-h d a'-h d a, adj. loose, rattling, as a small bullet in a gun. T., ohlagan. See ohdagan and ohtahtadan.
- o-hda'-hda-ye-dan, adv. loosely, as knitting; not stretched, as a cord. T., ohlaģanla.
- o-hda'-te, adv. under, beneath. See ohlate.
- o li d a' t e y a, adv. beneath, under: olidateya iyaya, it has gone underneath. T., ohlateya.
- o-hda'-te-ya-tan-han, adv. from beneath.
- o'-hdo-hda, n. See onhdohda.
- o-hdo'-ka, n. a hole in anything, an aperture. T., ohloka.
- o h e', n. a hill: oheyahe and oheyawahe, a hill that is much visited, as Pilot-knob near Fort Snelling. See paha and he.
- o'-h'e-ya, v. n. to have but little in. See alie.
- o-hin'-yan, v. to pout, be out of humor about, to be dissatisfied with one's portion or treatment; to slight, refuse—owahinyan, unkohinyanpi.

- o-hla'-gan, adj. T. not fitting, o-hpan'-ki-ya, v. a. to dip into, loose. Said of a small thing in a large place.
- o-hla'-gan-la, adv. T. loosely. Т.
- o-hla'-ġaŋ-ye-la, adv. loosely.
- o-hla'-te, adv. T. i. q. ohdate; under, as, maya ohlate ćanku iyaya, the road goes under the hill or bank.
- o h l a' t e y a, adv. T. under, beneath: i. q. ohdateya.
- o-hle', and o-hli'-se, adv. crowded about, as people around a tent to see a dance.
- o-hlo'-ka, n. T. a hole: i. q. olidoka
- o-hmi'-hmi-yan, adj. crooked.
- o-hmi'-yan, adj. crooked.
- o-hno'-ga, n. the corners that are usually fenced off on each side of the gnaga.
- o h n o' g a t a, adv. in the corners of the tent near the door; down at the side of a tent, close under. ungnagata.
- o-hno'-gi-ća-dan, n. a bird like a small owl.
- O-hno'-gi-ća-dan, n. an imagi-Same as Canotidan. Hohnogićadan. T., Ungnagićala.
- o ho', intj. expressive of disbelief; o i' é a h, cont. of oicaga; oicah not so! *T.*, hoh.
- o-hpa', v. n. to gather together, flock together, as geese, etc.
- o-hpan', v. n. to be wet or moist in.

- sop or soak in; to wet or soak, so as to take off the hair—ohpanwakiya.
- o-hpan'-yan, v. a. to cause to moisten or soak in; to soak, as a skin for dressing—ohpanwaya.
- o-hta'-hta-dan, adj. loose, not stretched tight, as a slackened bowstring.
- o-hta'-hta-ye-dan, adv. loosely, not stretched. Same as olidalidayedan.
- o-hta'-ni, n. of htani; work, labor mitolitani, nitolitani: tolitani, his work. T., wowaśi.
- o'-hta'-ye-tu, n. of htayetu; the evenina.
- oh'-ya, adv. obliquely, from corner to corner, sloping, as the characters in writing See kaohya, yuohya,
- door in a Dakota lodge. T., un- o i' ć a g a, v. n. of ićaga; to grow in anything; to growup—oimaćaga, oinićaġa.
 - o-i'-ća-ġe, n. of ićaġa; a growing, creation; interest on money lent.
 - o-i'-ća-hi-ton, v. a. of ićahi; to mingle, mix together in, as tobacco and bark, in anything—oićahiwa-T., ićahiton. ton.
- nary being worshipped by the Da- o-i' ca-hi-ye, n. of icahiya; a mixture, a mixing: oićahiye wanzi dan, one mixing.
 - kokedan, of quick growth; oićah tehan, of slow growth.
 - o-i'-ćah-wan-ka-la, adj. growing easily.

- o-i'-ćah-ya, v. a. duce; to make grow; to cause to produce, as interest—oićahwaya.
- o-i'-éa-zo, n. of icazo; a marking, a mark; credits, taking things on credit, giving credit.
- o-i'-ći-ma-ni, n. of ićimani; traveling, a traveler; oićimani wanica, there is no one traveling; a company of travelers
- o-i'-éu-wa, n. of kuwa; tools of o-i'-gla-ka, v. T. to move; be all kinds.
- o-i'-ću-wa-śte, adj. of iću and waste; good to take, acceptable.
- o-i'-&i-hde, n of hde; what one has laid up, property. T., wakigle; wakignaka.
- o-i'-¢i-hi, v. reflex. of okihi; to be able for one's self, be rich; to get for one's self, be selfish—omiçihi.
- o-i'-ći-kpa-ni, v. Same as oiçitpani.
- o-i'-¢i-tpa-ni, v. reflex. of okitpani; not to be able to take care of one's self or family, to be poor—omićitpani.
- o'-i-&i-tin-za, v. reflex. of otinza; to have command of one's self-omićiţiŋza.
- o-i'-ci-wa, v. reflex. of owa; to write one's self: caze oiciwa, to sign one's own name.
- o'-i-ci-ya, v. reflex of okiya; to help one's self.
- o-i'-de, v. n. of ide; to blaze in.
- o i' de, n. a flame.
- o-i'-e, n. of ia; a word; a saying or speech.

- to yield, pro- o-i'-e-ki-ća-ton, v. a. to speak to, John x, 6—oiewećaton.
 - $o i' e k i \xi u \eta$, v. n. to command, enforce obedience—oieweçun.
 - o-i'-e-ki-ton, v n. to use language, speak—oiweton.
 - o-i'-e-ya, v. n. to use words, to speak-oiewaya.
 - o-i'-glag, cont. of oiglaka; oiglag unpi, they are moving.
 - moving, as a family or camp. See ihdaka and uphdaka.
 - o i' g l a k e, n. T. party.
 - o-i'-glu-śkan, v.n. T. to have a relapse, become sick again.
 - o-i'-hda-ka, v. reflex. of oyaka; to make one's self known, tell one's own name; to confess—omihdaka. T., oiglaka.
 - o-i'-hdo-ye. See ihdoya.
 - o-i'-hdu-ge, v. reflex. to put on one's self-omihduge.
 - o-i'-hdu-ha, v. pos. to have one's self; to be a citizen—omihduha. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ oigluha.
 - o-i'-hdu-ha-pi, n. citizenship. T., oigluhapi.
 - o-i'-hdu-so-ta, v. reflex. to use one's self up, to go all away, said of the ducks all leaving. See ohdusota and ihdusota. T., oiglusota.
 - o-i'-hdu-śi-ća, v. reflex. to injure one's self in the estimation of others, get one's self into difficulty omihdusića. T., oiglusica. ihduśića.

- o-i'-hdu-ze, n. of ihduza; what |o'-in-kpa|, n. one puts on, clothing.
- o-i'-he-ya, v. a. of iheya; to shoot into—oihewaya.
- o-i'-he-ye, n. the place where the shot is sent.
- $z \circ -i' h u \eta n i$, v = a. of ihunni; to land in or at—oiwahunni.
- o-i'-huŋ-ni, n. a landing, harbor, port: oihunni waste, a good landing.
- o i' k p a t a, $v \cdot n$ of ikpi and ta; to be still-born.
- o-i'-kpa-ţa, n. T an abortion.
- o-i'-le-le-ke, n. T. a thief.
- o-i'-na-pa, v. of inapa; to yo or come out into-oinawapa.
- o-i'-na-pe, n. a place of coming
- o-i'-na-pe-dan, n. dim. of oi-
- o-i'-na-pe-ya, adv. appearing, as the summits of hills that first become bare of snow.
- o-i'-na-ta-ka, v. of nataka; to lock in, as in a house—oinawataka.
- o-i'-na-źiŋ, n. of inaźiŋ; a stand- o-i'-pu-ta-ke, n. of iputaka; a kiss. ing place, starting place.
- o-i'-na-zin-ta, n. the place of standing, the goal.
- o-in', v. to wear, as rings, in the ears T., owin.
- o i n', n. an ear or nose jewel. owin.
- o-in'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to wear, as jewels—oinwakiya. T., owinkiya.

- the end of anything. See inkpa.
- o'-iŋ-kpa-ta, adv. at the end. See inkpata.
- o'-in-kpa-ya, *adv*. at the beginning, in the first place
- o-in'-na, n. ear-jewels. T., owinla. See oin.
- o-in'-pi, n. ear-rings, jewels. T., owinpi.
- o-in'-pi-dan, ear-drops, jewels.
- o-in'-tan-ka, n. a large car-dror.
- o'-in-tpa, n. the end of anything; i. q. oinkpa.
- o'-in-tpa-ta, adv. at the end; i. q. oinkpata.
- o-i'-pa-ksan, n. a bend, crook, angle. See ipakśan.
- o-i'-pa-ktan, n. T. a bend in a stream: i. q. oiyuktan.
- o-i'-pe-ya, n. T. a sheltered place; a warm place out of the wind: i, q oblula.
- o i' pi ya ke, n. of ipiyaka; the place around which the girdle is put, the waist.
- o i' s e, n. the outer corner, as of a house.
- o-i'-śta-wan-źi-la, n. T. a steady gaze, a fixed look.
- or nose—owain, oyain, unkoinpi. o i' stin be, n of istinbe; a place to sleep in, a bed-room. T, oisting.
 - $T_{\cdot,\cdot} \mid 0 i' i + i + i m a$, $n_{\cdot,\cdot} \mid n_{\cdot,\cdot} \mid n_{\cdot,\cdot$ bed-room.
 - o-i'-ton-śni, r. of itonśni; to lie, tell a lie respecting one—oiwatonśni. T., owewakan; owewakankan.

- o-i'-ton-sni, n. a lie, falsehood.

 T., owewakankan.
- o-i'-ton-sni-yan, adv. lying, falsely. T., owewakankanyan.
- o-i'-ya-be, n of iyabe; a dispersion, a hunting.
- o-i'-ya-be-ya, v. a. to make a hunting excursion—oiyabewaya.
- o-i'-ya-be-ye, n. a hunting, hunting-ground.
- o-i'-ya-han, v. n. of iyahan; to alight down in.
- o-i'-ya-hde, v. n. of iyahde; to reach to, reach from one to another.
- o-i'-ya-hde-ya, v. a. to cause to reach to—oiyahdewaya See iyahdeya.
- o-i'-ya-hde-ya, adv. reaching to.
- o-i'-ya-he, n. of iyahan; a lighting down in.
- o-i'-ya-hpe-ya, v. T. ćannonpa oiyahpeya, to hold up the pipe to, as the Dakotas do to the Great Spirit before smoking.
- o-i'-ya-hpe-ye, n. what can be thrown over the back of a horse, as, oiyahpeye wanzidan, one load: candulupa oiyahpeye, the end of the pipe-stem that is held in the mouth. T., oyape. See iyahpeya.
- o-i'-ya-ka-śka, v.a. to tie into—oiyawakaśka. See iyakaśka.
- o-i'-ya-ka-śke, n. a tying into, a knot.
- o-i'-yam, cont. of oiyanpa.
- o-i'-ya-ni-ća, v. n. to be prevented in—oiyamanića. See iyanića.

- o-i'-ya-ni-će, n. prevention; costiveness.
- o i' y a n i n, cont. of oiyanića. T., oiyanil.
- o-i'-ya-nin-ya, v.a. to prevent, be the cause of prevention: oiyanin-i@iye \u00e4ni wo, John xx, 27, do not be yourself prevented, do not stand in your own way, "be not faithless." T, oiyanilya.
- o-i'-yan-pa, v. of iyanpa; to breathe out of, as an otter out of a hole; oiyam wanka, he lies breathing out of the hole. T., oniya yunka.
- o-i'-yan-pe, n. a hole or breathing place. T., oniya ohloka.
- o-i'-yan-pe-dan, n. a hole, as of a muskrat.
- o-i'-ye-ki-ye, n. of iyekiya; recognition.
- o-i'-ye-ya, v. See oieya.
- o-i'-yo-blu-ya and o-i'-yoblu-ye-la, adj. or n. T. a calm; oiyobluya hiyeya, it grows calm. See ioblula and iyoblula.
- o i' y o h n a g, cont. of oiyohnaka; oiyohnag tonana, a few mouthfuls.
- o-i'-yo-h n a-k a, n. of iyohnaka; a mouthful, very little.
- o-i'-yo-hlo-ka, n. T. the mouth of a stream; an opening into. See iyohloke.
- o'-i-yo-hpa-ya, v. to fall into—oiyowahpamda. See iyohpaya.
- o'-i-yo-h pe-ya, v. a. to throw or cast into, to go into, as into a river at a ford—oiyohpewaya. See iyohpeya.

- o'-i-yo-hpe-ye, n. a place of going into, a ford. T., oiyohpaya.
- o'-i-yo-ki-pi, adj. pleasant, agreeable.
- o'-i-yo-ki-pi, v.n. to be pleased with—oiyomakipi, oiyonićipi. See iyokipi.
- o'=i-yo-ki-pi-ya, adv. pleasantly, agreeably.
- o'-i-yo-ki-śi-ća, adj. T. disagreeable, as the weather; unhappy. feeling badly—oiyomakiśića.
- o-i'-yo-kpa-za, n. T. darkness. See okpaza.
- o-i'-yo-kpas-ya, adv. darkty.
- o-i'-yo-kpas-ya, v. a. to make dark.
- o-i'-yo-pe-ye, n. of iyopeya; payment for anything; what is given in exchange; money, as, oiyopeye manića, I have no money.
- o-i'-yo-tan-ke, n. of iyotanka; a seat, a sitting place.
- o-i'-yu-ktan, n. of yuktan; a bend. T, oipaktan.
- a place where a band goes round.
- o-i'-yu-we-ge, n. of iyuwega; the place of crossing a stream, a ford; the name of Traverse des Sioux.
- o-ka'-ća-ģi and o-ka'-ća-ģu, v. See okadya. $T_{\cdot\cdot}$, oġu.
- o-ka'-da, v.a. to lay eggs, as fowls o'-ka-ga-tan-han, adv. from do: Magáokada wi, the moon when the geese lay eggs, April and sometimes May; to pour out into, as grain of any kind; to scatter in or on, sow, plant—owakada, unkokadapi. T., witka ton, to lay eggs.

- o k a' d a d a, v. red. of okada.
- o-ka'-da-i-he-ya, v to load a gun in haste without a wad-okadaihewaya.
- o-ka'-dus, cont. of okaduza.
- o-ka'-dus-ya, adv. airy.
- o k a' d u z a, v. n. to blow through or into, blow on one-omakaduza. See kaduza.
- o-ka'-du-za, n. air in motion, a draught of wind
- o-kad'-ya or o-kan'-ya, v. okadyağı and okadyağı, to be scorched in. T., ogu.
- o-ka'-gla-ye-la, adv. T. near to, close by.
- o-ka'-ga, n. things made in the same manner, kinds; a bundle of arrows made alike.
- o-ka'-ġa, v. a. to make after a model, copy—owakaga, unkokagapi.
- $o k a' \dot{g} a$, v n, to stick into, as something sharp: wićape omakaga, a prickle sticks in me.
- o-i'-yu-ski-te, n. of iyuskita; o'-ka-ga, n. the south. T., itokaga.
 - o'-ka-ga, adv. southwards; down stream, since the streams in the Dakota country run southwards. T., itokaga; hutabya.
 - o-ka'-ġa-pi, n. a copy, model,
 - the south; from below, down stream. T., itokagatanhan.
 - o-ka'-ġe, n. of kaġa; something that is made.
 - o \mathbf{k} a' $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ e $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ e, n of ka $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ e $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ e; a place where anything is sewed, a seam.

- o-ka'-ġe-źu-ya, adv. whilst, between, beyond: malipiya okaġeźuya, among or beyond the clouds. See ićaġeźuya.
- o'-ka-hda, adv. of kahda; by the side of; okahda mda. T., okagla and ićagla; okaglayela, near to, close by.
- o-ka'-hi, v. n. T. to hang over, as the hair over the face.
- o k a' h i k a, n. T. one whose hair hangs over the face; one who has bangs.
- o-ka'-hi-ya, v. a. T. to make hang over.
- o-ka'-hi-ya, adv. T. hanging over.
- o-kah', cont. of okága: okah waste, of good form.
- o'-kali, cont. of ókaga; to the south; ókali uŋyaŋpi, we go southwards. T., itokali.
- o'-ka-libog, cont. of ókaliboka. T., kaliwog.
- o'-ka-libog-ya, v. a. to cause to float down stream—ókalibogwaya. T., kaliwogya, to make float in the air.
- o'-ka-libo-ka, v. n. of kaliboka; to float along, to be borne on the water or in the air. T., kaliwoka, to float on the air. See okalipa.
- o'-ka-libo-ka, n. a drift, a float; a waif. T., kaliwoka.
- o-ka'-hde-ća, v. a. of kahdeća; to tear a hole in, tear in pieces, to fracture—owakahdeća.
- o-ka'-hde-će, n. a rent, a fracture.

- o-ka'-liden, cont. of okalideća; okaliden iyeya.
- o-ka'-hdog, cont. of okahdoka; okahdog iyeya.
- o-ka'-hdo-ka, v. a. to make its way through, as water through cloth, to come through—omaka-hdoka.
- o-ka'-lido-ke, n. of kalidoka; a hole broken through.
- o'-kah-hi-ya-ya, v. T. to float by; to drift.
- o'-kah-ki-ya, adv. southwards, down stream. T., itokahkiya.
- o-ka'-limin, n. a corner; a bay. See mdećalimin.
- o-ka'-lini-ġa, v.a. to understand, comprehend—owakaliniġa, oyaka-liniġa, unkokaliniġapi; omayaka-liniġa, thou comprehendest me. See okićaliniġa.
- o-ka'-hnih, cont. of okahniga; okahnih waste, easy to understand; okahnihpića, comprehensible; okahnihpića śni, not capable of being understood.
- o-ka'-linili-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to understand—okaliniliwakiya.
- o-ka'-hnih-ya, v. a. to make to comprehend, explain to one—okahnihwaya.
- o-ka'-lio, v. n. to travel around much, wander about—owakalio, unkokaliopi. T., okaliwoka.
- o-ka'-hpa, v. a. of kahpa; to make fall into by striking—owakahpa.
- o-ka'-hpa, v. n. to float down on, as on a river. See okahboka.

- o-ka'-hpa-hpa, n. ćan okahpa-lo-ka'-mda, n. of kamda; a piece lipa, chips.
- o-ka'-hpu, v. a. of kahpu; to knock or brush off into—owakalipu.
- o-ka'-htan, v. n. of kahtan; to soak in, become soaked.
- o-ka'-htan-yan, v. a. to dip in, sop up, sponge-okahtanwaya: to soak in, absorb. See okapon.
- o-ka'-htan-ye, n. a sponge; i. q. mini iyuhepe.
- o'-kah-wa-pa, adv. southwards.
- o k a' h w o k a, v n. T. to float in the air. See okahboka and okaho.
- o'-kah-ya, v. a. T. to cause to float down stream.
- o'-kah-ya, adv. T. floating.
- o-ka'-kan, v. of kakan; to hew in anything-owakakan.
- o-ka'-ka-pa, v. a. to catch, as a ball in a ball-club or in the handowakakapa.
- o-ka'-kin, v. to peep into. See aokakin and aokasin.
- o-ka'-kiś-ya, adv. T. abusively.
- o-ka'-kpan, v. n. to be broken up in
- o-ka'-ksa, v.a. of kaksa; to cut a hole into or through, as in ice; to break through in, to fall in-owakaksa.
- o-ka'-kse, n. pieces cut out, cuttings; a notch cut in.
- o-ka'-kśan, adv. around about, by a roundabout way.
- $o k a' k \acute{s} e$, n. of kak $\acute{s}a$; a roll of ribbon or cloth, a skein of thread.

- cut off broad and flat, as meat cut for drying; a slice.
- o k a' m d a y a, adv. of kamdaya; without obstruction, expanded; plain, level; freely, as in discoursing.
- o-ka'-mda-ye, n. a level place, T., oblaye. a plain.
- o-ka'-mde-ća, v. a. of kamdeća; to break to pieces in anything-owakamdeća.
- $o ka' mde \epsilon a$, v. n. forth, spread out, as in freshets: mini okamdeća, the water has spread out.
- o-ka'-mde-ća-han, part. broken
- o-ka'-mde-će, n. a breaking in.
- o-ka'-mden, cont. of okamdeća: okamden iyeya, to break or crush to pieces in.
- o-ka'-mdu, *v. n.* to blow into, as the wind does. Compare kamdu.
- o k a' m d u y a, adv. airy, admitting air: okamduya han, standing open so as to admit air, as a door, etc.
- o-ka'-mna, v. to avoid, to go around; okamna ećon, to do in a crowd.
- o-ka'-mna, adv. T. avoiding, eschewing
- o-ka'-mna, adj. open, as a wood where there is no underbrush
- o-ka'-mna, n. of kamna; a gathering, collection: okamna waste, it is good gathering.



- o-ka'-mna-yaŋ, adv. going round, avoiding, taking care, picking one's steps, as in walking: okamnayaŋ mani, he walks carefully.
- o-kan', cont. of okata. T., okal.
- o k a n' y a , v. a. to heat in—okanwaya. See kanya.
- o-kan'-ya, adv. by the heat, heating: okanya śpanyan, to toast, cook by the heat; okanya ġi, to scorch in anything; okanya ġu, to be scorched by holding near the fire. T., iyokalya.
- o-kan', v. n. there is room, room for; it is not crowded—omakan, unkokanpi: okan śni, there is no room. See ocikan, kiyukan, etc.
- o-kan', n. of kan; old age. T., kan.
- o-kay'-o-hi, v. to live to be old, reach old age—okayowahi. T., kay ihuni.
- o-kan'-ta, adv. at old age; at the last, at the end: okanta waste, good in the end.
- o-kan'-te-han, v. n. (okan and tehan) to be long becoming old, bear old age well.
- o-kan'-te-hi, v. n. (okan and tehi) to be long becoming old.
- o-ka'-pa, v. n. to be spoiled by standing in a vessel.
- o-ka'-pan, v. of kapan; to pound in—owakapan.
- o-ka'-pan, n. something used for pounding in, as a mortar.
- o-ka'-pa-za, v. to make smart, as pepper does the mouth—oma-kapaza.

- o-ka'-pe, n. what is pounded at once.
- o'-ka-pe, n. the mark or boundary, as in ball playing. T., wasabglepi. See kapa or kape.
- o'-ka-pe-ya, v. a. to throw over the mark—okapewaya. T., ekapeya.
- o-ka'-po, v. to make swell in by striking.
- o-ka'-pon, cont. of okapota; to float on: walipaya mini okapon iyaya, the household stuff has floated off. T., okapol, to soak in water. See okalitanyan.
- o-ka'-pon-ya, v. a. to cause to float on—okaponwaya. T., okapolya, to put in water to soak.
- o-ka'-po-ta, v. n. to be borne upon, float on water; to soak.
- o-ka'-pta, v. a. 1. to leave, reserve; to pass over, miss. See oyapta, oyupta, etc. 2. to dip out into, lade out. See kapta—owakapta, unkokaptapi.
- o-ka'-pta-pi, n. what is left, leavings, remnants.
- o-ka'-pte, v. to lade out into. See okapta.
- o-ka'-sbu, n. of kasbu; T. fringe: sina kasbupi, a shawl with fringe.
- o-ka'-sda-će-dan, adj. gentle, mild. See wahbadan.
- o-ka'-sda-ta, v. n. to stick in, as a splinter.
- o-ka'-s de-ća, v. a. of kasdeća; to split within anything—owakasdeća.

- b-ka'-sdo-han, v. n. of kasdohan; o'-ka-śe-ye-dan, adv. close to: to make a trail by being dragged along in T., oyuslohan.
- o-ka'-sdo-he, n. a mark of any-T., ićago; oyuslohe.
- o k a' s d o s d o, v. a. to bruise, mash or crush in—owakasdosdo.
- o'-ka-sin, v. to look into. See aokasin, kas'in, and okakin.
- o-ka'-slo-he, adj. T. bold; immodest.
- o-ka'-spe-ya, v. to make sink into; to immerse.
- o-ka'-stag, cont. of okastaka; okastag iyeya and okastag elipeya, to throw on or in, as mud.
- o-ka'-sta-ka, v. a. of kastaka; to throw on or in, make stick on, as in daubing a house—owakastaka.
- o-ka'-sto, n. of kasto; a trail in the grass as that made by an otter.
- o-ka'-ś'ag-ya, adv. hindering, preventing, prevented by; ókas'agya waun, I am hindered See kas'agya.
- o'-ka-ś'a-ka, v. n. to be prevented by, have to stop and remedy-6ma-T., iwaś'akeśni. kaś'aka.
- o-ka'-śa-ka, v. n. to be accustomed to, to be hardened by, not affected by, as by annoyances—omakaśaka. T., wakiś'agkićun.
- o'-ka- $\acute{s}e$, v. n. to touch. See $\acute{o}ka$ śeya. $T_{\cdot,i}$ ipuskića.
- o'-ka-śe-ya, adv. touching, near · to: ti okaśeya, near the house. ikanyela.

- okaśeyeyedan okatan, to drive a nail up to the head. T., ipuskilya; uhutaglezela.
- thing dragged along, a trace, a trail. o-ka'-ska, v. a. of kaska; to tie into, as a scalp in a hoop; to fasten up, as a green hide to dry—owakaska, unkokaskapi.
 - o-ka'-śkan, v.n. to be injured internally, as a woman during pregnancy—omakaśkan: oihdaśkan, to hurt one's self inwardly. See oyuśkan.
 - o-ka'-śkaŋ-toŋ, v. a. forth before its time—okaśkanwaton.
 - o-ka'-śkan-ton-pi, n. an abor-
 - o-ka'-śke, n. of kaśka; a binding, tying, fastening up: okaške wašte, good to tie, good to catch.
 - o'- ka- $\acute{s}ke$, adj. large at one end and small at the other.
 - o'-ka- $\acute{s}ke$, n. T. the large end of a thing.
 - o-ka'-śki, v. n. to be mashed in, or become jelly, as berries carried in a vessel; to pound or mash in.
 - o ka' ki ce, v. n. T.to be mashed in, made jelly of.
 - o-ka'-śna, v. a. of kaśna; to miss, to pass over, as a day; appetu okaśna śni yahi, thou comest every day-owakaśna, unkokaśnapi.
 - o-ka'-śpa, v. a. of kaśpa; to strike a piece off in; to expectorate in owakaśpa.
 - o-ka'-spe, n. a piece struck off.



- smite one in a place, as in a houseowakastaka.
- o-ka'-śta-ke, n. a smiting, punishment.
- o-ka'-śtan, v. a. of kaśtan; to pour o-ka'-win-ġa, v. n. of kawinga; into, fill into, said of liquids—owakastan, unkokastanpi.
- o-ka-ta', v. a. to cover up in, as fire in a stove—owakata. See akata.
- o-ka'-ta, v n. of kata; to be warm inside: tiokata, a warm house. See ivokata.
- o-ka'-ta, n. heat.
- nail or pin, to nail, make fast with nails—owakatan See iyokatan and katan.
- o-ka'-tkan, v. See okatkin.
- o-ka'-tkin, v. n. of tkin; to become of furs; said also of damp warm weather, as, han okatkin, the night o'-ka-ze-ze, v. n is damp. T., oću; ospaye.
- o-ka'-tku, v. to break through, as 'o'-ka-ze-ze-ya, adv. through ice—owakatku. T., kaoksa. See katku.
- o-ka'-tku-ġe, n. something that turns and makes fast, a screw, a nut of a bolt; a screw-driver: okatkuge nahomni, he has screwed his See katkuga.
- o-ka'-ton, v. n. to abound; to en-o-ka'-źa-ya, adv large in one's operations.
- o-ka'-te, n. of kata; to beat to death o'-k é a n, n. of yukéan; comprehendin; okate śića, it is difficult beating him to death, as anything in a hole.

- o k a' sta k a, v. a. of kastaka; to o k a' tins, cont. of okatinza; okatins iyeya.
 - o-ka'-tin-za, v. a. to pound in tight, make tight, fill up-owakatinza. See katinza.
 - to go round and round at a distance: okawinga waun ka wahdi, I have been round and come home.
 - o-ka'-winh, cont. of okawinga; okawinh ya, to go round and round. as the sun does.
 - o-ka'-winh-ya, adv. round and round.
- o-ka'-tan, v. a. to drive in, as a o-ka'-za, n of kazá; an atom, a particle, a string or thread, as of takan. See káza.
 - o-ka'-ze, v. n.okaze kićun, to skate, slide on the ice—okaze wećun. T., ćahićaze kićun.
 - damp, contract dampness, as a pack o-ka'-ze, v. a. of kazé; to dip out into-owakaze, unkokazepi.
 - to swing, as anything suspended from a cord,
 - swinging, dangling. See kazezeya.
 - o'-ka-zi-ća-hde, adv. some distance off, far off: okazićahde iću, to take by reaching or stretching one's arms to. T., kaiyuzeya. See iyokazićahde.
 - legs, said when one is very tired. o'-ka-zi-ća-hde-ya, adv. some distance off.
 - between, in the forks of. See kaźa.
 - ing, understanding; okćan waste, easy of comprehension. T., iyukéan.

- o k d e', v. Ih. i. q. ohdé.
- o'-kde, n. Ih. a shirt, a coat: i. q. onliohda. See ohde.
- o k i', a prefix to verbs, signifying of two prepositional particles from ohna and ki.
- o ki' ba ksa, v. a. of baksa; tocut with a knife through the middleokibawaksa.
- o-ki'-ba-mda-za, v. a. of bamdaza; to rip open in the middleokibawamdaza.
- o-ki'-ba-mde-ća, v. a. of bamdeća; to break through the middle, as a plate by cutting on it—okibawanideća.
- o-ki'-ba-ptu-źa, v. a. of baptuźa; to crack in the middle with a knife—okibawaptuźa.
- o-ki'-ba-sde-ća, v. a. of basdeća; to slit, rip down, as a log or board, in the middle, with a saw—okibawasdeća.
- o-ki'-ba-śpa, v. a. of baśpa; to cut in two in the middle, or halve with a knife, as an apple—okibawaśpa.
- o-ki'-ba-śpu, v. a. of baśpu; to halve, as a potato, etc., with a knife okibawaspu.
- o'-ki-be, n. a seam, a joint. okime. See ókihe.
- o'-ki-be, v. n. to join, meet, go round, encircle.
- round or encircle—okibewaya.
- o'-ki-be-ya, *adv*. encircling.

- o-ki'-bo-ptu-źa, v. a. of boptuźa; to split in the middle by shooting or punching—okibowaptuźa.
- through the middle: this is made up o k i' é a h a, v. a. to tie one thing to another—okiwakalia.
 - o-ki'-ća-lini-ga, v. a. of okaliniga; to understand, to comprehend—okiwakaliniga.
 - o-ki'-ća-ksa, v. a. of kaksa; to cut in two in the middle, as a stick, with an ax—okiwakaksa
 - o-ki'-ća-mda-za, v. a. of kamdaza; to cut or rip open in the middle—okiwakamdaza.
 - o-ki'-ća-mde-ća, v a. of kamdeća; to break in two in the middle. as a plate, etc., by striking—okiwa kamdeća.
 - o-ki'-ćan-ye, n. of kićanyan; work; tillage, cultivation: okićanye ota, complicated, as a piece of mechanism.
 - o-ki'-ća-ptuś, cont, of okićaptuźa: okićaptuś iyeya.
 - o-ki'-ća-ptu-źa, v. a. of kaptuźa; to crack or split in the middle by striking—okiwakaptuźa.
 - o-ki'-ća-sde-ća, v. a. to split in two, as a log, in the middle—okiwa-T, okićasleća. See iyokasdeća kićasdeća
 - o-ki' ća-sden, cont. of okićasdeća; okićasden iyeya. T., okićaslel
- o'-ki-be-ya, v.a to cause to go o-ki'-éa-śka, ≀.a. of kaśka; to tie into, knot, tie knots-okiwakaska. See iyokićaška.

- o-ki'-ća-śpa, v. a. of kaśpa; to smite in two'in the middle—okiwa-kaśpa. See iyokićaśpa.
- o-ki'-ća-śtan, v. of okaśtan; to pour one's own into: to pour into for one—owećaśtan.
- o-ki'-ći-ća-śtan, v. of okaśtan; to pour into for one, as into a vial, etc.—owećićaśtan.
- o-ki'-ći-ćiŋ, v. of oćiŋ; to desire of one for another—owećićiŋ: okićićiŋpi, they desire of each other.
- o-ki'-ći-ći-ya, v. of okiya; okićićiyapi, they talk together, make peace.
- o-ki'-ći-ćo, n. of kićo; inviting cach other, feasting.
- o-ki'-ći-de, v. of ode; to seek anything for another—owećide, omićide. T., okićile.
- o-ki'-ći-do-ta, v. of odota; to borrow of one for another—oweći-dota: onićidota, he borrows of thee; okićidotapi, they borrow of each other. T., okićilota.
- o-ki'-ći-ġe-pi, n. of kiġe; scolding each other; mutual recrimination. T., ahoyekićiyapi.
- o-ki'-ći-haŋ, v. of ohaŋ; to boil anything for another—owećihaŋ.
- o-ki'-éi-hna-ka, v. a. of ohnaka; to put or place in for one—owećihnaka, omićihnaka.
- o-ki'-ćin, v. of oćin; to ask or desire of one, beg something of one—owakićin, omakićin, unkokićinpi.
- o-ki'-ći-pa, v. of opa; to follow for anything, obey, as commands—owećipa, unkokićipapi.

- o-ki'-ći-wa, v. of owa; to write for one—owećiwa.
- o-ki'-ći-wa-śte, adj. of waśte; good 'together, as two things eaten together.
- o'-ki-ći-ya, v. of ókiya; to help another: ókićićiyapi, they help each other.
- o-ki'-ći-ya-pta, v. of oyapta; to leave a part of one's food for him.
- o-ki'-éi-ya-sin, v. n. to cling to each other, as several potatoes hauging together; said also of dogs fastened together after copulation. See okiyasin.
- o-ki'-éi-yu-siŋ-pi, v. recip. of oyusin; to fall out with one another, quarrel.
- o-ki'-éi-yu-śtan, v. of oyuśtan; to put one into another for one, as one kettle into another—owećiyu-śtan, omićiyuśtan.
- o-ki'-ći-yu-ze, n. of yuza; taking each other, as in marriage. See oyuze.
- o-ki'-ći-ze, n. of kićiza; war, fighting a battle.
- o-ki'-ći-źi, v. to whisper to one another.
- o-ki'-ći-źi-pi, n. whispering.
- o-ki'-ći-źi-ya, adv. whisperingly.
- o-ki'-ći-źu, v.a. of oźu; to fill for another, plant for another—owećiźu
- o-ki'-çu-ni-ća, v.n. to be made angry, to be offended: ćante oweçunića, my heart is disturbed.

- o-ki'-ću-nin, cont. of okiću-o'-ki-he, n. a joint, as of a finger, nića.
- o-ki'-ću-nin-ya, v. a. to provoke to anger, to offend-okićuninwaya; ćante okićuninmayaya, thou hast made me angry.
- o-ki'-éun, v. to put paint on one's self: maka okićun, to daub one's self with earth—owećun. T., kićun.
- o-ki'-de, v. pos. of ode; to seek for one's own—owakide, unkokidepi.
- o-ki'-do-ta, v. of odota; to borrow anything of one—owakidota, unkokidotapi, očićidota.
- o-ki'-gla-hni-ga, v. reflex. T. i. q. okihdalmiğa—oweglalmiğa.
- o-ki'-han, v. pos. of ohan; to put on, wear one's own, as one's own moccasins—owakihan.
- o-ki'-han, v. pos. of ohan; to boil one's own; to boil for one owakihe. See okićihan.
- o'-ki-han, v. a. to follow or be after one, in traveling; to follow in years, be younger than—owakihan, ounkihanpi: waniyetu yamni omayakihan, thou art three years younger than I. See ókihe.
- o'-ki-hay, v. n. to grow again, as anything cut off.
- o-ki'-hda-hni-ġa, v. reflex. know or understand what pertains to one's self—owehdaliniga. ohdaliniga and okaliniga.
- o-ki'-hde, v. pos. of ohde.
- o-ki'-hde-ton-ton, inlayers. T., okignagtonton. See okimdahan.

- etc. See ókibe.
- o'-ki-he, adj. next to, following, second. See iyokihe and ókihan.
- o'-ki-he-ya, adv. secondly, after.
- o-ki'-hi, v. a. to be able, to be able for, able to accomplish—owakihi, unkokihipi, omakihi. See óhi and ohika.
- o-ki'-hi-dan, v. dim. of okihi.
- o-ki'-hi-ka, v. n. to be able; okilika hećinhan ećon śni, if he is able to do it, why does he not?
- o-ki'-hi-ki-ya, v. a. to make able for—okihiwakiya.
- o-ki'-hi-pi-ća, adj. that can be done, possible: okihipića śni, impossible.
- o-ki'-hi-ya, v. a. to render able, cause to be able for—okihiwaya, okihiuŋyaŋpi.
- o-ki'-hi-ya, adv. according to ability.
- o-ki'-hua-ka, v. pos. of olmaka; to place one's own in.
- o-ki'-hnuŋ-ka, v n. of kihnuŋka or kilmuka; to dive or put one's head under water in a vessel or bath.
- o-ki'-hay, v. of ohay; to do to one, commonly used in a bad sense owakihan.
- o-ki'-haŋ-śuŋ-ke-ća, v.a. to do badly to, treat like a dog; to destroy what one has depended on, as food; not to give food to-owakihansunkeća, unkokihansunkećapi.



- o-ki'-haŋ-yaŋ, v. of ohaŋyaŋ; to do to, act towards—owakihaŋyaŋ, uŋkokihaŋyaŋpi.
- o-ki'-hpa, v. to rest, remain in the same place, not to remove—owakihpa, unkokihpapi.
- o k i' h p a p i, n. a resting, a rest: appetu okihpapi, the day of rest, the Sabbath.
- o-ki'-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to lie by or rest—okihpewakiya.
- o-ki'-lipe-ya, v. a. to cause to lie by or rest—okilipewaya.
- o-ki'-kpa-ni, v. a. to be unable for a thing, be impotent—owaki-kpani, unkokikpanipi: i. q. oki-tpani.
- o-ki'-kpa-ni-ya, v. a. to render unable—okikpaniwaya.
- o-ki'-kpa-ni-yan, adv. not being able, incompetently: okikpaniyan waun, I am unable.
- o k i' k s a m , cont. of okiksapa.
- o-ki'-ksam-ya, adv. wisely:
 okiksamya waun, I am acting wisely.
- o k i' k s a m y a, v. a. to cause to experience or know—okiksamwaya: okiksamićiya, to make one's self wise.
- o-ki'-ksa-pa, v. n. of ksapa; to be wise in respect to; to have gained wisdom by experience—owakiksapa.
- o-ki'-ksu-ye, n. remembrance.
- o-ki'-ksu-ye, v. a. of kiksuya; to remember; okiksuye waśte, it is easily remembered.
- o-ki'-kśu, v. pos. to fill one's own; to put into one's own, as into one's pocket.

- o k i' k ś u , v. pos. of oźu; to plant or sow one's own, as a field—owekśu, uŋkokikśupi. T, okiźu. See okśu.
- o-ki'-mda-han, adj. many-coated, as an onion; in layers or leaves, as a book. T., okignagtonton. See okihdetonton.
- o k i' m d a w a h a ŋ, adj. Same as okimdahaŋ. See yumda.
- o-ki'-mdo-ton-ton, adj. of ondoton; having many corners, angular. T., oblotonton.
- o-ki'-mi-ni-he-éa, v. n. of miniheéa; to be smart in doing anything. T., okibliheéa—owakibliheéa.
- o'-ki-na-han, adv. Ih. perhaps. It occurs at the beginning of a clause. See ókini and naceca.
- o-ki'-na-ksa, v. a of naksa; to break anything in two in the middle with the foot—okinawaksa.
- o-ki'-na-mda-ġa, v. n. of namdaġa; to burst open, as corn in boiling.
- o-ki'-na-mda-za, v. n. of namdaza; to burst, as corn in boiling
- o-ki'-na-mde-ća, v.a. to break in two, as a plate, etc., by trampling on it—okinawamdeća. See namdeća.
- o-ki'-na-mden, cont. of okinamdeća; okinamden iyeya.
- o-ki'-na ptuś, *cont*. of okinaptuźa.
- o-ki'-na-ptu-źa, v. n. of naptuźa; to crack or burst open,

- o-ki'-na-sde-éa, v. n. of nasdeća; to split or burst open lengthwise.
- o-ki'-na-śpa, v. a. of naśpa; to divide in the middle, break off—okinawaśpa.
- o'-ki-ni, adv. perhaps, possibly. T., owekinahanś. Used at the beginning of a clause. See okinahan and naćeća. The latter word is used at the end of a clause.
- o-ki'-ni, v. a. to share, receive a part in a division; to obtain a share, in any way, where there is a small amount—owakini, unkokinipi.
- o.-ki'-ni-han, v. a. T. to single out, either for praise or blame—owakinihan.
- o-ki'-ni-haŋ, *adj*. of kinihaŋ; honorable.
- o-ki'-ni-haŋ-yaŋ, *adv. honored; honorably; okinihaŋyaŋ uŋ, to be honored; selected, singled out; okinihaŋyaŋ makuwa.
- o'- k i n i h, adv. suddenly T., ignulænla
- o'-ki-ni-hin, adv. suddenly.
- o-ki'-ni-ki-ya, v. a. to give a share of, cause to partake—okiniwakiya, okinimakiya.
- o-ki'-ni-ya, v. n. of niya; to gasp, breathe as one dying—owa-kiniya, uŋkokiniyapi. T., éuwi okiniya.
- o-ki'-ni-ya, v. a. See okinikiya. o-ki'-ni-ya, n. the breast, as that part from which one breathes. T., maku.

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- o-kin'-han, v. n. to cease from: okinhan wanića, without rest, unceasing.
- o-kin'-yan, v. n. of kinyan; to fly in.
- o-kin'-yan, adj. okinyan waste, docile, gentle. T., okun.
- o-ki'-pa, v. pos. of opa; to go in one's own boat, to follow or obey one's own, to follow, as one does the habits or trade of his father: atkuku ohan okipa, he follows his father's business—owakipa.
- o-ki'-pa-kśa, n. a band; a division or bar, as in music.
- o-ki'-pa-ta, v. a. of patá; to join one to the other, to patch on—okiwapata. T., oyaskabton.
- o-ki'-pa-ta-pi, n. patch-work.
- o-ki'-pe, v. Same as okipa.
- o-ki'-pe-ća, v.n. to do as one has been accustomed to do—owakipeća.
- o-ki'-pe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to follow one's own—okipewakiya.
- o-ki'-pe-mni, v. pos. of opemni; to wrap around one's own—owakipemni.
- o-ki'-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to follow one's own—okipewaya.
- o k i' p e y a, adv. following: okipeya waun.
- o-ki'-pi, v. of kipi; to be large enough for, to hold, admit, receive--omakipi, oničipi, unkokipipi.
- o k i' p i , adj. capacious, holding much.
- o-ki'-pi-ya, adv. admitting, receiving.

- o-ki'-sa-pa, v. n. of kisapa; to become bare, as a spot of ground, while the snow remains around.
- o-ki'-se, n. a part, the half, half of anything cut in two, as a potato. See iyokise.
- o-ki'-se-le-ya, adv. T. sidewise: okiseleya yanka, to sit sidewise, as a white woman rides.
- o-ki'-so-ta, v. n. of sota; to be used up, all gone.
- o-ki'-sta-ka, v. n. to be enfeebled by or on account of: witho okistaka, to be enfeebled by debauch; istimma okistaka, to be feeble or listless, as when just awakened from sleep.
- o-ki'-ta-he-dan, adv. between.

 T., okogna. See iyokitahedan, ituokitahedan, and otahedan.
- o-ki'-ta-he-pi, adv. between one place and another. T, iyokogna. See okootahela and otahepi.
- o-ki'-taŋ-iŋ, v. n. to appear, be conspicuous, as a hill. See otaŋiŋ.
- o-ki'-tan-in, n. manifestation, perspicuity: okitanin waste, a good manifestation.
- o-ki'-tan-in-yan, adv. manifestly, gloriously.
- o-ki'-tpa-ni, v. Same as. okikoani.
- o-ki'-tpa-ni-ya, v. to cause to be unable. Same as okikpaniya.
- o-ki'-tpa-ni-yaŋ, adv. Same as okikpaniyaŋ.
- o-ki'-ţa, v. n. to be tired with, fatigued or worn out by; to be made sick by—owakiţa.

- o-ki'-te-ye-la, adv. T. too large, bulky.
- o-ki'-uŋ-ni-yaŋ, v. of kiuŋniyaŋ; to be injured internally. T., kiuŋniyaŋ.
- o-ki'-uŋ-ni-ye, n. an injury, a wound.
- o-ki'-wa, v. pos. of owa; to write one's own, as one's name—owakiwa, unkokiwapi. T., oićiwa.
- o-ki'-wan-ka, v. pos. of owanka; to resemble one's own. See owangya.
- o-ki'-waŋ-źi-la, adv. T. uniform, alike.
- o'-ki-ya, v. a. to help, assist one in anything—ówakiya, óuŋkiyapi, ómakiya, óciciya.
- o-ki'-ya, va. to talk with; to court, as a man courts a woman; to make peace with—owakiya, unkokiyapi, oćićiya.
- o-ki'-yag, cont. of okiyaka; he okiyag wahi, I have come to tell him that.
- o-ki'-ya-ka, v. a. of oyaka; to tell anything to one—owakiyaka and owakimdaka, oyakidaka, unkokiyakapi, omakiyaka, oéiéiyaka.
- o-ki'-ya-pta, v. of oyapta; to leave, as food, for one—owakiyapta.
- o-ki'-ya-siŋ, v n to stick together, as potatoes growing on the same root. See okićiyasiŋ.
- o k i' y a s k a p a , v. n to stick on, stick together, cleave to, to fall in and become flat, as an animal that is poor. See askapa and oskapa.

- o-ki'-ya-ta-ke-ća, adj. lean, i. q. stodan or ćistinna. Compare ostake śni.
- o-ki'-yu-te, v.n. T. to heal up, as a wound; to grow over, as bark cut on a tree. See ohduta.
- o'-ki-yu-te, n. a strait or channel.
- o-ki'-zi, v. n. to heal up, recover from a hurt or wound—omakizi, onićizi, uŋkokizipi. See ozí, asni, etc
- o-ki'-zi-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to heal up—okiziwakiya.
- o k i' z i y a , v. a. to cause to heal, make well—okiziwaya, okizimayan.
- o-ki'-źa-te, n. the dividing or forks, as of rivers: Wakpa okiźate, the junction of the Yellow Stone and the Missouri Rivers.
- o-ki'-źu, v. of oźu; to sow or plant one's own; to plant for one; to fill up, as a bag; to meet, as two parties owakiźu. See okićiźu and okikśu.
- o'-ki-źu, v. n. to be united. See kokiźu. Iyokiźu is also used T., ićikoyaka.
- o'-ki-źu-ya, v. a. to cause to unite—ókiźuwaya. T., ićikoyagya.
- o'-ki-źu-ya, adv. unitedly, together T., kokiźuya. See ićażeźuya and okokiźuya.
- o k o', n a crack, a hole, an aperture, as in a house.
- o-ko'-da-ki-éi-ye, n. a league, covenant, communion, fellowship; a church, society, community. T., oko-lakiéiye See koda and takoda.
- o-ko'-gna, adv. T. between See okitahedan.

- o-ko'-ki-pe, n. danger, fear. See wokokipe.
- o-ko'-ki-pe-ya, adv. in fear. T., okokipeyakel; okokipeyakelia, to speak insultingly.
- o-ko'-ki-źu-ya, adv. in the aggregate, collectively. See okiźuya.
- o-ko'-la-ya, v. T. to have for a friend: i. q. kodaya.
- o-kon', n. desire. See kon.
- o-kon'-ka, n. one who desires or is covetous. T., okon s'a.
- o'-koŋ-waŋ-źi-daŋ, adj. unchanging, always the same, expressive of oneness, as being of one mind—okoŋmawaŋźidaŋ. T., okoŋwaŋźila.
- o-kon'-ze, n. a rule, a law. T., wowasukiye. See wokonze.
- o-ko'-o-ta-he-la, adv. T. (oko and otahela) between. See okogna and otahedan.
- o k o' p e, adj. T. afraid.
- ο-k ο'-pe, n. of kope; fear. See okokipe.
- o-ko'-pe-ya, adv. seen through a hole, as one seen through an opening in the bushes; in danger: okopeya nazin, he stands in danger. See oko.
- o k o' t o n, v. there is a hole.
- o-ko'-ton-yan, n. an opening or communication; expanse, space. This word is used for the expanse of the heavens or the firmament.
- o-kpa'-ġi, v. pos. of opaġi; to fill one's own pipe with one's own to-bacco—owakpaġi: i. q. otpaġi,

- o'-kpa-ni, v.n. to be lacking; less o-kuns'-ton, adv. openly, manithan. See otpani and iyotpani.
- o'-kpas, cont. of okpaza; okpas iću, to become dark. See otpas.
- o'-kpas-ya, v. a. to darken, make dark—okpaswaya. T., oiyokpasya. See otpasya.
- o'-kpas-ya, adv. darkly, in the dark; okpasya wanka, it lies in the dark. T., oiyokpasya.
- o'-kpa-za, v. n. to be dark: okpaze hinéa, it is very dark.
- o'-kpa-za, n. darkness, night: i. q. otpaza.
- o'-kpe, v. to meet and assist in carrying a load: okpe ya, to go to assist one; to go to meet; wićokpe unyanpi, and okpe wićunyanpi, we go to their assistance: i. q. ótpe.
- o k p u' k p e, n. of kpukpa. dregs, lees.
- o'-ksa, v. n. to break off, as a stick, in a hole. See oyuksa.
- o-ksa'-han, part. broken off in, fallen in, as a corn-hole.
- o-ksa'-he, part. Same as oksahan.
- o'-k s a k a, v. See oksa.
- o'-kse, n. anything broken off short.
- o'-k san, adv. around, round about: nitan oksan, around thee.
- o k ś u', v. pos. of ożu. T. to load, as one's gun—owekśu See okikśu and okiźu
- o-kte'-ton, n. a flaw, something flawed.
- o k u n', adj. T., okun waste, gentle, mild. See okinyan.

- festly. T., taninyan.
- o-kuns'-ton-yan, adv. openly, manifestly, according to custom: okunstonyan tawiću ton, to take a wife according to the custom.
- o-ku'-te, n. of kute; a shooting, a shot; okute wanzidan, one shot; okute waste, a good shot.
- o-ku'-wa, v. a. of kuwa; to chase, follow after anything—owakuwa.
- o-ku'-źa, v. n. of kuźa; to be lazy or sick on account of-omakuźa. See ikuźa, to be sick on account of.
- o k u' ź e, n. laziness. See wićokuźe.
- o-ka', v. a. of ka; to dig into, dig through—owaka, unkokapi.
- o-ka'-pi, n. a digging into.
- o-ke', n. a digging, a mine.
- o-kin', n. of kin; a pack, load; something to carry or pack in, as a blanket or sack.
- o-kin', v. of kin; to carry in owakin.
- o-ki'-pe, n. something staked, the prize.
- o'-ko, v. to stick to or on, as feathers or down: pa magá hin ómako, feathers stick to my head; to gather around for something to eat, as crows about a carcass-ómako, óniko.
- o-ko', n'. a noise, hum, buzz, bustle
- o-ko'-se, n. T. disturbance, tu mult: i. q. owodutaton.
- o-ko'-ya, v. n. to make a noise or bustle—okowaya, okounyanpi.

- o-ku', v.a. tolend anything to oneowaku, unkokupi, omaku, oćiću, oniću.
- o-ku', v. a. of ku; to give to, as food; give a portion to; dot oku, to give something to eat—owaku.
- o-lab'-ya, adv. T. very much.
- o-lab'-ya-kel, adv. T. exceedingly.
- o-la'-kol, cont. of olakota; olakol kaġa, to make a treaty.
- o-la'-kol-ya, v. T. to have for a friend: i. q. kodaya.
- o-la'-ko-ta, n. T. a covenant, treaty; peace.
- o-le', v. T. to hunt, seek for; i. q. ode. o-li'-li-ta, adj. T. ivarm, hot inside, as a room: i. q. odidita.
- o-li'-li-ta, n. T. heat.
- o-lu'-lu-ta, n. T. heat: i. q. olilita.
- om, prep. of opa; with, together with.

 "Kići" is used when speaking of one—om, when more than one is spoken of; as, he kići waun, I was with him; hena om waun, I was with them. T., ob.
- O-ma'-ha, n. p. the Omaha Indians: formerly called "Mahas" by white men: i. q. Oyatenoppa.
- o'-ma-ka, n. a season, half a year; winter or summer; a year.
- o -'m a'-k i ŋ-ća, n. T. a deer's lair.
 o m a'-n i, v. of mani; to walk in or according to, as in a road or according to a command, to travel; to ride as well as to walk—omawani, omaunipi, and unkomanipi.

- o m a' n i , n. a walk; omani hanska, a long walk.
- o m a' n i k e n , adv. walking: omaniken waun, I am out walking. T., omaniyakel.
- o-ma'-wa-he-ton, n. the parents of a man and woman who are united in marriage call each other omawaheton.
- o m a' w a h e t o ŋ k i é i y a, v. reflex T. to have each other for omawaheton.
- o ma' wa he ton ya, v. a. to call one omawaheton—omawahetonwaya.
- o'-ma-sto, v. n. of maste; to be hot in.
- o'-ma-ste, n. heat, warmth; the sunshine; where the sun shines.
- o-mda'-ska, n. of mdaska; the flat side of anything. T., oblaska.
- o-mda'-ska-ya, adv. on the flat side, flat: omdaskaya wanka, it lies flat. T., oblaskaya, See mdaskaya.
- o m d a' y a , adj. of mdaya; level.
- o m d a' y e , n. a level place, a plain, a valley. T., oblaye.
- o m d e' é a , adj. cornered, edged, as a board. See omdeton and omdoton.
- o-mde'-éa, n the edge, as of a board or blanket, the edge or bit of an ax, etc. T., obleéa
- o'-mde-éa, v n. to be scattered or distributed here and there. See oyumdeéa.

- o-mde'-ća-han, part. broken into o-mna'-yan, v. of mnayan; to fragments; scattered, as a people.
- o m d e' é a h e y a, v. a. to scatter—omdećahewaya.
- o-mde'-ća-ya, adv. on the side, with the sharp part up, not on the flat surface: omdećaya wanka, it lies on the side. T., oblećaya.
- o'-m d e n, cont. of ómdeća. T., oblel.
- o'-mden-ya, adv. scattered. oblelya.
- o' m d e n y a k e n, adv. in a scattered condition.
- o m d e s', cont. of omdeza.
- o m d e s' y a, adv. clearly, brightly, soberly. T., oblesya.
- o m d e' t o n, adj. square-edged. See omdoton. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ obloton.
- o-mde'-za, v. n. of mdeza; to be clear, sober—omamdeza.
- $o m d o' t o \eta$, adj. cornered, having corners: yamni omdoton, threecornered, a triangle; topa omdoton, a square. See omdééa and omdeton.
- o-mdo'-ton, n. a corner of anything, an angle; hutkan omdoton, square root: omdoton topa, something with four corners, a square. T., obloton and omloton.
- o mi' ni o we, n. T. a springof water, a fountain: i. q. miniowe.
- o-m l o'-t o n, adj. T. i. q. omdoton.
- o'-mna, v. a. to smell—owamna, ouŋmnapi.
- o'-mna, n. smell: omna waste, an agreeable smell.
- o m'-na-na, adv. (om and nana) alone with. T., obnala.

- gather into-omnawaya, omnaunyanpi.
- o'-mni, n. mini omni, *an eddy*. T., owamniomni. See iyumni.
- o'-mni, adv. round and round: ómni waun. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ ohomni.
- o-mni'-ća, n. beans. See onmnića, which is said to be the proper orthography.
- o-mni'-ća-hmi-yan-yan, n. "round beans": peas. T., omnićagmigmela. See onmnića.
- o-mni'-ći-ye, n. of mnićiya; an assembly, a feast: omniciye każa, he makes a feast.
- o-mni'-he-ća, v. n. to be active in doing anything—omamniheća, onimniheća. T., okibliheća. See mniheća.
- o-mni'-he-ća, n. activity, industry. T., wobliheća.
- o-mni'-mni, n. of omni; something that goes round and round, a whirlpool. T., wamniyomni.
- o'-mni-mni, n. T. a place where the wind whips around.
- o'-mni-mni, adv. round and round: omnimni waun ka wahdi. I have been round and come home. T., oyumnimni.
- o'-mni-mni-ka, v. n. to be destitute of undergrowth or brush; i. q. wohinsbe śni. T_{\cdot} , woheśmaśni.
- o'-mni-na, n. a calm place, a shelter: omnina akitapi, they are seeking for shelter. T., oblula. See ioblula, iyomni, and iyomnina.

- o'-mni-na, adv. calmly, in a calm o-na'-kan, v.a. to strike and knock place where the wind blows not, sheltered: ómnina unyakonpi, we are in a sheltered place.
- o m om', prep. red. of om. T., obob. o'-na, n. Ih. a flame, a blaze; i. q. ide.
- $o n a' g l q \dot{g} e$, v. n. T. to rattlein the throat, as one about to die.
- o-na'-hda-te, n. of nahdata; a scratch.
- o-na'-hde-ća, v.a. to tear a hole in a hole—onawahdeća.
- o-na'-lide-će, n. of nalideća; a
- o-na'-hdo-ka, v. a. to make a hole either in the ground with the foot or in the foot by walking—onawahdoka.
- o-na'-lido-ke, n. of nalidoka; a hole made in the foot or with the foot.
- o-na'-hon, v. of nahon; to hear what is reported; to hear of or concerning-onawahon, onaunhonpi.
- o-na'-hon, n. hearing: onahon waste, it is good hearing.
- o-na'-hon-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to hear of, to communicate to concerning—onahonwakiya.
- o-na'-hon-pi, n. hearing.
- o-na'-hon-ya, v. a. to cause to hear; to communicate to; onahonmayaye, you have told me.
- o-na'-hta-ka, v. of nahtaka; to kick in—onawalitaka.
- o na' hta ke, n. a wound made | o na' poh ya, v. n. by kicking.

- off into, as into a canoe, to tread off in-onawakan.
- o-na'-ki-kśin, v. a. of nakikśin; to take shelter or refuge in or behind, as behind a tree in battle—onawekśin, onaunkikśinpi. T., inakikśin.
- o-na'-kpa, v. n. of nakpa; to burst within something.
- o-na'-ksa, v.a. of naksa; to break into or through, as in walking on ice-onawaksa.
- o-na'-kse, n. a breaking in.
- o-na'-kśan, n. of nakśan; a bend,
- o n a' k ś i n, v. See onakikśin.
- o-na'-ktan, v. n. to bend into of itself. See naktan and naoktan.
- o-na'-ktan, n. a bend.
- o-na'-kes, cont. of onakeza. T. onatos.
- o n a' k e s k e z a, v. red. of onakeza. T., onatostoza.
- o-na'-ke-za, v.a. to make smooth by stamping on—onawakeza. T., onatoza.
- o n a' k o s, cont. of onakoza.
- o n a' k o s k o z a, v. red. of onakoza.
- o na' ko za, v. n. to trample on and make hard—onawakoza.
- o n a m', cont. of onapa; onam iyaya, it has taken refuge in. T., onab.
- o n a' p a, v. a. of napa; to flee to, take refuge in-onawapa, onaunpapi. See onakiksin.
- T. to swell out, puff up, as bread rising.

- o n a' p o h y e , n. leaven. See onnapohyapi. Inapohye is also used T, winapohye.
- o-na'-po-pa, v. n of napopa; to burst within something.
- o-na'-ptan. See onnaptan and unnaptan.
- o n a' s e, n. the buffalo chase: onase wanzidan, one chase. See wanase.
- o'-na-śdog, *cont.* of ónaśdoka; - ónaśdog iyaya.
- o'-na-śdo-ka, v. n. of naśdoka; to leave behind, run off and leave ónawaśdoka, ónauŋśdokapi.
- o-na'-śdo-ka, v.a. to pull off in, as shoes in the mud—onawa-śdoka.
- o n a' ś k a ŋ , v. n. to become sick again, to relapse—onawaśkaŋ. See okaśkaŋ and oyuśkaŋ.
- o n a' s' o , v. n. T. to pace, as a horse.
- o-na'-ś'o-la, n. T. a pacing horse.
- o-na'-ś'o-ś'o, v. red. of onaś'o. o'-na-tag, cont. of onataka; onatag iyeya.
- o'-na-ta-ka, v. a. of nataka; to fasten, bar, bolt, lock, as a door, to fasten, as a fence; to fasten up in—onawataka, onauntakapi.
- o-na'-ta-ke, n. a cage, a pen.
- o n a' t i n s, cont. of onatinza; onatins iyeya.
- o n a' t i n z a, v. a. of natinza; to make firm by treading on—onawatinza, onauntinzapi.
- o-na'-tos, cont. of onatoza.

- o n a' t o s t o z a, v. red. of onatoza.
- o-na'-ţo-za, v. T. to make smooth by stamping on: i. q. onaķeza.
- o-na'-źa-źa, v. n. of naźaźa; to cleanse or wash out, as clothes, by boiling.
- o n a' ź i ŋ, v. of naźiŋ; to stand in; to take refuge in or at—onawaźiŋ.
- o-ni', n. of ni; life; toni, his life.
- o-n Y-han, v. n. to remain, be remaining.
- o n i' h a ŋ ś n i ś n i, adv. T. remaining: onihaŋśniśni hel yaŋka, he stays there constantly.
- o-ni'-han-yan, adv. remaining.
- o n i' s k o k e ć a , adj. so large. See iŋskokeća.
- o n i' y a, v. of niya; to breathe into; to breathe out of—owaniya.
- o n i' y a, n. breath, breathing, life: oniya waste, good breathing.
- o-ni'-ya-o-hlo-ka, n. T. a breathing hole.
- o-ni'-ye-ton, v.n. to be affected by some internal hurt or disease; to have the lungs affected, as in pulmonary consumption—oniyewaton.
- o n'- o t a, *adj. red.* of ota. *T.*, olota:

 i. q. odota.
- o-nu'-ni, v. n. of nuni; to wander in—owanuni.
- o n u' n i y a, v. a. to cause to wander in a place—onuniwaya.
- o-nu'-ni-yan, adv. wanderingly, lost.
- o-nu'-ni-ya-ta, adv. wandering.

- on, prep. for, on account of; of, as, maza on kagapi, it is made of iron; with, when used with the cause or instrument.
- on, pron. 1st pers. sing. we. See un. Formerly some of the members of the Dakota mission wrote this "on," and many of the Indians do so still.
- o n é i', n. a grandmother. See unéi.
- on'-ci-hi, v. n. to be able to take care of one's self, be grown up, of age—onmacihi. See uncihi.
- on'-ći-hi-śni, v. not to be able to take care of one's self; to be lazy.
- on'- éi-hi-ya, v. a. to bring up to self support—onéihiwaya.
- on-ci'-si, n. a mother-in-law. See uncisi.
- o n 6 i' ś i 6 a d a n , n. a crow. See unciśicadan. T., onciśicala.
- on'- éi-k pa-ni, v. n. to be poor, not able to sustain one's self; i. q. takudan okihi śni; to be lazy—ónmićikpani and ónmaćikpani, ónničikpani, ónuncikpanipi.
- on'-éi-kpa-ni-yan, adv. in a destitute condition: ónéikpaniyan waun, I am badly off; lazily.
- on'-¢i-tpa-ni, v. n. Same as on¢ikpani.
- o y'- ¢ i t p a n i y a ŋ , adv. Same as oŋ¢ikpaniyaŋ.
- o y' ¢ u y n i é a , v. n. to be delayed, be prevented; to wait until the thing cannot be done—onmaçuynica, onnicuynica: i. q. uycoynica.

- o n'- é u n n i n y a , v. a. to stop, keep from doing, prevent, hinder oné un ninwaya: i. q. uné onninya. T., oné unilya.
- on'-e-éi-ya-tan-han, adv. by means of; on account of.
- on'-e-tan-han, adv. therefore; for that cause. See heonetanhan.
- on'-glo- $\dot{g}e$, n. T. a shirt.
- on'- ge', n. some, a part, portion off, applied to liquids and things which come under the denomination of dry measure. The Yanktons apply this to persons, as the Santees use "apa," which the former do not use.—J. P. W. T., yuge.
- on-ge'-dan, n. a little part, a small quantity. T., yugela.
- on'-han-ke-ta, adv. See unhanketa.
- on'-hdo-hda and on'-hdo-hda, n. a coat, mantlet, shirt. T, ongloge. See olde, okde, and onwildolda.
- on-kan', conj T., yunkan. See unkan.
- on kans', *conj. T.*, yunkanś See unkanś.
- on'-ki-ći-śka-ta-pi, v. recip.
 of onskata; to jest, joke, or banter
 each other, as persons within certain degrees of affinity are at liberty to do among the Dakotas.
- on'-ki-kka-ta, v. a. of onskata; to talk as one pleases with, boast, brag, joke with one—onwakiskata. This privilege is allowed only between brothers-in-law and sisters-in law.

- on-mni'-éa, n. Dakota beans; tuberous roots of the wild pea vine: i. q. omniéa. They grow wild in the valleys and low grounds, having a vine-like top. The beans grow on the roots, and are dug up in the fall and spring; beans of all kinds.
- on-mni'-ća-gmi-gme-la, *n.* T. peas.
- on-mni'-ća-hmi-yan-yan, n. round beans; peas: i. q. omnića-hmiyanyan.
- on'-na-poh-ya-pi, n. of na-pohya; leaven.
- on-na'-ptan, adj. sideling: heonnaptan, or honnaptan, a side hill. See unnaptan.
- o n'-pa, v. a. to place or lay any long object in a reclining attitude: éankahonpapi, a log laid across, a bridge—waonpa, unkonpapi: to keep or reserve, as a puppy or girl, etc. See unpa, ohdé, ohnaka, and oźu.
- on-se'-ya-ka-dan, n. a kind of small duck, the teal. T., siyaka.
- on-spe', v. n. to know how to do a thing, know how to read or write, etc—onmaspe, onnispe, unkonspepi. See on wićaspe and woonspe.
- on-spe', n. an ax.
- on-spe'-a-pa-tan-han, adv.

 Ih. at the right hand; i. q. etapatanhan. This would seem to be from onspe, to know how. T., isloyatanhan. It is curious that while the name for left-hand (éatka) is the same in all the three dialects, that for right-hand is different in each.

- Dakota beans; on spe'-ćan-du-hu-pa, n. (on-wild pea vine: spe and ćanduhupa) a pipe-hatchet.
 grow wild in T, onspećanonpa.
 - on-spe'-ći-ka-la, n. T. a hatchet.
 - on spe'-dan, n. dim. a small ax, a hatchet. T., onspecikala.
 - on-spe'-dan, v. dim. of onspe.
 - o n s p e' i h u p a , n. (onspe and ihupa) an ax-handle. T., nazon-speihupa.
 - on-spe'-ka, v. Same as onspe. Sometimes this is used in the sense of onspe śni, not to know how.
 - o ŋ s p e' k i y a , v. a. to cause to know how, to teach one anything—onspewakiya, onspeunkiyapi, onspemakiya, onspeniciya, onspeciciya: onspeiciciya, to teach one's self, to learn—onspemiciciya, onspeniciciya, onspeniciciya, onspeniciciya, onspeniciciya, onspeunkiciciyapi.
 - o y'-śi, adj. poor, miserable—onmaśi, onunśipi. See onsika and onsiyeća.
 - on'-śi-da, v. a. to have mercy on, to pity—onśiwada, onśiundapi, on-śimada, onśićida.
 - on'-śi-da, intj. used by women to infants; poor thing!
 - on'-śi da-ka, v. a. to have mercy on, to pity—onśiwadaka, onśiunda-kapi: i. q. onśida.
 - on'-śi-han, v. n. (onsi and han) to be humble, to act humbly—onsiwahan.
 - o y'-śi-haŋ-ka, v. n. to be humble, to try to excite compassion, to fawn onśiwahaŋka: i. q. onśihaŋ.
 - on'-śi-han-pi, n. humility.

- o y'- ś i k a, adj. poor, destitute, miserable—onmaśika, onniśika, onunśipika: i. q. onśi. o n - z e' - h u
- on'-śi-ki-da, pos. of onsida; to have mercy on one's own—onsiwa-kida, onsiunkidapi
- oʻn'-śi-ki-da-ka, v. pos. Same as onsikida—onsiwakidaka
- on'-śi-ki-han, v. a. of onsilian; to humble one's self to another, act humbly towards—onsiwakilian.
- o n'-śi-ya, adv. poorly, miscrably. o n'-śi-ye-ća, adj. miscrable onśimayeća. See onśi.
- o n'-śka-ta, v. n. to talk as one pleases, brag, jest, as brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are privileged to do among the Dakotas—onwa-śkata, onćiśkata. See onkiśkata and unśkata.
- on-spa', n. a piece of anything.
- on spa' dan, n. dim. a little
- on-śpa'-śpa, n. red. of onspa; pieces, little pieces, crumbs.
- on'-ton, v. n. T. to be injured—onmaton. See ton.
- on'-ton-yan, v. a. T. to hurt, to wound, to injure.
- on we'- ya, n. T. provisions: i. q waneya.
- on'-wi-éa-spe, n. of onspe; learning.
- oŋ-wi'-lido-lida, n. a coat. See oŋlidolida.
- on-wi'-yu-ta-pi, n. (on and iyuta) something to weigh or measure with.

- on ze', n. the rump, buttocks, the anus.
- on-ze'-hu, v. to copulate.
- on-ze'-i-hu, v. to commit sodomy.
- on-ze'-kna-ka-tan-han, adv...

 Ih. from behind. See dazatanhan.
- on-ze'-kte, v. T. to give birty to another child while still nursing one. See onzeta.
- ony'-ze-o-ġe, n: pantaloons: i. q. onzooġe.
- on-ze'-o-ka-śtan, v. to give an injection—onzeowakastan.
- on-ze'-o-ka-stan-pi, n. an injection.
- on-ze'-o-ki-ća-śtan, v. a. to give an injection to one—onzeowećaśtan.
- on-ze'-pi-źe-la, v. T. to be the oldest of two infants, one of which was born before the other was weaned.
- on-ze'-ta, v. n (onze and ta.) This word is used in reference to a child whose mother has again become pregnant—onzemata. What can have originated the use of this coarse but curious form of speech? A. Renville says that it probably arose from the fact that children weaned under such circumstances are likely to become emaciated: seat dead; said of a woman who becomes pregnant while she has an unweaned child. Perhaps it was because it was considered necessary in this case to procure an abortion. She would be unable to walk and carry two children at the same time.—T. s. w.

- on-ze'-yu-hmu-za, v. a.

 shut up or hold shut the onze.
- o 13 z i'- b o s d a n, adv. head over heels: onzibosdan nazin, and onzibosdan yanka, to turn a somersault, stand with the heels up; to be wrong end up; to be in a flurry, not know what one is about. T., onziwoslal. See kaonzebosdan.
- o η z i η' t k a, n. musk. T., sinkpe on zemna.
- on-zin'-tka-mna, v. n. to smell of musk.
- o η' z o o \dot{g} e , n. i. q. on zeo \dot{g} e. T., on zo \dot{g} e.
- on-źin'-źin-tka, n. the rose, roses, rose-buds. T., also tomatoes.
- on-źin-źin-tka-hu, n. rosebushes.
- o-o', n. of o; a wound, a place where one is shot.
- o-o'-he, n. of ohan; a boiling, enough to boil at once, as, oohe wanźidan, one boiling.
- O-o'-he-non-pa, n. p. the name of a clan of Teeton Sioux. The Two Kettles—two boilings. It is said to have originated in a boy's asking for meat enough to fill two kettles.
- o-o'-hi-ye, n. of ohiya; victory. See woohiye.
- o-o'-ki-ye, n. of ókiya; an assistant, a servant. T., taokiye.
- o o' ki y e y a, v. a. to have for an assistant or servant—ookiyewaya. T., taokiyeya.

- o-o'-kśu, n. T. a load; ookśu wanźila, one load: i. q. oade. See okśu.
- o o n' p a, v. of onpa; to put or place in—owaonpa, ounkonpapi.
 T., mahel eonpa.
- o-o'-o-ka-stan, n. of okastan; the Balsam of Life, so called because poured into wounds; i. q. wićoni peźihuta.
- o-o'-pe-ton, n. of opeton; tiyopa oopeton, a toll-gate.
- o-o'-tan-in, v. n. of otanin; to be manifest through.
- o-o'-wa, n. of owa; a letter, character, as the letters of the alphabet, a figure or mark of any kind: oowa yukan, and owapi, figured, as calico
- o-o'-wa-pta-ya, n. (oowa and ptaya) the alphabet.
- o-o'-ya-ke, n. of oyaka; the act of telling a story, a relation, a narrative. T., woyake.
- o-o'-źu, v. of oźu; to plant in—oowaźu.
- o o' \acute{z} u, v. n. to fall in, as the sides of very old people sometimes do.
- o'-pa, v. n. to go with, follow; to pursue, as, opa aya; to go to, attend, as a school or meeting, to be present at; to be a member of, as of an association or church; to go in, as in a canoe—owapa, oyapa, ounpapi, and unkopapi; omapa, onipa.
- o-pa'-ba-ga, v. a. of pabaga; to roll over anything in the hands, rub in the hands—owapabaga.

- $o p a' \dot{g} i$, v. a. to fill or cram $a \mid o p a' m n a$, v. n = T. pipe with tobacco—owapagi, unkopaģipi.
- o'-pa-gi, n. a pipeful of tobacco; opaģi wanzidan, one pipeful.
- o-pa'-ha, n. a swelling, a protuberance. T., noge; nuge.
- o p a' h a, v. to push; maya opaha, to push over a bank—owapaha.
- o p a' h i, v. of pahi; to gather or pick into-owapahi, unkopahipi.
- o-pa'-hći, n T. a ravine, a hollow; the heads of creeks among the
- o-pa'-hde-ća, v. of pahdeća; to tear in—owapalideća.
- o p a' h d e c e, n. a rent.
- o-pa'-hdo-ka, v. of pahdoka; to pierce in; to wear holes in, as a sick man's bones do when they come through the flesh—owapahdoka, omapahdoka.
- o p a' h d o k e , n. a hole.
- o-pa'-hta, v. of pahta; to tie or bind in—opawalita.
- o-pa'-hta, v.a. to gaze at, look at steadfastly—opawalita, opaunhtapi: opalita kuwa, to keep gazing at. T., ayuta: ayul kuwa.
- o-pa'-hte, n. a package, a bundle; a bale of blankets; a bunch of beads.
- o-pam', cont. of opapa; opam ya and opam iyaya, to crawl out from under the edge of a tent T, pagan iyaya.
- o-pa'-mna, n. a clump, as of bushes or weeds. T., wapamna.

- to rip, as a seam.
- o-pa'-mna, n. T. a rip or rend.
- o p a' m n i, n. of pamni; a distribution. T., kpamnipi. See wopamni.
- o-pan'-ga, v. n. to be bulky; to hinder or impede one, as cumbersome clothes do—omapanga.
- o-pan'-ġe-ća, v. n. to be hindered by bulky articles, to be bulky omapangeća.
- o-panh'-ya, v. a. to hinder, impede—opanliwaya.
- o-panh'-ya, adv. bulky, not compressed.
- o-panh'-ya-kel, adv. T. bulkily.
- o-panh'-ye-la, adv. T. not well arranged; bulkily.
- o-pa'-pa, n. the lower edge of a tent. T., opapun. See opepa.
- o-pa'-pa-tan-han, adv. under the bottom of a tent; opapatanhan manon, to steal from under the side of a tent. T., opapuntanhan. See opepatanhan.
- o-pa'-pon, n. the border of anything, the stripe of a blanket. See opapuŋ.
- o p a' p s o p, v. of papson; to pour out into, spill into—owapapson.
- $o p a' p s u \eta$, v. See opapson.
- o-pa'-ptan, v. of paptan; to turn over; opaptan iyeya.
- o-pa'-ptan-ptan, v. n. to roll over and over in anything.
- o-pa'-ptan-yan, v.a. to roll anything on or into-owapaptanyaŋ.

- o-pa'-pun, n. the border or edge o-pa'-win-ge-ge, adv. by hunof anything, as of a blanket, book, etc.; the list or selvage of cloth; the stripes or points that are put into white blankets to show their . size; opapun hota, gray list; opapun ska, white list; he opapun, the edge of the Coteau des Prairies. See opapon.
- o-pa'-pun-tan-han, adv. from under the edge.
- o-pa'-sem, cont. of opasepa; opasem hnaka, to lay away with care.
- o-pa'-se-pa, v a. to keep with care—owapasepa.
- o-pa'-si, v. of pasi; to follow after in, as to follow one in a road owapasi. T., ogna pasi.
- o-pa'-spa, v. to push under, as in the water; to press down into the water,
- o-pa'-śbo-ka, v. to push in, as a stick, and stir.
- o-pa'-śu-śu-źa, v. to mash up in. See paśuźa.
- o-pa'-tan, v. a. to push into; to mash up in-owapatan. See oka-
- o-pa'-ti-ća, v.a. to stick or push in or under, as a handspike—owapatića. See pagopatića.
- o-pa'-tin, cont. of opatica; opatin iyeya, to push under, as a crow-bar. T., opatil.
- o'-pa-tkons-ye-la, adv. T. in line, fronting one way, facing one way.
- o-pa'-win-ge, num. adj. onehundred.

- dreds.
- o p a' w i n h w i n ġ e , adv. hundreds.
- o-pa'-wi-wi, adv. T. tangled together, in a mass. See pawiwi.
- o-pa'-wi-wi-se, adv. T. shaking as a mass of anything. See pawiwise.
- o p a' w i y a, adv. T. many together, as a herd.
- o-pa'-ya, adv. T. along in; ćanku opava, along in the way; wakpa opaya, etc.
- o-pa'-zan, v.a. to put into or under, as into a sheath or belt; to put under and over, to interlace, as in making baskets—owapazan.
- o pa' zan yan, adv. running
- o p a' z a p z a p, v. red. of opazan; to weave into—owapazanzan.
- o-pa'-zo, n. a protuberance: i. q. opaha.
- o-pa'-zon-ta, v. a. around, wind up in, as a dead body in a winding sheet—owapazonta.
- o'-pe, v. Same as ópa.
- o-pe', n. of pe; the edge, the sharp part of anything, as the edge of a knife or ax.
- o-pe'-han, n. the outside or lower border of a tent: opehan iyaya, he went out under the bottom.
- o-pe'-han-tan-han, adv. from under the bottom of a tent: opehantanhan iću, he took it out from under the bottom.

- in—owapehan, unkopehanpi: opehan ehnaka, to lay away folded up in.
- o-pe'-he, n. of pehan; a fold; a bolt of cloth.
- o-pe'-ki-ća-ton, v. of opeton; to buy anything from one; to buy for one-opewecaton, opeunkicatoppi. T. to buy for one only.
- o-pe'-ki-ći-ton, v. of opeton; to buy for another—opeweciton, opemićiton.
- o-pe'-ki-ton, v. pos. of opeton; to buy or purchase one's own, redeem—opewakiton, opeunkitonpi.
- o-pe'-ki-top-pi, part. redeemed, redeeming.
- o-pe'-ki-ton-yan, v.a. to cause to redeem—opekitonwaya.
- o-pe'-mni, v. a. to wrap around, as a garment—owapemni, unkopemnipi: to be wrapped up in. pemni.
- o-pe'-mni-yan, adv. wrapped around.
- o-pe'-pa. See opapa.
- o-pe'-pa-tan-han, adv. under the bottom of a tent: i. q. opapatanhan. T., opapuntanhan.
- o-pe'-top, v. a. to buy, purchase anything; to hire—opewaton, opeuntonpi: opetoppi, purchased, hired.
- o-pe'-ton-yan, v. a. to cause to buy—opetonwaya.
- o'-pe-ya, v.a. to cause to go withópewaya.
- o'-pe-ya, adv. with, together.

- o-pe'-han, v. of pehan; to fold up o-pi'-i-çi-ya, v. reflex. to form an opinion and act for one's self, get ready: token opimićiye kta he, how shall I do?
 - o-pi'-ki-da, v. n. to be satisfied with, as with food-opiwakida, opiunkidapi. This word is used also when mosquitoes bite severely and fill themselves with blood. See pida.
 - o-pi'-ki-da-ka, v. Same as opikida—opiwakidaka.
 - o pi' ye, v. n. of piya: opiye śića, bad to doctor or make well.
 - o-pi'-ye, n. a place where things are put away and kept, as, mazopiye, a store-house; dotopiye, a granary: a roll of anything, as of cloth, ribbon, etc.; also a box, case, or crate, anything for packing goods in.
 - o-pi'-źe-ća, adj. wrinkled, as an old person.
 - o p.o', v. n. to be swelled—omapo.
 - o'-po, v. n. to be warped, to be shrunken.
 - o-po'-gan, v. a. to blow in upon, to blow out from—owapogan. See pogaŋ.
 - o p o h', cont. of opogan; opoh iyeya, to blow away, blow from the mouth.
 - o p o' h d i , v. a. to stuff anything into, as an old coat into a broken window. See opuģi.
 - o'-pson-pson, v. a. to draw back and forth in the water, to rinse. T, miniyohpaya. See oyupsonpson.
 - o'-psuŋ-psuŋ, v. See opsoŋpsoŋ.

- o'-pta, adv. through, across. See o-pos'-ya, adv. aetoopta, iyoopta, etc.
- o'-pta-pta, adv. red. of opta; through and through.
- o-pta'-ye, n. a flock, as of geese or ducks; a herd or drove of animals; a company of men. ośpaye.
- o'-pte, n. of yupta; what is left, leavings. T., okaptapi.
- o-pte'-ća, adv. less. T., aoptetu. o'-pte-he-ća, adv. almost empty, said of vessels.
- o p t e n', adv. less. T., aoptel.
- o-pten'-i-¢i-ya, v. reflex. cease from, as from anger or strife, become gentle—optenmićiya.
- o-pte'-tu, adv. less than. T., aoptetu, less in size.
- o p u' ġ i, v. a. to push into, as hay into moccasins; to stuff, fill, as with hay, etc.—owapuģi. See opolidi.
- o-pu'-gi-ton, v.a. to put in stuffing, as in moccasins—opugiwaton.
- o-pu'-hdi, v. See opolidi.
- o-pu'-ski-ća, v. a. to press down in—owapuskića. See kipuskića.
- o p u' s k i n, cont. of opuskića. T., opuskil.
- o-pu'-ta-ka, v. of putaka; to touck in-owaputaka. See yut'an.
- o-pu'-tkan, v. a. to dip into, put in, as the fingers; sop, as bread, etc.—owaputkan.
- o p o', n. fog, steam.
- o-po'-sa, adj. clear and cold, with particles of snow in the air. T., oposya.

- clear and T. cold.
- o-po'-za, adj. Same as oposa.
- os, n. of oze or yuza; a hand's breadth.
- o-s'a'-mna, *adj*. sour smelling; i. q. śićamna.
- o'-san, adv all, through the whole: appetu osan, all the day. ataya.
- o-san'-ka, adj. without leaves, as a tree. T., osmismika.
- o-say'-ka-ka, adj. red. of osanka. o' - s a η - s a η , adv., red. of δ sa η . T.,
- o-sda', v. of sda; greased in anything.

alataya.

- to know; takudan o-sdo'-ća, v. osdoće śni waun, I know nothing about it, or I am innocent of it. T., oslolya. See osdonya.
- o-sdo'-han, v. n to slide; osdohan kiệun, to slide on a board or sled or one's feet—osdohan wećun. See sdohan, yusdohan, etc.
- o-sdo'-han, n. a drawing or sliding in.
- o-sdon'-ya, v. a. to know, be acquainted with or privy to anything osdonwaya. T., oslolya.
- o-sdon'-ye, n. knowledge.
- o-se'-ya-ka-daŋ, n. i. q. onseyakadan. T., siyaka.
- o'-sin, v. to hate. T., oyusinka. See oyusin.
- $o-\sin \gamma-\sin \gamma$, v. n. to leave a mark, as tears drying on one. See yuosinsin.

- o-ska'-ka, adj bare, as a tree whose leaves are fallen off; open, as a country without thickets. T., osmismika.
- o'-s'kam, cont. of óskapa.
- o'-skam-ya, adv. sticking to, adhering.
- o'-skan, adv. desert-like: tinta oskan, an uninhabited place. T., makoskan. See liewoskan.
- o'-skan-tu, adv. desert-like, away from trees or dwellings. T., makoskantu.
- o'-ska-pa, v. n to stick in, adhere to; to climb up, as up a pole; i. q. otkapa. See adi.
- o'-ska-pi, n. ornamental work, such as is put on pipe-stems. See ipatapi.
- o'-ski-ća, adj. of yuskića; tight, drawn around, as a garment. T., otinza.
- o'-ski-će-day, adj. tight, well fitting.
- o'-ski-ski-ta, v. red. of óskita.
- o'-ski-ta, v. to bind up in, as a child. See oyuskita.
- o-sku'-ya, adj. sour, turned sour, as milk.
- o-slol'-ya, v. T. to know of: i. q. osdonya
- o'-sma-ka, n a ditch, a hollow, a ravine.
- o-smi'-smi-ka, adj. T. bare, as trees, of leaves.
- o-sna'-ze, n. a scar: also o-sna'ze-ća.
- o-sni', n. cold weather.

- o s n i', adj. cold in, as, ti osni, cold in the house.
- o s n i' k e, adj. cold.
- o-sni'-sni, red. of osni; very cold.
- o-sni'-ta-wa-na-pin, n. T. (osni and wanapin) a tippet, scarf.
- o-so', v. T. to cut open, as the skin of an animal, in preparing to skin it—owaso.
- o-so'-ta, v. col. of yusota; to be all gone, as a company starting away.
- o-span'-span-he-ća, n. See uspanspanheća.
- o-spa'-ya, v. of spaya; to become damp in.
- o'-stag, cont. of ostaka.
- o'-stag-ya, v. a. to make stick on—óstagwaya.
- o'-sta-ka, v. n. to stick on or in, as dirt on a plow or mud in a house; to stick on, as flesh—ómastaka; takudan ostake śni, very lean. T., otkapa.
- o-sta'-ka, v of staka; to be feeble on account of, to be debilitated; istinma ostaka, he is feeble by reason of sleep.
- o-stan'-mna, n. the smell of a carcass soon after the animal has died; the smell of tainted meat.
- o-su'-kal-yu-za, v. T. to take one's choice, take the best.
- o-su'-kan, adv. taking a thing without having bestowed labor on it, or acquired a proper right: osukan mduza, I took it without permission.
- o-śbe', n. depth. T., osme. See wośbe.

- T., oś'e.
- $o \pm b u'$, n. a drop. T., $o \pm e$.
- o-śbu'-śbu, v.n.red. of ośbu. T., oś'eś'e.
- o-śbu'-ya, v.·a. to cause to drop into, as water—ośbuwaya. oś'eya.
- o-śbu'-ye, n. something into which water, etc., is made to drop, a trough,
- o-śdo'-ka-han, part. pulled off in, as an arrow point; coming off, peeling off, as bark.
- o-śdo'-ka-he, *part*. Same as ośdokahan.
- o-ś'e', v. n. T. to drop into: i. q. ośbu. o-ś'e'-ya, v. n. T. to make drop in, as water.
- o-śi'-ća, adj. bad with, as one kind of food with another.
- $o \dot{s} i' \dot{c} e \dot{c} a$, adj. or v. n. stormy; it storms.
- o-śi'-će-ća-ka, adj. unplcasant, as rainy weather, not pleasing, as a country. See osićeća.
- o-śi'-će-ća-ki-ksu-ya, v. to know by one's feelings when bad weather is coming.
- o-sil'-ye-o-han, v. T. to act badly
- o-śin'-han-ka, v. n. to do badly, steal, etc., act wickedly—ośinwalianka. T., ośilyeohan. See ohanśića.
- o-śi'-tki-hda, v. n. of śitkihda; to be angry with. See canniveya.
- o-śi'-tki-hda-ya, v. a. to make angry, cause to suffer-ositkihdawaya.

- o-sbu', v. n. to drop in, as water. o'-skan, n. motion, movement. See olian.
 - o'-śkan-śin-ya, v. a. to impede one's progress, prevent from moving frcely-ośkanśinwaya.
 - o-śka'-ta, v. of śkata; to play in owaśkata.
 - o-śka'-te, n. play, diversion. See wićośkate.
 - o-śkiŋ'-¢i-ya, v. one's self about—ośkinmićiya. See ośkan.
 - o-śkin'-ći-ye, n. T. an occupation.
 - o-śki'-śka, adj. of śkiśka; complicated, intricate, confused, difficult.
 - o-śki'-śken-ya, adv. confusedly.
 - $o-\dot{s}k\,\dot{i}'-\dot{s}k\,e-y\,a$, v. a.complicated or confused, create difficulty, perplex—ośkiśkewaya.
 - $o \pm k i' \pm k e y a$, adv. crookedly, with difficulty.
 - o-śki'-śki, n. broken land, bad country.
 - o-śko'-kpa, n. a concavity.
 - o ś k u' m n a, adj. sour, spoiled, as
 - o- \pm m e', n. T. depth: i. q. o \pm be.
 - o'-śna, n. of yuśna; a piece that is dropped, a scrap, a crumb.
 - o'-śna-pi, n. crumbs, scraps.
 - o-śni-yan-yan, v. n. to move about, as worms in the stomach.
 - o śog' ya, adv. of śogya; thickly.
 - $o \acute{s} o' k a$, adj. of $\acute{s}oka$; thick.
 - $o \acute{s} o' k a$, n. thickness.
 - o-śo'-ta, adj. of śota; smoky, filled with smoke, as a tent.

- o-śpa'-ye, n. a drove, a herd con- o-śte'-ya-ken, adv. deformedly. sisting of different kinds of animals; a company separated from the main body. See obe and optaye.
- $o-\sin a'-ye-ton-ton$, adv. T. in droves.
- o-śpe', n. of yuśpa; a breaking off: a piece, a part of a section of land. T., oyuśpe.
- o'-stan, v. a. T. to put in place of; to put in, as a cork—owastan, ovastan.
- o'-stap, v. n. to be on, as a hoop, or in, as a stopper; to be in agreement with; to be in place of. See oyustan.
- o'- stan-han, part. being in or on
- o-stan'-han, n. a running, watery
- o-stan'-han, v.n. T. to ooze out, as water from a sore.
- o ś t e', adj. deformed—omaste, See ośteka. oniste.
- T. of surprise, increo-ste', intj. dulity.
- o-ste'-dan, adj. deformed.
- o-ste'-hda, v. a. (oste and hda) to mock, speak evil of, call bad names, revile—ośtewalida.
- o-ste'-hda-pi, n. contempt, opprobrious language.
- o-ste'-ka, adj. defective in some part, deformed—omasteka.
- o-śte'-ya, imperfectly, adv.clumsily; by chance, accidentally; osteya econ, he did it imperfectly.

- o-śti, intj. T. oh, ah, alas; it expresses strong disappointment and regret; as, ośti, wanżini yuspin kte śni, alas! he will not catch a single
- o-śuŋg'-ye; adv.very much, violently. T., ośungyela.
- o-śuŋ'-ke-ća-daŋ-ka, n. very little thing.
- o'-ta, adj. much; many—unkotapi: wićota, a great company.
- o t a b', cont. T. of otapa: otabaya, to trail, follow tracks.
- o-tab'-tab, red. of otab.
- $o t a' \dot{g} o \dot{s} a$, v. of tagosa; to spit into anything-otagowasa, otagounśapi. T., otaliośa and otaśośa.
- o-ta'-he-dan, adv. between. See iyotahedan *and* tahedan.
- o-ta'-he-la, adv. T. off to one side; away from others, said of one who has deserted his company and gone off alone. With this meaning it is not proper to apply the word to our Savior, as Mediator or daysman, as Mr. Cleveland says. But with us it appears quite proper to say of Him, "otahedan yanka."
- o ta' h e p i, adv. between places. T., iyokogna. See iyotahepi *and* tahepi.
- o-ta'-ho- \pm a, n. T. a spittoon
- o'-ta-ka, adj. many, much. See ota.
- o'-ta-ki-ya, adv. oftentimes, frequently.
- o'-ta-kons, adv. opposite to, over against. See iyotakons.

- o'-ta-kon-za, adv. over against, opposite to. See iyotakonza.
- o-ta'-ku-ye, n. of takuye; brother-hood, relationship, friendship.
- o'-t'an, v. to touch, lay hold of, scize. See oyut'an.
- o t a y' é a y, n. of tanéan; the chief, the greatest. See itanéan.
- o-tan'-éan-ke, n. the greatest in numbers, as the greatest herd, the largest war-party.
- o-tan'-ćan-ke-ya, adv. in the greatest numbers.
- o-tan'-da, v. to have, to keep: otanda sića, bad to keep; otanda waste, good to keep. T, oyuha.
- o-tan'-h da-kin-yan, n. breadth. T., oglakinyan. See tanhdakin-yan.
- o-tan'-in, v.n. of tanin; to be manifest: taku otanin, something that is manifest.
- o-tan'-in-ka, v. n. to appear, be manifest: taku otaninka, something is manifest: sometimes this is used in the sense of otanin śni, as, taku otaninka, or takudan otanin śni, there is no news.
- o-taŋ'-iŋ-yaŋ, adv. manifestly.
- o-tan'-ka, n. of tanka; greatness, largeness.
- o-tan'-ka, adj. large, broad.
- o t a n' k a d a . v. a. to have in the greatest estimation—otankawada. T., tankala.
- o-tan'-ka-da-ka, v.a. to esteem most highly—otankawadaka. T., tankalaka.

- o-tan'-ka-ya, adv. largely, extensively,
- o-tan'-ka-ya-ka, n. greatness.
- o-tan'-na, v. n. to be proud, vain—omatanna. T., witantan. See itan.
- o-tan'-ton-ka, adj. large, prodigious.
- o-tan'-ton-yan-kel, adv. T., otantonyankel ia, to speak in a dissatisfied way.
- o-tan'-yan, n. well being.
- o-ta'-pa, v. of tapa; to follow after one, as in a road—otawapa, otaunpapi.
- o t a' ś o ś a , v. T. to spit in, to expectorate in—otawaśośa. See otagośa.
- o-ta'-śo-śe, n. T. a spittoon.
- o-ta'-tkon-za, adj. T. square; equal to; parallel. See otkonza.
- O-ta'-wa, n. p. the Otos or Otawas. See Hotawa.
- o-ta'-wan-źi-dan, n. two alike, a pair of one kind.
- o-ta'-wa-ţe-ća, v.n. to be willing to do. T., otawaţelya. See otawaţenya.
- o-ta'-wa-ţel-śi-ća, adj. T. unendurable.
- o-ta'-wa-tel-sil-ya, adv. T. exceedingly bad.
- o-ta'-wa-tel-ya, v. T. to be willing.
- o-ta'-wa-țen, cont. of otawațenya: otawațen waste, it is pleasant to do; otawațen sica, it is unpleasant to decide on doing.

- o-ta'-wa-ten-ya, v. n. to be willing to do—otawatenwaya.
- o-ta'-wa-te-śi-ca, adj. great, fearful, numberless.
- o t a' ź a , n. of taźa: waves. T. kaataźa.
- o-te'-han, adv. far, a long distance: yapi kin otehan, kupi kin oakiyedan, the going is far, the coming back is near. See tehan.
- o-te'-han, v. n. to be long about anything, long in doing—omatehan kta.
- o-te'-han-ya, v. a. to hinder, cause to be long about a thing—ote-hanwaye.
- o-te'-hi, n. a thicket of bushes or brush; misery, difficulty.
- o-te'-hi-ka, adv. very hard to endure; trying, difficult.
- o ti', v. n. to dwell in—owati, unkotipi.
- o-ti', n. a house, dwelling.
- o-tipt'-o-ska, n. T. an open place in the woods.
- o-ti'-wi-ta, n. an old encampment, where there has been a cluster of tents. T., otiwota.
 - o-ti'-wo-ta, n. an old encampment. See otuwita.
 - o'-tkam, cont. of ótkapa.
 - o'-tkam-ya, v.a. to make stick on, daub, as with pitch—ótkamwaya.
 - o'-tka-pa, v. n. to stick on, as pitch, snow, or mud—omatkapa. See oskapa and ostaka.
 - o-tke', v. n. to hang from, be lodged on, be suspended from anything, as a tree. See tke.

- to be o-tke'-ya, v. a. to hang up, suspend anything—otkewaya, otkeungreat, yanpi.
 - o-tke'-ya-han, part. hanging up.
 - o-tkin', v. n. T. to become damp in.
 - o-tkons', cont. of otkonza: otkons yuksa, to break off even.
 - o-tkon'-se-la, adv. T. evenly.
 - o-tkon'-za, adj. even, equal, parallel. See otatkonza.
 - o-to', adj. cont. of otoiyohi; each one: i. q. owasin.
 - o-to'-i-yo-hi, adj. each one, every one. T., otoiyohila; iyohila.
 - o-to'-ka-he, n. the beginning: otokahe ekta, at the beginning.
 - o'-to-ka-he, n. that which goes first.
 - o-to'-ka-he-ya, n. the first, the beginning. See tokaheya.
 - o-to'-ka-he-ya, adv. at the beginning.
 - o'-to-ka-ta, adv. before, foremost.
 - o-to'-ki-he, adj. Ih. the next. T., iyokihe.
 - o-to'-kśu, v. of tokśu; to haul or transport in, as in a cart—otowakśu, otounkśupi.
 - o-to'-kśu, n. hauling, transporting: otokśu waśte, it is good hauling.
 - o-ton', v. a. to put on and wear, as leggings or pantaloons—owaton.
 - o-ton'-wan, v. of tonwan; to look into—owatonwan, unkotonwanpi.
 - o-ton'-we, n. a cluster of houses or tents, a village, a town, a city. See tonwanyan.

- purating.
- o-to'-sa, adj. blunt, round, not cut of anything cooked without drawing the entrails. T., otosya. See otoza.
- o-tos'-ya, adj. T. blunt, round.
- o-to'-to, adv. red. of oto.
- o-to'-to-day, adv. clear of brush, long grass, etc.
- o t o' z a , adj blunt, round, cylindrical, anything round and long; not split, as, ćan otoza, a round stick. See otoza.
- o-tpa'-gi, v. pos. of opagi; to fill one's own pipe—owatpagi: i. q. okpaģi.
- o'-tpa-ni, v.n. to lack, be wanting. Hence, cantotpani, to long for: i. q. okpani.
- o'-tpa-ni-yan, adv. less, lacking; not yet, beforehand: otpaniyan wahi, I have come too soon.
- o'-tpas, cont. of otpaza: otpas iću, to become dark: i. q. okpas. oiyokpas.
- o'-tpas-ya, v. a. to make darkotpaswaya: i. q. okpasya. yokpasya.
- o'-tpas-ya, adv. darkly, obscurely. o'-tpā-za, v. n. to be dark. $T_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$ oiyokpaza.
- night. o'-tpa-za, n. darkness, Same as okpaza.
- o'-tpe, v. Same as okpe.
- $o t u' h a \eta$, v. T. i. q. ituhan; to give away, make a present.

- o-ton'-yan, adv. of tonyan; sup-|o-tu'-ki-han, v. T. to make a present to one—otuwekihan: i. q. itukihan.
 - up: otosa śpan, cooked whole; said o-tu'-ma-ko-skan, adv. T. in vain; without cause. See otuyaćin, ituli, etc.
 - o-tu'-tka, n. crumbs, fragments.
 - o-tu'-wi-ta, n. an old encampment. See otiwita and otiwota.
 - o-tu'-ya, adv. T. in vain.
 - at rano-tu'-ya-ćin, adv. Ih dom: i. q. ituyaćin. T., a. in vain, for naught.
 - o-ţa', v. n. of ţa; to die in any place; to have the stomach overloaded, to die of a surfeit—omata.
 - o-te', v. n. to die, be dying: ote tehi, hard to die, tenacious of life.
 - o-tin', v. n. to roar, as thunder; to make a noise, as the ice crack-
 - o-tins', cont. of otinza; otins yanka.
 - o-tins'-tin-za, red. of otinza.
 - o-tins'-ya, adv. tightly, firmly.
 - o-tins'-ya-kel, adv. T. firmly, tightly.
 - o-tin'-za, v n. to be tight or fast in, said of clothes that are too small and of food that sticks in the throat; to be too little or too large—omatinza. See itinza.
 - o-to'-hnag, cont. of otohnaka.
 - o-to'-hnag-ya, adv. at the risk of life.
 - o-to'-hna-ka, v. n. to risk life, be foolhardy, be willing to die-otowalmaka. See otoohnaka.

- o t o' o h n a k a, v. a to be willing to die, to dare, risk life—otoowahnaka.
- o-to'-za or o-to'-źa, adj. blunt, stubbed; cylindrical. See otoza.
- o-un', v. n. of un, to be; to be in-
- o-un', n. of un; to be; condition, state; place.
- o-un', n. of un, to use; a load of a gun; a dose of medicine; what is used at once; ammunition.
- o u n' é a ġ e , n. likeness, form, kind, growth—ounmaéaġe, ounnićaġe.
- o u n' h d a k a, v. n. of unhdaka; to be moving: ounhdaka unpi, they are moving or camping. T., oiglaka.
- o -'u η' h d a k e, n. a moving party. T_{ij} , oiglake.
- o-uŋ'-pa, v. a. to lay in and bind up, as an infant on a board—owa-uŋpa. See uŋpa, aoŋpa, oźu, etc.
- o-u y'-pa, n. T. one bound in, an infant.
- o-un'-yan, v. n. to be or exist in, dwell in; to reign over, govern—ounwaya, oununyanpi.
- o u n' y e k i y a, v. a. to cause to dwell in; to cause to rule over—oun-yewakiya.
- o-un'-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to dwell in, give power to—ounyewaya, ounyeunyanpi.
- o-u'-ye, n. of uya; the coming, springing up, as of the grass; a quarter of the heavens: tate ouye topa, the four quarters of the wind.

- o-wa', v. a. to paint, sketch, figure, write—owawa, unkowapi.
- o w a' ć e k i y a, v. of waćekiya; to pray in.
- o-wa'-će-ki-ye-ti-pi, n. a prayer-house, a church.
- o w a' é i, v. of waéi; to dance in owawaéi, owaunéipi.
- o-wa'-ći, n. a dance.
- o w a' é i ŋ k s a m , cont. of owaéiŋksapa.
- o-wa'-ćiŋ-ksam-ya, adv. intelligently.
- o-wa'-ćin-ksa-pa, adj. of waćinksapa; intelligent, wise, understanding—owaćinmaksapa.
- o-wa'-hde, n. the set of a guncock. See oahde.
- o-wa'-he, n. of ohan, v. n.; T. something to stand on: i. q. oahe.
- o-wa'-he-gle-pi, n. T. a foundation. See oahehde.
- o-wa'-hi-na-pe, n. of alinapa; the springing up of vegetables, water, etc.
- o-wa'-hi-na-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to spring up—owahinapewaya.
- o-wa'-ham-ya, v. (owasin and hamya) to scare all away—owahamwaya.
- o-wa'-ham-ya, n. one who scares away.
- o-wa'-hla-ġaŋ, v. T. to enlarge, as by cutting a hole with a knife: i. q. wahdaġaŋ.
- o w a' h l a y e, n. T. parings, as of an apple. See obahdaye.

- o-wa'-hpa-ni, adj. of wahpani; o-wa'-na-se, n. of nasa; a place poor, miserable.
- o w a' h p a n i \acute{e} a, adj. of wahpanića; poor—omawahpanića.
- o w a' h p a n i y a, v. a. to make poor—owahpaniwaya.
- o-wa'-hpa-ni-yan, adv. poorly, miserably.
- o-wa'-kan-kan, v. owewakan
- o-wa'-ki-be, n. a seam, a joint. T., wakime: i q. okibe and okihe.
- o-wa'-ki-ćon-ze, n. a law, a rule. T., wowasukiye. See wokiconze and woope.
- o w a' k i y a, v = a. of owa; to cause to write, etc.—owawakiya, owaunkiyapi.
- o-wa'-ki-ye, v. a. of okíya; to speak to or with; to speak harshly to, to reprimand; to offend—owawakiye, owaunkiyepi, owamakiye, owaćićiye.
- o wa' kon ze, n. of konza; determination. See wokonze, wokićonze, etc.
- o-wa'-kpa-mni, n. an Indian agency; place of distribution. owakipamni.
- $o w a' m a n o \eta$, v. of manon; to steal in or from any place—owamawanon.
- o-wa'-ma-non, n. a thief.
- o-wa'-mni-yo-mni or o-wa'mni-o-mni, n. T. an eddy, a whirlpool.
- o-wa'-na-sa-pi, n. T. a place of chasing buffalo.

- of chasing buffalo; the buffalo-chase.
- o'-wa-ni-ye-tu, n. winter. See waniyetu.
- o'-wan-ća, adv. all over.
- o'-wan-ća-ya, adv. everywhere, all over; all together.
- o-wang', cont. of owanka.
- o-wang'-i-ća-hin-ta, n. T. a broom: i. q. owankaićahinte.
- o wang' ya, v.a. to resemble, imitate, take lessons from one; to follow the example of—owangwaya, owangunyanpi: owangićiya, form a habit, be in the habit of.
- o w a n g' y a, adv. through all, through the middle. T., ohanglela and ohangleyela.
- o-wan'-ka, v. n. to resemble, be like-omawanka, oniwanka.
- o-wan'-ka, v. n. of wanka; to lie in a place—omunka, unkowankapi. T., oyunka.
- o-way'-ka, n. a place to lie on, a place where persons sleep; a floor; a place of pitching a tent, the ground. T., oyunke and owanka.
- o-way'-ka-i-ća-hin-te and o-wan'-ki-ća-hin-te, n. something to sweep with, a broom. See ićahinte.
- o-wan'-ka-i-hu-pa, n. bedstead.
- o-wank'-i-pa-kin-te, n. amop, floor-cloth. See ipakinte.
- o-wank'-i-yu-hin-te, n. T., owangićahinte. broom. iyuhinte.

- o-wan'-yag, cont. of owanyaka: | o'-wa-s'ag-ye-la, adv. owanyag waste, beautiful; owanyag śića, ugly. T., ówanyag.
- o wan' ya ka, v. a. of wanyaka; to look upon—owanmdaka: owanyake waste, good to look upon, handsome. T., ówanyaka.
- $o w a \eta' v a k e$, n. a sight, a show; a vision. T., ówanyake.
- o-wan'-ya-ke-ka, n. something delightful to be seen.
- o-way'-ye-ye, n. a place to look out at, a window, port-hole, a loophole.
- o-way'-ye-ye-ton, v. to have windows, having port-holes. See ton, v. a.
- o-way'-źi, adv. at rest, at leisure: owanźi yanka, to be at rest. owanźidan.
- o-wan'-źi-dan, adv. at rest, disengaged, unemployed: owanzidan yanka, to be unemployed; owanzidan manke śni, I am not at leisure.
- o'-wan-źi-la, adv. T. alike, the same: i, q okonwanzila.
- o w a' p i , part. figured, written.
- o-wa'-sin, adj. all, every one; the whole, the greater part. T., oyasin.
- o-wa'-sin-sin, adj. red. of owa-T, óyasinsin.
- o w a s', cont. of owaźa: owaś wauŋ śni, I am not near to, not affected by. o'-wa-ś'ag, cont. of ówaśaka.
- o'-wa-s'ag-la-ka, v. T.
- esteem casy of accomplishment. o-wa'-śag-ton, adj. easily purchased. T., ówaśakela.

- T. almost finished, nearly complete.
- o wa' s'a ka, v. n. of was'aka; to be strong for the accomplishment of anything—owamas'aka. T., ówaś'aka.
- o-wa'-śa-ka-dan, adj. cheap, easily purchased. T., ówaśakela.
- o-wa'-ste, n. of waste; something good with another thing. T., iwaste.
- o-wa'-śte-ća, adj. See owastećaka.
- o-wa'-śte-ća-ka, *adj*. ant, as a pleasant place, pleasant weather.
- o'-wa-ste-kal, adv. **T**. picking, choosing; owastekal icu, to take the pick of.
- See o-waś-ya, v. a. of oważa; to bring near to, cause to be near: commonly use with the negative, as, owaswaye śni.
 - o w a' t e c a, adv. almost. See wawateća.
 - o-wa'-u-ye, n. of uya; the growing, springing up of things.
 - o-wa'-ya-tpan, n. of yatpan; what is chewed fine, as the muskrat's food. T., owayakpan.
 - o-wa'-yu-hi. See wayuhi.
 - o-wa'-yu-śna, v. of yuśna; to sacrifice in any place—owamdu-T. owaunyan or owayulitata, according to the kind of sacrifice.
 - o-wa'-yu-śna, n. a place of sacrifice, an altar, a propitiatory. owaunyan and owayuhtata.

- o-wa'-yu-tpan, n. of yutpan; o-we'-ki-na-hanś, adv. T. perwhat is ground up fine T., owayu-
- o-wa'-źa, v. n. to be near to; to be concerned in: owaźa śni, not neur. o-we'-na-pe, n. See iyowaźa śni.
- miowe, unkowepi. T., oye.
- o'-we, n. a spring or well: mini owe, a well or spring of water. See miniyowe.
- o w e', n. T. a class; division; or o w e' ste, v.n. to use a by-word der: i. q. obe.
- o-we'-će-ća-ka, v. n. to be like o-we'-śte, n. a cant phrase. another in demeanor, appearance, o-we'-ste-ka, n. a by-word. etc.—owemaćećaka: i. q. oećeće- o-we'-śte-pi, n. ćaka.
- o'-we-ćin-han, adv. in succes-o-we'-śte-ya, adv. in the mansion, in Indian file, in an extended line.
- o'-we-ćin-han-han, adv. red. o-we'-śun-ke-ća, v. n. to be of ówećinhan.
- o'-we-ćiŋ-haŋ-yaŋ, adv. inIndian file.
- o'-we-han-han, v. n. to jest, make fun—ówewahanhan. See aowehan.
- o' we $ha\eta$ $ha\eta$ $ya\eta$, adv. jestingly.
- o-we'-he, n. T. a boiling: i. q. ohe.
- o w e' h e \dot{c} a, n. T. i. q. ihe \dot{c} a: an arrow thrown for a mark for others to shoot at.
- o w e' h e c a k u t e, v. T. toplay oweheća.
- o-we'-kiś, adv. T. perhaps, it may be.
- T. perhaps. o-we'-ki-niś, *adv*. See okinahan.

- haps.
- o-we'-ki-wa-kan, v. of owewakan; Ih. and T. to lie about one.
- the place of egress; coming out of: of inapa.
- o w e', n. a foot-print, track, trail— o w e' ś d e k e , n. a war-prize, as a pipe; a badge of honor. Teetons give no war prizes, but the victor on his return must give away all his property.-w. J. c.
 - owewaste, owemstepi.

 - by-words, cant phrases
 - ner of a by-word-owesteya ia.
 - unable to escape, unable by any effort to extricate one's self-owewasunkeća, oweunsunkećapi. T., to do badly and persist in denying it, after it is known; to protest innocence in the face of discovery. See ohansunkeća and unconnica.
 - o w e' w a k a n, v. n. Ih. to lie, to tell an untruth; i. q. itonśni—owe-See hitunkakan and mawakan. iewićaka.
 - o-we'-wa-kan-kan, v. n. to lie, tell a falsehood; to pursue a crooked course—owewawakankan: i. q ie wakankan.
 - o-wi'-ćah-ko-ke-dan, adj. precocious, as a child who walks early. See oićahkokedan.

- o-wi'-ćah-te-han, adj. of $slow \mid q$ -win', v. n. T. growth or development—owicalimatehan. See oiéalitehan.
- $o w i' \acute{c} a k u \cdot \acute{z} a$, n. of kuźa; laziness, debility. T., an unhealthy locality.
- o'-wi-ća-zi, n. of ozi; rest. oziiçiyapi.
- \circ o w i' h a n k e , n. of ihanke; the end of time, the end of space; the end of anything, as of a lake.
- o-wi'-haŋ-ke-śni-yaŋ, adv. endlessly, eternally.
- $o w i' h a \eta k e t a$, adv. at the
- O-wi-han-ke-wa-ni-ća, n. (no end, without end), the Eternal One, Jehovah.
- o-wi'-han-ke-wa-ni-ća, adj. o-win s'-ton, v. to have a bed endless.
- o-wi'-han-ke-wa-nin, adv. o-winś'-ya, v. a. to make a bed always, ever; interminably.
- o-wi'-han-ke-ya, v.a. to bring to an end, destroy-owihankewaya, owihankeunyanpi.
- o-wi'-he-éa, n. an arrow laid o-win'-źa, v a. to make a bed of, down or placed to shoot at; a mark to shoot at, a target. T., oweheća. See owinheća.
- o-wi'-han, v. n. 'to graze in, as cattle in a field.
- o w i' k e, v. Used only with śni. See owikeśni.
- o w i' k e s n i, v. n. to be strong, not to fail, as the strength of a person; to accumulate without being used, as property—omawikeśni. T., yuowi śni: wakiś'aka.

- to wear as an ornament: i. q. oin.
- o'-win- $\dot{g}e$, n. a curl, as of hair: pesdete ówinge, the curl on the top of the head. See yuwinga.
- o-wiy'-he-ća, n. an arrow shot as a mark to shoot at; a target. T., oweheća.
- o-win'-ki-ya, v. T. to cause to wear jewels: i. q. oinkiya.
- $o w i \eta' p i$, n. T. ear-rings.
- o-winś, cont. of owinża.
- o-winś'-ki-ća-ton, v.a. to lay or place down a bed for one—owinswećaton, owinsmićaton.
- $o w i n \acute{s}' k i y a$, v = a. to make a bed of, strew or spread down for a bed—owinśwakiya.
- owinśwaton.
- of—owinśwaya. See owinskiya.
- o win' źa, n. something spread to lie down or sit on, a bed; a floor. See owanka.
- use for a bed-ominźa, oninźa, unkowinźapi.
- o-win'-źa-a-ka-hpe, n. a bed-
- o-win'-źa-o-ki-pa-ta-pi, n. a bed-quilt of patchwork.
- o-wi'-tko, v. n. of witko; to be drunk with—omawitko.
- o-wi'-tko-tko, adj. foolish.
- o-wi'-tko-tko-ya, adv. foolishly.
- o'-wi-tko-ya, adv. acting foolishly from choice, playing the fool.

- o'-wi-tko-ya-ken, adv. foolishly.
- o-wo'-bo-pte, n. of bopta; the place from which a tipsinna or Dakota tűrnip has been dug. Owobopte wakpa, the river Pomme de Terre, a branch of the Minnesota, which joins it from the north, a few miles above Lac-qui-parle. T., owopte.
- o-wo'-du-ta-ton, v. n. to make a noise or bustle. T., okoya.
- o-wo'-du-ta-ton, n. noise, bustle, clamor. T., okose.
- o-wo'-du-ta-ton-yan, adv. clamorously. T., okoyase.
- o-wo'-gla-ke, n. T. a place of counciling.
- o-wo'-gla-ke-ti-pi, n. T. a council-house.
- o-wo'-pte, n. T. the place from which a turnip is dug.
- o w o' \pm m a, n. dense leaves. T., canwapewohe \pm ma.
- o-wo'-tan-in, adj. of tanin; clear, manifest: owotanin sni, not clear, foggy, hazy, smoky.
- o-wo'-tan-in, n. clearness, appearance: owotanin śni au, a haziness is coming on.
- o w o' taŋ iŋ ka. Same as owo-taŋiŋ.
- o-wo'-tan-la, adj. T. straight: i. q. owotanna.
- o-wo'-taŋ-na, adj. straight, not crooked; right, just; having done no wrong, upright—omawotaŋna and omaowotaŋna, oniwotaŋna, uŋko-wotaŋpidaŋ. T., owotaŋla.

- o-wo'-tan-tan-na, adj. red. of owotanna.
- o-wo'-te, n. of yuta; a place to eat in.
- o-wo'-te-ti-pi, n. a hotel.
- o-ya', v. n. and v. a. to stick to, come off on, as whitewash; to stain, sully—omaya; owicaya; i. q. owa.
- o-ya', n. Ih. the arms; the legs, limbs.
- o-ya'-gi, v. a. to impede, as high grass does in walking; to scratch; to affect, as choke-cherries do the throat—omayagi.
- o-ya'-ġi-ya, v. a. to cause to impede, as by sending one into the brush—oyaġiwaya.
- o-ya'-gi-ye-la, adv. T. impeded by.
- o-ya'-hdo-hdo, v. n. to rattle in the throat, have a rattling in the throat—omdahdohdo. T., onagloglo.
- o y a' h d o h d o k a, v. to begin to speak, as a child—omdahdohdoka.
- o-ya'-h do-ka, v. a. of yahdoka; to bite a hole in anything; to use language—omdahdoka. T., oyahloka, to make a mark with the teeth, to bite in.
- o-ya'-hdo-ka, n. a hole bitten in.
- o-ya'-he, v. n. to dry up, evaporate, as water; to fall or diminish, as water in a stream; said also of a vessel when a little is taken out.
- o-ya'-he-ko-ke-dan, adj. boiling away fast; said of a pot or kettle. See kokedan.

- o-ya'-he-ya, v.a. to cause to boil away or evaporate—oyahewaya.
- o-ya'-hlo-hlog, cont. T. oya-hlohlog ia, to talk like a baby.
- o-ya'-hlo-ka, v. T. to make a mark in with the teeth; to indent.
- o-ya'-ka, v. a. to relate anything, tell, as a story; to introduce one, tell his name—omdaka, odaka, unkoyakapi, oćiyaka.
- o-ya'-kon-pi, v. pl. of yakonpi; they are in a place. T., ounyanpi.
- o-ya'-ksa, v. a. of yaksa; to bite anything off in—omdaksa.
- o y a' k s a k s a, v. red. of oyaksa.
- o-ya'-kse. n. a biting off.
- o-ya'-ko-ga, v. T. to bite or gnaw off in.
- o-ya'-ko-za, v. T. to bite off short, as a horse does.
- o y a' m a, v. T. to gnaw in.
- o-yan'-ka, n. of yanká; a place, seat; a place of residence. T., oyanke.
- o-ya'-pe, n. of yapa; the small end of a pipe-stem which is taken into the mouth.
- o-ya'-pe, v. T. to put or take in the mouth, as a pipe—blapa, lapa, oyapapi.
- o-ya'-pta, v.a. to leave, have over and above what one eats—omdapta, unkoyaptapi.
- o-ya'-pta-pi, n. remnants, crumbs.
- o-ya'-sa-ka, adj. dried hard on or in, withered.
- o-ya'-sin, adj. T. all: i.q. owasin.

- o-ya'-sin-sin, adj. T. red. of oyasin.
- o-ya'-ska, v.a. to clean off by passing through the mouth—omda-ska: pahin oyaska, to draw porcupine quills through the mouth.
- o-ya'-śi-ća, v a. of yaśića; to speak ill of, give a bad character to—omdaśića. T., śićaya oyake.
- o-ya'-śiŋ-śiŋ, v.n. T. to itch; to feel as if it wanted to be rubbed omayaśiŋśiŋ.
- o-ya'-śki-śka, v. of yaśkiśka; to speak unintelligibly—omdaśkiśka.
- o-ya'-tag, cont. of oyataka.
- o-ya'-tag-ya, v. a. to cause to stick or drag heavy, as a sled on bare ground—oyatagwaya.
- o-ya'-ta-ka, v. n. to stick or drag heavily.
- o y a' t' a n, v. a. to bite or press on with the teeth—omdat'an. T., oyahloka.
- o y a' t a ŋ i ŋ, v. n. to show, manifest, testify — omdataŋiŋ, uŋkoyataŋiŋpi.
- o-ya'-t'an-t'an, v. red. of oyat'an.
- o-ya'-te, n. a people, nation, tribe, band.
- O-ya'-te-non-pa, n. p. The Omahas: lit. "two nations." They camped at times in two concentric circles.—J. o. D.
- O-ya'-te-ya-mni, n. p. The name given to the Ponkas: lit. "three nations." The Ponkas sometimes camped in three concentric circles.—J. o. D.

- o-ya'-tkan, v. a. of yatkan; to drink in anything—omdatkan.
- o-ya'-tkan-tkan, v. T. to come to a head, as a sore.
- o-ya'-tka-pa, v. n. of otkapa; to stick on or in anything.
- o-ya'-tke, n. drink; a draught or drink of anything.
- o-ya'-to-to, v. T. to eat off clean, as a horse does the grass.
- o-ya'-ta, v. a. of yata; to bite to death in—omdata.
- o-ya'-ţa-ġe, adj. of yaţaġa; rough, roughened.
- o-ya'-te, n. a biting to death.
- o-ya'-wa, v. a. of yawa; to count, to read; to read or count in—om-dawa. Hence, oyawa tipi, a schoolhouse.
- o-ya'-ya, v. red. of oya; to be musty, moldy, as hay. See oaa.
- o-ya'-za, n. of yaza; things strung on together, a string of beads, a bunch of fish.
- o-ya'-za, v. T. to string, as beads—oblaza.
- o-ya'-zaŋ, v. n. to be sick for, sick in consequence of—omayazaŋ. See yazaŋ.
- o y e', n. a track, foot-print, mark or track left by anything: i. q. owé.
- o-yu'-bla-ye, n. T. a page of a book: i. q. yumdapi.
- o-yu'-ćo-ka-ka, v. T. to take all out of, as the load of a gun.
- o-yu'-ġe, v. a. to put on or wear anything — omduġe. T., kićun. See oġe.

- o-yu'-ha, v. of yuha; oyuha waśte, good to have.
- o-yu'-hi, v. to impede; i. q. ćanku peźi aohduteyapi. T, oyagi. See óhi.
- o-yu'-hi, v. T. to scatter about, to spread, as hay, for many horses to eat.
- o-yu'-hi-hi, v. red. of oyuhi: oyuhihi elipeya yo.
- o-yu'-lida, v.a. of yulida; to ring, as a bell, in a place—omdulida. Hence, mazalidalida oyulida, a belfu.
- o-yu'-hda-hda, v. red. of oyu-hda
- o-yu'-hda-ta, v. a. of yulidata; to scratch in—omdulidata.
- o-yu'-hda-te, n. a scratch.
- o-y u'-h de-éa, v. a. of yuhdeéa; to tear in, as in an old hole—omduhdeéa.
- o-yu'-hde-će, n. a rent.
- o-yu'-hdo-ka, v. a. of yuhdoka; to bore or make a hole in, to make holes in, as hard snow does in horses' legs—omduhdoka.
- o-yu'-hdo-ke, n. an opening.
- o-yu'-hi, n. of yuhi; a pimple, a rough place.
- o-yu'-h pa, v. a. of yuhpa; to put or pull down in—omduhpa.
- o-yu'-hpe, n. a throwing down.
- o-yu'-kpu-kpa, v. to crumble in.
- o-yu'-ksa, v. a. of yuksa; to break off, as a stick, in a hole—omduksa, unkoyuksapi.

- o-yu'-ktan, v. a. of yuktan; to o-yu'-pte, n. pieces left in cutting bend anything into something else omduktan.
- o-yu'-ktan. n. a bend, a crook.
- o-yu'-ktan-yan, adv. bent into.
- o-y u'-k u n-t a, v. T. to pick in, as in nose or ears. Compare pakota.
- o-yul', cont. of oyuta; T., oyul waste, good to cat.
- o-yu'-mde-ća, v. a. of yumdeća; to divide out, scatter, break to pieces within something—omdumdeća. T., ovubleća.
- o-yu'-mde-će, n. a breaking in.
- o-yu'-mden, cont. of oyumdeća; oyumden iyeya: oyumden ehnaka, to open out. T., oyublel.
- o-yu'-mni-mni, adv. round and
- · round: i. q. ómnimni.
- o-yung', cont. of oyunka.
- o-yun'-ka, v. T. to lie down in omunka.
- o y u y' k a, n. of yunka; T. place to lie down: i. q. owanka.
- o-yuŋ'-ka-i-hu-pa, n. bed with legs, a bedstead.
- o-yu'-paŋ-ġa, adj. of yupanġa; loose, not tied tight. T., nagla, untied.
- o-yu'-po-ta, v. a. of yupota; to tear to pieces in—omdupota.
- o-yu'-po-te, n. a torn place, a rent.
- o-yu'-pson-pson, v. to spill or sprinkle, as water on a floor.
- o-yu'-pta, v.a. to cut out in: to cut out of-omdupta. See yupta.
- o-yu'-pta-pta-pi, n. scraps, remnants.

- out a garment, scraps, remnants.
- o-yus', coat. of oyuza.
- o-yu'-sin, v. a. to fall out with one, hate, not to be on speaking terms with—omdusin, unkoyusinpi. See osin.
- o-yu'-sin-ka, v. T. to hate.
- o-yu'-sin-yan, adv. out of humor with.
- o-yu'-ski-ta, v.a. of yuskita; to wrap up in, as a babe in its blankets—omduskita.
- o-yu'-spa, v.a. Ih. and T. hold, to catch, to take hold of: i. q. yuza—omduspa and omluspa, oduspa and oluspa. See yuspa.
- o y u' s p a y a, v. a. of yuspaya; to make wet with the hands in anything—omduspaya.
- o-yu'-spe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to lay hold of one-oyuspewakiya.
- o-yus'-ya, adv. laying hold of.
- o y u' śi ća, v. a. of yuśića; to do wrong in respect of—omduśića.
- o-yu'-śi-će, n. that which injures.
- o-yu'-śkaŋ, v. to relapse—omihduskan. See okaskan.
- o-yu'-śna, w. a. of yuśna; to let drop or fall into; to waste—omduśna.
- o-yu'-śna, n. something dropped, crumbs, scraps.
- o y u' stan, v. a. of yustan; tofinish within, as a house; to put one into another, as buckets, or as a cork into a bottle-omdustan, unkoyustanpi. See ostan.

- o-yu'-t'an, v. a. to touch, feel- o-yu-źun-ta, v. to thrust into, omdut'an.
- o-yu'-t'an-t'an, v. red. of oyut'an; to feel—omdut'ant'an.
- o-yu'-te, n eating, food. T., oyul; woyute. See woyute.
- o-yu'-te, 'n. T. the parts just above the hips.
- $o y u' t k o \dot{g} a$, v. a. T. to fasten, as a horse, in a stall; to lock, as a door-oblutkoga. See nataka.
- o-yu'-tko-ga-han, part. fastened, locked.
- o-yu'-tkoŋ-za, v. a. to make equal, break off and make equal with something else—omdutkonza. T., otkonza yuksa. See yutkun-
- o-yu'-tkon-ze, n. something that makes equal.
- o-y u'-t p u-t p a, v. a. of yutputpa; to crumble and scatter about inomdutputpa. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ oyukpukpa.
- o y u' ţ a, v. a. of yuţa; to kill inomduţa.
- o-yu'-ţiŋ-za, v. a. of yuţiŋza; to make firm in—omdutinza.
- o-yu'-tin-ze, n. a strengthener.
- o-yu'-wi, adj. T. vine-like.
- o-yu'-zan, v. a. to spread out, as a curtain—omduzan.
- o-yu'-ze, v. a. of yuze; to take or dip out food into-omduze.
- o-yu'-ze, n. of yuza; a taking, catching; oyuze waste, good catching. See oze.
- o-yu'-ze-ki-ya, v. to cause to lay hold of.

- as the hand into a pail.
- o'-za, adj. both. T., deniyoza and heniyoza. See denaoza and hena-
- o'-zan, n. a curtain: ózanpi, curtains, as bed-curtains.
- o'-ze, v. of yuza; to catch: oze waste, good to catch; oze sića, bad to catch: to take or get. Hence, Makatooze (earth-blue-take), the Blue Earth River. T., oyus; oyuze.
- o'-ze, n. of yuza; a hand's breadth: oze wanźidan, one taking hold of; capte oze, the feeling of the heart, purpose.
- o'-ze-ki-ya, adv. taking hold of: ćante ozekiya, the heart taking hold, thought. T., oyusya.
- o' z e y a, adv. in the manner of holding: ćante ozeya. T., oyusya.
- o'-ze-ye-ki-ya, v. to cause to hold the mind John xiii, 2. Perhaps this should have been ozekiya. T., oyuskiya.
- o-ze'-ze, v.n. to swing, be hanging: ozeze hiyeya. T., zeze.
- o-ze'-ze-ya, adv. swinging. T., zezeya.
- o'-zi, v. n. to rest—omazi, unkozipi. o'-zi, n. rest. See owićazi.
- o-zi'-ki-ya, v. n. to rest, take rest—oziwakiya. See asnikiya.
- o-zin'-ya, v. a. to make a smoke, to fumigate—ozinwaya. T., ozilya. See zinya.
- o-zin'-tka, n. See onzintka.

- o'-zi-wa-nin, adv. continually, without rest.
- o z i' y a, v. of ozi: to rest, take rest: oziićiya, to rest one's self-ozimi-
- o-zo', n a cape or headland; a peninsula: i. q. izo
- o-zun'-te, n. of zunta; what is connected, connection.
- o-zu'-ye, n. of zuya; war; a warparty, an army.
- o'-źaŋ-źaŋ, n. light, a light.
- o'-źaŋ-źaŋ-hde-pi, n. a window, windows; a looking-glass. T., oźanżanglepi.
- o-źa'-te, n. of źata; a fork, the forks of a road or stream.
- o ź i', v. a. to whisper about—owaźi.
- o-źiŋ'-źiŋ-tka, n. See oŋźiŋźiŋtka.
- o-źi'-źi, v. red of oźi; to whisper about—owaźiźi, unkoźiźipi. See źiźi.
- o-źi'-źi-ya, adv. in a whispering manner.
- o-źi'-źi-ya-han, adv. whispering.
- o-źu', v. a. to plant or put in the ground, as corn, etc., to sow; to load, as a gun—owaźu. See aźu, eźu, ouppa, etc.
- $o' \dot{z}u$, v. n. to be full of days, to be old, about to die of old age—ómaźu, óniźu. T_{\cdot} , kan.
- o-źu', n. ammunition.
- o-źu'-dan, adj. full, filled full omaźudan: ista maka oniżudan, thine eye is full of dust. Ih., oźuna. T., oźula.

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- o-zi'-ta, v. n. to smoke. See izita. o-źu'-dan-ya, v. a. to fill full oźudanwaya.
 - o-źug'-źu-dan, adj. red. of oźuused in reference to vessels.
 - o-źu'-ha, n. a sheath or case for anything, as, isan ozuha, a knifesheath; an empty bag; something that contains or covers, a box, barrel, etc.: ćahdi oźuha, a powder-flask; tasusu oźuha, a bullet-pouch; kokoźuha, an empty cask.
 - o-źu'-ki-ći-ton, v. of oźuton; to fill a bag for one—oźuwećiton.
 - o-źu'-ki-ton, v. pos. of oźuton; to fill up one's own bags, etc.—oźuwakiton and oźuweton, oźuunkitonpi.
 - $o \acute{z} u' la$, adv. T., i. q. oźudan: oźula nun se, almost full.
 - o-źu'-pi, part. filled; planted; loaded, as a gun.
 - o-źu'-pi, n. something to plant or sow, seed
 - o-źu'-śni, adv. not full.
 - $o \acute{z} u' to \eta$, v. a. to fill up into sacks, etc.—oźuwaton.
 - o-źu'-toŋ-pi, n. filled bags.
 - $o \acute{z} u' v a$, v. a. to fill; load, as a gun; to cause to fill or plant-ozu. waya.
 - $o \acute{z} u' \acute{z} u$, v n. to fall to pieces in any place. See źuźu, kaźuźu, yuźuźu, etc.
 - o-źu'-źu-haŋ, part. fallen to pieces in.
 - o-źu'-źu-wa-han, part. fallen to pieces in.

$\mathbf{P}.$

- p, the nineteenth letter of the Dakota | pa-a'-zi, adv. paazi iyeya, to push alphabet. It has the same sound as in English.
- pa, a prefix to verbs denoting that the action is done by pushing or drawing, rubbing or pressing with the hands or arms. The pronouns are prefixed.
- pa, n. the head of man or beast mapa, wićapa: the principal part of anything: the nose, as pa we hiyu, the nose bleeds. See nata, natahu, nasu, etc.
- pa, v. n. to fall, as snow: wapa, it snows. See wa and hinhan.
- pa, v. a. to bark at, as a dog does: " sunka mapa, a dog barks at me; śunka papi, the dogs bark. T., papa. p'a, adj. bitter.
- pa-a'-hda-pśin, adv. -paahdapśin elipeya, to turn bottom upwards See ahdapsin, by pushing, etc. naahdapsin, etc.
- pa-a'-hda-psin-yan, adv. bottom upwards, overturned by pushing, etc: paahdapsinyan iyeya, to turn bottom upwards. See ahdapsinyan, naahdapsinyan, paohdapsinyan, etc.
- pa-a'-ho, adv. paaho iyeya, tobrush up, as the hair from the forehead. T., ipaho. See aho.
- pa-a'-wa-kin, n. Ih. a saddle, pack-saddle. See akin and suktankaaķiŋ.

- aground. See azi.
- pa-ba'-ġa, v.a. to roll or twist in the hand—wapabaga, uppaba- \dot{g} api. T., pawa \dot{g} a.
- pa ba' za, v.a. to annoy or vex by pushing
- pa-be', v. to file. Same as paman. T_{\cdot} , pame.
- pa-bo'-tu-ka, n. See panbotuka. T., halionta opiye.
- pa-bu', v. a. to drum on with the fingers—wapabu.
- pa·bu'-bu, v. red. of pabu.
- pa-bu'-ya, v. a. to cause to make a drumming noise with the handpabuwaya.
- pa-ćan'-ćan, v.a. to push and make tremble, as one's arm by hard pushing-wapaćanćan.
- pa-ćan'-nan, adv. shoved off: paćannan iyeya, to shove out, as a boat from the shore.
- pa-ćeg', cont. of paćeka; paćeg
- pa-ćeg'-ćeg, cont. of paćegćeka; paćegćeg iyeya, to push aside and make stagger.
- $pa-\acute{e}eg'-\acute{e}e-ka$, v. red. of pačeka; to make stagger—wapaćeg-
- pa-će'-ka, v. a. of ćeka; to push and make stagger—wapaćeka, uppaćekapi.

- pa-ć i'-ka-dan, v. a. of ćikadan; to | pa-gan', v. a. make.small by rubbing—wapaćikadan.
- pa-ćiś'-ći-la, v. T. i. q. paćistinna. pa-ći'-stin-na, v. a. of ćistinna; to make small by rubbing or pressingwapaćistinna. T., paćisćila.
- pa-ćo'-ćo, v. a. of ćoćo; to rub soft, as mortar—wapaćoćo.
- pa-ćo'-ka-ka, v. a. to empty, push or draw all out—wapaćokaka. See ćoka.
- pa-ćo'-za, v. a. of ćoza; to make warm by rubbing—wapaćoza.
- Pa-da'-ni, n. p. the Pawnee or Pani Indians.
- pa-dom', cont. of padopa; padom iyeya. T, palob.
- pa-dom'-dom, red. of padom; padomdom iyeya. T, paloblob.
- pa-do'-pa, v. a. of dopa; to push into the mud, bemire-wapadopa. T., palopa.
- pa-e'-će-tu, v. a. of ećetu; to adjust as it was or should be, push into the right place, as a dislocated joint wapaećetu.
- pa-e'-ze, v. a. T. to rival, seek | pa-gu'-ka, v. a. to sprain by rubto supplant.
- pa-glo'-ka, v. T. i. q pahdoka. pa-gmi'-gma, v. T., i. q. pa-pa-gu n'-ta, n. See pagonta. hmihma.
- pa-gna', v. T. to shell off by rubbing: i q. pahna.
- pa-gna'-yan, v. T. to miss in pa-ha', v. a. to raise to strike—wapushing: i. q. palmayan.
- pa-gam', cont. of pagapa; pagam | pa-ha'-i-ća-sto, n. a hair brush. iyeya. T., paġab.

- to part with, give away, spare; to open, as a door, with the hand—wapagan, unpaganpi.
- pa-ġaŋ'-ġaŋ, v. red. of paġaŋ.
- pa-gan'-ya, v.a. to cause to give away; to cause to open—paganwaya.
- pa-gan'-yan, adv. parting with; opening.
- pa-ga'-pa, v. a. to push off with the hand, as the skin of an animal wapagapa. See yugapa, etc.
- pa- \dot{g} e', n. the diaphragm; the abdomen. See ikpi, nige, and tezi.
- pa-ġo', v. a. to carve, engrave wapago.
- pa-go'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to carve or engrave—pagowakiya.
- $pa \dot{g} \circ \eta' ta$, n. the mallard duck, Anas boschas; also the common tame
- pa-go'-pa-ti-ća, v. (page and opatića) to put in under a girdle, as a knife.
- pa-ġo'-pa-tin, cont. of paġopatića; pagopatin iyeya.
- pa-gug, cont. of paguka; pagug iyeya.
- bing, etc.; to rub down, as in dressing skins—wapaguka.
- pa'-ha, n. the hair of the head; the scalp. T., pehin. See páhin.
- pa-ha', n. a mound, hill.
- paha. See apaha.
- T., pehinićasto.

- pa-ha'-i-ye-ya, v. a. to push aside; to oppose, reject. T., pato-kan iyeya.
- pa-ha'-pa-źo-daŋ, n. a prominent or conspicuous hill.
- pa-ha'-ta, adv. at or on the hill, to the hill: pahata mde kta, I will go on the hill.
- pa-ha'-ya, adj. piled up, projecting, prominent.
 - pa-ha'-ye-la, adv. T. abundantly. See iyakiçuya.
 - pa-hba', v. a. to shell off, as corn, with the hands—wapahba, unpahbapi. See pahna.
- pa-hbe'-za, v. a. to make somewhat rough by rubbing—wapahbeza. See pahdeza.
- pa-hbu', v: to push into, bury, as in a barrel of corn: pahbu iyeya.

 T., pasbu and paswu.
- pa-hda'-ka-ya, adv. spreading out, scattering, as a herd of buffaloes when chased. T., abebeya and aweweya. See hdakeya, nahdakaya, yuhdaka, etc.
- pa-hda'-kiŋ-yaŋ, adv. pushing or crowding to one side. T., paglakiŋyaŋ.
- pa-hde'-za, v. a. of hdeza; to make spotted or ringed by rubbing—wapa-hdeza. See pahbeza and dote-hbeza.
- pa-hdo'-ka, v. a. to dislocate, push out of joint. T., pagloka.
- pa-hi', v. a. to pick up, gather up, gather together—wapahi, uppahipi.

- ya, to brush off quickly and completely—pahin iyewaya. T., pahinl.
- pa'-hin, n. the hair of the head. T., pehin. See paha.
- pa-hin', n. the porcupine, the quills of the porcupine, used by the Dakotas in ornamental work:
- pa-hin'-ta, v. a. to rub, brush, or wipe off—wapahinta, unpahintapi. T., pakinta. See pawinta.
- pa'-hi-yu, v. T. to bleed at the nose: i. q. pa we hiyu.
- pa-hmi'-hma, v.a. to roll with the hand; to roll by pushing against—wapahmihma Hence, canpahmihma.

 T., pagmigma. See panminma.
- pa-hmi'-yan, v. a. to make round, like a ball, with the hands—wapahmiyan. See hmiyan.
- pa-hmi'-yan-yan, v.a. to make a ball with the hands—wapahmiyanyan.
- pa-hmon', v. a. of hmon; to twist with the hand; to twist, as yarn, with a wheel—wapahmon, unpahmonpi.
- pa-hmon'-ka, v. to twist. See pahmon.
- pa-hmon'-pi, n. a hank or skein of yarn.
- pa-hmun', v. a. See pahmon.
- pa-hna', v. a. to shake off, as fruit, with the hand; to shell off, as corn, by rubbing—wapahna. T., pagna.
- pa-hna'-śkiŋ-yaŋ, v.a. of hnaśkiŋyaŋ; to make furious by pushing about—wapahnaśkiŋyaŋ.

- pa-hna'-yan, v. a. of hnayan; to pa-hu'-te, n. the ridge of the nose deceive with the hand, make deceptive gestures—wapahnayan. T., pagnayan.
- pa-ho'-ho, v. a. to shake or move, make loose by pushing, as a tooth wapahoho: pahoho śni, immovable.
- pa-ho'-ho-śni-yaŋ, adv. movably.
- pa-ho'-mni, v. a. to push anything round—wapahomni.
- pa-ho'-ton, v. a. of hoton; to cause to máke a noise, as iron by filing, or an animal by stabbing-wapahoton.
- the skull-bone.; See pa'-hu, *n*. nasuhu and natahu.
- pa h u', n. the large part or head of anything; as, candulupa pahu, the bowl of a pipe; mazakan pahu, the breech of a gun; onspe pahu, the pole of an ax; mdo pahu, the root of a Dakota potato; tipsinna pahu, the upper part of the tipsinna; wamnaheza pahu, the butt-end of a corn-cob. See ipa.
- pa-hu'-hus, cont. of pahuhuza; pahuhus iyeya. T., pahunhuns.
- pa-hu'-hus-ya, v. a to cause to shake with the hand—pahuhuswaya T., pahunhunsya.
- pa hu' hu za, v. a. of huhuza; to shake by pushing, as a tree—wapahuhuza. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ pahuŋhuŋza.
- pa-hu'-kun, adv. (pa and hukun) down: pahukun iyeya, to bow the head, push the head down; to push or shove down. T., pahukul. See pakućedan, pamahdedan, etc.

- at the base, between the eyes.
- pa-hu'-wa-te-zi, n. the buttend of a gun, when very large. pahutanka.
- pa-ha', v. a. to make rough by rubbing—wapaha.
- pa-ha', v. n. to bud: ćanwapa palia, buds.
- pa-ha'-ha, v. n. to be rough, as ice sometimes is.
- pa-ha'-tka, v. a. to make rough, rub against the grain—wapaliatka.
- pa-hći', v. a. to tear out a piece, pick out a piece—wapahći.
- pa-hći'-hći, v. red. of pahći.
- pa-hda'-gan, v. a. to enlarge, to cause to lengthen out—wapahdagan.
- pa-hda'-ġo-źu, n. the internal parts of the nose, the nasal fossæ. T., pahlate.
- pa-hdan', cont. of pahdata: palidan iyaya, to go scratching or scraping along.
- pa-lida'-ta, v. a. to scratch or scrape along—wapahdata.
- pa-lida'-te, n. the root of the nose: i. q. palidagožu. T., palilate.
- pa-hda'-ya, v. a. to peel off, pull off, as the skin of a potato—wapahdaya T., yuhlaya
- pa-hde'-ća, v. a. to tear, pull to pieces—wapahdeća.
- pa-hde'-hde-ća, v. red. of pahdeća. pa-liden', cont. of palideca; pahden iyeya. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ pahlel.
- pa-hdi', v. a. to stick in the ground, as a stake orstick—wapalidi. T., palili.

- p a h d i', n. the excretion of the nasal p a h p a' g a, v.

 fossæ.

 p a h p a' g a, v.

 open, as pop-corr
- pa-hdi'-hdi, v. red. of pahdi.
- p a h d i'- y a, v a. to cause to push into the ground—pahdiwaya. T., pahliya.
- pa-hdog', cont. of pahdoka; pahdog iyeya.
- pa-hdo'-han, v. pahdohan iyeya, to push down, as one's coat sleeve: i. q. pasdohan.
- pa-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of pahdoka. pa-hdo'-ka, v. a. to make a hole in, pierce, run through, bore, as the ears—wapahdoka. T., pahloka.
- paheyam iyeya, to push aside. T., paheyab.
- pa-li e'-ya-pa, v. to shove aside. See palieyata.
- pa-lie'-ya-ta, v. palieyata iyeya, to push back or out to one side.
- pa-hi'-ya ya, adv. roughly, not well made, not smooth, as anything rasped.
- pa-hla'-te, n. T. the internal parts of the nose: i. q. pahdate.
- pa-hla'-ya, v. T. to peel off of itself: i q. pahdaya.
- pa-hla'-źiŋ-ća, v. T. to sniff or snuff the nose. See yuźiŋća.
- p a $\ln \min \eta'$ $\sin \theta$, adj. left-handed. T., $\cot ka$.
- pa-hpa', v. a. to throw, as a horse his rider; to take down, as anything hanging up; to lay down or put off, as one's load; to scrape off, as the flesh that sticks to a hide—wapahpa, uppahpapi.

- pa-hpa'-ġa, v. to pop, to burst open, as pop-corn: i. q. papaġa.
- pa-lipe'-ya, v. a. to cause to throw down—palipewaya.
- pa-hpu', v. a. to pick off, break off in small pieces; to tear down, as birds' nests—wapahpu
- pa-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of pahpu.
- pa-hpu'-ya, v. a. to cause to pick off—pahpuwaya.
- pa-lita', v. a. to tie up, make into bundles or packs—pawahta, paunlitapi. The "pa" in this word is not a prefix.
- pa-hta'-ka, v. a. to bind in bundles—pawahtaka. See heyun.
- pa-lita'-pi, n. a bundle, a pack, packs of furs.
- pa-hte'-éa, n. the sucker, a kind of fish.
- pa-hte'-yu-ko-ki-ya, v. T. to frown.
- pa-hu'-ġa, v. a. to break through or push a hole in, as in a kettle wapahuġa.
- pa-liuli', cont. of pahuġa; pahuh iyeya.
- pa-hu'-hu-ġa, v. red. of pahuġa.
- pa-in'-yan-ka, v.a. of inyanka; to shoot or throw a stick through a hoop when rolling, push through with the hand—wapainyanka: painyanka kiéunpi, the game of shooting through a hoop.
- pa-i'-pu-ski-ća, v. a. of ipuskića; to press down on with the hand—wapaipuskića.

- pa-i'-pu-skin, cont. of paipuskića; paipuskin iyeya. T., paipuskil.
- pa-i'-tkons, cont. of paitkonza. pa-i'-tkon-za, v.a, T. to make even by pressing; to strike off level,

as a measure of grain: i. q., pao-

tkonza.

- pa-i'-tpi-ska, adv. paitpiska ehpeya, to throw over on the back belly up, as a dog. T., paikpiska.
- pa-i'-wa-śte-dan, adv. of iwaśtedan; slowly: paiwaśtedan iyeya, to shove along slowly. T., paiwa-
- pa-i'-wa-śte-ya, adv. slowly, gently.
- $\sqrt{pa-i'-ya-pa-to}$, v. n. of iyapato; to be pushed by: paiyapato ihemi
 - pa-i'-ya-pa-to-ya, v. a. to obstruct, push against—paiyapaţowaya.
 - pa-i'-yo-wa-za, v. a. to make echo by striking with the handwapaiyowaza.
 - pa-ka', v. a. to split or cut a slit in for an arrowhead.
 - pa-ka', v. paka iyeya, to push down or break down, as the ribs of an animal.
 - pa-ka'-hun-ka, v. n. T. to nod, bow the head. See pahukun, etc.
 - pa-kam', cont. of pakapa: pakam iyeya, to throw or toss, as a ball. T., pakab.
 - pa-kay', v. a. to respect, honor wapakan. T., ohola. See ohoda.

- pa'-kan, v. n. to prevent: mini pákan, to be prevented by water, as in a journey.
- pa-kan'-ka, v. to honor, respect wapakanka.
- pa-kan'-yan, adv. prevented by, impassable: pakanyan ya, to go round, as a lake.
- pa-ka'-pa, v. a. to toss, strike a ball that is thrown and send it back; to strike and stab before falling; to pushaway—wapakapa. T., kakapa.
- $pa' ka psa \eta$, v. a. (pa and kapsan) to nod or bow the head, nod assent pawakapsan. T., pakahunka. See oģiņģiņ.
- pa-ka'-tin, v. a. of katin; to straighten out, as the arm when bent at the elbow-wapakatin.
- pa-ka'-wa, v. a. to open out with the hand, as a gun-pan—wapakawa.
- pa-kća', v. a. to comb, disentangle, untie-wapakća, uppakćapi. T., kakća.
- pa-kes', cont. of pakeza: pakes paman, to make a noise by filing anything. T., pakes.
- pa-ke'-za, v. a. to make a noise by rubbing, as in filing—wapakeza. T., pakeza.
- pa-ki'-ća-psan, v. a. of pakapsan; to bow or nod the head to T., pakićaone — pawećapsan. hunka, which is from pakahunka.
- pa-ki'-hnung, cont. of pakihnunka; pakihnung iyeya.
- pa-ki'-hnun-ka, v. to push under water, make dive. T., opaspa. See kihnuka.

- pa-ki'-hta, v. pos. of pahta: to tie up or bind together one's own, to pack up—pawakihta, payakihta, paunkihtapi.
- pa-kin', cont. of pakinta; pakin iyeya, to wipe or brush all off—pakin iyewaya. T., pakil.
- pa-kin, v. a. to set up slanting, as a stick pointing in the direction one is going—wapakin. Hence, canpakin, a stick thus set up, a guidestick.
- pa-kin', v. n. to stand leaning: pakin iyaya, to bow down the head pakin imdamda. See yukin.
- pa-kins', cont. of pakinza.
- pa-kins'-kin-za, v. red. of pakinza.
- pa-kin'-ta, v. a. to wipe, as dishes, rub off, cleanse—wapakinta, unpa-kintapi. See pahinta.
- pa-kin'-yan, adv. T. bent over: pakinyan mani.
- pa-kip'-za, v.a. to make creak by rubbing—wapakinza.
- pa-ki'-pu-ski-ća, v. n. to be pressed tight together. See pakipuskita and yukipuskića.
- pa-ki'-pu-skin, cont. of pakipuskića: pakipuskin iyeya, to press together; pakipuskin ehnaka, to lay on for the purpose of pressing down. T., pakipuskil.
- pa-ki'-pu-ski-ta, v. n. to be pressed together.
- pa-ko', adj. crooked, bent round. pa-ko', n. the outside of a bend. See kalimin.

- pa-kon', cont. of pakota; pakon iyeya.
- pa-ko'-ta, v. a. to dig or take out marrow from a bone, to probe—wapakota. T., pako. See oyukunta.
- pa-ko'-za, v. to push back and forth. T., paslo iyeya na yuta-hena iću.
- pa-kpa', v. a. to pierce, gouge out, as an eye—wapakpa: i. q. patpa.
- pa-kpan', v. a. to crush, make fine by pressing—wapakpan.
- pa-kpan'-kpan, v. red. of pa-kpan.
- pa-kpi', v. a. to pick a hole, break a hole, as a young chicken in its shell; to hatch; to crack open; to mash, as a louse or flea: i. q patpi.
- pa-kpi'-kpi, v. to prick holes in, as in bread before baking.
- pa-ksa', v.a. to break off, as a stick, with the hand, break intwo—wapaksa. pa-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of paksa.
- pa-kśa', v. to fold, as a blanket. See kakśa.
- pa-kśa, adj. bent down, like an old person—mapakśa.
- pa-kśan', v. a. to bend, make bend by striking or pushing—wapakśan.
- pa-kśan'-kśan, v. red. of pakśan. pa-kśa'-ye-la, adv. T. in a bent condition.
- pa-kśi'-kśan, adj. crooked, zigzag. pa-kśi'-kśi-źa, v. red. of pakśiźa.
- pa-kśin, n. the kidneys, reins mapakśin, wićapakśin. Ih., the fat that is on the kidneys. See aźontka and aźuntka.

- pa-kśin'-śin, n. kidney-fat, leaf-|pa-kos'-ko-za, v. red. of pakoza. lard. Ih., pakśin.
- pa-kśiś, cont. of pakśiźa; pakśiś iyeya.
- pa-kśi'-źa, v. a. to bend or double up, as the arm at the elbow; to double up anything-wapakśiźa.
- pa-ktan', v.a. to bend around with the hand—wapaktan.
- pa-ktan'-ktan, v. red. of paktan.
- pa-ktan'-yan, v. a. to cause to bend.
- pa-ktan'-yan, adv. bent around. pa'-ku-će-dan, adv. head down: pakućedan yuza, to hold the head down, to apply one's self diligently. See pahukun.
- pa-ku'-ka, v. a. to rub to pieces, wear out by handling—wapakuka.
- pa-ku'-śke, n. T. the whip-poorwill: in Lakota it seems to say, wo-ko-gli, wo-ko-gli, clearness, translucency!
- pa-ku'-wi-śka, n. the whip-poorwill. T., pakuśke.
- pa-ke'-ga, v.a. to scrape with the hand, with glass, etc.—wapakega.
- pa-keh', cont. of pakega; pakeh
- $pa keh' \cdot ke ga, v. red. of pakeġa.$ pa-kes', cont. of pakeza; pakes
- pa kes' ke za, v. red. of pakeza. pa-ke'-za, v. a. to scrape, make smooth by scraping—wapakeza.
- pa-kos', cont. of pakoza; pakos iyeya.

- pa-ko'-za, v. a. to rub and make smooth and hard-wapakoza.
- pa-ma'-hde-dan, adv. head bowed down, prone: pamahdedan un, to go with the head down, as in sorrow.
- pa-ma'-kom, adv. head down, prone, headlong: pamakom yanka. See ahdaskin.
- pa-man', v. a. to file, rub, polishwapabe, yapabe, unpamanpi. See pabe.
- pa-mdas', cont. of pamdaza; pamdas iyeya.
- pa'-mda-ska, adj. flat-head: onspe pámdaska, a flat-headed ax, in distinction from the club-heads used by the Dakota women. T., pablaska.
- pa-mda'-ska, v. a. of mdaska; to press out flat, to flatten-wapamdaska.
- pa-mda'-ya, v. a. of mdaya; to spread out, make level; to iron, as clothes; to make smooth—wapamdaya, uppamdayapi. T., pablaya.
- pa-mda'-za, v. a. to-burst open, tear open, as a bag, by sitting on it wapamdaza. See mdaza.
- pa-mde'-ća, v. a. to crush, break, as brittle ware, by pressing—wapa-T., pableća. mdeća
- pa-mde'-mde-ća, v. red. of pamdeća.
- pa-mden', cont. of pamdeća; pamden iyeya. T., pablel.

- pa-mden'-ya, v. a. to cause to pan'- \dot{g} a, adj. bulky, as buffalocrush—pamdenwaya.
- pa-mdu', v. a. to bruise fine, crush pay'- ge-ća, adj. to powder—wapamdu, uppamdupi. T., pablu.
- pa-mi'-ma, v. a. to make round by filing or rubbing—wapamima. pan-gi'-hu, n. See pahmihma.
- pa'-mi-ma, adj. (pa and mima) Pan'-ka, n. p. the Ponkas. See round pointed: isan pámima, a caseknife. See mibe.
- pa-mna', v.a. to rip, as one's coatsleeve—wapamna.
- pa-mni', v. a. to divide, make a division, distribute anything-wapamni, uppamnipi.
- pa-mni'-mni, v. red. of pamni. pa-na'-ke, adv. panake iyeya, to push over on one side. Same as
- pa-na'-ke-ya, adv. of nakeya; pan-pe'-ska, n. round white orlying on one side after being pushed over: panakeya iyeya.
- pa-ni', v. a. to push or jog one with the elbow—wapani.
- pa-ni'-ni, v. a. to push or jog with sleep by jogging—wapanini.
- pa-nmi'-nma, v. This form is | pan-pe'-ska-wa-kśi-ća, n. used by the Mdewakantonwans. See palimilima.
- $pa nu \eta' \dot{g}a$, v. a. to sprain, as the arm or hand-wapanunga.
- pan, v.n. to cry aloud, call, yell, halloo-wapan, unpanpi. See kipan.
- pan-bo'-tu-ka, n. an Indian woman's bag, in which she keeps her sewing apparatus; a work-bag, a reticule. T., halionta opiye.

- robes, stuffed, filled full.
- bulky, puffed out-mapangeća.
- pan-gi', n. the artichoke, Helianthus tuberosus.
- the stalk of the artichoke.
- Oyate yamni.
- pay-ke'-ska, n. T., i. q. panpeska: crockery, China-ware.
- pan'-pan, v. red of pan; to yell, make a noise, shout, as the Dakota young men do-wapanpan.
- pan-pan'-na, adj. soft, as a deerskin or cloth. This may be from "panna," which is not now used.
- naments for the neck, slightly curved: can pappeska, the excrescences that grow on trees. Same as kappeska. T., pankeska, large shells; white ware.
- the elbow or hand; to wake out of pan-pe'-ska-dan, n. dim. of paŋpeska.
 - white-ware, China-ware.
 - panś-pan'-źa, adj. soft, bunchy. pan s - pan' - ze - dan, adj.as furs, bulky.
 - papś'-ya, adv. bulky, bunchy.
 - pan'-yan, adv. crying out.
 - pan-yan'-han, adv. crying out, yelling: panyanhan eya.
 - pan'-źa, adj. puffed up, soft, bunchy; one who is lazy—mapanźa.

- bulky.
- T. singly, pa-o'-gla-ya, adv. one by one.
- pa-o'-hda-psin, adv. rolled over, scattered about: paohdapsin elipeya, to turn an object bottom up by pushing it. See paahdapsin.
- pa-o'-hda-psin-yan, adv. bled over, topsy-turvey: paohdapśinyan iyeya. See ahdapśinyan, ohdapsinyan, etc.
- pa-o'-hdu-ta, v.a. of ohduta; to close up or over, as a hole, by rubbing—wapaohduta.
- pa-o'-hdu-te-ya, v. a. to cause to close up by rubbing—paohdutewaya.
- pa-o'-ka-gla-la, adv. T. to an extraordinary degree.
- $pa-o'-ka-\dot{g}a$, adv. *T*. exceedingly, extravagantly.
- pa-o'-ki-he, n (pa and okihe) T. the bridge or ridge of the nose, bone and cartilege.
- pa-o'-ki-ya-ska-pa, v. n. be bent in, jammed in.
- pa-o'-po, v. n. to warp; to push and make a hollow place. T., naopo.
- pa-o'-pu-ski-ća, v. a. to press down into. See pakipuskića.
- pa-o'-pu-skin, cont. of paopuskića; paopuskin iyeya.
- pa-o'-spe, v. a. to push under, as in water-wapaospe: paospe iyeya, to push under, push out of sight.
- pa-o'-tkons, cont. of paotkonza. T., paitkons.

- pan'- ze-la, adj. T. puffed out, | pa-o'-tkon-za, v. a. to press in full, make even full, strike off level, as in measuring grain—wapaotkonza. T., paitkonza. See tkonza.
 - pa-o'-țins, cont. of paoținza; paoțins iyeya.
 - pa-o'-tin-za, v. a. of otinza; to press in hard and tight—wapao-
 - pa-o'-ze-ze, v.n. to swing, dangle, hang, as berries. T., kaozeze. pa-o'-ze-ze-ya, adv. swinging, dangling. See ozezeya.
 - pa pa', v. T. to bark, as dogs; to bark at one: śunka mapapa. See pa.
 - pa'-pa, n. Ih. and T. dried meat; i. q. wakablapi. See mama and waćonića.
 - $pa-pa'-\dot{g}a$, $v.\ n.$ to pop, as corn in parching: i. q. pahpaġa.
 - to parch, as pa-pah'-ya, v. a. corn—papahwaya, papahunyanpi. Hence, wapapaliyapi, parched corn.
 - pa-pin'-kpa, n. T. (pa and inkpa) the point of the nose.
 - pa-pin'-za, v. to prick, prick or dot all over: papinzapi se. kpikpi.
 - pa-pom', cont. of papopa; papom iyeya, to make burst. T., papob.
 - pa-po'-pa, v. a. to make burst or. pop by squeezing or pressing-wapapopa: papopapi se, said of quilting that is puffed up in little bunches.
 - pa po' wa ya, v. a. of powaya; to rub or brush up, as fur or nap on a hat or blanket—wapapowaya.

- psag iyeya.
- pa-psag'-ya, v. a. to cause to break, as a cord—papsagwaya.
- pa-psa'-ka, v. a. to break in two with the hand, as a cord—wapapsaka, uppapsakapi.
- pa pson', v. a. to pour out, spill, throw out, as a liquid—wapapson.
- pa-psun', v. See papson.
- pa'-psun'-psun-la, v. rub and make smooth and round, as an arrow shaft.
- pa-pśun', v. a. to put out of joint or dislocate, as one's arm—wapapśup.
- pa-ptan', v. a. to turn over-wapaptan.
- red. of papa-ptan'-ptan, v. ptan; to roll over, wallow aboutwapaptanptan.
- pa-ptan'-ptan-yan, adv. wallowing about.
- pa-ptan'-yan, adv. rolling about: paptanyan iyeya, to roll over, roll
- pa-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of paptuźa.
- pa-ptus', adv. curled up; paptus iwanka.
- pa-ptuś, cont. of paptuźa; paptuś
- pa-ptuś'-ya, v. a. to cause to crack or split—paptuśwaya.
- pa-ptu'-źa, v. a. to split, to crack by working with the hands—wapaptuźa.
- pa-pus', cont. of papuza; papus

- pa-psag, cont. of papsaka; pa-pu-za, v. a. of puza; to rub dry, wipe dry—wapapuza.
 - pa-sbu', v. a. to cut into strings; to make rattle, as corn, by pushing in—wapasbu.
 - pa-sbu'-pi, n. fringe.
 - pa-sbu'-sbu, v. red. of pasbu.
 - pa-sbu'-ya, v. a. T. to make rattle by pushing.
 - pa-sbu'-ya, adv. rattling.
 - pa-sdan', cont. of pasdata. paslal.
 - pa-sda'-ta, v. a. to set up a pole in the ground, to drive in, as a stake or tent-pins—wapasdata. T., paslata. See pahdata.
 - pa-sde'-ća, v. a. to split by striking or rubbing—wapasdeća. pasleća · See pahdeća.
 - pa-sden', cont. of pasdeća; pasden iyeya. T., paslel.
 - pa-sde'-sde-ća, v. red. of pa-
 - to push or pa-sdo'-han, v. a. shove along—wapasdohan. *T.*, paslohan. See pahdohan.
 - pa-sdo'-han-han, v. red. of pasdohan.
 - pa-sem', cont. of pasepa; pasem iyeya. T., paseb.
 - pa-se'-pa, va. to rub off, as white-wash—wapasepa.
 - pa-si', v. a. to follow after one, follow in Indian file, follow, as a leader; to chase—wapasi.
 - pa-si'-pi-ka, n. one who is followed, a leader; a spokesman—mapasipika.

- pa-si'-sa, v. a. to pin together; to pa-sna', v. a. to make rustle; to stick in, as a needle or pin-wapasisa.
- pa'-ska, adj. white-headed.
- pa-ska', v.a. to bleach; to rub and make white—wapaska. T., naska.
- pa-ski'-ća, v.a. to press down on with the hand—wapaskića. paśkića.
- pa-skin', cont. of paskića; paskin
- pa-slo'-haŋ-pi, n. T., i. q.hutinaćute.
- pa-slul, cont. T. of pasluta.
- pa-slu'-slu-ta, red. of pasluta.
- pa-slu'-ta, v. T. to push out of, as dirt from a pipe-stem.
- pa-slu'-ta, v. a. T. to commit masturbation—wapasluta.
- pa-slu'-ka, n. T. masturbation; onanism.
- pa-smag', cont. of pasmaka; pasmag iyeya.
- pa-sma'-ka, v. a. to make a hollow in by pashing, to indent—wapasmaka.
- pa-smi', v. a. to do little things to irritate, provoke, pick a quarrel with-wapasmi, unpasmipi. yusigla kta kuwa.
- pa-smi'-ka, v. a. Same as pa-
- pa-smin'-yan, v. See pasminyanyan.
- pa-smin'-yan-yan, v.a. to rubor scrape off, make smooth or clean; to make smooth, as a gun-borewapasminyanyan.

- shake down and make rustle, as leaves—wapasna. T., yusna.
- pa-sni', v. a. to extinguish, as a fire-brand, by pushing it into the ashes—wapasni.
- pa snon', v. a. to roast, as meat, on a spit or stick—wapasnon, uppa-
- pa-snun', v. a. See pasnon.
- pa-spa'-ya, v. a. to make wet, to sponge-wapaspaya, unpaspayapi. This word is also used with the vulgar meaning of tawinton.
- pa-stan', v. a. to soak and take the hair off, as from a hide—wapastan. T., ohpanyan.
- pa-stan'-ka, v. a. to moisten; in a vulgar sense, tawinton. See paspaya.
- pa-stan'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to take off the hair, as in dressing a skin—pastanwakiya.
- pa-sto', v. a. to smooth, brush down, as hair—wapasto, unpastopi.
- pa-sto'-sto, v. red. of pasto; to brush down: pastosto iyaya, to go dragging along and brushing down, as a wounded animal brushes down the grass. T, kastosto.
- pa-sto'-ya, v. a. to cause to brush down—pastowaya.
- pa-sto'-ya, adv. brushing down
- pa-su', n. the nose or snout of animals, sometimes also of man; the beak or bill of birds; the external nose.

- pa-su'-mda-ska, n. (pasu and mdaska) a broad-billed duck.
- pa-su'-śko-pa, n. (crooked-bill)
 the snipe; the prairie curlew, a bird
 with a very long bill, which in one
 species is crooked, and hence the
 name.
- pa-su'-ta, v. a. of suta; to make stiff and hard by kneading, as dough wapasuta. T., patinza
- p a ś a', v. a. of śa; to make red by rubbing—wapaśa.
- pa-ś'a'-ka, v.a. to push or strike with too little force to penetrate wapaś'aka.
- p a ś b o' k a, v. n. to come up, overflow. T., apaśwoka.
- pa-śbu', v. n. to come up or out. pa'-śda, adj. (pa and śda) baldheaded. T., nata śla.
- pa-śda, v. a. of śda; to make barc, rub off, as hair—wapaśda.
- pa-śda'-ya, v. a. to hull, as corn in making hominy, to make hominy—wapaśdaya, uppaśdayapi.
- pa-śda'-ya-pi, n. corn hulled by boiling in ashes, hominy.
- pa-śdo'-ka, v. a. to push or shove off, as one's coat sleeve—wapa-śdoka.
- pa-śi'-ća, v. a. of śića; to spoil with the hands or by rubbing, soil, injure—wapaśića.
- pa-śi'-ća-ho-wa-ya, v. a. of śićahowaya; to make cry out by pushing with the hand; to push or punch and make cry out—wapaśićahowaya.

- pa-śi'-htin, v. to make badly; to do incorrectly.
- pa-śim', cont. of paśipa; paśim iyeya. T., yuśib.
- pa-śim'-śim, red. of paśim.
- pa-śim'-śi-pa, v. red. of paśipa.
- pa-śin', n. a bunch on a tree. T., éan nuge.
- pa-śi'-pa, v. a. to break off with the hand, as the branches of a tree, close to the body, or as pins; to push out of joint—wapaśipa.
- pa-śke'-pa, v. T. to rub off, as water.
- pa-śki'-ća, v. a. to press out with the hand—wapaśkića. See paskića. pa-śki'-śka, v. a. to disarrange by rubbing—wapaśkiśka.
- pa-śki'-ta, v. a. to press, squeeze out by pressing—wapaśkita.
- pa-śpa', v. a. to break off a piece, cut off a piece; to take out the dirt, as in washing; to wash out, as a stain—wapaśpa, uppaśpapi: paśpe śni and paśpapi śni; indelible, as a stain.
- pa-śpa'-śpa, v. red. of paśpa.
- pa-śpe'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to break off; to cause to come out, as a stain—paśpewakiya.
- pa-śpe'-ya, v. a. to cause to come out, as a stain, etc.—paśpewaya.
- pa śpu', v. a. to break off, as a bulb or excrescence, break off, as something bulbous—wapaśpu.
- pa-śpu'-śpu, v. a. red. of paśpu; to break or cut in pieces, as a cake of tallow—wapaśpuśpu.

- pa-śuś, cont. of paśuźa; paśuś | pa-taŋ'-iŋ-śni, v.n. to rub off, iyeya.
- $pa \dot{s}u' \dot{s}u \dot{z}a$, v. red. of $pa\dot{s}u\dot{z}a$: to mash up, break in pieces, as bones—wapaśuśuźa.
- pa-śu'-źa, v. a. to crush with the hand; to break or mash by punching-wapaśuźa.
- pa-ta', v. a. to cut out and sew up, as in making a tent—wapata.
- pa'-ta, v. a. to cut up or carve, as meat; to cut in pieces, as an animalwapata, unpatapi.
- pa'-ta, n. a grove of timber; i. q. taśkoźu.
- pa-ta', adv. together, crowded: pata iheya, they crowd together.
- pa-tag', cont. of pataka; patag inawazin, I stand, unable to proceed on account of something.
- pa-ta'-ka, v. T. to dodge about; to run here and there; to come to a stop and then dart off in another direction, as a wild horse; to come to a stand; to touch: hence, ipatake, a brace: to be hindered. See putaka.
- pa-tay', v. a. to esteem highly; to take care of; to be unwilling to part with-wapatan.
- pa-t'an', v. a. to push against with the hand; to feel for by pushing with anything, other than the hand: the idea in the prefix "pa" is that of pushing.—w. J. C.—wapat'an.
- pa-t'an'-han, part. pushing against. pa-tan'-in, v. a. to rub and make appear-wapatanin.

- to obliterate—wapataninśni.
- pa'-tan-ka, adj large-headed. T., nata tanka.
- pa-tan'-ka, v.a. to push out, make larger by pushing-wapatanka.
- pa-t'an'-t'an, v. red. of pat'an; to feel for by punching
- pa-t'an'-t'an-yan, adv. punching for, as for turtle eggs in the sand; pat'ant'anyan kuwa. See pazi.
- pa-tan'-yan, adj. reserving, keeping. pa-t'an'-yan, adv. pushing against.
- pa'-ta-pi, n. a cutting up of meat, carving.
- pa'-ta-wan-źi-dan, adv. directly, in one path, with one purpose, unchangeable. T., pat'an wan zila.
- pa-te'-ća, v. a. to make new, rub up and make new again—wapateća.
- pa-te'-pa, v. a. to wear off by rubbing—wapatepa.
- pa-ti'-ća, v. a. to scrape off, as snow from the ground; to work up by pressing on, as dough when sticky and soft; to shove, to push wapatića.
- pa-tin', cont. of. patića; patin iyeya. T., patil; patimahel patil iyeya, to shove into the house.
- pa-tin', adj. stiff, as a new ribbon, firm, not springing or yielding; stiffened with the cold—mapatin. See katin and satin.
- pa-tin'-ya, v. a. to cause to become stiff—patinwaya.
- pa-ti'-tan, v. a. to push against, push along—wapatitan.

pa-ti'-tan-yan, adv. pushing against.

pa-tka'-śa-daŋ, n a small species of tortoise. See keya, etc.

pa-tku', v. a. to break off square—wapatku.

pa-tku'-ġa, v. a. to break in two by striking; to break in two by pushing or punching—wapatkuġa.

pa-tkuh', cont. of patkuga; patkuh iyeya.

pa-tku'-tku-ġa, v. red. of patkuġa. pa-to'-kan-i-ye-ya, v. T. to push aside.

pa-tpa', v. a. Same as pakpa.

pa-tpi', v. a. to break out of the shell, as anything being hatched: i. q. pakpi.

pa-tuś, cont. of patuźa; patuś inaźin, to stand bent forward.

pa-tuś'-ya, v. a. to cause to bend forward or stoop, to make bow down—patuśwaya.

pa-tu'-źa, v. n. to bend over, lean forward, stoop down—wapatuźa. See pakućedan, pamahdedan, etc.

pa-ţa', v.a. to press to death, kill by lying on—wapaţa.

pa-ţa'-ţa, v. n T. to be numb; to be asleep, as a limb. See kpaţaţa. pa-ţiŋs', cont. of paţiŋza; paţiŋs iyeya.

pa-tins'-tin-za, v. red. of patinza. pa-tin'-za, v. a. to make stiff by kneading, as in mixing up bread; to press down tight—wapatinza.

pa-un'-ka, v. T. to push and make fall down: i. q. pawanka.

pa-wan'-ka, v.a. to push down-wapawanka. T., paunka.

pa-wan'-kan, adv. pawankan iéu, to shove up.

pa'-we, v. to bleed at the nose.

pa-we'-ġa, v. a. to break with the hand, as a stick, but not entirely off; to break by pushing against; to break by falling on—wapaweġa: to intersect, as one road another. See ipaweġa.

pa-weh', cont. of pawega; paweh iyeya.

pa-weh'-we-ga, v. red. of pawega. pa-weh'-ya, v. a. to cause to break; to break by pushing against pawehwaya.

p a - w i', adv. many, as a great many maggots. T., opawiwi. See pawise.

pa-wi'-hnu-ni, v. a. to rub to pieces, to destroy—wapawihnuni.

pa-wi'-ka, adv. many: itu pawika. pa-winh'-ya, adv turning out of a straight direction.

pa-winś, cont. of pawinźa; pawinś iyeya.

pa-win s'-win-źa, v. red. of pawinźa; to bend down, to make shake. pa-win'-ta, v. a. to rub—wapawinta. See pahinta and pakinta.

pa-win'-źa, v. a. to bend or press down, as grass.

pa-wi'-se, adv many, as maggots. This word seems to convey the idea of crawling over each other, as a moving mass. See pawiwi and pawiwise. T., opawiwi.

pa-wi'-ta-ya, v. a. of witaya; to pa-zan', v. a. to part or separate, assemble, collect—wapawitaya. as in running the fingers or a comb

pa-wi'-wi, adv. red. of pawi; in crowds. See opawiwi.

pa-wi'-wi-se, adv. shaking: pawiwise iyaya, to shake, as the hair of a badger when walking. The idea of motion seems to be implied. See opawiwise.

pa-wi'-ya-kpa, v. a. of wiyakpa; to rub and make shine, to polish—wapawiyakpa.

pa-wi'-ya-tpa, v. a. Same as pawiyakpa.

pa-wo'-slal, cont. of pawoslata; pawoslal iyeya, to run up, as a flag.

pa-wo'-sla-ta, v. T. to push up straight: i. q. pabosdata.

pa-ya'-ta, adv. in or at the head: payata o, to shoot in the head: payata iéakéa, to gather in a roll around the neck, as an Indian sometimes does his blanket. T., nata ekta.

pa-ye'-ġa, v. a. to make shine by rubbing—wapayeġa. T., palehya.

pa-yes', cont. of payeza.

pa-ye'-za, v. a. to rub, to scour—wapayeza.

pa-za', v. a. to stick up bushes, as the Dakotas do to sleep under when on a journey; to make a booth—wapaza. T., initi yuktan.

pa-za', n. the sacred name for wood.

p a' - z a, adj. bitter, as gall.

pa-zan', v. a. to part or separate, as in running the fingers or a comb through the hair; to spread out or divide, as the hair—wapazan. See pagan.

pa-zan', v. a. to hurt or kill by striking—wapazan.

pa-zan', adv. T. with the head only concealed, as a hen in the bushes; pazan lipaya.

pa-zaŋ'-yaŋ, v.a. to hurt or kill by striking—wapazaŋyaŋ

pa-zaŋ'-yaŋ, adv. spread out, as curtains; spread over, as a booth: pazaŋyaŋ iwaŋka, to sleep under a booth. T., pazaŋyaŋ iyuŋka, to sleep under the brush; the idea is, not concealed.

pa'-ze-ća, adj. bitter.

pa'-ze-ze, v. n. to swing, nod. See ozeze and paozeze.

pa'-ze-ze-dan, adv. swinging, nodding, letting the head drop, as in sleep.

pa'-ze-ze-ya, adv. swinging. See ozezeya.

pa'-ze-ze-ye-dan, adv. nodding, as in sleep.

pa'-zi, n. yellow-head. T., natazı. pa-zi', v. a. to push into, as a stick into the sand in hunting for tortoise eggs—wapazi. T., pat'ant'an.

pa-zi'-ća, v. a. to rub, roll out or stretch with the hand; to stretch by pressing against—wapazića.

pa-zig'-zi-ća, v. red. of pazića. pa-zo', v. a. to show, present anything to view—wapazo, unpazopi.

- pazowakiya.
- pa-zun', cont. of pazunta; pazun owaton, I wear it only run up.
- pa-zun'-ta, v. a. to sew or run up at the sides some distance from the edge, as leggings—wapazunta.
- pa-źa' or pa-źan', adv. through: paźa ćap'a, to stab through. ihunniyan.
- pa-źał. T. cont. of paźata.
- $pa-\acute{z}al'-\acute{z}a-ta$. T. red. of pa-
- pa-źaŋ', adv. See paźa.
- $pa-\acute{z}a\eta'-ya$, adv. through and through.
- pa-źa'-ta, v. a. to make forked by punching or thrusting something into—wapaźata.
- $pa \dot{z}a' \dot{z}a$, v.a. to wash, as a gun, by pushing and pulling—wapaźaźa.
- pa-źim', cont. of paźipa; paźim iyeya. T., paźib.
- pa zim' zi pa, v. red. of pazipa. pa-źin, v. to prevent. See ipaźin, kipaźin, wipaźin, and wapaźin.
- pa-źi'-pa, v. a. to prick with a pin; to press against and make penetrate. See yazipa and yuzipa.
- pa-źo'-dan, n. a high knoll or hill, the top of a hill.
- pa-źo'-ya, *adv*. hill-like, swelled
- pa-źun', v. a. to push down and pry up, as a root; to pull up, as ducks do grass roots in water wapaźuŋ.

- pa-zo'-ki-ya, v. to cause to show— | pa-źu'-źu, v. a. to rub out, cross out, erase—wapaźuźu.
 - pće'-će-na, adj. Th. short: i.q. ptećedan. T., pćećela.
 - péel-ye'-la, adv. T. briefly, for a little time.
 - pće-pćel'-ye-la, adv. rcd. of pćelyela.
 - pée-ya', v. a. to cut and dry meat of any kind—pćewaya. T., kablaya. See wapćeya.
 - pe, adv. modal, plural ending, old form for "pi."
 - pe, the precatory plur. imp. termination of verbs, used commonly by women, as, econ pe, do ye do it.
 - pe, n. the top of the head.
 - pe, adj. sharp, as edged tools; pointed.
 - pe-a'-gla-ta-ta, v. T. to use all up, to exhaust one's supply by giving to others: i. q. woźuha glatata peawaglatata. See hdatata.
 - pe-ćo'-kan-yan, n. the scalp-lock.
 - Pe-ćo'-kan-yan-han-ska, n. p. the Chinese; a Chinaman.
 - pe'-ćo-ka-ya ki-son-pi, n. the scalp-lock. T., pećokanyan.
 - pe-éus', cont. of pecuza: wi pećus wanka, there are sun dogs. T., wi aćeićiti, the sun builds his own fires.
 - wi pećusya pe-ćus'-ya, adv. wanka; said when mock suns are observed.
 - p e c u' z a, n. sun-dogs, mock-suns.

- pe'-gna-ka, v. T. to wear in the | pe-ksu', n. a kind of acorn. hair or on the head: i q. pehin gnaka.
- pe'-gna-ka-pi, v. T. ornaments worn in the hair or on the head, as brooches, feathers, etc.
- pe-ge', n. the side or height of a vessel. T., ćuwi.
- pe-han', v. a. to fold up anything wapehan: pehan ehnaka, to fold up and lay away.
- pe-han', n. the crane, of several species.
- pe-han'-gi-dan, n. the gray or sand-hill crane.
- pe-han'-han, v. red. of pehan; to writhe or move about, as one does with the stomach-ache-wapehanhan
- pe-han'-ka-dan, n. a small slender bird which frequents the water. Same as siyukansasa.
- pe-han'-san, n. the large white
- pe-hip', n. T. the hair of the head: i. q. pahin.
- pe-hin'-i-ća-sto, n. T. a hair brush.
- pe-hip-i-sla-ye, n. T. hairoil; grease for the hair.
- pe-lini'-ga, v. n. to be red hot, heated to a white heat.
- pe-lini'-ga, n. that which is heated to a red heat. Compare peśniża.
- pe-līnih', cont. of pehniga.
- pe-hni'-hni-ġa, v. red of peliniga.
- pe-hnih'-ya, v. a. to heat red hot—peliniliwaya,

- T., uta.
- pe-ksu'-dan, n. a species of acorn; a kind of grass with a red flower.
- pel, cont. of peta; n. T. fire.
- pel-i'-le-ya-pi, n. T. something to light a fire with; kindlings.
- pel-kan', adv: T. near the fire. pe-mna', v. n. to smell of fire; as if pet mna.
- pe-mna', adj. smelling of fire, smelling burnt.
- pe-mni', adj. warped, twisted, crooked.
- pe-mni', v. n. to warp, twist; to become crooked, become entangled.
- pe-mni'-mni, v. red. of pemni.
- pe-mni'-yan, adv. crookedly, perversely, twisting.
- $pe-mnu'-mnu-\dot{g}a$, n. the pit of the stomach. See also pimnumnuga. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, sipute.
- pe-na'-kpa-kpa, v. n. (peta and nakpakpa) to crackle, as a fire.
- pe-na'-tpa-tpa, v.n. to crackle, *cmit sparks*, as fire. This and the preceding word may perhaps be used as nouns, meaning small sparks.
- pe-pe', adj. red. of pe; prickly, jagged.
- pe-pe'-ya, adv. prickly, sharp, or rough, as a frozen road: pepeya hiyeya.
- pe-sde'-te, n. the top of the head; the comb of a rooster. peslete.

pe-sde'-te-o-win-ge, n. the curl of hair on the top of the head.
pe-sle'-te, n. T. i. q. pesdete.
pe-sle'-te-śa, n. T. the red comb of a chicken cock.

pe'-sto, adj. sharp-pointed.

pe'-sto-dan, adj. sharp-pointed. T., pestola.

pe'-sto-la, n. T. the diamond in cards.

pe'-sto-ya, adv. in a sharp-pointed manner.

pe'-sto-ye-la, adv T. i. q. pestoya.

Pe'-śa, n. p. the Kwapas.

pe-śka, n. the air-bladder of a fish. This is sometimes used for making glue, hence the name conpeska.

pe-śni-źa, n. sparks of fire. pet, cont. of peta, as in petiskan, etc.

T., pel.

pe'-ta, n. fire.

pe-ta'-ga, n. burning coals.

pe-ta'-ga-i-ce-on-pa, v. to broil on the coals—petaga icewaonpa.

pe-tan', adv. on the fire: petan elipeya, to throw on or in the fire. T., petanl.

pe-tan'-na, adv. in the fire.

pet-i'-śkan, v. n. to draw near the fire, warm one's self—petimaśkan. T., peliśkan.

pet'-i-źaŋ-źaŋ and pe-ta'-i-źaŋźaŋ, n. a torch, candle, lamp T., peliźaŋżaŋ.

pet-i'-źaŋ-źaŋ-i-hu-pa, n. a candlestick, lamp. T., peliźaŋźaŋ ihupa.

pet-i'-źaŋ-źaŋ-i-yu-kse, n. candle-snuffers. T., peliźaŋżaŋ iyu-kse.

pet-ka'-hda, adv. (peta and kahda) near the fire, by the fire. T., pelkanye and pelicagla.

pet-ki'-ye-dan, adv. (peta and kiyedan) near the fire. T., pel-kanyela.

pe-tu'-spe, n. a fire-brand.

pe-tu'-ste, n. a fire-brand.

p e'-wi-wi-la, n. T. the soft spot in the cranium of infants.

pe-yo'-han, n. a line running over the middle of the head from the forehead, the parting of the hair. T., peyohanla.

pe-yo'-han-la, n. T. i. q. pe-yohan.

pe-yo'-zan, n. the place which is left on the head by separating the hair: i. q. peyohan.

pe-źi', n. grass, herbs, hay.

pe-źi'-hiŋ-kpi-la, n. T. moss. pe-źi-hu'-ta, n. grass-roots, herbs;

medicines of all kinds. T., peźuta. pe-źi-hu'-ta-i-ya-tke, n. something to drink medicine out of; tea-

thing to drink medicine out of; teacups. T., peźuta iyatke. See yatkan.

pe-źi-hu'-ta-i-yo-ka-śtan, n. something to pour medicine into; a coffee-pot, tea-pot; a syringe.

pe-źi-hu'-ta-sa-pa, n. black medicine, i. e. coffee. T., peźuta sapa.

pe-źi-hu'-ta-śi-ća, n. bad medicine, i. e. poison. T., peźuta śića.

- pe-źi-hu'-ta-wi-ća-śta, n. a medicine man; a physician. T., peźuta wićaśa.
- pe-źi-hu'-ta-zi, n. yellow medicine; rhubarb. T., peźutazi.
- Pe-źi-hu'-ta-zi-ka-pi-wakpa, n. p. the Yellow Medicine River, which joins the Minnesota from the Coteau des Prairies, about thirty miles below Mdeiyedan. See ka and wakpa.
- pe-źi'-ho-ta, n. a kind of grass or herb of a whitish or grayish appearance, which grows abundantly on the prairies; wild sage. In our translations this word is used for hyssop.
- pe-źi'-i-ća-śda, n. (pezi and ka-śda) a scythe.
- pe-źi'-i-na-kse, n. T. a mowing machine.
- $p e z i' i t o k \le u$, n. (pezi and toksu) a hay-rack.
- pe-źi'-i-yu-hin-te, n. a hay-rake.
- pe-źi'-ka-śda, v. to cut hay or grass, to mow—peźiwakaśda. T, peźikaśla.
- pe-źi'-o-ka-śla, n. T. a place to cut hay, a meadow.
- pe-źi'-o-na-kse-ya-pi, n. T. a place to cut hay in.
- pe-źi'-uŋ-kće-la, n T. (peźi and uŋkće) the sand burr.
- pe-źi'-uŋ-kće-kće-la, n. T sand burrs.
- peź'-o-win-źa, n. (peźi and owinźa) grass-bedding in a tent.

- pe-źu'-ta-gmi-gme-la, n. T. "round medicine," pills.
- pi, the common plural termination of verbs, nouns, pronouns, adjectives, and sometimes adverbs and prepositions. In the Titonwan dialect the "pi" often becomes "pe" before "ye lo," when the "ye" is lost: e. g. "hećonpe lo" for "hećonpi ye lo."—w. J. c.
- pi, adj. good. This word is probably obsolete, but words formed from it are in use, as, yupi, etc.
- pi, n. the liver—mapi, wićapi: tapi, the liver of animals.
- pi'-ća, an auxiliary verb with the force of can. It conveys the idea of power or possibility, as econpica, that can be done.
- pi-ća', adj. good.
- pi-ća'-ka, an auxiliary verb, sometimes with the force of pića, and sometimes with that of pića śni. The "ka" may in some cases be interrogative.
- pi-éa'-ka, adj. a little good: i. q. kitanna waste: a little better than some other.
- pi-ća'-la-ke, adj. T. more perfect than some other; pićalake ćin he iću yo, take the best one.
- pi-ća'-śni, v. it cannot be, it is impossible.
- pi-ća'-ya, adv. well.
- pi-da', v. n. to be glad, thankful; to rejoice—piwada, piundapi. T, pila
- pi-da'-da, v. red. of pida.

make thankful—pidawakiya, pidaunkiyapi: pidamakiya, he has made me glad, I am thankful. T., pilakiya.

pi-da'-ya, v. a. to make glad—pidawaya, pidaunyanpi. T, pilaya. pi-da'-ya, adv. gladly.

 $pi'-\dot{g}e-se$, adv. T. with a noise, as one in diving into water.

pi-i'-çi-ya, v. reflex. of piya; to prepare one's self, get ready—pimićiya, piuŋkiçiyapi.

pi-ki'-ći-da, v. to give thanks to, be glad for-piwećida. T., pikićila, to be glad or thankful with or for another; to take part with one in his thankfulness. There seems to be no word for "to give thanks "Wopila" is not to", to thank. used, so the forms wopila ku, ećiya, etc., are not understood. The only expression of this idea is in the full form, pilayapi oglaka. However, it is contained in such forms as, pilamayaya, you make me thankful, i. e. I thank you.—w. J. c.

pi-ki'-ći-ya, v. of piya; to mend for one—piwećiya.

pi-ki'-da, v. n. to be thankful, glad—piwakida.

pi-ki'-ya, v. a. to conjure, to pow-wow over the sick, as the Dakotas do; to mend or make new one's own—piwakiya, piunkiyapi, pimakiya.

pi-ki'-ya-pi, part. conjured, conjuring; mended. T., wapiyapi.

pi-da'-ki-ya, v. a. to make glad, pi-ksu'-dan, n. a kind of acorn. See peksudan.

> pi-ksu'-ta, n. a species of prairie grass—the blue joint.

pil-i'- ći-ya, v. reflex. T. make one's self thankful.

pi-mnu'-mnu-ġa, n. the pit of the stomach. T., sipute.

pins-pin'-za, n. the prairie dog, an animal about the size of a mink or a large ground squirrel, which is found near the Missouri, and is said by the Dakotas to plant its own field.

pins-pin'-za, v. red. of pinza; to squeal, as a ground squirrel when caught.

pi-śle'-ća, n. T. the spleen: i. q. piśniże.

pinś-pin'-źe-dan, adj. thin, scattering, as hair or grass.

pin'-za, v. n. to creak, as a shoe. T., kinza; kinskinza.

pin'-ze-dan, n. the prairie dog. pin'-źa, adj. destitute of hair: *i. q.* śmi

pi-pi-ya, adv. red. of piya; well, anew, thoroughly.

pis-pi'-za, v. T. to make a noise with the lips, as in whistling for a dog.

pi-śka'-te, n. a small species of cranberry.—s. w. p. See potpanka. pi' - sko, n. the night-hawk.

pi'-śko-ta-han-pe, n. lit. "the night-hawk's moccasin," the lady'sslipper, a flower; mushrooms, fungus: i. q. wićanlipi hinlipaya. T., makaéannakpan.

- p i ś n i' ź e , n. the spleen. See tapiśniże. T., piśleća; tapiśleća.
- . p i ś p i' ź a , adj. red. of piźa; wrinkled—mapiśpiźa.
- piś-pi'-że-daŋ, adj. wrinkled or shrivelled, as one's hands from being long in water, withered mapiśpiżedaŋ.
- pi-ya', v. a. of pi, good; to make anew, mend up, repair—piwaya, piunyanpi. T. to conjure the sick. See pikiya.
- pi'-ya, adv. well, anew: piya hduha, to have again, recover one's own; piya kaga, to mend, make anew.
- pi'-ya-e-han-ke-ća, adv. taller, longer than.
- pi'-ya-e-haŋ-na-ke-ciŋ-haŋ, adv. presently: i. q. ehakedaŋke ciŋhaŋ, soon, again: after a pause; resting and then going on afresh.
- pi-ya'-e-haŋ-na-se, adv. e little longer.
- pi'-ya-i-yu-kéan, v. to take another view of; to change one's mind.
- pi-ya'-ya, v. n. to run well, as a canoe or hutinacute.
- pi-ye'. v. See piya.
- pi-ye'-deś, adv. notwithstanding; heedlessly: i. q. iyowinyeśni. Said of one who does not listen to what is said to him. See inihan śni.
- pi-ye'-pi-ća, adj. reparable: piyepića śni, that cannot be repaired.
- pi-zi', n. the gall—mapizi. See tapizi.

- pi'-źa, adj. wrinkled-mapiźa.
- po, the plural termination of verbs in the imperative mood. This is probably formed from "pi" and "wo."
- po, v. n to swell, puff out—mapo, wićapo.
- po-gan', adv. on the nose.
- po'-gan, v. n. to spread out, as a bladder when blown; to blow, as with the mouth.
- po-ġa'-śke, n. the external part of the nose, the sides of the nostrils: i. q. pohaśke. T., poġe osmaka.
- pog-can'-te, n. T. the septum or partition of the nose: i. q. policante.
- po'-ge, n. the nose—mapoge, nipoge: nostril; used also for outside of nose.
- Po'-ge-hdo-ke, n. p. the Nez Percé Indians.
- po'-ge-o-lido-ka, n. the nostrils. po'-ha-ha-se, adv. shaking. Said of a buffalo shaking his head; pohahase inyanka, he runs shaking his head.
- p o'-h d:-ćo-d a ŋ, adv. (pa and ohde) head covered: i. q. pośmićo-daŋ: śina pohdićodaŋ hiŋmi, I wear my blanket over my head. T., pośmićola.
- p o' h m i é o d a ŋ, adv. Same as pohdiéodaŋ.
- poli-a'-śke, n. (poge and aśke) .the outside of the nostrils: i. q. pogaśke.
- See pol'-ćan-te, n. the cartilage between the nostrils: i. q. pogćante.

- poh-i'-ya, adv. T. crouching down: pohiya yanka, to sit doubled up with hands over the knees.
- poli-yu'-śki, n. the inside of the nose, the nostrils.
- po'-ki-mna-mna, v. a. of pomnanma; to shake the head at one powakimnanma.
- pol-po'-ta, adj. T. red. of pota; worn out.
- pol-po'-tan-han, part. T. full of holes.
- pom, cont. of popa; pom iyaya and pom hiphda, to burst out, snap suddenly. T., pob.
- po'-mna-mna, r. to shake the head—powamnamna.
- po'-mna-mna-ki-ya, v. a. to shake or wag the head at; to cause to wag the head—pomnamnawa-kiya. See poptanptankiya.
- pom-ya', adv snapping, popping. pom-yeh', adv. with a snap: pomyeh iheya, to shoot and kill immediately: pomyeh iyeya.
- pom-ye'-hin, adv. snapping. pon, cont. of pota. T., pol.
- pon-pon', adj. rotten, as wood.
- pon-pon'-na, adj. rotten, soft, as rotten wood. T., puppunla.
- po'-pa, v n. to burst. See napopa. po-po', v. n. red. of po; to swell, puff out.
- po-po'-pa, adj. full of pith: tipsinna popopa, a stringy turnip.
- po-po'-pe-se, adv. Said of nap on a blanket and of fine fur on a robe.

- crouching po-po'-tka, n. the screech-owl.

 sit doubled po-po'-tka-dan, n. the screech
 - po'-ptan-ptan, v. n. to shake the head, signify dissent—powaptanptan. See pomnanna.
 - po'-ptan-ptan-ki-ya, v. a. to shake the head at; to cause to wag the head at—poptanptanwakiya. See apoptanptan.
 - po'-ski-ća, v. to clasp around the neck. See pośkin.
 - po'-skin, cont. of poskića; by the neck. T., poskil.
 - po'-skin-i-ya-ka-ska, v. a. to tie round the neck, as a halter.
 - po'-skin-kte, v. to kill by choking—poskinwakte. T., yuta.
 - po'-skin-ţa, v. to die by being strangled.
 - p o'-s k i n y u t a, v. to put to death by hanging. T., panakseya.
 - p o'-skin-yu-za, v. to take by the throat; to put the arms around the neck of one, to embrace—poskin-mduza. T., lotogmus yuza See adokso and kaskita yuza.
 - p o'-ś di-ś di, v. to have one's face always covered: pośdiśdi waun. T., pośliśli. See pohdićodan and pośmićodan.
 - p o ś d i' ś d i k a, n. one who keeps his face covered with his blanket: i. q. pośliśli s'a.
 - po'-śiŋ, v. n to sniff, snuff up the nose; make a face at—powaśiŋ. See palilaźiŋća and iteyuśiŋkiya.

- po'-śin-śin, v. red. of pośin; to psa, n. a kind of rush or water make faces at. psa, sometimes used in making
- po'-śli-śli-s'a, n. T. one who keeps his face covered.
- p o'-ś m i ć o d a ŋ, adv. head covered, as with a blanket: śina pośmićodaŋ hiŋmi, I wear my blanket over my head. See pośdiśdika.
- po'-stan, v. T. to wear as a hat or head covering—powastan.
- po'-śtan, n. a hood, a child's cloak with a hood. See tapostan.
- po'-ta, adj. worn out; spoiled. See bapota, yupota, etc.
- po'-ta-han, part. worn out, full of holes. T., potalie.
- po-ta'-wa-han, part. full of holes.
- po-tkan'-ka, n. cranberries. Same as potpanka. See piśkate.
- po-tpan'-ka, n. cranberries, the Oxycoccus macrocarpus.
- po-tpay-ka-hu, n. the cranberry-stalk.
- po-tpo'-ta, red. of pota; worn out. T., polpota.
- po-tpo'-ta-han, part. red. of potahan; full of holes, torn, ragged, as a worn-out garment. T., polpotahan.
- po-wa'-ya, n. nap, fur.
- po-wa'-ya, adj. having nap.
- po-wa'-ye-dan, adj. having nap; sa powayedan, red flannel.
- po'-źaŋ-źaŋ, v. to snuff up, as an animal snuffs the wind; to snuff or scent, as a dog does. See pośin.

- grass, sometimes used in making mats: Psa-mde-wanke-cin-wakpa, the little stream that empties into the Minnesota just below Little Rock.
- psa'-ka, adj. broken. See yupsaka.
- psa-ka'-han, part. broken, as a string; said also of the heart.
- psa-ka'-wa-han, part. broken, as a string.
- psa'-o-win-źa, n. rush mats.
- psa-psa'-ka-han, part. red. of psakahan.
- psa-psa'-ka-wa-haŋ, *part. red.* of psakawahaŋ.
- psa'-wa-pa-ha, n. palm or chip hats. T., psawapośtan.
- psa-wo'-gna-ka, n. T. a basket. pse, n. snow-shoes. T., psohappi.
- pse'-htin, n. the ash
- pse-pa'-ton-na, n. sharp-toed snow-shoes. T., psohanpi pespestola.
- pse-ya'-pi, n. the water-ash, so called because used for making snow-shoes.
- p s i' é a , adj. jumping. See yupsića, ipsića, etc.
- psin, cont. of psica: psin iyaya, to jump or hop away. T., psil.
- psin, n. rice, wild rice: psin ati, to pitch a tent at the rice; psin ska, white rice, barley.
- psin-éa', n. a bulbous esculent root which grows in marshes, about the size of a black walnut with the hull on.

psin-cin'-ca, n. a bulbous esculent root much used by the Dakotas of the lower Minnesota. It is about as large as a hen's egg, and grows on the margin of rivers and lakes. T., siptola.

psin-ska', n. white rice; barley. psi-psi'-éa, v. red. of psiéa; to jump much, to skip.

psi-psi'-ća-daŋ, n. the grasshopper. T., gnugnuśka.

psi-psi'-ća-la-sa-pa, n. T. the black jumper; the field cricket.

psi-psin', cont. of psipsića; psipsin ya, to go jumping or skipping along.

T., psipsil.

pso'-han, v. (pse and ohan) · to put on or wear snow-shoes—psowahan, psounhanpi. T., psohanpi kićun.

pso'-han-pi, n. T. snow-shoes. pso-ka', n. a species of fish somewhat resembling the pike.

pso'-kśan, n. a kind of roundtoed snow-shoes.

pson-pson, adj. rounded off, having the corners taken off; loose, not firm. T., psonpsonla.

pson-pson'-na, adj. rounded, having the corners taken off; said also of teeth on edge, as, hi psonpsonna.

pson-pson'-ye-la. adv. T. loosely, not securely; likely to fall, as a lamp placed on the edge of a table.

p s u n - p s u n' - n a, adj. Same as psonpsonna. T, psunpsunyela.

pśa, v. n. to sneeze—wapśa, unpśapi. pśa-pśa', adv. pśapśa se, huddled together; pśapśa se iyaya, to make a noise as when anything is poured into a vessel. See apśapśa.

pśa-ya', v. a. to cause to sneeze-

psin, n. leeks, onions.

psin-ea', n. the flying-squirrel.

pśuŋ, adj. shed, fallen off, as horns; drawn out. See yupśuŋ, kapśuŋ.

pśuŋ-haŋ', part. fallen off, dislocated. T., pśuŋwahaŋ.

p ś u ŋ - k a', adj. round, short, and thick.

 $p \le u \cdot p - k \cdot a'$, n. a bulge, a knot on a tree; a pill.

pśuŋ-ka'-daŋ, n. any tiny round thing.

pśuŋ-ka'-ka, n. tiny round things, pills.

pśun-ka'-ya, adv. in a bunch, in a heap, as an animal curled up; pśunkaya wanka: i q. puśki.

pśun-ka'-ya-ken, adv. in a bunch, drawn up together.

pśun-ka'-ye-la, adv. T. in a bunch.

pśuŋ-wa'-haŋ, part. dropped out, fallen off. See pśuŋhaŋ.

pta. See yupta.

pta-han', part. cut off, cut out.

ptan. See yuptan.

ptan, n. the otter. In the sacred dialect it is called "hepan"

ptan-ha', n an otter skin.

ptan-ptan, adj. unsteady, rocking, as a canoe. ptan-ptan'-na, adj. unsteady, tottering.

Ptan-sin'-ta, n. p. the name of the village at the upper end of Lake Traverse. Lit. Otter's tail. By a rule, the reason of which is not apparent, the "sinte" becomes "sinta." So, also, in Capsinta.

ptan'-ta-éan-ku, n. an otter's trail; the trails of small animals in general.

ptan'-yan, adv. flurried. See Canteptanyan.

ptan-ye'-tu, n. autumn. To summer and winter the Dakotas count five months each, and to spring and autumn but one each.

pta-wa'-han, part. cut off, fallen off. Same as ptahan.

pta'-ya, adv. together, collectively: ptaya unyanpi kta, we will go together. See witaya and optaye.

pta'-ye-la, adv. T. together.

pte, n. a cow, the female buffalo.

The bison or buffalo is colloquially termed "pte," irrespective of sex.

The counterpart is "tatanka."

pte'-a-san-pi, n. cow's milk.

pte'-a-san-pi-i-hdi, n butter. pte'-a-san-pi-ni-ni, n. thick milk, curdled milk. T., asanpinini.

pte'-a-saŋ-pi-ta-sa-ka, n. cheese. T., asaŋpisamna.

pte'-a-san-pi-wi-gli, n. T. butter; oil of milk.

p t e'- é e - d a ŋ, adj. short—maptećedaŋ. Ih., pécécna; T., ptecela and pécécla.

pte'-će-ye-dan, adv. for a short time. T., pćelyela.

pte'-gle-ska, n. T. cattle, tame cattle, so called from being of different colors.

pte'- ga, n. a marsh, a low place, a swampy place. T., wiwila.

pte-gan'-ni-ća-dan, n. the wren.

pte-go'-pe-ca, n. a kind of hawk, so called because it frequents marshes. See cetan, etc.

pte-ha'-hin-sma, n. Ih. and T. a buffalo robe; buffalo skin; hair thick.

pte-ha'-śla, n. T. a hide with the hair taken off. See śda.

pte-he'-éa-la, n. T. a calf. See ptežićadan.

pte-hin'-ća-la, n. T. a calf: i. q. ptehećala.

pte-hin'-pa-hpa, n. T. tags of buffalo hair; old matted hair fallen from buffalo See pahpa.

pte-hin'-sma, n. T. a thick or long haired buffalo.

pte-hin'-śma-ha, n. T. a buffalo robe.

pteli-wi'-ta, n. (ptega and wita) firm land surrounded by a marsh, a swamp-island.

pten-ye'-dan, adv. for a short time. T., pćelyela.

pte-pte'-ée-dan, adj. red. of pteéedan.

pte-ta'-ma-ka, n. a lean cow.

pte-ta'-wa-na-pin, n. T. an ox-yoke.

- pte'-ta-wo-te, n. lit. "buffalo's food": a prairie plant which bears juicy berries
- pte-wa'-kin, n. T. work-oxen. pte-wa'-nun-yan-pi, n. tame cattle. See nunyan, to tame. T., pte-wan'-ni-yan-pi.
- pte-wo'-ya-ka, n. T. the large grasshopper without wings, sometimes found in the west. It would seem that they tell of buffalo.
- p t e w i' y e, n. a cow.
- pte-wi'-ye-na, n. Ih. and T. a cow. pte-zi'-éa-dan, n. (pte and éinéadan)
- a calf. T., ptehecala and ptehincala pte-zi'-ce-na, n. Ih. a calf.
- p ti y'-h a y, n. last autumn: ptinhan ićima, the fall before last. See ptanyetu.
- p t u h a', v. n. to crumble down. T., kaoksa.
- ptu-lia'-lia, v. red. of ptulia.
- ptu-ptu'-źa, red. of ptuźa.
- ptu-ptu'-źa-han, part. red. of ptuźahan.
- ptu-ptu'-źa-wa-haŋ, part. red. of ptuźawahaŋ.
- ptu'-źa, adj. split, cracked. See yuptuźa.
- ptu-źa'-han, part. cracked of itself. ptu-źa'-wa-han, part. cracked of itself.
- pu'-ga, v. n. T. to snort, as a horse when frightened.
- pu-kpa', adj. boiled up, not clear, mixed up, said of water or soup which contains floating particles. See kpukpa.

- pun-pun'-la, adj. T. rotten, as wood.
- pu-sa', adj. dry: pusa ehnaka, to lay aside to dry or season: i. q. puza.
- pu-skem', cont. of puskepa: puskem okastan, to strain or filter puskem owakastan.
- pu-ske'-pa, v. a. to strain or filter—wapuskepa. T., to pour all out, to empty.
- p u s k i' y a, v. a. to dry or cause to dry, as wet clothes or fruit—puswakiya, pusunkiyapi: puskićićiya, to dry for one—puswećićiya.
- pu-spa', v. a. to stick on, glue; to seal—wapuspa.
- pu-spe'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to glue or seal—puspewakiya.
- pu-spe'-ya, v. a. to cause to seal or glue.
- pus-pu'-za, adj. red. of puza.
- pu-stag', cont. of pustaka; pustag iwanka, to squat down; pustag elipeiciya, to get down so as to hide, bow down, squat down.
- pu-stag'-tu-ken, adv. squatting down.
- pu-sta'-ka, v.n. to squat down wapustaka. See patuźa.
- pus-ya', v. a. to dry, cause to dry—puswaya, pusunyanpi.
- pus-ya', adv. in a drying manner.
- pus-ya'-kel, adv. T. in a drying manner.
- pu-śki, adv. in a bunch: i. q. pśunkaya yanka. T., pśunkayela. pu-śki-ća, v. a. to press or rub
- out with the hand—wapuśkića.

pu-śki'-daŋ, adv. dim. of puśki. pu-śkin', cont. of puśkića; puśkin yaŋka. T., puśkil.

pu-skin'-ya, adv. pressed, squeezed pu-tag', cont. of putaka; putag ihpaya, to fall down with the hands on the ground.

pu-ta'-ka, v. a. to touch, as with the hand when one falls—waputaka. See pataka.

pu-te', n. the upper lip; the snout or nose of an animal.

pu-te'-hin, n. T. the mustache. pu-te'-hni-yan-yan, v. n. to have the lips quiver with cold.

Pu'-te-wa-ta, n p. the Potowatomies.

Pu'-te-wa-ta-dan, n. p. Same as Putewata.

pu-tin', n. See putinhin.

pu-tin'-hin, n. the beard, especially what grows on the upper lip, the mustache. T., putehin.

pu-tiy'-i-ća-śla, n. T. a razor.

pu-tpa', adj. Same as pukpa.

pu-tpe'-ya, adv. scattering, scattered over. T., pukpeya.

pu'-za, adj. dry, thirsty; dry, as cloth, ground, etc., not wet; shallow, as a stream, run dry; puza sni, dry cold. See puzedan and ipuza.

pu-zan', cont. of puzata; puzan iyaya: puzan iyayeya, to run one ashore; to show that one has told a falsehood. T., puzal.

pu-zan'-zan, red. of puzan; puzanzan iyekićićiyapi and puzanzan iyayekićiyapi, they run each other aground.

pu-za'-ta, adv. on dry land.

pu'-ze-dan, adj. shallow, as a stream of water; nearly dry.

p u'-ze-na, adj. Ih. shallow, as a stream of water: i. q. kazedan.

P.

p, the twentieth letter of the Dakota alphabet. It has a click or explosive sound like that of &, k, and t.

pe, n. the elm; pe can, elm-wood; pe ikceka, the common water-elm; pe itazipa (bow-elm) the rock-elm; pe tutupa, slippery-elm.

pe-i'-kée-ka, n. the common elm. pe-tun'-tun-pa, n. T. the slippery-elm: i. q. petutupa. pe-tu'-tu-pa, n. the slippery-elm.

po, n. fog, mist.

po, adj. foggy. misty.

po'-po, adj. red. of po; foggy.

po-sa', adj. foggy, not clear; said, when the air is filled with particles of snow.

p o'-z e-ć a, v. n. to be out of humor—mapozeća. T., išikćin.

- s, the twenty-first letter of the Dakota alphabet, having the soft sound of the English c. When marked thus (s'), the sound is prolonged.
- s'a, an auxiliary suffix to verbs, signifying frequency of action, or a habit formed, as, wai s'a, wakage s'a. It frequently gives verbs the force of nouns of the agent; as, wamanon, to steal; wamanon s'a, a thief.
- s'a, v. n. to hiss, as a serpent; s'a wanka, lies hissing.
- s'a, v. n. to roar, as the waves: s'a wanka. T., s'ayela.
- sab, cont. of sapa.
- sab-ya', adv T. darkly, blackly; sabya yunka.
- sab-ya', v. a. to blacken—sabwaya.
- sab-ya'-pi, n. T. a target, a mark to shoot at; something blackened and set up for a guide: sabyapi kutepi.
- Sag-da'-śin and Sag-da'-śa,

 n. the English, the name which
 the Dakotas give to the British, the
 inhabitants of Red River, etc. This
 word is probably from some other
 Indian language. T, Śaglaśa.
- sag-ye', n. something used in walking, a staff: can sagye, a cane; maza sagye, a sword. T., miwakan.

- sag-ye'-ki-ton,'v. to use a staff in walking, as an old person—sagyeweton
- sag-ye'-ton, v. to use a staff—sagyewaton.
- sag-ye'-ya, v. a. to use anything for a staff—sagyewaya.
- sak, cont. of saka; sakowasin yutapi, caten raw.
- sa'-ka, adj. raw, uncooked; hard, dried; as, waćoni saka, dried meat. See tasaka.
- sa'-ka-daŋ, adj. green, limber. Hence, caŋ sakadaŋ, a switch.
- sa'-ka-yu-ta-pi, n. what is caten raw, i. e., melons, cucumbers. T., span sni yutapi.
- sa-kim', adv. both, two, both together. T., sakib; nupin sakib, two side by side.
- sa-kim'-tu, adv. two together. T., sakibtu.
- sa-kim'-tu-ken, adv. both together.
- sak'-o-wa-siŋ, adv. entirely raw. T., śpaŋ śui.
- sam, adv. cont. of sanpa; more, beyond, more than: sam iyaya, to go beyond, surpass; sam iyeya, to make go over or beyond.
- sam, cont. of sapa. T., sab.
- sam'-i-ye-ya, adv. more than.
- s' a m n a', adj. T. smelling sour; stinking.

- sam-sam', adv. red. of sam.
- sam-san'-pa, adv. red. of sanpa.
- s a m y a', v. a. of sapa; to blacken, color black—samwaya, samunyanpi. T., sabya.
- sam-ya', adv. beyond, further; black, dark; T., sabya: samya wanka, it lies darkly; T., sabya yunka.
- sam-ya'-han, adv. dark, blackish, as water at a distance. T., sabyahan.
- sam-ya'-ken, adj. blackish; in sight, far off.
- san, adj. whitish or yellowish: maka san, white earth: hi san, to show the teeth.
- saŋ-ksaŋ'-ki-toŋ, v.n. to wear or put on a skirt—saŋksaŋwetoŋ: T., éuwignakakiệuŋ.
- san-ksan'-ni-éa, n. a Dakota woman's skirt. T., éuwignaka.
- san-ksan'-ya, v. a. to use for a skirt, make a skirt of—sanksanwaya.
 T., ćuwignagya.
- san n i', adj. of one side, on one side: nape sanni, one hand; si sanni, one foot.
- san-ni'-ća, adv. on one side.
- san ni' na, adv. of only one side. T., sanila.
- san-ni'-na-tan-han, adv. from only one side.
- san-o'-kpu-kpa, adj. T. gray; black and white mixed: i. q. sanopapa.
- san'-o-pa-pa, adj. gray hairs here and there in one's head, turning gray. T., sanokpukpa.

- san'-pa, adv. more, more than, over; beyond: wikéemna sanpa nonpa, two more than ten, i. e., twelve; kitanna sanpa, a little more; sanpa waste, better.
- san'-pa-tan-han, adv. from beyond.
- sanp'-san-pa, adv red. of sanpa. san-to'-hu, n. a species of grass with a hard round stalk and strong blade.
- san-yan', v. a. to whiten, whitewash—sanwaya.
- san, -yan', adv. whitish: anpao sanyan hinapa, the dawn appears brightly.
- s a'-pa, adj. black—masapa, nisapa. s a'-pa-tan-ka, n. T. the spade in playing-cards.
- Sa'-pa-wi-ca-śa, n. p. the Ute Indians.
- sa'-pa-yu-ġa-ġa, n. T. the club in playing-cards.
- sap-sa'-pa, adj. red. of sapa.
- s a'-t a, n. the horizontal stick placed in a tent on which the kettle is hung. T., ćeģiyokaške.
- sa-tin', adj. stretched out straight, as in death. See botin, katin, etc.
- sa-tin'-tin, adj. red. of satin.
- sa-tin'-ye-la, adv. T stretched out, as one dead.
- sat-i'-ya-ka-śke, n. that which ties up the sata: also sata oiyakaśke
- s'a-ye'-la, adv. T. roaring, as waves: mini kaataźa s'ayela, the waves roar. See s'a wanka.

See yusba. T., swa

sba-han', part. ravelled. T., swahan.

sba-ka', adj. *T*. ragged: i. q. swaka.

sha-wa'-han, part. ravelled out

s b u . See kasbu. T., swu.

s b u, adv. sbu se ihan, to fall down with a rushing sound, as corn poured out

sbu'-dan, n. a grain, a small piece, a particle.

 $T., \mid$ sbu-han', part. crumbling. swuhan.

sbu'-la and swu'-la, adj. small, fine.

sbu-sbu', red. of sbu.

T. red. of sbula.

sbu-wa'-han, part. crumbling, crumbled.

sće-pan', n. T. i. q. ićepan.

sée-pan'-ku, n. T. her sister-in-

sće-pan'-ya, v. T. to have for sister-in-law.

Séi'-li, n. p. T. the Pawnee Indians. The Pawnee Loups call themselves "Ski'-di." See Sćili.

sda, n. grease, oil, ointment, salve, etc. T., sla.

s da-ki'-ya, v. a. pos. of sdaya; to grease, anoint—sdawakiya, sdaunkiyapi. T., slakiya.

s d a' - o - ź u - h a, n. an oil-bag. T., islaye oźuha

sda'-ta, adj. slow, feeble: ohan sdata, slow at work; oie sdata, slow of speech.

sda'-te-ća, adj. feeble-masdateća.

sda-ya', v. a. to grease anything, to anoint—sdawaya, sdaunyanpi. T., slava

sda-ya'-o-źu-pi, n. a rifle-gun, so called from its greased wads. T., iwogaga.

s d e'- é a . See kasdeéa.

s de - é a' - han, part split of itself. sde-ća'-wa-han, part. split of itself.

sdi, *adj*. tapering.

T. sdi, v. ato hiss, as wet wood on the fire, a snake, etc. See nasdi and śdi.

sbu'-sbu-la and swu'-swu-la, sdim, cont. of sdipa; sdim iyeya. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ slib.

> sdim-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to lick—sdimwakiya. T., slibkiya.

s d i m - y a', v. a. See sdimkiya.

sdi'-pa, v. a. to lick, lick up anything—wasdipa, unsdipapi. slipa.

sdi-sdi', v red. of sdi.

s di-s di'-pa, v. red. of sdipa.

sdi-sdi'-ya, adv. red. of sdiya; sdisdiya apa, to strike with a switching sound.

sdi-tka', adj. tapering; rounded off. s di-tka'-tka, adj. red. of sditka; knobbed, having knobs or grooves running round.

sdi-ya', adv. hissing.

 $sdo-\acute{c}a', v.n.$ to know. T., slolya. See sdonya.

s do - h a n', v. n. to crawl—wasdohan, unsdohanpi. T., slohan.

- s do-han'-han, v. red. of sdohan; to crawl along, as in getting near ducks: sdohanhan ihpaya mda, I go creeping along.
- s don-ki'-ya, v. pos. of sdonya; to know one's own—sdonwakiya, sdonunkiyapi. T., slolkiya.
- s d o n k i' y e y a, v. a. See sdotkiyeya.
- s don-ya', v. a. to know, have knowledge of any thing or person—sdonwaya, sdonyaya, sdonunyan-pi, sdonmayan, sdonciya. T., slolya.
- s d o n y e' k i y a, v. a. to cause to know—sdonyewakiya, sdonye-unkiyapi. T., slolyekiya.
- s don-ye'-ya, v. a. to cause to know—sdonyewaya. T., slolyeya.
- s do-s do'-dan, adj. soft, as grease. See śdośdodan.
- s d o t k i' y a , v. See sdonkiya.
- sdot-ki'-ye-ya, v. a. to cause one to know something that pertains to himself; to alarm, as an enemy or game; to put on one's guard sdotkiyewaya. T., slolkiyeya.
- sdot-ya', v. See sdonya.
- se, a particle, used at the end of sentences to give emphasis to what is said. Perhaps it should be regarded as an impersonal verb, it appears so, it seems to me so, I thought: hecetu se, so it seems.
- se, adv. like, as though.
- se'-&a, adv. as though, seemingly, I thought so.

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- s do-han'-han, v. red. of sdo-se-ce'-ca, adv. it seems as, as if han; to crawl along, as in getting it was. T., selececa.
 - s e'-ć e-ć i-k o n, adv. I had thought so. T., selećeće ćon.
 - s e'- e ć e ć a, adv. as if it was, it seems as if. T., selećeća.
 - se'-hiŋ-gla, adv. T., wanlaka sehingle cinhan, if you happen to see him.
 - se'-ksen, adv. like.
 - se-le', adv. T. like; as though.
 - se-le'-ća, adv. T. like as.
 - se-le'-će-ća, adv. T. as if, it seems so.
 - se-le-će-će-ćon, adv. T. I had thought so.
 - sen-ya', adv. like, as though. T., sele.
 - sen-ya'-ken, adv. as though, like. se'-wa-ćan-mi, v. I think it is so. This form is used when speaking of something that is not distinctly recollected.
 - se-wi'-mna, adj. rancid, as fat that has stood long.
 - se-ya', adv. like as. T., se; sele.
 - se-ya'-ken, adv. like as.
 - si, cont. of siha; as siksa, club-footed.
 - si-can', n. the outside of the thigh.
 - Si-ćan'-gu, n. p. the Brules; burnt thighs.
 - si-éan'-o-pi-ye, n. of sićan; a side pocket, as in one's pantaloons or coat; any pocket.
 - si-éa'-psaŋ, v. to shake the foot—siwakapsaŋ. See kapsaŋpsaŋ.
 - si-ćo'-ćo-dan, adj. red. of sićo-dan.

- sićokadan.
- si-ćo'-gan, n. the calf of the leg.
- $\mathbf{si} \acute{\mathbf{c}} \circ \acute{\mathbf{c}} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{i} \, \mathbf{n}, \, \mathbf{n}. \, \mathbf{T}. \, \mathbf{i}. \, \mathbf{q}. \, \, \mathbf{si\acute{\mathbf{c}}} \, \dot{\mathbf{g}} \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{n}.$
- si-ćo'-ka-dan, adj. bare-footedsićomakadan.
- si-ćo'-ka-ka-dan, adj. red. of sićokadan.
- si-ću', n. the sole or bottom of anything: siću wanića, without a bottom, bottomless, unfathomable.
- si-ću'-ha, n. the sole of the foot, shoe or moccasin.
- si-ću'-psan-psan, v. n. to wag the tail, as a dog. T., sintupsanpsan.
- si-ću'-ta, adv. at the bottom or lower part of anything.
- si-ću'-ton. See asićuton.
- si'-gla-psan-psan, v. T. to swing the feet. See kapsanpsan and sicapsan.
- si-ha', n. the foot, feet of man; the feet of animals, but especially the hind feet, the fore feet being "nape"—misiha, nisiha, unsihapi.
- Si-ha'-sa-pa, n. p. the Blackfeet Sioux.
- si-hi'-yo-taŋ-i-ye-ki-ya, v. n. to be troubled about the feet, to have no moccasins. See iyotaniyekiya.
- si-hu', n. the bones of the foot; the toes.
- si-ha'-pe, n. the hollow of the foot. T., siohape.
- si-i'-ći-ya-pa, v. T. to strike the feet together in walking.

- si-ćo'-dan, adj. bare-footed. See | si-i'-ći-ya-pa-pa, v. red. of siićiyapa. See ap'a.
 - si-i'-na-tan, n. stirrups; pantaloon straps.
 - si-i'-pu-sin, n. the ball of the foot.
 - si-i'-ta-ka-ha, n. the top of the foot, the instep.
 - si-i-yu'-ta, n. a foot measure.
 - si-i'-yu-tan, n. stirrups.
 - si-ksa', adj. club-footed.
 - si-ma'-za-i-na-hta-ke, n. T. spurs.
 - sin-wa', v. n. Ih. to have the temper stirred up.—J. P. W.
 - sin-wa'-pa-ki-ya, v. to paddle a canoe by one's self, as in hunting muskrats—sinwapawakiya.
 - sin-kpe', n. the muskrat, Mus zibethicus: i. q. sintpe.
 - sin-kpe'-i-ća-pe, n. a muskrat
 - sin-kpe'-i-ću-wa, n. spears, traps, axes, etc.; anything used in killing muskrats.
 - sin-kpe'-on-ze-mna, n. musk.
 - sin-kpe'-ta-wo-te, n. calamus, sweetflag, the Acorus calamus.
 - sin-sin', adj. besmeared, slimed, as with fish; dried on, glued or glazed over. See sisin.
 - sin-te', n. the tail of an animal.
 - sin-te'-han-ska, T. • ayoung buck, a rowdy.
 - sin-te'-hda, n. the tail-rattler, i. e. the rattlesnake.
 - Sin-te'-lida-wi-ća-śa, n. p. the Snakes: the Comanches.
 - sin-te'-lila, n. T. i. q. sintelida.

- sin-te'-po-ha, n. Ih. a species | si-pin'-tpa, n of wolf. See sunktokeća.
- sin-te'-sa-pe-na, n. the blacktailed deer; the prince of American deer.
- sin-te'-ska, n. white-tail; deer, rabbits, etc., are sometimes so called.
- sin-te'-sda, n. the opossum; rats. T., hitunktanka.
- sin-to'-mni, adv. See sitomni.
- sin-ton'-pa-hu, n. the tail bone; the os coccyx in man.
- sin-tpe', n. the muskrat. Same as sinkpe.
- sin-tpe'-ta-wo-te, n. Same as sinkpetawote.
- si-o'-ha-pe, n. T. the hollow of the foot.
- si-o'-ka-zun-te, n. T. the spaces between the toes. T., siyokaźa.
- si-pa', n. the toes, the end of the big toe.
- si-pa'-hun-ka, n. the great toe. The Titonwan use sipahunka for the toes in general. Sipahuŋka tanka, the big toe; sipahunka cikala, the little toe; sipahunka iyokihe, the toe next the great toe: sipahunka ćokaya, the middle toe; and sipahunka ćikala iyokihe, the toe next the little one.—w. J. C.
- si-pa'-ksi-ze, n. the lower part
- si-pin'-kpa, n. (sipa and inkpa) the toes; the joints of the foot,

- Same as sipinkpa. si-pu'-te, n. the breech or lower part of a gunstock, the end of the pahu; the screw in the end of the
- si-san'-ni, n. one foot, the foot on one side.

barrel, the breech-screw.

- si-sin', n. Mr. Renville considers this word synonymous with "wiwi," a swamp, and as the source whence the Sisiton wans derived their name. But more recent authority makes "sisin" to be i. q. hoganma or sicamna. Thus the Sisitonwan villages were "sisin" on account of the old fish-bones and putrid fish lying about They lived chiefly on fish. See sinsin.
- $Si-si'-to\eta-wa\eta$, n. p. a band of the Dakotas living at Swan Lake, Little Rock, at the Two Woods on the Cotean, and at Lake Traverse. They probably number about three thousand.
- si sa' ste, n. the little toe of animals and man.
- si-to'-mni, adv. all over, throughout: i. q. sintomni. See ocowasin.
- si-to'-mni-yan, adv. all over
- si-ton'-pa-hu, n. the tail bone. See sintonpahu.
- si-ye'-te, n. the heel.
- si-ye'-te-i-ya-he, n. the ball of the heel.
- of the leg of animals: the hind toes of si-yo'-ka-za, n. T. the spaces between the toes: i. q. siokazunte.
 - si-yo'-źan, n. between the tocs; i. y. siokazunte,

- si-yu'-kan, n. the tendon of the | ske'-pa, v. n. to leak out slowly, heel.
- si-yu'-kan-śa-śa-dan, n bird having slender reddish legs; the pehankadan.
- si-yu'-ka-za, n. the toes. See sipa and sipahunka.
- ska, adj. white; clear, as, mini ska, clear water: clean, new, as, hin ska, new hair; pure in any respect: taku ska, nothing.
- skad, cont. of skadan; taku skad.
- ska'-dan, adj. dim. of ska; white: taku skadan, nothing: Skadan-ti, a common name for Traverse des Sioux, Skadan having been the Dakota name of Mons. Provencalle, an early trader in that place. T., skala.
- skan, v. n. to dissolve, disappear, melt away, as snow: wa skan.
- skan'-yan, v. n. to melt, thaw.
- ska-ska', v. red. of ska.
- $\mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}, n$, white beads. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ šipto skaska.
- ska-ya', v. a to whiten, make anything white.
- ska'-ya, adv. white; wa skaya wanka, the snow lies white.
- ska-ya'-kel, adv. T. purely, undefiled; skayakel up, to be pure; chaste, as a saintly person.
- ska-ye'-la, adv. purely; whitish.
- skem, cont. of skepa. *T.*, skeb.
- skem-ya', v. a. to draw all out, as a fluid, to exhaust—skemwaya. T., skebya.

- escape, pass away by evaporation, as fluids.
- ske-ske'-pa, v. red. of skepa.
- s k i'- ć a. See kaskića.
- ski-ća'-han, part. pressed down, close.
- ski-ća'-wa-han, part. pressed.
- ski-ska', n. the wood-duck.
- ski-ski'-ća, red. of skića.
- ski-ski'-ća-han, part. all pressed together.
- ski-ski'-ća-wa-han, part. pressed together.
- ski-ski'-ta, red. of skita; to be marked, as a log by worms under the bark. See yuskiskita.
- ski-ski-ta, n. a strip of land pressed or hemmed in, an isthmus.
- ski'-ta, adj. tied, bound, fastened, as a child on a board. See yuskita.
- sku, adj. broken out a little. See basku.
- sku'-mna, adj. sourish; savory; smelling badly or sour, as the scalp when dirty.
- sku'-sku, red. of sku; shaved off: pa skusku.
- sku-sku'-ya, adj. red. of skuya.
- sku'-ya, adj. sweet; sour; salt. The radical idea may be that of having taste or savor.
- sku'-ye-ya, v. a. to make salt, give taste to—skuyewaya, skuyeunyanpi.
- sla-ki'-ya, v. T. to anoint one's own.
- T. ointment: sla-ki'-ya-pi, n. grease for greasing.

- sla'-ya, v. T. to grease; to anoint: | sna-han'-han, red. of snahan; i. q. sdaya.
- sli-hin'-gle, n. T. the report of a gun.
- slin'-hin-gla, v. T. to fire a shot; slip wahingla. n. a shot fired, report of a gun.
- slol-i'-&i-ya, v. reflex. T. to know one's self.
- slol-ya', v. T. to know: i. q. sdonya.
- sloł-ye'-i-ći-ya, v. T. to make one's self known.
- smag, cont. of smaka.
- smag smag'-ya, adv. red. of smagya.
- smag-ya', adv. indented, concave: smagya wanka.
- smag-ya'-ken, adv. indented.
- s m a' k a, adj. hollow, concave.
- sma'-ka, n. a hollow, a sunken place. See osmaka.
- smi, adj. See smismi.
- smin. See basmin.
- smi-smi', adj. clear of limbs, as a tree, stripped. See smiyan.
- smi-smi'-yan, adv. T. destitute, deprived of everything.
- smi-wa'-han, part. fallen off bare.
- smi'-yan. See smiyanyan
- smi-yan'-yan or smin-yanyan, adj. clean, nothing extraneous sticking to, bare, smooth, as a worn blanket: tan smiyanyanna, alone, having no relatives.
- sna, v. n. to ring. See kasna.
- sna-han', part. ringing, rustling; as leaves falling in autumn.

- falling.off, rustling.
- sna-sna', red. of sna; to ring, rattle.
- sna-sna'-na, adj. bare, as a tree when its leaves have all fallen off.
- sna-sna'-wa-han, part. red. of snawahan.
- sna-wa'-han, part. ringing, rattling.
- sna'-za, v. n. to draw up, as burnt skin; to be scarred.
- sna'za, n. a scar
- sni, adj. cold, as the weather, or as ice; gone out, as a fire: peta sni, the fire is out; sni kaes, although it is cold.
- sni, n cold; sni au, cold is coming; sni ava, it grows cold.
- sni-sni', adj. red. of sni; han snisni, cold nights.
- sni'-ya-ho-ta, v. n. to take cold, draw in the cold by breathing-snimdahota, snidahota, sniunyahotapi.
- sni-yan', v. sniyan uya, to become cold, grow cold, said of the weather changing to cold.
- sni'-yan-ta, v. to die without apparent cause; to die suddenly.
- so. See soso.
- so, adv. T. a question-mark; i.q. he, hwo; hee so, is that it?
- s o k s o' t a, adj. red of sota: ista soksota, *clear eyes*. This word is used in reference to the clear blue eyes of some children.
- sol, cont. of sota; T.
- son, cont. of sota; son iyeya.

- son-ki'-ya, v. a. from the root sota, used up, expended; to use up or destroy for one, as to burn up fencerails or wood for one—sonwakiya, sonmakiya. T., solkiya. See kasota, yusota, etc.
- son-ya', adv of sota; sonya iyaya, to become a little whitish or clouded.
- son, v. a. to plait or braid, as hair; to braid, as corn in strings—wason, unsonpi.
- soy'-pi, n. braids, strings of corn. so-so', v. a. to cut into strings, as a hide wasoso, upsosopi: capte masosopi seca, it seems as if my heart was cut into strings, i. e., I am greatly afflicted.
- so-so'-pi, n. a strip or string cut from a hide.
- so'-ta, adj. clear, but not perfectly so; slightly clouded, but not turbid; of a milky whitish appearance; skycolored: Wakpa minisota, the Minnesota River; Mde minisota, Clear Lake: used up. See kasota, yusota, and sonkiya.
- so-tka'-zi, adj. smoked, as an old tent. See śotkazi.
- span, adj. soft, as melting snow.
- span, v. n. to become soft, melt, as snow: wa span. See span.
- span-yan', v. a. to cause to thaw, as snow—spanwaya.
- spa-spa'-ya, red. of spaya.
- s p a'- y a, v. n. to be wet, as clothes, wet with water, moist, damp—maspa-ya, unspayapi: to sink in water, to drown: spaya iyaya. See stanka.

- s p a'-y e-y a, v. a. to wet, cause to be wet or moist—spayewaya.
- s p e' y a, v. a. to sink, make sink. See aspeya.
- stag, cont. of staka
- stag-ya', v. a. to make feeble—stagwaya.
- stag-ya', adv. feebly, languidly.
- stag-ya'-ken, adv. feebly: stag-yaken waun.
- stag-ye'-la, adv. T. feebly.
- sta'-ka, adj. feeble, languid, without appetite, weary, not able to walk—mastaka. See hpeéa and stusta; also stasta.
- sta'-ka, v. n. T. to be sick: i. q. wayazan—mastaka.
- stan, adj. moist, wet. See pastan. T, spaya.
- stan, adj. purple, grape-colored: sa stan, dark red; ha stan, dark complexioned.
- stan'-ka, adj. purple. See stan.
- stan-ka', adj. moist.
- sto, adj. smooth, lying smooth, as hair. See kasto.
- sto'-dan, adj. small and neat—mastodan. See cistinna and oki-yatakeca.
- sto-sto', adj. red. of sto; smooth, lying flat.
- s to y a', v. a. to make smooth, smooth down—stowaya.
- sto-ya', adv. smoothly.
- sto-ya'-ken, adv. smoothly.
- sto-ye'-la, adv. T. smoothly.
- stu-sta', adj. tired, weary, unable to move—mastusta. See staka.

- stu-ste'-ya, v. a. to cause fatigue, to weary—stustewaya.
- s u, n. the seed of anything, grain; bullets: su wanzidan, a bullet; mazasu, lead.
- su, adj. good. Probably obsolete. See yasu, suya, co, and pi.
- su- ϵ i'-k ϵ i-ka-da η , n. shot. T., sukpayla
- su-ći'-kći-ka-daŋ-se-ća, n. pepper, allspice. T., yamnumnuġapi.
- su-ka'-za, n. a grain of anything, a particle, one, the smallest part. Hence, napsukaza, the fingers.
- su-kpa'-la or su-kpaŋ'-la, n. T. shot: i. q. sućikćikadaŋ.
- su-kpa'-na, n. Ih. shot.
- su-ksu'-ta, adj. red. of suta.
- su-ma'-ni-ća, n. any kind of wood that has become dead and very hard. T., ćan śeća.
- sun, n. cont. of sunka; misun, my younger brother, used in addressing him.
- sun, v. to braid. See son.
- sun'-ka, n. a younger brother either of a man or woman. Certain cousins are likewise so called—misunka, nisunka.
- sun-ka'-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. brethren, those related as brothers—sunkaunkićiyapi.

- to cause fa- | s u n k a' k u, n. his or her younger waya. brother.
 - sun-ka'-ya, v. a. to have for younger brother—sunkawaya, sun-kaunyanpi.
 - sun'ta, n. a stem: canduhupa sunta, a pipe-stem; cankasunta, the spinal marrow. T, sunte.
 - sun-zin'-ća or sun-zi'-ća, n. T. the yellow hammer: i. q. zun-zinća.
 - su-sbe'-ća, n. the ant-eater, the mosquito-hawk. T., susweća.
 - su-sbe'-ća-ka-ġa-pi, n. a cross. See ćansusbeća.
 - Su-so'-ni, n. p. the Shoshones. Perhaps Su-su'-ni is better.
 - su-su', n. the testicles: susu elipe-ya and susu basdoka, to castrate.
 - su-ta', adj. hard, not yielding to the touch; strong, capable of endurance; firm; strong, as coffee or tobacco—masuta, nisuta, unsutapi: Cante suta, courageous; stubborn.
 - su-ta'-ya, adv. firmly, hard.
 - su-ta'-ya-ken, adv. firmly.
 - su-ton', v. n. to ripen, have seed; to be ripe, fit for use, as corn, etc.
 - su-ya', adv. of su; rightly, well. T., tanyan. See ayucoya and piya.
 - s w a k a', adj. T. ragged: i. q. sbaka.

\$, the twenty-second letter of the Dalása'-ka, adj.
kota alphabet, with the sound of shin English. When marked thus
(\$') its sound is prolonged.
\$a'-ka, adj.
yuś'aka.

ś, intj. hist! i. q. śi; but the sibilant, with no vowel sound, is used.

śa, adj. red

 \dot{s} a, conj. Ih. and T. i. q. esta and esa.

ś'a, v. n. to shout—waś'a, yaś'a, unś'api.

śag-i'- i- ya, v. reflex. to restrain one's self—śagmijiya.

Sa-gla'-śa, n. p. T. an Englishman; the English: i. q. Sagdasin.

śa-glo'-ġaŋ, num. adj. T eight. ś'ag-ś'a'-ka, n. corn boiled without hulling. T., catipaslaye śni ohaŋpi.

śag-ya', v. See śagićiya.

śa-hdo'-gan, num. adj. cight. T., śaglogan. Ih., śakdogan.

śa-hdo'-gan-na, adv. only eight. śa-hdo'-hdo-gan, adv. by eights. T., śaglogangan.

s'a'-hin-hda, v. to burst out with a shout.

Sa-hi'-ye-na, n. p. the Cheyennes.

śa'-i-a, v. n. to speak a strange language—śaiwaa.

śa'-i-a-pi, n. a foreign or unknown language. ś a'- k a , *adj. easy.* See bośaka, kaśaka, waśakadaŋ

ś'a'-ka, adj. strong. See waś'aka, yuś'aka.

ś'a'-ka, adj. difficult, hard. See ś'akeća. T., tehika

\$a-ke', n. the nails of the fingers
and toes; the claws of birds and
beasts; the hoofs of animals.

ś' a'- k e - é a , adj. hard to deal with, severe, austere—maś'akeća, uŋś'akapika. T., tehika.

sa-ke'-han-ska, n. long-claws, a name given to the grizzly bear.

śa-ki'-ya, v. a. to paint red, to redden, as the Dakotas do scalps—
śawakiya, śauŋkiyapi. 2. to make glad by gifts.

sa-ko'-win, num. adj. seven.

śa-ko'-win-na, adv. only seven.

sa-ko'-win-win, adv. by sevens.

śa'-kpe, num. adj. six.

Sa'-kpe-dan, dim. of sakpe; Little Six, the name of a Dakota chief at Tintatonwe.

śa'-kpe-kpe, adv. by sixes.

ś'ak-ś'a'-ka, n. of ś'aka, hard; corn boiled without being hulled. See ś'agś'aka.

śam-ya', v. a. of śapa; to soil, to defile—śamwaya. T., śabya.

a foreign or un- sam-ya', adv. dirtily.

śan, n. the vagina.

- śan'-han, conj. han, although.
- śan-hanś', adv. T. well; oh well! ohankoya maku sanhans, well, hurry and give it me. See sehans.
- san-ke', n. a step-mother; a father's | sbu-ya', v. a. to drop or cause to other wife.
- śan-ke'-ya, v. a. to have for śanke—śankewaya.
- śa'-pa, adj.. dirty, defiled, blackened-maśapa: nape niśapa, thy hands are dirty.
- śa-pe'-sto-la, n. of pesto; the diamond in cards. See kado.
- śap-śa'-pa, adj. red. of śapa.
- śa-śa', adj. red. of śa; red.
- $\pm a \pm a' y a$, v. a. to dye or paint red-sasawaya.
- $\pm a \pm a' y a$, adv. redly.
- śa-śte, n. the little finger: siśaśte, the little toe; the little toe or nail of birds and beasts.
- śa-śte'-1-yo-ki-he, n. which is next to the little finger, the third finger.
- śa-ta'-ćan-te, n. T. the heart in playing-cards. See taéanta.
- Sa-wa'-la, n. p. the Shawnees.
- śa-ya', v. a. to make red, to paint red-sawaya.
- śa-ya', adv. redly.
- śa-ye'-dan, adv. reddish: śayedan naźin.
- śbe, adj. deep, as water; dense, as foliage; thick set, as hair. T., sme. See sma.
- śbe'-ya, adv. deeply, densely. T., śmeya.

- Ih. i. q. estan-| s b e y a' t a, adv. in the deep. T., śmeyata.
 - śbu, v. n. to drop, as water or any other liquid. T., s'e.
 - ś b u ś b u', v. red. of śbu. T., ś'eś'e.
 - drop, as water-śbuwaya, śbuunyanpi. T., s'eya.
 - śbu-ya'-pi, n. a drop, drops. ś'eyapi.
 - $S \acute{e} i' l i$, n. p.the Pawnees, so called by the Teeton Sioux, as distinguished from the Rees-probably meaning incorporated. Sćili.
 - śda, adj. bald, bare, naked: nasu śda, bald-headed; paśdayapi, corn made bald, i. e., hominy. See kaśda. T., śla.
 - śda-śda, adj. red. of śda. $T_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$ ślaśla.
 - śda-ya', v. a. to make bare—śdawaya, śdaunyanpi. T., ślaya.
 - śda-ya', adv. nakedly, without covering.
 - śda-ya'-ta, adv. in an open place. śda-ye'-hna, adv. openly, exposed, in full view, uncovered, without a house, defenseless: sdayehna han, standing out, unsheltered; śdayelma wanka, to sleep out. T., ślayegna, also clearly, so as to be easily understood.
 - śda-ye'-hna-yan, adv. unsheltered. T., ślayegnayan.
 - śdi, adj. many. T., ota.
 - śdi, adv. hissing, fizzing. Said of the noise sometimes made by fish in water. See sdi.

- śdo, v. n. to fuse, melt, as metals. se-hans'-ka, adv. T., ślo. rate: śehanska hihar
- śdo-ka', n. a kind of spotted duck. śdo'-ka. See kaśdoka.
- \$do-ka'-han, part. out of place,
 as an ax-head off the handle, or an
 eye out of its socket.
- ś do k a' w a h a ŋ , part. Same as śdokahaŋ.
- śdo-śdo', v. red. of śdo. T., śloślo.
- śdo-śdo', adj. soft. as fat, melted.
- śdo-śdo'-daŋ, n. the soft fat parts in an animal. T., pakśiŋ. See sdosdodaŋ.
- śdo'-śdo-dan, n. the meadowlark: śdośdodan kiźo, to whistle to the meadow-lark.
- ś d o y a', v. a. to fuse, melt, or smelt metals—śdowaya, śdounyanpi. T., śloya.
- śdo-ya'-pi, n. that which is melted: śdoyapidan and maza śdoyapi, pewter.
- śdun-ya', v. a. to cause to slip. T., ślulya.
- śdu-śdu'-ta, adj. slippery, as a road; smooth, as ice, etc. T., ślu-śluta.
- śdu'-ta, adj. slipping. See yuśduta, naśduta.
- ś'e, v. n. T. to drop, as water. See śbu.
- śe'- é a, adj. dry, dead, as wood, rotten.
- se-hans', adv. T. denoting impatience: luha hecinhan maku yo sehans, if you have it, give it to me at any rate. See sanhans.

- śe-haŋś'-ka, adv. T. at any rate: śchaŋśka hihaŋna ećamoŋ kte lo, at any rate I will do it to-morrow.
- śe-haŋś'-ka-la-ka, adv. T., śehaŋśkalaka ohaŋkoya mayaku śni wamatehaŋ, it is a long time, so now give it me quickly.
- śe-han ś'-tu-ka, adv T. well, but.
- śe-kśe'-ća, adj. red. of śeća.
- śen-ya', adv. withered; dried or drying, seasoning: śenya hiyeya. T., śelya.
- śen-ya', v.a. to make dry, cause to wither—śenwaya: śenya ehnaka, to lay up to season. T., śelya.
- ś e'-рап, *n. Ih. i.q.* ićepan. See sćepan.
- ši, v. a. to command, bid; to ask. This word is always preceded by another verb, as, econ si, eye si, etc.—wasi, yasi, unsipi.
- \$i, v. imperat. stop, be still.
- \$i, intj. hist! hark! Used to call attention privately.' See \$.
- śi' ća, adj. bad, ugly; bad, wicked maśića, niśića, uŋśićapi.
- śi ća' h o w a y a, v. n. to scream out, to moan—śićahowamda, śićahowada.
- śi-ća'-ho-wa-ya, adv. T. moaning, screaming: śićahowaya waun.
- śi-ća'-ki-lio, v. a. to do one's work badly—śićawakilio.
- śi-ća'-mna, adj. bad smelling.
- śi-ća'-wa-ciŋ, adv. thoughtlessly, hurriedly: śićawaćiŋ wau, I came in haste or thoughtlessly.

- śi-ća'-wa-ćin, v. n. T. to be frightened; to hurry overmuch; to scream out.
- śi-ća'-ya, adv. badly, not well.
- śi-ća'-ya-ken, adv. badly.
- śi-će'-ća, n. children, family mitaśićeća. T., wakanheźa.
- ś i' ć e d a , v. a. to esteem as bad, to hate—śićewada, śićeuŋdapi. T, śićela. See walitedaśni.
- śi'- će da ka, v. to think bad, to hate—śićewadaka, śićeyadaka, śi- ćeundakapi, śićećidaka.
- śi'-će-ki-ći-da-pi, v. recip. hating each other.
- śi'-će-ki-da, v. pos. of śićeda; to hate one's own—śićewakida. T., śićekila.
- śi'-će-ki-da'-ka, v. pos. of śićedaka; to hate one's own—śićewakidaka.
- śi-ći'-taŋ-ka, adj. passionate—śićimataŋka. T., waćiŋke.
- śi-ći'-ţe, adj. T. (śića and iţa) very bad; worthless; lit. dead of badness.
- śi-ći'-ya, v. n. to be angry—śićiwaya. T, ćanzeka.
- śi-ći'-ye-ki-ya, v. to mourn for—śićiyewakiya. T., wasigla; aćeya.
- śi-ćo'-ki-ya, v. a. of śića and okiya; to speak evil to.
- śi-će', n. a woman's brother-in-law; a woman calls her husband's brother and her sister's husband, śiće: śićeću and śićeku, her brotherin-law.
- śi-će'-ku, n. See śiće.

- to be | śi-¢e'-śi, n. a woman's male cousin; h; to | śięeśitku, her male cousin.
 - śi-će'-śi-ya, v. a. to have for or call śićeśi—śićeśiwaya.
 - śi-¢e'-ya, v. a. to have for śi¢e—śi¢ewaya.
 - śi-hda', v. n. to be or become angry, take offense at—śinwahda, śinyahda, śinunhdapi. In this word an n is introduced before the pronouns. See sinwa.
 - si-hda'-pi, n. anger, wrath.
 - śi-hda'-ya, v.a. to make angry, provoke—śihdawaya, śihdaunyanpi.
 - śi-haŋ', v. n. to behave badly—śi-walian. T., śillian.
 - śi-haŋ'-yaŋ, adv. behaving badly. T., śilhaŋyaŋ.
 - sih-cin'-yan, adv. T. sternly, severely.
 - śih-ćin'-yan kel, adv. T. crossly.
 - śi'-htin, adj. feeble, stupid, lazy, sick—maśihtin, unśihtinpi. T., śinhtin, bad; poorly made, imperfect.
 - śi-htin'-ya, v. a. to enfeeble śihtinwaya, śihtinmayan.
 - śi-htin'-yan, adv. feebly. T., śinhtinyan.
 - śik-śi'-ća, adj. red. of śića.
 - śik-śi-ća-ya, adv. badly.
 - śik-śil', cont. red. T. badly: śikśil iś taku tokonka, he does very badly.
 - sik-sil'-o-han, v. T. to act badly; do wickedly.
 - śik-śil'-o-han-ka, n. T. one who does badly.
 - śik-śiŋ'-ya, adv. red. of śiŋya;
 badly.

- śil-la', v. T. to esteem bad—śilwala. See sićeda.
- śil-ya', adv. T. badly.
- $\sin l y a' k e l$, adv. T. badly.
- sil-ye'-la, adv. T. sadly, badly.
- si n a', n. a blanket, a cloak or shawl, anything worn as a blanket. Henok, si-na'-sa, n. a red blanket. thinks this should be written sinna, but, as A. Renville does not agree with him, the shorter orthography is preferred.
- śi-na'-a-pa-lida-te, n. ribbon, ferret.
- śi-na'-a-pa-hda-te-śok-śo-ka, n. cotton ferret.
- śi-na'-a-pa-hda-te-zib-zipe-dan, n. silk ribbon.
- śi-na'-ćan-ko-he, n. T. a blanket with bead-work across the middle.
- Si-na'-gle-gle-ga, n. p. the Navajos.
- śi-na'-hin-śma, n. Ih. abuffalo
- si-na'-ho-ta, n. the common white blanket.
- śi-na'-i-kće-ka. n. T. a buffalo robe.
- śi-na'-i-pa-ta-pi, n. T. robe ornamented with quill-work.
- śi-na'-ka-su-pi, n. T. a fringed shawl.
- śi-na'-o-ki-pa-ta, n. T. quilt made of pieces.
- śi-na'-o-pa-pun-ći-stin-na, n. a blanket with a small border, savelist cloth.
- śi-na'-o-pa-puŋ-ho-ta, *n*. gray-list cloth.

- śi-na'-o-pa-puŋ-ska, n. white list and stroud.
- si-na'-o-pe-he, n. T. a bale of blankets.
- śi-na'-o-pi-ye, *n*. a bale of blankets. T., sina opehe.
- śi-na'-to, n. blue skirt cloth; a blue or green blanket.
- śi-na'-to-zib-zi-pe-dan, n. blue broadcloth.
- śi-na'-wa-to-pe-ki-ya, v. to go by sails, to sail—śinawatopewakiya.
- śi-na'-wa-to-pe-ki-ya-pi, n. sails.
- śi-na'-zib-zi-pe-dan, n. broadcloth.
- śi-na'-źaŋ-źaŋ, n. a red blanket. T., sina hota śa.
- $\sin y a'$, adv. badly, sadly. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ śilya.
- sin-ya'-ken, adv. badly, sadly: ćante sinyaken. T., śilyakel.
- s'in, intj. T. begone!
- sin, n. the fat part of animals, especially fat meat, as, kukuśe śin, fat pork; the sappy part of wood.
- sin htin', adj. T. bad, imperfect.
- sin-litin'-ya, v. T. to injure.
- śin-htin'-yan, adv. T badly, imperfectly.
- śin-hda', adj. See śihda.
- śin-kpan'-ka, n. See śinkpankahu.
- sin-kpan'-ka-hu, n. the name of a root that, it is said, grows in low grounds.

- sin ta', n. the tamarack or hackma- | si ya' ka, n. the teal, a kind of tack, the American larch. This is probably so called because the gum is hard, i. e., sin tasake. The original name seems to have been "makan."—s. w. p.
- sin-ta'-ka, n. the striped bass.
- sin-tka'-hu, n. the hip-bone, the os ilium. T., sintkanhu.
- śin-tpan'-ka, n. a root that grows, it is said, in low ground: sintpankahu, the stalk and root above referred to.
- śin-śin', adj. wrinkled.
- śin-yan'-ta-ka-dan, n. the name of a small bird which frequents the rice lakes.
- śi-pa'. See kasipa, yusipa.
- śi-pa'-han, part. broken off close, as the limbs of a tree, the teeth of a comb, pins, etc.
- śi-pa'-wa-han, part. Same as sipahan.
- śi-pto', n. beads.
- śi-pto'-la, n. *T*. i. q. psincinca.
- śi-pto'-pto, n. beads.
- $\sin pu' te$, n. Т. the pit of the stomach, i. e., below the navel.
- $\pm i \pm o' k a$, n. the robin.
- \$i-tki'-hda, v. n. to be angry; to be afflicted; sitkihda waun.
- śi-tki'-hda-ya, v. to make angry; to afflict, to punish—sitkihdawaya.
- śi-tki'-hda-ya, adv. in trouble, angrily, vexed: sitkihdaya waup.
- śi-u'-ta-ka-hpe or śi-yo'-toa-ka-hpe, n. an apron.

- duck. The siyaka are divided into siyaka tanka, mde siyaka, and wakpa siyaka.
- śi-ya'-ka, n. a boil: śiyaka o, hit by the siyaka, which results in a boil—śiyaka mao. We have not been able to ascertain the origin of this expression.
- śi'-yo, n. the grouse or prairie hen, the Tetrao cupido.
- $\pm i y \circ' t e$, n. T. the knees; the lap.
- śi-yo'-to, n. the knees, the front part of the legs; the lap—masiyoto. T., siyote.
- śka. Sec yuśka
- śka, conj. T. but: i. q. tuka; eśta.
- śka, śke, and śķet, adv. or v. n. T. eya ske, though he says; or more likely as a verb, it is said that *he says.*—T. L. R. See skeli.
- śka-haŋ', part. come untied of itself.
- śkal, T. cont. of śkata.
- T. śkal'-wa-yu-pi-ka, adj. skillful at games.
- skan, cont. of skata; skan uppi. T., \pm kal.
- skan-ki'-ya, v. to cause to play**śk**anwakiya. T., śkalkiya.
- skan, v. n. to do, to act; to move about: token yaskan he, what art thou doing? - waskan, unskanpi: skan hinhda, to jump or flutter about, as a bird when caught. See han.
- śkan'-ka-pin, adj. lazy, unwilling to move about.
- skan'-ka-pin-pi, n. laziness.

śkan - ki'- ya, v. a. to cause to move about—śkan wakiya.

śkan-śkan', v. red. of śkan; to stir, move about, change place.

śkan-śkan'-yan, v. a. to cause to move about—śkanskanwaya.

śkan-śkan'-yan, adv. moving, in motion.

śkan-yan', adv. moving.

śka'-ta, v. n. to play—waśkata, unśkatapi.

śka-wa'-han, part. come untied of itself.

śke and śke-lo', v. n. T. they say; it is reported: tawiću ton kta śke lo, they say he is going to marry. See śka and śkeli.

śke-ća', n. the fisher.

śke-ća'-tan-ka, n. the wolverine.

śke-du'-ta, n. the name of a small red bird.

śke'-han, adj. wild, prancing, as a horse; ambitious.

śke'-han-han, adj. red. of śkehan; jumping round, frolicsome.

 $\pm k e'$ - he, adj. Same as $\pm k e$ han.

śke-he'-ća, n. an animal that is wild or unsteady.

śke'-he-śni, adj. gentle.

śke-he'-ya, v.a. to make wild, make prance about—śkehewaya.

śke'-he-ya, adv. ambitiously.

śke'-li, adv. T. i. q. śkelo.

śki-ća'. See yuśkića.

śki-ća'-han, part. squeezing, pressed.

śki-ća'-wa-han, part. pressing, squeezed,

to cause to skin-ci'-ya, v. to move one's self, be industrious: i. q. miniheiciya—
of skan; to skinmiciya. See skan.

śki-śka', adj. rough, not smooth and level.

śki-śke'-ya, v. a. to make rough—śkiskewaya.

śki-śke'-ya, adv. roughly.

śko-kpa', adj. hollowed out, concave.

śkom, cont of śkopa; śkom iyaya. T., śkob.

śkom - y a', v. a. to make crooked—śkomwaya T., śkobya.

śkom-ya', adv. crookedly; śkomya wanka.

śko'-pa, adj. crooked, warped; concave.

śko-śko'-pa, adj. red. of śkopa. śko-tpa', adj. hollowed out, concave.

śku, v. n. to be wholly or partially roasted; to be covered with red spots, as one who lies too close to the fire in cold weather—maśku, niśku.

śku-mna', adj. tainted, as meat; sour.

Śku'-ta-ni, n. p. the Kootenai.

\$1i, v. n. T. to ooze out, as gum, under the action of the sun. See hdi.

śli'-ye-la, adv. T. whizzing, as a bullet in the air.

śma, adj. deep, as water; dense, as foliage; thickly set, as hair.

śma-śma', adj. red. of śma.

śmi, adj. bare; i. q. hin wanića: pa śmi; said of a head with only a few scattering hairs. See smi, śna. See yuśna.

śna, adv. T. here, now; used with other adverbs; as, dehan śna, here now; lehan śna, letu śna, etc., anpetu wanźi śna, some days, i. e., occasionally.

śna-han, part. dropped, missed.

śna-wa'-han, part. dropped. śni, adv. of negation; not, no. I

follows verbs, nouns, pronouns, adjectives, adverbs, etc.

śni-śni'-źa, adj. red. of śniża.

śniś-ya', v. a. to make wither or dry up—śniśwaya, śniśunyanpi.

śniś-ya', adv. withered.

 $\sin i - y a \eta' - y a \eta, \quad adv. \quad abundantly.$

śni'-za, adj. withered, dead, dried up, as leaves by the sun; blurred, indistinct: iśtomaśniża.

śnuŋ-śnuŋ'-źa, adj. red. of śnuŋźa

ś n u n' - ź a , adj. blurred, indistinct, as, iśtośnunża. T., śniża.

śog, cont. of śoka.

śog-śog'-ya, adv. red. of śogya. śog-ya', adv. strongly, firmly, thickly: śogya awaćin, to think intently.

śog-yeh', adv. strongly, firmly; greatly, much.

śo'-ka, adj. thick, applied to solids. śo'-ka-la, n. T. a quarter of a dollar: lit. a small thick piece.

śo-kśan'-ka-dan, n. a species of duck, much smaller than the mallard duck, the teal.

śo-kśan'-ka-tan-ka, n. a large species of the teal.

śo-kśo'-ka, adj. red. of soka.

śol, T. cont. of sota.

śol-a'-ni-ni, n. T. soot, smut.

 $\pm \circ l - n a' - \dot{g} i$, n. T. soot.

śol-ya', v. T. to make smoky.

śon, cont. of śota.

śon-na'-ġi, n. (smoke-ghost) soot. See śotkazi.

śon-ya', v. a. to smoke, make smoky śonwaya. T., śolya.

śong-źo'-ya-ka, n. See śunżoyaka for the better orthography of this word.

śon-ġi'-dan, n. See śungidan.

śon'-ka, n. See śunka.

śon-pa', n. See śunpa.

śon-śon'-la, n. T. a mule.

śon-śon'-la-i-kpi-ska, n. T. a white-bellied mule, i. e., a donkey.

śon'-śon-na, adj. long-eared, hanging down, as the ears of many dogs do; dogs whose ears hang down. Hence, śuktanka śonśonna, a mule. T., śonśonla.

śon-te', n. the hole by which a beaver goes in and out. T., waśon; ćaboti ohloka.

śo'-śa, adj. turbid, muddy, as water.

ś o' - ś e , adj. Same as śośa: Miniśośe, the Missouri River.

śo-śe'-ya, v. a. to make turbid or muddy, to stir up—śośewaya.

śo-śe'-ya, adv. turbidly.

śo-śka, n. a species of pine; a small kind of fish: i. q. hośka.

śo'-ta, n. smoke.

so'-ta, v. n. to smoke, as a fire,

śo-tka'-zi, n. soot. See śonnagi. śo-tka'-zi, adj. smoked black, sooty. See sotkazi.

śot-o'-źu, adj. smoky, full of smoke, applied to a hazy atmosphere.

śpa. Sec yuśpa.

śpa-han', part. broken off.

śpan, adj. cooked, as food; burnt or frozen, as the face or parts of the body, by heat or cold: noge maśpan, my cars are frozen; siha niśpan, thy feet are frozen. See span.

śpan-ka'-ġa-pi, n. Ih. green corn dried: i. q. waskuya.

śpan-ki'-ći-ći-ya, v.a. to cook for one—śpanwećiciya.

śpan-ki'-ya, v. a. pos. to cook one's own food; to cook for another śpanwakiya, spanunkiyapi.

śpan'-śni, adj. T. raw, not cooked:
i. q. saka.

śpan'-śni-yu-ta-pi, n. Ih. and T. anything eaten raw: i. q. sakayutapi, melons.

ś p a ŋ - y a ŋ', v. a. to cook, as food—śpaŋwaya, śpaŋuŋyaŋpi.

śpa-wa'-han, part. broken off.

śpe. See śpa.

śpi. See yuśpi.

śpi-haŋ', part. fallen off, as berries. śpi-wa'-haŋ, part. Same as śpi-

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śpu. See yuśpu.

śpu-haŋ', part. See śpuwahaŋ.

śpu-wa'-han, part. fallen off of itself, as anything that adhered.

śta, conj. although. T. śa, eśa, and yeśan. See eśta.

stag, cont. of staka.

stag-ya', v.a. to mash up; to make preserves—stagwaya.

śtag-ya', adv. free from ice: śtagya wanka.

sta'-ka, adj. free from ice, as a river or lake when the ice has broken up and run out: beaten, broken. See kastaka.

śtan. See kastan, yustan.

stan, adj. blackish, dark-colored. T., sabya. See stan.

śtan, v. n. to become black, as berries, by the heat of the sun.

stan'-han, conj. although: hi stanhan sdonwaye sni, though he may have come I do not know it. T., yesan.

stan-han', v.n. to ooze out, as water from a sore, to be sore and exude water. T., ostanhan. See hdi

śta-śta', adj. weak, brittle: i. q wankadan. See staka.

sta-sta'-dan, adj. brittle.

šta-šta'-ka, adj. red. of štaka.

ste, adj. deformed. See osteka, ostehda, waste, etc. Ste and hte have good meanings as well as bad ones in Dakota, Ponka, Winnebago, and other cognate languages. See walitedasni.

ste - da', v. of ste; to think there is much or many, to rate high—stewada, steundapi.

ste-da'-pi, n. a great many, much. ste-i'-&i-da, v. reflex to think much of one's self. śte-ya', adv. deformedly.

\$tu-6a', v. n. to thaw, as anything that has been frozen. T., \$tulya.
See \$tunya and \$tuta.

śtul-ya', v. T. to thaw out: i. q. śtunya.

śtun-ya', v. a. to thaw, cause to thaw—śtunwaya: śtunićiya, to thaw or warm one's self—śtunmićiya.

śtun-ka', adj. unripe, as fruit.

stun-ka'-la, adj. T. soft, mellow; not ripe yet, as corn in the milk.

stu-sta', adj. soft, as the flesh of an animal when hard chased, wanting flavor. See stasta, etc.

śtu-śte'-ya, v.a. to chase so as to make weary and render the meat flavorless—śtuśtewaya.

śtu'-ta, adv. thawed, warmed: napo maśtuta, my hands are warmed. See śtuća.

śuk-ćin'-ća, n. a young wolf. See śunkćinća.

śuk-ćin'-ća-dan, n. a colt. See śunkćinćadan.

śuk-tan'-ka, n. (śunka and tanka) the horse, horses. Ih. and T., śunkawakan.

śuk-taŋ'-ka-a-ķiŋ, n. a saddle for a horse; a pack-saddle. T., ćaŋwaķiŋ. See śuŋgaķiŋ.

suk-tan'-ka-i-i-yu-wi, n. a horse-bridle, a rope for a horse's mouth.

śuk-taŋ'-ka-śoŋ-śoŋ-na, n. a mule, a jackass.

śuk-tan'-ka-wa-na-pin, na horse-collar.

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śuŋ, n. the large feathers of birds' wings.

śung, cont of śunka.

śuŋg-a'-kiŋ, n. a saddle; a saddle blanket. See śuktankaakin.

śung-hu'-dan, n. a short-legged horse, a pony, a small horse.

śuŋg-hu'-pte-pte-će-daŋ, n. a short-legged dog or horse.

śung-i'-ća-psin-te, n. a horsewhip.

śung-i'-ća-śke, n. a picket-pin; anything to fasten a horse with.

śung-i'-kte, n. lit. that by means of which a wolf is killed: poison; strychnine. See śunkigmunke.

 $\sin g - i' - na - h ta - ke$, n. T. a spur.

śung-i'-na-źi-pa, n. T. aspur. śung-i'-kan, n. harness.

śung-i'-pa-hte, n. a bridle.

śun-gle'-śka, n. T. a spotted horse.

śung-ma'-ki-ći-ma, n. T. a young horse.

śung-ma'-ni-tu, n. T. a wolf. śung-mdo'-ka, n. the male of the horse or dog.

śung-nah-po-ge, n. T. a brown-eared horse.

śung-o'-i-na-źin, n. a stable.

śung-o'-na-śin, n. a pacing horse.

śuŋg-wa'-kiŋ-i-hu-pa, n. the apparatus for packing on a horse or dog, pronounced often śuŋgwakuŋ-hupa and śuŋgwakiŋhupa. It is made by placing the ends of two

or more poles (usually tent-poles) together, and inclining them at an angle of some forty or fifty degrees. The ends fastened together are placed on the back of the horse or dog, with a strap around the Behind the horse's tail cross-pieces are tied, on which loads are packed and children placed. The Sisitonwans and Ihanktonwans of the prairie keep large dogs for the purpose of pack-T., hupaheuppi.

śung-wi-ye, n. a mare; a bitch.

śung-wi'-ye-dan, n. dim. of | śunk-ta'-wa-na-pin-na, śungwiye.

 $\sin g - \sin \theta - \sin \theta$ $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$

śun-hpa'-dan, n. a puppy, a little dog.

śuŋ'-ka, n. a dog, commonly; a horse; an ox or cow, occasionally. This latter use obtains only in the language of the braves or warriors of the nation—mitasunke, nitaśunke, taśunke. See śonka.

śuŋ-ka'-ki-i-na-hta-ke, n. T. a spur.

 $\sin \eta' - \sin \theta - \sin \theta$ and π . a sacred dog or spirit-dog, i. e., a horse: i. q. sunktanka.

śuŋ'-ka-wa-kaŋ-ta-wa-napin, n. a horse collar.

śun-kće', n. a bulbous esculent root that grows in swamps.

śunk-ćin'-ća, n. a young wolf. See sukcinca,

śunk-ćin'-ća-dan, n. a colt. śunk-i'-ća-psin-te, n. a horsewhip.

 $\sin y k - i' - g m u y - k e, n.$ T. poison; anything to use in trapping wolves: i. q. śungikte.

śunk-o'-na-śo-la, n. pacing horse.

śunk-pa'-dan, n. See śunlipa-

śunk-tan'-ka, n. (śunka and tanka). See suktanka.

śunk-ta'-wa-na-pin, n. T. a horse collar: i. q. sunkawakantawanapin.

the name of a small bird.

śunk-to'-ke-ća, n. the other dog, i. e., the wolf. T., sungmanitu.

śuŋk·wi'-ye, n. a mare: i. q. śungwiye: $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ śungwiyela.

 $\sin y - y a', v. n.$ to moult, shed, as geese their feathers: i. q. soppa.

śun-pa'-lidi-lidi, v. to have the feathers partly grown. Said of geese, etc., when their feathers have grown so that they are almost able to fly; i. q. ećadan kihipi kta. T., śuntoto.

śun-to'-to, v. n. T. to have the feathers partly grown.

śuŋ-źo'-yag, cont. of śuŋżoyaka; śunżoyag iću, to make a loop, noose, or lasso; śunżoyag iyakaśka, to tie a noose or running knot.

śuŋ-źo'-ya-ka, n. a noose: i. q. śongźoyaka. T., źoźoyagton.

śu-pe', n. guts, intestines.

 $\dot{\mathbf{s}}\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{p}\mathbf{e}' - \dot{\mathbf{c}}\mathbf{o} - \mathbf{w}\mathbf{o} \cdot \dot{\mathbf{z}}\mathbf{u}, n.$ of duck, so called because its entrails are always full.

śu-pe'-o-śi-ća, adj. T. hard to digest; disagreeing with one.

 $\sin - p e' - o - \sin - \epsilon a$, n. T. anything hard to digest.

the large intestines.

a species | ś u - ś k a', adj. slow, tardy, good for nothing, worthless-maśuśka, niśuśka. T., śkankapin.

> śu-śka'-ka, n. a worthless fellow. śu-ta', v. to miss, fail of, to be unable to obtain—śuwata, śuuntapi: to miss, as in shooting at anything; to fail of getting, suwate, etc.

> śu-te'-ya, v. a. to cause to fail or miss—śutewaya.

T.

- t. the twenty-third letter of the Dakota | ta, adj. one of, a pair: tawanzidan, alphabet.
- the moose. This may propta, n. erly be considered as the generic term for all ruminating animals, since it enters into the composition of the names of most of them; as, talinjća, decr; tatanka, buffalo, etc.
- ta, a prefix to such nouns as signify the various members of the body, limiting them to the corresponding parts in ruminating animals; as, ćeźi, the tongue, taćeźi, a buffalo tongue; pa, the head, tapa, a deer's head.
- ta, prep. in comp. at, to, on; suffixed to nouns it gives them the force of adverbs; as, maka, the earth; makata, on the ground. See also "ata" and "yata."
- ta, pron. in comp. his, hers, its; with "pi" at the end of the noun, theirs.

- one pair; tanonpa, two pairs.
- tab, cont. of tapa.
- tab-i'-ća-ka-pe, n. T. a ballclub.
- $tab-i'-\acute{c}a-psi-\acute{c}e$, n. T. a ballclub. See takićapsića.
- ta-blo'-hu, *n. T. i. q.* tamdohu. ta-ćay'-fa, n. (ta and ćayte) the heart of the buffalo, the ox, etc.
- ta-će'-sdi, n. the dung of ruminating animals, especially the buffalo; the "Bois de vache" of the French.
- ta-će'-źi, n. the tongue of ruminating animals, especially the buffalo.
- ta-ćin'-ća, n. the young of deer, a fawn. T., taćinćala.
- ta-ćiy'-ća-dan, n. a fawn, a lamb.
- ta-ćin'-ća-ha, n. a fawn-skin, calf-skin.

- of deer.
- ta-do', n. fresh meat, the fresh meat of ruminating animals, as the deer and buffalo.
- ta-do'-hde-ska, n. the windpipe of the buffalo. T., taglogleska and taglogloska.
- ta-do'-ta-hu, n. the neck; neckbone of animals.
- ta-glo'-gle-ska and ta-glo'-gloska, n. T. the windpipe in animals.
- ta'- g' a, n. mini taga, froth, foam
- ta-ge', n. froth, foam, spittle, scum: tage elipeya, to skim, throw off the scum.
- ta-gi'-ća, n. a species of tortoise. 2. the hump of the buffalo; the buffalo itself.
- ta-gi'-ća-ha, n. a buffalo robe; chiefly used by the Sisitonwans and Ihanktonwans: i. q. ptehasina. So called from the hump. T., sina ikćeka.
- $ta \dot{g} o' \dot{s}a$, v. n.to spit, expectorate—taġowaśa, taġounśapi. taliośa and taśośe.
- ta-gu', n. an old buffalo bull, a poor scabby bull, whether old or not, a singed bull.
- ta-ha', n. a deer-skin.
- ta-ha'-ba-hdo-ke, n. the slits cut in a hide by which it is stretched.
- $ta ha' da\eta$, adv. i. q. hahadan, ćante tahadan śni.—A. L. R.
- ta-ha'-ka-la-la, n T. (taha and kalala, to dangle) a woman's buckskin dress, usually ornamented with fringe, etc.

- ta-cin'-ca-la, n. T. the young | ta-han', n. a man's brother-in-law, a wife's brother, and a man's sister's husband; my brother-in-law: nitahan, thy brother-in-law.
 - ta-han'-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. brothersin-law.
 - ta-han'-ku, n. his brother-in-law.
 - ta-han'-śi, n. a man's male cousin, my cousin. This does not include a father's brother's sons, who are brothers—nitahansi.
 - ta-han'-śi-tku, n. his male cousin.
 - ta-haŋ'-śi-ya, v. a. to sustain the relation of male cousin to onetahansiwaya.
 - ta-han'-ya, v. a. to have for brother-in-law, sustain the relation of tahan to one—tahanwaya.
 - ta-ha'-sa-ka, n. dried skin, parchment; a skin with the hair taken off, but not yet dressed.
 - ta'-hdo-hu, n. the soft maple, Acer rubrum.
 - ta-he'-ća-pśuŋ-wi, n. the moon in which the deer shed their horns; December. See kapśun.
 - ta-he'-dan, adv. on this side of. See otahedan.
 - ta-he'-dan-tan-han, adv. this side of.
 - ta-he'-na, adv. Ih. on this side: i. q. itato; this way; tahena u wo, come this way. See takepi.
 - ta he' na tan han, adv.Ih. from this side of.
 - ta-he'-pi, adv. by the way, on the road, between one place and another. T., tahena. See otahepi.

- in the space between the carth and heaven.
- ta-hin', n. buffalo or deer's hair.
- ta-hin'-i-pa-kin-ée, n. T. an instrument for scraping skins.
- ta-hin'-i-pa-stan, n. an instrument for scraping or currying skins.
- ta-hiŋ'-pa-ġu-ke, n. pemmican; the knee-bone used as a pemmican stone.
- ta-hin'-śpa, n. an awl, awls.
- ta-hiŋ'-śpa-ći-ka-daŋ, n. a needle, needles.
- ta-hin'-spa-ci-ka-la, n. I a needle.
- ta-hin'-ye-te, n. of hinyete; the shoulder of animals.
- ta-hin'-yo-ki-be, n. the joints of animals. T., okihe. See okibe.
- ta-ho'-ćo-ka, n. a court or open place. See hoćoka.
- ta-ho'-ka-ske, n. cross bars inside of a tent on which a skin is fastened to dry.
- ta-ho'-ka-ta, n. a spider's web; the pins used in stretching a skin; of taha and okatan. T., unktomi taokaske.
- ta-ho'-ka-tan, v. (taha and okatan) to stretch out, as a hide, with pins—tahowakatan.
- ta-ho'-mni, n. the hoop on which a scalp or hide is stretched.
- ta-hu', n. the back of the neck.
- ta-hu'-a-ka-hpe, n. T. a cape for the neck.
- ta-hu'-am, adv. with outstretched neck.

- ta-hu'-hu-te, n. T. the nape of the neck
- ta-hu'-i-ćos-ya, n. a scarf or comforter. See ićosya.
- ta-hu'-ka, n. the hide of a buffalo, a green hide.
- ta-hu'-ka-wa-ta, n. a bullhide boat.
- ta-hun'-ske, n. T. stockings: his or her stockings
- ta-hu'-o-gle, n. T. a cape or ruffle. See ogle.
- ta-hu'-ska, n. a shirt-collar; paper collars.
- ta-hu'-ska-i-na-pin, n. a neck-tie ta-hu'-to-stan, n. the nape, the prominent articulation of the neck behind. T., tahuhute.
- ta-lian'-hin-hda, v. n. of tage; to froth or foam, as when anything is thrown into water.
- ta'- héa, n. cont. of tahinéa.
- ta'-h ća-śuŋ-ka, n. Ih. sheep: lit. deer-dogs. T., tahća śuŋkala.
- ta'-lin-éa, n. the common deer, Cervus capreolus.
- ta'-hiŋ-ća-ha, n. a deer-skin. See taha. T., tahćaha.
- ta'-lin-éa-ska, white deer, i. e., sheep. T., taliéa sunkala.
- ta'-hin-ca-śan-la, n. T. the antelope.
- ta'-héa-wa-ni-yaŋ-pi, n. T. sheep.
- ta'-hiŋ-éa-wa-nuŋ-yaŋ-pi, n. tame deer, i. e., sheep.
- $t a' h i \eta w a n u \eta y a \eta p i$, n. sheep. T., $tah \acute{e}$ awaniya $\eta p i$.

- ta-ho'-śa, v. T. to expectorate; | ta-ka'-psi-ća, v. to play ball by i. q. taģośa.
- ta-hpa', n. the lower part of the neck and breast of animals; the part between the shoulders of a man; the muscle across the abdomen.
- ta-hpa'-pa-ya-ta, n. T. between the shoulders.
- ta-lipi'-yo-gin, n. ground-cherries. T., amyeyapi.
- ta-lipi'-yo-gin, adj. ripe, fully ripe: i. q. suton; tahpiyogin śni, not ripe.
- tali-ton', v. of tage; to have scum. ta-liu'-ha, n. the scrapings of hides or skins.
- ta-hu'-śda-ha, n. a summer robe. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ tawelaha.
- ta-hu'-wa-pa-hpe, n. the flesh that sticks to a hide.
- ta'-ka, v. a. to roast off the hull, as of rice; to roast, as coffee—watáka, untákapi.
- ta-kab'-kab, cont. of takabkapa; takabkab iyeya, to play ball by striking and knocking.
- ta-kan', n. the sinew taken from the back of the deer and buffalo, which is used by the Dakotas for thread, making bows, etc.
- ta-kan'-ġi, n. the knce-pan, the patella. T., ćankpehu
- ta-kan'-he-ća, n. raspberries.
- ta-kan'-he-ća-hu, n. raspberry bushes.
- ta-kay'-i-ta-zi-pe, n. a bow the back of which is overlaid with sinew.
- ta-ka'-po-pa-pi, n. playing ball by striking. T., tabkabkab iyeyapi.

- taking up the ball in the club and throwing it—tawakapsića.
- ta-ka'-psi-ća-pi, n. ball-playing. ta-ki'-ća-po-pe, n. a ball-club for striking. T., tabićakape.
- ta-ki'-ća-psi-ća, n. a ball-club, a stick with a hoop at the end, interlaced so as to hold and carry the ball in readiness to be thrown. T., tabićapsića, a shinny stick with crook on the end for catching the ball.
- tak-i'-haŋ, v. (taku *and* ihaŋ) takihan yahi he, what have you come to do? T., takole.
- ta-kin', v.n. to lean: takin iyaya, to dodge. T., pakin iyaya.
- ta-kin'-yan, adv. leaning, not perpendicular: wi takinyan ya, said of the sun when it is half way up to the meridian. T., wi kin atakinyan ya.
- ta-ki'-yu-ha-wi, n. the moon when the deer copulate; November. See kiyuha.
- ta-ko'-da, n. Used with the pronouns; as, mitakoda, my friend; nitakoda, thy friend; takodaku, his friend. See koda.
- ta-ko'-da-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. particular friends.
- ta-ko'-da-ku, n. his particular friend.
- ta-ko'-da-ya, v.a. to have one for a particular friend—takodawaya.
- tak'-o-le, v. T. (taku and ole)tak ole yahi he, what have you come for?

- ta-ko'-mni, adv. nevertheless, still, ta'-ku-da-śni, v. a. always, at any time, ever: with śni following, at no time. ta'-ku-da-śni, v. a. nothing, not to regard; submissive in suffering-
- ta-koś', n. a son-in-law or daughterin-law, my son-in-law, etc.; nephews and nieces by marriage.
- ta-koś'-ku, n. his or her son-inlaw or daughter-in-law.
- ta-koś'-ya, v. a. to have for sonin-law or daughter-in-law—takośwaya.
- t a k o' ź a, n. a grandchild, my grandchild—mitakoźa, nitakoźa.
- ta-ko'-źa-kpa-ku, n. his or her grandchild. Takoźakpa is not used alone.
- ta-ko'-źa-tpa-ku, n. his or her grandchild.
- ta-ko'-źa-ya, v. a. to have for grandchild—takoźawaya, takoźaunyanpi.
- ta-kpe', v. a. to come upon, attack; sometimes used in good sense, to visit—tawakpe, taunkpepi: takpe hi, to come to attack; takpe i, to have been to attack; takpe ya, to go to attack; takpe u, to be coming to attack.
- ta-kpe'-ya, adv. attacking.
- ta'-ku, n. something.
- ta'-ku, interrog. pron. what? taku yaéin he, what dost thou want?
- ta-ku', n. a relative, kindred. See takuya.
- t a'-ku-ća, pron interrog. what? t a'-ku-dan, n. dim. of táku; a trifle, nothing, mostly followed by śni, as, takudan waćin śni, I want nothing. T., takuni.

- ta'-ku-da-śni, v. a. to count as nothing, not to regard; to be patient, submissive in suffering—takuwadaśni T., takuni śni.
- ta-ku'-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. relatives, relationship.
- t a'-ku-ku, n. red. of táku; small articles, trinkets.
- ta'-ku-ma-ni-ni-na, n. moths and other small grubs.
- ta-ku'-mna, v. n. to have taste or smell; takumna śni, to be without smell, taste, or aroma; unpalatable.
- ta'-ku-ni, n. T. a trifle, nothing; generally followed by sni.
- ta'-ku-ni-śni, n. nothing.
- ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. n. to come to nothing, fail, perish—matakuniśni. T., atakuni śni.
- ta'-ku-ni-śni-yan, adv. gona to nothing, perishing.
- ta'-ku-śa-śa, n. bed-bugs; any red thing. T., wabluśkaśaśa.
- Ta'-ku-śkaŋ-skaŋ, n. one of the Dakota gods, the moving god or god of motion. T. a familiar spirit: Takuśkaŋśkaŋ mitawa, my familiar spirit: i. q. Waśićuŋ; which see.
- ta'-ku-śni, n. nothing.
- ta'-ku-śni-śni, n. small articles: trifles, as, takuśniśni omdaka, I tell little things.
- ta-ku'-ya, v. a. to have one for a relation—takuwaya, takuunyanpi, takumayan, takuciya.
- ta-ku'-ye, n. a relative—mitakuye, unkitakuyepi.
- $ta le' \acute{z}a$, n. T. i. q. $tade\acute{z}a$.

- ta'-ma-he, n. the pike, a kind of fish.
 ta'-ma-he-ća or ta-ma'-he-ća,
 adj. poor, lean, not fat—matamaheća, untamahećapi.
- t a' m a h e n, adv. See tanmahen. T., tamahel.
- ta'-ma-hen-he-ća, adj. red. of tamaheća.
- ta'-ma-hen-ya, adv. poorly, not in a fat state.
- ta'-ma-ka, adj. poor, lean: pte tamaka, a lean cow.
- ta-mda', n. See tanmda.
- ta'-mdo-hu, n. the shoulder-blade of animals. T., tablohu.
- ta-mdo'-ka, n. the male of the common deer, a buck. T., tabloka.
- tam-ki'-ya, v. a. to say much to one about anything, to blame, talk roughly to—tamwakiya, tamunkiyapi, tammakiya. The Titonwan does not change the "m" in this and tamya: lila wahokonkiya.
- ta-mni', n. the womb; the after birth or sack which envelopes the fætus.
- ta-mun'-ka, v. 1st pers. sing. of tawanka.
- tam-ya', v.n. to talk earnestly, vociferate; to complain, murmur, blame one tamwamda, tamyada, tamunyanpi.
- ta-na'-ġi-dan, n. a species of humming-bird.
- ta-na'-kpa-he-éa, n. a species of flag with a large root growing in water.
- ta-na'-kpan, n. the fleshy part on the leg below the knee of an animal; the cords in the legs of animals.

- ta-na'-su-dan, n. the brain of animals.
- ta-na'-tpa-he-ća, n. Same as tanakpaheća.
- ta-na'-tpa-hu-te, n. Same as tanakpaheća.
- ta-na'-wi-ti-će, n. the little bulbous piece of meat on the foreleg.
- ta-ni', adj. old. See tanni.
- ta y'-i-će-la, n. T. (tanéan nićala); small insects; gnats, mosquitoes, etc.
- ta-ni'-ge, n. the paunch of a buffalo, etc.
- ta-ni'-ġe-mi-ni-a-ye, n. T. a pouch for carrying water, made of the paunch of the buffalo.
- ta-ni'-han, adv. long ago. See tannilan.
- ta-nih'-yu-sku, v. to empty the paunch of a buffalo, etc.
- ta-ni'-ka, adj. old. See tannika.
- ta-ni'-ya, n. his or her breath or life. See woniya.
- tan, cont. of tancan; as, tanton.
- tan, cont. of tanka; as, minitan.
- t'an. See yut'an, pat'an, etc.
- tan, prep. or adv. suffixed; as in hećiyatan.
- tan, n. the side of an animal, the meat taken off the ribs: tan wanzidan, one piece of meat. T. a side of the beef, including the bones; tan wanzila, one side or half the animal cut down the middle of the backbone.—w. J. C.

- tan-a'-ta-ye-dan, adv. individually, directly, in person: tanatayedan hdaźuźu, to pay cach one for himself. T., iyatayela.
- tan-ćan', n. the body—mitanćan, untanćanpi; the body or principal part of anything, as of a tree, etc. See itanćan, otanćan, etc.
- tan-éan'-ka, n. the chief, the principal T., naéa; itanéan.
- tan-éan'-ki-ya, v. a. to make great; to prefer, consider chief—tanéanwakiya.
- tan-éan'-ton, v. to have a body; to be ripe, full grown.
- tan-éo'-éo-dan, adj. red. of tanéodan.
- tan é o' dan, adj. naked, nearly naked, poorly clad: tanéodan waun. See siéodan.
- tan-ćo'-ka, adj. See tancokadan. tan-ćo'-ka-dan, adj. naked, without clothing—tancomakadan, tancounkapidan.
- tan 6o' 1a, adj. T. naked: i. q. tan 6o dan.
- tan da', v. a. to love, honor, respect; to be patient—tanwada, tanundapi. T., ohola; kinihan. See ohoda.
- taŋ-da'-ka, v. a. Same as taŋda. taŋ-haŋ', prep. from; as, heciya
- tanhan. See etanhan.
- tan-hda'-kin-yan, adv. crosswise, across something else.
- tan-hdu'-s'a-s'a-se-éa, v. to be frightened, as at a ghost, frightened at anything; to be made sick by seeing anything—tanmahdus'as'a seéa.

- tan-hdu'-s'a-s'a-ya, adv. in a state of fright.
- tan-in', v.n. to appear, be manifest, be visible—matanin.
- tan-in'-in, v. n. red. of tanin; to appear occasionally, as one passing under a hill, or as the sun through clouds.
- tan-in'-in-yan, adv. red. of taninyan; appearing occasionally: tanininyan iyaya.
- taŋ-iŋ'-śni, v. n. to be lost, to have disappeared. See, also, kitaŋiŋśni.
- tan-in'-śni-yan, adv. out of sight, lost.
- tan-in'-yan, adv. manifestly, openly, without concealment.
- tan-i'-yo-hi-dan, adv. each one, every one. T., taniyohila.
- tan'-i-yo-hi-na, adv. Ih. each. tan'-ka, adj. large, great in any way—matanka, nitanka, untankapi. T., also pronounced than'-ka.
- tan'-ka, n. a woman's younger sister—mitanka, nitanka, tankaku.
- taŋ-ka'-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. they who are sisters.
- tan'-ka-ki-ya, adv. largely: ho tankakiya, with a loud voice.
- tan-ka'-ku, n. her younger sister. tan-kal', adv. T. without, out of doors: i. q. tankan.
- tan'-ka-la, v. T. to consider great.
 tan-kan', adv. without, out of doors:
 tankan iyaya, to go out; tankan
 iyeya, to turn out, put out of doors.
 T., tankal.

- tan ka'-ta, adv. out of doors, out- | tan'-ma-hen, adv. in the body, side.
- tan-ka'-ya, v. a. to have for a younger sister—tankawaya.
- tan'-ka-ya, v.a. to consider greattankawaya. T., tankala.
- tan'-ka-ya, adv. greatly, to a great extent: tankaya waun.
- tan-ke', n. a man's older sister; my older sister—mitanke, nitanke.
- tan ke' ku, n. his older sister.
- tan-ke'-ya, v.a. to have for older sister—tankewaya.
- tan-kin'-kin-yan, adj. red and pl. of tanka and tankinyan; very large.
- tan-kin'-yan, adj. very great, large.
- tan-kin'-yan-yan, adj. red. of tankinyan.
- tan-ki'-ya-dan, adv. near to one—mitankiyadan. T., tankiyela.
- tan-ki'-ye-la, adv. T. near to onc. See kiyala.
- tan k ś i', n. a man's younger sister; my younger sister—mitanksi, nitankśi.
- tan-kśi'-tku, n. his younger sister. tan-kśi-ya, v. a. to have for
- younger sister—tanksiwaya.
- tan'-ktan-ka, adj. red. of tanka.
- * tan'-ktan-ka-ya, adv. red. of tankaya; largely.
 - tan'-ku, n. Same as tankeku.
 - tay'-ma-hel, adv. T. i. q. taymahen.
 - tay'-ma-hel-tay-hay, adv. T.from within the body.

- T., taymahel. within.
- tay'-ma-hen-tay-hay, adv. from within.
- tan-mda', n. round snow-shocs: tanmdohan, to put on or wear round snow-shoes. T., psohanpi.
- tan m das', cont. of tanmdaza; tanmdas wanka, to lie on the side, as animals.
- tan-mda'-ska-ya, adv. mdaskaya wanka, to lie on the side, lic flat.
- tan-mda'-za, v. to spread the knees apart. T., kablaźa. taymdas.
- tan-na'-ke-ki-ya, adv. on the side; with the head on one side: tannakekiya wanka, it lies on its side.
- tan-na'-ke-ya, adv. on the side; with head turned to one side, as a drowsy person: tannakeya wanka. See nakeya
- tay'-na-pa, v. n. to twitch, as the flesh of an animal, jerk involuntarily. T., nagnaka.
- tan'-na-pa-ki-ya, v. a. to shrug up, as the shoulders—tannapawakiya.
- tan'-na-pa-pa, v. red. of tannapa.
- tan-ni', adj. old, worn out.
- tan-ni', adv. of old: tanni hećeće kta epća, I long thought it would be so; before; already.
- tan-ni'-ćin-ća, n. a yearling calf. T., hećenićela.
- tan-ni'-han, adv. long ago, of old. T., ehanna.

- tan-ni'-han-tan-han, adv. of tan'-si-to-mni, n. the whole body. old, a long time ago. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ ehannatanhan.
- tan-ni'-ka, adj. old, worn out, ancient.
- tan-ni'-la, adj. T. old.
- $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ tannila. tan-ni'-na, adj. old.
- tan-ni'-na, adv. long ago, of old. T., ehanna.
- tan-ni'-na-ka, adv. of old, formerly.
- tan-ni'-ni, adj. red. of tanni; worn out.
- tan-o'-ksan, adv. around about, surrounding; unkitanoksanpi, around
- tan-o'-wa-sin, n. the whole body. T., tanéan ataya.
- tan-pa', n. the white birch, Betula populifolia; the bark of the birch. T., ćanhasan.
- tan-pa'-ćan-ka-gi-ća, n. spunk taken from the birch.
- tan-pa'-hu, n. the white birch tree.
- tan-pa'-śa-śa-dan, n. a small species of birch.
- tan-pa'-wa-kśi-ća, n. dishes made out of the tappa.
- tan-pa'-wa-ta, n. a birch-bark canoe. T., ćanhawata.
- tan-sag', cont. of tansaka, which is not used: taysag ta, to die of fright; to be much alarmed, to faint tansag mata: tansag ta elipeya, to tan - ton'-ka, adj. frighten very much.
- tan-sag'-te-ya, v.a to frighten very much—tansagtewaya.
- tan-san'-ni, n. one side of the body.

- tan'-si-to-mni-yan, adv. over the body.
- tan-smi'-yan-yan, adv. alone, deprived of everything: tansmiyanyan manka, I am deprived of all. T., smismiyan.
- tan-smi-yan-yan-ka, n. one who is alone, without relations. T., wablenića.
- tan-śi'-ća, adj. ugly, deformedtanmasića. T., ośteka.
- tan-sin', n. the fat on the ribs.
- tan śna', adj. alone, single, unmarried, without one's family: tanéna waun, I am alone; wićatanśna, an unmarried man; witansna, a single woman, a virgin
- tan-śna'-na, adj. alone, without one's family: tanknana unhipi, we have come alone.
- tay'-tay-hay, adj. from the body; near to one.
- tan tan' yan, adv. red. of tanyan.
- tay-te'-éa, n. a species of red berry that grows on a climbing
- tan-te'-ća-hu, n. the vine producing the tanteéa.
- tan ton', v. n. to have a body, be in the body; to be substantial, as some kinds of food. T. to be ripe, as fruit.
- increasing in bulk, as rice, etc., by cooking; furnishing much nourishment for the quantity; very much so; exceedingly; exceptionally good.

- tan-ton'-sni, v. n. to have no body, as a spirit; to be unsubstantial, as some kinds of food.
- taŋ-toŋ'-śni-yaŋ, v. a. to annihilate—taŋtoŋśniwaya.
- tan-ton'-śni-yan, adv. without body, unsubstantially; destitute, as after giving away property on the death of one.
- tan-ton'-yan, adv. visibly, bodily: tantonyan han, it stands visibly; a great deal.
- tan-ton'-yan-kel, adv. T. excessively; intemperately: tanton-yankel ia, to speak angrily.
- tan-wa'-śte, adj. of fine form, handsome—tanmawaśte.
- tan yam', adv. tanyam ia, to take one's part, speak for one; i. q. ićiya.
- tan'-yan, adv. well: tanyan un, to be well; tanyan econ, to do anything well; tanyan iyeiciya, to be fortunate.
- tan'-yan-ken, adv. well.
- tan-ya'-ta-ki-ya, adv. towards one: tanyatakiya hiyu, to come towards one.
- tan-yehi, cont. of tanyehin.
- tan-ye'-héin, adv. T. very well, exceedingly well: i. q. tanyehin.
- tan y e'-k el, adv. T. whole, without injury.
- tan-ye'-la, adv. T. well.
- tan y e'-hin, adv. very well. T., tan yehéin.
- tan za'-ni, adj. healthy, in health, sound, not injured in body.

- to have no tan-za'-ni-ke, adv. T. well, in substantial, good health.
 - tan za' ni ya ke, adv. without injuring: tanzaniyake kata, to kill without injuring the skin or flesh.
 - tan-za'-ni-yan, adv. whole, not wounded.
 - ta-o', v. a. to wound by shooting, wound, but not kill—tawao.
 - ta o m b', cont. of taonpa. T. leaning to one side.
 - ta-o'-ki-ye, n his disciple or assistant—mitaokiye: taokiyeya, to have for one's servant or helper.
 - ta-on'-pa, v. to lean to one side. See ataoppa.
 - ta-o'-pi, part. wounded; a wounded person or animal.
 - ta o' pi, n. T. a wound.
 - ta o' u y y e, n. his dwelling.
 - ta-o'-ya-te, n. his people—mitaoyate.
 - ta'-pa, n. a deer's head.
 - ta-pa', v. a. to follow after one who has gone; to follow, as game; to pursue, as an enemy—tawapa.
 - ta'-pa, n. a ball, such as the Dakotas use in playing.
 - $t \cdot a p \cdot a' \dot{g} \cdot a$, n. the diaphragm of deer, etc.
 - ta-pa'-hdo-ge-źu, n the holes in an animal's head communicating with the nostrils; an edible plant having a pod somewhat like that of the Datura stramonium or Jamestown weed T., tapahlate.
 - ta pa' hla te, n. T. i. q. tapa-hdogezu.

- 'ta-pa'-kśin, n. the kidneys of buffulo, etc. T., taźontka.
- ta-pa'-za-hu, n. a species of plant having a pod.
- ta-pe'-te, n. .the upper part of the back across the shoulders. T., tapetu.
- ta-pe'-te-pa, adv. at the back. T., tapetupa.
- ta-pe'-te-pa-tan-han, adv. at or on the back. T., tapetupatanhan and tapetutanhan. See ilazatanhan, which is, i. q. tapetutanhan, but incorrectly given as meaning "from the side of."
- ta-pet'-o-gna-ka, v. T. to put or place on the back.
- ta-pe'-tu, n. T. the back, the upper part of the back.
- ta-pe'-tu-o-gna-ka, v. T. i. q. tapetognaka.
- ta-pe'-tu-o-gnag-ya, and tapet'-o-gnag-ya, adv. T. placed on the back.
- ta-pe'-tu-pa, adv. T. at the back. ta-pe'-tu-ta, adv. T. on the back.
- ta-pi', n. the liver of animals.
- ta-pi'-śle-ća, n. T. the spleen of animals.
- ta-po', n. the duodenum; one of the stomachs of ruminating animals; the crop of fowls. See tatapo.
- ta-poy', n. the cheek
- ta-poy-hu, n. the cheek-bone.
- ta-po'-po-ska, n. T. tadpoles.
- ta-po'-pu-ska, n. tadpoles. T. tapoposka.

- the kidneys of ta-po'-śko-hna-ka, v. n. to ontka.

 a species of blanket—tapośkowalnaka. T., tapetu ognaka.
 - ta-psi'-psi-za, v. red. of tapsiza. ta-psis', cont. of tapsiza; tapsis hiphda, to bubble up, as water when anything is thrown in, or spontaneously.
 - ta-psi'-za, v.n. to bubble up, come up, as bubbles on water.
 - ta p ta' h e za, n. black currants, Ribes floridum. See captalieza.
 - ta pun', n. See tapon.
 - ta-sag', cont. of tasaka; tasag hnaka, to expose for the purpose of hardening.
 - ta-sag'-ya, v.a. to cause to harden—tasagwaya.
 - ta-sag'-ya, adv. in a hardened state: tasagya hnaka, to lay away in a hard state.
 - ta-sa'-ka, adj. stiff, hard, frozen, hardened by cooling, whether at a temperature above or below the freezing point; hard, as tallow; cold, as, nape matasaka, my hands are cold.
 - ta-sa'-ka-ćan, n. a kind of wood, a species of hard pine.
 - ta-sa'-pa, n. the black bear, in the sacred dialect.
 - ta-se', intj. of contradiction or discredit, as, tase, wimatko śni, why no, I am not drunk: tase hepe kaćaś, that I said so is absurd: it is followed by ka, kakeća, or kaćaś.—w. J. C.

- ta-ska', n. taska wanunyanpi and | ta-śna'-he-ća-ho-ta, n. tahinéa ska wanunyanpi, sheep. T., tahéa sunka.
- ta-ska'-kpa, n. the woodlouse.
- ta-ska'-tpa, n. the woodlouse.
- ta-span', n the red haw; apples. So used now by the Yanktons and Teetons.—J. P. W.
- ta-span'-gi, n lemons; oranges.
- ta-span'-hu, n. the hawthorn; an apple tree.
- ta-span'-sdo-sdo-dan, n. the dwarf red haw.
- ta-span'-tan-ka, n. the crab apple, Pyrus coronaria; the common apple, Pyrus malus.
- ta-span'-tan-ka-hu, n. crab tree; the apple tree.
- ta-su'-su-o-źu-ha, n. a shot-pouch. ta - sa' - ka, n. the hoofs or nails of deer. T., taśake.
- ta-śi'-śa-ke, n. the nails or hoofs of animals, used by the Dakotas for rattles. This was probably tasiśake originally.
- ta si' ya gnon pa, n. T. i. q. taśi y akapopopa.
- ta-śi'-ya-ka, n. the pylorus or lower orifice of the stomach of ruminating animals; the large intestines.
- ta-śi'-ya-ka-po-po-pa, n. a species of bird. T., taśiyagnonpa.
- ta-śka'-dan, n. the box-elder, Acer negundo. - Same as ćanjšuška.
- ta-śko'-źu, n. a grove of timber, thickly timbered land.
- ta-śna'-he-ća, n. the prairie ground-squirrel,

- the gray ground-squirrel.
- ta-śpu', n. the stem, as of a pumpkin; a knob, a button. See mazataśpu. T., ćeśkika.
- ta-śpu'-dan, n. a knob, a button, the head of a pin.
- $ta-\acute{s}o'-\acute{s}e$, v. T. to spit: i. q. tagośa.
- ta'-ta or ta-ta', adj. dull, blunt, bruised up.
- ta-ta'-hpa, n. the breast and neck of animals: i. q. talipa.
- ta-ta'-mni, n. that which surrounds the feetus, the womb of animals: i. q. tamni.
- ta-tay'-ka, n. the male buffalo, the Bos, or Bison americanus; the common ox.
- ta-ta'-po, n. the duodenum of ruminating animals; the omasum or third stomach. See tapo.
- ta-ta'-wa-mdu-śka, n. the horse-fly.
- ta-fa'-wa-mdu-śka-dan, n. the horse-fly.
- ta-te', n. air in motion, wind.
- ta-te'-day-se-ća, n the essence of peppermint.
- ta-te'-i-yu-mni, n. a whirlwind.
- ta-te'-ka-s'a, v. the wind whis-
- $ta te' o\eta na ho mni$, n. (tate, on, nahomni) T. a wind-mill.
- ta-te'-o-u-ye, n. a quarter of the heavens: tate ouye topa, the four quarters of the heavens,

- ta'-te-ya, v. T. to hunt; tate aya, to go on a hunt with a large party; used when a whole camp is moved along.—w. J. c.
- ta-te'-yan-pa, v.n. it blows; the wind blows.
- ta-te'-yan-pa, n. wind.
- ta-tin'-gle-ska, n. T. intestinal worms.
- ta'-to, n. cumfrey, a root with a long branching stalk, the stem of which is eaten by the Dakotas; possibly also the ginseng root.
- ta-to'-han, adv. up stream. T., tatowab. See tatowam.
- ta-to'-he-ki-ya, adv. against the wind, or current, up stream.
- ta-to'-he-ya, adv. against the wind, up stream: tatoheya unyanpi, we go up stream, or against the wind.
- ta-to'-ka, n. the big horned antelope.
 Perhaps the goat of the Rocky
 Mountains, or the Anteloperupicapra.
- ta-to'-ka-dan, n. the gazelle or prairie antelope, the Antelope dorcas, somewhat smaller than the common deer. They go in companies, and are very fleet.
- ta-to'-wam, cont. of tatowapa; up stream: tatowam unyanpi. T., tatowab.
- ta-to'-wa-pa, adv. up stream, up the river.
- ta-to'-wa-pa-tan-han, adv. from above, from up stream.
- ta-tpe', v. to come to, come upon, attack, make an attack on—tawatpe, tauntpepi. T., takpe,

- T. to hunt; tate ta-tpe'-hi, v. to come to attack—hunt with a large tatpewahi. See takpe hi, etc.
 - ta-tpe'-i, v. to have been to attack—tatpewai
 - ta-tpe'-ya, v. to go to attack—tatpemda: tatpe iyaya, to have gone to attack; tatpe u, to come to attack.
 - ta-tpe'-ya, adv. attacking.
 - ta-un'-ka, v. T. to be be willing to do: i. q. tawanka.
 - t a'-w a, pron. his, hers, its—mitawa, nitawa.
 - ta-wa'-ćiŋ, n. the mind, will, understanding, disposition, purpose, thought—mitawaćiŋ.
 - ta-wa'-ćiŋ-haŋ-ska, adj. T. patient, long suffering.
 - ta wa' cin han ske ya, adv. patiently.
 - $ta wa' \epsilon i \eta h i \eta ya \eta' za$, adj.

 morose.
 - ta-wa'-ćiŋ-ki-ćuŋ, v. n. to be resolute, obstinate, have a mind of one's own—tawaciŋwećuŋ.
 - ta-wa'-ćiŋ-ki-ćuŋ'-yaŋ, adv. resolutely.
 - ta-wa'-ćiŋ-su-ta, adj. firm resolute, not easily influenced.
 - ta-wa'-ćiŋ-su-ta-ya, adv. resolutely.
 - ta-wa'-ćin-śi-ća, adj. of a bad disposition—tawaćinmasića.
 - ta wa'-éin-wan-ka-la, adj. T. fickle, easily influenced.
 - ta-wa'-éiŋ-wa-śte, adj. of a good disposition—tawaćiŋmawaśte.
 - ta-wa'-ġaŋ, n. a step-son; a stepfather; any step relation.

- ta-wa'-ġaŋ-ku, n. his step-son or step-father.
- ta-wa'-ġaŋ-ya, v.a. to have for tawaġaŋ-tawaġaŋwaya.
- ta-wa'-he-ća, n. a sweling, a bubo; the groin.
- ta'-wa-i-&i-ya, v. reflex. to own one's self; to be free.
- ta'-wa-i-ci-ya-pi, n. freedom, liberty.
- ta-wa'-kon-ze, n. his influence or purpose. This is used for the Spirit of God—nitawakonze. T., tawokonze.
- ta-wa'-mni-pa, n. the seven stars in the constellation Taurus.
 T, tayamnipa.
- ta-wan'-ka, v. n. to be willing to undertake, disposed to do or attempt. Generally this is used in the negative, as, tawanka śni, not to be disposed to—tamunka śni. T., taunka. See tawatenya.
- ta-wan'-źi, n. one of anything, a pair: tanonpa, two of anything, two pairs; tayamni, three pairs.
- ta'-wa-śe, n. T. a woman's female friend: i. q. kola.
- ta'-wa-śe-tku, n. T. her female friend.
- ta'-wa-śe-ya, v. to have for female friend.
- ta-wa'-ţe-ća, v. See tawaţenya. ta-wa'-ţel-śi-ća, adj. T. unendurable, excessive.
- ta-wa'-ţen-ki-ya, v.a. to be willing to have such a thing happen to one tawaţenwakiya, tawaţenciciya.

- ta-wa'-ten-ya, v. a. to be willing for anything, desirous to do or
 suffer—tawatenwaya, tawatenuna. yanpi. See tawanka.
 - ta'-wa-śi, n. a helper; a helpmate; a friend. T., tawowaśi.
 - ta'-wa-śi-tku, n. his or her helper or friend.
 - ta'-wa-śi-ya, v. a. to have for helpcr—tawaśiwaya. T., tawowaśiya.
 - ta'-wa-ya, v. a. to possess anything, have for one's own—tawawaya, tawaunyanpi.
 - ta-wa'-zu-zu-he-ća, n. intestinal worms, lumbrici. T, tatingleska.
 - ta'-we-la-ha, n. T. a summer robe; a robe from an animal killed in spring or summer: i. q. tahu-śdaha.
 - ta-wi'-ću, n. his wife. See tawin. ta-wi'-ću-ton, v. to have a wife, be married—tawićuwaton, tawićuuntonpi.
 - ta'-wi'-na-pée, n. the gullet of animals.
 - ta'-wi-no-héiŋ, n. T. his wife. ta'-wi-no-hiŋ, n. a man's sister mitawinolitin, nitawinolitin. T., tankśitku.
 - ta'-wi-no-htin-ya, v.a. to have for tawinohtin-tawinohtinwaya.
 - ta-win', n. a wife, used only with the pronouns: mitawin, my wife; nitawin, thy wife.
 - ta-win'-ya, v.a. to have sexual intercourse with a woman—tawin-waya, tawinmayan.

- ta-wi'-ton, or ta-win'-ton, teb-ki'-ći-ya-pi, v. v. a. to have sexual intercourse with a woman—tawiwaton, tawiuntonpi. The former orthography is preferred.
- ta-wi'-ye-dan, n. the female of the common deer, a doe or hind.
- ta-won', n. something to cat, food: T., tawoyute.
- ta-wo'-kon-ze, n. his influence or purpose. See tawakonze.
- ta wo' wa śi, n. T. his helper or servant: i. q. tawaśi.
- ta-wo'-wa-śi-ya, v. to have for helper, etc.: i. q. tawaśiya.
- ta-wo'-yu-te, n. his food.
- ta-ya'-mni-pa, n. T. the seven stars in Taurus. See tawamnipa.
- ta-zu'-ka, n. white walnuts, butternuts.
- ta-zu'-ka-hu, n. the butternut . tree, white walnut, the Juglans cine-
- ta'-źa, n. waves. T., minikaataźa.
- rough, as water agita'-źa, adj. tated; nina taźa, very rough. kaataźa.
- ta-źon'-tka, n. T. the kidneys in animals: i. q. tapaksin.
- ta-źo'-pa-wi-wi, n. waves without white caps
- ta-źu'-śka, n. the ant, ants, the emmet.
- te, adj. blue stained. See ate. T., to.
- teb-ki'-ći-ći-ya, v. T. to cat | te-han'-way-kan-tu-ya-ken, up for one. See temkiya. VOL. VII----30

- they eat each other up.
- teb-ki'-ya, v. pos. T. to eat up one's own: i. q. temkiya.
- t e b y a', v. T. to cat up. See temya, etc.
- te'-ća, adj. new-mateća, niteća, untecapi.
- tawon manića: tawon ton, to have t'e'-ća, adj. warm, lukewarm, tepid, as water. See it'eca.
 - te'-ća-ya, *adv*. newly.
 - te'-ća-ya, v. a. to make new, renew-tećawaya.
 - te'-ća-ya-ken, adv. newly.
 - te'-han, adj. far; long, used both in regard to time and place: tehan wai, I have been to a great distance; tehan wannidaka, I saw it a long time. See thanka.
 - te'-han-han, adv. red. of tehan. te'-han-tan-han, adv. afar.
 - te'-han-tu, adv. far off, to or at a great distance.
 - te'-han-tu-ya, adv. afar, far
 - te'-han-tu-ya-ken, adv.
 - te-han'-wan-kan, adv. high up, very high. T., tehanwankanl.
 - te'-han-wan-kanl, adv. T. high
 - te-han'-wan-kan-tu, adv. very high.
 - te-han'-wan-kan-tu-ya, adv. very high. T, tehanwankanltuya.
 - adv. loftily, high up.

- te-lii', adj. or endured
- te-hi'-hi-ka, *adj. red.* of tehika. te-hi'-hi-ya, adv. red. of tehiya.
- te-hi'-ka, adj. hard to do or bear, difficult; dear, costly, valuable; hard to get along with, unreasonable—matchika.
- te-hi'-ke-da, v. a. to think hard or difficult; to value very much—tehikewada, tehikeundapi.
- te-hi'-ke-da-ka, v. Same as teliikeda.
- te-hi'-ke-ki-da, v. pos. of tehikeda; to value one's own—tehikewakida.
- te-hi'-ke-ki-da-ka, v. Same as tehikekida.
- te-hi'-la, v. T. to love, value very highly; to be unwilling to part with.
- te-hin'-da, v.a. to forbid any one's doing or having a thing, forbid any course of conduct, prohibit, hinder; to value very much, to be sparing of—tewahinda, teyahinda, temphindapi. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ tehila.
- te-hi'-slol-ye-ki-ya, v. *T*. to punish, to cause to suffer. See sdonyekiya.
- hardly, with difte - hi' - ya, adv. ficulty; badly: teliiya econ, to do with difficulty, to do badly; tehi śni econ, to do a thing easily.
- te hi'-ya-ken, adv. with difficulty. te-hi'-ya-ku-wa, v. a. to follow after for evil, to treat badly, to persecute.
- te-limi'-so, n. a leather string, a thong. This is Santee; other bands or clans use "wikan."

- difficult, hard to be done to e i pi, n. a skin with the hair taken off worn as a blanket. T., ptehaśla.
 - te-ma'-hel, adv. T. i. q. temahen.
 - te-ma'-hen, adv. of mahen; deep, far within. T., temahel.
 - te-ma'-hen-tu, adv. far down. deep down. T., temaheltu.
 - te-ma'-hen-tu-ya, adv deeply, deep down. T., temaheltuya.
 - tem-ki'-ći-ya, v. of temya, to eat up provisions of any kind for another-temwećiya.
 - tem-ki'-ya, v. a. to eat up one's own; to cat up another's or for another—temwakiya, temunkiyapi, temmakiya. T., tebkiya.
 - te-mni', v.n. to sweat; to pant, give out, always including the idea of sweating—temanni, tenimni, teunmnipi.
 - te-mni'-ta, v. n.to sweat very profusely, to die of sweating: temni mața nun seca, it seems as if I should die of sweating.
 - tem-te'-pa, adj. red. of tepa.
 - tem y a', v. a. to eat all up, to de-· vour; temwaya. T., tebya.
 - te'-pa, adj. root form; worn off, as in batepa, katepa.
 - te-pa'-han, part. worn off.
 - te-śdag', cont. of teśdaka.
 - te-śdag'-ki-ton, v. to put on or wear a crown or fillet on the head teśdagweton.
 - te-sdag'-ton, v. (tesdag and ton) to put on or wear a fillet around the head—tesdagwaton. See wateśdake.

- te-śda'-ka, v. to wear, as a crown | te-zi', n. the stomach or paunch of or fillet, around the head-tewaśdaka.
- te-te', n. the rim of a kettle, the rim or lip of anything. T., icete.
- te-te', adj. red. of te; blue, grapecolored. T., tosapa.
- te-te'-ni-ća, n. the blue jay. T., zitkato.
- te-way-han-kan, adv. high up. T., tehanwankanl.
- te-wan'-han-kan-tu, adv. up
- te-wan'-han-kan-tu-ya, adv. high up.
- te-way'-hay-kan-tu-ya-ken, adv. up high.
- te-wan'-kan, adv. high up. T., ti, v.n. tehanwankanl.
- te-wan-kan-tu, adv. high up.
- te-way'-kay-tu-ya, adv. high up.
- te-wa'-pa, n. an esculent root, growing in the water, which the 'ti-a'-wan-ya-ka, v. Dakotas boil and eat.
- te-wa'-pa-a-he, n. a plant some-, what like the tewapa, but not eaten. ti-blo', n. T. i. q. timdo.
- te-wa'-pa-hu, n. the stalk of the ti-blo'-ku, n. T i. q. timdoku. tewapa.
- te-wi-ća-mni, n. of temni; ti-ća-bu-dan, n. the pheasant. sweating.
- te'-ya, n. when a man has more than one wife, one calls the other teya.
- te'-ya-ki-éi-ya-pi, n. those ti-éa'-han, part. scraped off; fallwho stand in the relation of teva to each other.
- te'-ya-ku, n. her teya.
- te'-ya-ya, v. a. to have one for |ti-ca-ni-ce-tan-ka|, n. teya-teyawaya, teyamayan.

- animals; the gizzard of fowls; the belly.
- te-źig'-źi-će, the fat around the paunch.
- te-źi'-kśi-źe, n. the fat around the paunch. T., teźigźići.
- than'-ka, adj. T. i. q. tanka, large. The "h" sound is introduced between "t" and its vowel quiet frequently by the Titonwan; perhaps with the idea of giving emphasis. I am more inclined, however, to regard it as a conventionality. give some examples: tho, i, q, to, blue; thokeća, i. q. tokeća, different: thehan, i. q. tehan, far.—w. J. C.
- to live, dwell, abide—wati, uŋtipi.
- ti, n. a house. See tipi.
- ti'-a-no-ka-tan-han, adv. on both sides of the house.
- to stand guard about a house; to stay at home and watch the house: i. q. beyankeća

- ti'- ća. See patića, to scrape off.
- ti-éa'-ga, v. to put up a tent, pilch a tent; to build a house—tiwakaga, tiuŋkaġapi.
- ing off of itself.
- ti'-ća-ni-će, n. See tićanićetaŋka.
- a species of curlew.

- ti-ća'-tku, n. the part of the tent or house opposite the door, the place of honor.
- ti-ća'-tku-ta, adv. opposite the door.
- ti-éa'-wa-han, part. scraped off; falling off, as hair from a soaked hide.
- ti-će', n. the top of a tent or house, the comb; the hole where the smoke goes out: tiće iyakaska, to tie up to the top of a tent.
- ti-će'-iŋ-kpa, n. the top of a tent, the ridge of a house.
- ti-će'-śka, n. the top of a tent, the ridge of a house.
- ti-će'-śka-o-hdo-ka, n. the hole at the top of the tent by which the smoke escapes.
- ti'-dan, v. kići tidan, to take sides with one on a question, to be on the same side in a game: miśnana watidan, I am alone, that is, no one takes my side—untipidan. T., tila.
- ti'-han-mde, v. See tihanmdeya.
- ti'-haŋ-mde-ya, v. to have been acquainted with in a former state of existence—tihanmdewaya. T., 6e-kpata uŋ slolya.
- ti-hde', v. to have a family; to make a home. T., tigle.
- ti-hdo'-ni-ća, v. to forbid one's house, to prevent others from coming in—tiwahdonića.
- ti-gle', v. T. to be married; to have a house to live in.
- ti-hu'-ha, n the poles of a tent left stunding, the skeleton of a tent.

- ti-hu'-ha-ka, n. T. the skeleton of a tent; the frame of a house.
- ti'-ha-ha, n. the manyplies or omasum of animals. T. tihamnamna.
- ti'-ha-mna, adj. T. having manyplies.
- ti'-li a-m n a-m n a, n. T. the omasum or manyplies, next in size to the taniga. The four divisions are according to size, respectively, taniga, tiliamnamna, tatapo, and imnamnahića.—w. J. c.
- tih-mun'-ga, n. T. the house fly, flies. See tulmaga.
- ti-kti'-ća, adj. thick, stiff, as mush; sticky. Hence, ćanhanpi tiktića, molasses.
- til, cont. of tien. T.
- ti'-la, v. of ti. T. to dwell; hel watila, I live there; to take sides with. See tidan.
- ti-le'-han-yag, and ti-le'-han-yank, adv. T. i. q. titokan; ti-lehanyag iyaya, he has gone to another house.
- tim, cont. T. for tin.
- ti'-ma-hel, adv. T. inside the house; within.
- ti'-ma-hen, adv. within, in the house or inclosure. T., timahel.
- ti'-ma-he-tan-han, adv. from within.
- ti'-ma-he-tu, adv. within.
- ti-ma'-ta, v. to ask for, beg: timata hi, to come begging.
- ti-mdo', n. a woman's elder brother, my elder brother: nitimdo, thy elder brother. T., tiblo.

- ti-mdo'-ku, n. her elder brother. | tin'-sko-sko-ya, adv. red. of T., tibloku.
- ti-mdo'-ya, 'v. a. to have for elder brother—timdowaya. T., tibloya.
- ti-mlo', n. T. i. q. timdo. See tiblo.
- tin, adv. cont. (ti and en) in the house: tin yanka, he is in the house; also, cont. of tinta, as, tinmastinca, the hare T., til.
- ti'-na-zi-pe, n. of itazipe; his bow—mitinazipe, nitinazipe. T., titazipe.
- tin'-ćan-nan, adv. out on the prairie. T., tiiheyapaya.
- tin'-kte, v. to kill in the house, to commit homicide, in distinction from killing in war—tinwakte, tinwićakte. T., tiokte.
- tin'-ma-stin'-ća, n. the hare, rabbit of the prairie, the Lepus timidus. T., mastinska.
- tin'-wa-ki-ye-dan, n. the T., house-pigeon; the turtle dove. wakinyela.
- tin'-wi-ća-kte, v.a. to commit murder — tinwićawakte. Also, a murderer. T., tilwicakte.
- tin'-wi-ća-kte-pi, n. murder.
- tin-gle'-śka, n. T. a fawn.
- tin'- ga, v.n. to press, to be in labor, as a woman in childbirth. See tinga.
- tin'-sko, adv. how large? hinsko.
- how large? See hipskokeća.
- tin'-sko-sko-ke-ća, adv. of tinskokeća.

- tinskoya.
- tin'-sko-ya, adv. how far around? how extensively? See hipskoya.
- tin'-śko-dan, adv. of what size? how small? See hinskodan.
- tin'-ta, n. land without timber, the prairie.
- tin'-ta-ma-ko-bla-bla-ya, adv. T. timbered land with open spaces.
- tin'-tan, adv. on or at the prairie.
- tiŋ'-ta-o-skan, adv. prairie, far from dwellings.
- tin'-ta-pa, adv. belonging to the prairie; as, tintapa wićasta, men of the prairie; tintapa ia, to speak as the men of the prairie do.
- tin'-ta-ta, adv. at or on the prairie.
- tin'-ta-ta-pa, adv. at the prairie.
- tin'-ta-wa-pa, adv. wards the prairie.
- ting-o'-pta, adv. across the prairie.
- tint-o'-ska, n. T. an opening in the woods.
- tin t o' ska ska ya, adv. with open spaces
- tin t-o'-skan, adv. on the prairie; far from dwellings.
- tin'-za, adj. firm, tight: otinza.
- ti-o'-ko, n. a house yard.
- ti-o'-kte, v. T. to kill; to commit murder: i. q. tinkte.
- See ti-o'-ta-he-la, adv. T. among the houses.
- tin'-sko-ke-ća, adv. how big? ti-o'-le, v. T. to hunt a house for lodging or for a meal; tiole mni kta.
 - red. | ti-o'-na-ki-pa, v. to flee to the house.

- ti-o'-spa-ye, n T. a band; c clan; a party under one chief.
- ti'-pa. See yutipa.
- ti-pa'-han, part. drawn up, cramped; crisped.
- ti'-pa-hin, n. of ipahin; his pillow.
- ti-pa'-wa-han, part. drawn up, cramped.
- ti'-pi, n. a tent, house, dwelling, abode. See ti.
- ti'-pi-wa-kan, n. a sacred house, a church.
- ti'-psin, n. See tipsinna.
- $t_{i'}$ -psin-la, n. $T_{i'}$: i. q. tipsinna.
- ti'-psin-la-śa-śa, n. T. radishes, beets. See pangiśaśa.
- ti'-psin-na, n. the Dakota turnip, a bulbous root much eaten by the Dakotas in the beginning of summer. It grows on the high dry prairies. T., tipsinla.
- ti'-psin-na-ska, n. the white turnip.
- ti'-psin-na-zi, n. the rutabaga.
- ti'-śka-kaŋ, n. of iśkakaŋ; the large sinew in the neck of animals.
- ti'-śko-na-ġi, n. of iśkonaġi (the ghost of the leg); the bunch of hair growing on the inside of a deer's leg.
- ti'-śti, n. of iśti; the lower lip of animals: also, his lower lip.
 - ti-ta'-ku-ye, n. T. a relative. See takuye.
 - ti-ta'-zi-pe, n. T. his bow. See tinazipe.

- Ti'-ton-wan, n. i. q. tinta-ton-wan; the name of the bands of Dakotas living on and beyond the Missouri, the Teetons. They probably compose a majority of the whole nation. Their language differs from the dialects of the other bands, especially in their use of l for d.
 - ti'-ton-wan-se, adj. proud, haughty, because the Teetons are thought to be so.
 - ti-un'-na-ptan-yan, n. of unnaptan; the sides of a house, sides of the roof.
 - ti-wa'-he, n. a household, including persons as well as things. See tiyohe.
 - ti-wo'-ta-he-dan, adv. of otahedan; away from any house. T., tiotahela.
 - ti-yan', cont. of tiyata.
 - ti'-yan-ka, intj. T. wait! hold on! i. q. hinyankaha.
 - ti-ya'-ta, adv. at the house, at home.
 - ti-ya'-ta-ki-ya, adv. towards the house: tiyatakiya wahde kta, I will go towards home.
 - ti-ye'-pa, n. T. a door: i. q. tiyopa. ti-ye'-pa-ta, adv. T. at the door.
 - ti-y o'-ble-ća and ti-o'-ble-ća, n. T. an A tent, or a square tent; not a Dakota tent.
 - ti-yo'-gna-ka, n. T. i. q. tiyo-hnaka.
 - ti-yo'-he, n. a household; a place where a house once stood, a deserted house. See tiwahe.

- ti-yo'-hna-ka, n. (ti and ohna- ti-yu'-kan, v. of yukan; to leave ka.) the household. T., tiyognaka. the house. Said when the women
- ti-yo'-ki-ta-he-dan, adv. between houses. See okitahedan.
- ti-yom', cont. of tiyopa. T., tiyob.
- ti-yom'-i-na-ta-ke, n. a door lock. T., tiyobinatake See na-taka.
- ti-yom'-ya, v. a. to have or use for a door—tiyomwaya.
- ti-yo'-pa, n. a door, the place of entrance; that which covers the entrance in a Dakota tent, a door. T., tiyepa.
- ti-yo'-pa-gmi-gme-la and tiye'-pa-gmi-gme-la, n. T. a door knob.
- ti-yo'-pa-i-yo-ka-tku-ġe, n.
 a nail, nails.; screws. So called
 perhaps from their being first used
 among the Dakotas only in making doors. T., tiyepa iyokatkuġe.
- ti-yo'-pa-ta, adv. at the door. T., tiyepata.
- ti-yo'-ślo-la, n. T. a cricket, crickets.
- ti-yo'-spa-ye, n. a band, a division of a tribe: i. q. tiospaye.
- ti-yo'-ti, v. to set up a soldiers' lodge—tiyountipi.
- ti-yo'-ti-pi, n. a soldiers' lodge.

 This is established for the purpose of making laws and providing for their execution. The object is generally to regulate the buffalo chase.
- · ti-yo'-ton-wan, v. (ti and otonwan) to look into a house.

- ti-yu'-kan, v. of yukan; to leave the house. Said when the women and children leave the tent for the men to feast in. See kiyukan.
- tka, v. a. to scrape the hair off a hide—watka, untkapi.
- tka, adj. L. heavy: i. q. tke.
- tka, conj. cont. of tuka; but.
- tkab'-ya, adv. T. stiffty: i. q. damya.
- tka'-eś, conj. T. but, although.
- tka'-pa, adj. adhesive, clammy. See oskapa.
- tke, adj. heavy.
- tke'-i-yu-ta, v a. to take up and feel the weight, to weigh tkeimduta. See tkeuta.
- tke-tke', adj. red. of tke.
- tke-u'-ta, v. a. to weigh anything—tkeuwata.
- tke-u'-ta-pi, n. a pound; measures of weight; weights: on tkeutapi, scales, a steel-yard. T., witkeyute.
- tke'-ya, adv. heavily: tkeya kin, she carries heavily.
- tke'-ya-wa-kin-ki-ya, v. to load heavily, to overload.
- tkin, adj damp, said of a less degree of wet than is denoted by "spaya."
- tkin'-yan, adj. damp, as clothes. tkin'-tkin, red. of tkin.
- tki-tka', adj. slushy, as snow when soft.
- tki-tka'-tka, adj. red. of tkitka. tkon-sa', n. a cipher, in arithmetic.

tkon-sa', adj. even, just, exactly: to, n. wikćemna nom tkonsa, just twenty. See tkonza, tkunsa, and otkonza. to'-ća

tkon-se'-dan, adj. even, in numbers, as twenty, thirty, etc.

tkons'-ye-la, adv. T. evenly.

tkon'-za, adj even. See tkonsa-

tku. See yutku, natku, etc.

tku'- ġa. See katkuġa.

tku-ga'-han, part. broken off.

tku-ga'-wa-han, part. broken off.

tkuŋ-sa', adj. even, just so much. See tkoŋsa aud tkuŋza.

tkuŋ-sa'-ya, adv. evenly.

tkuns-ya', adv. evenly.

tkuŋ'-za, adj. even, square with.

tku-tku', red. of tku.

tku-tku'-ga, red. of tkuga.

tku-tku'-ġa-haŋ, part. broken off in several places.

tku-tku'-ġa-wa-haŋ, part broken off.

tku-wa'-han, part. broken off, as a spoon-handle, flawed: tkuwahe se mahinhda; said when one's legs are very tired and refuse further support.

to, adv. interroy. cont. of tokeća; why? This is used at the end of the sentence; as, ećanon śni to, why don't you do it?

to and to'-i, adv. T.: i. q. toś, yes; used by men commonly.

to, adj. blue; green, and the intermediate shades.

to for ta, pron. Used in some cases when the noun commences with wo, as woćanniye, anger; toćanniye, his anger.

to, n. T. the noise made by a blow.

to'-ćaŋ-te-ptaŋ-ye, n. of woćaŋteptaŋye; his wrath. T., toćaŋniye.

tog, cont. of toki and tokeća.

tog'-e-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. to lose anything, throw away one knows not where—togehpewakiya. T., tokiehpekiya.

to g'-e-h pe-ya, v. a. to lose anything—togehpewaya, togehpeunyanpi.

to g'-gla, adj. T. dirty; indecent, unkempt.

tog-hda', v. a. to count as a stranger, not to be familiar with, to be shy of—togwahda, togunhdapi: toghda śni, to be familiar with.

tog'-i-a, v. T. to talk a strange language: i. q. śaia.

tog-tog'-ye, adv. red. of togye; in different ways.

tog-ye', adv. in a different manner, differently.

to-han', adv. when, at what time?

T., tohanl. See dehan, dehan, ehan, iyehan, etc.

to-han'-han, adv. red. of tohan; at what times? T., tohanlhanl.

to'-han-śna, adv. T. sometime.

to-han'-tu, adv. when? T., to-hanltu. See dehantu, ehantu, kahantu, etc.

to-han'-tu-ka-sta, adv. whenever, at any time. T., tohanltukasa.

to-han'-tu-ya-ka-śta, adv. whenever.

- to-han', adv. how far, to what place, where? T, tohanl. See dehan, hehan, kahan, etc.
- to-han'-han, adv. red. of tohan; at what places? how far?
- to-haŋ'-haŋ-ke-ća, adv. red. of tohaŋkeća.
- to-han'-han-yan, adv. red of tohanyan.
- to han' ke éa, adv. how long? usually referring to space. See dehankeéa, hehankeéa, etc.
- to-han', adv. T. when, where? to-han'-tu-keś, adv. wherever, at any place.
- to-han'-yan, adv. how long, to what time? how far, to what place? See dehanyan, kahanyan, etc.
- to'-he, n. his place, his camp; his office or position.
- to'-hin-gla, v.n. T. to resound.
 to'-hin-ni, adv. when? This word
 is an interrogative, always referring to past time; as, tohinni yahdi
 he, when didst thou come home?
 With "śni" following, it is used
 affirmatively, and means never; as,
 tohinni ećamon śni, I never did it.
 T., tonwel. See ohinni.
- to'-ho-win-ni, adv. See tohinni, which seems to be the better orthography.
- to'-han, n. his acts. See ohan.
- to'-liéa, adj. T blue, as distinguished from green.
- to'-hta-ni, n. his or her work—mitohtani, nitohtani. See wićohtani. T., wowasi tawa.

- how far, to what to'-i-yo-ki-tan-in, n. his mani-T., tohanl. See festation.
 - to-ka', adv. at the first. See tokaheya.
 - t o'-ka, n. an enemy, one of a hostile nation.
 - to'-ka, adv. See tókadan: tóka ećamon śni, I cannot do it.
 - to'-ka and to'-ka-e, adv. Ih.and
 T. why? how is it?
 - t o'-k a d a n, adv. with śni following, in no way; as, tókadan ećamon śni, I could do it in no way. T., tokani.
 - to-ka'-dan, and to-ka'-na, n. a small wolf—the swift. T., tokala.
 - to-kag'-e-han, adv. at the first, formerly. T., tokagohan.
 - to-kag'-o-han, adv. T. at the first.
 - to-kag'-o-he-e-han, adv. T. at the beginning.
 - to-ka'-han, v. n. to travel foremost, to be foremost—tokawahan. T., tokahe. See otokahe.
 - to-ka'-he, n. the first, the beginning. See otokahe.
 - to-ka'-he, v. T. to be first; to go before.
 - to-ka'-he-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to go before—tokahewakiya.
 - to-ka'-he-ya, n the first.
 - to-ka'-he-ya, adv. at the first, before: tokaheya ya, to go before.
 - to'-ka-hu, n. the thistle, Carduus lanceolatus.
 - to-kah', adv. at the first.
 - to-ka'-hein, adv. T. at the first.

- very first. T, tokalićin.
- to'-ka-hon or to'-ka-han, v.n. to lose, to suffer loss: what has become of it?
- to-ka'-lita, n. See tokalitayetu. to-ka'-hta-ye-tu, n. of the night, dusk.
- to'-ka-hun, adv. T. lost, misplaced.
- to'-ka-i-a-pi, n. a foreign lanquage; enemy's language.
- to'-ka-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. enemies, those who are at variance with each other.
- to'-ka-ki-ćon, v. of tokon; to do to-ka'-pa-tan-han, adv. ahead, to, for one: tokamiyećon, what hast thou done with it for me?—tokawećon, takaćićon, John xiii, 12.
- to'-ka-ki-han and to'-ka-kihon, v. to suffer injury or loss; to lose something: tokamakilion, tokanićihon.
- to-ka'-ke-han, adv. at the first. See tokagehan.
- to-ka'-la, n. T. a small gray fox: i q. tokadan.
- to k a m', cont. of tokapa; kahin tokam ya, to go before, break the road. T., tokab.
- to'-ka-mon, v. 1st pers. sing. of tokon.
- to'-ka-no-ge, n. (enemies' ears), a species of red fungus growing on logs.
- to'-ka-non, v. 2d pers. sing. of tokon.
- to-kan', n. another, as, another person: tokan tawa, it is another's See tokeća.

- to-ka'-hin, adv. at the first, the to-kan', adv. in another place, elsewhere; another way: tokan un, to be somewhere else; tokan elmaka, toput somewhere èlse.
 - to-kan'-kan, red. of tokan.
 - to kan'-tan-han, adv. from another source, place, or person.
 - to-kan'-yan, adv. having reference to another place.
 - to-ka'-o-hdo-ka, n. See tokawohdoka and tokayuhdokeća.
 - to-ka'-pa, n. the first, first born, eldest-matokapa, nitokapa, untokapapi.
 - before; i. q. tokata tanhan.
 - to-kaś', adv. T. perhaps.
 - to'-ka-śni, adv. T. for no reason; in vain.
 - to-ka'-ta, adv. before, ahead, forward; future, yet to come: tokata ihan, to be yet future. toka
 - to-ka'-ta, n. the future: tokata ekta.
 - to-ka'-tam, adv. cont. of tokatapa: tokatam yeye cin, in future, what is ahead. T., tokatab.
 - to-ka'-ta-pa, adv. in advance, in future.
 - to-ka'-ta-pa-tan-han, adv. ahead, future.
 - to-ka'-ta-wa-pa, adv. in advance, ahead.
 - to-ka'-ton-pi, n. first birth, one's
 - to-ka'-wo-hdo-ka, n. an inventor. See tokaohdoka.

to-ka-ya, v. a. to count one as an enemy—tókawaya, tókaunyanpi, tókamayan.

to-keh', adv. however, at any rate, at all events, any how: tokeh da esta ciyahna wann kta, go where you

to-ka'-yu-lido-ke-éa, v. to invent anything—tokamdulidokeéa.

tok'-ćel and tok'-ćenl, adv. T. perhaps; I don't know.

to'-ke, adv. how? John ix, 8.

to'-ke-ća, adj. different, another: wićaśta tokeća, another man—matokeća, nitokeća, untokećapi: tomakeća, tonikeća, tounkećapi—with this use of the pronouns it expresses the idea of how am I? etc. See tokan and tokeća.

to'-ke-ća, adv. why, wherefore?
tokeća hećanon he, why did you do
it? hetanhan tokeća, it makes no
difference. T., toka (why) and ća
(and): toka ća ećanon śni he?
why is it and (that) you have not
done it? Query—Is not the Santee the same, with the final "ća"
gradually smoothed by use from
"ća" to "ća"?—w. J. c.

to'-ke-éa-éa, adv. T. slowly; unconcernedly.

to'-ke-éa-ée, adv. why?

to'-ke-ća-e, adv. why?

to'-ke-éa-ka-éen, adv. for no reason.

to'-ke-ćin, adv. any how.

to'-ke-ćin-ćin, adv. any how, as one pleases: tokećinćin waun, I do just as I please. See token-ćinćin.

to'-ke-ćiŋ-ćiŋ-yaŋ, adv. as pleases.

to-keh', adv. however, at any rate, at all events, any how: tokeh da esta ciyahna waun kta, yo where you will I will be with you; tokeh ecanon esta duhe kte sni, do as you will you shall not have it.

to'-ke-héin, adv. i. q. tokehin. to'-ke-hin, adv. howsoever. See tokeh. T., tokehéin.

to-kel', adv. T. how?

to'-ken, adv. how, in what way? T., tokel.

to'-ken-ćin-ćin, adv in any way, as it happens: i. q. tokećinćin. to'-ken-ken, adv. red. of token. to'-ken-ken-tu, adv. in whatever way.

to'-ken-ken-tu-ya, adv. in what way soever.

to'-ken-tken, adv. See tokenken.
to'-keś, adv. indeed. See tokinś.
to'-keś, adv. tokeś he niye se waćanmi, I thought that was you; tokeś
he miye miśića, as though I meant
myself, that is, I do not mean myself.
to'-ke-śa, adv. T. i. q. tokeśta.

to'-ke-śke, adv T. how; in whatsoever way.

to'-ke-śta, adv. of assent; presently, at any rate: tokeśta ećamon kta, I will do it presently. T., tokeśa See tokśa.

to'-ke-tu, adv. how is it? as it is:
toketu kin eéen omdake kta, I will
tell it as it is; toketu he, how is it?
what is the matter? toniketu, how is
it with thee? used in inquiring of
one who is sick, how are you? to-

fest, an expression often used when a thing is doubtful: toketu kakeś, as it happens; toketu kasta, at all events, at any rate; toketu kasta mde kta, whatever happens I will go. T., toketu kaćil. See tokeća.

- to'-ke-tu-ya, adv. toketuya keś, at random: toketuya kakeś.
- to'-ki, adv. where? somewhere: toki skadan, nowhere. See tokiya. to-kin ś'-eś-eś, adv.
- to-ki'-ći-ćon, v. of tokićon; to ćon, tounkićićonpi.
- to-ki'-ći-kśu, v. of tokśu; to transport for one-towećikśu, tounkićikśupi.
- to'-ki-ćoŋ-ze, n. of wokićoŋze; his law or determination.
- to-ki'-con, v. a. to revenge, take vengeance on—toweçon, tounkiçonpi.
- to'-ki-dan, adv. where; used with sni, nowhere: tokidan mde kte śni, I will go nowhere; tokidan wai śni, I went nowhere T., tokiyala. See tokiskadan.
- to'-ki-e-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. (toki and elipekiya) to drop somewhere, lose anything—tokiehpewakiya.
- to'-ki-e-lipe-ya, v. a. (toki and elipeya) to lose, drop somewhere tokiehpewaya, tokielipeunyanpi. See togehpeya.
- to'-ki-i-ya-ye-s'a, n. one who is gone much; a strumpet: i. q inalimanpi. T., tigleśni s'a: witkowiŋla.

- ketu tanin śni, low it is is not mani- to-kin', adv. oh that, I wish; tokin mduhen, oh that I had it. An "n" follows the use of this word, commonly at the end of the sentence or phrase, as in "mduhen" of the above example. In Titonwan the "n" is "nin"; as, tokin he bluha nin, ećanmi.
- kasta, in whatever way; toketuya to-kins', adv. well, with difficulty: tokiný maku: tokiný he niye se waćanmi, I thought that was you.
 - T. at the first.
- take vengeance on for one-toweci-to-kin s'-ya-kel, adv. T. carelessly, without care.
 - to'-ki-ska-dan, *adv*. nowhere: toki skad. See skad and tokidan.
 - to'-ki-ya, adv. where? in what place? See toki.
 - to'-ki-ya-la, adv. T. where? when followed by sni, nowhere.
 - to'-ki-yam, adv. cont. of tokiyapa; where? in what direction? tokiyab.
 - to'-ki-ya-pa, adv. where?
 - to'-ki-ya-tan-han, adv. whence, from what place? See deciyatanhan, ećiyatanhan, hećiyatanhan, kakiyatanhan, and totanhan.
 - to'-ki-ya-wa-pa, adv. in what place?
 - to-ki-yo'-pe-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. barter, exchange.
 - to-ki-yo'-pe-ki-ya. v. a. barter, exchange one thing for another with one—tokiyopewakiya: tokiyopećićiya, I exchange with thee. See iyopekiya.

- to-ki-yo'-pe-ya, v.a. (toki and | tom'-tom, adv. red. of tom; by iyopeya) to barter, exchange one thing for another—tokiyopewaya, tokiyopeunyanpi.
- to-ki'-yo-tan, adv. in what direction? how or in what manner it is or will be: tokiyotan tanin śni, it does not appear how it is. See dećiyotan, hećiyotan, and kakiyotan.
- to-ki'-yo-tan-han, adv. in what direction, from what course? dećiyotanhan and hećiyotanhan.
- to'-kon, v. a. to do—tokamon, tokanon, tokunkonpi: takudan tokamon śni, I am doing nothing.
- to-kon'-pi-ća, *adj*. T. good for something.
- to-ko'-yu-stan, v.a. to displace, dislocate, put one in the place of another-tokomdustan, tokomayu-
- to'-ksa-pe, n. of woksape; his wisdom-nitoksape.
- tok'-śa, adv. Ih. and T. presently, by and by, before long: i. q. tokeśa.
- to k'- sta, adv. See tokesta.
- to-kśu', v. a. to transport, carry, draw; to go back and bring-towakśu, touŋkśupi.
- tok-tog'-ye, adv. red. of togye; in different ways.
- tok-tog'-ye-kel, adv. T. in different ways.
- tok-to'-ke-ća, adj. red. of tokeća; different.
- tom, cont. of topa; four. T. tob.
- tom'-na-na, adv. only four. T., tobnala.

- fours, four and four: i. q. toptopa. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, tobtob.
- to'-na, adv. how many? which? tona ee he, which are they? See dena, hena, iyena and kana.
- to'-nag-na, adv. how many? otoiyohi tonagna yuhapi kta, how many shall each one have?
- to'-nag-nag, adv. how many? tonagnag yuhapi kte.
- to'-nag-na-ke-ća, adv. red. of tonakeća; how many?
- to'-nag-na-na, adv. red. of tonana. T., ćokćonala.
- to'-na-ka, adv. how many? nitonakapi, how many are there of you? See henaka and iyenaka.
- to'-na-ke-ća, adv. how many? how much? See denakeća, henakeća, iyenakeća, and kanakeća.
- to-na'-ke-¢e-yaś, adv. T. how many soever.
- to'-na-ki-ya, adv. how many, how many times? in how many ways? See henakiya and kanakiya.
- to'-na-na, adv. a few: tonana hin, very few; untonananpidan, we are few. T., conala. See denana, henana, and kanana.
- to'-nang-nang, cont. See tonagnag.
- ton, v. a. to have, to give birth to, as, cinca ton, to have a child, to possess, acquire—waton, untonpi.
- ton, v. n. to form pus, to suppurate:
- ton, n. matter, pus: ton yuke kta.

ton'-han, v. a. to be afraid of—|ton-we'-ya, n. tonwahan, tonunhanpi, tonmahan. | ton - yan', v. n. to suppurate.

of a person or animal—tonwaheća.

toy'-ka-spa, v. to expectorate. to'-o-pe, n. See kaspa.

ton'-kée or tun'-kée, n. excrement: i. q. ćesdi. See unkće.

ton'-la, v. T. to have, possess: i. q. tonna.

ton'-na, v. dim. of ton; to have; tonna, yatonna T., topla.

ton'-pi, n. birth—matoppi, untoppi. | to-sti'-ća-du, n. See tusticadu ton-ska', n. a nephew, my nephew mitonska, nitonska. say "tośka."

ton-śka'-ku, n. his nephew.

ton-ska'-ya, v.a. to have for nephew-tonskawaya.

ton'-ton, v. red. of ton.

ton-ton'-tan-ka, n. the bull-frog, Rana ocellata. T., gnaskatanka.

ton-wan', v. n. to look, see-watonwan, untonwanpi. See wanyaka.

ton-wan'-han, part. looking, seeing: tonwanhan manka.

ton-wan' yan, v. n to make a village, dwell at a place—tonwanunyanpi. T., otonweya.

ton-wel', adv. T. once on a time. See tohinni.

ton-we'-ya, v. a. to cause one to see, give sight to-tonwewaya.

ton-we'-ya, v.n. to go to see, to go as a spy, go before a war party to spy out the enemy—tonwemda, tonweunyanpi

T. a spy; a guide.

ton'-he-éa, v.a. to be afraid of, as ton - źan', n. a man's niece: i. q. tuźan. The women say "tożan."

> his law—mitoope, nitoope. See woope.

to'-pa, num. adj. four.

to'-pa-ki-ya, adv. in four ways, four times. See kontakiya, etc.

top'-to-pa, adj. red of topa. See tomtom.

used in speaking of children—wa- to-ska'-dan, n. the common woodpecker. See hanketanka, etc.

and tuskićadu. T., ićalu.

The women to s, adv. yes, yea. Used by both men and women. See to and han.

to-śe', adj. T. dull, blunt.

 $to - \acute{s}e' - ya - kel, adv.$ T. bluntly. to-ska', n. a nephew, my nephew mitośka, nitośka. This form is used by the women. See tonska.

to-śka'-ku, n. her nephew.

to'-śkan-śkan, n. of wośkanśkan; his moving about; his kingdom—nitośkanskan. See tokićonze.

to-śka'-ya, v. a. to have for tośka—tośkawaya

to-śu', n. a tent-pole, tent-poles. T. also has tuśu.

to-tan'-han, adv. whence, from what place? from what time? tokiyatanhan, detanhan, etc.

to-to', adj. red. of to.

to-to'-dan, n blue beads; green T., sipto toto.

to'-wa-kan, n. his wakan or spirit. See wowakan.

- to-wa'-na-ke-ća, adv. so many, tpa and tpe, adj. noge tpa, deaf; how many soever; so much, by how much. See tonakeća.
- to-way'-źi-ća, n. the blue sky, all blue. T., mahpiya tola.
- to'-wa-on-si-da, n. of wowaonśida; his mercy—nitowaonśida.
- to'-wa-ś'a-ke, n. of wowaś'ake; his power or strength-nitowaś'ake.
- to'-wa-ste, n. of wowaste; his goodness-nitowaste.
- to'-wi-ća-ke, n. of wowićake; his truth—nitowićake.
- to'-win-źe, n. of owinźa; hisbed—mitowinźe, nitowinźe.
- to-ya', v. a. to dye or paint anything blue or green.
- to'-ya, adv. in a blue or green man-
- to-ya'-kel, adv. T. i. q. toya-
- to-ya'-ken, adv. in a blue or green form. T., toyakel.
- to-źan', n. a niece; my niece when the person is addressed—mitoźan, nitoźan. This form is used by the women. See tonžan and tužan.
- to-źan'-ku, n. her niece.
- to-źaŋ'-ya, v. a. to have for a niece—toźanwaya.
- tpa, pos. prefix of some verbs, as, pagan, tpagan; patan, tpatan. See kpa.
- tpa, adj. durable; having the property of swelling; said of things that increase in bulk by boiling, as corn, rice, etc. See kpa

- ista tpa, blind. This probably conveys the idea of putting out or piercing. See katpa and kpa.
- tpa-gan', v. pos. of pagan; to leave or separate from one's own; to spare or part with one's ownwatpagan, yatpagan, untpaganpi. Same as kpa \dot{g} an. T, kpa \dot{g} an; and so of all the rest.
- t p a h i', v. pos. of pahi; to gather or pick up one's own-watpahi, untpahipi. Same as kpahi.
- t p a m d e' é a, v. pos. of pamdeća; to break in pieces one's own-watpamdeća. T., kpableća. Same as kpamdeća.
- tpan, adj. soft, as dressed leather; fine, as flour: i. q. kpan.
- tpan'-na, adj. soft, fine: i. q. kpanna. T., kpanla.
- tpan'-tpan-na, adj. red. of tpanna; soft.
- tpan-yan', v.a. todress, as skins, make soft, tan, as leather — tpanwaya, tpanunyanpi. Same as kpanyan
- tpa-spa', v. to put out of sight, push under, as in water: i. q. paospa—watpaspa See atpaspa
- tpas-ya', v. a. to make darktpaswaya, tpasunyanpi.
- t p a' t a, v. pos. of páta; to carve or cut up one's own, as a slaughtered animal—watpata, untpatapi: i. q. kpata.
- tpa-ta', v. a. pos. of patá; to join together as skins in making one's own tent—watpatá. T., kipata.

- tpa-tan', v. a. pos. of patan; to keep choice, set store by one's own, be sparing of it—watpatan, untpatanpi. See kpatan.
- tpa'-za, adj dark: i. q. kpaza.
- t p a' z a, n. darkness. See otpaza.
- tpe. Same as tpa.

See kpukpa.

- tpe'-ya, adv. tpeya han, said of a hole which runs in straight: tpeya ap'a, to strike anything and make a sound.
- tpi, adj. breaking open. See patpi and pakpi.
- t pi-h a n', part. cracked open of itself.
- tpi-tpi-han, part. red. of tpihan. tpu-tpa', adj. mixed up, slightly turbid, as water: i. q. mdezedan śni.
- tpu-tpe'-ya, adv. in a roiled manner.
- tpu-tpu'-wa-han and tpu-wa'han, part crumbled.
- tuh-ma'-ga, n. bees; wasps, hornets, etc. T., also tuhmunga.
- t u h m a' \dot{g} a \dot{e} a η h a η p i , n.

 honey. T, tuhma \dot{g} a tonk \dot{e} e.
- t u h m a' ġ a ć e s d i , n. becswax; honey; molasses. T, tulimaġa ćesli. See ćesdi.
- tuh-ma'-ga-tan-ka, n. the humble-bee.
- t u h m u η' \dot{g} a, n. T. bees, wasps, etc: i. q. tuhma \dot{g} a.
- tu-ka', conj. but: i. q. tka.
- tu'-ka. See katuka.
- tu-ka'-eś, adv. but. T., tkaeś.
- tu-ka'-han, part. spoiled, destroyed, said of furs.

- tu-kan', n. See tunkan.
- t u k a ś', adv. but. See tukaeś. T., tkaeś.
- tu-ka'-wa-han, part. spoiled, said of furs. T., tuktukawahan.
- tu-ki', n. T. a shell.
- tu-ki'-ha, n. a spoon, a ladle:
 maza tukiha, a metallic spoon. T.
 a shell.
- tu-ki'-ha-saŋ, n. muscle shells; muscles, oysters.
- tu-kta'. Same as tukte; not in common use.
- tu-kta'-dan, adv. See tuktedan
- tu-kte', pron. interrog. which? unma tukte, which of the two? tukte ehan, when? tukte e, which is it?
- tu-kte'-dan, adv. with the negative śni, nowhere: tuktedan un śni, it is nowhere T., tukteni and tuktelna.
- tu-kte'-kte, pron. red. of tukte.
- tu-kte'-kten, adv. red. of tukten; sometimes, once in a while, now and then; in some places.
- tu-ktel, adv. T. somewhere.
- tu-ktel'-na, adv. T. with śni following, nowhere.
- tu-kten', adv. (tukte and en) where? in what place?
- tu-kte'-ni, adv. T. i. q. tuktedan
- tu-kte'-tu, adv. at what place?
- tu-ktu'-ka-wa-han,. adj. T spoiled, as furs.
- tu ktun'-ma, adv. T. either one of two.
- tu-la', intj. T. exclamation of surprise or protest; for shame!

- sound made by a flying bullet.
- tun-kan', n. a father-in-law: nitunkan, thy father-in-law; tunkanku, his father-in-law: a grandfather. In the sacred language, a stone, and See tukan, tunkansi, the moon. and tunkansidan.
- tun-kan'-ki-śi-tku, n. his or her grandfather. T., tunkansitku.
- tun-kan'-ksi-tku, n. Same as tunkankisitku.
- tun kan' ku, n. his or her fatherin-law. See tunkan.
- tuŋ-kaŋ'-śi, n. my father-in-law: nitunkan, thy father-in-law; nitunkanśi, thy grandfather; nitunkanśipi, your father-in-law.
- tun-kan'-śi-dan, n. a grandfather, my grandfather: nituŋkaŋśi, thy grandfather: the President. T., tuŋkaŋśila.
- tun-kan'-śi-dan-ya, v. n. to have *for grandfather*—tuŋkaŋśidaŋwaya.
- tun-kan'-śi-la, n. T. a grandfather; the President of the United States; the Supreme Being; God.
- tun-kan'-śi-na, n. Ih. Same as tunkansidan.
- tun-kay'-śi-tku, n. his or her grandfather.
- tun-kan'-śi-ya, v.a. to have for tunkanśi—tunkanśiwaya.
- tun-kan'-ya, 'v. a. to have for tunkan—tunkanwaya.
- tun-kće, n. T. See tonkće.
- tun-wan', n. a style of arrows mitunwan, nitunwan.

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- tum, n. the whistling or whizzing | tun wel', adv. T. when; tun wel yahi so, when did you come? See tonwel.
 - tuŋ-wi'-ću, n. his or her aunt. See tunwin.
 - tuŋ-wi'-ću-ya, v.a. to have for one's aunt-tunwićuwaya.
 - tun-win', n. aunt, my aunt; nitunwin, thy aunt. This word has the sense of aunt in English, though a mother's sisters are called "ina," mother.
 - $tu\eta wi\eta' ya, v. a.$ to have for aunt-tunwinwaya.
 - tun źan, n. a niece, my niece mitunžan, nitunžan. "Tunźan" and "tuźaŋ" are both in good usage. A man's brother's children and a woman's sister's children are considered as children, and are not called "tonska" and "tunzan."
 - tun źan' ku, n. his niece.
 - $tun \hat{z}an' ya$, $v. a. \cdot to have for$ niece—tunźanwaya.
 - tu-pan'-ka, n. the black bass.
 - tu-sda', n. the leech.
 - tu-ski'-ća-du, n. a fan. $T_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$ ićadu. See tustićadu.
 - tu-sti'-ća-du, n. a fan; a wing.
 - $tu-\acute{s}u'$, n T. a lodge-pole. See tośu. tu-ta', adj. smarting, chapped by
 - the wind: ite matuta, my face is chapped.
 - tu-tka', n. small insects. See watutka.
 - tu-tka'-dan, n. small insects.
 - tu-tka'-tka, n. small articles, trinkets.

tu-tu'-pa, adj. slippery, ropy, slimy. Hence pe tutupa, the slippery elm.

tu'-wa, pron. Ih. and T. who: i. q. tuwe.

tu'-we, pron. interrog. who? rarely which?

tu'-we-dan, pron. used with sni following; no one, nobody: tu-wedan econ sni, no one did it. T., tuweni.

tu'-we-héa, pron. who indeed? tu'-we-ka-kśa and tu'-we-kake-śa and tu'-wa-ka-kśa, intj. T. oh pshaw! absurd! tu'-we-ka-leś and tu'-we-kaśa, pron. T. whoever.

t u'-we-ka-śta, pron. whoever. T, tuwekaleś; tuwekećeyas.

tu'-we-ni, pron. T. nobody.

tu'-we-ska and tu'-we-ska-dan, n. nobody. T., tuweni śni.

tu'-we-ta-wa, pron. whose? tu'-we-we, pron. red. of tuwe.

tu-źaŋ', n. a niece, my niece—mituźaŋ, nituźaŋ: tuźaŋku, his niece. See tuŋźaŋ.

tu-źaŋ'-ku, n. his niece. See tużaŋ. tu-źaŋ'-ya, v. a. to have for niece—tużaŋwaya, tużaŋuŋyaŋpi.

Ţ.

t, the twenty-fourth letter of the Dakota | te-éa', adj.
alphabet. It has the click or explosive sound of t, and corresponds to | te'-éa-kiś
"ć," "k," and "p." | adv. in a d

ta, v.n. to die; to faint away, lose consciousness temporarily—mața, nita, unțapi.

ta'-ga, adj. rough: bitter, astringent, as oak bark.

ta'-hi-yu-ya, v. n. to be still-born.

tah-ta'-ga, adj. red. of taga; rough, not smooth.

ta'-nun-se, adv. about dead.

ta-ta', adj. palsied, withered, numb-matata.

ta-ta'-ka, adj. palsied—matataka. te, v. n. to die. See ta. te-ća', adj. dead: ho teća, dead fish.

te'-ća-kiś and te'-ća-kiś-ya, adv. in a dying state. See kakiśya. te'-ća-ya and te'-ća-ya-ken,

te'-ca-ya and te'-ca-ya-ken adv. in a dead state.

 $t e - c a' - z e - y a \eta$, adv. half dead. T., tanunse.

te-ho'-wa-ya, v. n. to cry out badly, to scream—watehowamda.

te-ho'-wa-ye-ya, v.a. to cause to cry out—tehowayewaya.

te-ki'-ni-ća, v. n. to contend with death; to be doubtful whether one dies or lives: temakinića.

te-ki'-ya, v.a. to cause to dietewakiya.

te-ko', v. See tekon.

- te-kon', v. to wish one dead, to tin-s'a'-dan, adv. firmly, permaimprecate—tewakon. T., tekonza.
- te-kon'-za, v. T. to wish one dead; to determine one's death, as a medicine man is supposed to do.
- te-ya', v. a. to cause to die—tewaya.
- te-ya'-su, v. T. to condemn to
- te-ya'-su-pi, part. T. condemned to die.
- tin, v. n. Ih and T. to die: i. q. This form usually, perhaps always and only, occurs when followed by "kta," the sign of the future, as, matin kta, nitin kta, tin kta, for maté kta, etc.
- $tin'-\dot{g}a$, v.n. to snivel, to grunt; to labor, as a woman in travail—watinga, untingapi.
- tin s'a', adv. fast, tightly, fixedly, permanently. See tinza.

- nently, established: tins'adan manke śni, I am not established.
- tins-ya', v. a. to make firm—tinswaya: ținsiciya, to restrain one's self—ţinsmiçiya.
- tins-ya', adv. firmly.
- tins-ya'-kel, adv. **T**. bravely.
- tin'-za, adj. stiff, as mud; firm, hard, fast; brave, as cante tinza. See tins'a.
- toś'-ya, adv. of toźa; bluntly.
- to'-źa, adj. dull, pointless.
- tung-ya', v. a. to suspect, have a suspicion of a thing—tungwaya, tungunyanpi.
- ţuŋ'-ka, v. See ţuŋkeća.
- tun'-ke-ća, v.n. to be suspicious: to be suspected—matunkeća.
- tun-ki'-ya, v. T. to suspect concerning one's self.

U.

- u, the twenty-fifth letter of the Da-|u-lila'-gla, v. n. T. kota alphabet, with the sound of English "oo," as in moon. When preceded by "y," or followed by a nasal "n," it is somewhat modified.
- u, v. n. to come, to be coming—wau, yau, unkupi.
- $\mathbf{u} \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{n} \, \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{h} \, \mathbf{e} \mathbf{l} \, \mathbf{a}, \quad a \, dv.$ Т. suddenly: i. q. ihnuhanna. See unknuhanna and ungnahanla.
- $\mathbf{u} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \, \mathbf{e}'$, n. T. some; i. q. original

- to be torn or broken; to be ragged.
- u k a', n. the skin, hide, especially the skin of a living animal
- $\mathbf{u} \mathbf{k} \, \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{t} \, \mathbf{a}$, v. pos. of $\mathbf{u} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$; to try, prove, as any new thing-uwakita, uunkitapi. T., igluta.
- u k i' y a, v. a. to cause to come uwakiya.
- u-ku'-hu, intj. When a deer is brought into camp, the children shout "ukuhu": i. q. wahdias'api.

- u-ku'-hu-hu, intj. When an elk is brought in they sing "ukuhu-hu."--s. w. pond.
- u'-ma, n. hazel-nuts.
- u'-ma-hu, n. hazel-bushes.
- u m a y', adj. the one, the other. See upma.
- u-man'-na, adj. See unmana.
- u m a n'-n a p é i n w a n k a, adj. See unmanapéinwanka. T, akenapéinyunka.
- un, v. n. to be: en un, to be inwaun, yaun, unyakonpi.
- un, v. a. to use anything, have for use—mun, nun, unkunpi.
- un, pron. in comp. we, us.
- un'-éa, v. a. to mock, imitate, ridicule one—unwaéa, ununéapi, unmaéa.
- uŋ-ći', n. a grandmother, my grandmother; nıkuŋśi, thy grandmother: kuŋkśitku, his or her grandmother; the sun, in the sacred language. A woman calls her mother-in-law "uŋći."
- uŋ-ći'-daŋ, n. dim. of uŋći.
- un'-éi-hi, v. n. to have attained one's growth; to be able to take care of one's self—unmaéihi, unniéihi, ununéihipi: with the negative "śni," unéihiśni, to be incapable, lazy, indolent.
- un'-éi-hi-ya, v. a. to cause to sustain one's self; to raise, train up to manhood—un'éihiwaya.
- uŋ-ći'-śi, n. a mother-in-law, my mother-in-law: nikuŋśi, thy motherin-law. This is said to be the proper word for mother-in-law, but shortened by the women into "uŋći."

- uŋ-ći'-śi-ća-daŋ, n. the crow, crows, the Corvus americanus.
- u n ć i' ś i d a n, n. dim. of unćiśi.
- u ŋ ć i' ś i y a , v. a. to have one .
 for uŋćiśi—uŋćiśiwaya.
- u ŋ ć i' y a , v. a. to have for uŋći uŋćiwaya.
- u n'- é o n n i é a, v. n. to give up, yield, not try to escape; to be prevented, penned up—unmaçonnica. See onéunnica.
- un-ćon'-nil-ya, v. a. T. to obstruct, prevent.
- u n' ¢ o n n i n , v. n. cont. of uncontica.
- un'- çon nin ya, v. a to obstruct, prevent from escaping, frighten so as to make unable to escape—un çonninwaya.
- u n' é o n n i n y a, adv. prevented: un é on in y a nazin. T., un é on nily a
- u ŋ'-é u ŋ-n i-ć a, v. See uŋéoŋnića.
- un'- é un n in ya, adv. See unéonninya.
- u 1) g 11 a', intj. T. beware lest.
- un g n a' g a, n. T. the place fenced off on each side the door of a Dakota lodge: i. q. olmoga.
- un gna'- ġa ta, adv. T. at or in the ungnaġa; by the door: i. q. olinoġata.
- u ŋ g n a' ġ i ć a l a, n. T. a bird like a small owl. See Hohnoġićadaŋ and Ohnoġićadaŋ.
- un-gna'-han, adv. T. i.q. ihuhan. See ihnuhan.
- un gna'-han-héin, adv. T. possibly, it may be so.

- un-gna'-han-la, adv. T. suddenly; i. q. ihnuhanna.
- un'-han-ke-ta, adv at length, after a while, at the end. T., ohanketa. See ihanketa and unnahan.
- un'-hda-ka, v. n. to move, be moving about; to travel about with a family, pitching one's tent at short stages: unhdaka waun, I am moving; unhdaka unyakonpi, we are camping. T., iglaka.
- un hée'-gi-la, n. T. probably the mastodon, or other large animal, whose petrified remains are found in Dakota Territory.
- un hée'- gi la hu, n. the bones of the unhéegila. See unktelii.
- un'-kan, conj. and. T., yunkan. See onkan.
- un'-kanś, conj. if: the sign of the subjunctive mood, and usually of past time. T., yunkanś.
- u n'-kée, v. n. to defecate; to break wind—unwakée, ununkéepi.
- u n' k é e, n. faces; breaking wind. T., tunkée.
- uŋ-kée'-kée-na, n. the cactus.
- u ŋ-k ć e'-li i , $\it n$. $\it Ih$. $\it i$. $\it q$. uŋktelii.
- uŋ-kće'-ki-ha, n. the magpie.
- u n k é e' p a g m i g m a, n. T. the beetle.
- un · k ć e' pa h m i yan yan, n. the beetle, the tumble-bug.
- u n k i', pron. in comp., with "pi" at the end of the word; we; us.
- u n k i ś', pron. we, ourselves. See iś, miś, and niś.

- uŋ-kiś'-na-la, pron. T. i.q. uŋkiśnana.
- u ŋ k i ś' n a n a, pron. dual; we two alone: plur., uŋkiśnanpidaŋ. See iśnana, miśnana, etc.
- un ki'-ta, pron. pos. in comp., with "pi" at the end of the word; ours.
- un-ki'-ta-wa, pron. dual; ours, that is, thine and mine.
- un-ki'-ta-wa-pi, pron. plur.
 ours. See tawapi.
- un-ki'-ye, pron. we, we two; us. See iye, miye, etc.
- u ı) k i' y e ķ e, pron. we ourselves.
- uŋ-ki'-ye-pi, pron. plur. we; us.
- uŋ-knu'-haŋ-na, adv. Ih. suddenly: i.q. ihnuhaŋna. See ugnahela.
- u n' k ś u , n. a woman's work-bag; i. q. panbotuka T., unkśula.
- u y'-k ś u -d a y, n. dim. of unkśu; a reticule.
- uŋ-kśu'-la, n. T. a reticule
- $u n' k \le u 1 a, n.$ T. a hood or case for a baby.
- Un-kte'-hi, n. the Dakota god of the waters; a fabled monster of the deep; the whale: an extinct animal, the bones of which are said to be sometimes found by the Indians, probably the mastodon. See unhéegila.
- un kto'-mi, n. the spider; also a fabulous creature, a Dakota god.
- uŋ-kto'-mi-ta-o-ka-śke, n.
 a spider's web.
- u ŋ k u ŋ' p i , v. pl. we are: i. q. uŋyakoŋpi.

- un'-ma, adj. the one, the other: unma tukte, which of the two? unma itoto, one after the other, turn about. See uman.
- un'-ma-e-će-tki-ya, adv. on the contrary.
- un'-ma-e-éi-ya-tan-han, adv. from the other side; on the contrary.
- u n'-m a-la, adj. T. i.q. unmana.
- u n'-ma-na, adj. with "śni" following, neither: unmana iwaću śni, I took neither. T., unmala.
- u n'-m a-n a-p é i n-w a n-k a, num. adj. nineteen. T., akenapéinyunka.
- un'-la, v. dim. T. to be; to use.
- u n'-na, v. dim. of un, to be, and un, to use. T., unla
- un'-na-han, adv. at last; i q. un-hanketa: soon, shortly.
- un'-na-ptan, adj. sideling: he unnaptan and hunnaptan, a side hill.
- un'-na-ptan-yan, adv. slantingly. un'-pa, v. a. to place or leave, as
- a boat; to raise for one's self, as a dog or girl—waunpa, unkunpapi.
 See onpa, oonpa, etc.
- и n' p a, v. n. to smoke, as tobacco илтипра, илпипра, илкипрарі See є аппипра.
- un-pan', n. T. the female elk: i. q. upan.
- un-pan'-ha, n. T. elk skin.
- un-pan'-hin-ske, n. T. elk teeth.
- un'-pi, v. pl. of un; they are.
- u \mathfrak{p} \mathfrak{p} s i' \mathfrak{z} a , n. T. i. q. upsi \mathfrak{z} a.
- uŋ-pśiś-ya, adv. muddy.
- un-sin', n. the small end of a porcupine quill; the large quills in the porcupine's tail.

- un-śtan, v. imperat. stop, quit. Used only in this form. T., ayu-śtan.
- u η t k a η' n a , adv. much. T., yutkanla. See utkanna.
- un we' ya, n. Ih. provisions for a journey: i. q. waneya.
- un-ya, v. T. to lose, waunbla, yaunla.—T. L. R.
- un'-yan, adv. T. without, as unyan wahi, I come without it; out of sight, lost; unyan iyaya, it has gone.
- un ya'-kon, v. dual, we two live together, especially as man and wife.
- u n y a' k o n p i, v. 1st pers. plur. we are.
- u ŋ ź i ŋ' ć a, n. a fledgling; á bird before the tail has grown.
- u p a n', n. the female of the elk, or Cervus alces. T., unpan.
- u pi', n. the tail of a bird; the lower border of a garment.
- u-pi'-hde-ġa, n. a balmoral skirt. u-pi'-zi-ća, n. a yellow-tailed
- hawk. u-pi'-źa-ta, n. the forked-tailed swallow.
- u p ś i ś' y a, adv. muddily: upśiśya wanka.
- u p ś i' ź a, n. mud. T., uppśiźa.
- u-sku'-ye-ća, n. the acorns of the white oak: uskuyeća ćan, the white oak.
- u-sku'-ye-ća-hu, n. the white oak, Quercus alba. See utuhu.
- u-span'-span-he-ća, n. the iron wood or hornbeam, perhaps the Ostrya virginica.

u-śdo'-ni-ya, n. a mineral spring; mineral sediment deposited from water, as sulphate of iron or copperas. This word would seem to be formed from "u," to come, "śdo," to meltor liquefy, as metals, and "niya," to breathe, as if the metal came out liquefied by the earth's breath.

u-śdo'-wi-wi, n. a swamp with a yellow sediment. See wiwi.

u-śi', v. a. (u and śi) to command to come, send—uwaśi.

u-śtan, v. imperat. only; stop. See unstan.

u'-ta, n. an acorn, acorns, black oak acorns.

u'-ta, v. a. to try, taste anything, to attempt, try to do a thing—uwata, unkutapi: to try, as a gun in firing it off; to fire off. T., iyuta.

u'-ta-hu, n. an oak tree. See utuhu. u'-ta-hu-ćan, n. T. oak wood. u-tam', n. a load or charge of a gun, plural, utapi, loads: ota utam, a gun of many charges—a repeater: ota utapi.

u-tkan'-na, adv. much, a great deal. T., yutkanla.

u-tkan'-tkan-na, adv. red. of utkanna. T., yutkantkanla.

u-tu'-hu, n. the black oak, Quercus nigra. See uskuyećahu.

 $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{t} \, \mathbf{u}' - \mathbf{h} \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{n}$, v. T. i. q. ituhan.

u-tu'-hein, adv. T. in vain.

u-tu'-ki-han, v. T. i. q. itukihan.

u - t u' - y a , adv. T. i. q. ituya.

u-tu'-ya-ćin, adv. T. for naught. u'-wa, v. imperat. come. Used by women.

u - y a', v. a. to cause to go; to send, to start—uwaya, uyaya.

u-ya', v. n. to come; to become: sniyan uya, it is becoming cold; to grow, spring up, as grass.

u-ye'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to grow or spring up—uyewakiya.

u-ye'-ya, v. a. to cause to come uyewaya.

W.

w, the twenty-sixth letter of the Dakota alphabet, having the same sound that it has in the beginning of words in English.

wa, pron. in comp. I.

wa, n. snow.

wa, v.n. to snow. See wapa.

wa, an abbreviation of walianksića.

wa, a prefix. When used with verbs it usually puts them in the absolute or intransitive state,

that is, the verb is changed into an adjective, or neuter, or passive verb; as, waonsida, merciful, from onsida, to have mercy upon. In some cases it forms of them nouns denoting the agent or actor. Indeed, the absolute forms may all be so used; as, wanikiya, a savior. When prefixed to nouns, it makes their signification more general.

- wa, a prefix. T. i. q, ba, a prefix: it indicates that the action is done by a sawing motion, as with a knife or saw.
- wa-a'-bles, cont. of waableza.
- wa-a'-bleza, v. T. i. q. waamdeza
- wa-a'-éaŋ-ksi, v. n. of éaŋksi; to be ill tempered, out of humor; to be threatening every one—waaéaŋwaksi. T., waaéaŋzeka.
- wa-a'-éan-kśi-ya, adv. in a cross, surly manner. T., waaéanzeya.
- wa-a'- ϵ aŋ-ze-ka, v. n. T. to be ill-tempered.
- wa-a'-éaŋ-ze-ya, adv. T. in a surly manner.
- wa-a'-gla, v. T. i. q. waahda.
- wa-a'-hda, v. of ahda; to take home—waawahda. T., waagla.
- wa-a'-hde-éa, v. to take home; one who takes home—waawahdeéa.
- wa-a'-hdi, v. See wáhdi.
- wa-a'-ho-tan-ka, n. one who bawls out, one who vociferates—waahowatanka. See hotanke
- wa-a'-ho-ton, n. something that makes a noise, as thunder, etc.
- wa-a'-ho-ye-ya, v. of hoyeya; to reprove, scold.
- wa-a'-i-a, v. of aia; to talk about, to slander; to try, as a case in court—waawaia, waaunkiapi.
- wa-a'-i-a-pi, n. a talking against, slander; consultation; a trial in court.
- wa-a'-i-a-ti-pi, n. a councilhouse; a court-house.
- wa-a'-i-e-s'a, n. a slanderer, a tattler.

- wa-a'-ka-ġa, v. of akaġa; to add to; to transgress; to make a lie on; to blaspheme—waawakaġa.
- wa-a'-ka-ga-pi, n. making on, blasphemy.
- wa-a'-ka-lipa, v. of akalipa; to cover—waawakalipa.
- wa-a'-ka-lipe, n. a covering. See woakalipe.
- wa'-a-ka-ta, v. to cover with snow: i. q. kasa.
- wa-a'-ki-éa-ġa, v. T. to play jokes on; make sport of.
- wa-a'-ki-ći-ya-taŋ-iŋ, n. of kićiyataŋiŋ; manifestation.
- wa'-a'-ki-ktoŋ-źa, v. of akiktoŋźa; to forget—waawektoŋźa. See wákiktoŋźa.
- wa-a'-ki-kton-źa-pi, n. forgetfulness. See wákiktonźapi.
- wa-a'-kin, cont. of waakita. T., waakil.
- wa-a'-ki-ni-éa, v. of akiniéa; to dispute; one who disputes—waawakiniéa.
- wa-a'-ki-ni-éa-pi, n. disputation.
- wa-a'-ki-nin, cont. of waakinića; waakinin uppi, they are disputing. T., waakinil.
- wa-a'-ki-nin-ya, adv. in the way of disputing. T., waakinilya.
- wa-a'-ki-ta, v. of akita; to hunt, seek—waawakita.
- wa-a'-mdes, cont. of waamdeza.
- wa-a'-mde-za, v. to be observing, to be clear sighted—waawamdeza. T., waableza.

- wa-a'-na-go-ptan, v. of anagoptan; to listen to, obey, be obedient—waanawagoptan. T., also waanogoptan.
- wa-a'-na-ġo-ptaŋ-yaŋ, adv.
 obediently: waanaġoptaŋyaŋ wauŋ,
 I am obedient. T., waanoġoptaŋyaŋ
- w a a' n a k i k ś i ŋ , v. of anakikśiŋ; to expose one's self for others, take the place of danger—waanawekśiŋ, waanauŋkikśiŋpi.
- wa-a'-na-ki-kśiŋ-yaŋ, adv. exposing one's self for others.
- wa-a'-na-śa-pa, v. of anaśapa; to defile, soil by trampling on—waanawaśapa.
- wa-a'-na-śdo-ka, n. something that flies out or refuses to stay in, as a cork, etc.
- wa-a'-na-tan, v. of anatan; to rush on, make an attack—waanawatan.
- Wa-a'-na-tan, n. (one who makes an attack); a distinguished Sisitonwan chief who was killed in 1839; a county of Minnesota.
- wa-a'-na-ziŋ, v. of anaziŋ; to stand and shoot the image of that which is supposed to be the cause of the disease. This is a part of the ceremony of Dakota conjuring—waanawaziŋ, waanaunziŋpi.
- \mathbf{w} a a' n u n u, n. moss. T., peźi hiŋkpila.
- wa-a'-p'a; v. of ap'a; to strike waawap'a.
- wa-a'-pa-to-ya, v. of apatoya; to hinder, obstruct—waapatowaya.

- wa-a'-pe, v. of ape; to wait, be in waiting—waawape.
- wa-a'-s'in, v. of as'in; to covet, desire what is another's; to stay where others are eating, expecting to share—waawas'in.
- wa-a'-skam, cont. of waaskapa. T., waaskab.
- wa-a'-skam-ya, v. of askamya; to cause to stick on, make adhere waaskamwaya.
- wa-a'-skam-ya-pi, n. sticking plaster.
- wa-a'-ska-pa, v. of askapa; to stick on.
- w a a' s k a p e, n. something that sticks, a sticking plaster.
- wa-a'-sni-yan, v. of asniyan; to heal, make well—waasniwaya.
- wa-a'-sni-yan, n. a healer, healina.
- wa-a'-s'a-ka, v. n. to be loaded with or coated, as the tongue in sickness. See wás'aka.
- $w^{i}a a' sa pa$, v. of asapa; to be defiled—waamasapa.
- wa-a'-sa-pe, n. a blotter.
- wa-a'-tan-ka. See watanka.
- wa-a'-ta-ya, v. of ataya; to be lucky, fortunate—waatawaya.
- wa-a'-ta-ye-s'a, n. a fortunate one, as a good hunter.
- wa-a'-ton-wan, v. of atonwan; to be observing—waawatonwan.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{e}$, \mathbf{n} . an observer.
- wa-a'-wa-ćin, v. of awaćin; to think about, consider, be thoughtful waawaćanmi.

- wa-a'-wa-cin-yan, v. a. to cause to think or consider; one who makes others think—waawacinwaya.
- wa-a'-wan-hdag, cont of waa-wanhdaka.
- wa-a'-waŋ-hda-ka, v. of awaŋhdaka; to watch over one's own waawaŋwahdaka. See wáwaŋhdaka.
- wa-a' wan-hda-ke, n. one who watches over, a shepherd, a bishop.
- wa-a'-wan-yag, cont. of waawanyaka.
- wa-a'-wan-yag-ki-ya-pi, n. one who is employed to oversee, a steward.
- wa-a'-wan-ya-ka, v. of awanyaka; to oversee, watch over, take care of—waawanmdaka.
- wa-a'-wan-ya-ka, n. some spiritual being who watches the Dakotas to do them hurt.
- wa-a'-wan-ya-ke, n. a watchman. wa-a'-ya, v. of aya; to take or bear to—waamda.
- wa-a'-ya-ta, v. of ayata; to guess, predict, foretell—waamdata.
- wa-a'-ya-taŋ-iŋ, v. of ayataŋiŋ; to proclaim, make manifest, bear witness—waamdataŋiŋ.
- wa-a'-ya-tan-in, n. a witness.
- wa-a'-ya-tan-in-yan, adv. testifying.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e}$, \mathbf{n} . \mathbf{a} prophet.
- wa-a'-yu-pta, v. of ayupta; to answer—waamdupta.
- wa-a'-yu-pte, n. one who answers.

- wa-a'-zil-ton, v. T. i. q. waa-zinton.
- wa-a'-zin-ton, v. of azinton; to burn incense to or for—waazinwaton. T., waazilton.
- wa-ba'-ga-pa, v. of bagapa; to skin animals, be in the habit of taking off skins—wabawagapa. T., wawagapa.
- wa-ba'-ġo, v. of baġo; to carve, engrave—wabawaġo.
- wa-ba'-hba, v. of bahba; to cut off, as in shelling corn with a knife—wabawahba. T., wawagna.
- wa-ba'-hbe-za, v. of bahbeza; to make rough; to haggle—wabawahbeza.
- wa-ba'-hda, v. of bahda; to make uncoil by cutting.
- wa-ba'-hna, v. of bahna; to make fall off by cutting.
- wa-ba'-hna-yan, v. of bahnayan; to miss in trying to cut—wabawahnayan.
- wa-ba'-hun, v. of bahun; to cut, gash—wabawahun.
- wa-ba'-hun-hun, v. red. of wabahun; to cut, as a piece of meat nearly off, in many places: wabahunhun waku, I gave it to him to cut in pieces.
- wa-ba'-hu-te-dan, v. of bahutedan; to wear off to a stump, as a knife—wabawahutedan. T., wawatepa. See wabatepa.
- wa-ba'-hda-ġaŋ, v. of balidaġaŋ; to make large, to cut so that it becomes larger—wabawalidaġaŋ.

- wa-ba'-hda-ya, v. of bahdaya; to pare, to cut off the rind or skin wabawahdaya. See wabasku.
- wa-ba'-hda-ye-dan, n. parings.
- wa-ba'-hde-ća, v. of bahdeća; to tear in attempting to cut—wabawahdeća.
- wa-ba'-hdo-ka, v. of bahdoka; to cut holes—wabawahdoka. See wabasdoka.
- wa-ba'-hu, v. of bahu; to peel, pare—wabawahu. See wabasku.
- wa-ba'-ke-za, v. of bakeza; to make smooth with a knife; to trim off the feather, as in making arrows—wabawakeza. T., wawakeza. See wabakeza.
- wa'-ba-ke-ze, n. a board on which to trim the feather in making arrows.
- wa-ba'-kon-ta, v. of bakonta. See wabakontkonta.
- wa-ba'-kon-tkon, adj. cut or notched, as a piece of meat given to a child.
- wa-ba'-kon-tkon-ta, v. of bakontkonta; to cut or notch—wabawakontkonta.
- wa-ba'-kpan, v. of bakpan; to cut up fine—wabawakpan.
- w a b a' k s a, v. of baksa; to cut off—wabawaksa, wabaunksapi.
- wa-ba'-ktan, v. of baktan; to cut so as to make crook—wabawaktan.
- wa-ba'-ke-za, v. of bakeza; to make smooth by cutting—wabawakeza. See wabakeza.

- wa-ba'-mda, v. of bamda; to cut in slices—wabawamda.
- w a b a' m d a m d a z a, v. red. of wabamdaza.
- wa-ba'-mda-za, v. of bamdaza; to rip open or up—wabawamdaza.
- wa-ba'-mde-ća, v. of bamdeća; to cut up, break to pieces with a knife—wabawamdeća.
- wa-ba'-mna, v. of bamna; to rip with a knife—wabawamna.
- wa-ba'-pe-sto, v. of bapesto; to shave to a point—wabawapesto.
- wa-ba'-po-ta, v. of bapota; to destroy by cutting—wabawapota.
- wa-ba'-psa-ka v. of bapsaka; to cut off, as cords—wabawapsaka.
- wa-ba'-pta, v. of bapta; to cut out, pure around—wabawapta.
- wa'-ba-pte, n. a cutting-board. T., awawapte.
- wa-ba'-pte-će-dan, v. of baptećedan; to cut off short—wabawaptećedan. T., wawaptećela.
- w a b a' p t u ź a , v. of baptuźa; to crack or split with a knife—wabawaptuźa.
- wa-ba'-sku, v. of basku; to pare, as potatoes—wabawasku, wabauŋ-skupi. See wabahu.
- wa-ba'-smin, v. of basmin; to make bare with a knife—wabawasmin.
- w a b a' ś d a, v. of baśda; to shave off—wabawaśda.
- wa-ba'-śdo-ka, v. of baśdoka; to cut out of—wabawaśdoka. See wabahdoka.

- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of baskita; \mathbf{to} cut, gash—wabawaskita.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of baspa; to cut off pieces—wabawaspa.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}$, v. of baspu; to cut in pieces—wabawaspu.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}, v. red. \text{ of } \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}$ baśpu; to cut up in pieces, as tallow wabawaspuspu.
- wa-ba'-ta-ku-sni, v. of batakuśni; to destroy.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of batepa; \mathbf{to} cut off short—wabawatepa. wabahutedan.
- wa-ba'-tpan, v. Same as wabakpaŋ.
- wa-ba'-ţa, v. of baţa; to kill.
- wa-be', n. of be; a hatching-place.
- wa-ble'-ni-ća, n. T. an orphan; i. q. wamdenića.
- w a b l o' \pm a, n. T. i. q. amdo \pm a.
- wa-blu'-śka, n. T. a snake; a wa-bo'-hpa, v. of bohpa; to shoot bug; an insect. i. q. wamduśka.
- wa-blu'-śka-śa-śa, n. T. bed-bugs.
- wa-bo'-će-ka, v. waboćeg iyeya, to make stagger by shooting. T, wawoćeka. Noте.—All words change in Titonwan, the prefix "bo" to "wo."
- wa-bo'-ço, v. of boço; to churn wabowaćo.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, v. of boshooting
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of bohinta; \mathbf{to} sweep all off by shooting—wabowahinta.
- wa-bo'-hna, v. of bohna; to knock off, as fruit, by shooting—wabowahna.

- wa-bo'-hna-śkin-yan, v. of bolmaśkinyan; to make crazy by punching or shooting—wabowahnaśkinyan.
- wa-bo'-hna-yan, v. of bohnayan; to miss in shooting—wabowahnayaŋ.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{o}$, \mathbf{v} . of bohoho; \mathbf{to} make loose by shooting—wabowahoho.
- wa-bo'-hu-hu-za, v. of bohuhuza; to make shake by shooting wabowahuhuza.
- wa-bo'-hći, v. of bohći; to shoot or punch out pieces—wabowalići.
- wa-bo'-hdo-ka, v. of bohdoka; to shoot or punch holes—wabowalidoka. T., wawohloka. See wabośdoka.
- wa-bo'-hmin, v. of bolimin; to make crook by shooting—wabowalimin. See waboktan.
- on the wing.
- wa-bo'-kpan, v. of bokpan; to pound fine—wabowakpan.
- wa-bo'-ksa, v. of boksa; to break off by shooting or punching—wabowaksa. T., wawoksa.
- wa-bo'-ktan, v. of boktan; to bend by shooting or pounding—wabowaktan. See wabolimin.
- haiyeya; to make tumble over by | wa-bo'-ku-ka, v. of bokuka; to destroy by pounding or shootingwabowakuka.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{m} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}, v. \mathbf{of bomdaya};$ to make spread out by shooting or punching-wabowamdaya. T., wawoblaya.

- wa-bo'-mda-za, v. of bomdaza; | wa-bo'-so-ta, v. of bosota; to to tear open by shooting, etc.—wabowamdaza. T., wawoblaza.
- w a b o' m d e é a, v. of bomdeća; to break in pieces by shooting or punching—wabowamdeća. T., wawobleća.
- wa'-bo-mdu, v. the snow flies. T., wa'woblu.
- wa-bo'-mdu, v. of bomdu; to pound fine, to pulverize—wabowamdu. T., wawóblu.
- wa-bo'-pan, v. of bopan; to pound fine, as hominy—wabowapan.
- wa-bo'-pan-pan, v. of bopanpan; to make soft by pounding.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i}$, \mathbf{v} . of bopemni; to twist by shooting, etc.—wabowapemni.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of bopota; toshoot or pound to pieces-wabowapota.
- wa-bo'-psa-ka, v. of bopsaka; to shoot off, as strings—wabowapsaka.
- wa-bo'-pta, v. of bopta; to dig up by striking with a stick endwise, as in digging tipsinna—wabowapta. T., wawopta.
- wa-bo'-ptu-źa, v. of boptuźa; to crack by pounding or shootingwabowaptuźa.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}, n$. a kind of long beads, large in the middle, worn by the Dakotas.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}$, v. of bosdeća; to split by shooting—wabowasdeća.
- wa-bo'-sni, v. of bosni; to blow out, extinguish—wabowasni.

- exterminate by shooting—wabowasota. T., wawosota.
- wa-bo'-śa-ka, v. of bośaka; to shoot or punch with too little force to penetrate—wabowaśaka.
- wa-bo'-śda, v. of bośda; to shoot' off bare—wabowaśda.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, \quad v. \quad \text{of bosdoka};$ to shoot or punch out, as an eyewabowaśdoka. T., wawośloka. See wabolidoka.
- wa-bo'-śki, v. of bośki; to pound, as corn not well dried—wabowaśki.
- wa-bo'-śna, v. of bośna; to miss in shooting—wabowaśna. $T_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$ wawośna.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of bospa; to shoot off a piece—wabowaśpa.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{\dot{s}} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{\dot{z}} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of bosuza; to shoot to splinters.
- w a b o' t a k u n i ś n i, v. of botakuniśni; to shoot to pieces or destroy—wabowatakuniśni.
- wa-bo'-ti-ća, v. of botića; to snatch away, rob—wabowatića. wamanon.
- wa-bo'-ti-će, n. a robber. T., wamanon s'a.
- wa-bo'-tpan, v. of botpan. as wabokpan.
- wa-bo'-tpi, v. of botpi; to crack, as nuts, by pounding with a pestlewabowatpi. T., wawokpi.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of bota; to kill by punching.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of boting $\mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$; to pound tight—wabowaţinza.

- wa-bo'-we-ga, v. of bowega; to break or fracture by shooting, etc.—wabowawega.
- w a b o' ź a ź a, v. of boźaźa; to wash out by punching—wabowaźaźa
- wa-ćan'-ki-ya, adj. of ćantekiya; kind, benevolent. See waćantkiya.
- wa ća n' śi n ya, v. a. of ćanśinya; to make sad—waćanśinwaya. T., waćanśilya.
- wa-ćan'-ġa, n. a species of sweetsmelling grass.
- wa-ćaŋ'-te-śi-ća, adj. of caŋteśića; unhappy—wacaŋtemaśića.
- wa-ćan'-te-śin-ya, v. a. to make sad—waćanteśinwaya.
- wa-ćaŋt'-ki-ya, adj. of ćaŋtekiya; benevolent— waćanwakiya, waćanyakiya, waćanuŋkiyapi.
- wa-ćant'-ki-ya-pi, n. benevolence.
- wa-ćaŋ t'-o-h n a-ka, v. of ćaŋtolmaka; to be generous, affectionate—waćaŋtowahnaka.
- wa-ćant'-o-hna-ka, adj. generous; affectionate.
- wa-ćant'-o-hna-ka-pi, n. generosity; affection.
- wa-ćan t'-o-kpa-ni, v. of ćantokpani; to desire much, long for; to be impatient—waćantowakpani.
- wa-ćant'-o-tpa-ni, v. Same as waćantokpani.
- wa-ćan'-ze-ya, v. of ćanzeya; to make angry.
- wa-ćan'-ze-ze-ka, n. one easily made angry.

- wa-éaś'-ton, v. of caston; to name, give names—waćaśwaton.
- wa-ćaś'-ton, n. a namer, one who names.
- wa-ća'-źe-ki-ya-ta, v. a. to mention the names of deceased relatives to one, and beg for their sakes waćaźewakimdata.
- wa-ća'-źe-yan, cont. of waćażeyata.
- wa-ća'-źe-ya-ta, v. of ćaźeyata; to ask for or beg in the name of the dead—waćaźemdata.
- wa'-će-he, n. See waćinhe.
- wa-će'-hin, n. the long slender feathers growing near the tail of an eagle, etc.
- wa-će'-ki-ya, v. of ćekiya; to pray to, ask for help, pray for assistance in war, etc.—waćewakiya, waćeunkiyapi.
- wa-će'-on-pa, v. of ćeonpa; toroast, as corn in the ear; one who roasts corn—waćewaonpa.
- Wa-ée'-uŋ-pa, n. p. the name of a clan of the Yanktons and Si-éanġu.—J. o. D.
- wa-će'-on-pa-pi, n. roasting-corn. wa-će'-tun-hda, v. of ćetunhda; to doubt, disbelieve; one who always doubts—waćetunwahda.
- wa-će'-ţuŋ-hda-pi, n. unbelief, doubting.
- wa-će'-tun-hda-ya, adv. doubtingly.
- w a ć i', v. n. to dance—wawaći, wavaći.
- wa-ćin', v. 1st pers. sing. of ćin.

- wa-ćin', v.n. to think, purpose—wa- | wa-ćin'-i-bo-śa-ka, v.n. to be out ćanni, waćanni, waunćinpi. This word requires an other verb in the infinitive mood to precede, as econ waćanmi, I thought to do.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \acute{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n}' \mathbf{b} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}, v. n. T.$ to be clear-headed; smart; quick to comprehend: i. q. waćinmdeza.
- wa-ćin'-ća-dan, n. a young bear, a cub. T., mato cincala.
- wa-ćin'-ći-ka-ye-dan, adj. fickle-minded—waćinmaćikayedan.
- wa-ćiŋ'-ći-sti-ye-daŋ, fickle-minded — waćinmaćistiyedan. T., waćinćisćiyela.
- wa-ćiŋ'-ha-ha-daŋ, adj. cowardly, easily alarmed—wacinmahahadan.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{c} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{e}$, n. the head-dress of a Dakota man; anything standing up on the head, as feathers; a plume: i. q. waćehe.
- wa'-ćin-he-sap-sa-pa, n. black plumes, ostrich feathers.
- wa'-ćin-he-ya, v.a. to use for a plume—waćinhewaya.
- wa-ćin'-hin-yan-za, adj. cruel, morose — waćinmahinyanza. See wahinyanza.
- wa-ćiŋ'-hnu-hnu-ni, adj. of wacinhnuni; wandering in mind, bewildered, oblivious-waćinmahnuhnuni.
- wa-ćin'-hnu-ni, adj. wandering, bewildered-wasinmahnuni.
- wa-ćin'-hnu-ni-ya, v.a. to cause one's mind to wander, to bewilder-wacinhnuniwaya

- of heart about, to be discouraged—waćinibowaśaka. T., waćiniwośaka.
- $wa-\acute{c}in'-i-wo-\acute{s}ag$, cont. of waćiniwośaka.
- wa-ćin'-i-wo-śag-ya, v. to discourage.
- wa-ćin'-i-wo-śa-ka, v. n. to be discouraged, be out of heart.
- wa-ćin'-i-yo-ki-pi, v. n. be contented, satisfied with—waciniyowakipi.
- wa-ćiŋ'-i-yo-ki-pi-ya, contentedly.
- wa-ćin'-i-yo-ki-śi-ća, v. n. to be displeased with; to be sad on account of, to regret—waciniyowakiśića; waćiniyowićawakiśića, I am displeased with them.
- wa-ćin'-i-yo-ki-śin-ya, adv. displeased with. T, waćiniyokiśilya.
- wa-ćin'-ka, v. Same as waćin.
- wa-ćiŋ'-ki-ći-yu-za-pi, recip. having regard for each other. See waćinkiyuza.
- wa-ćin'-ki-ya, v. pos. of wacinyan; to trust in, as in anything laid up for one's own use; to trust to or have confidence in, as a friend, Jesus Christ our Saviour, etc-waćinwakiya.
- wa-ćin'-ki-yu-za, v.a. to think of, hold in the mind, either for good or ill-waćinwakiyuza.
- wa-ćin'-ko, adj. (waćin and ko) easily made angry, ill-natured, passionate—waćinmako, waćinunkopi.

- wa-ćin'-ko-ke-la, adj T. easily made angry.
- wa-ćin'-ko-pi, n. passionateness. wa-ćin'-ko-ya, adv. passion-
- wa-ćin'-ko-ya, adv. passionately; crossly.
- wa-ćiŋ'-ksam, *cont.* of waéiŋksapa. *T.*, waéiŋksab.
- wa-ćiŋ'-ksam-ya, adv. wisely, discreetly.
- w a ć i ŋ' k s a p a, adj. intelligent, wise—waćiŋmaksapa, waćiŋuŋksapapi.
- wa-éin'-o-a-ye, n. inclination: waéinioaye maniéa, I am discouraged.
- wa- \dot{c} i $\dot{\eta}$ o-ze, u of waćinyuza; thought, thinking.
- wa-ćin'-pi-ya-hna-ka, v. (waćin, piya, and hnaka) to take another view of a thing, be of another mind.
- wa-ćin'-śi-ća, adj. bad dispositioned.
- wa-ćin'-tan-ka, adj. patient, magnanimous, long-suffering, enduring long-waćinmatanka.
- wa-ćin'-ton, v. to have understanding, have a mind of one's own, be wise—waćinwaton.
- wa-ćin'-ton-hnag-ya, v. a. to comfort, usually by giving to the afflicted; to cause to have a different view—waćintonhnagwaya.
- wa-ćin'-ton-hna-ke, n. (wa ćin, ton, and hnaka) a comforter. T., wakićanpte.
- w a é i ŋ t o ŋ ś n i, v. n. to be foolish—waćiŋwatoŋśni.

- wa-ćin'-ta, v. n. to be feebleminded, forgetful.
- wa-ćin'-ta-ta-ke, n. one who is feeble-minded.
- wa-ćiy'-wi-ki-ćuy-śni, v. n. 'to be indifferent about.
- wa-ćiŋ'-yaŋ, v.a. to trust in, depend upon; to believe in; originally, to desire, to wish for—waćiŋwaya, waćinuŋyaŋpi, waćiŋmayaŋ, waćiŋċiya. See waćiŋkiya.
- wa-éin'-yan, adj. confiding: waéinyan waun.
- wa-ćin'-yan-pi, n. trusting in, confidence, faith; trusted in, trustiness.
- wa-ćin'-ye-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to trust in—waćinyewakiya.
- wa-ćin'-ye-pi-ća, n. something that can be trusted in: waćinyepića śni, that cannot be trusted in.
- wa-ćin'-ye-ya, v. n. to purpose, set the mind to; to cause to trust in.
- wa ć i ŋ' ź a t a , adj. forked mind, i. e., undecided, hesitating—waćiŋmaźata
- wa-ći'-pi, n. of waći; dancing, the dance
- wa-ćo'-ka, n. low land lying near a river or lake without timber:
- wa-ćo'-kon, v. of ćokon; to desire to take life—waćowakon, waćoma-konpi.
- wa-ćo'-kon-pi, n. a desire of taking life.
- wa-éo'-ni-éa, n. of éoniéa; dried meat, especially dried buffalo or deer meat; venison; wild meat of any kind, fresh or dried

- wa-ćo'-ni-ća-ka, n. T. wild meat dried.
- wa-ćo'-ni-sa-ka, n. hard dried meat.
- wa-ću'-tu-hu, n. of ćutuhu; the ribs or knees of a boat; the ribs of a bear. T., waltućuhu; matoćuhu.
- wa-da', v. of da; to ask, beg—wa-wada: also 1st pers. sing. of da.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . red. of $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a}$.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, n$. $\mathbf{a} beggar$.
- wa-da'-ko-ta-śni, adj. of daltota; not caring for relations, without natural affection—wadamakotaśni. T., olakolwićaye śni
- w a d i' t a, adj. brave—wamadita. See waditaka.
- wa-di'-ta-ka, adj. brave, courageous—wamaditaka and wadimataka, wadinitaka, wadiuntakapi. T., cante tinza.
- wad-i-yo'-pe-ya, v.a. to accuse one of doing what another has done—wadiyopewaya.
- wa'-do-wan, v. abs. See adowan.
- wa-dun'-ya, v. of dunya; to dye red or scarlet—wadunwaya. T., walulya.
- wa-dan'-ye, n. a dyer of scarlet. T., walulye.
- wa-du'-ta, n. a red root used for dyeing scarlet.
- wa-e'-kta-śni, adv. waektaśni iću, to take the wrong one; to accuse falsely.
- wa-e'-kta-śni-yan, adv. improperly, falsely.
- wa-e'-pa-zo, n. T. the fore-finger.
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- wild | wa-gla'-mni, v. T. to go after what one has left. See hdamni.
 - wa-gle'-kśuŋ, n. T. the wild turkey.
 - wa-gli'-yo-ya, v. T. to go after one's own; i. g. wahduwe.
 - wa-glu'-ha-ha-ka, adj. T. saving, frugal, parsimonious.
 - wa-glu'-ha-ha-ke-ćin, n. a parsimonious person.
 - w a'-glu-he, v.n. T. to be a hangeron with one's relations.
 - Wa'-glu-he, n. p. the Loafer Band of the Oglalas.
 - wa-glu'-la, n. T. maggots, worms:
 i. q. wamdudan.
 - wa-glu'-śna, v. T. for to drop one's own: i q. wahduśna.
 - wa-glu'-za, v. T. to take back what one has given.
 - wa-gme'-za, n. T. corn: i. q. wamnaheza.
 - wa gme'-za-hu, n. T. corn-stalks. wa-gmu', n. T. pumpkins: i. q. wamnu. See wakmu.
 - wa'-gna-wa-uŋ-yaŋ-pi, n. T. an altar; a place on which offerings are made.
 - wa'-gna-wa-yu-hta-ta-pi, n.
 T. an altar for sacrifice; especially a
 place on which living ones are offered
 - wa'- ga, n. the cotton-wood: waga can, the cotton-wood tree, the Populus canadensis.
 - wa-gi'-yo-gi, n. There are two birds bearing this name, one of which is probably a species of thrush; both are so called from their song.

- wa-ġi'-yo-ġiŋ, n. ground cherries. wa'-ġoŋ, n. rush mats; Chippewa tents. T., psa owiŋźa.
- wa-gu'-ge-ća, n. round heavy snow; sharp snow, crusted; hardened snow.
- wa-gu'-gu-ya, v. a. to cause to burn, to scorch—waguguwaya.
- wa-ġu'-ya, v. a. to scorch—waġuwaya.
- w a h a'. n. a bear-skin T., matchaw a h a' \mathcal{E} a \mathfrak{g} k a , n. a shield.
- wa-ha'-ćaŋ-ka-ska-kiŋ, v.

 T. to be generous; liberal; benevolent; especially to give much away
 when one cannot well spare it. In
 old times the one most ohitika in
 the matter of giving to the poor,
 etc, was said to have the "ska"
 or unsullied shield: waháćaŋka ska
 wakiŋ, I give freely, &c.
- wa-ha'-ka-kta, n. the last, the youngest T, hakakta. See wo-hakakta..
- wa-hang'-ya, v.a. to destroy—wahangwaya, wahangunyanpi. See ihangya.
- wa-hang'-ye-ća, n. one who destroys everything.
- wa-han'-pi, n. of hanpi; broth, soup of any kind
- wa-ha'-pa-hpa, v. to flesh a robe or skin—wahawapahpe, etc.
- wa-hda'-ta, v. of hdata; to steal up to, as to game—wawahdata: also the 1st pers. sing. of hdata.
- wa-hda'-ta-pi, n. stealing or crawling up to, as to game.

- w a h d e' é a, v. to be in sympathy with, as the Dakotas say a mother is with her absent children, when they think about her. The Indians assert that mothers feel peculiar pains in their breasts when anything of importance happens to their absent children, or when about to hear from them. This feeling is regarded as an omen—wawahdeéa, waunhdeéapi. See wakihdeéa.
- wa-hde'-ća-pi, n. the sympathy that is said to exist between a mother and her absent children, producing peculiar sensations in the breast.
- wa-hdi, v. 1st pers. sing. of hdi.
- wa'-h d i, v. of ahdi; to bring home—wawahdi, waunhdipi.
- wa'-hdi-a-s'a-pi, n. the shout that is made by the children when meat, etc., is brought into the camp.
- wa-hdu'-ha, v. of hduha; to have one's own, to keep—wawahduha: also the 1st pers. sing. of hduha.
- wa-hdu'-ha-ha-kte-ća, adj.
 parsimonious—wawahduhahakteća.
 T, wagluhahaka.
- wa-hdu'-ha-ha-kte-će-ćin, n. one who is parsimonious: wahduhahapiktećećin, parsimony.
- wa-hdu'-we, v. of hduwe; wa-hduwe ya, to go to bring one's own, without specifying what.
- wa-he'-ha-ka, n. the "hehaka" and "unktehi" are sometimes so called.

- wa-he'-ki-ćuŋ, v. pos. to pack up or tie one's own—wahewećuŋ. See waheyuŋ.
- wa-he'-ktam, cont. of wahektapa; at the stern. T., walhektab.
- wa-he'-kta-pa, v. to pilot or steer a boat of any kind—wahektawapa. T., walsinte yuhomni.
- wa-he'-kta-pa, n. a pilot, helmsman.
- wa-he'-kta-pa-tan-han, n.
 the stern of a boat, at the stern. T.,
 walhektapatanhan.
- wa-he'-sdo-ye, n. a smooth shining horn.
- wa-he'-yun, v. of heyun; to pack up in bundles—wahemun, wahemun.
- wa-he'-yun-pi, n. packing up. wa-hi', n. See wanhi.
- wa-hi'-bu, v. Same as hibu, I come. T., hibu.
- wa-hi'-hbu, v. 1st pers. sing. of hiyu. Same as wahibu.
- wa-hi'-na-wa-pa, v. 1st pers. sing. of hinapa; double pronoun.
- wa h i n', n. `hairs: wahinhdapi, the hair that is sometimes attached to a pipe-stem.
- wa-hin'-ća-ći-će, n. a smoothing instrument used in dressing hides.
- wa-hin'-he, v. T. of hinhan; it snows: future, wahinhin kta.
- wa-hiy'-he-ya, n. T. the gopher: i. q. manića.
- wa-hin'-he-ya-pa-blu, n. T. gopher hills.

- wa-hin'-pa-hpa, n. T. a fleshing-knife or chisel used in preparing green hides for drying.
- $wa hi \eta' pe ya, n.$ cobwebs.
- wa-hin's ke, n. the long-grained or southern corn; so called because the grains resemble the canine teeth of animals: i. q. hinske.
- wa-hiŋ'-tka, n. an instrument used in scraping hides; a bit of steel fastened to an elk-horn handle and used as a hoe on the flesh side, making it the same thickness.
- Wa-hin'-wa-kpa, n. the Arkansas River.—J. P. W.
- wa-hiŋ'-yaŋ-za, adj. morose wamahiŋyaŋza. T., wawahiŋyaŋzeća. See waćiŋhiŋyaŋza.
- wa-hiŋ'-ya-źi-će, n. down, fur, such as is used by the Dakotas in their sacred ceremonies.
- wa-hin'-yun.-ton, v. See wainyunton.
- wa-hin'-yu-za, n. T. a bracelet. See napoktan.
- wa-hi'-pa-spe, n. T. tent-pins: i. q. hutipaspe.
- wa-hi'-śna-he-ća, n. soft new snow. See ważużeća.
- wa-hi'-ti-hda, v. of hitihda; to be fastidious, to loathe; a fastidious person—wahitiwahda
- w a h i' y o , v. abs. of hiyo; T.: i. q. wahuwe.
- wa-hi'-yo-hi, v. T. to go for; go to get, without mentioning what.
- wa-hi'-yu, v. of hiyu; to start to come—wahihbu. T., hiyu.

wa-hmu', n. Sis. Same as wamnu, wagmu, and wakmu.

wa-hmung', cont of wahmunka: wahmung mda, I am going trapping.

wa-hmun'-ka, v. of hmunka; to trap, hunt with traps—wawahmunka: also 1st pers. sing. of hmunka.

wa-hmuŋ'-ka-pi, n. trappi wa'-hnag, cont. of wáhnaka.

wa'-hnag-ton, n. something put with another thing: wahnag codan, one thing alone; wahnag ton ku, to give, as a blanket, with a gun; a pad, as on a horse's back when sore.

wa'-hna-ka, v. of ahnaka; to place on, put on, as poultices on sores, etc.—wawahnaka. See wakicihnaka

wa-hna'-ka, v. 1st pers. sing. of hnaka.

wa'-hna-wo-śna-pi, n. (ahna and wośna) an altar for sacrifice.

T., wagnawaunyanpi, or wagnawayuhtatapi, according as the sacrifice is inanimate or animate.

wa'-hna-wo-tapi, n. (ahna and wotapi) something to eat from, a table.

wa-hna'-yan, v. of hnayan; to deceive—wawahnayan: also 1st pers. sing. of hnayan.

wa-hni'-hda, v. of hnihda; to travel; to go about from place to place: wahnihda waun, I am traveling.

wa-hni'-hde-ća, n. one who is always traveling.

wa-hnun'-ka, n. the red-headed woodpecker. See kanketanka and toskadan.

wa-ho'-co-ka, n. an area surrounded by tents. Probably not
used by the Indians generally.
This hocoka or wahocoka was
formerly used by the Dakotas, according to what men of different
tribes have told me. I have the
order in which each camped. The
Winnebagoes did not have it. The
Omahas, Ponkas, Iowas, and kindred tribes observed it during the
summer hunt.—J. o. d. See hocoka.

wa-ho'-hpi, n. nests. See hohpi. wa-ho'-ki-ya, v.a. to send word to—wahowakiya, wahounkiyapi. See wahoya.

wa-ho'-kon-ki-ya, v.a. to instruct, counsel, advise one—wahokonwakiya, wahokonunkiyapi

wa-ho'-kon-ki-ya-pi, n. instruction, counsel, advice; counselled.

wa-ho'-śi, v. of hośi; to carry word; always used with another verb, as, wahośi i, wahośi hi, wahośi ya, etc.; to bring or carry news.

wa-ho'-śi-wa-kaŋ, n. a formation used by some for angel, messenger. See ohnihde and ohnihdeyapi.

wa-ho'-śi-ya-pi, n. T. one sent with a message: wahośiyapi wakan, sacred messengers, the apostles of Christ.

wa-ho'-ya, v. a. to send for one, to send word to one, to promise something to one—wahowaya.

wa-ho'-ya-pi, n. sending word to.

- wa-hu'-a-ta-ya, v. See wahu- | wa-hay'-ka, v.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{n} . $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{spear}$, such as is used in spearing muskrats; a war-spear. See huliaka.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{n} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}, \quad a \text{ biped}; \quad \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$ appellation of man, not much used.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}, \quad n.$ quadrupeds, but used only for the dog and wolf, in the sacred dialect. See huha-
- wa-hu'-wa-pa, n. corn, an ear of corn; sometimes corn in bags. See wamnaheza.
- w a h u' w a t a y a', v. n. to find one's self all at once unable to proceed, to be unable to escape from fright, or some other cause—wahuwatawaya
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{a} . \mathbf{to} frighten, or in some way make unable to escape—wahuwatayewaya.
- wa-ha', v. of ha; to bury-wawaha, waunhapi: also 1st pers. sing. of ha.
- wa-ham'-ya, v. of hamya; to frighten or scare away—wahamwaya. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ waliabya.
- wa-han'-da, v. a. to esteem, think highly of one—wahanwada.
- wa-han'-han-i-ci-da, v. reflex. to be self-sufficient, self-importantwalianlianmićida.
- wa-han'-i-¢i-da, v. reflex. of wahanda; to think highly of one's self, be proud-walianmiçida.
- wa han'-i-éi-da-pi, n. pride. wa-han'-i-te-ya, v. a. to tire one out-wahanitewaya.

- to do difficult things well-wawahanka.
- wa-han'-ksi-ća, n. the black bear, the Ursus americanus: i. q. wasapedan. See mato.
- wa-hay'-ksi-ća-ta-ha-za, n. a kind of berry growing on small bushes resembling the whortleberry.
- wa-han'-la-se, n. T. a proud or vain person.
- wa-ha'-pi, n. burying; something buried.
- wa'-hba, adj. mild, gentle.
- wa'-hba-dan, *adj*. gentle—mawalibadan, niwalibadan, unwalibapidan. T., wahwala.
- wa'-hba-ka, adj. mild, gentle, mawahbaka: wićasta wahbaka, a gentleman; wiwahbaka, a lady. T., waliwaka.
- wa'-hba-ya, adv. mildly, gently. wa'-liba-ya, v. of libaya; to make sleepy-walibawaya.
- wa'-hba-ye-dan, adv. mildly, gently: walibayedan waun, I am conducting mildly. T., wahwayela.
- w a li é a', n. the generic name for flowers: walića kamdu and walića namdu, to unfold or blossom.
- wa-hća'-hća, n. red. of wahća; flowers, blossoms.
- wa-hća'-zi-zi, n. yellow flowers, the sunflower.
- wali-ćin'-ća, n. the aspen or small cotton-wood, the Populus canadensis.
- wa-he'-ća, n. round white hail; snow-flakes, round like shot.

- wa-het'-a-źu, v. a. to discharge freight, unload, as a vessel—wahet-awaźu.
- wa-het'-a-źu-pi, n. unloading. wa-he'-ya-ta-i-ye-ya, v. to push back; one who pushes others back.
- wa-hna'-hna, n. the coffee-nut. wa-hna'-hna-hu, n. the coffee-nut tree.
- wa-lina'-wa-he-ća, adj. lean, poor; ill-looking, but much better than it looks: walinawaheća tuka waste, it is good although it looks badly.
- wa-hpa'-ho-ta, n. T. a brown bird that follows cattle: the cow-bird.
- wa-hpa'-ho-ta, n. T. a species of blackbird.
- wa-hpa'-ni, adj. poor, destitute.
- wa-hpa'-ni-ća, adj. poor, destitute, having no wahpaya—mawahpanića, upwahpanićapi.
- wa-lipa'-ni-da, v.a. to consider poor; to feel compassion for, have mercy on—walipaniwada
- wa-hpa'-ni-ya, ·v. a. to make poor, cause to be poor—walipaniwaya, walipanimayan.
- wa-hpa'-ni-yan, adv. poorly, in a destitute way.
- wa-hpan'-yan, v. T. to soak and take off the hair: i. q. wakpanyan.
- wa-hpa'-tan-ka, n. T. the common blackbird: i. q. zitkatanka.
- wa-hpa'-ya, n. anything one has of movable goods, baggage.

- wa-hpa'-ye-ća, n. baggage.
- wa-hpe', n. a leaf, leaves; tea.
- wa-hpe'-éan-li, n. T. a leaf used for tobacco: a small vine which runs on the ground like wintergreen, the leaf of which is used for tobacco.
- Wa-hpe'-ku-te, n. the Leafshooters; a band of the Dakotas who lived chiefly on the headwaters of the Blue Earth and Cannon rivers. They are now with the Mdewakantonwan at the Santee Reservation, Neb.
- wa-hpe'-mda-ska-ska, n. wintergreens.
- wa-hpe'-pe-źi-hu-ta, n. leafmedicine, i. e., tea.
- wa-hpe'-tan-ka, n. large leaf, i. e., cabbage.
- Wa-hpe-ton-wan, n. a band of the Dakotas, who resided chiefly at the Little Rapids, at Lac-quiparle, and at the lower extremity of Big Stone Lake, but are now on the Lake Traverse Reservation.
- wa-hp.o'-pa, n. the large species of willow.
- wa'-hta-ni, v. of ahtani; to transgress a usage or custom, to omit a ceremony; to do wickedly; to sin wawahtani, wayahtani, waunhtanipi.
- wa-hta'-ni-sa, n. a transgressor; a sinner.
- wa'-hta-ni-ya, v. a. to cause to transgress or sin—walitaniwaya.
- wa-hte', adj. good. See wahtesni and waste.

wa-hte'-da, v. to esteem good; used only in the negative.

w a - li t e' - d a - k a , v. a. to dislike: i. q. walitedaśni.

wa-hte'-da-śni, v. a. to dislike, abominate—walitewadaśni, walite-undapiśni, walitecidaśni.

wa-hte'-ka, adj. bad: i. q. wahteśni.

wa-hte'-śni, adj. bad, worthless, wicked—mawahteśni.

wa-huy'-te-ya, v. T. to tire one out.

wa-hu'-pa-ko-za, n. wing-flappers, i. e., fowls, domestic fowls.

wa-hwa'-ke-ća, adj. T. mild, gentle: i q. wahbaka.

w a-h w a'-l a, adj. T. gentle, mild: i q. wahbadan.

wa-hwa'-ya, adv. T. gently: i. q. walibaya.

wa-li wa'-ye-la, adv. T. mildly, gently: i. q. walibaye dan.

w a - i' - \dot{c} a - \dot{g} a, v. of icaga; to grow, produce.

wa-i'-éa h-ya, v. a. to cause to produce, to create—waicahwaya.

wa-i'-cah-ya-pi, n. that which is created.

Wa-i'-ćah-ye, n. the Creator.

w a - i' - ϵ i - a, v. of aia; to slander. T., waaia.

wa-i'-ći-a-pi, n. slander.

wa-i'-ci-e-s'a, n. a tattler, a slanderer.

wa-i'-ci-ha-ha, n. a jester, an insolent fellow; one who does evil to others, and laughs at the mischief he has done.

to esteem good; wa-i'-ći-ha-ha-pi, n. insolence. wa-i'-ći-wan-ġa-pi, n. mutual inquiry. T., wikićiyungapi. See ićiwanga.

wa-i'-ći-ya, v. of ićiya; to assist, take one's part; an advocate. T., wawićiya. See wawićiya.

wa-i'-ću, v. of iću; to take—waiwaću.

wa-i'-ću-ću-ka, n. a pilferer.

wa-i'-éu-éu-kte-éa, v. to desire to take, to covet; one who covets. T., waiéuéuktehéin.

wa-i'-ću-ću-pi-kte-će-ćiŋ,

n. covetousness. T., waićućupiktećelićiŋ.

wa-i'-&i-glu-hta-ta, v. T. to offer a sacrifice for one's self.

wa-i'-¢i-hdu-sna, v. reflex. of wayusna; to sacrifice one's self; to let one's self fall—wamicihdusna. See waihdusna.

wa'-i-¢i-hta-ni, v refiex. of wahtani; to sin against one's self—wami¢ihtani. Note. — See awáiçihtani: To transgress any law or custom is to awahtani the law or custom, and the person so doing is said thereby to become awai¢ihtani: e. g, if he vows to dance the sun-dance and fails to do it, he awalitani's the custom of his people, and, having broken his vow, is awaićilitani; in consequence he may expect to suffer some misfortune, as retribution for his offense; and then he is said to be wóahtani akipa. Hence to

break God's law is to awahtani the law of God, and having vowed in baptism to keep it, he is also thereby awai@ihtani, and any misfortune befalling him thereafter would be considered as a woahtani, or retribution visited upon him in consequence of his having become awahtani as regards one of God's laws.—w. J. C.

- wa-i'-el-gle, n. T.: i. q., waienhde
- wa-i'-en-hde, n. of ienhde; one who casts up to another; an accuser.

 T., waielgle.
- wa-i'-en-hi-ye-ya, v. of ienhiyeya; to cast up to—waienhiyewaya. T., waieliyeya, to reply to one who is talking badly.
- wa-i'-glu-hta-ta, v. T. to offer one's self in sacrifice, as our Saviour did—wamigluhtata.
- wa-i'-hdu-śna, v. reflex. of wayuśna; to sacrifice one's self—wamihduśna.
- wa-i'-hdu-śtan, v. reflex. of yustan; to finish what pertains to one's self—wamihdustan.
- wa-i'-hdu-stan-ke, n. one who has finished what pertains to himself.
- wa-i'-hpe-ya, v. of aihpeya; to throw on, place on, impute to; to leave to, when one dies, as property; to give to others; to sacrifice; give to the gods—wailipewaya.
- wa-i'-lipe-ya-pi, n. leaving to, bequeathing; an heir; a sacrifice. wa-i'-lipe-ye, n. a testator.

- wa-i'-le-pi, n. T. of ile; matches.
- wa-in'-yun-ton, v. of inyunton; to rub brains, grease, etc., on hides to prepare them for dressing. T, wahinyunton.
- wa-i'-pi-da, n. of ipida; one who forbids or refuses to part with what he has. T., wawipila. See wawipida.
- wa-i'-śte-ća, adj. bashful. See wiśteća.
- wa-i'-śten-ya, v. a. to put to shame—waistenwaya. T., wawiśtelya.
- wa-i'-ya-pe, v. of iyape; to lie in wait. See wawiyape.
- w a i' y a p e p i, n. an ambush. T., wawiyapepi.
- wa-i'-ya-ta-gle-i-&i-ya, v.
 T. reflex. to be intemperate; to overdo
 one's self.
- wa-i'-ya-ta-hde, v. to have exceeding much—waiyamatahde.
 T., wawiyakapeya. See wiyatahde.
- wa·i'-ya-ta-hde-ya, v. to exceed, go beyond; to be intemperate; to crowd from behind; to urge on over much—waiyatahdewaya. T, iyatagleya. See wiyatahdeya.
- wa-i'-ye-ki-ya, v. of iyekiya; to recognize—waiyewakiya.
- wa-i'-ye-ya, v. of iyeya; to find—waiyewaya.
- wa-i'-ye-ye-ća, n. one who finds much.
- wa-ka'-a-śla, v T. to uncover, lay bare.
- w a k a' a \acute{z} a \acute{z} a, v. T. to lay bare, to uncover, as by sweeping.

- wa-ka'-bla-pi and wa-ka'-blaya-pi, n. T. meat cut up for drying. See wakamda.
- wa-ka'-bla-ya, v. T. to cut in thin slices, as meat for drying.
- wa-ka'-će-ya, v. of kaćeya; to make cry by striking
- wa-ka'-dan, n. the roach, sunfish.
- wa-ka'-daŋ-hi-yu-za-pi, n.
 a kind of fish, perhaps the perch.
 So called because the teeth and some of the small bones of the head are put in gourd shells, which are used as rattles in their powwowing, and in making their sacred feasts and dances.
- wa-ka'-du-ġa, v. of kaduġa; to fan; fanning, blowing wawaka-duġa: also 1st pers. sing. of ka-duġa
- wa-kad'-ya-pi, n. of kadya; coffee or tea; anything to be warmed.
- wa-ka'-ġa, v. of kaġa; to make wawakaġa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaġa
- wa-ka'-ġa-pi, n. an image, picture, something made; a brand, as on an animal.
- wa-ka'-ġe-ġe, v. of kaġeġe; to sew—wawakaġeġe, wauŋkaġeġepi: also 1st pers. sing of kaġeġe.
- wa-ka'-gi, v. of kagi; to hinder or prevent by one's presence, as to keep one from speaking or from doing something; to be feared; to be revered—wawakagi, wamakagi; also 1st pers. sing of kagi.

- w a k a' g i, n. one who restrains by his presence.
- wa-ka'-ġi-ya, v. a. to hinder, obstruct, keep others from going fast wakaġiwaya.
- wa-ka'-gi-ya, adv. slowly, preventing, detaining.
- wa-ka'-ha-i-ye-ya, v. to put out of the way; one who pushes things out of the way. See kaha.
- wa-ka'-hi, v. of kahi; to rummage wawakahi: also 1st pers. sing. of kahi.
- wa-ka'-hi-ka, n. one who rummages. wa-ka'-hin-ta, v. of kahinta; to sweep—wawakahinta: also 1st pers. sing. of kahinta.
- wa-ka'-hmi-hma, v. of kahmihma; to roll—wawakahmihma: also 1st pers. sing. of kahmihma. T., wakagmigma.
- wa-ka'-hmi-yaŋ-yaŋ, v. of kahmiyaŋyaŋ; to make round—wawakahmiyaŋyaŋ; also 1st pers. sing. of kahmiyaŋyaŋ. T., wakagmiyaŋyaŋ.
- wa-ka'-h mon, v. See wakahmun. wa-ka'-h mun, v. of kahmun; to spin, twist—wawakahmun: also 1st pers. sing. of kahmun. T., wakagmun.
- wa-ka'-hmuŋ-pi, n. spinning. wa-ka'-ho-ho, v. of kahoho; to shuke, make loose—wawakahoho: also 1st pers. sing. of kahoho.
- wa-ka'-ho-mni, v. of kahomni; to make turn round—wawakahomni: also 1st pers. sing. of kahomni.

- wa-ka'-hu-hu-za, v. of kahuhuza; to shake by striking—wawakahuhuza: also 1st pers. sing. of kahuhuza.
- w a k a' h u ŋ h u ŋ z a , v. T.:

 i. q. wakahuhuza.
- wa-ka'-ha-pa, v. of kahapa; to drive along—wawakahapa: also 1st pers. sing. of kahapa.
- wa-ka'-hda, v. of kahda; to rattle; to rummage—wawakahda: also 1st pers. sing of kahda.
- wa-ka'-hda-ka, n. one who pilfers much. T, wakahlaka.
- wa-ka'-hde-ća, v. of kahdeća; to break open, to fracture—wawa-kahdeća: also 1st pers. sing. of kahdeća.
- wa-ka'-h di-ya, v. of kahdiya; to make mire—wakahdiwaya.
- wa-ka'-hdo-ka, v. of kahdoka; to make a hole in—wawakahdoka: also 1st pers. sing. of kahdoka. T., wakahloka.
- wa-ka'-he-pa, v. of kahepa; to bail out—wawakahepa: also 1st pers. sing. of kahepa. T., wakaskepa.
- wa-ka'-hi-ća, v. of kahića; to waken up by striking—wawakahića: also 1st pers sing. of kahića
- wa-kah'-ni-ġa, v of kaliniga; to choose—wawakaliniga: also 1st pers. sing. of kaliniga.
- wa-ka'-hpa, v. of kahpa; to throw down—wawakahpa: also 1st pers. sing. of kahpa.
- wa'-ka-hpa, v. of akahpa; to cover—wawakahpa.

- wa-ka'-hpu, v. of kahpu; to tear down; to strike and make fall; to strike and loosen from its fastenings wawakahpu: also 1st pers. sing. of kahpu.
- wa-ka'-lita-ka, v. n. to be casily hurt, touchy, nervous wamaka-litaka. T., wakaliteke.
- wa-ka'-hta-ke-ća, n. one who is made sick by a little matter, one who is nervous—wamakahtakeća.
- wa-ka'-hta-ka-ka, n. T. one who is nervous, fretful, dissatisfied with everything.
- wa-ka'-hte-ke, v. T.: i.q. wakalitaka.
- wa-ka'-htan, v. n. of kahtan; to absorb.
- wa-ka'-htan-ka, adj. absorbent, absorbing.
- wa-ka'-htan-yan, adj. rough, roughened, as corn pulled open by the birds.
- wa-ka'-hu, v. of kahu; to peel off, as bark—wawakahu: also 1st pers. sing. of kahu.
- wa-ka'-hu-ġa, v. of kahuġa; to break, as the skull, kettles, etc.—wawakahuġa: also 1st pers. sing. of kahuġa.
- wa-ka'-hu-ġe-ća, n. one who kills much game. T., wigni wayu-pika.
- wa-ka'-hun-ta, v. of kahunta; to make rough, as the birds do by tearing open the husks of corn.
- wa-ka'-i-de, v. of kaide; to make blaze—wawakaide.

- wa-ka-i-pan-pan, n. T. a harrow.
- wa-ka'-kay, v. of kakan; to hew; to beat or strike off, as berries; to hammer on, strike, as in shaping a stone—wawakakan: also 1st pers. sing. of kakan.
- wa-ka'-kéa, v. of kakéa; to comb, to disentangle — wawakakéa: also 1st pers. sing. of kakéa.
- wa-ka'-kiŋ-ća, v. of kakiŋća; to scrape wawakakiŋća: also 1st pers. sing. of kakiŋća.
- wa-ka'-kiś-ya, v. of kakiśya; to cause to suffer—wakakiśwaya.
- wa-ka'-ko-ka, v. of kakoka; to make rattle—wawakakoka: also 1st pers. sing. of kakoka.
- wa-ka'-kpan, v. of kakpan; to pound fine—wawakakpan: also 1st pers. sing. of kakpan.
- wa-ka'-ksa, v. of kaksa; to cut off with an ax—wawakaksa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaksa.
- wa-ka'-kśa, v. of kakśa; to roll up—wawakakśa.
- wa-ka'-kśaŋ, v. of kakśaŋ; to bend—wawakakśaŋ: also 1st pers. sing. of kakśaŋ.
- wa-ka'-kśi-źa, v of kakśiźa; to double up—wawakakśiźa: also 1st pers. sing. of kakśiźa.
- wa-ka'-ktaŋ, v. of kaktaŋ; to make bend—wawakaktaŋ: also 1st pers. sing. of kaktan.
- wa-ka'-ku-ka, v. of kakuka; to pound to pieces, destroy—wawaka-kuka: also 1st pers. sing. of ka-kuka.

- wa-ka'-mda, v. of kamda; to slice—wawakamda: also 1st pers. sing. of kamda. T., wakabla. See wakablapi.
- wa-ka'-mda-ya, v. of kamdaya; to make level, spread out—wawakamdaya; also 1st pers. sing. of kamdaya. T., wakablaya.
- wa-ka'-mda-za, v. of kamdaza; to rip open—wawakamdaza: also 1st pers. sing. of kamdaza. T., wakablaza.
- wa-ka'-mde-ća, v. of kamdeća; to dash to pieces—wawakamdeća: also 1st pers. sing. of kamdeća. T., wakableća.
- wa-ka'-mdu, v. of kamdu; to pulverize—wawakamdu: also 1st pers. sing. of kamdu. T., wakablu.
- wa-ka'-mna, v. of kamna; to collect, gather together—wawakamna: also 1st pers. sing of kamna.
- wa-ka'-mna-ka, n. one who collects.
- wa-ka'-mnan-pi, n. gathering together, collecting.
- wa-ka'-mni, v. of kamni; to make mellow, prepare, as a field—wawa-kamni: also 1st pers. sing. of kamni T., yupanpan.
- wa ka n', adv. above. See wankan. T., wakanl.
- wa-kan', adj. spiritual, sacred, consecrated; wonderful, incomprehensible; said also of women at the menstrual period—mawakan, niwakan, unwakanpi. T. Note.—mysterious: incomprehensible; in a

peculiar state, which, from not being understood, it is dangerous to meddle with; hence the application of this word to women at the menstrual period, and from hence, too, arises the feeling among the wilder Indians that if the Bible, the Church, the Missionary, etc., are "wakan," they are to be avoided, or shunned, not as being bad or dangerous, but as wakan. The word seems to be the only one suitable for holy, sacred, etc., but the common acceptation of it, given above, makes it quite misleading to the heathen.—w. J. C.

wa-kan', n. a spirit, something consecrated: Taku wakan and Wakan tanka, the Great Spirit.

wa-kan'-da, v. a. to reckon as holy or sacred; to worship—wakan-wada, wakanundapi. T., wakanla.

wa-kan'-da-ka, v. a. Same as wakanda.

wa-kan'-e-ćon, v. to do tricks of jugglery—wakanećamon.

wa-kan'-e-ćon-pi-dan, nagic, tricks of jugglery.

w a-k a η' -h a, n. a bear's skin. T, matcha.

wa-kan'-hdi, n. the lightning. Ih., wakankdi. T., wakangli.

w a - k a η' - h e - z a, n. children: i. q. siceca.

wa-kan'-i-&i-da, v. reflex. of wakanda; to esteem one's self holy or wakan; to be proud—wakanmi-&ida.

w a - k a n' - i - & i - d a - p i, n. pride.

wa-kaŋ'-ka, n. an old woman wamakaŋka.

wa-kan'-ka-dan, n. Same as wakanka. T., wakankala.

wa-kan'-ka-ga, v. to make wakan, perform acts of worship according to the ideas of the Dakotas—wakanwakaga.

wa-kan'-ka-to-pa-snon, n.

the lumbar vertebræ; so called because the old women roast that
part. See pasnon.

wa-kan'-ki-ći-yu-za-pi, n. taking each other sacredly, i. e., marriage according to law.

wa-kan'-ki-da, v. pos. of wakanda; to regard one's own as sacred—wakanwakida.

wa-kanl', adv. T.: i. q. wankan.

wa-kan'-la, v. T. to esteem sacred: i. q. wakanda.

Wa-kan'-śi-ća, n. the Bad Spirit; the devil.

wa-kan'-ta-can-pa, n. a species of wild cherry. See canpa.

wa-kan'-ta-ko-pa-za, n. wood, of all kinds, in the sacred language. See paza.

wa-kan'-ta-ko-źu, n. water, in the sacred language. See also "nide."

Wa-kan'-tan-ka, n. the Great Spirit, the Creator of all things and the god of war.

wa-kan'-wa-ći-pi, n. the sacred dance. This is the name of a secret society among the Dakotas which purports to be the depository of their sacred mysteries. The medicine-sack is the badge of membership. With the claws or beads contained in this they pretend to shoot mysteriously, and cause death. The making of a sacred dance is a great occasion. The high priests of the ceremonies spend the night previous in heating stones, in sweating and singing, and holding communion with the spirit world. In the dance, those who belong to the society appear in their best attire, gaily painted, and drum, sing, dance, and feast together.

- wa-kan'-wo-han, v. to make a sacred feast—wakanwowahe.
- wa-kan'-wo-han-pi, n. a sacred feast. This is made by such as belong to the wakan wacipi, and is preceded and accompanied by drumming, singing, etc.
- wa-kan'-wo-hpa, n. meteoric stones, a meteor.
- wa-kan'-yan, adv. sacredly, holily, mysteriously: wakanyan yuza, to take a wife or husband after the Christian mode. See wakankićiyuzapi.
- wa-kan'-yu-za, v. to take a wife after the manner of Christians—wakanmduza.
- wa-ka'-o-lipa, v. of kaolipa: to break through—wawakaolipa; also 1st pers. sing. of kaolipa.
- w a k a' p a, v. of kapa; to excel, exceed, surpass—wakawapa, wakauŋ-papi.

- wa-ka'-pa, v. of kapa; to pound off—wawakapa: also 1st pers. sing. of kapa. See wakapan.
- wa-ka'-pan, v. of kapan; to pound off, as corn—wawakapan; also 1st pers. sing. of kapan.
- wa-ka'-pan-pan, v. of kapanpan; to pound soft—wawakapanpan: also 1st pers. sing. of kapanpan.
- wa-ka'-paŋ-pi, n. pounded meat mixed with marrow or fat, penmican.
- wa-ka'-pa-pi, n. pemmican.
- wa-ka'-pće-će-la, v. T., i. q. wakaptećedan.
- wa-ka'-pe-mni, v. of kapemni; to twist—wawakapemni: also 1st pers. sing. of kapemni. T. to swing around, as a rope in the hand before throwing it
- wa-ka'-pe-sto, v. of kapesto; to sharpen—wawakapesto: also 1st pers. sing. of kapesto.
- wa-ka'-pe-ya, v. to excel, cause to excel—wakapewaya.
- wa-ka'-po-ġaŋ, v. of kapoġaŋ; to make swell out; to enlarge by blowing.
- wa-ka'-po-pa, v. of kapopa; to make burst—wawakapopa; also 1st pers. sing. of kapopa.
- wa-ka'-po-ta, v. of kapota; to pound to pieces—wawakatopa; also 1st pers. sing. of kapota.
- wa-ka'-psa-ka, v. of kapsaka; to break in two, as a string—wawakapsaka: also 1st pers. sing. of kapsaka.

- wa-ka'-psi-ća, v. of kapsića; to make hop—wawakapsića: also 1st pers. sing. of kapsića.
- wa-ka'-psin-psin-ta, v. of kapsinpsinta; to whip—wawakapsinpsinta; also 1st pers. sing. of kapsinpsinta.
- wa-ka'-pson, v. of kapson; to spill—wawakapson: also 1st pers. sing. of kapson.
- wa-ka'-pśuŋ, v. of kapśuŋ; to dislocate—wawakapśuŋ: also 1st pers. sing. of kapśuŋ.
- wa-ka'-pta, v. of kapta; to dip out—wawakapta: also 1st pers. sing. of kapta.
- wa-ka'-pte-će-dan, v. of kaptećedan; to cut off shorter wawakaptećedan: also 1st pers. sing of kaptećedan. T., wakapćećela.
- w a k a'-p t u ź a , v. of kaptuźa; to split or crack—wawakaptuźa; also 1st pers. sing of kaptuźa.
- wa-ka'-sa, v. of kasa; to bury in the snow—wawakasa
- w a' k a s a \mathfrak{n} s a \mathfrak{n} , n. See wakasansanna.
- w a'-k a-s a η -s a η -n a, n. the snow bird T., istanicatanka.
- wa-ka'-sbu, v. of kasbu; to cut in strips—wawakasbu: also 1st pers. sing. of kasbu. T., wakaswu.
- wa-ka'-sbu-pi, n. dangles. T., wakaswupi.
- w a'-ka-sda-ta, v. to do a thing slowly—wawakasdata. T., wayu-slata.

- w a k a' s d e é a , v, of kasdeća; to split—wawakasdeća: also 1st pers. sing. of kasdeća.
- wa-ka'-sdi, v. of kasdi; to strike and make fly out; to make spirt out by striking, as matter from a sore wawakasdi.
- wa-ka'-sdi-tka, v. of kasditka; to make knobbed—wawakasditka.
- wa-ka'-sdo-han, v. n. to drive along, as the wind does a boat.
- wa-ka'-ska, v. 1st pers. sing. of kaska, to whiten.
- wa'-ka-ska, v. of akaska; to cat greedily, eat long—wawakaska.
- wa-ka'-ske-pa, v. of kaskepa; to bail out.
- wa-ka'-ski-ća, v. of kaskića; to press or pound tight—wawakaskića.
- wa-ka' sma-ka, v. of kasmaka; to indent by pounding—wawakasmaka.
- wa-ka'-smin-yan-yan, v. to make bare, as the wind does the ground by driving off the snow.
- wa-ka'-sna, v. of kasna; to make ring; to shake off, as the wind does leaves from a tree: also 1st pers. sing. of kasna.
- wa-ka'-sni, v. of kasni; to extinguish—wawakasni: also 1st pers. sing. of kasni.
- w a k a' s o t a, v. of kasota; to use up, expend, make an end of—wawa-kasota: also 1st pers. sing. of kasota.
- wa-ka'-sto, v. of kasto; to smooth down.

- wa-ka'-śa-ka, v. of kaśaka; to strike with too little force to penetrate—wawakaśaka: also 1st persising. of kaśaka.
- wa-ka'-śa-pa, v. to make black or dirty by smiting—wawakaśapa.
- wa-ka'-śdo-ka, v. of kaśdoka; to knock off, as an axe from the handle—wawakaśdoka; also 1st pers. sing. of kaśdoka.
- w a k a' ś d u t a , v. of kaśduta; to make glance, as an axe—wawaka-śduta: also 1st pers. sing. of ka-śduta,
- w a k a' ś e ć a, v. of kaśeća; to deaden—wawakaśeća: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśeća.
- wa-ka'-śe-ya, v. of kaśeya; to obstruct—wakaśewaya.
- wa-ka'-śi-ća-ho-wa-ya, v. of kaśićahowaya; to cause to cry out by smiting—wawakaśićahowaya.
- wa-ka'-śi-pa, v. of kaśipa; to break off, as limbs from a tree—wawaka-śipa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśipa.
- wa-ka'-śka, v. of kaśka; to bind wawakaśka: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśka
- wa-ka'-śki-ća, v. of kaśkića; to press, pound—wawakaśkića: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśkića.
- w a k a' ś k o k p a, v. of kaśkokpa; to hollow out, as a trough—wawakaśkokpa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśkokpa.
- wa-ka'-śko-pa, v. of kaśkopa; to cut crookedly—wawakaśkopa; also 1st pers. sing. of kaśkopa.

- w a k a' ś k o t p a, v. Same as wakaśkokpa.
- wa-ka'-śna, v. of kaśna; to miss in striking—wawakaśna: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśna.
- w a'-k a-śo-ta, adj. blackened with smoke.
- wa'-ka-śo-te-śni, adj. clean, not defiled, pure: wakaśoteśni wauŋ, I am undefiled.
- wa'-ka-śo-te-śni-yan, adv. purely, undefiledly.
- wa-ka'-spa, v. of kaspa; to cut off a piece; to expectorate—wawakaspa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaspa.
- wa-ka'-sta-ka, v. of kastaka; to smite—wawakastaka: also 1st pers. sing. of kastaka.
- wa-ka'-śtan, v. of kaśtan; to pour out—wawakaśtan: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśtan.
- wa-ka'-śu-źa, v. of kaśuźa; to crushbystriking—wawakaśuźa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśuźa.
- wa-ka'-tan-ni, v. of katanni; to wear out by striking—wawakatanni: also 1st pers. sing. of katanni.
- wa-ka'-ta-ta, v. of katata; to shake, as a bed—wawakatata: also 1st pers. sing. of katata.
- wa-ka'-te-pa, v. of katepa; to cut to a stump—wawakatepa: also 1st pers. sing. of katepa.
- w a-k a'-ti-ća, v. of katića; to scrape off—wawakatića. T., to mix up, as mortar.
- w a k a' t k a, v. of katka; to choke—wamakatka.

- wa-ka'-tku-ġa, v. of katkuġa; to cut up short.
- wa-ka'-tkuŋ-za, v. of katkuŋza; to cut off square—wawakatkuŋza.
- wa-ka'-to-to, v. of katoto; to knock, as on a door; to clear off, as land for plowing—wawakatoto.
- wa-ka'-tu-ka, v. of katuka; to spoil by striking, as furs—wawakatuka.
- wa-ka'-tu-tka, v. of katutka; to break into small pieces—wawakatutka
- wa-ka'-ta, v. of kata; to kill by striking—wawakata.
- wa-ka'-ți n-za, v. of kaținza; to pound in tight—wawakaținza.
- wa-ka'-uŋ-ka, v. T. i. q. wa-kawanka.
- wa-ka'-wan-ka, v. of kawanka; to chop down, as timber; to blow down, as the wind does trees. T., wakaunka.
- wa-ka'-we-ga, v. of kawega; to break or fracture—wawakawega.
- wa-ka'-wi-hnu-ni, v. of kawihnuni; to destroy—wawakawihnuni.
- w a k a' w i ŋ ź a , v. of kawiŋźa; to bend down by striking—wawakawiŋźa.
- wa-ka'-zaŋ, v. of kazaŋ; to strike and make sick—wawakazaŋ.
- wa-ka'-ze, v. of kaze; to lade or dip out, as food from a kettle; to lade or dip out, as meat or other solids—wawakaze.
- wa-ka'-zon-ta, v. to weave—wawakazonta: also 1st pers. sing. of kazonta.

- wa-ka'-źa-źa, v. of kaźaźa; to wash by drawing back and forth in the water; to see well—wawakaźaźa: also | st pers. sing. of kaźaźa.
- wa-ka'-źi-pa, v. of kaźipa; to shave—wawakaźipa.
- wa-ka'-źuŋ, v. of kaźuŋ; to tear up by the roots.
- wa-ka'-źu-źu, v. of kaźuźu; to pay off; to erase; to forgive—wawa-kaźuźu: also 1st pers. sing. of kaźuźu.
- wa-kéan'-yan, v. to observe and report: wakéanyan ya, to go to spy out; wakéanyan hdi, to come home and make report of what one has learned, as in the case of a man sent out by the hunters to discover where the buffalo are. T., tonwe-yagli.
- wa-kćan'-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to go and spy out—wakćanyewaya.
- wa-kće'-ya, v. T. to hang over the fire to roast. See wapćeya
- wa-kće'-ya-pi, n. T. the ribs of an animal, the roasting piece; because the ribs are generally so cooked. See wapćeyapi.
- w a k d u' h a , v. abs. Ih. i. q. wahduha.
- wa-kdu'-he, v. n. Ih. to live with one's wife's relatives: wawakduhe.
- Wa-kdu'-he, n. p. the loafer band of Brule Sioux; to live with connections by marriage; a band of Oglalas. T., Waglulie.
- wa-ke'-ya, n. a skin tent, a Dakota lodge. See wokeya.

- wa-ke'-ya, v.a. to have for a tent— | wa-ki'-glu-hta-ta, v.wakewaya.
- wa-ke'-ya-ska, n. a linen or cotton tent.
- wa-ki', v. 1st pers. sing. of ki, to arrive at home, and of ki, to rob.
- wa'-ki', v of ki; to rob-wawaki.
- wa-ki'-ćan-pta, v.a. to comfort, console — wawećanpta wawićakićappta, he comforts them.
- wa-ki'-ćan-pta, adj. compassionate.
- wa-ki'-ćan-pte, n. a comforter.
- wa-ki'-ći-glu-hta-ta, v. T. to offer something of one's own, as a sacrifice, for another; as God gave His Son for the world.
- wa-ki'-ći-hna-ka, v. of hnaka; to lay away for one-wawecihnaka.
- wa'-ki-ći-hna-ka, v of ahnaka; to lay on for one, apply a poultice or cataplasm to one—wáwećihnaka.
- wa-ki'-ći-un-yan, v. offer sacrifice for one.
- wa'-ki-ći-źu, v. a. to lay on a poultice for one-waweciźu, wami-
- wa-ki'-ćon-za, v. a. to purpose, determine for one; to resolve to do to or for one-wawećonza.
- wa-ki'-ćon-za, n. one who determines or decides.
- wa-ki'-ćon-ze, n. T. a leader or chief; one who decides.
- wa-ki'-¢uŋ-pi, n. what is taken and used by all, common property.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{e}$, n. T. what one has laid up; stores.
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- sacrifice one's own.
- wa-ki'-gna-ka, n. T. i. q. wakigle.
- wa-ki'-ġe, v. of kiġe; to scold wawakige: also 1st pers. sing. of kiģe.
- wa ki' hda ka, n. dressed skin, leather, such as is used to make and mend moccasins with.
- wa-ki'-hde-ća, va. to have a feeling for, or be in sympathy with an absent friend, that causes a nervous sensation in the breast or an involuntary twitching of the muscles, said to be premonitory of what is to happen to the person—wawehdeća, wawićawehdeća. See naka.
- wa-ki'-hnag, cont of wakihnaka; wakihnag wahi, I have come to lay
- wa-ki'-hna-ka, v. of kihnaka; to store away one's own-wawehnaka, waunkihnakapi.
- wa-ki'-hna-ka-pi, n. what is laid up, an inheritance.
- wa'-ki-lita-ni, v. of walitani; to sin against. T., awalitani: See under waiçihtani.
- wa-ki'-kan-he-źa, v. a. of kanheźa; to conciliate by presents or by fawning, to make friends with by submission to—wakiwakanheźa.
- wa-ki'-ksu-ya, v. of kiksuya; to remember; to hold communion with and receive communications from supernatural beings, as the Dakotas pretend to do; to call to remem-

- brance a dead friend—waweksuya, waunkiksuyapi. T., to see signs of enemies; to be frightened by signs.
- wa-ki'-ksu-ya-pi, n. remembering the past; having dreams or visions.
- w a' k i k t o ŋ ź a, v. of akiktoŋźa; to forget—wáwektoŋźa.
- wa'-kil. T. cont. of wakita.
- wa-ki'-la, v. T. to ask or beg of one—wawakila
- wa-ki'-mna-yan, n. of mnayan; one who has collected much, one who is rich.
- w a'-k i-n i-ć a, v. of akinića; to dispute—wáwakinića, wáunkinićapi.
- wa'-ki-ni-ća-pi, n. disputation, contest.
- wa-ki'-ni-han, v. 1st pers. sing. of kinihan.
- wa'-ki-nin, cont. of wakinica; wakinin un.
- wa-ki'-ni-ya, v. n. to be touchy, get out of humor—wawakiniya.
- wa-kin'-in, v. of kinin; to throw at, to stone—wawakinin: also 1st pers. sing. of kinin.
- wa-kiŋ'-yaŋ, v. of kiŋyaŋ; to fly, as birds.
- wa-kin'-yan, n. of kinyan; the thunder; the cause of thunder and lightning, supposed by the Dakotas to be a great bird.
- wa-kiŋ'-yaŋ-ho-toŋ, v. the thunder utters his voice; to thunder. wa-kiŋ'-yaŋ-na, n. birds, fowls. wa-kiŋ'-yaŋ-pi, n. of kiŋyaŋ; those that fly, birds.

- wa-ki'ŋ'-yaŋ-toŋ-waŋ-pi, n.
 T. heat lightning; lit. the thunder bird's look.
- wa-kin'-ye-la, n. T. the pigeon; a, dove.
- wa-ki'-pa-źiŋ, v. of kipaźiŋ; to oppose wawakipaźiŋ: also 1st pers. sing. of kipaźiŋ.
- wa-ki'-pi, n. robbery, spoiling. See wawićakipi.
- w a k i' p ś a p ś a, adv. thick, close together. T., itupśapśase. See aki-pśapśa.
- wa'-ki-son, v. of akison; to put edging around quill work—wawa-kison. T.; oksanipata.
- wa-ki'-ś'ag, cont. of wakiś'aka.
- wa-ki-ś'ag-ya, v. a. to make endure—wakiś'agwaya.
- wa-ki'-ś'ag-ya, adv. enduring. wa-ki'-ś'a-ka, adj. capable of endurance, strong to endure hardship or suffering, not easily exhausted or overcome, indefatigable—wamakiś'aka, wanićiś'aka. See waś'aka.
- wa-ki'-ś'a-ke, n. strength.
- wa-ki'-śde-ya, v. of kiśdeya; to annoy, vex; one who annoys wakiśdewaya. T., nażiyeya.
- wa-ki'-śko-kpa, n. a bucket made of bark, a basket, a pitcher, etc.
- wa-ki'-śko-tpa, n. Same as wakiśkokpa.
- wa'-ki-ta, v. of akita; to seek for; to look for—wawakita, waunkitapi.
- wa-ki'-tan, v. of kitan; to insist upon; to persist in doing—wawakitan: also 1st pers. sing. of kitan.

- wa-ki'-yu-śna, v. a. to sacrifice to, sists upon. wa-ki'-yu-śna, v. a. to sacrifice to, offer to in sacrifice—wawakiyuśna,
- wa-ki'-te-hi, adj. stingy, covetous—wamakitehi.
- wa-ki'-ton-ton-ka, v. n. to be frugal, economical; one who is frugal, etc.—wawakitontonka. T., wagluhahaka.
- wa-ki'-tu-ka, v. of kituka; to beg of—wawakituka: also 1st pers. sing. of kituka. T., wakila.
- wa-ki'-uŋ-ni-ya, v. of kiuŋniya; to injure, hurt—wakiuŋniwaya.
- wa-ki'-un-yan, v. T. to sacrifice or make an offering to one; to sacrifice one's own.
- wa'-ki-ya, v. T. to talk about, discuss; try, as a case in court.
- wa'-ki-ya-pi, n. T. a trial.
- wa'-ki-ya-ti-pi, n. T. a court house; a council house.
- wa'-ki-ya-wi-ća-śa, n. T. a lawyer; a Congressman.
- wa-ki'-ya-zaŋ, v. pos. of wayazaŋ; to become sick for one, as one's child — wamakiyazaŋ, waniciyazaŋ, wauŋkiyazaŋpi.
- wa-ki'-ye, n. birds. See wakin-yanpi.
- wa-ki'-ye-dan, n. a pigeon, pigeons.
- wa-ki'-yu-śe, v. of kiyuśe; to oppose, to hate.
- wa-ki'-yu-śka, v. of kiyuśka; to loosen, release—wawakiyuśka and wawakimduśka: also 1st pers. sing. of kiyuśka.

- wa-ki'-yu-śna, v. a. to sacrifice to, offer to in sacrifice—wawakiyuśna, waunkiyuśnapi, waciciyuśna. T., to drop for one. See wakiyuhtata.
- wa-ki'-yu-śna-pi, n. sacrificing to. T., wakiyuhtatapi, and wakiunyappi.
- wa-ki'-yu-za, v. a. to take away the clothes of one who comes home in triumph. This is done when the braves first come home in triumph; and their blankets may afterwards be taken from them on each occasion of painting the scalps red, which ceremony is commonly performed four times. Hence to take advantage of—wawakiyuza, wawi-ćakiyuzapi.
- wa-kma'-he-za, n. Ih. corn:
 i q. wamnaheza. T.. wagmaheza.
 wa-kmu', n. pumpkins. Ih. i. q.
- wa-kmu, n. pumpkins. In. i. wagmu.
- wa-ko'-gla, n. T. a gully, made by the action of water in a ravine.
- wa-ko'-ki-pa, v. of kokipa; to be afraid, fearful—wakowakipa.
- wa-ko'-ki-pe-ki-ća-ġa, v. a (wakokipa and kićaġa) to make afraid, frighten into a measure—wakokipewećaga, wakokipemićaġa.
- wa-ko'-ni-ya, n. a fountain or spring of water. T., miniyowe.
- wa-kon', v. of kon; to desire—wawakon: also 1st pers. sing. of kon wa-kon'-la, v. T. to covet.
- wa-kon'-za, v of konza; to influence, to determine—wawakonza: also 1st pers. sing. of konza.

- wa-kon'-ze, n. influence: nitawakonze, thy influence or spirit.
- wa-ko'-yag-ya, v. of koyagya; to put on, to clothe; to cause to put on—wakoyagwaya.
- wa-ko'-ya-ka, v. of koyaka; to put on clothes—wakomdaka, wa-kounyakapi.
- wa-ko'-ya-ke-ća, n. one who puts on clothes, one who dresses up, a fop—wakomayakeća.
- wa-kpa', n. a stream of water, a river: i. q. watpa.
- wa-kpa'-daŋ, n. a small stream, a rivulct, a creek: i. q. watpadaŋ. T., wakpala; also, a ravine, although there is no water.
- wa-kpa'-la, n. T. i. q. wakpadan. wa-kpa'-la-ho-gan, n. T. the sun fish.
- wa-kpa'-tan-ka, n. T. of kpatan: one who is economical.
- wa-kpi'-ća-hda, adv. by the side of a stream. See watpićahda.
- wa-kpo'-hna, adv. on the stream. T., wakpa ogna.
- -wa-kpo'-pta, adv. across the stream.
- wa-kpu'-kpa, n. dust, motes of dust; i. q. watuśekścća and watputpa.
- wa-kpu'-kpe-ća, n. anything scattered about, dust.
- wa-kśi'-ća, n. a dish, a bowl, a pan, a plate.
- wa-kśi'-ća-o-pi-ye, n. a cupboard.
- wa-kśi-ća-ska-dan, n. earthen plates.

- wa-kśiŋ'-o-pi-ye, n. a cupboard—dish cupboard.
- wa-kśi'-śko-kpa, n. T. soup plates; saucers.
- wa-kta', n. a sign, a mark. T. waktawićaye. See wowakta.
- wa-kta', v. n. to look out for, watch for, be on one's guard—wawakta, wannktapi. See akta
- wa-kta'-ken, adv. on the look out for, guardedly.
- wa-kta'-ya, v. a. to put on one's guard, to warn—waktawaya, waktaunyanpi.
- w a k t a' y a, adv. on one's guard, warily, prudently.
- wa-kta'-ya-ken, adv. on the look out.
- wa-kte', v. 1st pers. sing. of kte.
- wa-kte', v. of kte; to kill, to have killed and scalped, to triumph—wawakte, waunktepi: wakte ahda, they go home in triumph; wakte ahdi, they come home in triumph; wakte hi, to come in triumph; wakte hda, to go home in triumph, having taken scalps; wakte hdi, to come home bringing the scalps of enemies; wakte ki, etc.
- wa-kto'-hdag, cont. of wakto-hdaka.
- wa-kto'-hdag-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to tell how many scalps one has taken—wakdohdagwakiya.
- wa-kto'-hda-ka, v. pos. (wakte and ohdaka) to tell over one's own warlike exploits, tell how many scalps one has helped to take—waktowahdaka.

- wa-kto'-ki-ći-ya-ka, v. (wakte and okićiyaka) to tell to one the warlike deeds of another for him waktowećiyaka.
- wa-kto'-ki-ya-ka, v. (wakte and okiyaka) to tell to one of warlike exploits—waktowakiyaka.
- wa-kto'-ya-ka, v. (wakte and oyaka) to tell what one has done in killing enemies—waktomdaka.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . See wakonza.
- wa-ku'-te, v. of kute; to shoot, to be shooting—wawakute, waunkutepi: wakute mde kta, I will go shooting: also 1st pers. sing. of kute, to shoot, as fowls.
- wa-ku'-te-pi, n. shooting.
- wa-ku'-wa, v. of kuwa; to hunt, hunt for furs, as those of muskrats, otters, etc.: hunting—wawakuwa, waunkuwapi: also 1st pers. sing. of kuwa.
- w a k u' w a p i, n. hunting, as for furs.
- wa-ka', v. of ka; to dig—wawaka, waunkapi: also 1st pers. sing. of ka-
- wa-ke'-dan, n. the places from which squirrels dig up food.
- wa-kin', v. of kin; to pack, carry on one's back—wawakin, waunkin-pi: also 1st pers. sing. of kin.
- wa-kin', n. a pack, a burden.
- wa-kin'-ćan-ki-ća-śka, n. a place of deposit for meat, etc., in the woods.
- wa-kin'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to pack or carry on the back, as a horse—wakin wakiya.

- wa-kin'-kin-na-se, n. like a pack, i e. a square.
- wa-kin'-la-se, n. I. like a pack; i. e., a square or cube.
- wa-kin'-pi, n. a burden, a pack.
- wa-ķu', v. of ku; to give—wawaku, wauŋkupi: also 1st pers. sing. of ku.
- wa-ku'-pi, n. giving; receiving.
- wal, T. cont. of wata; a boat.
- wal-će'-te, n. T. the bottom or keel of a boat.
- wal-he'-ktab, cont. T. adv. at the stern.
- wal-he'-kta-pa, n. T. the stern of a boat.
- wal-i'-ća-śke, n. T. an anchor.
- wal-i'-éa-śpe, n. T. a tool for hollowing out a canoe.
- wal-i'-to-pe, n. T. an oar, a paddle.
- wal-o'-i-hu-ni, n. T. a boat landing.
- wal-o'-i-na-źin, n. T. a boat landing.
- wal-pa', n. T. the bow of a boat.
- wal-sin'-te, n. T. the rudder of a boat.
- wal-sin'-te-yu-ho-mni, v. T. to steer a boat.
- wal-sin'-te-yu-ze, n. T. a helmsman.
- wal-te'-te, n. T. the rim or gunwale.
- wal-tu'-ću-hu, n. T. the ribs of a boat.

- wa-ma'-ka-śkaŋ, n. creeping things, the generic name for vermin. The western Sioux use this word for game, especially the buffalo. I should rather conclude that it had been the generic word for the animal kingdom—all things that move upon the earth.—J. P. W.
- wa-ma'-ki-non, v. of makinon; to steal from one—wamawakinon, wamaunkinonpi.
- wa-ma'-ko-hna-ka, n. of maka and ohnaka; the contents of the world; the whole creation, animate and inanimate.
- wa-ma'-ni-ća, n. the generic name for carnivorous animals. T. wamakaskan.
- wa-ma'-ni-ti, n. a bear's den. T., mato oti.
- wa-ma'-non, v. of manon; to steal—wamawanon, wamaunnonpi.
- w a m a' n o n p i, n. stealing, theft. w a - m a' - n o n - s' a, n a thief.
- wa-ma'-nu, v. See wamanon.
- wa-mde'-ni-ća, n. an orphan, a fatherless or motherless child—wa-mamdenića, waunmdenićapi: wa-mdenića ehpećiyapi śni, "I will not leave you orphans." T., wablenića, without relatives.
- wa'-mde-za, v. n. to see clearly—wawamdeza, wayamdeza. T., wableza.
- w a' m d e z a, n. an inspector.
- wa-mdi, n. See wanmdi.
- wa-mdo'-ka, n. the he-bear. T., mato bloka.

- wa'-mdo-ska, n. a species of blackbird with white on its wings; the wapagića.
- w a' m d o s a, n. a species of blackbird with red on its wings
- wa-mdu'-dan, n. maggots. T., waglula.
- wa-mdu'-śka, n. snakes; serpents.
- wa-mdu'-śka-dan, n. snakes; worms; bugs.
- w a m d u' ś k a ś a ś a , n. red bugs, i. e. bed bugs. T., wabluśkaśaśa.
- wa'-mi-ni, n. snow-water.
- wa-mi'-ni-tu, n. T. a whale
- wa-mna'-da, v. a. to honor, respect, fear; to consider brave or energetic wamnawada, wamna-undapi. See ahopa, akta, kinihan, etc.
- wa-mna'-da-śni, v. a. to have no respect for one's ability—wamnawadaśni.
- wa-mna'-he-ća, n. an oar, a paddle. T., walitope.
- wa-m n a'-h e-z a, n. maize, Indian corn. See wakmaheza, etc. T., wagmeza.
- wa-mna'-he-za-hu, n. cornstalks
- w a-m n a'-h e-z a-k i-ć i-i-ć a-ġ e, n. a blue flower that appears about the time corn is ripe.
- wa-mna'-i-&i-da, v. reflex. of wamnada; to be proud, to think much of one's own abilities—wamnami&ida.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{i} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i}$, \mathbf{n} . pride.

- wa-mna'-yan, v. of mnayan; to | wa'-na-bu, v. of anabu; to make gather, collect—wamnawaya, wamnaunyanpi.
- wa mna' yan, n. a collector; in the Dakota churches, a deacon.
- wa-mna'-yan-pi, n. gathering, harvest; a collection.
- wa-mni', v. of mni; to dry by spreading out, as shelled cornwawamni: also 1st pers. sing. of mni.
- wa'-mni-mni, v. of amnimni; to sprinkle; one who sprinkles—wawaminimni.
- wa'-mni-o-mni, n. a small worm, perhaps a chrysalis; a whirl of wind, a hurricane.
- wa mnu', n.gourds; pumpkins, squashes, etc. See wakmu, etc. T., wagmu.
- wa-mnu'-ha, n. gourd-shells. The Indian rattle is usually made of a gourd-shell. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ wagmuha.
- wa-mnu'-hu, n. pumpkin vines.
- wa-mnu'-ha, n. large beads; small spiral shells; snails.
- wa-r nu'-ha-dan, n large beads; snail-shells.
- wa-mnu'-sa-dan, n. a kind of bird, the snipe.
- wa-mnu'-tan-ka, n. pumpkins. T., wagmutanka.
- an ear of corn wa-mun'-ta, n. well filled and flat at the end.
- wa'-na, adv. See wanna.
- wa-na'-bag-i-ye-ya, v. of nabaka; to kick away, kick out the foot.

- a drumming noise with the foot on the ground—wanawabu.
- wa'-na-bu-bu, v. red. of wanabu.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, \mathbf{v} . of nacancan; to shake with the foot-wanawacanćan.
- wa-na'-će-kće-ka, v. of naćekćeka; to make stagger by kickingwanawaćekćeka.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{c} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$; $\mathbf{t} \mathbf{o}$ kick and make cry-wanawaćeya.
- wa-na'-će-ye-s'a, n kicks and makes cry.
- wa-nag'-bag-i-ye-ya, v. T. to kick out of the way.
- wa-nag'-ba-ka, v. T. to kick out the foot.
- wa-na'-gi, n. of nagi; the soul when separated from the body; a ghost, the manes; a shadow.
- wa · na' ġi ta ćan ku, n. milky way.
- $wa na' \dot{g}i ta \dot{g}o \dot{s}a$, η . ghostspittle; a kind of exudation found around some plants; cuckoo-spittle; T, wanagitahośa. heavy dew.
- wa-na'-ġi-ta-ma-ko-će, n. the world of spirits.
- wa-na'-gi-ti-pi, n. the house of spirits, the abode of the dead, hades.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, adv. in the world of spirits, at the spirit-land, to the abode of spirits: wanagiyata mde kta, I will go to the spirit-land.
- $wa-na'-\dot{g}i-ye-ya$, v. of na $\dot{g}i$ yeya; to annoy, trouble, vex-wanagiyewaya.

- wa na'-ġu-ka, v. of naġuka; to sprain—wanawaġuka.
- wa-na'-ha-i-ye-ya, v. of naha iyeya; to knock down with the foot, to kick aside.
- wa-na'-hin-ta, v. of nahinta; to scrape off with the foot—wanawa-hinta.
- wa-na'-hmun, v. of nahmun; to curl or twist up.
- wa-na'-hna, v. to kick off, as fruit—wanawahna.
- wa-na'-hna-yan, v. toslip, slide, deceive.
- wa-na'-hna-ye, n. slipping, deception.
- wa-na'-ho-ho, v. of nahoho; to make loose with the foot—wanawahoho
- wa-na'-ho-mni, v. of nahomni; to turn round with the foot—wanawahomni.
- wa-na'-ho-ton, v. of nahoton; to cause to make a noise by kicking—wanawahoton.
- wa-na'-hu-hu-za, v. of nahu-huza; to shake with the foot—wana-wahuhuza. T., wanahunhunza.
- wa-na'-ha-pa, v. of nahapa; to scare away by walking; one who frightens game—wanawahapa.
- wa'-na-hbe, v. of anahma; to conceal—wanawahbe. T., wanahme.
- wa-na'-hća, n. T. flowers, especially cultivated flowers.
- wa-na'-liéi, v. of nahéi; to break out a piece with the foot; to break out pieces, as from a horse's hoof.

- wa-na'-hda, v. of nahda; to rattle with the foot—wanawahda.
- wa-na'-hda-ta, v. of nahdata; to scratch with the foot; one who scratches with the foot, as a cat—wanawahdata.
- wa-na'-hde-ca, v. of nahdeca; to tear with the foot; one who tears wanawahdeca.
- wa-na'-hdo-ka, v. of nahdoka; to wear holes in the feet by means of something—wanawahdoka.
- wa-na'-he-ya-ta, v. of naheyata; to kick out of the way: wanaheyata iyeya.
- wa-na'-hi-ća, v. of nahića; to waken up with the foot—wanawahića.
- wa-na'-hma, v. of nahma; to conceal—wanawahma.
- wa'-na-hma, v. of anahma; to conceal; to deny a charge wanawahma. T., wanahme.
- wa-na'-hon, v. of nahon; to hear, hearken, obcy wanawahon. See anagoptan and akta.
- wa-na'-hon, adj. hearkening, obedient.
- wa-na'-hon-pi, n. the act of listening, hearkening.
- wa-na'-hon-śni, v. to be disobedient, not to hearken to—wanawahonśni.
- wa-na'-hon-śni-yan, adv. heedlessly
- wa-na'-hpa, v. of nahpa; to knock or shake down, as one may do by walking on an upper floor—wanawahpa.

- wa'-na-hpa, v. to kick or cast about snow with the feet, as buffaloes and horses do.
- wa-na'-hpe-ća, v. Same as wanáhpa.
- wa-na'-hpu, v. of nahpu; to kick off pieces.
- wa-na'-hta-ka, v. of nahtaka; to be in the habit of kicking—wanawahtaka.
- wa-na'-i-&i-liman-pi, n. those who conceal themselves; hypocrites:
 i. q. wanakilimanpi.
- wa-na'-ka-ka, v. of nakaka; to make rattle with the foot, as icicles, stiff hides, etc—wanawakaka. T., wanakakaka.
- wa-na'-kaś, adv. cont. of wanakaźa; long ago. T., ehanna.
- wa-na'-kaś-wo-ta, adj. aged wanakaśmawota.
- wa-na'-ka-tinj, v of nakatin; to stretch out with the foot—wanawakatin.
- w a n a' k a \acute{z} a, adv. long ago. T., ehanna.
- wa-na'-ka-źa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. long since, of old, of a long time.
- wa'-na-ki-hma and wa'-naki-hbe, v. of anakihma; to conceal — wánawakihbe, wánaunkihmanpi.
- wa'-na-ki-limaŋ-pi, n. hypocrites; i. q. wanaiçilimaŋpi.
- wa'-n'a-ki-kśiŋ, v. of anakikśiŋ; to interpose and defend one by taking his place in danger—wánawekśiŋ, wánamikśiŋ.

- wa-na'-ki-źa, v. of nakiźa; to tread out, as rice—wanawakiźa.
- wa-na'-ko-ka, v of nakoka; to rattle with the foot—wanawakoka.
- wa-na'-kpa, n. bears' ears: i. q. wanatpa. T., mato nakpa.
- wa-na'-ksa, v. of naksa; to break off with the foot—wanawaksa, wanauŋksapi.
- wa-na'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of wa-naksa.
- wa-na'-kse-ya, v. T. to harvest grain; to mow grass.
- wa-na'-kśi-źa, v. of nakśiźa; to double up with the foot—wanawa-kśiźa.
- wa-na'-ktan, v. of naktan; to bend with the foot—wanawaktan.
- wa-na'-ku-ka, v. of nakuka; to wear out with the feet—wanawakuka.
- wa-na'-ku-ke-ća, n. one who wears out moccasins badly.
- wa-na'-mda-ska, v. of namdaska; to flatten with the foot—wanawamdaska.
- wa-na'-mda-ya, v. of namdaya; to spread out with the foot—wanawamdaya.
- wa-na'-mda-za, v. of namdaza; to burst open.
- wa-na'-mde-ća, v. of namdeća; to break in pieces with the foot wanawamdeća.
- wa-na'-mna, v. of namna; to rip with the foot, as moccasins—wanawamna.
- wa-na'-mna-ka, n. one who rips his moccasins much.

- wa'-nan, adv. See wanna.
- wa-na'-o-hpa, v. of naohpa; to break into with the feet—wanawao-hpa.
- wa-na'-o-ksa, v. of naoksa; to break through, as through ice in killing muskrats—wanawaoksa.
- wa-na'-o-ktan, v. of naoktan; to bend into with the foot—wana-waoktan.
- wa-na'-o-tin-za, v. of naotinza; to tread in tight—wanaowatinza.
- wa-na'-pa, v. of napa; to flee—wanawapa.
- wa-na'-pan, v. of napan; to tread out, as grain—wanawapan.
- wa-na'-paŋ-paŋ, v. of napaŋpaŋ; to make soft by treading—wanawapaŋpaŋ.
- wa-na'-pća, v. of napća; to swallow—wanawapća: wanapća iyeya.
- wa-na'-pe-ya, v. to drive off, cause to flee; one who makes flee wanapewaya.
- wa-na'-pi-ća-ġe-yu-za, v. (wanapa, ićaġa, and yuza) to have it in one's power to make all flee; to be feared by all—wanapićaġemduza.
- wa-na'-pi-śkaŋ-yaŋ, n. Ih. a toy, a plaything; amusements, shows.
- wa-na'-pi-śkaŋ-yaŋ, v. T. to play with, as children with toys; to exhibit, perform, as a circus. See wanapiśtaŋyaŋ.
- wa-na'-pi-staŋ-yaŋ, v. of napistaŋyaŋ; to destroy or injure everything—wanipistaŋwaya.

- wa-na'-po-hna-ka, v. to put or hold in the hands.
- wa-na'-poli-ya, v. of napoliya; to leaven, cause to rise—wanapoli-waya.
- wa-na'-pom-ya, v. to cause to burst—wanapomwaya.
- wa-na'-po-pa, v. of napopa; to burst.
- wa-na'-po-ta, v. of napota; to wear out with the feet—wanawapota.
- wa-na'-po-te-ća; n. one who wears out with the feet—wanawapo-teća.
- wa-na'-psa-ka, v. of napsaka; to break, as a string, with the foot wanawapsaka.
- wa-na'-pson, v. of napson; to spill by kicking, kick over—wanawapson.
- w a n a' p t u ź a, v. of naptuźa; to split or crack.
- wa-na'-pin, n. a medal; a necklace of beads; a handkerchief; anything worn around the neck, a comforter, etc.
- wa-na'-pin-ki-ća-ton, v. a. to put on, as a wanapin; to cause to wear a necklace, etc.—wanapinwe-ćaton.
- wa-na'-pin-mda-ska, n. a necklace of beads interwoven.
- wa-na'-pin-ya, v. a. to have or use for a wanapin—wanapinwaya.
- wa-na'-sa, v. of nasa; to hunt by surrounding and shooting, as buffalo; to chase buffalo—wanawasa, wanaunsapi. See howanasekiyapi.

- wa-na'-sa'-pi, n. the buffalo chase.
- wa-na'-sda-ta, v. of nasdata; to crawl up to.
- wa-na'-sde-ća, v. of nasdeća; to split.
- wa-na'-se-ya, v. to go on a buffalo hunt; to make a surround.
- wa-na'-sna, v. of nasna; to make ring with the feet—wanawasna.
- wa-na'-sni, v. of nasni; to trample out, as fire.
- wa-na'-śa-pa', v. of nasapa; to defile with the feet—wanawasapa.
- wa-na'-śda, v. of naśda; to make bare with the feet.
- wa-na'-śdo-ka, v. of naśdoka; to pull off, as pantaloons—wanawaśdoka.
- wa-na'-śe-ća, v. of naśeća; to trample and make dry, as grass—wanawaśeća.
- w a n a' ś i ć a, v. of naśića; to injure with the feet—wanawaśića.
- w a n a' \pm i p a, v of nasipa; to break off with the feet—wanawasipa.
- wa-na'-śki-ća, v. of naśkića; to press with the foot; one who presses with the foot—wanawaśkića.
- wa-na'-śna, v. of naśna; to miss with the foot; wanaśna iyeye s'a, one who kicks.
- w a n a' ś n i ź a, v. of naśniża; to trample down, as grass, and make wither—wanawaśniża.
- wa-na'-śo-śa, v. of naśośa; to foul, as water, with the feet—wanawaśośa.

- the buffalo wa-na'-spa, v. of naspa; to break off with the feet—wanawaspa.
 - w a n a' ś p u, v. of naśpu; to break off, as in trampling on pumpkins—wanawaśpu.
 - wa-na'-śu-źa, v. of naśuźa; to bruise with the feet—wanawaśuźa.
 - w a n a' t a k a, v. of nataka; to fasten up—wanawataka.
 - wa'-na-tan, v. of anatan; to run upon, to attack—wanawatan.
 - wa-na'-te-pa, v. of natepa; to wear off short with the foot—wanawatepa.
 - wa'-na-ti-ća, v. of natica; to scrape away, as snow; to paw, as a horse—wanawatica.
 - wa-na'-ti-pa, v. of natipa; to cramp.
 - wa-na'-ti-tan, v. of natitan; to pull or push against—wanawatitan.
 - wa-na'-tpa, n. a bear's ears: i. q. wanakpa.
 - wa-na'-tu-ka, v. of natuka; to stamp to pieces, as furs; one who destroys by stamping—wanawatuka.

 T., wanakuka.
 - wa-na'-ta, v. of nata; to kick to death—wanawata.
 - wa-na'-uŋ-ka, v. T. to kɨck and make fall down.
 - wa-na'-wan-ka, v. of nawanka; to kick down; to start off on the gallop, as a herd of buffalo. T., wanaunka.
 - wa-na'-we-ġa, v. of naweġa; to break with the foot—wanawaweġa.

- wa'-na-win, v. of anawin; to tell wa'-ni-ka-la, n. T. i. q. waniwhat is not true, to conceal-wana-T., analime. wawin.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}, v.$ of nawinza; to bend down with the foot, as grasswanawawinźa.
- wa-na'-źa-źa, v. of naźaża; to wash by boiling, as clothes.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{a}$. to cause to wash out or come clean by boilingwanaźaźawaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}, \quad \mathbf{v} \quad \text{of nazipa}; \quad to$ pinch or scratch with the toes—wanawaźipa.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u}, v.$ of $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u}; to$ kick down, kick to pieces: one who kicks to pieces—wanawaźuźu.
- wa-ni-ća', n. meat of all kinds: wanića waćin, I desire meat. waćonića. See ćonića.
- wa-ni'-ća, adj. of nića; none, without any-manica, ninica, unnicapi.
- wa'-ni-ća, v. of anića; to refuse to give up-wawanica.
- wa-ni'-ća-dan, adj. none, very
- wa-nig'-ni-ća, adj. red. of wanića.
- wa-ni'-han, n. last winter.
- wa-ni'-ki-sa-pa, n. a winter in which the ground is not covered with snow. T., waniyetu kisapa
- wa-ni'-ki-ya, v. of nikiya; to save, cause to live—waniwakiya.
- wa-ni'-ki-ya, n. one who makes · live; the Saviour.
- wa'-ni-ka-dan, n. a very little. T., wanikala.

- kadan.
- w a n i n', cont. of wanica: owihanke wanin wićoni, life without end.
- wa-ning'-ni-ća, adj red. of wanića. See wanignića.
- wa'-ni-stin-na, n. a little, very little. wa-ni'-ti, v. to spend the winter, to winter.
- wa-ni'-ti-pi, n. a winter encamp-
- wa-ni'-un, v. to winter, spend the winter.
- wa-ni'-ya, v of niya; to cause to live-waniwaya.
- wa-ni'-ya-ka-tan-ka, n. the hen hawk, a species of kite.
- wa-ni'-yan-pi, n. T. domestic animals: i. q. wanunyanpi.
- wa-ni'-ye, n. one who makes live; the Saviour.
- wa-ni'-ye-tu, n. winter, a winter; a year. See kiwani.
- wa-nu', adv. See wanun.
- wa-nun', adv. by chance, accidentally: wanun econ, to do by accident; wanun ećonpi, an accident.
- wa-nunh', adv. by accident:
- wa-nuŋ'-ken, adv. accidentally.
- $wa-nu\eta'-ya\eta$, v. of nunyan; to tame, domesticate—wanunwaya.
- wa-nun'-yan-pi, n. tame animals, domestic cattle. T., waniyanpi. See woteća.
- wan, art. indef. a or an.
- wan, intj. look! see!
- wan, n. a large blackish snake five or six feet long. T., wanto.

- wan, n. cont. of wanzu, a quiver; and | wan hi' sa dan, n. of wanhinkpe, an arrow.
- wan-a'-pe- $\sin i$, adv. T. without wounding: wanapeśni kte, to kill without wounding.
- wan'-ća, num adj. one; i. q. wanźidan.
- wan'-ća, adv. once.
- wan'-ća-dan, adv. only once.
- wan'-ćag, cont. of wancake.
- waŋ'-ća-hna, adv. at once, immediately.
- wan'-ća-kća-dan, adv. red. of wanéadan; a few times; now and then once; once apiece.
- wan'-ća-ke, adv. at once.
- wan'-ći, adj. T. one: i. q. wanźi. wan-e'-ya, n. what is prepared

for eating on a journey, provisions. T., onweya. See unweya.

- wan-hda'-ka, v. pos. of wanyaka; to see one's own—wan walidaka, wanunhdakapi.
- wan-hi', n. (wan and hi) a flint, flints: perhaps so called from the fact that arrow-heads were formerly made of *flints*.
- wan-hin'-kpe, n. an arrow, arrows—tiwanhinkpe, nitiwanhinkpe, mitiwanhinkpe
- wan-hin'-kpe-ki-hi-ye-yapi, n. a bow-shot. T., wanhinkpe kinin yeyapi. See kihiyeya.
- wan-hin'-kpe-o-i-na-źin, n. T. the notch in the end of an arrow.
- wan-hin'-tpe, n. Same as wanhinkpe.
- wan-hi'-śa, n. gun caps.

- percussion caps.
- wan-hi'-yu-za, n. flat arm or wrist-bands.
- wan-i-ya', intj. of surprise; indeed! used on meeting one unexpectedly. T., hophophe!
- $wa\eta' i ya hpe ya, v.$ shoot arrows.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y}' \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{e}, \mathbf{n}$. an instrument for making arrows.
- wan-ka', v. n. to be; to lie, as a lake, field, or log; to lie down; to spend the night; to continue, as, ya wanka, to keep going on-munka, nunka, unwankapi. T., iyunka.
- wan'-ka. See ćanwanka,
- wan'-ka-dan, adj. weak, tender; soft, brittle, easily broken or torn mawankadan. T, wankala; Ih, wankana
- wan-ka'-han, part. lying down, T., yunkahan. fallen down.
- wan-ka'-he-ya, v. a. to throw down, cause to fall—wankahewaya. T., yunkaheya.
- wan'-ka-la, adj. T. i. q. wankadaŋ.
- wan-kan', adv. above, up high. T., wankanl.
- wan-kan'-tan-han, adv. from above. T., wankantanhan.
- wan-kan'-ta-tan-han, adv. from above.
- wan-kan'-ti-pi, n. an upper room, up stairs. T., wankanltipi.
- wan-kan'-tki-ya, adv. upwards. wan-kan'-tu, adv. up above, high up.

- wan-kan'-tu-ya, adv. high up. wan-kan'-tu-ya-ken, adv. up high.
- wan-kan l', adv. T. i. q. wankan. wan-kan l'-tu, adv. T. i. q. wankantu.
- wan'-kan-ye-la, adv. T. loose, free to turn.
- wan'-ka-pi, n. a lying down, an encampment. T., yunkapi.
- wan-ki'-ći-ya-ka-pi, v. recip. of wanyaka; to see each other.
- wan-mdi', n. the royal or wareagle, the Falso imperialis or Aquila heliaca. T., wanbli.
- wan-mdu'-dan, n. T., waglula. See wamdudan, the better orthography.
- waŋ-mdu'-śka, n. See wamduśka. waŋ-mdu'-śka-daŋ, n. See wamduśkadaŋ.
- wan mli' , or wan bli' , n. T. i. q. wan mdi .
- waŋ-mlu'-la, or waŋ-blu'-la, n. T. i. q. waŋmdudaŋ.
- waŋ-mlu'-śka-la, or waŋ-blu'śka-la, n. T. i. q. waŋmduśkadaŋ.
- wan'-na, adv. now, quickly; lately, already: wanna ecamon, I have now done it; wanna ecamon kta, I will now do it.
- wan'-naś, adv. now.
- way'-ske, n. the family name of a fourth child, if a daughter.
- waŋ-ske'-pa, n. an arrow-head not barbed. T., kestonśni.
- wan-sma'-hi, n. an iron arrow-head.

- wan'-to, n. T. a blackish blue snake. See wan.
- wan-yag', cont. of wanyaka; wanyag hi, to come to see; wanyag iheya, to see all at once, to perceive, discover.
- wan-yag'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to see any thing—wanyagwakiya, wanyagmakiya.
- wan-yag'-ya, v. a. to cause to see or perceive—wanyagwaya.
- wan-ya'-ka, v. a. to see or perceive anything; to have seen—wanmdaka, wandaka, wanunyakapi, wanciyaka. See tonwan.
- wan ye', v. wanye ya, to go to see or examine; i. q. wakéanyan.
- wan ye' ća, n. rushes; the lightning bug, the fire-fly.
- wan ye'-ya, v.a. to shoot arrows; to shoot in the sacred dance—wanyewaya. T., wanhinkpe yeya.
- wan-yu'-go, v. a. to make the crooked marks on arrows, which are considered essential to their goodness. See yugo.
- wan-yu'-go-dan, n. the striped lizard. T., agleskala.
- wan-yu'-gu-ka, v. to draw an arrow out of the quiver.
- wan'-yu-kpan, v. to shoot an arrow.
- wan'-yu-kpan-han, v. to shoot arrows one after another—wanmdu-kpanhan.
- wan-yu'-la-śa, v. T. to draw and shoot a bow; to shoot arrows from a bow.

- wan'-yu-tpan-han, v. See wanyukpanhan.
- wan-źi', num. adj. one; also used for an indefinite number, some.
- wan-źi'-ća, adj. one.
- wan-źi'-ća, adv. in one way; as, hećetu wanżića, in the same state, without change.
- waŋ-źi'-daŋ, num. adj. one—mawaŋźidaŋ, uŋwaŋźipidaŋ: waŋźipidaŋ, they are one. Ih., waŋźina. T., waŋźila.
- $wa\eta zi' da\eta ke\eta$, adv. in one manner.
- wan zi' dan ki ya, adv. in one way.
- wan-źig'-źi, adj. red. of wanźi; some
- wan-źig'-źi-dan, adj. red. of wanźidan; some.
- wan-źig'-źi-la, adj. T. one by one; singly; one apiece.
- waŋ-źi'-i-to-kto or waŋ-źi'i-to-to, adv. turn about, i. q. uŋma itoto. T., waŋźiitoktog.
- wan źi' kśi, adj. red. of wanźi; some. T., wanżigźi.
- wan-źi'-la, num. adj. T. i. q. wanźidan.
- wan-źi'-na, num. adj. Ih. one.
- wan'-źu, n. a quiver: wanźu kin, to carry a quiver.
- wan'-źu-ya-pi, n. a name given to the śkeća, fisher, Mustela canadensis, as the skin of that animal alone, it is said, was formerly used for making quivers; any skin used to make a quiver.

- wa-o', v. of o; to hit in shooting—wawao: also 1st pers. sing. of o.
- wa-o'-ho-da, v. of ohoda; to honor, worship—waohowada.
- wa-o'-ka, n. a marksman; a good hunter—wawaoka.
- wa-o'-ki-hi, v. of okihi; to be able, to have ability—waowakihi.
- wa-o'-ki-hi-ka, n. one who is able—waowakihika.
- wa-o'-ki-hi-ya, v. a. to make able—waokihiwaya.
- wa-o'-ki-hi-ya, adv. ably, powerfully.
- wa-o'-ki-ya, n. one who communicates with or commands.
- wa-o'-ki-ya, v. of ókiya; to help, aid-waowakiya. T., wawokiya.
- wa-o'-ki-ye, n: a helper; a lawyer.
- wa-o'-ku, v. of oku; to lend—wa-owaku.
- wa-on'-spe, v. of onspe; to know how—waonnaspe, waonnispe.
- wa-o η '-spe-ki-ya, v. of onspe-kiya; to teach—waonspewakiya.
- wa-on'-spe-ki-ya, n. a teacher.
- wa-on'-śi-da, adj. merciful, gracious—waonsiwada, waonsiundapi.
- wa-o'-po, n. T. light snow flying in the sunlight.
- wa-o'-ste-hda, v. of ostehda; to speak evil of, call bad names; to revile, to slander—waostewahda.
- wa-o'-wa-ki-ye, v. of owakiye; to speak with—waowawakiye.
- wa-o'-yu-sin, v. T. to hate, to be out of humor with.

- wa-o'-yu-sin-ke, n. T. one who hates.
- w a o' ź i ź i, v. of oźiźi; to whisper; a whisperer—waowaźiźi.
- wa-pa', v. of pa; to bark, as a dog. wa-pa', v. n. to snow; it is snowing. T., wahinhe.
- wa-pa', adv. towards, at: wankan wapa, upwards; tokata wapa, forwards; tinta wapa, at the prairie.
- wa'-pa, n. a bear's head. T., mato pa. wa'-pa, n. leaves; ćanwápa, foliage: ćanwapatowi, the month of May.
- wa-pa'-ba-ġa, v. of pabaġa; to roll, twist: also 1st pers. sing. of pabaġa.
- wa-pa'-be, v. of paman; to file—wawapabe: also 1st pers. sing. of pabe. T., wapame.
- wa-pa'-bu, v. of pabu; to beat, drum—wawapabu: also 1st pers. sing. of pabu.
- wa-pa'-ćaŋ-ćaŋ, v. of paćaŋćaŋ; to make shake: also 1st pers. sing. of paćaŋćaŋ.
- wa-pa'-ćaŋ-nan-i-ye-ya, v. to shovè out from the shore, as a boat. See paćaŋnaniyeya.
- wa-pa'-će-ka, v. See wapaćekćeka.
- wa-pa'-će-kće-ka, v. of paćekćeka; to push and make stagger wawapaćekćeka: also 1st pers. sing. of paćekćeka.
- wa-pa'-g mi-g ma, v. T. i. q. wapahmihma.
- wa-pa'-ġaŋ, v. of paġaŋ; to part with; to open—wawapaġaŋ: also 1st pers. sing. of paġaŋ.

- wa-pa'-ġa-pa, v. of paġapa; to push off, as the skin of animals—wawapaġapa: also 1st pers. sing. of paġapa.
- wa-pa'-go, v. of pago; to carve; one who carves or engraves—wawapago: also 1st pers. sing. of pago.
- wa-pa'-ġo-ya, v. a. to cause to carve.
- wa-pa'-ha, n. a hat, cap, bonnet; a covering for the head: wapaha kićun, to wear one's hat; wapaha hduśdoka, to take off one's hat. T., a headdress of feathers. See wapośtan.
- wa'-pa-ha, n. the shaft or pole on which are tied feathers of various colors, used in the Dakota dances; a standard, a banner, a flag.
- wa-pa'-ha-i-ye-ya, v. of pahaiyeya; to push down.
- wa-pa'-ha-ka-mni-mni-la, n. T. a war bonnet with feathers dangling down the back.
- wa'-pa-ha-ka-mni-mni-la, n.
 T. a standard with a tuft of feathers
 dangling.
- wa-pa'-ha-ki-ton, v. to wear a hat; one who wears a hat, i. e. a white man, as distinguished from an Indian. T., wapostan kićun.
- wa-pa'-ha-mi-me-la, n. T. a round war-bonnet.
- wa-pa'-ha-o-ge-dan, n. a handkerchief, commonly pronounced "wapaogedan." So called from being tied around the head.

- $\mathbf{W} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{n} of wapaha; the $| \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, v of pahnahereditary name of the Dakota chief at the lowest village on the Mississippi, commonly pronounced by the Dakotas Wápaśa; and as the name of a county in Minnesota, written, with some want of judgment and taste, Wabashaw.
- wa-pa'-hba, v. of pahba; to shell, as corn-wawapahba.
- wa-pa'-hbe-za, v. of pahbeza; to make rough—wawapahbeza: also 1st pers. sing. of pahbeza.
- wa-pa'-hi, v. of pahi; to gather or pick up—wawapahi: also 1st pers. sing. of pahi.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of pahinta; to brush off-wawapahinta: also 1st pers. sing. of pahinta.
- wa-pa'-hi-pi, n. gathering, picking up. wa-pa'-hmi-hma, v. of pahmihma: to roll—wawapahmihma: also 1st pers. sing. of pahmihma. wapagmigma.
- wa-pa'-hmin-yan-yan, v. of pahminyanyan; to make round-· wawapahminyanyan: also 1st pers. sing, of pahminyanyan.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n}$, \mathbf{v} . of pahimun; to twist—wawapahmun: also 1st pers. sing, of palmun.
- wa-pa'-hmun-ka, n. one who twists, a spinner.
- wa-pa'-hmuŋ-pi, n twisted thread, yarn.
- wa-pa'-hna-śkin-yan, v. to make crazy: also 1st pers. sing. of pahnaskinyan.

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- yan; to miss, as in attempting to stab: also 1st pers. sing. of pahna-T., wapagnayan. yaŋ.
- wa-pa'-ho-ho, v. of pahoho; to shake or make loose.
- wa-pa'-ho-mni, v. of pahomni; to turn round-wawapahomni: also 1st pers. sing. of pahomni.
- wa-pa'-ho-ton, v. of pahoton; tomake cryout—wawapahoton: also 1st pers. sing. of pahoton.
- wa-pa'-hu-hu-za, v. of pahuhuza; to shake with the hand-wawapahuhuza: also 1st pers. sing. of pahuhuza. T., wapahunhunza, to shake by pushing against.
- wa-pa'-ha-tka, v. to rub against the grain: also 1st pers. sing. of pahatka.
- wa-pa'-héi, v. of pahéi; to tear out pieces: also 1st pers. sing. of palići.
- wa-pa'-lida-gan, v. of palidagan; to enlarge: also 1st pers. sing. of palidagan.
- wa-pa'-hda-ka, n. one who is a good hunter—wawapalidaka.
- wa'-pa-hdan-ton, v. to work with ribbon; to embroider—wapalidanwaton.
- wa'-pa-hda-ta, v. of apalidata; to embroider.
- wa-pa'-hde-ća, v. of pahdeća; to tear, rend—wawapalideća: also 1st pers. sing. of palideća.
- wa-pa'-hdi, v. of pahdi; to push into the ground—wawapalidi: also 1st pers. sing. of pahdi.

- wa-pa'-hdo-ka, v. of pahdoka; to make holes, to pierce—wawapahdoka: also 1st pers. sing. of pahdoka.
- wa-pa'-hmin, v. of pahmin; to make crooked.
- wa-pa'-hpa, v. of pahpa; to throw down—wawapahpa: also 1st pers. sing. of pahpa.
- wa-pa'-hpu, v. of pahpu; to pick off—wawapahpu: also 1st pers. sing. of pahpu.
- wa-pa'-hta, v. of pahta; to tie in bundles—wapawahta, wapaunhtapi.
- wa-pa'-hta, n. a bundle, a pack.
- wa-pa'-hu-ġa, v. of pahuġa; to break holes in—wawapahuġa: also 1st pers. sing. of pahuġa.
- wa-pa'-ka-tin, v. of pakatin; to straighten out.
- wa-pa'-ka-wa, v. of pakawa; to open out.
- wa-pa'-k ća, v. of pakća; to comb wawapakća; also 1st pers. sing. of pakća.
- wa-pa'-ke-za, v. of pakeza; to make smooth and hard: also 1st pers. sing. of pakeza.
- wa-pa'-kin, v. to set up in the ground, as a stick leaning in the direction one is going; to set up a sign post—wawapakin: also 1st pers. sing. of pakin.
- wa-pa'-kiŋ-ta, v. of pakiŋta; to wipe—wawapakiŋta: also 1st pers. sing. of pakiŋta.
- wa-pa'-kin-za, v. of pakinza; to make creak.

- wa-pa'-ko-ta, v. to probe or dig out—wawapakota: also 1st pers. sing. of pakota.
- wa-pa'-kpa, v. to pierce—wawapakpa: also 1st pers. sing. of pakpa.
- wa-pa'-kpi, v. to pick open, as eggs: also 1st pers. sing. of pakpi.
- wa-pa'-ksa, v. of paksa; to break off with the hand—wawapaksa: also 1st pers. sing. of paksa.
- wa-pa'-kśi-źa, v. to make double up—wawapakśiźa: also 1st pers. sing. of pakśiźa.
- wa-pa'-ktan, v. to crook, make crook—wawapaktan: also 1st pers. sing. of paktan.
- wa-pa'-ke-ġa, v. to scratch: also 1st pers. sing. of pakeġa.
- w a-pa'-ķe-za, v. to make hard and smooth—wawapaķeza: also 1st pers. sing. of paķeza.
- wa-pa'-man, v. of paman; to file—wawapaman: also 1st pers. sing. of paman.
- wa-pa'-mda-ska, v. to make flat—wawapamdaska: also 1st pers. sing. of pamdaska. T., wapablaska.
- wa-pa'-mda-ya, v. of pamdaya; to make smooth, to iron, as clothes wawapamdaya: also 1st pers. sing. of pamdaya. T., wapablaya.
- wa-pa'-mda-za, v. to make burst by pressing—wawapamdaza: also 1st pers. sing. of pamdaza.
- wa-pa'-mde-ća, v. to crush, break to pieces—wawapamdeća: also 1st pers. sing. of pamdeća. T., wapableća.

- wa-pa'-mdu, v. to pulverize—wawapamdu: also 1st pers. sing. of pamdu. T., wapablu.
- wa-pa'-mi-ma, v. to make round—wawapamima: also 1st pers. sing. of pamima.
- wa-pa'-mna, n. a bunch, as of grass or shrubs.
- w a p a' m n a, v. 1st pers. sing. of pamna.
- wa-pa'-mni, v. of pamni; to serve out, to distribute—wawapamni: also 1st pers. sing. of pamni.
- wa-pa'-mni-pi, n. a distribution.
- wa-pa'-na-ke-ya, v. 1st pers. sing. of panakeya.
- wa-pa'-ni-ni, v. 1st pers. sing. of panini.
- wa-pa'-o-ge-dan, n. a handkerchief. T, itepakinte
- wa-pa'-o-hda-pśin-yan, v. of paohdapśinyan; wapaohdapśinyan iyeya, to turn bottom upwards.
- wa-pa'-o-hdu-ta, v. to close up: wapaohduta iyeya: also 1st pers. sing of paohduta.
- wa-pa'-o-ksa, v. to push or break through: also 1st pers. sing. of paoksa.
- wa-pa'-o-spa, v. to push under, as in water: also 1st pers. sing. of paospa.
- wa-pa'-o-tin-za, v. to press in tight: also 1st pers. sing. of paotin-za.
- wa-pa'-o-wo-tan, v. to make straight: also 1st pers. sing. of paowotan. T., wapaowotanla.

- wa-pa'-pah-ya, v. of papahya; to parch, as corn—wapapahwaya.
- wa-pa'-pah-ya-pi, n. of papahya; parched corn.
- w a-p a'-p o-p a, v. to burst open, as corn: also 1st pers. sing. of papopa.
- wa-pa'-psa-ka, v. of papsaka; to break, as cords: also 1st pers. sing. of papsaka.
- wa-pa'-pson, v. of papson; to spill, as water—wawapapson; also 1st pers. sing. of papson.
- wa-pa'-pśuŋ-ka, n. a provision bag, a small bundle.
- wa-pa'-ptu-źa, v. to split or crack: also 1st pers. sing. of paptuźa.
- wa-pa'-pu-za, v. of papuza; to make dry by wiping—wawapapuza: also 1st pers. sing. of papuza.
- wa-pa'-sda-ta, v. to set up, as a pole in the ground—wawapasdata: also 1st pers. sing. of pasdata.
- w a p a' s d e é a , v. of pasdeća; to split—wawapasdeća: also 1st pers. sing. of pasdeća.
- wa-pa'-ska, v. to make white by rubbing—wawapaska: also 1st pers. sing. of paska.
- wa-pa'-s ma-ka, v. to indent wawapasmaka: also 1st pers. sing. of pasmaka.
- wa-pa'-smin-yan-yan, v lo make bare and clean: also 1st pers. sing. of pasminyanyan
- wa-pa'-snon, v. of pasnon; to roast, as meat—wawapasnon, waun-pasnonpi: also 1st pers. sing. of pasnon.

- wa-pa'-snun, v. See wapashon. wa-pa'-stan, v. to soak off hair wawapastan: also 1st pers. sing. of pastan. T., wahpanyan.
- wa-pa'-staŋ-ka, v. of pastaŋka; to moisten—wawapastaŋka.
- wa-pa'-sto, v. of pasto; to brush down—wawapasto.
- wa-pa'-sto-ka, n one who is gentle—wawapastoka.
- wa-pa'-śa-ka, v. of paśaka; to push or stab with too little force—wawapaśaka: also 1st pers. sing. of paśaka.
- wa-pa'-śa-pa, v. of paśapa; to defile—wawapaśapa.
- wa-pa'-śi-pa, v. of paśipa; to break off close, as the limbs of a tree—wawapaśipa: also 1st pers. sing. of paśipa.
- w a p a' ś k i ć a, v. of paśkića; to press, squeeze—wawapaśkića.
- w a p a' ś k i ś k a , v. of paśkiśka; to make rough.
- wa-pa'-śko-kpa, v. of paśkokpa; to make hollow, to cut or dig out.
- w a p a' ś k o p a, v. of paśkopa; to make twisting.
- wa-pa'-śko-tpa, v. Same as wapaśkokpa.
- w a p a' \pm n a , v. of pasna; to miss—wawapasna.
- wa-pa'-śpa, v. of paśpa; to push away; to break off; to wash out, as stains; that which is capable of being washed out—wawapaśpa: also 1st pers. sing. of paśpa.
- wa-pa'-śpu, v. of paśpu; to break off—wawapaśpu.

- wa-pa'-śu-źa, v. of paśuża; to crush—wawapaśuża: also 1st pers. sing. of paśuża.
- w a p a' t a, v. of páta; to cut up, as a butcher does an animal—wawapata: 1st pers. sing. of páta.
- wa-pa'-tan, v. of patan; to push; to mash; to be saving of—wawapatan: also 1st pers. sing. of patan.
- wa-pa'-taŋ-ka, n. one who is saving. T., wakpataŋka.
- wa-pa'-ta-pi, n. meat cut up; the act of cutting up meat.
- w a p a' t i c a, v. to scrape away, as snow—wawapatica: also 1st pers. sing. of patica. T., wapahinta.
- wa-pa'-ţiŋ-za, v. to press hard—wawapaţiŋza: also 1st pers. sing. of paţiŋza.
- wa-pa'-to-ya, v. to obstruct, bear down on—wapatowaya.
- wa-pa'-we-ġa, v. to break or fracture—wawapaweġa: also 1st pers. sing. of paweġa.
- wa-pa'-wi-hnu-ni, v. to destroy—wawapawihnuni: also 1st pers. sing. of pawihnuni.
- w a'-pa-win-ta, v. of apawinta; to rub on, to plaster: what is put on as plastering—wawapawinta.
- w a p a' w i ŋ ź a, v. of pawiŋźa; to bend down, as grass: also 1st pers. sing. of pawiŋźa.
- w a' p a y e, n. grease, meat; seasoning of any kind. T., wićahiyayutapi.
- wa'-pa-ye-ya, v. a. to use for seasoning—wapayewaya.

- wa-pa'-ye-za-ha, n. T. arival; | wa-pe'-han, v. to fold—wawapea jealous person.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, \mathbf{v} . to separate, part, as hair-wawapazan: also 1st pers. sing. of pazan.
- wa-pa'-ze-ze, v. 1st pers. sing. of pazeze.
- wa-pa'-zo, v. of pazo; to show wawapazo: also 1st pers. sing. of pazo.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}, v. \cdot to sew up with$ a running thread, to baste—wawapazonta: also 1st pers. sing. of pa-
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i}$, n. a show, an exhibition.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of pazaza; \mathbf{to} wash—wawapaźaźa: also 1st pers. sing, of paźaźa.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{p}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n}$. to be prevented, not to be able to accomplish—wamapaźin
- wa-pa'- \dot{z} i-pa, v. of pa \dot{z} ipa; to pinch—wawapaźipa: also 1st pers. sing. of pazipa.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n}$, \mathbf{v} . of pazun; to dig up with the bill, as ducks feeding under | wa'-pi-ka, adj. skillful. water.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u}$, \mathbf{v} . of pazuzu; \mathbf{to} erase; to demolish—wawapaźuźu: also 1st pers. sing. of paźuźu.
- wa-pće'-ya, v. of pćeya; to cut and | wa'-pi-śni, adj. unfortunate. dry meat—wapćewaya, wapćeunyanpi. T., wakablaya.
- wa-pée'-ya-pi, n. drying meat of any kind.
- T., ićamna. wa-pe', v. to snow. See wapa.

- han: also 1st pers. sing. of pehan. wa-pe'-pe-ka, n. prickles, briers, thorns; the prickly ash.
- wa'-pe-tog-tog-ya, adv. marvellously, miraculously.
- wa'-pe-tog-to-ke-ća, n. signs, marks; miracles, wonders.
- wa'-pe-tog-ton, v. a. to mark any thing, have a sign—wapetogwaton, wapetoguntonpi.
- wa'-pe-tog-ton-pi, n. marks, signs.
- wa'-pe-tog-ya, adv. marvellously. wa'-pe-to-ke-ća, n. a sign, a mark, a bound; a miracle.
- wa'-pi, adj. lucky, fortunate-wamapi, wanipi, waunpipi.
- wa-pi'-da, v. n. to be thankful, See pida and glad—wawapida. wopida.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i}$, \mathbf{n} . gratitude.
- wa-pi'-da-pi-śni, n. ingrati-
- wa-pi'-da-śni, v. n. to be unthankful, ungrateful — wawapidaśni.
- wa'-pi-ke, n. one who is fortunate.
- wa-pi'-ki-ya, v. to put up and lay away things well, to rearrange wapiwakiya.
- wa'-pi-ya, adv. fortunately.
- wa'-pi-ya, v. a. to make fortunate—wápiwaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, v. to conjure the sick, to powwow in the Indian way-wapiwaya. See pikiya.

- wa'-pi-ya-pi, n. conjuring.
- w a p i' y e, n. a conjurer, an Indian doctor.
- wa-po'-ble-ća, n. T., wapaha and obleća; a war bonnet with feathers standing out around the head and hanging down.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{o}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, n.$ a nose jewel.
- wa-po'-stan, n. Ih. and T., a hat or cap; a bonnet. See tapostan.
- wa-po'-śtan-gmi-gma, n. T. a cap.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{n}$ $T_{n}, a \ cap.$
- wa-pus'-a-span, adj. well cooked, well done, cooked dry. T., wapus-yaspan.
- wa-pus'-a-śpaŋ-yaŋ, v. to cook thoroughly — wapusaśpaŋwaya.
- wa-pu'-ske-pa, v. to filter: also 1st pers. sing. of puskepa.
- wa-pu'-spa, v. of puspa; to glue, to seal—wawapuspa: also 1st pers. sing. of puspa.
- wa-pu'-sta-ka, v. of pustaka; to stoop down—wawapustaka: also 1st pers. sing. of pustaka.
- wa-pus'-ya-span, adj. cooked thoroughly.
- wa-pus'-ya-śpan-yan, v. T to cook thoroughly.
- wa'-pu-ta-ka, v. of aputaka; to touch with the hand, press upon—wawaputaka.
- wa-sab'-gle, v. T. to place for a landmark.

- wa-sab'-gle-pi, n. T. (sapa and gle) the mark or boundary, as in playing ball, i. q. ókape.
- wa-sag'-kde, v. n. Ih. to erect landmarks. T., wasabgle.
- wa-sag'-kde-pi, n. Ih. a landmark.
- wa-sam'-hde, v. to place up something black for a sign or scarecrow wasamwahde.
- wa-sam'-h'de-ya, adv. in the manner of a scarecrow.
- wa-sam'-ya, v. of samya; to blacken—wasamwaya.
- wa-sam'-ya-hde-pi, n. something placed for a scarecrow. T., wasabglepi.
- wa-san'-ka, n. T. arrows before they are ready to be used.
- wa-san'-yan, v. of sanyan; to whiten—wasanwaya.
- wa-san'-yan-hde-pi, n. a scarecrow, any thing white put up to scare away birds.
- wa-sa'-pe-daŋ, n. the black bear; i. q. wahaŋksića. T., mato sapa.
- wa-sas', cont. of wasaza.
- wa-sas'-ki-ya, v. T. to care for tenderly.
- wa-sas'-ye-la, adv. T. mildly, gently.
- wa-sa'-za, v. n. to be nervous, easily excited; to be convalescent—wamasaza.
- wa-sa'-ze-ća, n. one who is easily made sick; one who is getting well; i. q. wakahtakeća—wamasazeća.

- wa-sda'-ya, v. of sdaya; to oil, to grease—wasdawaya.
- wa-sdi'-pa, v. of sdipa; to lick wawasdipa: also 1st pers. sing. of sdipa.
- wa-sdo-ća, v. of sdoća; to know.
- wa-sdon'-ya, v. of sdonya; to know—wasdonwaya, wasdonun-yanpi. T., waslolya.
- wa-sdon'-ya-pi, n. knowledge. T., waslolyapi.
- wa-sdon'-ye, n. one who knows.
- wa-sdon'-ye-ya, va. to cause to know—wasdonyewaya. T., wa-slolyeya.
- wa-se', n. red earth, vermilion: Waseyuzapi, Vermilion River.
- wa-se'-ki-&uŋ, v. to paint red; to put on vermilion.
- wa-se'-yan-ka, v.n. to have a spot on one's face, etc.—wasemayanka.
- wa-se'-yan-ka, n. a pimple.
- wa-si'-ću, n. the keel or bottom of a boat.
- wa-si'-ću-ha, n. the bottom of a boat; the bottom of a bear's foot.
- wa-sin'-te, n. See walsinte.
- wa-sin'-te-yu-ho-mni, n. steering oar.
- wa'-skam-ya, v. of askamya; to make stick on, as a plaster—waskamwaya. T., waskabya
- wa'-skam-ya-pi, n. a pitch plaster.
- wa'-ska-pe, n. sticking plaster.
- wa-sku'-ya, n. Santee only. green corn boiled and afterwards shelled and dried; sweet corn.

- wa-sku'-ye-ća, n. fruit of all kinds. T., watokeća.
- w a s n a', n. lard, grease, tallow.
- wa-sna'-po-hdi, n. pimples.
- wa-sna'-ta-sa-ka, n. tallow; hardened grease.
- wa-so', v T. to cut a strip or string, as from a hide.
- wa-so'-so, v. red. to cut in strips.
- wa-son', v. of son; to braid in strings, as corn or hair—wawason: also 1st pers sing. of son.
- wa-span'-la, adv. T. slushy.
- wa-span'-ta-ha-za, n. service berries.
- wa-span'-ta-he-ya, n. (wa span and heya) small black bugs or grubs which appear when the snow melts off: hence the name.
- wa-stu'-ste-ya, v. to weary one—wastustewaya. T., watukakiya. See wastusteya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{u}', n. \quad hail.$
- wa-su'-hu-la, n. T. Iroquois, used for necklaces.
- wa-su'-ki-ya, v. a. to hold sacred, to honor. This is from su, well, and kiya, to cause; 2d, to divine: 3d, to decree, make a decree.—J. P. W.
- wa-su'-ton, v. of suton; to get ripe, ripens, as grain or fruit.
- wa-su'-ton-pi, n. harvest.
- wa-su'-ton-wi, n. the moon in which corn ripens, answering to August.
- wa-su'-ya, v. T. to make a law; to judge, condemn.

- w a s'a g', cont. of was'aka: was'ag hiphda, to become strong; was'agiçiya, to strengthen one's self.
- was'agwaya, was'agunyanpi.
- w a ś'a' k a , adj. strong—wamaś'aka, waniś'aka, wauŋś'akapi.
- wa-ś'a'-ka, adv. T. almost; nearly: waś'aka econ tka, he almost did it.
- wa-śa'-ka-daŋ, adj. cheap; easy, opposed to tehika.
- wa-śa'-ka-ye-dan, adv. easily, cheaply.
- wa-śe, n. T., a woman's female friend; corresponding to kola, a man's male friend.
- wa-śe'-ki-ći-ya, v. T. to have cach other for special friends.
- w a -śe' y a, v. T. to have for friend. w a -śe' - ća, adj. rich, especially in provisions— wamaśeća, waniśeća, wauŋśećapi.
- w a ś e' ś a, n. red paint, vermilion. See wase
- wa-śi', v. n. Ih. and T. to do, to work: to command—wawaśi: i. q. htani.
- wa-śi'-ća-ho-wa-ya, v. to cry out badły, to moan, to groan—waśićahowamda.
- w a ś i ć e d a k a , v. of śićedaka; to dislike; one who dislikes—waśićewadaka.
- Wa-śi'-ćuŋ, n. Frenchmen, in particular; all white men, in general. It is said that this word is nearly synonymous with "wakaŋ"—Wamaśićuŋ, Waniśićuŋ. See

- wićaśa, wićaśta, and ikćewićaśta. T., a familiar spirit; some mysterious forces or beings which are supposed to communicate with men: mitawaśićun he omakiyaka, my familiar spirit told me that; i. q., takuśkanśkan.
- Wa-śi'-ćuŋ-ćiŋ-ća, n. a half-breed.
 Wa-śi'-ćuŋ-ho-kśi-daŋ, n. a
 French boy; the common name for
 Canadians in the Dakota country;
 any one who labors.
- Wa-śi'-ćuŋ-hiŋ-ća, n. a Frenchman from France. T., Waśićuŋikćeka.
- Wa-śi'-ćuŋ-wa-kaŋ, n. the name given to missionaries and ministers of the Gospel generally, including all who are not Indians. Same as wićaśtawakaŋ.
- wa- \sin' -gla, v. T. i. q. wa \sin hda. wa- \sin' -gla- \sin he, π π one who gets angry easily.
- wa-śi'-hda, v. to mourn for the dead, put on mourning; to paint one's self black, as in mourning—waśinwahda, waśinunhdapi.
- wa-śi'-hda, n. mourning habiliments.
- wa-śi'-hda-ka, n. one who gets angry at every thing See sihda.
- wa-śi'-hda-ya, adv. in mourning.
- wa-śi'-han, v. of sihan; to act wick-edly—wasiwahan. T., siksilohan.
- wa-śi'-kte, n. pulmonary consumption, any lingering disease. See waśinkte.

- wa-śin, n. fat not fried out, fat | wa-śte-da, v a. to esteem good, meat, pork. T., tallow.
- wa-śin-kte, n. pulmonary consumption, a lingering disease.
- Wa-śin'-wa-kpa, n. p. the South Platte River.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n}' \mathbf{v} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{\acute{c}} \mathbf{a}, n. \quad a spe$ cies of fish with red fins.
- wa-śi'-tki-hda, v. to be angry.
- wa-śi'-tki-hda-ya, v. of śitkihdaya; to distress or make angry; one who makes angry.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}, v. \text{ of } \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n};$ to cause to move; one who causes to move or live—waskanskanwaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\hat{s}} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, v. T. to mark, cut, engrave; i. q. bago.
- wa'-sna-he-ca, n. soft snow, snow that fulls in soft flakes. See wahisnaheća.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{s}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . to cause to wither; one who causes to wither—wasniswaya.
- wa-śni'-źa, adj. withered. See śniźa.
- wa-śon, n. See wasun.
- wa-śpan'-ka, n. cooked food.
- wa-śpan'-yan, v. of śpanyan; to cook, as food—waspanwaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}', \mathbf{v}. \quad T. \quad i. \ q. \text{ baspu.}$
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\hat{s}} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{\hat{s}} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}$, v. T. red. to cutoff in small bits.
- wa-śte', adj. good; pretty—mawaste, unwastepi. See oste, walite, pi, etc.
- wa-śte'-ća, adj. See wastećaka.
- wa-śte'-ća-ka, adj. good, well wa-śtu'-ća, v. to thaw. disposed.

- to love-wastewada, wasteundapi, wastecida. T., wastela.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e'} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, v. \mathbf{a}.$ to love— $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}$ śtewadaka. T., wastelaka.
- wa-śte'-da-ka-pi, n. love; one who is loved.
- wa-śte'-hin-ća, adj. very good.
- w a ste' i ci da, v. reflex. of wasteda; to love one's self, to be selfish; to be proud—wastemićida.
- wa-śte'-ka, adj. good—little good, doubtfully good.
- wa-śte'-ki-ći-da-pi, v. recip. loving each other; wastekićidakapi, loving one another.
- wa-śte'-ki-da, v. pos. of wasteda; to love one's own—wastewakida.
- w a ś t e' k i d a k a, v. pos. of wastedaka; to love one's own-wastewakidaka.
- T. i. q. wa-ste'-la-ka, v. a. wastedaka.
- wa-śte'-mna, adj. of waste and omna; sweet smelling, odoriferous.
- wa-śte'-mna-ya, v. a. to perfume, to embalm—wastemnawaya, wastemnamayan.
- wa-śte'-śte, adj. red. of waste.
- wa-śte'-śte-ya, adv. red. of wašteya.
- wa-ste'-ya, v. a. to make good wastewaya.
- wa-śte'-ya, adv. well, in a good manner.
- wa-śte'-ya-ken, adv. well.
- T., waśtulya.

- wa-śtun'-ya, v. of śtunya; to thaw, cause to thaw, as any thing frozen—wastunwaya. T., wastulya.
- wa-śtuŋ'-ka-la, n. T. corn boiled and dried.
- wa-śtu'-śte-ya, v. of śtuśteya; to weary out—wastuśtewaya.
- wa-śu n', n. the den or hole of animals who live in water, as the beaver, etc.; a bear's den.
- wa-śuŋ'-pa, v. of śwppa; to moult or shed feathers.
- wa-śuŋ'-pa-wi, n. the moon in which geese, etc., shed their feathers; July.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{u'} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, v. T. to shoot and miss.
- wa'-ta, v. of yuta; to eat—wawata, wayata, wauntapi: wota is the form used in the third person: also 1st pers. sing of yuta.
- w a t a', n. old hard snow. See wahiśnaheća, wateća, etc. T., ważużeća.
- wa'-ta, n. a canoe, a boat: can wata, a dug-out; wata tanka, a large boat; peta wata, a steam-boat; wita wata, a ship.
- wa-ta'-kpe, v. of takpe; to attack, attempt to seize—watawakpe; watakpe mda.
- wa-tan', adv. (wata and en) in the boat. T., wata el.
- wa-tan'-o-pa, v. (wata en and opa) to embark.
- wa-tan', n. bait, used in fishing, etc.

- wa-tan'-in-sni, adj. lost.
- wa-tay'-ka, n. one who is great or rich.
- wa-tan'-ka-da, v. a. to esteem great—watankawada. T., watan-kala.
- wa-taŋ'-ka-i-¢i-da, v. reflex. to esteem oneself highly, to be proud wataŋkami¢ida. T., wataŋkai¢ila.
- wa-tan'-ka-i-&i-da-pi, n. pride, haughtiness.
- w a'-tan-ton, v. T. to be lucky or fortunate: i. q. wapi.
- wa'-taŋ-toŋ-śni-yaŋ, adv. T. unluckily.
- wa-tan'-ya, v. a. to use a thing for bait—watanwaya.
- wa-tan'-ye-ya, v. T. to be skillful in shooting—watanyewaya.
- w a t a' p a, v. of tapá; to pursue—watawapa.
- w a' t a p e t a, n. T. a steamboat: i. q peta wata.
- wa ta'-tpe, v. Same as watakpe.
- wa-ta'-tpe-ya-pi, n. attacking, an attack.
- wa-ta'-wa-ten-ya, v. of tawatenya; to be willing to do or suffer watawatenwaya.
- wa-ta'-wa-ya, v. of tawaya; to own, possess—watawawaya.
- wa'-te-ća, n. snow lately fallen. See watá and waśnaheća.
- wa-te'-ća, n. a part of one's food: wateća hduha, he has food.
- wa-te'-hi-ka, adj. difficult, hard, as a man in his dealings; dear, as goods, etc.

- wa-te'-hin-da, v. of tehinda; to withhold what one has; not to give away; to be stingy: one who withholds—watewahinda.
- wa-te'-hin-da-pi, n. parsimony. wa-tem'-ki-ci-ci-ya, v. of temya; to eat up for one—watemweciciya.
- wa-tem'-ki-ya, v. pos. of watemya; to eat up one's own; to eat up for one—watemwakiya, watemmakiya.
- wa-tem'-ya, v. of temya; to eat all up, to devour: one who eats up, as a wolf, etc.—watemwaya, watemunyanpi. T., watebya.
- wa-ten', v. tokin aguyapi waten, oh! that I had bread to eat. See yuta and tokin. T., wata nin.
- wa-te'-pa, v. T. to wear off short: worn out.
- wa-te'-śdag-ki-ton, v. n. to wear'a fillet or garland around the head—wateśdagweton.
- wa-te'-sdag-ton, v. n. to have or wear a garland or civic crown watesdagwaton.
- wa-te'-śda-ke, n. a fillet, a wreath, a civic crown, any thing wrapped around the head.
- wa-te'-te, n. the rim or edge of a boat, the gunwale. See matete.
- wa-te'-zi, n. the stomach of a bear. wa-te'-zi-kśi-za, n. the omentum fat; "fat that covereth the inwards."
- wa-tka', v. of tka; to scrape, as hides—wawatka: also 1st pers. sing. of tka.

- wa-to', n. grass, green grass, weeds. wa-tog'-hda, adj. wild, hostile. See watokda.
- wa-to'-gla, adj. T. wild, untrained, skittish: i. q. skehe.
- wa-tog'-ya, v. a. to take vengeance, to retaliate—watogwaya.
- wa-to'-ha, n. (wata and yuha) a portage.
- Wa-to'-hta-ta, n. p. the Otos: i. q. Hotawa.
- wa-to'-i-hu-ni, v. n. to come to land with a boat.
- wa-to'-i-hu-n.i, n. a landingplace.
- wa-to'-ka, n. the bow of a boat. See watokapa and watopa.
- wa-to'-ka-han, v.n. to stand in the bow of a boat: one who stands in the bow of a boat—watokawahan.
- wa-to'-ka-pa, n. of tokapa; the first-born; the birthright; the bow of a boat: one who sits in the bow of a boat—watomakapa, watonikapa.
- wa-to'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. on or at the bow of a boat.
- wa-to'-kda, adj. Ih. wild, hostile: i. q. watoghda.
- wa-to'-ke-ća, n. of tokeća; a different kind of food from what one has been accustomed to. T. fruits; vegetables.
- w a t o' k i & o n, v. abs. of tokicon; to take vengeance.
- wa-to'-ki-ćon, n. an avenger.
- wa-to'-kśu, v. of tokśu; to carry, transport—watowakśu, watounkśu-pi.

- wa-to'-kśu-pi, n. transportation. wa-tom', cont. of watopa: watom mda.
- wa-ton', v. of ton; to have, possess—wawaton: 1st pers. sing. of ton
- wa-ton'-ka, n. one who is rich.
- wa-to'-pa, v. to paddle a canoe—watowapa, watounpapi: ite hekta watopa, to row. See watoka.
- wa-to'-pa-pi, n. rowing, paddling
- wa-to'-pa-pi-wi, n. the moon in which the waters become navigable, April. Same as magaokadawi.
- wa-to'-pe-ki-ya, v. a. to make paddle or row—watopewakiya: śina watopekiya, to sail.
- wa-to'-to-ya, adv. grass-like, green. See wato.
- wa-to'-ya, adv. greenly.
- wa-tpa', n. a river, a stream, a creek; the bow of a boat, compounded of wata and pa; the outside and bottom of a canoe or boat: i q. wakpa.
- wa-tpa'-dan, n. a brook, a rivulet
- wa-tpi'-ća-hda, adv. by the side of a stream.
- wa-tpo'-hna, adv. on a stream, by a stream.
- wa-tpo'-ki-źu, n. the junction of streams: watpokiźu mdote, the mouth of a river.
- wa-tpo'-ki-źu-ya, v.a. to cause the junction of streams—watpokiźuwaya.
- wa-tpo'-pa, adv. in a stream. T., wakpa opaya.

- w a-t p o'-p t a, adv. across a stream: i. q. wakpopta. T., wakpa opta.
- wa-tpu'-tpa, n. dust: i. q. wa-kpukpa. T, wakpukpa.
- wa-tu'-ka, adj. faint, weary, exhausted—wamatuka.
- wa-tu'-ka-ya, v. to make tired, to weary.
- wa-tul'-ka, n. T. sweepings; little bits.
- wa-tu'-śe-kśe-ća, n. dust, dirt, sweepings; manure. T., watulka.
- wa-tu'-tka, n. small animals; little things.
- wa-tu'-tka-daŋ, n. small animals. T., wamakaskaŋ.
- wa-tu'-tka-tka, n. trifles. See tutkatka.
- w a t e' 6 a, adj. gentle, mild, docile, tractable. T., wawate6a
- wa-ţe'-ća-ka, adj. Same as waţeća.
- wa-ti'-yu-wi, n running vines.
- wa-tung'-ya, v. a. to try to prevent—watungwaya. Perhaps this word may also be used in the sense of "tungya," to suspect, have an indistinct knowledge of. See itunkeća.
- wa-u'-ka, n. the skin of a bear. T., matoha.
- wa-un', v. of un; to be; to be well of-wawaun: also 1st pers. sing. of un.
- wa-uŋ'-ća, v. of uŋća; to mock, imitate—wauŋwaća, wauŋuŋćapi.
- wa-uŋ'-ća, n. a mocker; a monkey.
- wa-un'-ća-dan, n a mocker; a monkey.

- wa-un'-ka, v. to live well; one who lives well—wawaunka.
- wa-un'-un-ka, n. one who wanders about, a vagabond.
- wa-un'-yan, v. T. to offer sacrifice, as money or other inanimate things: 2. to lose—wawaunyan.
- wa un'-yan-pi, n. T. a place for cutting up meat.
- w a'-w a-ćin, v. of awaćin; to think of—wawaćanmi.
- wa-wa'-ćiŋ-kta-yu-za, or wawa-ćiŋ-e-kta-yu-za, v. n. to be kind, forbearing, long-suffering-wawaćinktamduza
- wa-wa'-gna, v. T of wagna; to cut off, as in shelling corn.
- .wa-wa'- $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ a-pa, v. T. i. q. wa-ba $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ apa.
- wa-wa'-ha, n. furs, peltries.
- wa-wa'-ha, a. T. the "points" on a blanket: this word originally meant a buffalo robe, and in trading with the whites a blanket which was valued at two robes was called wawaha noppa, etc., sina wawahe, blanket points.
- wa-wa'-hi-yans-ka-la-ka, adj. T. morose, cross.
- wa-wa'-hi-yan-ze-ća, n. T. a morose person.
- wa-wa'-hpa-ni-yan, v. of wahpaniyan; to make poor—wawahpaniwaya.
- wa-wa'-ki-pa-źiŋ, v.n. to rebel against, oppose; to be a rebel—wawawakipaźiŋ, wawauŋkipaźiŋpi.

- wa-wa'-ki-pa-źiŋ-pi, n. opposition, rebellion.
- wa-wa'-ki-pa-źiŋ-yaŋ, adó. rebelliously.
- wa-wa'-ke-ze, n. T. a board on which to trim feathers. See wabakeze.
- wa-wa'-kpan-śni, adj. T., of kpan, fine, active, stirring, as a man; nervous, quick stepping, as a horse; fleet, as a dog: wawamakpan śni. This word appears to be and is in the negative form only.—T. L. R.
- wa-wa'-mna-da, v. of wamnada; to respect, honor, have a high opinion of; one who respects—wawamnawada.
- wa-wa'-mna-da-śni, n. one who respects nothing.
- wa-wa'-ni-ća, n. one who is nothing, an insignificant fellow.
- wa-wa'-ni-ce-ca, v. there is nothing.
- wa-wa'-te-pa, v. T. to wear off to a stump.
- wa-wanyag, cont. of wawanyaka; wawanyag mde kta, I will go to see.
- wa wa n' ya ka , v. of wanyaka; to look on, see—wawanmdaka, wawandaka, wawanunyakapi.
- \mathbf{w} a \mathbf{w} a \mathbf{y} ' \mathbf{y} a \mathbf{k} e, n. a looker-on.
- wa-wa'-pi-da-ki-ya, v. of pidakiya; to make glad; one who makes glad—wawapidawakiya.
- wa wa' śi ć u ŋ ke, n. T. one who imitates or tries to be like a white man.

- wa-wa'-śi-ćuŋ-yaŋ, adv. of waśićuŋ; like a white man; said of a good dog that finds much game.
- wa-wa'-śi-ćuŋ-yaŋ-ka, n. one who finds much, as game.
- wa-wa'-śi-tki-hda, v. n. to be angry, vexed; one who is angry. See śitkihda.
- wa-wa'-śi-tki-hda-ya, v. of śitkihdaya; to make angry—wawaśitkihdawaya.
- wa-wa'-te-ća, adj T. gentle; mild. wa-wa'-te-ća-ka, n. T. one who is kind, as a gentle horse.
- w a w a' t e é a , adv. nearly, almost, i. q. iśnikaeś: wawateća ećamon kta, I had almost done it. T., iśnikaleś.
- wa-wa'-yu-śna, v. of wayuśna; to sacrifice; one who sacrifices, a priest—wawamduśna. T., waunyan and wayuhtata.
- wa-wi'-ćah-ya, v. of ićahya; to cause to grow, to form; to create—wawićahwaya.
- Wa-wi'-ćah-ye, n. a maker, a former; the Creator.
- wa'-wi-ćaŋ-ksi, v. n. of ćanksi; to be cross, ill-natured—wawićanwaksi.
- wa'-wi-ćan-ksi-ka, n. a wrangler, a contentious person T., wawahiyanzeća.
- wa'-wi-6an-ksi-ya, adv. crossly, roughly. T., wawahiyansyakel.
- wa-wi'-ći-ha-ha, n. one who commits adultery; one who sins against others and makes light of it.

- wa-wi'-ći-ha-ha-pi, n. a laughing-stock; adultery: wawićihahapi ećanop kte śni, thou shalt not commit adultery: making light of sin.
- wa-wi'-ći-ya, n. of ićiya; an ad-vocate.
- wa-wi'-da-ke, n. of idake; a master, a king, a ruler; a kingdom. See wowidake.
- wa-wi'-hang-ya, v. of ihangya; to destroy—wawihangwaya.
- wa-wi'-hang-ye, n. a destroyer.
- wa-wi'-ha, v. of iha; to laugh at—wawiwaha.
- w a w i' h a h a, v. red. of wawiha. w a - w i' - h a - k a, n. one who makes sport, a jester.
- w a w i' h a p i, n. jesting, making sport.
- wa-wi'-ha-ya, v. a. to cause to laugh at—wawihawaya.
- wa-wi'-na-hni, v. of inahni; to be in haste.
- wa-wi'-na-hni-yan, v. to hasten, cause to hurry—wawinahniwaya.
- wa-wi'-na-ki-lini, v. to be in haste, to do beforehand—wawinawa-kilini.
- wa-wi'-na-ki-hni-ka, n. one who is in haste.
- wa-wi'-ni-han, adj. of inihan; fearful, afraid; inspiring fear: wa-winihan manka.
- wa-wi'-ni-han-yan, n. to make afraid—wawinihanwaya.
- wa-wi'-ni-han-yan, adv. fearfully. wa-wi'-pi-da, v of ipida; not to give, to refuse—wawipiwada.

- wa-wi'-pi-i-ci-da, v. reflex. of | wa-wi'-ya-hta-ka, v. of yawawipida; to think more of one's self than of any one clse, said of a woman who is unwilling to marry wawipimićida.
- wa-wi'-ste-ća, adj. modest, ashamed. See wisteća, the better form.
- wa-wi'-śten-ya, v. to make ashamed—wawistenwaya.
- wa-wi'-śten-ya, adv. ashamedly; bashfully.
- wa-wi'-tko-ya, v. of witkoya; to make drunk—wawitkowaya.
- wa-wi'-ton-pa, v. of itonpa; tobe careful—wawitonwapa.
- wa-wi'-ton-pa-pi, n. carefulness.
- wa-wi'-ton-pa-pi-śni, n. carelessness.
- wa-wi'-wan-ġa, v. of iwanġa; to inquire, ask questions. T., wawiyuŋġa.
- wa-wi'-wan-ga-pi, n. inquiring. wa-wi'-wanh, cont. of wawiwanga: wawiwanh mda, I go to inquire. T., wawiyunh.
- \mathbf{w} a \mathbf{w} i' \mathbf{w} and \mathbf{h} \mathbf{t} u \mathbf{k} en, adv. in an inquiring manner.
- wa-wi'-wan li-ya, adv. inquir-
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{i}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n}$, v. of iyacin; to liken to, to use parables—wawimdaćin.
- wa-wi'-ya-cin-yan, adv. figuratively.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{i}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{a}, v.$ to find fault—wawiyahtagiwaa. T., wayahtagia.

- htaka; to bite.
- wa-wi'-ya-ka-pa, v. T. to overcome; to beat in an argument.
- wa-wi'-ya-ka-pe-ya, v. T. to exceed, go beyond: wawiyakapeiçiya, to exceed one's self, to be intemperate.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{e}$, \mathbf{v} . of iyape; to lie in wait—wawiyawape.
- wa wi' ya yu ha, n. one who follows.
- wa-wi'-ya-yuh-ya, adv. following.
- wa-wi'-ya-pe, n. an ambush.
- wa-wi'-ya-yuh, cont. T. following, as a colt its mother.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, v. of iyekiya; to recognize—wawiyewakiya.
- wa-wi'-ye-ya, v. of iyeya; to find-wawiyewaya.
- $wa-wi'-ye-ye-\acute{c}a$, n. one that finds much, as a good dog.
- wa-wi'-yo-hi, v. of iyohi; to reach to, extend to, arrive at; to be sufficient for—wawiyowahi.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{i}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{a}$. to cause to reach to—wawiyohiwaya.
- wa-wi'-yo-hi-ya, adv. reach-. ing to, arriving at.
- wa-wi'-yo-ki-pi, v. of iyokipi; to be pleased with—wawiyomakipi.
- wa-wi'-yo-ki-pi-ya, *adv. joy*fully, gladly, pleasingly.
- wa-wi'-yo-ki-śi-ća, v. of iyokiśića; to be sad—wawiyomakiśića.
- wa-wi'-yo-ki-śin, cont. of wawiyokiśića; sad: wawiyokisin waun, I am sad.

- wa-wi'-yo-ki-śin-ya, v. of iyokiśinya; to make sad—wawiyokiśinwaya.
- wa-wi'-yo-ki-śin-ya, adv. sadly, sorrowfully.
- wa-wi'-yo-pa-śta-ka, v. of iyopaśtaka; to encourage; urge on.
- wa-wi'-yo-pe-ki-ya, v. of iyopekiya; to sell; to reprove—wawiyopewakiya.
- wa-wi'-yo-pe-ya, v. of iyopeya; to reprove—wawiyopewaya.
- wa-wi'-yu-ka-ki-źa, v. of yukakiźa; to make suffer—wawimdukakiźa.
- w.a w i' y u k é a ŋ, v. of iyukéaŋ; to judge, to examine—wawimdukéaŋ.
- wa-wi'-yu-kćaŋ-ka, n. one who examines and judges.
- w a w i' y u n \dot{g} a, v. T. i. q. wa-wiwan \dot{g} a.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{i}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i}$, \mathbf{n} . \mathbf{T} . $\mathbf{i}\mathbf{n}$ quiring.
- wa-wi'-yunh, cont. T.
- $wa-wi'-yu\eta h-tu-kel$, adv. T. inquiringly.
- wa-wi'-yu-pi-ya, adv. well, expertly.
- wa-wi'-yu-tan-yan, v. of iyu-tanyan; to tempt: taku wawiyutan-yan un kin, the tempter; temptation.
- wa-wi'-yu-tan-ye, n. one who tempts.
- w a w o' \acute{c} e k a , v. T. i. q. waboćeka
- wa-wo'-hin-yan, v. of ohinyan; to be dissatisfied with—wawowahin-yan.

- wa-wo'-ki-ća-lini-ġa, adj. of quick understanding.
- wa-wo'-ki-hi, v. of okihi; to be able—wawowakihi
- wa-wo'-ki-hi-ka, n. one who is able: wićaśta wawokihika, a man of ability.
- wa-wo'-ki-hi-ya, v. to make able—wawokihiwaya.
- wa-wo'-ki-ya, v. of ókiya; to help; to be with, to accompany—wa-wowakiya.
- wa-wo'-ki-ye, n. one who helps; help. See ookiye.
- wa-won'-spe-ki-ya. See waonspekiya.
- wa-wo'-pan, v. T. to pound fine.
- w a w o' s l a t a, n. T. hair-pipe, used for ornament.
- wa-wo'-śte-hda, v. of ośtehda; to call bad names; one who speaks evil of—wawośtewahda.
- wa-wo'-ya-ka, v. of oyaka; to relate; one who relates, a narrator—wawomdaka.
- wa-wo'-yu-spa, v. T. of oyu-spa; to seize; to arrest, as a prisoner.
- wa-wo'-yu-spa, n. T. a policeman.
- wa-wo'-yu-spa-pi, n. T. making arrests.
- w a w o' ź i, v. of aźiźi; to tell secretly: wawowaźi.
- wa-ya'-a-taŋ-iŋ, v. of yaataŋiŋ; to make manifest, proclaim wamdaataŋiŋ.
- wa-ya'-a-śda, v. of yaaśda; to graze.

- wa-ya'-a-śda-ya, adv. of yaaśdaya; explaining, unfolding.
- wa-ya'-a-śka-daŋ, v. of yaaśkadaŋ; to speak of as near—wamdaaśkadaŋ.
- wa-ya'-ba-za, v. of yabaza; to bite, as dogs do in playing with one another. T., wayawaza.
- wa-ya'-ba-źa, v. of yabaźa; to bite or gnaw at, as dogs. T., wayawaźa.
- wa-ya'-ćaŋ-ćaŋ, v. of yaćaŋćaŋ; to make shake with the mouth wamdaćaŋćaŋ.
- wa-ya'-će-kće-ka, v. of yaćekćeka; to make stagger by biting, etc.—wamdaćekćeka.
- wa-ya'-će-ya, v. of yaćeya; to make cry by scolding, etc.—wamdaćeya
- wa-ya'-ći-ka-dan, v. See wayaćistinna.
- wa-ya'-ćis-ći-la, v. T. to underrate.
- wa-ya'-ći-stin-na, v. of yaćistinna; to speak of as small, to underrate—wamdaćistinna. T., wayaćisćila.
- wa-ya'-ćo, v. of yaćo; to judge, condemn—wamdaćo. Ih. and T., wayasu.—J. o. d.
- wa-ya'-60, n. a judge: i. q. wayasu.
- wa-ya'-ćo-ćo, v. of yaćoćo; to make soft by biting, to chew—wamda-
- wa-ya'-ćo-ćo-ka, n. one who always gives his opinion.

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- wa-ya'-ćo-ya, adv. in the manner of judging.
- wa-ya'-ćo-za, v. of yaćoza; to make warm by biting, etc.—wamda-ćoza.
- wa-ya'-e-će-tu, v. of yaećetu; to accomplish or bring to pass by speaking—wamdaećetu.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{g} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}, v. \quad T. \quad i. q. \mathbf{wa-yamima}.$
- w a y a' \dot{g} a, v. of yaga; to bite off, as husks.
- wa-ya'-ġa-pa, v. of yaġapa; to bite off the skin or husk; one who bites, as a horse.
- wa-ya'-ha-ha-ke, n. one who causes to waver by biting.
- wa-ya'-ha-ha-ye-dan, v. of yahahayedan; to make waver or to render unstable by biting—wamdahahayedan.
- wa-ya'-ha-i-ye-ya, v. to throw down by biting, as one horse does another.
- wa-ya'-hba, v. of yahba; to shell off with the teeth—wamdahba
- wa-ya'-hda, n. of yahda; to draw out or uncoil, as a dog does when eating the fat from entrails.
- wa-ya'-hda-he-ya, adv. of ya-hdaheya; continuously, connectedly: wayahdaheya ia.
- wa-ya'-hdo-ka, v. of yahdoka; to put out of joint with the teeth.
- wa-ya'-hin-ta, v. of yahinta; to brush away with the mouth: one who names every point in his speech and thus brushes it away—wamdahinta.

- wa-ya'-hmi-hma, v. of yahmihma; to make roll with the mouth wamdahmihma. T., wayagmigma See wayanminma.
- wa-ya'-hmi-yan-yan, v. to make round with the mouth—wa-mdahmiyanyan.
- wa-ya'-hna-śkin-yan, v. to make crazy by talking to—wamdahnaśkinyan. T., wayagnaśkinyan.
- wa-ya'-h na-yan, v. to miss with the mouth, to deceive, to tell a falsehood—wamdahnayan. T., wayagnayan.
- wa-ya'-hnu-ni, v. to make wander in mind by talking to, to confuse wamdahnuni.
- wa-ya'-ho-ho, v. of yahoho; to make loose by biting—wamdahoho.
- wa-ya'-ho-mni, v. of yahomni; to turn one around by talking, persuade one to change his opinions wamdahomni.
- wa-ya'-ho-ta, n. a species of wild rye; tares: oats.
- wa-ya'-ho-ton, v. of yahoton; to make cry out by biting—wamdahoton.
- wa-ya'-hu-hu-za, v. of yahu-huza; to shake with the mouth—wa-mdahuhuza. T., wayahunhunza.
- wa-ya'-huŋ-huŋ-za, v. T. to shake with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-hu-te-dan, v. to bite off short.
- wa-ya'-ha-pa, v. of yahapa; to scare up by talking, as game—wa-mdahapa.

- wa-ya'-hba, v. of yahba; to make sleepy by talking to—wamdahba.
- w a y a' h é i, v. of yahéi; to bite out a piece—wamdahéi.
- wa-ya'-hda, v. of yahda; to rattle with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-hda-ta, v. of yahdata; to scratch with the teeth.
- wa-ya'-hde-ća, v. of yahdeća; to tear with the teeth—wamdahdeća.
- wa-ya'-hdo-ka, v. of yahdoka; to bite a hole in—wamdahdoka.
- wa-ya'-he-pa, v. of yahepa; to drink all up—wamdahepa.
- wa-ya'-he-ya-ta, v. of yaheyata; to put one back by talking; one who disparages others by what he says—wamdaheyata.
- wa-ya'-hi-ća, v. of yahića; to waken up, cause one to awaken by speaking to him—wamdahića.
- wa-ya'-hi-ya-ya, v. of yahiyaya; to be awkward in doing any thing with the mouth, as in singing, making a bullet round, etc.—wamdahiyaya.
- wa-ya'-lipa, v. of yalipa; to throw down with the mouth—wamdalipa.
- wa-ya'-hpu, v. of yalipu; to bite off any thing that had been glued on—wamdalipu.
- wa-ya'-hta-ka, v. of yahtaka; to bite; to abuse by speaking evil of: one that bites, as a dog—wamdahtaka.
- wa-ya'-hu, v. of yahu; to peel off with the teeth—wamdahu.
- wa-ya'-hu-ġa, v. of yahuġa; to crush with the teeth—wamdahuġa.

- wa-ya'-i-de, v. of yaide; to blow and make blaze—wamdaide. T., waile.
- wa-ya'-i-ha, v. of yaiha; to make laugh by talking; one who jests and makes others laugh.
- wa-ya'-i-na-hni, v. to hasten, make hurry—wamdainahni.
- wa-ya'-i-ni-na, v. of yainina; to put to silence by speaking—wamdainina.
- wa-ya'-i-nin-ya, adv. putting 'to silence: wayaininya ia.
- wa-ya'-i-ste-ća, v. to make ashamed by talking to.
- wa-ya'-i-yo-ka, v. of yaiyoka; to set aside by counter argument; one who in argument refutes what has been said by others. T., wawiyakapa
- wa-ya'-i-yo-wa, v. of yaiyowa; to make yawn by talking. T., iyoyaya.
- wa-ya'-i-yo-wa-ža, v. to speak of as pertaining to.
- wa-ya'-ka, n. a captive taken in war, a prisoner: wayaka ahdi, to bring home a captive.
- wa-ya'-ka-ka, v. of yakaka; to champ, as a horse. T., wayatata.
- wa-ya'-ka-pa, v. of yakapa; to catch in the mouth—wamdakapa.
- wa-ya'-ka-tin, v. to straighten with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-ka-wa, v. of yakawa; to open with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-kéa, v. of yakéa; to untie with the mouth, to disentangle—wa-mdakéa.

- wa-ya'-ke-za, v. to make smooth with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-kiŋ-za, v. to grit or grind the teeth, as a cow. T., higla-kiŋza.
- wa-ya'-ko-ke-dan, v. to make active by talking to—wamdakokedan.
- wa-ya'-ko-ko-ka, v. to make the teeth rattle—wamdakokoka.
- wa-ya'-kon-tkon-ta, v to indent or notch with the teeth—wa-mdakontkonta.
- wa-ya'-ko-ya-han-na, v. to hasten one by speaking to him. T, wayainaliniya.
- wa-ya'-kpan, v. of yakpan; to masticate—wamdakpan.
- wa-ya'-kpi, v. of yakpi; to crack with the teeth, as a louse—wamda-kpi.
- wa-ya'-ksa, v. of yaksa; to bite off—wamdaksa.
- wa-ya'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of wayaksa.
- wa-ya'-ksa-pa, v. of yaksapa; to make wise by instructing, to teach wamdaksapa.
- wa-ya'-kśi-źa, v. of yakśiźa; to double up with the teeth—wamdakśi-źa.
- wa-ya'-ktan, v. of yaktan; to bend with the teeth—wamdaktan.
- wa-ya'-ktan-yan, adv. bending with the teeth.
- waya'-ku-ka, v. of yakuka; to bite to pieces—wamdakuka.
- wa-ya'-ke-ġa, v. of yakeġa; to gnaw—wamdakeġa.

- wa-ya'-ke-za, v. of yakeza; to bite smooth—wamdakeza.
- w a y a' k o g a, v. of yakoga; to gnaw—wamdakoga.
- wa-ya'-mda-ska, v. of yamdaska; to make flat with the mouth wamdamdaska.
- wa-ya'-mda-ya, v. of yamdaya; to make level with the mouth—wamdamdaya.
- wa-ya'-mda-za, v. of yamdaza; to bite or tear open with the teeth—wamdamdaza.
- wa ya' mde ća, v. of yamdeća; to break, crush, or tear in pieces with the teeth—wamdamdeća.
- wa-ya'-mde-za, v. of yamdeza; to cheer up by speaking—wamdamdeza.
- wa-ya'-mdu, v. of yamdu; to chew fine—wamdamdu.
- w a y a' m d u m d u, v. red. of wayamdu.
- wa-ya'-mi-ma, v. of yamima; to make round in the mouth—wamda-mima. T., wayagmiyan.
- wa-ya'-mna, v. of yamna; to rip with the teeth; to gain by talking—wa-mdamna.
- wa-ya'-mnu-ġa, v. to grind, as in eating parched corn—wamda-mnuġa.
- wa-ya'-mnu-mnu-ġa, v. red. of wayamnuġa; to gnaw, as a dog does bone. See yamnumnuġa.
- wa-ya'-n mi-n ma, v. of yanminma; to roll with the mouth—wamdanminma. See wayahmilma.
- wa-ya'-o-ći-pte-ća, v. of yao-

- cipteca; to lessen; to count less, to depreciate—wamdaocipteca.
- wa-ya'-o-ći-pten, cont. of wayaocipteca.
- wa-ya'-o-ći-pten-ya, adv. counting less.
- wa-ya'-o-ći-pte-tu, adv. in a lessening manner.
- wa-ya'-o-ći-tpa-ni, v. to speak of as unequal; to make unequal with the mouth. T., wayáokpaniyan.
- wa-ya'-o-gan, v. to bite a hole in. T., yaohloka.
- wa-ya'-o-hda-pśin-yan, v. of yaohdapśinyan; to root over, as a log does any thing: wayaohdapśinyan iyeya. T., wayaptan iyeya.
- wa-ya'-o-han-ko, v. of yaohanko; to make quick by speaking towamdaohanko.
- wa-ya'-o-ksa, v. of yaoksa; to bite through—wamdaoksa.
- wa-ya'-o-ktan, v. of yaoktan; to bendinto with the teeth—wamdaoktan.
- w a y a' o -n i h a n, v. of yaonihan; to praise, to honor—wamdaonihan.
- wa-ya'-o-ni-han-yan, adv. praising.
- wa-ya'-o-ptel-ya, v. T. to make less with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-o-tan, v. to exhort—wa-mdaotan. T., also to praise; i. q. yaonihan.
- wa-ya'-o-tan-in, v. of yaotanin; to make manifest; one who makes manifest—wamdaotanin.
- wa-ya'-pa, v. of yapa; to hold in the mouth—wamdapa.

- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o}$, v. of yapako; tobend with the teeth—wamdapako. T. wayaktan.
- wa-ya'-pe-mni, v. of yapemni; to twist with the teeth—wamdapemni.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{o}$, \mathbf{v} . of yapesto; \mathbf{to} bite to a point—wamdapesto.
- wa-ya'-pi, v. See wayapika.
- wa-ya'-pi-ka, v. n. to be fluent, to speak a language well, to be eloquent—wamdapika, wadapika.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}, adv.$ fluently.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of yapopa; \mathbf{to} make burst by biting—wamdapopa.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of yapota; \mathbf{to} tear in pieces with the mouth, to rend; one who tears in pieces with the teeth, as a dog—wamdapota.
- wa-ya'-psa-ka, v. of yapsaka; to bite off, as cords—wamdapsaka.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of yapsica; to make hop by biting—wamdapsića.
- wa-ya'-pson, v. of yapson; to spill with the mouth—wamdapson.
- wa-ya'-psun, v. Same as waya-
- $wa-ya'-p \le un$, v. of yap $\le un$; to shed, as a horse his teeth.
- wa ya' ptan yan, v. of yaptanyan; to turn over with the mouth, T., toroll over—wamdaptanyan. root over, as a hog the ground.
- wa-ya'-pte-će-dan, v. of yaptecedan; to bite off short.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, v. of $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$; tosplit, as a tooth—wamdaptuźa.
- teeth—wamdasba.

- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of \mathbf{y} as $\mathbf{d} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}$; $\mathbf{t} \mathbf{o}$ split with the teeth.
- wa-ya'-sdo-han, v. of yasdohan; to drag along with the mouth, as a wolf or other animal does his
- wa-ya'-sdu-ta, v. to pull out with the teeth, as a dog does.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{v}$. ho wayaskapa, said of the creaking noise made by fish when they come to the top of the water. T., to make a noise, as in kissing; to kiss. howaskapa.
- wa-ya'-ske-pa, v. of yaskepa; to drink all out.
- wa-ya'-ski-ća, v. of yaskića; to press on with the mouth—wamdaskića.
- wa-ya'-ski-ta, v. to press on with the mouth, make tight—wamdaskita.
- wa-ya'-sku, v. of yaska; to peel off with the teeth, bite off the skin or rind—wamdasku.
- wa-ya'-sku-sku, v. red. of wayasku; to bite off the rind or hullwamdaskusku.
- wa ya' sma ka, v. of yasmaka; to bite and make indentations.
- wa-ya'-smin, v. of yasmin; to gnaw off, as dogs do.
- wa-ya'-smin-yan-yan, v. to be eaten off smooth.
- wa ya' sna, v. of yasna; to make ring with the mouth; to ravel—wamdasna.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a}$, v. to pick off with the $| \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i}$, v. to make go out by talking, talk until the fire goes out.

- wa-ya'-so-te-ća, n. one who cats up much.
- wa-ya'-spa-ya, v. of yaspaya; to wet with the mouth—wamdaspaya.
- wa-ya'-stan-ka, v. of yastanka; to moisten with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-sto, v. of yasto; to lick down, as one cow does the hair of another.
- wa-ya'-su, v. of yasu; to make good with the mouth, by speaking, etc.—wamdasu. T., to judge; pronounce sentence; to condemn.
- wa-ya'-su, n. T. and Ih. a judge. wa-ya'-su-ta, v. of yasuta; to make firm with the mouth, to establish or decree—wamdasuta.
- wa-y'a'-śa-pa, v. of yaśapa; to soil with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-śda, v. of yaśda; to graze off, make bare, as cattle do by grazing.
- wa-ya'-śdo-ka, v. of yaśdoka; to bite out.
- wa-ya'-śi-ća, v. of yaśića; to speak evil of, to curse—wamdaśića, waunyaśićapi.
- wa-ya'-śi-hda, v. of yaśihda; to make angry by talking to.
- wa-ya'-śi-htin, v. of yaśihtin; to enfeeble by biting or talking to wamdaśihtin. T., to spoil or make bad with the mouth; to talk badly about; to find fault with.
- wa-ya'-śi-htin-ka, n. T. one who always finds fault.

- wa · ya' śi pa, v. of yasipa; to bite off close.
- wa-ya'-śka, v. of yaśka; to untie with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-śkan-śkan, v. of yaśkanskan; to cause to move with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-śki-ća, v. of yaśkića; to chew and press with the mouth, as in chewing tobacco—wamdaśkića.
- wa-ya'-śki-śka, v. of yaśkiśka; to bite and make rough; to get into difficulty by talking; to make difficulty by talking; to misrepresent wamdaśkiśka.
- wa-ya'-śko-kpa, v.of yaśkokpa; to gnaw out a hollow place—wamdaśkokpa.
- wa-ya'-śko-pa, v. of yaśkopa; to make warp or twist with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-śko-tpa, v. Same as wayaśkokpa.
- wa-ya'-śna, v. of yaśna; to miss or let fall from the mouth; to make mistakes in talking; to stammer wamdaśna.
- w a y a' s p a, v. of yaspa; to bite off pieces—wamdaspa.
- wa-ya'-śpi, v. of yaśpi; to pick off fruit, as birds do.
- wa-ya'-śpu, v. of yaśpu; to pick off with the mouth something that has been stuck on.
- wa-ya'-śpu-ya, v. of yaśpuya; to tickle by biting, as lice or fleas.
- wa'-ya-stan, v. of ayastan; to complete with the mouth, as eating or speaking—wamdastan.

- wa-ya'-śu-źa, v. of yaśuźa; to crush with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-ta, v. 2d pers. sing. of wota. wa-ya'-ta, v. of wota; to chew—wamdata.
- wa-ya'-ta-ta, v. T. to champ, as a horse.
- wa-ya'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. of yatakuniśni; to destroy with the mouth wamdatakuniśni
- wa-ya'-tan, n. a blister, blister salve.
- wa-ya'-taŋ-iŋ, v. of yataŋiŋ; to make manifest—wamdataŋiŋ.
- wa-ya'-tan-ka, v. of yatanka; to speak of as large—wamdatanka.
- wa-ya'-te-han, v. to speak of as far.
- wa-ya'-te-han-han, v. to speak slowly—wamdatehanhan.
- wa-ya'-te-hi-ka, v. of yatehika; to speak of as difficult—wamdatehika.
- wa-ya'-te-kon-za, v. (wayata and konza) to chew the cud, as cows.
- wa-ya'-te-pa, v. of yatepa; to wear off the teeth—wamdatepa.
- wa-ya'-ti-tan, v. of yatitan; to pull with the teeth—wamdatitan.
- wa-ya'-tkan, v. of yatkan; to drink—wamdatkan, waunyatkanpi.
- wa-ya'-tke-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to drink; to give medicine to—wayatkewakiya.
- wa-ya'-tkon-tkon-ta, v. See wayakontkonta.
- w a y a' t k o n z a, v. of yatkonza; to make equal—wamdatkonza.
- wa-ya'-tkun-za, v. See wayatkonza.

- wa-ya'-tog-ya, adv. wayatogya ia, to speak of other things.
- wa-ya'-to-kan, v. of yatokan; to speak off as in another place—wamdatokan.
- wa-ya'-to-ke-ća, v. of yatokeća; to alter, change, speak of as different wamdatokeća.
- wa-ya'-t pan, v. of yatpan; to chew up fine—wamdatpan, waun-yatpanpi. T., wayakpan.
- wa-ya'-tpu-tpa, v. of yatputpa; to bite up into crumbs—wamdatputpa. T., wayakpukpa.
- wa-ya'-tu-ka, v. of yatuka; to nibble off, as hair, etc.—wamdatuka.
- wa-ya'-tu-ta, v. to make smart by biting—wamdatuta.
- wa-ya'-tu-tka, v. to bite off in little pieces—wamdatutka.
- wa-ya'-ţa, v. of yaţa; to bite to death—wamdaţa.
- wa-ya'-țiŋ-za, v. of yațiŋza; to make firm with the mouth; to establish, declare.
- wa-ya'-un-ka, v. to bite and make fall, as a beaver does trees.
- wa-ya'-wa, v. of yawa; to read; to count—wamdawa, waunyawapi.
- wa-ya'-wa-hiŋ-yaŋ-za, v. of yawahiŋyaŋza; to bite and make cross: wayawahiŋyaŋsya kuwa, to keep biting for the purpose of making cross.
- wa-ya'-wa-kan, v. to speak of as sacred—wamdawakan.
- wa-ya'-wan-ka, v. to bite down, as a beaver does trees.

- wa-ya'-wa-pi, n. reading; numeration, arithmetic.
- wa-ya'-wa-ś'a-ka, v. to call strong—wamdawaś'aka.
- wa-ya'-wa-śa-ka-dan, v. to speak of as easy or cheap—wamdawaśakadan.
- wa-ya'-wa-śte, v. of yawaśte; to bless—wamdawaśte, wadawaśte, waunyawaśtepi.
- wa-ya'-we-ġa, v. of yaweġa; to break partly off with the mouth wamdaweġa.
- w a-y a'-w i-é a-k a, v. to call true wamdawićaka.
- wa-ya'-wi-ća-śta-śni, v. to speak of as wicked—wamdawićaśtaśni.
- wa-ya'-wi-hnu-ni, v. of yawihnuni; to destroy with the mouth wamdawihnuni.
- w a y a' w i n ź a, v. to bend down with the mouth—wamdawinźa.
- wa-ya'-za, v. to string, as beads—wamdaza.
- wa-ya'-za-mni, v. of yazamni; to uncover with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-zan, v. of yazan; to besick — wamayazan, waniyazan, waunyazanpi: wayazan hinhda, to be taken sick suddenly.
- wa-ya'-zan-hda, v. to become sick, to feel sick—wayazanwahda.
- wa-ya'-zaŋ-ka, v. to be sickwamayazaŋka: wayazaŋke ciŋ, one who is sick.
- wa-ya'-ze, v. of yaze; to take out food with the mouth, as a dog.

- wa-ya'·zi-ća, v. to stretch anything with the mouth—wamdazića.
- wa-ya'-zo-ka, v. of yazoka: to suck, as sugar or candy—wamda-zoka.
- wa-ya'-zon-ta, v. of yazonta; to connect, as language—wamdazon-ta. T., to praise an undeserving person.
- wa-ya'-źa, v. to crush or bite up.
- wa-ya'-źa-źa, v. of yaźaźa; to wash or make clean with the mouth, as a wolf or dog does by licking bones.
- wa-ya'-źi-pa, v. of yaźipa; to bite, as mosquitoes do.
- w a y a' źo, v of yaźo; to blow on instruments—wamdaźo.
- wa-ya'-źu-źu, v. of yaźuźu; to demolish with the mouth, as an argument by counter argument; to tear in pieces, as a dog does anything with his mouth; one who demolishes with his mouth—wamdaźuźu.
- wa-ye', v. a. T. to hunt: waye omani, wayei, etc.
- wa-ye'-ki-ya-pi, n. T. gambling. See oeconna.
- wa-ye'-ki-ya-śka-ta, v. T. to play for stakes, to gamble.
- wa-yu'-a-ki-han, v. of yuakihan; to make starve.
- wa-yu'-a-ki-pam, adv. separately. See yuakipam.
- wa-yu'-a-mda-ya, v. of yuamdaya; to make level.

- wa-yu'-a-śda-ya, v. of yuaśdaya; to make manifest; to uncover—wamduaśdaya.
- wa-yu'-a-śka-dan, v. of yuaśkadan; to make near.
- wa-yu'-a-zi, v of yuazi; to run aground, as a boat.
- wa-yu'-ba-za, v. of yubaza; to trouble, annoy, vex; to twist, roll—wamdubaza.
- wa-yu'-bo-sda-ta, v. of yubo-sdata: to set upright.
- wa-yu'-bu, v. of yubu; to make a drumming noise.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{b} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{u}, v. red. \text{ of wayubu}$
- wa-yu'-ćan, v. of yućan; to sift—wamdućan.
- wa-yu'-ćan-ćan, v. red. of wayućan; to shake, sift.
- wa-yu'-će-ka, v. See wayućekćeka.
- wa-yu'-će-kće-ka, v. of yućekćeka; to make stagger—wamdućekćeka.
- wa-yu'-će-ya, v. of yućeya; to make cry.
- wa-yu'-ći-ka-daŋ, v. of yućikadaŋ; to make small, to compress wamdućikadaŋ.
- wa-yu'-éi-stin-na, v. to make small—wamduéistinna. T., wayu-éiséila.
- wa-yu'-ćo, adv. of ayućo; well, neatly: wayućo śni, carelessly.
- wa-yu'-ćo-ćo, adv. red. of wayućo.
- wa-yu'-ćo-ka-ka, v. of yućokaka; to take out, empty, as the load from a gun—wamdućokaka. T., oyúćokaka.

- wa-yu'-ćo-ya, adv. well. See ayućoya.
- wa-yu'-ćo-za, v. of yućoza; to make warm by kindling a fire—waindućoza.
- wa-yu'-e-će-dan, v. of yueće-dan; to purify—wamduećedan.
- wa-yu'-e-će-tu, v. of yuećetu; to make right, fulfil, accomplish wamduećetu.
- wa-yu'-e-ći, v. of yueći; to turn wrong side out—wamdueći.
- wa-yu'-ġa, v. of yuġa; to open out or pull off, as in husking corn wamduġa.
- wa-yu'-ġaŋ, v. of yuġan; to open—wamduġan.
- wa-yu'-ġa-pa, v. of yuġapa; to take off the skin, as from an animal, to flay—wamduġapa.
- wa-yu'-ġa-ta, v. of yuġata; to spread out, as the hands—wamduġata.
- wa-yu'-ġo, v. of yuġo; to make crooked grooves, as in arrows.
- w a y u' ġ o d a ŋ, n. See waŋyuġodaŋ.
- wa-yu'-gu-ka, v. of yuġuka; to stretch, strain; to sprain—wamduġuka.
- wa-yu'-ha-ha-ka, n. of yuha; one who possesses much—wamduhahaka.
- wa-yu'-ha-ha-ye-dan, v. of yuhahayedan; to make unsteady—wamduhahayedan; to make unsteady—wamduhahayedan.
- wa-yu'-ha-i-ye-ya, v. of yuha iyeya; to throw or push down.

- wa-yu'-hba; v. of yuhba; to shell off—wamduhba.
- wa-yu'-hbe-za, v. of yuhbeza; to make rough.
- wa-yu'-hda, v. of yuhda; to untwist, uncoil—wamduhda.
- wa-yu'-hdo-ka, v. to dislocate-wamduhdoka.
- wa-yu'-he-ća, n. one who possesses much—wamduheća.
- wa-yu'-hi, v. of yuhi; to drive off, as game—wamduhi. T., to arouse, startle, etc.
- wa-yu'-hi-ka, adj. T. disturbing; troublesome.
- wa-yu'-hin-ta, v. of yuhinta; to sweep off—wamdulinta.
- wa-yu'-hmi-hma, v. of yuhmihma; to roll—wamduhmihma.
- wa-yu'-h mi-yan-yan, v. of yuhmiyanyan; to make round—wamduhmiyanyan.
- wa-yu'-hmun, v. of yuhmun; to twist—wamduhmun.
- wa-yu'-hna, v. of yuhna; to shake off, as fruit.
- wa-yu'-h na-śkin-yan, v. of yuhnaśkinyan; to make crazy—wa-mduhnaśkinyan.
- wa-yu'-hna-yan, v. to miss, deceive.
- wa-yu'-hnu-ni, v. of yuhnuni; to make wander.
- wa-yu'-ho-ho, v. of yuhoho; to catch and hold loosely, as something too large to grasp—wamduhoho.
- w a'-yu-ho-mni, v. of ayuhomni; to turn round on.

- w a'-y u-h o-t a, v. todesire much—as food—wamduhota.
- wa-yu'-ho-ton, v. to cause to make a noise.
- wa-yu'-hu-hu-za, v. of yuhu-huza; to shake—wamduhuhuza. T., wayuhunhunza.
- wa-yu'-hu-te-dan, v. of yuhutedan; to make short, wear to a stump—wamduhutedan. T., hute okanyela yutepa. See okanyela and otehan.
- wa-yu'-han-di-ta, v. to make quick or active. T., wayuohanko. See yuhandita.
- wa-yu'-han-hi, v. to make slow, to retard. See yuhanhi.
- wa-yu'-ha-tka, v. of yuhatka; to make rough.
- wa-yu'-hda, v. of yuhda; to make rattle.
- wa-yu'-hda-gan, v. of yuhdagan; to make larger, to enlarge.
- wa-yu'-hda-ta, v. of yulidata; to scratch; to dig under.
- wa-yu'-hde-ća, v. of yuhdeća; to tear—wamduhdeća.
- w a-y u'-h d o-k a, v. of yuhdoka; to make a hole; to open—wamduhdoka.
- wa-yu'-he-pa, v. of yuhepa; to drain off; to absorb.
- wa-yu'-he-ya-ta, v. of yuhe-yata; to shove aside, push back.
- wa-yu'-hi-ća, v. of yuliića; towaken one up, cause to awake—wamduhića.
- wa-yu'-hi-ya-ya, v. of yuhiyaya; to be awkward, to bungle wamduhiyaya.

- wa-yu'-hi-ya-ya-ka, n. a bungler. wa-yu'-h mi, v. of yuhmi; to make
- v a y u n m v, v. or y u v m v ; to ma
- wa-yu'-hmin, v. of yuhmin; to throw off sideways.
- wa-yu'-hmun, v. of yuhmun; to make buzz.
- wa-yu'-hpa, v. of yuhpa; to lay down, throw down; to buy a wife—wamduhpa. See wohpa. T., "to buy a wife" is winyan cin.—w. J. c.
- wa-yu'-hpu, v. of yuhpu; to pick off pieces.
- wa-yu'-hta-ta, v. a. T. to offer sacrifice; to kill in sacrifice—wablu-htata: generally used of animate objects, as waunyan is of inanimate ones.
- wa-yu'-hta-ta, n. T. a priest; one who offers sacrifice: wayuhtata itanéan, a chief priest.
- wa-yu'-hta-ta-pi, n. T. sacrifices; animals or things offered in sacrifice.
- wa-yu'-htan-yan, v. of yuhtan-yan; to make rough.
- wa-yu'-htu-ta, v. of yuhtuta; to make rough, break the grain of a skin in dressing—wamduhtuta.
- wa-yu'-hu, v. of yuhu; to peel—wamduhu.
- wa-yu'-hu-ga, v. of yuhuga; to break holes in—wamduhuga.
- wa-yu'-hun-ta, v. of yuhunta; to make soft or pliant, as a skin by rubbing—wamduhunta.
- wa-yu'-hun-win, v. of yuhunwin; to cause to putrefy.

- wa-yu'-i-ći-ća-hi, v. of yuićićahi; to mingle.
- wa-yu'-i-de, v. of yuide; to make blaze.
- wa-yu'-i-na-hni, v. of yuinahni; to cause to hasten—wamduinahni.
- wa-yu'-i-śte-ća, v. of yuiśteća; to make ashamed.
- wa-yu'-i-yo-ka, v. wayuiyog iyeya, to push aside, put out of the way. T., yutokaniyeya.
- wa-yu'-i-yo-wa-za, v. of yuiyowaza; to cause an echo.
- wa-yu'-ka-ki-źa, v. of yukakiźa; to make suffer—wamdukakiźa.
- wa-yu'-kan, v. of yukan; to shake off, as dew.
- wa-yu'-ka-pa, v. of yukapa; to catch in the hand, as a ball—wamdu-kapa.
- wa-yu'-ka-tin, v. of yukatin; to straighten out.
- wa-yu'-ka-wa, v. of yukawa; to open out, push back—wamdukawa.
- wa-yu'-kća, v. of yukća; to unfold, untie—wamdukća.
- wa-yu'-kéan, v. of yukéan; to examine, investigate—wamdukéan.
- wa-yu'-ke-ća, v. n. of yukan; there is some.
- wa-yu'-kin-ća, v. of yukinća; to scrape.
- wa-yu'-kiŋ-za, v. of yukiŋza; to make creak—wamdukiŋza.
- wa-yu'-ki-pa-źa, v. of yukipaźa; to double or fold up.
- wa-yu'-ki-pe-han, v. of yuki-pehan; to fold up.

- wa-yu'-ko-ke-daŋ, v. of yukokedan; to make active.
- wa-yu'-ko-ko-ka, v. of yukokoka; to rattle.
- wa-yu'-ko-pe-hda, v. of yukopehda; to frighten.
- wa-yu'-ko-ya-han-na, v. to make hasten.
- wa-yu'-kpan, v. of yukpan; to make fine, pulverize, grind, as grain wamdukpan, wadukpan, waunyukpanpi. See wokpan and wayutpan.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u'} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i}$, \mathbf{v} . of $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i}$; $\mathbf{to} \mathbf{crack}$. wa-yu'-ksa, v. of yuksa; to break off-wamduksa, waduksa, waunyuksapi. See woksa.
- wa-yu'-kse, v.a. T. to break off, as ears of corn; to harvest, as corn.
- wa-yu'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of wa-
- wa-yu'-ksa-pa, v. of yuksapa; to make wise; one who makes wise, an instructor—wamduksapa.
- wa-yu'-kśa, v. of yukśa; to roll
- wa-yu'-kśa-dan, v. of yukśadan; to bend up.
- wa-yu'-kśan, v. of yukśan; to
- wa-yu'-kśi-źa, v. of yukśiża; to double up.
- wa-yu'-ktan, v. of yuktan; to bend—wamduktan.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}$, v. of $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}$; tospoil, wear out.

- wa-yu'-ko-ka, v. of yukoka; to | wa-yu'-ke-ga, v. of yukega; to
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$; \mathbf{to} make smooth.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}, v. \text{ of } \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k} o \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}; to$ scratch, make rough.
 - wa-yu'-ko-za, v. of yukoza; to make smooth.
 - wa-yu'-ma-hen-i-ye-ya, v. to put or push into.
 - wa-yu'-man, v. of yuman; to whet, file, grind, as edged tools—wamdube.
 - $\dot{\mathbf{w}} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u'} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of yumdaska; to make flat.
 - w a y u' m d a y a, v. of yumdaya; to spread out, make level-wamdumdaya.
 - wa-yu'-mda-za, v. of yumdaza; to rip open.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{m} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of yumdeća; to crush, break in pieces-wamdu-
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{m} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{u}$, \mathbf{v} . of yumdu; \mathbf{tomake} mellow; to plough—wamdumdu, wadumdu. See womdu.
 - wa-yu'-mi-ma, v. of yumima; to make round by grinding—wamdumima.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u'} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}$, v. of yumna; to rip. wa'-yu-mni, v. of ayumni; to turn round on.
 - wa-yu'-mni-ġa, v. of yumniġa; to make shrink or draw up.
 - wa-yu'-na-ke-ya, v. of yunakeya; to turn on one side.
 - $wa-yu'-na-zi\eta$, v. of yunazi η ; to cause to stand up—wamdunazin.

- wa-yu'-ni-ya-śni, v. of yuniyaśni; to suffocate, to strangle—wamduniyaśni.
- wa-yu'-nmi-nma, v. of yu-nminma; to roll. T., wayugmigma.
- wa-yu'-o-ćin-śi-ća, v. of yuoćinsića: to make cross.
- wa-yu'-o-ći-pte-ća, v. of yuoćipteća; to make of different lengths. T, wayuoptetu.
- wa-yu'-o-ći-pten, cont. of wayuoćipteća. T., wayuoptel.
- wa-yu'-o-ći-pten-ya, adv. diminishing in size.
- wa-yu'-o-ći-pte-tu, v. to make longer and shorter, to lessen—wamduoćiptetu.
- wa-yu'-o-ći-tkoŋ-za, v. of yuoćitkoŋza; to make equal. T., wayuotkoŋza.
- wa-yu'-o-ći-tpa-ni, v. of yuoćitpani; to make unequal. T., wayuoćikpani.
- wa-yu'-o-h da-pśiŋ-yaŋ-iye-ya, v. to turn bottom up.
- wa-yu'-o-ha-ha, v. of yuohaha; to fill up, as holes. T., okáta, of o and katá.
- wa-yu'-o-han-ko, v. of yuohanko; to make hasten—wamduohanko. See wayuhandita.
- wa-yu'-o-hmin, v. of yuolimin; to miss, to throw on one side of the mark.
- wa-yu'-o-hpa, v. of yuohpa; to break through into.
- wa-yu'-o-ka-h bo-ka, v. of yuokahboka; to cause to float.

- wa-yu'-o-ki-ni-han, v. of yuokinihan; to make honorable.
- w a y u' o k o n w a n ź i d a n, v. of yuokonwanzidan; to make into one, to unite.
- wa-yu'-o-mde-ća, v. of yuomdeća; to scatter abroad, to disperse—wamduomdeća.
- wa-yu'-o-ni-han, v. of yuoni-han; to honor; to be respectful—wamduonihan.
- wa-yu'-o-ni-han-yan, adv. respectfully.
- wa-yu'-o-s'in, v. of yuos'in; to hate—wainduos'in. T., waoyus'in.
- wa-yu'-o-śiŋ, v. of yuośiŋ; to tie in a fast knot—wamduośiŋ. T., wayúoseya.
- wa-yu'-o-ta, v. of yuota; to multiply—wamduota.
- wa-yu'-o-tan-in, v. of yuotanin; to make manifest—wamduotanin.
- wa-yu'-o-ţiŋ-za, v. of yuoţiŋza; to make tight in—wamduoţiŋza.
- wa-yu'-o-wo-tan, v. of yuowotan; to straighten, to make upright—wamduowotan.
- wa-yu'-o-wo-tan-na, v. Samo as wayuowotan.
- wa-yu'-pa-ko, v. of yupako; to make crooked.
- wa-yu'-pan-ġa, v. of yupan-ġa; to tie up loosely, make puff out—wamdupan-ġa
- wa-yu'-paŋ-ġe-ća, n. one who ties nothing up well, one who ties so that it always puffs out—wamdupaŋġeća.

- wa-yu'-paŋ-paŋ, v. of yupaŋpaŋ; to make soft — wamdupaŋpaŋ.
- wa-yu'-paŋ-paŋ-na, v. See wayupaŋpaŋ.
- wa-yu'-pa-tu-źa, v. of yupatuźa; to bend down
- wa-yu'-pe-han, v. of yupehan; to fold up.
- wa-yu'-pe-mni, v. of yupemni;
- wa-yu'-pi, v. n. to be skillful, ingenious—wamdupi, wadupi, waunyupipi.
- wa-yu'-pi-ka, v.n. to be expert, skillful, dexterous—wamdupika, wadupika.
- wa-yu'-pi-ya, adv. skillfully, expertly, well.
- wa-yu'-pi-ya-han, adv. well, skillfully. T., wayúpiyakel.
- wa-yu'-po-pa, v. of yupopa; to cause to burst.
- wa-yu'-po-ta, v. of yupota; to wear out, cut up—wamdupota, wauŋ-yupotapi.
- wa-yu'-po-te-ća, n. one who wears out or uses up much.
- wa-yu'-po-wa-ya, v. of yupowaya; to brush up, as fur.
- wa-yu'-psa-ka, v. of yupsaka; to break, as cords—waindupsaka.
- w a y u' p s i ć a , v. of yupsića; to make jump—wamdupsića.
- wa-yu'-pson, v. of yupson; to spill out—wamdupson.
- wa-yu'-pśuŋ, v. of yupśuŋ; to pull out by the roots, to dislocate—wamdupśuŋ.

- wa-yu'-pta, v. of yupta; to cut out, as clothes—wamdupta.
- wa'-yu-pta, v. of ayupta; to answer—wamdupta
- wa-yu'-ptan-yan, v. of yuptanyan; to turn over—wamduptanyan.
- wa'-yu-ptan-yan, v. of ayuptanyan; to turn back on one, redound on one's self or one's relatives.
- wa-yu'-pta-ya, n. of yuptaya; one who collects.
- wa-yu'-pte-će-dan, v. of yuptećedan; to shorten. T., wayupćećela.
- wa-yu'-ptu-ha, v. of yuptuha; to pick to pieces.
- wa-yu'-ptu-źa, v. of yuptuźa; to crack, split.
- wa-yu'-san, v. of yusan; to whiten, to whitewash. See wayuska.
- wa-yu'-sa-pa, v. of yusapa; to blacken.
- wa-yu'-sba, v. of yusba; to pick in pieces.
- wa-yu'-sbu, v. of yusbu; to make a noise, as in handling shelled corn.
- wa-yu'-sde-ća, v. of yusdeća; to split—wamdusdeća.
- wa-yu'-sdo-han, v. of yusdohan; to draw along—wamdusdohan.
- wa-yu'-sdu-ta, v. of yusduta; to pull out—wamdusduta.
- wa-yu'-se-pa, v. of yusepa; to rub off, as dirt or paint—wamdu-sepa. T., wayutepa,

- wa-yu'-ska, v. of yuska; to whiten, make white; to clear one who has been charged with a crime, to acquit—wamduska. See wayusan.
- wa-yu'-ska-pi, n. one who has been cleared from charges laid against him.
- wa-yu'-ske-pa, v. of yuskepa; to draw all out, to exhaust.
- wa-yu'-ski-ća, v. of yuskića; to press; to be neat and tidy; to surpass all others: one who is feared by or restrains others—wamduskića.
- wa-yu'-ski-ta, v. Same as wayuskića; to bind, press.
- wa-yu'-sku, v. of yusku; to shear off close, pare, shave off—wamdusku.
- wa-yu'-sku-sku, v. red. of wayusku.
- wa-yu'-sla-ta, v. T. to do v thing slowly, deliberately.
- wa-yu'-sla-sla-ta, v. red. T. to do a thing slowly, deliberately. See wákasdata.
- wa-yu'-sma-ka, v. of yusmaka; to hollow out; to indent.
- wa-yu'-smin, v. of yusmin; to pick off, make bare.
- wa-yu'-sna, v. of yusna; to ring, to rustle, as leaves falling; to ravel out—wamdusna.
- wa-yu'-sni, v. of yusni; to make cold, to extinguish.
- wa'-yus-o, v. of ayuso; to wade after; to pare off—wamduso. T., to pare off, to cut in strips or strings. But "to wade after" is copa hiyohi ya.—w. J. C.

- wa'-yus-os-o, v. red. of wayuso.
- wa-yu'-so-ta, v. of yusota; to spend, use up, consume—wamdu-sota.
- wa-yu'-sto, v. of yusto; to smooth down—wamdusto.
- w a y u' s t o k a, n. one who makes smooth.
- wa-yu'-su, v. of yusu; to make good—wamdusu. T., yuwaste.
- wa-yu'-su-ta, v. of yusuta; to make strong, to establish—wamdu-suta.
- wa-yu'-śa, v. of yuśa; to make red.
- wa-yu'-ś'ag-ya, v. a. to overload, as an animal —wayuś'agwaya. T., tkeya wakinkiya.
- wa-yu'-ś'a-ka, v. of yuś'aka; to be overloaded—wamduś'aka.
- wa-yu'-śa-pa, v. of yuśapa; to soil—wamduśapa.
- wa-yu'-śda, v. of yuśda; to make bare, cut off—wamduśda.
- wa-yu'-śdo-ka, v. of yuśdoka; to pull out.
- wa-yu'-śdu-śdu-ta, v. of yuśduśduta; to make slippery.
- wa-yu'-śe-éa, v. to make dry up or wither.
- wa-yu'-śi-ća, v. of yuśića; to make bad, to spoil—wamduśića.
- wa-yu'-śi-htiŋ, v. of yuśihtiŋ; to enfeeble—wamduśihtiŋ. T., to make bad; to injure in any way.
- wa-yu'-śik-śi-će-ća, n. T. of wayuśića; one who does nothing well.

- wa-yu'-śiŋ-śiŋ, v. of yuśiŋśiŋ; to tickle—wamduśiŋśiŋ.
- wa-yu'-śiŋ-ye-ya, v. of yuśiŋyeya; to frighten — wayuśiŋyewaya.
- wa-yu'-śi-pa, v. of yuśipa; to break off close. See wayutkuġa.
- wa-yu'-śka, v. of yuśka; to untie.
- wa-yu'-śkan-śkan, v. of yuśkanskan; to cause to move or stir about—wamduskanskan.
- wa-yu'-śke-han, v. of yuśkehan; to make wild or unsteady, to cause to prance—wamduśkehan.
- w a y u' ś k i , v. of yuśki; to plait—wamduśki.
- w a y u' ś k i ś k a, v. of yuśkiśka; to make rough; to make difficult or confused; to make mischief—wamduśkiśka.
- w a y u' ś k o k p a, v. of yuśkokpa; to hollow out.
- wa-yu'-śko-pa, v. of yuśkopa; to make twisting.
- wa-yu'-śko-tpa, v. Same as wayuśkokpa.
- wa-yu'-śna, v. of yuśna; to drop, let slip, make a mistake—wamduśna.
- wa-yu'-śna, v. a. to sacrifice, offer sacrifice—wamduśna, waduśna, wauŋyuśnapi. See wośna. T., wauŋyaŋ and wayuhtata.
- wa-yu'-śna-pi, n. sacrificing. T., waunyanpi and wayuhtatapi.
- wa-yu'-śo-śa, v. of yuśośa; to make turbid.
- wa-yu'-śpa, v. of yuśpa; to break off pieces—wamduśpa.

- wa-yu'-śpi, v. of yuśpi; to pick off, as berries—wamduśpi, wadu-śpi, waunyuśpipi. Şee wośpi.
- wa-yu'-śpu, v. of yuśpu; to pick off anything stuck on—wamduśpu.
- wa-yu'-śpu-ya, v. of yuśpuya; to scratch—wamduśpuya.
- wa-yu'-śtan, v. of yuśtan; to finish—wamduśtan.
- wa-yu'-stan-ka, n. one who finishes.
- wa-yu'-śu-źa, v. of yuśuźa; to crush.
- wa-yu'-ta, v. of yuta; to be eaten up, as by wolves; to eat up; one who eats all up—wawata, wauntapi. See wota.
- wa-yu'-t'an, v. of yut'an; to touch.
- wa-yu'-tan, n. a servant; a master of ceremonies. T., one who passes the food around.
- wa-yu'-tan-ćo-dan, v. of yu-tancodan; to make naked.
- wa-yu'-tan-in, v. of yutanin; to make manifest, to expose—wamdutanin.
- wa-yu'-tan-ka, v. of yutanka; to make large.
- wa-yu'-tan-ki-ya, v. of wayutan; to have for cook or master of ceremonies: wayutanwićakiyapi, scrvants.
- wa-yu'-tan-ni, v. of yutanni; to wear out, make old—wamdutanni.
- wa-yu'-tan-ni-ka, n. one who wears out much.
- wa-yu'-t'an-t'an, v. red. of yut'an; to feel all over.
- wa-yu'-tan-ton-śni, v of yutantonśni; to make an end of, destroy.

- wa-yu'-tan-ya, v. of wayutan; to make master of ceremonies at a feast—wayutanwaya.
- wa-yu'-te-ća, v. of yuteća; to make new, to renew—wamduteća.
- wa-yu'-te-han, v. of yutehan; to make long, to be slow.
- wa-yu'-te-han-han-ka, v. to be always long in doing a thing wamdutehanhanka.
- wa-yu'-te-hi-ka, v. of yutehika; to make difficult—wamdutehika.
- wa-yu'-te-pa, v. of yutepa; to wear off. T., also to rub off, as paint, etc. See wayusepa.
- wa-yu'-te-pe-ća, n. one who wears off.
- wa-yu'-ti-ća, v. of yutića; to scrape away, as a horse does snow by pawing.
- wa-yu'-ti-pa, v. of yutipa; to cramp, draw up.
- wa-yu'-ti-tan, v. of yutitan; to pull.
- wa-yu'-tkoŋ-za, v. of yutkoŋza; to make even—wamdutkoŋza. T., wayúotkoŋza.
- wa-yu'-tku-ga, v. of yutkuga; to break off square. T., to break off; but "to break off square" is otkons yuksa.—w. J. c.
- wa-yu'-to-kan, v. of yutokan; to put in another place, to remove wamdutokan.
- wa-yu'-to-ke-ća, v. of yutokeća; to make different, to alter wamdutokeća.

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- wa-yu'-tpan, v. of yutpan; to make fine, to grind—wamdutpan, waunyutpanpi. T., wayukpan. See wotpan and wayukpan.
- wa-yu'-tpu-tpa, v. of yuputpa; to pick to pieces, to make crumble wamdutputpa. T., wayukpukpa.
- wa-yu'-tpu-tpe-ća, n. one who crumbles up or makes fine.
- wa-yu'-tu-ta, v of yututa; to make smart by rubbing—wamdu-tuta.
- wa-yu'-tu-tka, v. of yututka; to break into small pieces.
- wa-yu'-ţa, v. of yuţa; to kill, choke to death—wamduţa.
- wa-yu'-ţiŋ-za, v of yuţiŋza; to make firm—wamduţiŋza.
- wa-yu'-wa-éin-ton, v. of yuwacinton; to make intelligent.
- wa-yu'-wa-hiŋ-yaŋ-za, v. to make morose or ill disposed. See wacinhinyaŋza, yuwacinhinyaŋza and wayawahinyaŋza.
- wa-yu'-wa-liba-dan, v. of yu-walibadan; to make gentle or mild—waniduwalibadan.
- wa-yu'-wa-lipa-ni-ća, v. of yuwalipanića; to make poor—wa-mduwalipanića.
- wa-yu'-wa-hte-ka, v. to make unable to do well, to incapacitate; i. q. onspeśni daka.
- wa-yu'-wa-kan, v. of yuwakan; to make sacred, to consecrate—wa-mduwakan.
- wa-yu'-wan-ka, v. of yuwanka; to throw down. T., wayuunka.

- wa-yu'-wan-kan-i-ću, v. to lift up: wayuwankan iyeya, to raise or pry up.
- wa-yu'-wa-ś'a-ka, v. of yuwaś'aka; to make strong, to invigorate—wamduwaś'aka.
- wa-yu'-wa-śa-ka-daŋ, v. of yuwaśakadaŋ; to make cheap or easy—wamduwaśakadaŋ.
- wa-yu'-wa-ś'a-ke-śni, v. to make weak—wamduwaś'akeśni.
- wa-yu'-wa-ste, v. of yuwaste; to make good, to improve—wamduwaste, waduwaste, waunyuwastepi. See wayusu.
- wa-yu'-we-ga, v. of yuwega; to break partly off—wamduwega.
- wa-yu'-wi, v. of yuwi; to wrap around.
- wa-yu'-wi-ća-ka, v. of yuwićaka; to make true.
- wa-yu'-wi-ća-śta-śni, v. of yuwićaśtaśni; to make bad, debase, corrupt—wamduwićaśtaśni.
- wa-yu'-wi-hnu-ni, v. of yuwihnuni; to destroy—wamduwihnuni.
- wa-yu'-win-ġa, v. of yuwinġa; to turn around.
- wa-yu'-win-ġe-ća, n. one who turns about.
- wa-yu'-win-ta, v. of yuwinta; to spread out the hands to; to stroke wamduwinta. T., to stroke; to spread out the hands to one in salutation only (for any other purpose they use kiyugata).
- wa-yu'-win-źa, v. of yuwinźa; to bend down.

- wa-yu'-wi-tan-tan, v. to make proud. See yuwitan.
- wa-yu'-wi-ta-ya, v. of yuwitaya; to gather together, to collect wamduwitaya.
- wa-yu'-wi-tko, v. of yuwitko; to make drunk—wamduwitko.
- wa-yu'-wi-tko-tko-ka, v. to make foolish.
- wa-yu'-wi-ye-ya, v. of yuwiyeya; to make ready—wamduwiyeya.
- wa-yu'-za, v. of yuza; to take; to take the clothes of those who come home in triumph—wamduza. See wakiyuza.
- wa-yu'-za-mni, v. of yuzamni; to uncover—wamduzamni.
- wa-yu'-zan, v. of yuzan; to part or separate, as hair on the head.
- wa-yu'-ze, v. of yuze; to lade or dip out from a kettle—wamduze.
- wa-yu'-zi-ća, v. of yuźića; to stretch—wamduzića.
- wa-yu'-zon-ta, v. of yuzonta; to make connected; to decide—wainduzonta. T., ićikoyagya, to make connected; but iyukćan, to decide.
- w a y u' z u η ϵ a, v. Same as wayuzonta.
- wa-yu'-źa, v. of yuźa; to stir up; to make mush or hasty pudding wamduźa.
- wa-yu'-źa-ka, v. of yuźaka; to pull open—wamduźaka.
- wa-yu'-źa-źa, v. of yuźaża; to wash, as clothes; to do a washing—wamduźaźa, waduźaża, waunyu-źaźapi. See woźaźa.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' - \mathbf{z} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} - \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of yuzinca; to pull or blow, as the nose—wamdu-

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' - \mathbf{z} \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of yuzipa; \mathbf{to} pinch; one who pinches—wamdu-

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' - \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n}$, \mathbf{v} . of $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{n}$; to $\mathbf{p} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{l}$ out by the roots—wamduzun.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' - \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u}$, \mathbf{v} . of $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u}$; \mathbf{to} tear down, to demolish—wamduźuźu.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}' - \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n}$, to dangle; to be fringed. See kazaza.

wa-za'-za-pi, n. fringe, dangles. wa-zi', n. a pine, pines.

Wa-zi'-he, n. the Cypress Mountains.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{z} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{l}' - \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{T}$, to burn, as incense-wazilwaya. See zinya.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{z} \mathbf{i'} - \mathbf{s} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, n.$ (wazi and saka) a species of pine, perhaps the pitch pine, the fir.

wa-zi'-se, n. like pines; giants.

Wa-zi'-ya, n. the northern god or lives at the north and blows cold out of his mouth. He draws near in winter and recedes in summer. we, n. blood. By some Waziya is confounded with Heyoka, but he seems to be a different being. This is now be-Claus.

wa-zi'-ya-pa, adv. at the north, we, pron. compounded of "wa" and to the north.

wa-zi'-ya-pa-tan-han, adv. we'-će-ya, v. a. to have regard northwards; from the north.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{z} \mathbf{i'} - \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{n} , at the pines, the north.

wa-zi'-ya-tan-han, adv. at the north, from the north.

 $wa-zi'-y_a-ta-ta\eta-ha\eta$, adv. from the north.

Wa-zi'-ya-wi-ća-śa, n. the name of a branch of the Assiniboins.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{z} \mathbf{u}', \mathbf{v}$. 1st pers. sing. of $\mathbf{z}\mathbf{u}$.

wa'-źu, v. of aźu; to lay up to dry, as rice, etc.; to apply externally, as a poultice—wáwaźu, wáunźupi.

wa'-źu-daŋ, n. the hoards or deposits of squirrels, etc.

wa-źuŋ'-tka, n. the name of a small yellow bird.

wa-źuŋ'-tka-daŋ, n. Same as ważuntka.

wa'-źu-pi-wi or wi-wa-źu-pi, n. the moon in which the Indians lay up rice, answering nearly to October. wa-źu'-śte-ća, n. strawberries.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{\acute{z}} \mathbf{u'} - \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e} - \mathbf{\acute{c}} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u}$, n. strawberry vines.

god of the north; a fabled giant who wa-źu'-śte-ća-śa-wi, n. the moon in which strawberries are ripe; June or July.

we, adj. bloody.

we, v. n. to bleed: poge mawe, my nose bleeds.

come the designation of Santa we, sign of the imperat. sing.; used by the women; as, econ we, do thou it.

"ki." See Grammar, Pronouns.

for one, to consult one's wishes wećewaya, wećeunyanpi. T., to follow, as a leader.

- we'-ga, adj. broken. See yuwega, etc. we-ga'-han, part. broken, but not entirely off.
- we-ga'-wa-han, part. broken, but not off; thus distinguished from ksawahan.
- we'-han, n. last spring: wehan icima, the spring before last.
- weh'-weh-weh, intj T. used by the women in calling a dog.
- we'-hna, prep. among. See ehna. we-i'-ći-va, v. rcf. T. to bleed
- we-i'-ći-ya, v. ref. T. to bleed himself.
- we-ki'-ći ya, v. a. T. to bleed each other.
- we-śde'-ka-pi, n. the wearing of honors, especially the feathers, signs of honorable wounds.
- we'-tu, n. spring, the spring of the year; next spring. See wehan.
- w'e w e', adj. red. of we; bloody.
- We'-wi-ća-śa, n. The Bloods.
- we-ya', v. a. to shed blood, make bleed; hence to put to death—wewaya, weunyanpi.
- we'-yo-ta-ni-će and wo'-tani-će, n. a clot of blood.
- wi, n. the sun; the moon: wi hinapa, the sun rises; wi iyaya, the sun has set; appetu wi, the daysun; hapyetu wi, the night-sun or moon (T., haphepi wi).
- wi, n. a moon, a lunar month. The names of the moons are as follows:
 - 1. Wi-telii, January; the hard moon.
 - 2. Wićata-wi, February; the raccoon moon.

- 3. Istawićayazan-wi, March; the sore-eye moon.
- 4. Magaokada-wi, April; the moon in which the geese lay eggs: also called Wokada-wi; and sometimes Watopapi-wi, the moon when the streams are again navigable. T., Magaksića-agli-wi, the moon when the ducks come back.
- 5. Woźupi-wi, May; the planting moon. See ćanwapton-wi.
- 6. Waźuśtećaśa-wi, June; the moon when the strawberries are red.

 T., Tipsinla-itkalića-wi, the moon when the seed-pods of the Indian turnip mature; and Wipazoka-waśte-wi, the moon when the wipazoka (berries) are good.
- 7. Canpasapa-wi and Wasunpa-wi, July; the moon when the choke-cherries are ripe, and when the geese shed their feathers. T., Canpasapa-wi and Takiyuha-wi, the deer-rutting moon.
- 8. Wasuton-wi, August; the harvest moon. T., Kanta-śa-wi, the moon when plums are red.
- .9. Psinhnaketu-wi, September; the moon when rice is laid up to dry.

 T., Ćanwapeġi-wi (ćanwapa, ġi, and wi), the moon in which the leaves become brown.
- 10. Wi-waźupi, October; the drying rice moon; sometimes written Waźupi-wi. T., Ćaŋwape-kasna-wi, the moon when the wind shakes off the leaves; and Wayuksapi-wi, corn-harvest moon.

- 11. Takiyuha-wi, November; the deer-rutting moon. T., Waniyetu-wi, the winter moon.
- 12. Tahećapśuŋ-wi, December; the moon when the deer shed their horns T., Wanićokaŋ-wi (waniyetu ćokaŋyaŋ wi), the midwinter moon See ćokaya.
- wi, cont. of winyan or winohinéa; as in wihdastaka and wiinahma.
- wi, some verbs commencing with "i" make the absolute form by prefixing "w," instead of "wa;" as, ihanmna, wihanmna.
- wi'-a-ée-i-éi-ti (wi and aceti).

 n. T. sun-dogs; there are sun-dogs;
 a ring around the moon; there is a
 ring around the moon.
- wi'-a-hi-na-pa, v. to have the sun rise on one.
- wi-a'-i- \dot{c} i- \dot{i} - \dot{c} i-ta, n. T. sundogs.
- wi'-a-ta-om-ya, adv. when the sun is leaning; afternoon.
- wi'-bo-pe, n. a mortar, a hominy-block.
- w i' b o p e i h u p a, n. a pestle.
- wi-ća', n. the raccoon, Procyon lotor.
- wi-ća', n. a male of the human species, a man—wimaća, winića, wiunćapi.
- wi-ća', adj. male, pertaining to sex; human. This adjective is prefixed to nouns that have reference to man. When the noun begins with avowel, the "a" in wića is dropped; as, ista, an eye, wićista.

- wi-ća', pron. in comp. With active verbs this represents the third pers. plur. objective, them; as, wićawakte, I killed them: but when used with neuter verbs and adjectives it generally forms what may be regarded as abstract nouns; as, ćanćan, to shake, wićaćanćan, the ague; waste, good, wićowaste, goodness.
- wi-ća'-a-ki-han, n. starving, famine.
- wi-6a'-a-tku-ku, n. a father, their father.
- wi-ća'-ba-pi, n. blame.
- wi'-éab-wo-ta-pi, n. T. a tablefork. See wićape and wota.
- wi'-ća-ćan, n. T. of kaćan; a sieve.
- wi-ća'-ćan-ćan, n. the ague.
- wi-ća'-ćaŋ-te, n the human heart.
- wi-ća'-ćaŋ-te-o-ze, n. the thought of the heart.
- wi-ća'-ća-źe, n. names, names of persons.
- wi-ća'-će, n. the penis.
- wi-ća'-će-lipi, n. human flesh.
- wi-ća'-će-pa, n. human fatness, obesity.
- wi-6a'-6e-sdi, n. the excrement of the raccoon: also the human excrement.
- wi-ca'-ce-ya, n. weeping, crying.
- wi-ća'-će-źi, n. the human tongue.
- wi'-ća-ći-će, n. an instrument used in brushing up the fur of skins. See katića.

- wi-ća'-ćin-ća, n. children.
- wi-ća'-ću-wi-ta, n. the sense of cold experienced by human beings. See ćuwita.
- wi-ća'-da, v. a. to believe, put confidence in; to agree to—wićawada, wićayada, wićaundapi, wićamada.
- wi-ća'-da-ka, v. a. to believe—wićawadaka, wićaundapika.
- wi-ća'-da-pi, n. belief, believing; faith.
- wi-ća'-da-pi-ća, adj. worthy of belief.
- wi-6a'-da-ya, v. a. to cause one to believe; to persuade—wićadawaya.
- wi-ća'-de-źa, n. human urine.
- wi'-ća-du-ge, n. of kaduga; a fan to winnow with.
- wi-ća'-gna-śka, n. T. gooseberries; wićagnaśkahu, gooseberry bushes.
- wi-ća'-gla-ta, n. T. the women who follow the men in singing at the war dance or other like dances See abdata.
- wi'-ca-ge, n. of kaga; an instrument to make with.
- wi'-ća-ġe-ġe, n. of kaġeġe; anything to sew with—thread.
- wi'-ća-ġo, n. of kaġo; an instrument to mark with.
- wi'-ća-ġu-ke; n. Same as wićaćiće.
- wi-ća'-hde-śka, n. gooseberries. T., wićagnaśka.
- wi-ća'-hde-śka-hu, n. the gooseberry bush, Ribes grossularia.

- wi-ća'-hi, n. human teeth.
- wi'- & a hi, n. something to mix with, as a mush-stick.
- wi'-ća-hin-te, n. of kahinta; a broom, a rake.
- wi'-ća-hi-ya, v. of icahiya; to mingle—wićahiwaya.
- wi'- ca-hi-ya-yu-ta-pi, n. T. cucumbers; seasoning, spices, etc.
- wi-ća'-hna-ka-pi, v. dead bodies laid up; tombs; burial-places. T., wićagnakapi, bodies laid up on top of the ground or on scaffolds. See wićahapi.
- wi-ća'-hna-ye, n. of hnayan; deception.
- wi-ća'-ho, n. the human voice.
- wi-ća'-hu, n. human bones.
- wi-ća'-hu-ha, n. the limbs of the body.
- wi-ća'-hu-hu, n. a human skele-
- wi-ća'-hun-ka-ke, n. ancestors.
- wi-ća'-huŋ-ku, n. a mother, mothers.
- wi-ća-ha-pi, n. T. of ha; bodies interred; graves, tombs. Not properly used of burial on the surface of the ground or on scaffolds.
- wi-ća'-haŋ-haŋ, n. T. the smallpox. See haŋ, scab
- wi-ća'-hba, n of hba; drowsiness.
- w i' ć a h b o k e, n. a paddle, i. q. wamnaheća. T., walitope.
- wi-ća-hća-la, n. T. an old man; an old male of any kind.
- wi'-ća-hde-će, n of kahdeća; something to tear or bruise with.

- wi'-ća-hdo-ke, n. of kahdoka; something to make holes with, as a gimlet.
- wi-ća'-hća, n See wićahinća.
- wi'-ća-he-pe, n. of kahepa; a ladle.
- wi-ća'-hiŋ-ća, n. an old man wimaćahiŋća and wićamahiŋća, winićahiŋća and wićanihiŋća, wiuŋćahiŋćapi. See wićahćala.
- wi-éa'-h m un-ġa, v. T. to shoot or send by magic something (as a knife, nail, or bullet) into one, as the Dakota wizards pretend to do. To remove such things by magic is wokab iyeya.
- wi-ća'-hmuŋ-ġa, n. T. one who practices such shooting, a magician.
- wi-éa'-hmun-ge-s'a, n. T. onewho practices such shooting, a magician.
- wi'-ća-hpe, n. an instrument to throw down with. See kahpa.
- wi'-ća-hpu, n. of kahpu; an instrument to pick off with.
- wi'-ća-hu-ġe, n. of kahuġa; something to break in with.
- wi-ća'-huŋ-wiŋ, n. of huŋwiŋ; putrefaction.
- wi-ća'-i, n. the human mouth.
- wi-ća'-i-ha, n. the human lips.
- wi-éa-ka', v. of ka, to mean; he means them.
- wi-ća'-ka, v. n. to speak truth, to be true—wićawaka, wićauŋkapi.
- wi-ća'-ka-hi-ya-ya, v. of kahiyaya; to carry round to them, to sing to them.
- wi-6a'-ka-ha-pa, n of kahapa; a driver, one who drives.

- w i'- é a k é a, n. of kakéa; a currycomb.
- wi-ća'-ke-da, v.a. (wićaka and da) to esteem true, to believe—wića-kewada; wićakeićida, to believe one's self true, to continue to affirm.
- wi-ća'-ki-ćaŋ-pte, n. of kićaŋpta; one who consoles, a comforter.
- w i \acute{e} a' \acute{k} i \acute{e} i \acute{e} a \acute{z} u \acute{z} u p i, n.

 forgiveness.
- wi-ća'-ki-ći-lo-wan, v. T. of lowan; to wail or sing for, as for those who have gone on the war path, etc. See wiwakonza.
- wi-ća'-ki-ćo-pi, n. of kićo; calling, inviting.
- wi-ća'-ki-ġe-pi, n. T. of kiġe; quarreling.
- wi-ća-kiŋ-će, n. of kakiŋća; something to scrape with, a scraper.
- wi-ća-ki'-pi, n. robbery.
- wi'-ća-kiś-ya, v. to cause to suffer—wićakiśwaya.
- wi-ća'-ki-ya-pa, v. See kiyapa.
- wi'-ća-ki-źe, n. of ićakiźa; distress, suffering.
- wi'- ća ko-ke, n. of kakoka; a rattle, a rattler.
- wi'- éa kpe, n. a lancet; i. q. kanicakpe. See wicatpe.
- wi-ća'-ksa-pa, n. wisdom. See wićoksape.
- wi'-ća-kse, n. of kaksa; an instrument to cut off with.
- wi-ća'-kte-pi, n. killing.
- wi-ća'-kte-s'a, n. one who kills.

- wi-ća'-ķu-pi; n. giving.
- wi'-ća-mde-će, n. of kamdeća; an instrument to break in pieces with, as a sledge.
- wi-ća'-na-kśe-ća-pi, n. of nakśeća; the cholera.
- wi-ća'-na-su, n. the human brain. T., wićanasula.
- wi-ća'-ni, v. and n. T. they live; life; prosperity; used of many, as wićoni is of one.
- $wi-\acute{c}a'-ni-te$, n. the loins.
- wi-ća'-no-ġe, n. human ears.
- $wi-6a\eta'-hpi$, n a star, the stars.
- wi-ćan'-hpi-hip-hpa-ya, n. falling of the stars—applied to 1833.
- wi-ćan'-hpi-tan-ka, n. large Venus and Jupiter, as the morning and evening stars.
- Wi-éan'-hpi-ya-mni, n. three stars—the name given to General Crook.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{o} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o}, n. T.$ of ohanko; dexterity.
- wi-ća'-pa-ha, n. the human scalp.
- wi-ća'-pa-hu, n. the human skull.
- wi-ća'-pa-kśin, n. the human kidneys, the reins. T., wićaśa azontka.
- wi'-ća-p'e, n. of ćap'a; a piercer; the spines or beard of one or more species of grass or weed; a fork, a table-fork. See wićabwotapi.
- wi'-ća-p'e-ća, n. a kind of grass armed with a long sharp beard. mićapeća.

- wi'-ća-p'e-dan, n. dim. of wićape.
- wi-ća'-pi, n. the human liver.
- wi-ća'-po, n. a swelling.
- wi-ća'-po-ge, n. the human nose.
- wi-ća'-na-ka, n. tremor. See wi'-ća-po-te, n. of kapota; an instrument to rend with.
 - w i' ϵ a p s i ϵ e, n. of kapsi ϵ a; anything to make jump with.
 - wi'-ća-psin-te, n. a whip. See ićapsinte.
 - wi'-ća-san, n. a razor. T., putinićaśla. See ićasan.
 - wi'-ća-sde-će, n. of kasdeća; something to split with, a wedge.
 - wi'-ća-ski-će, n. of kaskića; a press.
 - wi'-ća-spe-ye, n. a weight, a balance; scales. T., scales, weights, etc, are witkeyute.
 - stars. The name given to both wi'- éa-sto, n of kasto; anything to smooth with, a brush.
 - w i $\acute{c}a'$ $\acute{s}a$, n. Ih. and T. i. q. wićasta.
 - wi-ća'-śa-i-kte, n. T. poison.
 - wi-ća'-śa-ke, n. human nails.
 - wi-ća'-śa-ya-ta-pi-ka, n. T. See wićastayatapi.
 - w i'-ća-śda, n. of kaśda; a scythe. T., peźićaśle. See ićaśda.
 - wi'-ća-śke, n. something to tie with, bonds.
 - $wi'-\acute{c}a-\acute{s}ki-\acute{c}e$, n. a press.
 - wi-ća'-śta, n. man, a man; mankind—wimaćasta and wićamasta, wiunćastapi. See wićasa and waśićun.
 - wi-ća'-śta-a-kan-tu, n. of human kind, a mortal, distinguished from the dead and spirits.

- who counts himself a man; a chief.
- wi-ća'-śta-śni, adj unmanly, mean, wicked-wićamaśtaśni wimaćastasni, wićanistasni and winicastasni, wicaupstapisni.
- wi-ća'-śta-śni-yan, adv. manly, wickedly.
- wi-ća'-śta-tan-ka, n. a middleaged man.
- wi-ća'-śta-wa-kan, n. a minister. (In 1871 this was applied to Indian ministers, as wasićun wakan was to white ministers.— J. O. D.)
- wi-ća'-śta-ya-ta-pi, n a chief, a ruler, a sachem. The Dakota chiefs have little authority, not much honor, and no emolument. T., wićaśayatapika.
- wi-ća'-ta-ku-ni-śni, n. destruction. See wićotakuniśni.
- wi-ća'-tan-ćan, n. the human
- wi-ća'-tan-ktan-ka, n. the gull.
- wi-ća'-tan-ktan-ka-dan, n. the gull, somewhat larger than a pigeon.
- wi-ća'-ta-wi, n. the raccoon moon, February.
- wi'-ća-ti-će, n. a thing to scrape with, a scraper.
- wi-ća'-to-ka, n. a male captive; a man-servant. T., toka wićaśa.
- wi-ća'-to-ke-ća, n difference; things different.
- wi-ća'-to-kto-ke-ća, n. red. of wićatokeća.

- wi-ća'-śta-i-hda-wa, n. one | wi'-ća-tpe, n. a lancet. See icatpe and wićakpe.
 - wi'- &a t pi, n. of katpi; something to crack with.
 - wi-ća'-tu-te, n. chapping, as of the hands.
 - wi-ća'-ţa, n. the dead.
 - wi'-ća-te, n. an instrument to kill with.
 - wi'-ća-țin-ze, n. something to make tight with, a screw or nail.
 - wi-ća'-un-pi, n. a man's shirt.
 - wi'-ća-we-ġe, n. something to break with.
 - wi-ća'-wi-ho-mni, n. a lewd fellow, a whore-monger—wicawimahomni. T., witkowin wastelaka.
 - wi-ća'-wi-tko-win-la, n. T. a man who takes many women in succession, but does not keep any of them long.
 - wi-ća'-wo-ha, n. a man who lives with his wife's relations, literally a buried man-wicawolia waun. See wiwayuha. T., a son-in-law, i. q. takośku.
 - wi-ća'-ya, adv. manly. T., wićaśa tanka se.
 - wi- \dot{c} a'-ya- \dot{c} o-pi, n. of yaćo; condemnation; pronouncing sentence. T., wićayasupi
 - wi-ća'-ya-taŋ-pi, n. compliments.
 - wi-ća'-ya-zan, n. a being sick, a sickness.
 - wi-ća'-yu-he, n. a master.
 - wi-ća'-yu-wa-hpa-ni-ća, n. making poor.

- wi-ća'-yu-win-ta-pi, n. honoring, as the Dakotas do at feasts, calling the maker of the feast by some name signifying relationship or friendship. T., stroking in or before the face, in token of respect or friendly greeting.
- wi'-ća-zo, n. a pen, a pencil.
- wi'-ća-zi-pe, n. of kazipa; something to smooth or shave with, a plane.
- wi-će'-śka, n. the hole in the top of a tent.
- wi-će'-śka-i-pa-si-se, n. the pins that fasten a tent in front.
- wi-ći'-a-tku-ku, n. See wićaatkuku.
- wi-ći'-ća-ġe, n. a growth of men, a generation.
- wi-ći'-ća-śke, n. T., strips of blanket, or ornamented strips of any thing, worn over the shoulders and trailing on the ground.
- wi'-ći'-ćiŋ-ća, n. Same as wićaćiŋća.
- w i'- é i'- m d e z a, n. clearness, pleasantness.
- wi-ći'-na-pćiŋ-waŋ-ka, num. adj. the ninth. T., wićinapćiŋyuŋ-ka.
- wi-ći'-non-pa, num. adj. the second.
- wi-ćin', v. to desire women, hunt after women—wiwaćin
- wi-ćin'-ća, n. a girl.
- wi-cin'-ca-dan, n. a little girl: wicincapidan.
- wi-ćiŋ'-ća-la, n. T. a girl.
- wi-6in'-6a-na, n. Ih. a girl.

- wi-ćin'-pi, n. desiring women.
- wi-ćin'-śkan, v. T. to be flirting or courting while busy at some kind of work.
- wi-ćin'-yan-na, n. a girl, a damsel, a little girl, applied also to to young women: wićinyanpidan, girls—wimaćinyanna. T., wićin-ćana.
- wi-ći'-śa-hdo-ġaŋ, num. adj. the eighth: i. q. ićiśahdoġaŋ.
- wi-ći'-śa-kdo-ġaŋ, num. adj. Ih. the eighth.
- wi-ći'-śa-ko-win, num, adj. the seventh: i. q. ićiśakowin.
- w i 6 i' s a k pe, num. adj. the sixth: i. q. ićišakpe.
- wić-iś'-na-na, adj. none with one, alone.
- wi' ći-śni-yan, adv away off, not near anything: wićiśniyan ehpeya, to throw off at a distance, to lose.
- wić-i'-śpa, n. the fore-arm; the distance from the elbow to the end of the middle finger, a cubit.
- wić-i'-śta, n. the human eye.
- wić-i'-stin-be, n. sleep; they are asleep: wićistinbe hiyeya, they are all asleep. See wićoistinbe.
- wić-i'-te, n. the human face, the countenance.
- wić-i'-te-gle- \dot{g} a, n. T. the raccoon: i. q. itehde \dot{g} adan.
- wić-i'-te-o-wa-pi, n. T. the picture of a face; a photograph, etc.
- wić-i'-to-ka-pa, n. the eldest born.

- wi-ći'-to-pa, num.adj. the fourth: i. q. itopa.
- wić-i'-tpi, n. the human stomach. T., wićikpi.
- wi-ći'-wi-kće-mna, num. adj. the tenth: i. q. iwikćemna.
- wi-ći'-ya-mni, num. adj. the third: i. q. iyamni.
- wi-ći'-ye, pron. one's self; themselves.
- $wi'-\acute{c}i-ye-\acute{c}a$, v. n. not to lay to heart; not to think about; it is of no use—wimićiyeća. This is one of the words to which we have long endeavored to attach an intelligible idea, but in vain. The meanings given are simply approximative. See wićiyeśni.
- wi'-ći-ye-ća-e, v. Same as wićiyeća.
- Wi-ći'-ye-la, n. T. the name applied by the Tetons to the Yankton and Yanktonnais Dakotas.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{i'} 6 \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e} 6 \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i}$, $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n}$. winiciyesni ake nakun den yahi, not caring, thou hast come back again.
- wi-ći'-yo-ki-pi, n. excellence, beauty, pleasantness.
- wić-i'-yuŋ-ka, n. T. bed-time. See iwanka.
- wi-ći'-za-ptan, num. adj. the fifth.
- wi-ćo'-a-ho-pe, n. of ahopa; law, custom, ceremony.
- $wi-\acute{c}o'-a-i-e$, n. of aia; slander.
- wi- \acute{c} o'-a-yu- \acute{s} tan, n. of ayustan; leaving off.
- wi-ćo'-be, n. of obe; a company. T, wićowe.

- wi-ćo'-bi-li-he-ća, n. T. See wićomniheća.
- wi-ćo'-ćan-ni-ye, n. of ćanniyan; anger, malice. T., wićoćanzeka.
- wi-ćo'-ćant-a-hde, n. of ćantabde; evil intention, malice.
- wi-ćo'-ćaŋ-te, n. the human heart. See wićaćante.
- wi-ćo'-ćaŋ-te-i-yu-taŋ-ye, n. temptation. See wowiyutanye.
- $wi-\acute{c}o'-\acute{c}a\eta-te-o-ze$, n. thought, purpose. T., wićoćanteoyuze.
- wi-ćo'-ćan-te-ptan-ye, n. of canteptanyan; passion.
- wi-ćo'-ćan-te-śi-ća, n. sadness.
- wi-ćo'-ćan-te-wa-ste, n. glad-
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{\acute{e}} \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{\acute{e}} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{e}, \mathbf{n}.$ disposition, wish.
- wi-ćo'-ćant-i-he-ye, n. desire, covetousness.
- wi-ćo'-ćant-i-ya-hde-ye, n what is desired.
- $wi \acute{c}o' \acute{c}a \acute{z}e ya te, n. of \acute{c}a\acute{z}e$ yata; traditions. See wićoie.
- wi-ćo'-će-ya, n. of ćeya; crying, weeping. T., wićaćeya.
- $wi \acute{e}o' \acute{e}o kon$, n. of $\acute{e}okon$; threatening, intending evil.
- wi-ćo'-ću-wi-ta, n. the feeling of coldness.
- wi- ϵ o'-du-za-he, n. of duzahan; swiftness.
- $wi \acute{c}o' e \acute{c}e tu$, n. of ecetu; uprightness.
- wi-ćo'-e-ki-će-tu-ye, n. of ekićetuya; restoration.

- prob. wića and ohna.
- wi-ćo'-hni-hde, n. traveling.
- wi-ćo'-han, n. of ohan; work, custom, habit.
- wi-ćo'-hta-ni, n. of htani; labor, work. T., wowaśi; wowaśi econpi.
- $wi \acute{e}o' i \acute{e}a \acute{g}e$, n. of ića $\dot{g}a$; ageneration
- wi-ćo'-i-e, n. of oie; a word, a speech. T., also a story, legend, etc.
- wi-ćo'-i-hda-tan, n. of ihdatan; boasting.
- -wi-ćo'-i-na-hni, n. of inahni; haste, hurrying.
- $wi \acute{c}o' i \acute{s}tin be$, n. of istinma; sleep. See wićistinbe.
- wi-ćo'-i-ton-pe, n. of itonpa; carefulness.
- wi-ćo'-i-ton-śni, n of itonśni; a lie, a falsehood. T., wićoowewa-
- wi-ćo'-i-tu-ka-ġe, n. of itukaġa; falsehood, calumny. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, wićoie otuva każe
- wi-ćo'-i-yo-ki-śi-će, n. sor-
- wi-ćo'-i-yo-pe-i-ći-ye, n. repentance.
- wi-ćo'-ka-ġi, n. of kaġi; a hin-
- wi-ćo'-ka-ġi-ye, n. an obstruc-
- wi-ćo'-ka-ki-źe, n. of kakiźa; suffering.
- wi'-ćo-kan-hi-ya-ya, n. noon.

- wi-ćo'-han, adv. into the crowd-wi'-ćo-kan-hi-ya-ya sam iya-ya, n. T. afternoon. See witakinyanyanka.
 - wi'ćo-kaŋ-hi-ya-ya-yaŋ-ka, adv. T. just at noon.
 - wi-ćo'-kan-hi-yu-i-ći-ya, v T. to come in unasked: i. q. ipasbuiyeiçiya.
 - wi'-ćo-ka'-ya, n. Ih. noon.
 - wi-ćo'-ki-ći-yu-wa-ste, n. a blessing, peace
 - wi-ćo'-ki-ći-ze, n. of kićiza; fighting
 - w i \dot{c} o' k i p a \dot{z} i η , n. of kipa \dot{z} i η ; opposition.
 - wi-ćo'-koŋ-ze, n. influence, law; a kingdom.
 - wi-ćo'-ksa-pe, n. of ksapa; wisdom.
 - wi-ćo'-ku-źe, n. of kuźa; laziness. T., sickness. See wokwźe.
 - wi-ćo'-ku-źi-ţa, n. dying of laziness.
 - wi-ćo'-mni-ći-ye, n. of mnićiya; an assembly.
 - wi-ćo'-mni-he-ća, n. of mniheća; activity. T., wićobiliheća.
 - wi-ćo'-ni, n. (wića and oni) life, present but especially to come; a life-time: wićoni owihanke wanića, eternal life.
 - wi-ćo'-ni-pe-źi-hu-ta, n. the balsam of life.
 - wi-ćo'-ni-wo-wa-pi, n. the book of life, the Bible.
 - wi-ćon'-țe, n. (wića, on and ța) death.
 - wi-ćo'-on-śi-ke, n. of onsika; poverty.

- wi-ćo'-o-pe, n. law, custom.
- wi-6o'-o-un-hda-ka, n. of unhdaka; a moving party. T., oiglake.
- wi-ćo-o-we-wa-kan, n. T. a lie, a falsehood.—w. J. c.
- wi-60'-0-we-wa-kaŋ-kaŋ, n.

 Ih. deceit: i. q. wohnaye.—

 J. O. D.
- wi-ćo'-o-wo-tan-na, n. of owo-tanna; righteousness.
- wi-ćo'-o-yu-mde-će, n. breaking in pieces, separation.
- wi-ćo'-su-ta, n. of suta; firm-ness, strength.
- wi-ćo'-śi-će, n. of śića; evil.
- wi-ćo'-śi-htin, n. of śihtin; debility. T., imperfection; badness
- wi-ćo'-śkaŋ-śkaŋ, n. of śkaŋśkaŋ; moving, motion; used for government, reign.
- wi-ćo'-śka-te, n. of śkata; play.
- wi-ćo'-śki-śke, n. of ośkiśke; difficulty, distraction.
- wi-ćo'-ta, n. many persons, a multitude.
- wi-ćo'-ta-ku-ni-śni, n. destruction.
- wi-ćo'-ta-ku-ye, n. of takuya; relationship, brotherhood.
- wi-ćo'-ta-wa-ćin, n. disposition.
- wi-ćo'-te-ća, n. of teća; new-ness
- wi-60'-ti, n. a village, i. q. otonwe; a camp.
- wi-ćo'-to-ke-tu, adv. how is it? wićotoketu tanjn śni, how it is is not apparent.

- wi-ćo'-un, n. a family, all that are related by blood. This word, and also "wićotakuye," we have used for covenant. See wićowazi.
- wi-ćo'-un-hda-ka, n. of un-hdaka; a moving.
- wi-ćo'-wa-ćin, n. thought.
- wi-ćo'-wa-ćin-ko, n. of waćinko; bad temper.
- wi-ćo'-wa-hba-dan, n. gentleness.
- wi-6o'-wa-kaŋ-he-2a, n. de-bility.
- wi-ćo'-wa-mna-da-śni, n. disrespect, contempt.
- wi-60'-wa-s'a-ke, n. human strength.
- wi-ćo'-wa-śte, n. of waste; goodness.
- wi-ćo'-wa-zi, n. a family, kindred. See waohećon.
- wi-ćo-we-pi, n. T. relatives; family; ancestry. See wićobe.
- wi-ćo'-wi-ća-śta-śni, n. villainy. T., wićowićaśaśni, mischief, meanness, etc.
- wi-ćo'-wo-hda-ke, n. relating stories, biography.
- wi-ćo'-wo-ya-ke, n. of oyaka; declaration, narration, doctrine We have used this word for chapter.
- wi-ćo'-yu-ta-ku-ni-śni, n. that which causes destruction.
- wi-ćo'-yu-tkoŋ-ze, n. that which makes equal.
- wi-ćo'-zun-ye, n. of zunta; connectedness, relationship. T., otakuye.

- wi-ćo'-źi-će, n. of źića; riches. wi'-hda-śta-ka, v. pos. to beat T, wiźiće.
- wi-ćo'-źu-daŋ, n. of oźudaŋ; fullness; full of people.
- wi- ći'- ća b, adv. uneasily: wićićali yanka: according to habit, in his own way. T., iyaye kinil
- wi-¢i'-ćah-ćah, adv. red. of wići-These words are used when one, getting uneasy and wishing to leave, pulls his blanket up, rises and walks about, but says nothing.
- wi'- & in, n. of kin; the strap which the Dakotas use in packing.
- wid'-wi-ta-ya, adv. red. of witaya; in groups, assembled in different places: widwitaya yakonpi.
- wi'-dun-ye, n. anything to color red with, cochineal. T., wilulye
- wi'-ha-ha, adj. jovial, good natured.
- wi'-ha-ha-ka, n. one who is pleased with trifles.
- wi'-ha-ha-ya, *udv*. wihahaya iću, to take trifles gladly.
- wi-ha'-ke, n. the fifth child, if a daughter; so called, probably, from its usually being the last. T., wihakakta.
- wi'-han-mde, v. Same as wihanmna.
- wi'-haŋ-mde-ś'a, n. a dreamer.
- wi'-han-mna, v. of ihanma; to dream - wiwahanmna, wiunhanmnanpi.
- wi'-han-mnan-pi, n. a dreaming. wi-hu'-ta-i-na-ta-ke, n. somewi'-hda-hpa, v. pos. to strike or take down one's own tent-wiwahdalipa. T., glalipá.

- one's wife wiwahdastaka. wikte. See hdastaka.
- wi'-hda-wa, v. of ihdawa; to count one's self-wiwahdawa.
- wi'-hdi, n of ihdi; oil, grease.
- wi'-hdu-kćan, v. of ihdukćan; to understand one's own or one's self, to form an opinion—wiwahdukćan.
- wi'-hi-na-pa, n. the sun rising, the east.
- wi'-hi-na-pa-tan-han, adv. from the east.
- wi-hin'-pa-spa, n. T. a tent-pin. wi'- hi- ya- ye- dan, n. a clock, a watch. T., mazaśkanskan.
- wi'-hmuŋ-ke, n. of hmuŋka; the rainbow; a trap, a snare. In this latter sense, however, it is not much used. T., wigmunke, a rainbow; but mas-igmunke, a trap or snarc.
- wi'-hni, v. of ihni; to hunt, as deer wiwahni. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, wigni.
- wi'-hni-pi, n. a chasing deer.
- wi'-hnu, v. of ihnu; to murmur; to reproach, accuse; to be displeased with—wiwahnu.
- \mathbf{w} i'-hnu-pi, n. a murmuring.
- wi-ho'-mni, n. turning round; a prostitute. T, turning round; but a prostitute is wihomniwin
- wi-hu'-ta, u. the lower border of
- thing used to fasten up around the bottom of a tent, as grass.
- See kahpa. wi-hu'-ti-pa-spe, n. tent-pins.

- wi'-han, v. of ihan; to graze, eat | wi'-i-ya-pa-hi-će, n. grass, like cattle.
- wi'-han-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to graze; to keep cattle—wilian wakiya.
- wi'-han-pi, n. a feeding, as cattle, a grazing.
- wi-han-wi-ća-ki-ye, n. grazier.
- wi-hi'-pa, n. Sisit. See wihupa-
- wi'-hmuŋ-ġe, n. witch-medicine; i. q. on kićihmungapi.
- wi'-hpe-ya, v. a. to throw away a woman; leave a wife—wilipewaya. T., to give away things after a death in the family.
- wi'-lipe-ya-pi, n. T. the practice of giving away property on the death of a member of the family.
- wi-hu'-pa, n. the flaps of a tent. T., wipipa.
- wi-i'-ći-hni, v. to scold or whip a woman-wiiwećihni and wiiwakihni.
- wi-i'-hni, v. to maltreat a woman —wiiwahni. See ihni.
- wi'-i-na-hma, v. to conceal a woman, take her off; to commit fornication—wiinawalibe, wiinaunlimanpi.
- wi'-i-ya-hpa-ya, v. T. to commit rape, to force a woman: i. q. wikiśleya.
- wi'-i-ya-oŋ-pa, v. to charge a man or woman with infidelity, accuse in reference to a woman—wiiyawaonpa, wiiyaunkonpapi.
- wi-i-ya-on-pa-pi, n. charging with infidelity or with having had illicit intercourse.

- the fastenings of a tent at the top.
- wi'-i-ya-ta-pi, n. a girl betrothed or given to one without his asking for her. T., winyan wićakupi. See iyata.
- wi'-i-ya-ya, v. the sun sets; sundown.
- wi'-i-ya-yu-ha, v. to leave home and take a wife at another village and live with her friends-wiiyamduha.
- wi'-i-ya-yu-hi-ya, adv. with the course of the sun, from east to west.
- wi'-kal-ye; n. T. a. tea-kettle; a coffee-pot.
- wi'-kan, n. Ih. a leather cord, a packing-strap; i. q. tehmiso.
- wi'-ka-wan-ka-bu, n. T. about 7 or 8 a. m.
- wi'-kće-kće-ya, adv. nothing; to no purpose: wikćekćeya omani, to walk about aim lessly.
- wi-kće'-mna, num. adj. ten: wikćemna nonpa, twenty, etc.
- wi'-ki-ćan-ye, n. tools, imple-
- wi'-ki-ći-yun-ģa-pi, n. T., of iyunga; a questioning of one another.
- wi'-ki- ϕ uŋ, adv. T. waćiŋ wikićunśni, one who is indifferent.
- wi-ki'-kśan, v. to commit a rape —wiwakikśaŋ.
- wi-ki'-kśaŋ-pi, n. rape.
- wi-ki'-śde, v. to offer indignities to women—wiwakiśde. T., wikiśle.
- wi-ki'-śde-pi, na molesting or taking liberties with women.

- wi-ki'-śde-śde, v red. of wikiśde.
- wi-ki'-śde-ya, va. to offer insults to a woman—wikiśdewaya. See wiiyalipaya.
- wi-ki'-śkaŋ, v. T. to play with a woman, but not in a bad sense: i. q. wikiśkata.
- wi-ki'-skan-pi, n. T. playing or romping with a woman.
- wi-ki'-śka-ta (wi and kiśkata), v. T. i. q. wikiśkan.
- wi-ki'-śle-ya-pi, n. T. rape.
- wi'-ki-yu-ta, v. to beckon to, talk by signs—wiwakiyuta.
- w i k o', n. cont. of wikośka.
- wi'-ko-pa, v. of ikopa; to fear, be afraid—wikowapa.
- wi'-ko-pe-ća, u. one who is to be feared.
- wi'-ko-pe-śni-yan, adv. without fear, securely.
- wi-ko'-śka, n. a young woman—wimakośka, wiunkośkapi. This word, like kośka, had a bad meaning in T., and should be avoided: wiśan yazan, "a woman who is kośka, or affected with the venereal disease."—w. J. C.
- wi-ko'-śka-la-ka, n. T. a young woman; i. q. wikośka.
- wi-ko'-śka-taŋ-ka, n. a.developed woman.
- wi'-ksa-pa, v. of iksapa; to comprehend well, to have experience—wiwaksapa.
- wi'-kte, v. to beat a woman—wiwakte. T., to beat one's wife. See wildastaka.

- wi-ku'-&i-ye-la, n. T. towards sunset, late in the afternoon.
- wi-ku'-wa-yab-ya-ya, n. T. about three p. m.
- wi'-ma-kā-he-ya, n. that which tempts, that which leads one to kill any thing. T., that which enables one to earn or accomplish much.
- wi'-ma-hel-i-ya'-ya, n. T. sunset.
- wi'-mna-śni, adj. not having known women. See wipemnaśni.
- win, cont. of winta; win un, it is creeping. T., slohan.
- wi'-na-hma, v. of inahma; to hide, conceal. See wiinahma.
- wi'-na-hon, v. of nahon; to hear, to be able to hear—winawahon: winahon sni, deaf.
- wi'-na-ka-po, n. T. hops; yeast.
- wi'-na-ki-wi-zi, v. to be jealous or envious of—winawakiwizi.
- wi'-na-pée, n. T. the esophagus.
- wi'-na-pi-śkaŋ-ye, n. T. a toy, toys, playthings. See inapiśkaŋ-yaŋpi.
- wi'-na-poh-ya-pi or wi'-napoh-ye, n. T. of napogan; yeast.
- wi'-na-ta-ke, n. of inatake; a fastening, a lock.
- wi'-na-wi-zi, v. to be jealous or envious—winawawizi, winaunwizipi.
- wi-na'-wi-zi-dan, n. the cockleburr, or clot-burr, a species of Xanthium.
- wi'-na-wi-zi-pi, n. jealousy.
- wi-na'-wi-zi-s'a, n. a jealous person; of a jealous disposition.

- wi-no'-héa, n. Ih and T. an old woman: In Ih and T. winyan is used for woman. T., winohéa is never used of a middle-aged woman.
- wi-no'-héa-la, n. T. an old woman.
- wi-no'-hin-éa, n. a woman, women.
- wi-no'-na, n. the first-born child, if a daughter. T., witokapa.
- wi-no'-za-ta, n. See winuzata.
- wi-nu', n. a name given to a woman who is a captive from another people. T., wi-wayaka.
- w1'-nu-ke, n. something that makes grow, as manure on a field, and food for man. T., wicahye.
- wi-nu'-za-ta, n. the lower part of a tent or house in the inside.
- win, adj. female, woman, wife; i. q. winohinéa. This is commonly suffixed to the names of women.
- win'- ga, v. root. bending.
- winh, cont. of winga.
- winh-ya, adv. in a bent manner.
- win'-kta, n. a hermaphrodite; i. q. winyaniéida. T., winkte.
- win'-kta-pi, n. sodomy. T., winktépi.
- win'-na, adj. dim. of win.
- wins, cont. of winza.
- winś-ki'-ya, v. a. to make bend, bend down—winśwakiya.
- wiŋś-wiŋ'-źe-daŋ, adj. limber, pliant, not stiff; tender.
- win'-ta, v. n. to creep, crawl, as a child—wawinta, unwintapi. See win.

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- win'-yan, n. Ih. and T. a woman; plur. winyanpi. See winolica.

 T., winyan witkowin se un, one who takes many wives but is constant to none
- win'-yan, adj female—wimayan, winiyan.
- win'-yan-cin, v. T. to buy a wife: i. q. winyan opeton.
- wiŋ'-źa. See yuwiŋźa.
- win-źa'-han, part. bent down, as grass.
- win-źa'-wa-han, part. bent down.
- wi-o'-ki-he-dan, n. See wiyo-kihedan. T., wowapi.
- wi-o'-ki-ya, v. of okiya; to court or talk with a woman; to gratify lust —wiowakiya, wioyakiya.
- wi-o'-ki-ya-pi, n. courting.
- wi-o'-wa, n. a painted tent. T., tiowapi.
- wi'-pa-gu-ke, n. of paguka; a bone or iron used for scraping down skins in the process of dressing.
- wi'-pa-hte, n. T. string; any thing used for tying; a bridle. See ipahte.
- wi'-pa-mda-ye, n. of pamdaya; something to smooth with, smoothing irons, flat-irons.
- wi'-pa-śki-će, n. of paśkića; a press; a washboard.
- wi'-pa-ta, v. of ipata; to ornament, work with porcupine quills—wiwapata, wiunpatapi.
- wi'-pa-ta-pi, n. quill-work, embroidery.
- wi'-pa-tin, n. T. starch.

- berry growing on small bushes, berry, sometimes called June berry.
- wi-pa'-zu-ka-hu, *n*. a small bushy shrub used by the Dakotas for making arrows, arrow-wood: the service berry bush.
- w i' p a \dot{z} a \dot{z} a , n. of paźaźa; soap. T., ha-ipaźaźa.
- wi'-pa-zin, v. to be prevented from wi'-san-ye, n. whiting. succeeding in what one attempts to do by having lost a friend, etc.—wimapaźin. When the Dakotas are unsuccessful in fishing or hunting, they attribute the fact to the presence of ghosts who scare away the fish or the deer. In some instances they think it is their own spirit which is already leaving the body, and they regard it as an omen of approaching death.
- wi'-pe, n. of pe; sharp instruments, arms; weapons of any kind, firearms.
- wi'-pe-mna-śni, adv. T. without being wounded; dead but not wounded; dead without apparent cause. Compare wimnaśni.
- wi'-pe-o-lido-ka, n a wound made by a spear.
- wi-pe'-ya, v. T. to sell a woman or girl in marriage, as the Dakotas do.
- wi-pe'-ya-pi, n. T. a woman or girl thus sold. See wiiyatapi.
- wi'-pi, v. n. to be full of food, to be satisfied-wimapi, winipi, wiunpipi,

- wi-pa'-zu-ka, n. a species of red wi-pi'-pa, n. T. tent-flaps: i. q. wihipa.
 - which is good to eat: the service wi'-pi-ya, v. a. to fill, cause to be full—wipiwaya; wipiićiya, to satisfyone's self with eating—wipimićiya.
 - wi'-pi-ya, adv. full.
 - w i' p u s p e, n. of puspa; a seal, awafer.
 - wi'-sam-ye, n. any thing which gives a black hue, blacking.

 - $wi'-si-te-to\eta-na$, n. a harlot, awhore. See witkowin.
 - wi'-sku-ye, n. any thing which fastens colors, such as alum or cranberries. T., anything which sweetens or sours other things.
 - wi-sma'-hi, n. T. an arrow-head.
 - wi'-spe-ya, v. to cast anchor wispewaya. T, walićaske elipeya. See speya.
 - wi'-spe-ye, n. an anchor. walićaske.
 - wi-śay', n. the "mons veneris;" the vagina: i. q. śan.
 - wi'-śa-ye, n. any thing used in coloring red.
 - wi'-śi, nIh. and T. hire, pay for work, remuneration.
 - $wi-\dot{s}'o'-\dot{s}'o$, adj. hasty, quick wimaś'oś'o.
 - wi-ś'o'-ś'o-ka, n. one who is
 - wi'-śte-ća, adj. modest, bashful wimasteća, winisteća
 - wi'-śten-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. thebeing ashamed of each other. T_{\cdot} wistelkićiyapi. See wistenkiya.

wi'-śten-ki-ya, v.a to be bashful or reserved, to be ashamed of, as a Dakota man is of some of his wife's relations, especially the females, and a woman of her husband's relations, especially the By this custom, which is males. universal, they are not permitted to mention the names of these connections, nor to look them in the face or communicate directly with them—wistenwakiya, wistenmakiya. T., wiśtelkiya.

wi'-śten-ki-ya-pi, n. the custom above spoken of.

wi'- sten-ya, v. n. to cause to be ashamed—wistenwaya. T., wistel-

wi'-śte-śte-ća, adj. red. of wisteća; modest.

wiś-wi', intj almost, nearly; oh! i. q. wawateća and iśnikaeś.

wi'-ta, n. an island.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{i'}$ - $\mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$ - $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{e}$, n. T. a frying-pan.

wi'-ta-kin-yan-yan-ka, n. afternoon. T, wićokanhiyaya sam iyaya and witanunaptanhiyaya.

wi'-ta-ki-ya, adv. together, en masse.

wi'-tan, adj. proud, elated—wimatan. See itan, wowitan, and yutan.

wi-tan'-śna, n a maiden, one who is without a husband, one who lives alone: witanśna un. Mr. Renville has used this word to designate figs, but with doubtful propriety. wi'-tke-u-ta, n. a Witanéna tanke, an old maid.

wi-tan'-śna-hu, n. a name given by Mr. Renville to the fig-tree.

wi'-tan-tan, v. red. of witan; proud, vain-wimatantan

wi'-tan-tan-ka, n. one who is proud.

wi'-tan-tan-pi, n. vain-glory,

wi'-tan-tan-yan, va. to make proud.

wi'-tan-tan-yan, adv. glorying. Wi'-ta-pa-ha, n. p. a tribe of Indians—the Kiowas.

wi'-ta-wa-ta, n. a ship. miniwanća wata.

wi-ta'-wa-ten-ya, v.to be willing. See tawatenya.

wi'-ta-ya, adv. together, in company. See ptaya.

wi'-ta-ya-i-he-ya, v. to assemble together-witaya iheunyanpi.

wi'-te-ha-ka, n. one who is dissatisfied with every little thing. T., wakahtakeka.

 $wi-te'-\acute{s}dag-ki-to\eta$, v. the moon or sun wears a crown; said of the halo sometimes observed. T., wiaćei¢iti.

wi'-tka, n. of itka; an egg; a testicle. T., a testicle is "susu." Witka eś kaliuże śni, slowly, yently; so as not to break even eggs. The phrase comes from the habit of carrying eggs for long distances.

wi'-tka-ton, v. T. to lay eggs, as fowls.

steelyard, scales. T., witkeyute.

- thick short body, the dog fish.
- wi-tko', adj. drunk, drunken; foolish-wimatko, winitko, wiuntkopi.
- Wi-tko'-ka- \dot{g} a, n. the fool-maker; an imaginary being worshipped by the Dakotas, and said to visit them in dreams.
- $wi-tko'-ko\eta-za$, v.n. to pretend to be drunk—witkowakonza.
- wi-tko'-pi, n. drunkenness.
- wi-tko'-tko, adj. foolish-wimatkotko, wiuntkotkopi.
- wi-tko'-tko-ka, n. a fool-wimatkotkoka.
- wi-tko'-tko-pi, n. foolishness.
- wi-tko'-tko-ya, adv. foolishly.
- wi-tko'-win, n. a foolish woman, a harlot. T., witkowinwaśtelaka, a lewd fellow: i. q. wićawihomni. See wisitetonna.
- wi-tko'-win-na, n. Same as witkowin. T., witkowinla.
- wi-tko'-ya, v.a. to make drunkwitkowaya, witkomayan.
- wi-tko'-ya, adv. foolishly, like a drunken man.
- wi-tko'-ya-han, adv. foolishly, sillily.
- wi-to'-ka, n. a female captive. T., toka winyan. See winu.
- wi'-ton-pe-śni, adv. T. without fear or regard for anything: i. q. kaģišnišni. See itoppa.
- wi'-to-ye, n. something that dyes blue or green; green or blue blanketing.

- wi-tko', n. a kind of fish with a | wi'-wa-kon-za, v. a. to wail for those who have gone out on awar party -wiwawakonza, wiwicayawakon-T., wićakićilowan.
 - wi'-wan-ġa, v. of iwanġa; to ask questions, to inquire—wimunga, wiunwangapi, wimawanga. T., wiyuŋġa.
 - $w i' w a \eta \dot{g} a p i$, n. questions.
 - wi'-wanh, cont. of wiwanga; wiwanh wahi, I have come to ask ques-T., wiyuŋh. tions.
 - wi'-wanh-tu-ken, adv. in an inquiring way.
 - wi'-wanh-ya, v. a. to cause to inquire-wiwanhwaya.
 - wi'-wan-kan-tu-ya, n. T. wiwankantuya u or hiyu, about 9 a. m.
 - wi-wa'-śte, n. See wiwasteka.
 - wi-wa'-śte-ka, n. a beautiful woman, a lady.
 - wi wa' ya, adj. boggy, marshy. See wiwiyela.
 - wi-wa'-yu-ha, v. to live with the relatives of one's husband; a woman who lives with her husband's relations —wiwamduha. See wićawoha and wiwoha.
 - wi-wa'-zi-ća, n. a widow.
 - wi-wi', n. a bog, a quagmire. $T_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$ wiwila.
 - wi'-wi-ća-hnu-pi, n. tion, blaming.
 - wi'-wi-ća-waŋ-ġa-pi, n. tions. T., wiwićayungapi.
 - wi'-wi-ća-źi-će, n. riches.
 - wi-wi'-la, n. T. a spring, a bog: i. q. wiwi.

- wi-wi'-ya, adj. T. springy, boggy, marshy.
- w i w i' y e l a, adj. T. ditto.
- wi-wo'-ha, n. T. i. q. wiwayuha.•
- wi'-wo-śta-ke, n. T. a blunt arrow, such as boys use.
- wi-wo'-ti-ki-ya, v. T. See wotikiya.
- wi'-ya-ćin, v. of iyaćin; to liken to, compare to or with—wimdaćin, wiunyaćinpi.
- wi'-ya-ćin-i-a-pi, n. parables, similitudes.
- wi'-ya-ćin-pi, n. likeness, resemblance, similitude.
- wi'-ya-6iŋ-yaŋ, adv. parabolic, in the form of similitude.
- wi'- ya-han, v. of iyahan; to alight in, as birds.
- wi'-ya-ka, n. a quill, a feather of the wing or tail of geese, etc.
- wi-ya'-ka, n. sand. T., casmu, casmuska.
- wi'-ya-ka-skab-ye, n. T. mucilage; solder.
- wi'-ya-ka-śke, n. a band, i. q. telimiso.
- wi-ya'-kpa, v.n. to shine, glisten.
- wi-ya'-kpa, adj. bright, glistening.
- wi-ya'-kpa-kpa, red. of wiyakpa.
- wi-ya'-kpa-pi, n. brightness.
- wi-ya'-kpa-ya, adv. brightly.
- wi'-ya-oŋ-pa, v. of iyaonpa; to blame, charge with—wiyawaonpa.
 See wiiyaonpa.

- wi'-ya-pe, v. of iyape; to lie in wait—wiyawape.
- wi'-ya-śpa-pi, n. the moon is nibbled; an expression used in reference to the moon when it has commenced waning.
- wi-ya'-śpu-ye-dan, n. a large species of field-mouse with a pointed nose, which is said to eat up the moon.
- wi'-ya-ta-hde, v. to have exceeding much—wiyatamahde. T., iyakapeya—iyakapeya ehaś bluha, I have more than I need.
- wi'-ya-ta-hde-ya, adv. having much, surpassingly.
- wi'-ya-ta-om-ya, n. See wiataomya.
- wi-ya'-te-ća, n. a species of red, sour berry, growing on bushes five or six feet high: a species of cranberry.
- wi'-ya-tkan, n. a drinking vessel, a cup. T, miniyatke, the better form.
- wi'-ya-tke, n. Same as wiyatkan.
- wi-ya'-tpa, adj. bright, glittering: i. q. wiyakpa.
- wi-ya'-tpa-tpa, adj. red. of wiyatpa.
- wi-ya'-tpa-ya, adv. brightly.
- wi-ya'-tpa-ya, v. a. to cause to glisten.
- wi'-ya-ya, adv. ready: wiyaya hnaka, to make ready. See wiyeya.
- wi'-ya-yu-ski-ta, v. to bind around—wiyamduskita.
- wi'-ya-yu-ski-te, n. a bandage.

- wi'-ye, n. the female of animals.
- wi'-ye, adj. female, used only in reference to animals.
- wi'-ye-dan, dim. of wiye; the female of animals, birds, etc.
- wi'-ye-la, n. T. a female animal: i. q. wiyedan and wiyena.
- wi'-ye-ya, adv. ready, prepared; wiyeya manka, I am ready; wi-, yeya hnaka, to make ready, prepare.
- $wi-yo'-\acute{c}o-kam-tu$, n. the middle moon, applied to January and July.
- wi'-yo-hi, v. of iyohi; to reach to, to be sufficient for. See iyohi,
- wi-yo'-hi-yan-pa, n. the east, the sun-rising.
- wi-yo'-hi-yan-pa-ta, adv. the east, eastward.
- wi-yo'-hi-yan-pa-ta, n east: wiyohiyanpata ećiyatanhan, from the east.
- wi-yo'-hi-yan-pa-tan-han, adv. from the east.
- wi'-yo-hpe-ya, v. of iyohpeya; to put or throw into, as meat into a kettle to boil—wiyolipewaya.
- wi-yo'-hpe-ya-ta, n. the west, where the sun sets; at the west.
- wi-yo'-hpe-ya-ta-ki-ya, adv. westward; towards the west.
- wi-yo'-hpe-ya-tan-han, adv. from the west.
- wi-yo'-hpe-ya-ta-wi-ća-śta, n. the man of the west, a name given to the thunder.

- Wi'-yo-ke-ze-pa-ha, *n. p. the* Bijou Hills. So called from the stones found there, with which arrows are marked in zigzag lines. w. J. c. See wiyukeza.
- wi-yo'-ki-he-dan, n. wampum; a flag, a banner; a flag of peace. Used only by the Santees. T., a flag or banner is wowapi.
- wi'-yo-ki-he-he-la, T. wampum, like the wasuhula, but straight; much used by the Omahas.
- wi-yo'-ki-ya, v. to court a woman. Same as wiokiya.
- wi-yo'-ki-ye-daŋ,*n* Same as wiyokihedan.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of iyopekiya; *to sell*—wiyopewakiya.
- wi'-yo-pe-ya, v. of iyopeya; to sell, trade—wiyopewaya.
- the wi'-yo-pe-ye, n. a seller, a merchant; something to trade for, merchandisc. T., a trader; but merchandise is maza.
 - wi-yo'-tan-han, n. noon; the south. T., wićokanhiyaya.
 - wi-yo'-tan-han-i-na-śdo-ke, n. afternoon, past noon.
 - wi-yo'-tan-he-cin, n. noon.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}$, n. paint, something to mark or write with; ink, etc.: a pen. T., a pen, maza wiyowa; a pencil, ćanwiyowa. See wowapiićaże.
 - wi yo' yan pa, n. the east: i. q. wiyohiyanpa.
 - w i' y o \dot{z} a n \dot{z} a n, v. of iyozan \dot{z} an; to shine.

- wi'-yu-ćan, n. a sieve; a riddle. wi'-yu-śkin-śkin-na, n. T., wićaćan. See iyućan.
- wi'-yu-ćaŋ-ćaŋ, n. a sieve.
- wi'-yu-ha, v. of yuha; to obtain, →wimduha.
- \mathbf{w} i' \mathbf{y} u \mathbf{h} in \mathbf{t} e , \mathbf{n} . \mathbf{T} . \mathbf{a} rake.
- wi'-yu-hdo-ke, n. an opener, a key. See iyulidoke.
- wi'-yu-kéan, v. of iyukéan; to understand, have an opinion; one who forms an opinion—wimdukćan. See wokćan.
- wi'-yu-kćan-pi, n. forming an
- \mathbf{w} i' \mathbf{y} u \mathbf{k} e \mathbf{z} a, \mathbf{n} . T. the instrument for making the zigzag or winding marks on arrows.
- wi'-yu-kiŋ-će, n. something to scrape with, a scraper.
- wi'-yu-kpan, n. a mill to grind with; i. q. iyukpan.
- \mathbf{w} i' \mathbf{y} u \mathbf{n} $\mathbf{\dot{g}}$ a , v. T. See wiwan $\mathbf{\dot{g}}$ a.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, \mathbf{n} . $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{sled}$; \mathbf{a} sleigh.
- wi'-yu-sdo-he, n. Same as wiyusdohan. See iyusdohe.
- wi'-yu-ski-te, n. a bandage; a
- wi'-yu-śki-će, n. a press.
- wi'-yu-śkin, v. of iyuśkin; to re*joice*, *be glad*—wimduśkin, wiunyuśkiŋpi.
- wi'-yu-śkin-ki-ya, v. a. cause to rejoice.
- wi'-yu-śkiŋ-pi, n. rejoicing.
- wi'-yu-śkin-śkin, v. red. of wiyuśkiŋ.

- chickadeedee, the black-cap titmouse.
- wi'-yu-śkin-yan, v.a. to cause to rejoice—wiyuśkinwaya.
- possess; to have or be with a woman wi'-yu-śkin-yan, adv. rejoicingly, gladly. See iyuskin.
 - wi'-yu-śla, n. T. an instrument for shearing; shears. See yu**ś**da.
 - wi'-yu-ta, v. of iyuta; to measure; to weigh—wimduta, wiunyu-T., to make signs; to talk by tapi. *sigus*—wibluta.
 - wi'-yu-ta, p. of yuta; to eat one thing with another—wiwata.
 - wi'-yu-ta-pi, n. a measure.
 - wi'-yu-te, n. a measure; a steel-
 - wi'-yu-tpan, n. a mill. as wiyukpan.
 - w i' y u w i , n. a vine.
 - wi'-yu-źa-źa, n. something to wash in, as corn; a colander, a basket; a tub.
 - wi-zi', n. an old smoky tent, or part of one.
 - w i' z i ć e, n. incense, as cedar leaves, etc. T., wizilye.
 - wi-zi'-dan, n. an old smoky tent.
 - wi'-zin-ya, v. to offer incense wizinwaya. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ wizilya.
 - wi-zi'-pan, n. Ih. and T. the rawhide sack or satchel made by western Sioux. The native trunk or carpet bay, a case made from untanned hide, to serve as a trunk. A half a buffalo hide, if large, will make two small wizipans. The hide is fleshed and pinned to the ground

to dry in the sun. Such painting as is desired is done at once on the upper side, while the hide is green. When dry the hair is scraped off, and the cases are made, folding and lacing the ends together. Usually a hide makes but two wizipans—a side for each. Bull's hides are commonly used.

wi-zi'-pan-he-ća, n. Ih. and T. a black bag; a common satchel.

wi-zi-pan-sa-pa, v. a satchelwi-zi-ye, n. something to color yellow with.

wi'-źi-ća, n. T. riches.

w i' - ź i - ć a , adj. of iźića; rich—wimaźića. T., źića.

wo, n. food. See woyute.

wo, the sign of the imperat. sing. used by men; as, econ wo. T., also yo, the more common form.

wo, a prefix. 1. Verbs commencing with "o" make their absolute form by prefixing "w" instead of "wa," the "a" being dropped; as, oyaka, to tell, woyaka; woźu, etc. 2. "Wo" prefixed to verbs and adjectives generally converts them into abstract nouns; as, wowaste, goodness; wokiksuye, remembrance.

wo, a. T. prefix to verbs, signifying that the action is done by shooting, punching, pounding with the end of a stick, or by blowing. It is also used when the action of rain is expressed. The pronoun's place is after the prefix See bo.

wo'-a-ća-kśiŋ, n. of acakśiŋ; a stepping over. This has been used for the Passover.

w o' - a - h d a, n. a taking home.

wo'-a-hdi, n. a bringing home.

w o'-a-he-ćon, n. family connexions. See wowahecon.

wo'-a-hi, n. a bringing

wo'-a-ho-pe, n. of ahopa; a ceremony, a custom; a law, a commandment: woahope wikéemna kin, the ten commandments. T., see, also, wowasukiye.

wo'-a-hta-ni, n. of alitani; a transgression of superstitious customs; sin. T., a misfortune; when one meets with unlooked-for trouble he is "woahtani akipa." Perhaps this does not mean that he has "met with misfortune," but that his "sin has found him out." See waicihtani. "A transgression of customs, a sin," is woahope awahtanipi and awaicihtanipi.

wo'-a-i, n. the act of taking to a place. wo'-a-i-e, n. of aia; a talking about, slander.

wo'-a-i-hpe-ye, n. of aihpeya; leaving to; a will, a testament; that which is left to one, a legacy.

wo'-a-ka-ge, n. a making on, blasphemy.

wo'-a-ka-hpe, n. of akahpa; a covering.

wo'-a-ke-ye, n. a curtain, a screen, something thrown up around like a tent. T., awakeyapi. See wakeya.

- w o'-a-k i-h o, n. of akiho; a habit; a trade. T., wicohan.
- w o'-a-ki-kton-źe, n. of akiktonźa; forgetfulness.
- wo'-a-kta, n. of akta; regard, but not used without śni.
- $\mathbf{w} \circ \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i}$, n. disregard.
- w o'-a-n a- \dot{g} o-p t an, n. of anago-ptan; obedience.
- wo'-a-na-go-ptan-yan, adv. obediently.
- wo'-a-na-libe, n. of analima; concealment; a secret. T., woanalime.
- w o'- a n a h m a, n. Same as woanahbe.
- wo'-a-pe, n. of ape; waiting for, expectation, hope.
- wo'-a-na-pte, n. of anapta; a stopping, restraint; something astringent.
- wo'-a-sni, n. of asni; recovery from sickness. T., woasnikiye
- wo'-a-śa-pe, n. of aśapa; defilement.
- w o'-a-ta-ku-ni-śni, n. of takuniśni; destruction.
- wo'-a-wa-ćin, n. of awaćin; thinking on, faith.
- wo'-a-ya-te, n. of ayate; prediction.
- wo'-a-yu-pte, n. of ayupta; an answer.
- w o'-ba-spe, n. of baspa; a piece cut off.
- wo'-bi-li-he-ća, n. T. activity; industry.
- wo'-ble-ća, n. T. a breaking open, a splitting apart.

- wo'-bo-pte, n. See owobopte.
- w o'- é a n ś i é e, n. sorrow. See éantesiéa and éansinya.
- wo'-ćan-hi-ya, v.n. of ćanhiya; not to be prevented from succeeding in any thing by any event, as the loss of a friend, etc.; to be lucky—woćanhimayan.
- w o' é a n k s i, n. of éanksi; ill hu-
- wo'- 6 a η n i y θ, n. of canniyan; malice, wrath, anger. T., wo canzeka.
- w o'-ć an t-a-h de, n. of cantahde; evil intention against, malice; the object of evil nurpose.
- wo'-ćan-te, n. of cante. See its use in the following words.
- wo'-ćan-te-i-yu-tan-ye, n. temptation.
- wo'-ćaŋ-te-ki-ye, n. love. See woćantkiye.
- wo'-ćan-te-ptan-ye, n. anger.
- wo'-ćan-te-śi-će, n. sorrow.
- wo'-ćaŋ-te-wa-śte, n. gladness.
- wo'-ćant-i-he-ye, n. ardent desire.
- wo'-ćant-i-yu-tan, n. temptation.
- w o'- é a n t-ki-ye, n. love, benevolence.
- wo'-ćant-o-hna-ke, n. compassion.
- wo'-ćant-o-kpa-ni, n. a longing for.
- wo'-ćant-o-tpa-ni, n. a. longing for.

- wo-ća'-źe-ya-te, n. the naming of things; in Dakota singing, the words that follow "hi-hi-hi."
- wo'-će-ki-ye, n. of ćekiya; crying to, prayer, petition.
- w o' é e ţ u ŋ h d a, n. of ceţuŋhda; unbelief.
- w o'-će-ye, n. of ćeya; crying. See wićaćeya.
- wo'-éiŋ, v. of oéiŋ; to beg, ask for; to be begging, on an errand: woéiŋ wahi, I have come to ask for something; wokiéiŋ and wokiéiéiŋ, to ask of one.
- wo'-ćiŋ-pi, n. T. begging. wo'-ćo-koŋ, n. of ćokoŋ; a threat, a curse.
- wo'-da, v. to bey food; begging.
- wo'-da-s'a, n. a beggar.
- wo'-de, v. of ode; to seek for-wo-wade.
- wo'-don, cont. of wodota; wodon wahi, I have come to borrow. T., wolol.
- w o'-do-ta, v. of odota; to borrow, borrowing; to hire—wowadota, wo-undotapi. T., wolota.
- wo'-do-ta-pi, n. borrowing.
- wo'-du-ta, n. the round of an animal when dried. See odute.
- wo'-du-za-he, n. swiftness; also one who is swift See wićoduzahe.
- wo'-e-će-tu, n. of ećetu; fulfillment.
- wo'-e-ćon, n. work, doing.
- w o'-e-ćoŋ-na, n. gambling. See oecoŋna. T., wayckiyapi.
- wo'-e-ćoŋ-yaŋ, v. to do; one who is always doing—woećoŋwaya.

- w o'-e-h d a-k u, n. of ehdaku; deliverance.
- wo'-e-hpe-ye, n. of ehpeya; putting or throwing away.
- wo'-e-ki-će-tu, n. renewal, resurrection.
- wo'-e-ye, n. T. a speech, word, or saying. See iapi.
- wo'-glu-ze, n. T. a giving and taking it back again.
- wo-gna', v. a. T. to shell off by shooting or punching. See bohba.
- wo'-gna-ka-pi, n. T. a basket or receptacle. See wohnaka.
- wo'-e-ki-će-tu-ye, n. restoration.
- wo'-gna-ye, v.a. T. to miss in shooting. See bohnayan.
- wo'-ġa, v. to husk, as corn—wamduġa, waunyuġapi.
- w o'- ġ a ŋ, n. a snow-drift. T., wáwotaikeya.
- wo'-ġa-pi, n. the act of husking corn.
- wo'-gi, n. of gi; brownness.
- w o'- \dot{g} u, n. scraps, as of tallow tried out.
- wo'-ha-ka-kta, n. the youngest, the last: i. q. wahakakta.
- wo'-han, v. of ohan; to cook, boil; to make a feast—wowahe, wounhanpi.
- wo'-haŋ-pi, n. a boiling; a feast: wakaŋ wohaŋpi, a sacred feast.
- w o'-hda-hda-ka, v. red. of wo-hdaka.
- wo'-hda-ka, v. of ohdaka; to converse of or detail one's own affairs; to talk—wowahdaka, wounhdakapi.

 T., woglaka, also means to counsel.

- w o'-h da-ka-pi, n. telling one's own affairs. T., woglakapi, counseling.
- wo'-hde-će, n. an omen, a presentiment: wohdeće mduha. T., taku inihanwićaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{e}$, n. something sacred or forbidden, as the heart, etc., of animals. When a young man engages to hold anything as "wohduze" he must not eat of it until, by killing an enemy, the taboo is taken off. It is something abstained from and considered sacred, including the idea of an oath or sacrament or binding of one's self. Hence the word is used for baptism and the Lord's supper, to the partakers of which many things are forbidden to be done. T., ićićonzapi; woićićonze. See wogluze.
- wo'-hdu-ze-ton, v. a. to set apart, consecrate.
- wo'-hdu-ze-ya, v. a. to have for wohduze—wohduzewaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{e}$, v. See wohan.
- wo'-he-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to cook: to have for a cook—wohewakiya.
- w o' h e k i y a p i, n. a cook: wohewićakiyapi, cooks. T., wohela, a cook.
- wo'-he-yun, n. of heyun; a package, a bundle, as of dried meat.
- wo'-hin-lipe-ya, v. a. T. to shoot and make fall; to punch over. See boha.
- wo'-hin-yans-ya, adv. T crossly; sternly. See hinyansya.

- wo'-hi-ti, adj. furious, terrible.
- w o'-h i-t i-d a, v a. to regard as furious—wohiwada: wohitiiçida, to think one's self terrible—wohitimiçida. See ohitida.
- wo'-hi-ti-da-ka, v. Same as wohitida.
- w o'-hi-ti-hda, n. of hitihda; something loathed.
- wo'-hi-ti-ka, adj. of ohitika; terrible, furious, violent; energetic womahitika, wounhitipika.
- w o'-hi-ti-ya, adv. furiously, violently; energetically.
- w o'-hi-ya, v. to overcome, conquer. See ohiya.
- w o'-h m u ŋ-k e, n something to be trapped, as beaver, etc.
- wo'-hna, prep. in. See ohna.
- w o' h n a k a, v. of ohnaka; to put or place in—wowahnaka.
- wo'-hna-ye, n. of hnayan; deceit. wo'-ho-da, v. of ohoda; to honor. See woohoda.
- wo'-ha, n. of ha; a place to bury in, a corn-hole or other place of deposit in the ground, a caché; a cellar, a pit; something buried.
- wo'-ha-ka, n. of ohaka; something that hurts or injures, whether externally or internally; something eaten that does not agree with the stomach; poison. See wota. T., supéosica.
- w o' li a k a , v. of oliaka; to be poisoned—womaliaka. T., supéosiéa—supéomasiéa, etc.
- wo'-lido-ke-ća, n. one who invents, an inventor.

- wo'-he-sma, adj. T. thick, as wo'-i-ci-con-ze, n. T. of konza; grass or underbrush; dense. a resolution; a sacrament; a bind-
- wo'-he-sma-sni, adj. T. destitute of undergrowth, as a forest; not thick, as grass growing thinly.
- wo'-hin-yan, v. of ohinyan; to be dissatisfied with, to take offence at—wowahinyan.
- wo'-hin-yan-pi, n. dissatisfaction, offence.
- wo'-hla, v. T. to ring, as a bell—wowahla. See yulila.
- wo'-hpa, v. a. to carry presents to give in exchange for a woman, to buy a wife—wowahpa and wamduhpa. Buying is the honorable way of taking a wife among the Dakotas. Usually they pay about the value of \$40—a horse, four or five guns, or six or eight blankets.
- w.o'- li p a p i, n. buying a wife. T., winyanéinpi
- \mathbf{w} o' \mathbf{h} t a \mathbf{k} a, v. a. T. i. q. bohtaka.
- w o'-i-ća-ġe, n. of ićaġa; a growth; a creation.
- w o'-i-ćaŋ-ksi, n. of ićaŋksi; ill-temper.
- wo'-i-ćaŋ-śi-ća, n. T. sadness; a cause of sadness. See wokahake.
- wo'-i-ća-zo, n. of ićazo; debt; credit.
- w o'-i-é a-ź e, adj. many, very many: wićaśta woićaźe. T., many kinds; a great variety.
- w o'-i-c a-źe-k a, adj. very many. T, same as woićaże.
- wo'-i-ću, n. of iću; a receiving.

- wo'-i-&i-&on-ze, n. T. of konza; a resolution; a sacrament; a binding one's self by an oath or resolution. See wohduze.
- w o'-i-¢i-h d e, n. one who lays up for himself; substance. See hde.
- w o'-i-en-hde, n. a casting up to, charging with.
- wo'-i-han-mde, n. a dream.
- wo'-i-hda-ka, v. reflex. of wo-hdaka; to declare one's self, declare one's purposes; to vow—womihdaka.
- wo'-i-hda-tan, n. of ihdatan; boasting.
- wo'-i-hnu, n. murmuring. See wowihnu.
- wo'-i-ha, n. of iha; something laughable.
- wo'-i-ha-dan, n. something that causes laughter. See wowihadan.
- wo'-i-ha-ha, n. raillery.
- w o'-i-ha-ya, adv. laughably, lu-dicrously.
- wo'-i-ha-ya-ken, adv. ludicrously.
- w o'-i-ki-ksa-pθ, n. of ikiksapa; experience.
- wo'-i-ko-pe, n. T. of ikopa; fear; anything frightful or discouraging.
- wo'-i-ksa-pe, n. something difficult.
- wo'-i-ksa-pe-ća, n. that which is difficult.
- wo'-i-la-ke, n. T. a servant; an instrument; anything made to serve for a definite purpose. See wowidake.

- wo-i'-le, v. a. T. to make blaze by blowing: i. q. boide.
- wo'-i-ma-ġa-ġa, n. T. an amusement. See imaġaġa.
- wo'-i-mnan-ka, adj. T. powerful, strong; capable.
- w o'-i-n a-h be, n. of inahma; con-cealment.
- wo'-i-na-pe, n. See wowinape.
- wo'-i-pu-za, n. of ipuza; thirst.
- wo'-i-stin-be, n. of istinma; sleep.
- wo'-i- \pm tin-ma, n. of istinma; sleep.
- wo'-i-ton-pe, n. carefulness. See wowitonpe. T., a surprise; a cause for wonder.
- wo'-i-ton-pe-ya, adv. T. angrily—woitonpeya ia, to speak angrily; insecurely, in danger—woitonpeya egle, to place insecurely, as a lamp.
- w o'-i-toŋ-śni, n. of itoŋśni; a lie, falsehood. T., owewakaŋ, wićo-owewakaŋ.
- w o'-i-tu-ka-ġe, n. of itukaġa; a falschood.
- wo'-i-ye-će-tu, n. fulfillment, uprightness.
- w o'-i-y o-ki-śi-će, n. sorrow, sadness.
- wo'-i-yo-tan-i-ye'-ki-ye, n. difficulty.
- wo'-i-yu-śkin, n. gladness. See wowiyuśkin.
- wo-kab'-i-ye-ya, v. a. T. to remove what has been sent into another's body by magic or the wi-cahmunga process.

- wo'-ka-ġa, v. of okaġa; to make like. wo'-ka-ġe, n. of kaġa; anything made, forms.
- w o'-k a-ġe, adj. stuck full of splinters or briers—womakaġe. T., wokaġa.
- wo'-ka-gi, n. of kagi; a hindrance. wo'-ka-gi-ye, n. one who obstructs.
- wo'-ka-ha-ke, n. the cause of sadness or evil: wokahake wanin waun, I have no cause of sadness.

 T., woićanśića.
- w o'-k a h n i ġ a, v. okahniġa; to understand—wowakahniġa. T.,wo-kićaliniġa.
- wo'-kah-ni-ge, n. of kahniga; choice.
- wo'-ka-kiś-ye, n. the cause of suffering.
- w o'-ka-ki-źe, n. of kakiźa; suffering, misery.
- w o'-ka-mna, n. of kamna; a gathering, a hoard.
- w o'-ka-pan, n. pounded meat; a meat-block. T., wokápanpi.
- wo-ka'-pa-za, n. pungency, anything pungent, as pepper.
- wo'-ka-pe, n. of kapa; going beyond, transgression; one who catches a ball.
- w o'-k a-s d a-t a, v. of okasdata; to stick in, as a splinter—womakasdata, wonićasdata T., okásleća.
- wo-ka'-sda-te, n. a splinter. T, wokasleće.
- w o'-ka-se, n. of kasa; a deposit in the snow.

- wo'-ka-śe-ye, n. something opposing, a hindrance.
- wo'-kéaŋ, v. of yukéaŋ; to judge, understand, form an opinion, decide wamdukéaŋ.
- wo'-kéaŋ, n. wićaśta wokćaŋ, a prophet.
- w o'-k é a n k a, n. one who understands things.
- w o'-ke-ya, n. a shelter, a cover, a booth. See wakeya and keya.
- wo'-ki-ća-hni-ga, v. T. to detect, see through, understand, as the deception or untruthfulness of another. See okićaliniga.
- wo'-ki-ćan-pte, n. of kićanpta; comfort, consolation.
- w o'-k i-ć i-ć i-y a-p i, n. talking to each other, friendly intercourse.
- wo'-ki-ći-ze, n. of kićiza; fighting.
- w o'-ki-ći-źu, n. of woźu; to sow or plant for one—wowećiźu.
- w o'-ki-ćoŋ-ze, n. law, government, kingdom. See kićoŋza and koŋza.
- wo'-ki-da-pi, n. the act of requesting.
- wo'-ki-ksu-ye, n. of kiksuya; remembrance.
- w o'- ki-kśaŋ, n. rape. See wi-kikśaŋ.
- wo'-ki-kta. n. of kikta; watching, waking.
- wo'-ki-mnaŋ-ka, adj. liberal, large; good, wise, honored. T., wide awake, on the alert, as a wolf.
- w o'- k i n i, v. of okini; to get a share, acquire—wowakini, wounkinipi.

- something op- wo'-ki-ni-han, n. of kinihan; honor, respect.
 - y o k i n' é a , v a. T. to make sting or smart by shooting. See bokinéa.
 - w o-k i ŋ t'-k i ŋ-é a, v. red. of above. See botukaka.
 - w o'-ki-pa-źiŋ, n. opposition, rebellion.
 - wo'-ki-tan, n. a little of any thing; wokitan mayaku, thou hast given me very little. See kitan, kitanna, etc.
 - w o' k i t a ŋ, n. of kitaŋ; obstinacy. T., wanáhoŋpiśni.
 - wo'-ki-tan-in, n. of okitanin; manifestation.
 - wo'-ki-tan-in-yan, adv. glo-riously.
 - w o'-ki-taŋ-yaŋ, adv. obstinately, perseveringly. T., wanahonpiśniyaŋ.
 - wo'-ki-u-ni, n. T. a hurt, an injury. See ontonyanpi.
 - w o'-ki-ya, v. of okiya; to speak with, talk with; to make peace—wowakiya, wounkiyapi.
 - w o'-ki-ya, v. of ókiya; to help. See wawokiya.
 - wo'-ki-yag, cont. of wokiyaka; wokiyag wahi, I have come to announce to one.
 - w o'-k i-y a-k a, v. of okiyaka; to tell to one, declare to—wowakiyaka and wowakimdaka, woyakiyaka and woyakidaka, wounkiyakapi.
 - wo'-ki-ya-pi, n. making peace, peace, a covenant. T., olakol kaġapi.
 - w o' k i y e, n. peace. See wookiye. T., olakota.

- w o'-ki-y e-a-i-e-wi-ća-kiya-pi, n. (wokiya and aiekiya) councillors. T., wakiya wićaśa.
- w o'- k i y u h e, n. of kiyuha; copulation. T; kiyuhapi.
- wo'-ki-yu-śke, n. of kiyuśka; setting free, deliverance.
- w o'-ki-zi, n. of okizi; healing; salve.
- w o'-ki-zi-ya, v. to heal—woki-ziwaya.
- wo'-ki-zi-ye, n. a healer; that which heals, salve.
- w o'-ki-źa, v. of woźa; to make · hasty-pudding for one—wowakiźa. T., wokićiźa.
- w o'-k o-k i-p e, n. of kokipa; fear; the cause of fear.
- wo'-ko-ki-pe-ya, adv. fearfully.
- wo'-kon, n. of kon; desire, something desirable.
- wo'-kon-ka, n. something desired.
- w o'-k o n z e, n. of konza; a decree, law, influence.
- wo'-ko-ya-ke, n. of koyaka; clothing. See heyake and ogepi.
- w o'-ko-ze, n. of koza; a swinging, a brandishing.
- wo'-kpan, v. of yukpan; to grind, as grain—wamdukpan: wokpan wahi, I have come to grind. See wotpan.
- wo'-kpan-ti-pi, n. a grinding
- wo'-ksa, v. of yuksa; to break off, to pull, as corn—wamduksa, wa-unyuksapi.
- wo'-ksa-pe, n. of ksapa; wisdom.

- wo'-ksa-pi, n. pulling corn, harvest; those engaged in harvesting, reapers.
- wo'-ksa-pi-wi, n. the harvest moon, August.
- wo'-kte, n. of kte; a killing.
- wo'-kte-ka, n. one who kills much.
- wo'-kte-ya, v. a. to have for the purpose of killing things, as a gun or dog—woktewaya.
- w o' k u ź e , n. of kuźa; idleness, laziness. T., sickness, indisposition.
- w o' k u ź i ţ e, n. laziness.
- wo'-ke, n. of ka; a digging; a place dug to bury in.
- wo'-ķiŋ, n. of ķiŋ; a pack; a carrying. See waķiŋ.
- wo'-kin-yu-te-ya, v. a. T. to overload.
- wo'-ku, v. of oku; to give food to; to lend—wowaku.
- wo'-ku-pi, n. a lending, giving to. wo'-la-ko-ta, n. T. peace; friend-
- ship. w o' - md u, v. of yumdu; to pulverize,
- to plough—waindumdu. T., woblu.
- wo'-mna, v. of omna; to smell, perceive smell; to have smell—wowamna.
- wo'-mna-ka, n. any thing that gives forth much odor.
- wo'-mnn-śni, adj. pure, clean, inodorous; i. q. wimnaśni and win-mnaśni. Said of one who is unmarried See witaŋśna and wotiye-mnaśni.
- w o' m n a y e, n. of mnayan; a collection

- w o'-m n i-ći-y e, n. an assembly.
 See wićomnićiye.
- w o'- m n i h e ć a, n. activity. T., wobiliheća. See wićomniheća and miniheća.
- won, cont. of wota: won mani, he walks eating. T, wol.
- wo'-na-ke, v. of naka; a tremor, an omen.
- wo'-na-se, n. of nasa; a hunting of buffalo.
- wo'-na-te, v. T. to beat as in a race; to excel: i. q. kapa.
- wo'-na-te, v. to stop giving to one, to withhold—wonawate, wonama-yate. T., hehanyela ayustan.
- wo'-na-te-ya, v. a. not to give to one as one has been accustomed to do—wonatewaya.
- w o' n a t e y a, v. a. T. to cause to excel, etc.
- wo'-na-ti-će, v. n. not to have received any thing; to be disappointed—wonamatiće. T., wonatape. See iyohiśni.
- w o'- n i h i ŋ ć i y e , n. of nihiŋćiya; fright.
- wo-ni'-ya, n. spirit, life, breath: Woniya Wakan, the Holy Spirit.
- w o n'-ki-ya, v. a. of wota; to cause to eat, to feast—wonwakiya. T., wolkiya.
- w o' n u k a, adj. fertile, as land, producing well: maka wonuka, fertile land. T., owoźu waśte.
- won'-ya, v. a. to cause to eat, to make a feast: wonwiéawaya, I cause them to eat, T., wolya.

- wo'-o-hda-ke, n. of ohdaka; a declaring of one's own rights or intentions.
- wo'-o-hi-ye, n. of ohiya; victory.
- wo'-o-ka-lini-ġe, n of okaliniġa; the understanding of things, comprehension. wookićaliniġa.
- wo'-o-ki-hi, n. of okihi; power, ability.
- wo'-o-ki-tan-in, n. manifestation.
- wo'-o-ki-ye, n. of okiya; peace. T., wookiye kahya, at peace, quiet, as a people not at war; peaceably.
- wo'-o-ki-ye, n. of ókiya; help.
- wo'-o-ki-zi, n. of okizi; healing.
- wo'-o-mna, n. smell, that which produces smell.
- wo'-on-spe, n. of onspe; a precept, a lesson.
- wo'-on-spe-ka, n. something that teaches, a lesson.
- w o'- o ŋ s p e k i y e, n. of onspekiya; teaching.
- wo'-o-pe, n. of opa; law, custom. See woahope.
- w o'- o ś k i ś k e , n. of śkiśka; confusion, difficulty, complexity.
- w o'-o-tan-in, n. of otanin; manifestation, news.
- w o'- o w o t a n n a, n. of owotanna; righteousness, uprightness.
- w o'- o z i i ¢ i y e , n. rest, repose. T., woasnikiye. See oziya.
- wo'-o-źi-źi, n. of oźiźi; whispering.
- wo'-pa-ge, n. something bulky, for which there is no room. Compare panga. T. See okiteyela.

- w o' p a ġ i, n. something stuffed (T., opugiton); the noise made by a blow (T, to).
- wo'-pa-gi-ya, adv. in a stuffed . manner. T., opugitonyan.
- wo'-pa-kan; v. n. of pakan; to be honored; i. q. ohodapi-womapakan. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ okinihan.
- wo'-pa-kin-te, n. of pakinta;
- wo'-pa-mna-yan, adv. collected together.
- wo'-pa-mni, n. a pile, a share, a See wakipamni and distribution. wapamnipi.
- wo'-pa-ni-ća, v.n. to be easily made angry, to be sensitive or irritablewopamanića. T., waćanzezeka.
- $\mathbf{w} \circ \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{m} \mathbf{i}$, n. of pasmi; spite, anger. T. See wowićaśaśni.
- $\mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n}$, $n \cdot \mathbf{of} \cdot \mathbf{pasnon}$; $a \cdot \mathbf{o} \cdot \mathbf{o}$ roast, a roasting of meat
- wo'-pa-ta, n. of pata; a place for cutting up meat; the act of cutting up meat.
- wo'-pa-to-ye, n. a hindrance.
- wo'-pa-zin, v. n. of pazin; to be wo'-pte-ća, n. one who cuts out prevented by, to be made unsuccessful—womapaźin.
- wo'-pe-mni, n. a rolling up; an accumulation. See penni.
- wo'-pe-mni-ka-ġa-pi, n. something made into a roll; a pic, pies.
- wo'-pe-ton, v. of opeton; to buy, to buy and sell, to trade—wopewaton, wopeuntonpi.
- wo'-pe-ton, n. a trader, a merchant.

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- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{n} . of pida; thanks; joy, T., pilapi. wopida ku, gladness. wopida ećiya, etc., have no corresponding T. forms. They are equivalent, I suppose, to pila kin oglaka, 'pilayapi kin oglaka (or okiyaka), and the like.—w. J. c.
- wo'-pi-da-ki-ye, n. something that makes glad. T., ipilaye.
- wo'-pi-da-ya, v.a. to make joy or gladness—wopidawaya. T, pilaya.
- wo'-pi-da-ye, n. something that makes glad.
- wo'-pi-ka, adj. T. skillful in making anything. See wayupika.
- wo'-pi-ye, n. of opiye; a case, a bay, a box, a medicine sack; a storehouse; any place in which things are kept.
- wo'-pi-ye-ya, v. a. to have for a wopiye—wopiyewaya.
- wo'-pta, v. of yupta; to cut out, as clothes. T., oyupta.
- wo'-pte, n. scraps, cuttings. oyupte. See woptulia.
- clothes. T., oyupte.
- wo'-pte-ća, adj. what can be measured or counted See woptećaśni.
- wo'-pte-ća-ka, adj. immense, abundant.
- wo'-pte-ća-śni, adj. immense, innumerable, immeasurable: taku woptećaśni.
- wo'-ptu-ha, n. T. remnants; leavings; chips; scraps.

- wo'-san-ka, n. a place where nothing can be obtained, a country destitute of game. T., wamakaskan wanica.
- wo'-sa-pa, n. of sapa; blackness.
- w o' s d e 6 a, n Ih. cracked corn.
- wo'-sdo-he, n. Ih. a drag, a sled.
- wo'-sdo-he-dan, n. paths made by squirrels in the grass.
- w.o'-sdon-ye, n. ofsdonya; knowl-edge.
- wos'-i-éu, v. a. T. to take by force. wo-ska', v. a. T. i. q. boska, to wash off, as rain does whitewash, etc. See boźaźa.
- w o'-ska, n. one who makes white T., waska); ornamental work (T., wipatapi).
- wo'-ska-ka, n. one who makes white or works moccasins.
- wo-ska'-pa, v. T. to miss fire: said when the cap explodes but does not ignite the charge. Same as boskapa.
- wo'-ska-pi, n. quill-work. T., wi-patapi. See oskapi.
- wo'-sku-ye, n. of skuya; taste, savor.
 - w o'-s m a k a, n. T. a valley. See osmaka and kaksiza.
 - $\mathbf{w} \ \alpha' \mathbf{s} \ \mathbf{p} \ \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \ \mathbf{e} \ , \quad \mathbf{n}. \quad \mathbf{wetness}. \quad \mathbf{See}$ spaya.
 - wo'-su-kan-yu-za, v. to take openly when one has no right. See osukanyuza. T., owastekal iću; taninyankel manon.
 - wo'-su-ki-ye, n. Ih. completion. See su and yasu.

- wo'-śa, n. of śa; redness.
- w o'-ś'a-ka, adj. overloaded. T., wokinyuteyapi. See yuś'aka.
- wo'-śa-pa, n. of śapa; anything that blackens or defiles.
- w o'-śi-će, n. of śića; evil, badness, the cause of disease.
- wo'-śi-hda, n of śihda; anger.
- wo'-śi-haŋ, n. of śihaŋ; wickedness. T., śićayaohaŋyaŋpi.
- wo'-śi-htin, n. of sihtin; feebleness, debility. T. i q. wasiće.
- w o'-śi-tki-hda, n. of śitkihda; affliction, displeasure.
- w o'-śi-tki-hda-ya, v. to afflict; to make angry.
- wo'-śka-te, n. of śkata; play. See wićośkate.
- w o'- ś k i ć a, v. of yuśkića; to press.
- w o'- ś k i- ś k e, n. of ośkiśke; trouble, confusion.
- w o'-śna, v. of yuśna; to sacrifice; to drop—wowaśna. T., waunyan; wayuhtata.
- w o'-&n a, n. something offered to the gods, a sacrifice.
- w o'-śn a k a ġ a, n. one who offers sacrifice, a priest. T., waunyan-kaġa; wayulitata-kaġa.
- w o'-śna-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to sacrifice—wośnawakiya.
- wo'-śna-pi-ka-ga, n. a priest.
- wo'-śpaŋ-ka, n. of śpaŋ; something to cook in. T., wośpaŋyaŋpi.
- wo'-śpi, v. of yuśpi; to pick, as berries—wamduśpi.
- wo-śte', intj. T. horrible!

- w o' s t e k i d a , v. to consider difficult—wostewakida. T., oteliila.
- wo'-śung-ya, adv. violently; very; i. q. nina. T., ośungyela.
- wo'-ta, v. of yuta; to eat—wawata, wauntapi: askatudan mawota tuka nina wawata heon matanka, I have been eating only a little while, but have eaten much, and therefore I am large.
- wo'-ta-kpe, n. of takpe; an attack, an assault.
- wo'-t'an, v. of yut'an; to touch, to feel; anything that feels about for food, as the raccoon.
- wo'-taŋ-da, n. respect. T., yu-onihaŋpi.
- wo'-tan-in, v. of otanin; to be apparent.
- wo'-tan-in, n. news.
- wo'-tan-in-wo-wa-pi, n. a newspaper.
- wo'-taŋ-ka, v. n. to be in need of—womataŋka. T., ićakiś uŋ.
- w o'-taŋ-ka, n. largeness, anything large— caŋ wanzi wotaŋka: a great matter, as, wogupi heceena woawaciŋ wotaŋka.
- wo'-ta-pi, n. eating.
- wo'-ta-tpe, n. an attack. See wotakpe.
- wo'-ta-we, n. armor; weapons consecrated by religious ceremonies; whatever is relied upon in war.
- wo'-ta-we-wo-han-pi, n. the armor feast. This feast is usually made by young men who wish to kill an enemy. They cry and hewl frightfully.

- wo'-te-ća, n. wild beasts, cattle, ruminating animals. This term includes such as are granivorous and herbivorous. T., wamakaśkan. See wanunyanpi.
- wo-te'-ća, n. of teća; newness.
- wo'-te-hni, v. See wotihni.
- wo'-te-hi, n. something hard to be endured, difficulty, trouble. See otehi.
- wo'-te-lii-ke, n. difficulty.
- wo'-te-kte-hda, v. n. to be hungry—wotektewahda, wotekteunhdapi. T, loćin. See akihan.
- w o'-te-k te-h da-pi, n. hunger. T., loćinpi.
- wo'-ti-ća, n of tića; scraping or pawing, as an ox or horse does snow.
- wo'-ti-hni, v. of ihni; to hunt large animals, as deer and elk—wotiwahni, wotiunhnipi.
- wo'-ti-hni-pi, n. the hunting of deer, etc.
- wo'-ti-ki-ya, v. T. to ask of one for another; i. q. ikićituka: wi-wotikiya, to ask for a wife for another man—wotiwakiya.
- wo-ti'-ti, adv. T. irresolutely; unsteadily: wotiti mani, to walk unsteadily or as a blind man; wotiti econ, to do hesitatingly; wotiti inazin, to stand undecided.
- w o'-ti-ye-mna-śni, adj. T.

 pure; clean, as a person or a house.

 See womnaśni.
- wot'-ki-ya, v. See wonkiya.
- wo-to', v. n. T. to miss fire, See boto,

- wo'-to-ki-çon, n. of tokiçon; re- wo'-wa-lita-ni, n. See woalitani. venge.
- wo'-ton, n. of ton; property. T'., woyuha.
- wo'-tpan, v. of yutpan; to grind, · as grain—wamdutpan. See wokpan.
- wo'-tpan-ti-pi, n. a grist mill. w o' - ta, v. to be dead of food, to have eaten too much, to be surfeited—womata. See wohaka.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e}$, \mathbf{n} . death.
- wo'-te-ye, n. the cause of death.
- w o' w a, v. of owa; to mark, to paint, to write—wowawa, woyawa.
- w o' w a é i, n. of waći; the dance, dancina.
- wo'-wa-éin-ko, n. of waćinko; irascibility.
- wo'-wa-ćin-tan-ka, n. tience, perseverance.
- wo'-wa-ćin-yan, n. of waćinyan; trusting in, reliance upon, faith.
- wo'-wa-ćin-ye, n. Same as wowaćinyan.
- w o' w a h d e ć e , n. a twitching, an omen. T., taku inihanwićaya. See wahdeća.
- 'w o'-wa-he-ćon, n. kindred, relationship; names expressing relationship. See takukićiyapi.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e}, \quad \mathbf{n}. \quad \text{of}$ wahokonkiya; instruction, advice.
- wo'-wa-hba-dan, n. of wahbadan; gentleness, meckness.
- wo'-wa-hpa-ni-ća, n. of walipanića; poverty.

- wo'-wa-hte-da-śni, n. of wa-
- litedaśni; dissatisfaction.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}, adv.$ not pleased with.
- wo'-wa-hte-śni, n. a hated thing; a disgrace.
- wo'-wa-kan, n. of wakan; something supernatural. This word we have used for holiness.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i}, n. \mathbf{of} \mathbf{wa}$ kasoteśni; purity.
- wo'-wa-ki-ćon-ze, n. of wakićonza; law, government, influence.
- wo'-wa-ki-tan, n. of wakitan; something that is contended for
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e}, \mathbf{n}$. that which causes obstinacy or determination, resolution
- \mathbf{w} o' \mathbf{w} a \mathbf{k} o \mathbf{n} \mathbf{z} e, \mathbf{n} . of wakonze; determination; law, rule, justice.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, μ . of wakta; $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{mark}$, a sign; circumspection.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n}$, n. theft.
- wo'-wa-mna-da, a of wamnada; respect.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e}$, \mathbf{n} . of wanikiya; salvation.
- wo'-wan-ya-ke, n. a vision, a sight, a show.
- wo'-wa-oŋ-spe, n. of waoŋspe; precept, instruction
- wo'-wa-on-spe-ki-ye, n. struction.
- w o' w a o ŋ ś i d a , n. of waoŋśida; mercy; pity, kindness.
- wo'-wa-pe-tog-ton, n. of wapetogton; a mark, a sign.

- wo'-wa-pe-to-ke-ća, n. a sign, a wonder. a miracle.
- wo'-wa-pi, n. of owa; a painting or carving in hieroglyphics; a painting or representation, a picture; a writing, a letter; a book. T., a flag, banner or signal: wowapi pawoslal iyeya, to run up a flag. "A letter" or "book" is minihúowapi, though wowapi is slowly coming into use here for these also.—w. J. c.
- wo'-wa-pi-i-ća-ġe, n. something used to paint or write with, a pen or pencil. See wiyowa.
- wo'-wa-pi-ka-ġa, v. to write, to make a book—wowapi wakaġa.
- wo'-wa-pi-ka-ġa, n. a scribe, a clerh.
- wo'-wa-pi-o-hni-hde, n. a newspaper. Wotanin-wowapi is better.
- w o'-wa-pi-o-ki-źa-te, n. The a flag of truce.
- wo'-wa-pi-wa-kan, n. the holy book, the Bible.
- wo'-wa-pi-wi-co-ni, n. the book of life. Wićoni-wowapi is thought to be the better form.
- wo'-wa-su-ki-ye, n. Ih. a law; a prophecy. T., a rule; law; regulation; determination to be followed as a law.
- $\mathbf{w} \circ \mathbf{v} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s}' \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}, adv.$ strongly.
- wo'-wa-ś'a-ke, n. of waś'aka; strength.
- wo'-wa-śi, n. Ih and T. labor, work: i. q. wohtani. T., also a worker or servant. See wicohtani. wo'-wa-śte, n. of waste; goodness.

- w o'-wa-ste-da-ke, n. love, complacency.
- wo'-wa-wo-ki-ye, n. of wawokiya; help.
- w o' w a y a z a n, n. of wayazan; sickness, disease.
- wo'-wi-ća-da, n. of wićada; belief, faith.
- w o'- w i-é a-d a-y a, v. a. to cause belief, to persuade—wowićadawaya.
- w o'-wi-ća-hna-ye, n. deception. See wohnaye.
- w o'-wi-ća-htag-ni-ća, v. n. (ićahtaka and nića) to be irritable, easily provoked; to be unwilling to be touched—wowićahtagmanića. T., wowićahtake wanića.
- w o'-wi-ća-ke, n.of wićaka; truth: wowićake ećiyatanhan, of a truth, truly.
- wo'-wi-ća-ke-ya-tan-han, adv.. of a truth, truly.
- w o'-wi-ća-śa-śni, n. T. spite; mischief; meanness.
- wo'-wi-ćin, n. See wićinpi.
- wo'-wi-dag-ya, v. a. to make a servant of, to have for a servant, to cause to serve—wowidagwaya, wowidagunyanpi, wowidagmayan.
- w o'- w i-da-ke, n. of idaka; a servant. T., woilake.
- w o'-wi-haŋ-mde, n of ihaŋmna; a dream, dreams.
- wo'-wi-han-mna, n. dreams.
- w o'-wi-hnu, n. of ihnu; murmur-ing.
- w o'-wi-ha, n. of iha; something laughable.

- wo'-wi-ha-dan, n. fun; something laughable.
- w o' w i h a h a, n. laughing, making fun.
- wo'-wi-ha-ha-ki-ya, v. to laugh at one's own—wowihahawakiya.
- wo'-wi-ha-ha-ya, adv shamefullu.
- wo'-wi-han, n. T of wihan; grazing.
- wo'-wi-ha-ya, adv. laughably.
- wo'-wi-ha-ya-ken, adv. ridiculously.
- w o'- w i- m a- ġ a- ġ a, v. n. of imaġaġa; to be cheerful or merry—wowimamaġaġa, wowinimaġaġa. T., also an amusement. See woimaġaġa.
- w o' w i m a g a g a, n. of imagaga; something cheering.
- wo'-wi-na-hni, n. of inahni; haste.
- w o'-wi-na-ki-wi-zi, n. of inakiwizi; jealousy.
- wo'-wi-na-pe, n. of inapa; a refuge, a retreat.
- wo'-wi-na-pe-ya, v. a. to have for a refuge.
- w o'-wi-na-wi-zi, n. of inawizi; jealousy, envy; the cause of envy.
- wo'-wi-ni-han, n. of inihan; something frightful, fear.
- wo'-wi-ni-han-yan, adv. fear-fully.
- w o'-win-kta, n. of iwinkta; gladness; glory.
- wo'-win-yun-yan, v. a. to use as an instrument—wowinyunwaya.
 See iyun and wowiyunyan.

- wo'-win-yun-yan-pi, n. tools, instruments.
- wo'-wi-śte-će, n. of iśteća; shame.
- wo'-wi-śten-ya, adv. disgracefully, shamefully: wowistenya ecamon, I have acted shamefully.
- w o'-wi-śten-ye, n. the cause of shame.
- w o'-w i-śu-te, adj. of iśute; very much: taku wowiśute. T., lila ota.
- wo'-wi-śu-te-ka, adj. very much.
- wo'-wi-śu-te-ya, adv. very much, abundantly.
- wo'-wi-tan, n. of itan; honor, glory; pride.
- wo'-wi-tan-yan, v. a. to glory in—wowitanwaya.
- wo'-wi-tan-yan, adv. honorably, gloriously.
- wo'-wi-ton-pe, n. of itonpa; something to be feared or guarded against; danger.
- wo'-wi-yun-yan, v. See wowinyunyan.
- w o' w i y u ś k i n, n. of iyuśkin; gladness, rejoicing.
- wo'-wi-yu-śkin-yan, adv. gladly, rejoicingly.
- wo'-wi-yu-tan, n. of iyutan; temptation.
- wo'-wi-yu-tan-ye, n. temptation.
- w o' w i ź i é e , n. of wiźića; riches.
- wo'-ya-éo, n. of yaéo; judgment, condemnation. T., woyasu.
- wo'- yad ya. See Woonspe Itakihna, p. 97, l. 8.

- wo'-yag, cont. of woyaka; woyag wahi, I have come to tell.
- wo'-yag-ki-ya-pi, n. T. a witness; one made to testify.
- wo'- ya-ka, v. of oyaka; to tell, relate, declare, publish—womdaka, wounyakapi.
- wo'-ya-ka-pi, n. a declaration, a narration.
- wo'-ya-ke, n. a relation, a declaration, a vow.
- wo'-ya-pta-pi, n. of oyapta; leavings, fragments of food.
- wo'-ya-pte, n. See woyaptapi.
- wo'-ya-su, n. of yasu; finishing, i. q. yaćopi. See woyaćo.
- wo'-ya-tan, n. of yatan; praise.
- wo'-ya-tke, n. of yatkan; drink.
- w o'-y a-t a-g a, n. of yataga; something astringent.
- wo'-ya-wa, n. of yawa; a counting.
- · wo'-ya-wa-ste, n. of yawaste; blessing, praise.
- wo'-ya-wa-taŋ-ka, n. a great count, a million. T., kokta śića.
- wo'-ya-ya, n. T. a skein; a bunch, as of beads or thread; a string, as of beads.
- wo'-ye-tan-in, v. n. T. there are tracks.
- wo'-yu-e-će-tu, n. of yuećetu; a making right.
- wo'-yu-ha, n. of yuha; possessions, property.
- wo'- yu litan yan, n. small burrs of several varieties of plants, probably species of Xanthium.

- wo'-yu-kéan, n of yukéan; opinion, judgment.
- wo'-yu-o-ni-han, n. T. an honor; honor
- wo'-yu-ska, n. ornamental work, such as cutting strips into skin, and winding them with quills.
- wo'-yu-su, n. of yusu; a making right, finishing. T., yuećetu; waśte kaġa.
- wo'-yu-su-ta, n. of yusuta; a making firm.
- wo'-yu-śda-ye-hna, n. See śdayehna.
- wo'-yu-śi-će, n. of yuśića; that which makes bad.
- w o'-y u-śi-litin, n. that which makes feeble. T., that which injures or makes bad.
- w o'- y u ś k i ś k e, n. of yuśkiśka; that which causes difficulty.
- w o'-yu-śna, n. of yuśna; missing, letting fall; sacrificing.
- wo'-yu-stan, n. of yustan; finishing, completion, perfection; putting one in another.
- wo'-yu-te, n. of yuta; something to eat, food.
- wo'-yu-te-ya, v. a. to have or use as food—woyutewaya.
- wo'-yu-tkon-ze, n. of yutkonza; finishing, perfecting. T., also making equal.
- w o' y u t p a n, n. T., woyukpan. See wiyutpan.
- wo'-yu-wa-ste, n. of yuwaste; that which makes good.
- wo'-zan-ni, n. of zani; health.

wo'-ze, n. of yuze; taking out, lad- | wo-źu-ha-gla-ta-ta, v. a. T. ing out of a kettle. to cxhaust, use all up, as one's sup-

wo'-ze-pi, part. laded out.

wo'-zi, n. See zi.

w o'-źa, v. of yuźa; to mash; to stir, as mush, to make mush—wowaźa and wamduźa.

w o'- z a - p i, n. something mashed and stirred up; hasty-pudding, mush: also a stew of any kind mixed; cappa wozapi, kapta wozapi.

w o' - źa - źa, v. of yuźaźa; to wash, do a washing—wamduźaźa.

wo'-źa-źa-pi, n. washing.

w o'- źi-će, n. of źića; riches.

w o'- źu, v. of oźu; to sow, to plant-wowaźu, woyaźu, wounźupi.

w o' - źu, n. a sower.

w o'- ź u - h a, n. an empty bag, a sack, a case. See oźuha.

wo'-źu-ha-daŋ, n. a small bag. wo-źu-ha-gla-ta-ta, v. a. T. to cxhaust, use all up, as one's supply by giving to others: i. q. peaglatata—wozuhawaglatata.

wo'-źu-pi, n. seed for planting (T., iwóźu; woźupi su); sowing or planting; a field or garden (T., woźupi).

wo'-źu-pi-wi, n. the planting moon, May.

wo'-źu-ti, n. a farm-house; a farmer. wo'-źu-toŋ, v. of oźntoŋ; to fill up into bags or sacks—woźuwatoŋ.

wo'-źu-ton-pi, n. a bag or sack filled, a bag of corn.

w o'-źu-źu, v. of yuźuźu; to take to pieces; to demolish; to unpack woważuźu and wamduźuźu.

 $\mathbf{w} \circ \mathbf{o}' - \mathbf{\acute{z}} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{\acute{z}} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i}$, n. taking to pieces.

wuh, intj. T. of surprise; oh!

w u h'-w u h - w u h, *intj*. Used by the Dakota women in calling a dog. T., wehwehweh.

\mathbf{Y} .

y, the twenty-seventh letter of the Dakota alphabel, with the common sound of "y" in English.

ya, a prefix.

- 1. It is prefixed to a large class of verbs, and signifies that the action is done with the mouth, by biting, talking, etc.; as, yaksa, to bite off.
- 2. It is prefixed to adjectives, and sometimes nouns, making of them verbs signifying to speak of as such or to make so with

the mouth; as, waste, good, yawaste, to call good, to bless; wicasta, man, yawicasta, to speak of as a man. In these cases the different persons are formed as in ya, to go.

ya, v. aux. causative; to cause, to make. This is suffixed to verbs, adjectives, etc.; as, econya, to cause to do; samya, to make black; was'agya, to make strong. The place of the pronoun is before the "ya."

- ya, v. aux. suffix to nouns; to have | ya-a'-śda-ya, v.a. to make bare, for, regard as; as, tiyopa-ya, to have for a door; isan-ya, to have for or use as a knife. It is also used in cases of relationship; as, ate-ya, to have for father—atewaya, ateunyanpi: tankśiwaya, she is my sister or I have her for sister.
- ya, pron. in comp. thou, you.
- ya, v. n. to go, to start, to proceedmda, da, unyanpi. T, mla, la future, mni kta, ni kta, vin kta.
- ya, exclamation of scolding, used by $T_{\cdot \cdot}$ women. \cdot
- y a or y a n, an adverbial termination of adjectives and an adverbial or participial termination of verbs; as, sića, bad, śićaya, badly; yuktan, to bend, yuktanyan, bending. T., also yakel.
- y a a' d o s d o z a, v. of adosdoza; yaadosdoza se iyeya, to say something that makes another feel uncomfortable, to injure one's feelings. yaćantiyap'a iyeya.
- y a a' o p t e \acute{c} a, v. a. of aopte \acute{c} a; to speak of as being small, to underrate—mdaaopteća.
- ya-a'-o-pten, cont. of yaopteća; yaaopten iyeya.
- ya-a'-o'-pten-ya, adv. in a depreciating manner.
- y a a' o p t e t u, v. a. of aoptetu; to speak of as less, to underratemdaaoptetu.
- ya-a'-o-pte-tu-ya, adv. under-
- y a a' ś d a, v. n. to graze, as cattle. See asda.

- as a falsehood; to unfold, tell, explain; to make bare with the teeth mdaasdaya.
- $y a a' s k a d a \eta$, $v. a. of askada\eta$; to speak of as near-indaaskadan. T., yakiyela.
- ya-a'-śka-śka-dan, v. red. of yaaskadan.
- ya-a'-śka-ya-ken, adv. speaking of as near.
- $ya-a'-\acute{s}ka-ye-da\eta$, v.a. to speak of as near—mdaaskayedan.
- $y a b a' \dot{g} a$, v. a. to turn about with the mouth, to twist; to bite or vex, as one dog does another; to vex or annoy by begging —mdabaga. T., yawazeća. See yabaza, pabaża, etc.
- $ya ba' \dot{g}a ka$, v. a. to annoy, to beg of-mdabagaka.
- ya-ba'-za, v. a. to annoy, as one dog does another by biting. See yabaga, yubaza, etc.
- ya-ba'-źa, v. a. to bite or gnaw, as a horse does wood.
- ya-bi'-li-he-ća, v.a T. to make active by talking to. See miniheća.
- y a b o' s d a n, v. of bosdan; to set up with the mouth: yabosdan yapa and yabosdan ehnaka, to hold upright with the mouth.
- y a b u', v. a of bu; to growl, to speak or sing with a hoarse voice—mdabu. T., also to make any loud but indistinct noise or a disagreeable noise, as children with horns, etc.
- y a b u' b u, v. red. of yabu; to speak with a hoarse rough voice—mdabubu.

- ia, to speak with a hoarse voice.
- $ya ća\eta' ća\eta$, v. a. of ćanćan; to make shake with the mouth.
- ya-ćant-i-ya-p'a-i-ye-ya, v. T. to say something to hurt another's feelings: i. q. yalos iyeya. See yaadosdoza
- ya 6ay ze ka, v. a. T. to make angry by talking to.
- y a ć e' k a, v. a. See yaćekćeka.
- ya-će'-kće-ka, v. a. to bite and make stagger—mdaćekćeka.
- ya-će'-ya, v. a. of ćeya; to make cry by talking to or biting-mdaćeya, mayaćeya.
- $ya \dot{c}i' ka da\eta$, $v. a. of \dot{c}ikada\eta$; to count small; to make small with the mouth; to undervalue—mdaći-
- ya-ći'-stin-na, v. a. of cistinna; to speak of as small—mdacistinna. T., yaćisćiyela.
- y a ć o', v.a. to judge, condemn, finemdaćo, daćo, unyaćopi. See yasu.
- y a \(\cdot\) o' \(\cdot\) o, v. a. to chew up fine mdaćoćo.
- y a · c o' k a, v.a. to judge, to condemn (T., same meaning); to make empty.
- $ya \acute{c}o' ka ka$, v. a. to empty by eating out the inside, as dogs do a dead animal.
- ya-ćo'-na-la, v.a. T. to speak of as few.
- ya-ćo'-pi, n. condemnation; i. q. woyaćo. T., yasupi.
- ya-ćo'-ya, adv. condemning. T., yasuya.

- ya-bu'-ya, adv. hoarsely: yabuya | ya-co'-ya-ken, adv. in the way of condemning. T., yasuyakel.
 - $y a \acute{c} o' z a$, v. a. to call warm, to make warm with the mouth—mda-
 - ya-dem'-de-pa, v. a. to bite notches in-mdademdepa.
 - ya-du'-za-han, v.a. to callswift mdaduzahan: also 2d pers. sing. of duzahan.
 - y a e' c a h, adv. Same as yaećayali. T., yawićakeya se.
 - ya-e'-ća-yah, adv. deceptively; ironically: yaećayali oyaka, to tell a thing not as it is, to make a statement of which the very reverse is true—yaećayah omdaka.
 - ya-e'-će-dan, v.a. to speak of as right, to make right with the mouth mdaećedan.
 - y a e' ć e n y a , adv. yaećenya oyaka, to tell a thing as it ought to be told.
 - y a e' \acute{c} e t u , v. a. to consummate by speaking; to speak correctly—mdaećetu.
 - ya-e'-će-tu-ya, adv. speaking correctly.
 - ya-ga', v. a. to peel off with the teeth; to husk with the mouth mdaġa.
 - $y a \dot{g} a' \dot{g} a$, v. red. of $y a \dot{g} a$; $y a \dot{g} a'$ ġaġa iyeya.
 - ya-ġam', cont. of yaġapa; yaġam
 - ya-ġan'-ġa-ta, v. a. to make forked with the mouth, to prevaricate-mdagangata.

- y a g a n', v. a. to suck out or open mdagan.
- y a ġ a' p a, v. a. to bite off, as the skin or bark from anything—mdaġapa.
- ya-ġa'-ta, v. See yagangata.
- y a g e', v. a. to drink up, as water from a spring—mdage: to gather with the mouth, as an ox does grass.
- y a g e' g e, v. a. to gather with the mouth, as an ox does grass.
- ya-gi'-ta, v. ho yagita, to make the voice hoarse by speaking. See hogita.
- y a g o', v. a. to make a mark with the teeth—mdago.
- y a ġ o m', cont. of yaġopa; yaġom yatkan, to sip, aś water: yaġom iću.
- y a g o' p a, v. a. to suck up, to make a noise with the mouth, as in eating soup, etc.—mdagopa.
 - y a ġ u' k a , v. a. to strain, as one's neck, by biting anything—mdaġuka. See yuġuka.
 - y a h a', v. n. to prick or run into, as beards of rice or porcupine quills—mayaha, wićayaha. T, yahan.
 - ya-ha'-ha, n. See yahahadan.
 - y a h a' h a d a n, v. a. to shake or move with the mouth; to move one in his purpose by talking to, to persuade—mdahahadan. See yuhahadan.
 - y a h a' h a y e d a n, v. a. to move by talking to, to shake in one's purpose—mdahahayedan: cante yahahayedan.

- ya-ha'-i-ye-ya, v. a. to throw down with the mouth, to turn aside with the mouth.
- y a h b a', v. a. to shell with the mouth, to bite off—mdahba.
- y a h b e' z a, v. a. to bite and make rough—mdahbeza. See yuhbeza.
- y a h b u' y a i y e y a, v. to push into with the nose and make a noise, as into a barrel of corn.
- y a h d a', v. a. to bite off, as a dog does the fat from entrails; to uncoil with the mouth.
- y a h d a' h d a, v. a. to uncoil, as a dog does entrails, with the mouth.
- ya-hda'-he-ya, adv. yahdaheya ia, to set in order; to lay open, explain.
- y a h d a' k a, v. a. to bite off and make toothed or notched, as a beaver does—mdahdaka.
- ya-hda'-kiŋ-yaŋ, v. a. of hdakiŋyaŋ; to go across in one's speech, to contradict one's self, to tell what is false—mdakdakiŋyaŋ.
- ya-hda'-pi-se, adv. fluently, plainly: yahdapise oyaka.
- y a h d o' k a, v. a. to put out of place by means of the teeth—mdahdo-ka. See yahdoka and yasdoka.
- y a h i n', cont. of yahinta; yahin iyeya, to cat all up.
- y a hin'-ta, v. a. to brush away with the mouth, to eat all up—mdahinta.
- y a h m i', v. a. to clear off, to bite off, as grass, etc.
- y a h m i' é a, v. to catch by the hair in the mouth.

- ya-hmi'-hma, v. a. to roll with ya-hu'-hu-za, v. a to shake with the mouth—mdahmihma. the mouth; to shake one's resolution
- y a h m i' p i s e, adv. rounded off, as a bunch of grass or weeds whose tops have been bitten off.
- y a h m i' y a n y a n, v. a. to make round in the mouth, as bullets—mdahmiyanyan. See yamima.
- y a. h n a', v. a. to shake off, as fruit, with the mouth—mdahna.
- ya-hna'-yan, v. a. to miss with the mouth, as in attempting to catch in it; to miss with the mouth, tell a falsehood — mdahnayan: also 2d pers. sing. of hnayan.
- y a h n u' n i, v. a. of hnuni; to cause to wander in mind by talking to, to confuse—mdahnuni.
- y a h o' g i l y a, adv. T. hoarsely.
- y a h o' ġ i t a, v. n. T. to become hoarse from singing—blahoġita. To become hoarse from speaking is igláhoġita.
- y a h o' h o, v. a. to shake or make loose with the mouth—mdahoho.
- y a h o' h o y a, adv. shaking with the mouth.
- y a h o' m n i, v. a. to turn one round by argument, to make one change his views, to convert—mdahomni, mayahomni.
- y a-ho'-ta, v. todraw in with the breath, to inhale, as cold air, dust, etc —mdahota: sni dahota, thou hast taken cold.
- y a h o' t o n, v. a. of hoton; to bite and make cry out—mdahoton.
- ya-hu'-hus, cont. of yahuhuza: yahuhus iyoya. T., yahunhuns.

- y a h u' h u z a, v. a to shake with the mouth; to shake one's resolution by talking to—mdahuhuza. T., yahunhunza.
- y a h u' t e d a n, v. a. to bite off short, to wear off to a stump, as the teeth—mdahutedan.
- y a h a h a, v. a. to tangle with the teeth—mdahaha.
- ya-ha'-kpa, v. a. to bite and make rough—mdahakpa; i. q. ya-hatpa.
- y a h a m', cont. of yahapa; yaham iyeya, to scare away, as game, by talking.
- ya-hay'-hi-ya, adv. of haphi; making slow by talking to.
- y a h a n' · i t'e y a, adv. making weary by talking to.
- ya-ha'-pa, v. to frighten or scareup, as game, by talking—mdahapa. See kahapa.
- y a h a' t p a, v. a. to make rough with the teeth—mdahatpa; i. q. yahakpa.
- y a h b a', v. a. to make sleepy by talking to—mdahba.
- y a h é i', v. a. to tear out a little piece with the teeth—mdahéi.
- ya-hći'-hći, v. red. of yahći.
- y a h d a', v. a. to make rattle with the mouth—mdahda.
- y a h d a' g a n, v. a. to enlarge with the mouth.
- y a h d a' h d a, v. red. of yahda.
- ya-hdan', cont. of yahdata; ya-hdan ia, to speak as one does who is starving to death.

- ya-hda'-ta, v. to speak as one | ya-hin', cont. of yahica: yahin iyedying of hunger is said to speak mdahdata. T., akilian tin kta se hotanin śni.
- ya-hda'-ya, v. a. to bite or peel off the skin or rind of any thing with the teeth; to tell a lie—mdahdaya, dahdaya.
- ya-hde'-ća, v. a. to tear with the mouth, to bite to pieces—mdalideća, unyalidećapi.
- ya-hde'-hde-ća, v. red. of yahdeća.
- y a h d e n', cont. of yahdeća: yahden
- ya-hdog', cont. of yahdoka: yahdog iyeya.
- ya hdo' hdo ka, v. red. of yahdoka; to bite and tear, as dogs do —mdahdohdoka.
- y a h d o' k a, v. a. to bite a hole in, to bite open, to make an impression on with the tecth—mdahdoka, dahdoka, unyalidokapi. See yahdoka.
- y a h e m', cont. of yahepa; yahem iyeya, to drink up at once.
- ya-hem'-he-pa, v. red. of yaliepa.
- ya-he'-pa, v. a. to drink up, as water, etc.—mdaliepa, daliepa, unyahepapi.
- ya-he'-yan, cont. of yalieyata: yaheyan iyeya.
- ya-he'-ya-ta, v. to put aside with the mouth or in speaking, to re*ject*—mdaheyata, mayaheyata.
- ya-hi'-ća, v. a. to waken one up with the mouth or by talking-mdahića.

- ya.
- ya-hi'-ya-ya, v. to be awkward with the mouth, as in speaking or making a bullet round in the mouth —mdahiyaya.
- ya-lile'-ća, v. T. i. q. yalideća.
- y a h l o' k a, v. T. i. q. yahdoka.
- ya-limin', v. a. to crook or turn aside with the mouth; to distortmdalimin.
- ya-hmin'-yan, adv. aside with the mouth: yahminyan ehnaka.
- ya-hmun', v. to make a humming or rattling noise with the mouth: yahmun se yutapi.
- ya-hpa', v. a. to throw any thing down with the mouth—mdalipa.
- ya-lipa'-lipa, v. red. of yalipa.
- y a h p a n', v a. to moisten or soak in the mouth—madipan.
- ya-hpan'-hpan, v. red. of yalipan; to make soft with the mouth, as a quill or takan—mdahpanhpan.
- ya-hpe'-ya, v.a. to cause to throw down with the mouth—yalipewaya.
- ya-hpu', v. a. to bite off, as any thing sticking on, bite off in small pieces, as gum—mdalipu.
- ya-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of yahpu.
- y a h t a g', cont. of yahtaka: yahtag
- ya-htag'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to bite anything—yahtagwakiya.
- ya-htag'-ya, v. a. to cause to *bite*—yalitagwaya.
- ya htag' ya, adv.biting.

- y a h t a' k a, v. a. to bite, to take y a i' n i n, cont. of yainina; yainin hold of with the teeth—mdalitaka, dahtaka, unyahtakapi.
- y a hu', v. a. to peel off, as the hull or rind, with the teeth—mdahu.
- $y a h u' \dot{g} a$, v. a. to bite into; to crush with the teeth—mdaliuga.
- ya-hu'-ga-pi, n. T nuts, because cracked with the teeth, especially *peanuts*.
- ya-huh', cont. of yahuga: yahuh iyeya.
- ya-huh'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to crush or bite into—yahuhwakiya.
- y a h u' h n a g a, v. a of huhnaga; to speak evil of, to destroy one's character, as if burnt up—mdahuhnaga. T., yaatakuniśni.
- y a h u' h u \dot{g} a, v. red. of yahu \dot{g} a. ya-huh'-ya, va. to cause to crush with the teeth—yahuliwaya.
- ya-hun'-hun-ta, v. red. of ya-
- ya-hun'-ta, v. a. to draw through the mouth and make pliable, as sinew for sewing and bark for tyingmdahunta.
- ya-i'-de, v. a. of ide; to make blaze by blowing with the mouth—mdaide.
- ya-i'-ha, v. of iha; to make laugh by talking to—mdaiha.
- ya-i-mni-źa, v.a. T. to speak of as if (it) were a rock.
- ya-i'-na-hni, v. a. of inahni; to make hasten by speaking to-mdainahni.
- ya-i'-na-hni-ya, adv. hastening by speaking to.

- ehpeya, yainin iyeya, and yainin ya, to put to silence by argument. T., yainil.
- ya-i'-ni-na, v. a of inina; to put to silence by speaking to-mdainina. T., yainila.
- y a i' ste ca, v. a. of isteca: to make ashamed by speaking to—mdaisteća.
- ya-i'-stel-ya, v.a. T.
- making ya-i'-sten-ya, adv. ashamed by speaking to.
- ya-i'-to-kan, v.a. T. i.q. yaiyoka.
- ya-i'-tpi-ska-e-hpe-ya, v.(itpi, ska, and elipeya) to make turn over on the back, as a dog, by speaking to or biting.
- ya-i'-yog, cont. of yaiyoka; yaiyog iyeya, to put aside with the mouth, reject.
- y a i' y o k a, v. a. of iyoka; to putaside, reject-mdaiyoka.
- ya-i'-yo-wa, v. a. of iyowa; tomake yawn by speaking—mdaiyowa. T.. yaiyoya.
- y a i' y o w a s, cont. of yaiyowaza; yaiyowas iyeya.
- ya-i'-yo-waś, cont. of yaiyowaźa: yaiyowaś ie śni, he does not speak to the point.
- ya-i'-yo-wa-za, v.a. to make echo by speaking—mdaiyowaza.
- $y a i' y o \cdot w a z a$, n an echo.
- ya-i'-yo-wa-źa, v. a. of iyowaźa; to speak of as near, to speak to the point. See yaiyowaźaśni

- y a i' y o w a ź a s n i, v. a. not to speak to the point—indaiyowa-źaśni.
- y a i'-y o-y a g, cont. of yaiyoyaka; yaiyoyag iyeya.
- ya-i'-yo-ya-ka, v. a. of iyo-yaka; to make sad by speaking to.
- ya-ka', v. a. to split with the mouth, as the feather end of a quill—nidaka.
- y a k a' k a, v. a. to champ, as a horse his bit.
- ya-ka'-kiś-ya, adv. making suffer by scolding: yakakiśya ia.
- y a k a' k i ź a , v. a. of kakiźa; to make suffer by scolding or biting mdakakiźa.
- ya-kam', cont. of yakapa; yakam iyeya. T., yakab.
- ya-kan'-ye-la, v. T. to speak of as near: i. q. yakiyela. See ya-askadan.
- y a k a' p a, v. a. to catch in the mouth anything that is tossed—mdakapa.
- y a k a' t i n, v. a. to straighten or bend out straight with the mouth—mdakatin.
- y a k a' w a, v. a. to open or push back anything with the mouth—mda-kawa.
- y a k ć a', v. a. to untie with the mouth, disentangle—mdakća, unyakćapi.
- y a k e l, adv. termination very common in T.
- y a k i' k i t a, v. a. to make limber or pliable by biting, as in making moccasins—mdakikita. T., yapan-pan,

- ya-kins', cont. of yakinza; yakins iyeya.
- y a k i η s' k i η z a, v. red. of yakinza.
- y a k i n' z a, v. a. to make a grating or creaking noise with the teeth, to gnash—mdakinza.
- y a k i' p e h a n, v. a. of pehan; to double or fold up with the mouth, so as to make the ends meet—mdakipehan.
- y a k i' p u s k i ć a, v a. to press close together with the mouth—mdakipuskića.
- ya-ki'-pu-skin-ya, adv. putting close together.
- y a \mathbf{k} i' y e \mathbf{l} a, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{T} . \mathbf{i} . \mathbf{q} . yakanyela.
- y a k i' y e l a k e l, adv T. of the foregoing verb.
- ya-kog', cont. of yakoka; yakog iyeya.
- y a k o' k a, v. a. to rattle with the teeth, chatter, gnash—mdakoka.
- y a k o' k e d a n; v. a. of kokedan; to make active by talking to—mdakokedan T, yabiliheća.
- y a k o' k i p a, v a. of kokipa; to
 make afraid by talking to—mdakokipa
- ya-ko'-kog, cont. of yakokoka.
- ya-ko'-kog-ya, v. a to cause to make a chattering with the teeth yakokogwaya.
- ya-ko'-kog-ya, adv. chattering. ya-ko'-ko-ka, v. a. red. of yakoka; to rattle the teeth, chatter, gnash-mdakokoka.

- ya-kon'-pi, v. pl they are—unyakonpi, dakanonpi. Perhaps the singular may be yanka. T., unpi.
- y a k o n' p i s' a, n. inhabitants. T., unpis'a.
- y a k o' p e h d a, v. a. of kopehda; to make one afraid by talking to mdakopehda.
- ya-ko'-ya-haŋ-na, v. a. of ko-yahaŋna; to make hasten by talking to—mdakoyahaŋna.
- y a k p a', v. a. to bite out, bite through—mdakpa: ista yakpa, to bite out the eye, make blind. See yatpa.
- y a k p a' k p a, v. red. of yakpa.
- y a k p a n', v. a. to chew fine, masticate — mdakpan, dakpan, unyakpanpi: i. q. yatpan.
- ya-kpan'-kpan, v. red. of yakpan.
- y a k p a n' y a n, adv. chewing fine.
- y a k p i', v. a. to crack with the teeth, as lice, etc.—mdakpi: i. q yatpi.
- ya-kpi'-kpi, v. red. of yakpi.
- y a k p u' k p a, v. a. to bite in small pieces, to crumble up with the teeth—mdakpukpa: i. q. yatputpa.
- y a k s a', v. a. to bite off, as a stick—mdaksa, daksa, unyaksapi.
- ya-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of yaksa; to bite off often—mdaksaksa.
- y a k s a' p a, v. a. to make wise by talking to—mdaksapa: also 2d pers. sing. of ksapa.
- y a k s a' y a, v. a. to cause to bite off—yaksawaya.
- ya-ksa'-ya, adv. biting off.

- y a k ś a', v. a. to bend up with the mouth—mdakśa.
- y a k ś a' d a ŋ, v.a. Same as yakśa.
- y a k ś a' k ś a, v. red. of yakśa.
- ya-kśan', v. a to bend with the mouth—mdakśan.
- y a k śa n' k śa n, v. red. of yakśan; to bend or curl up.
- y a k ś i' k ś i ź a, v. red. of yakśiźa.
- y a k ś i ś', cont. of yakśiźa; yakśiś iyeya.
- y a k ś i' ź a , v. a. to double up with the teeth
- ya-ktan', v. a. to bend with the mouth—mdaktan. See yaoktan.
- y a k t a n' k t a n, n. red. of yaktan; to bend in several places with the mouth.
- ya-ktan'-yan, v. a. to cause to bend with the mouth—yaktanwaya.
- y a k t a n' y a n, adv. bending with the mouth.
- y a k u' k a, v. a. to destroy with the teeth, bite to pieces—mdakuka.
- y a k u ŋ' t k u ŋ t a, v. a. to bite notches in—mdakuntkunta.
- y a k e' g a, v. a. to make a grating noise with the teeth, to gnaw—mdakega. See yakoga.
- ya-keh', cont. of yakega; yakeh iyeya.
- y a $k \in h'$ $k \in -g$ a, v. red. of yake-ga.
- ya-ķes', cont. of yaķeza; yaķes iyeya.
- ya-kes'-ke-za, v. red of yakeza. ya-ke'-za, v. a. to make smooth with the teeth—mdakeza

- $y \cdot a k \cdot o' g \cdot a$, v. a. to bite or gnaw off, as something hard—mdakoga. ya-koh', cont. of yakoga; yakoh
- ya-koh'-ko-ga, v. red. of yakoga. ya-kos', cont. of yakoza; yakos
- y a k o s' k o z a, v. red. of yakoza. y a - k o' - z a, v. a. to make smooth with the mouth; to eat all off smooth, as grass—mdaķoza. See yaķeza.
- ya-los'-ye-ya, v.T. i. q. yaadosdoza se iyeya.
- y a m a', v. a. to gnaw mdama.
- ya-ma'-hen-i-ye-ya, v.a. to push into with the mouth. See mahen.
- ya-mdas', cont. of yamdaza; yamdas iyeya. T., yablas.
- ya-mda'-ska, v. a of mdaska; to flatten with the mouth—mdamdaska. T., yablaska.
- ya mda' ya, v. a. of mdaya; tomake level with the teeth—mdamdaya. T., yablaya.
- $ya mda^{4} za$, v. a. of mdaza; to tear open with the teeth—mdamdaza. T, yablaza.
- y a -m d e'-ća, v.a. to break or crush with the teeth—mdamdeća. T., ya-
- y a m d e' m d e é a, v. red. of ya- y a m n i' ź a k a, v. a. to speak of mdeća.
- ya mde' mde za, v. red. of ya-
- y a m d e n', cont of yamdeća; yamden iyeya.
- ya mdes' ya, adv. cheeringly: yamdesya ia, to speak cheeringly. VOL. VII---39

- y a m d e' z a, v. a. of mdeza; tomake sober by talking to; to enlighten, cheer—mdamdeza. T., yableza.
- y a m d u', v. a. to make fine by chewing—mdamdu.
- y a m d u' m d u, v. red. of yamdu. ya - mi' - ma, v. a. to make round, as a wheel, with the mouth—mdamima. See yahmiyanyan.
- ya-mna', v. a. to acquire by talking, or in any way with the mouth, to gain—mdamna. See kamna.
- ya-mna'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to gain by talking—yamnawakiya.
- ya mna' yan, v. a. to cause to gain with the mouth—yamnawaya.
- y a' m n i, num. adj. three.
- ya-mni', v.2d pers. sing. of mni.
- y a m n i', v. a. to turn or change the course or plan of one by speaking to or with: mdamni.
- ya mni' ga, v.a. to make shrink by biting—mdamniga.
- ya'-mni-ki-ya, adv. in three differcnt ways. See topakiya.
- ya'-mni-mni, adv. by threes, three each. See tomtom.
- y a' m n i n a, adv. only three. T., yanmila. See tomnana.
 - any thing as if it were a rock—mdamniźaka. T., yaimniźa.
- _| уа-тии'-тии-ġа, v. a. to crunch, crush, grind, champ, or make a noise with the teeth, as in eating; to gnaw, as a dog a bone, etc.—mdamnumnuġa.

- y a m n u' m n u ġ a p i , n. the hackberry tree; so called because animals crunch its berries; the Celtis crassifolia. Ih., also black pepper. T., also pepper.
- y an, cont. of yata; as, ćaźeyata, ćaźeyan, in the name of. T, yal.
- y a n a' k e y a , v. a to turn aside with the mouth; to give a one-sided account of any thing—mdanakeya. See kanakeya, nakeya, etc.
- y a n a' ź i ŋ, v. a. of naźiŋ; to cause to stand by speaking—mdanaźiŋ.
- y a n m i' n m a, v. a. to roll with the mouth—mdanminma: i. q. yahmihma. T., yagmigma.
- y and, an adverbial or participial termination.
- y an, or y a, v. a causative suffix to verbs.
- y an ka', v. n. to be, exist, having reference to place—manká, nanká, unyánkapi. Perhaps also yakonpi, unyakonpi, etc., belong to this word.
- y a ŋ' k a , v. a. to weave, as snowshoes, or as in basket-making mnáŋka, náŋka, uŋyaŋkapi. T., kazoŋ.
- y a o' é i k p a n i, v. See yaoćitpani.
- y a o' é i p t e é a , v. a. to count less, make less, under-estimate—mdaocipte é a. See yaa opte é a.
- y a o' é i p t e n , cont. of yaocipteca.
- y a o' 6 i p t e n y a, adv. speaking of as less or unequal.

- the ya-o'-ći-pte-tu, v. a. to count use less—mdaoćiptetu. See oćiptetu and yaaoptetu.
 - y a o' éi p t e tu y a, adv. speaking of as less.
 - y a o' é i p t e t u y a k e n, adv. speaking of as unequal.
 - y a o' é i t p a n i, v. a. of oéitpani; to make unequal with the mouth mdaoéitpani, daoéitpani. T., yaoéikpani.
 - y a o' h d a p s i n, v. yaohdapsin elipeya, to turn over with the mouth.
 - y a o' h d a p s i n y a n, adv. of ohdapsinyan; turning over with the mouth: yaohdapsinyan iyeya.
 - y a o' h m u s, adv. of ohmus; yaohmus se ia, to talk with the mouth full. T., yaogmus.
 - y a o' h a n k o, v. a. of ohanko; to hasten one by speaking to—mdao-hanko.
 - y a o'-li lo-ka, v. a. T. to bite a hole in. See yalidoka
 - y a o' h m i n, v. yaohmin iyeya, to say anything sideways, to speak so as to hit one obliquely; to hint, insinuate. See ohmiyan.
 - y a o' li p a, v. a. to bite into—mdaolipa.
 - y a o' ki ni han, v. a. of okinihan; to honor with the mouth, to praise—mdaokinihan.
 - y a o' k s a, v. to bite through—mdaoksa, daoksa.
 - y a o' k s a k s a, v. red. of yaoksa.
 - y a o' k t a n, v. a. to bend in with the mouth. See yaktan.

- ya-o'-ktan-yan, adv. bending with the mouth.
- y a o' n i h a n , v. a. to praise, honor—mdaonihan. See nihan, inihan, okinihan, etc.
- ya-o'-ni-han-yan, adv. praising. ya-o'-po, v. a. to compress by biting—mdaopo.
- y a o' p o n, v. T. to bite off and blow away, as flowers; to spread, as news, by telling it—blaopon.
- y a o' t a, v. a. of ota; to speak of as many, to multiply mdaota, daota, unyaotapi.
- y a o' t a ŋ i ŋ , v. a. of otaŋiŋ; to make manifest, proclaim—mdaotaŋ-iŋ, uŋyaotaŋinpi.
- ya-o'-tan-in-yan, adv. declaring. ya-o'-tins, cont. of yaotinza; yaotins iyeya
- y a o' tin za, v. a. of otinga; to press in tight with the mouth—mdao-tinga.
- y a p a', v. a. to take in the mouth, as a pipe in smoking; to hold in the mouth, as a dog does a bone; to bite—mdapa.
- y a p a' k o, v. of pako; to bend or twist with the mouth.
- y a p a n' p a n n a, v. a. of panpanna; to make soft with the mouth mdapanpanna.
- y a p & e' & e l a , v. a. T. to shorten with the mouth; to speak of as short:
 i. q. yapte&edan.
- ya-pe', v. a. of pe; to bite sharp: yape śni, to make dull, as the teeth, by biting—mdapeśni.

- y a p e' h a n, v. a. of pehan; to fold up with the teeth—mdapehan.
- ya-pe'-mni, v. a. of pemni; to twist, turn, or make crooked with the mouth—mdapemni, dapemni.
- y a p e' m n i y a n, adv. twisting with the teeth.
- y a p e' s t o, v. a. to make sharppointed with the teeth—mdapesto.
- y a p i', v. a. of pi; to declare good—ndapi, dapi. T., yawaste.
- ya'-pi, v. pl. of ya; they go.
- y a p i n' z a, v. a. of pinza; to make squeak with the mouth—mdapinza.
- y a p i n' ź a , v. a. of pinźa; to pull out long hairs from a skin with the teeth—mdapinźa.
- y a p o m', cont. of yapopa; yapom iyeya. T., yapob.
- ya-pon', cont. of yapota; yapon iyeya. T., yapol.
- y a p o' p a, v. a. of popa; to make pop, as in blowing a leaf—mdapopa.
- y a p o' t a, v. a. of pota; to tear in pieces with the mouth—mdapota, dapota, unyapotapi.
- ya-pot'-po-ta or ya-pon'-po-ta, v. red. of yapota.
- y a p o' w a y a , v. a. of powaya; to blow up or make rough, as nap or fur—mdapowaya.
- y a-p s a g', cont. of yapsaka; yapsag iyeya.
- y a p s a g' y a, v. a. to cause to bite off—yapsagwaya.
- y a p s a g' y a, adv. biting off, as cords.

- ya-psa'-ka, v. a. of psaka; to bite off, as a cord or string—mdapsaka, unyapsakapi.
- ya-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of yapsaka.
- y a p s i' 6 a, v. a. of psiéa; to cause to skip or jump by biting—mdapsiéa.
- y a p s i n', cont. of yapsića; yapsin iyeya. T, yapsil.
- y a p s o n', v. a. to turn over and spill with the mouth—mdapson.
- $y = p s \circ y' p s \circ y, v. red. of yapson.$
- $y a p s u \eta'$, v. a. Same as yapson.
- y a p ś a', v. n. T. i. q. pśamayapśa, I snecze. Adage: "Some one is speaking his name," said of him who sneezes; especially if two friends or lovers are separated, and one sneezes, it means that his name is then mentioned by the other, and in recognition of it (and remembering their past happiness when together), after sneezing he says, "Han, han," with a long-drawn sigh.—w. J c.
- y a p ś u n', v. a. to cast or shed, as teeth; to pull out by the roots with the mouth—mdapśun.
- y a p t a', v. a. to bite off around—mdapta, dapta.
- y a p t a n' y a n, v. a. of ptanyan; to turn over with the mouth—mdaptanyan.
- y a p t e' é e d a n, v. a. of pteéedan; to bite off short, to shorten with the mouth—mdapteéedan. T., yapéeéela.

- y a p t u' p t u źa, v. red. of yaptuźa.
- y a p t u ś', cont. of yaptuźa; yaptuś iyeya.
- y a p t u ś' y a, v. a. to cause to crack with the mouth—yaptuśwaya.
- y a p t u' ź a, v. a of ptuźa; to crack or split with the mouth—mdaptuźa.
- y a p o', v. of po; to make steam with the mouth, as in breathing in cold air—mdapo.
- y a s' a', v. a. of s'a; to make a ringing or roaring noise in speaking mdas'a; noge omayas'a.
- y a s a n', v. a. to whiten with the mouth—mdasan.
- ya-saŋ'-ka, v. See yasan.
- y a s b a', v. a. to pick in pieces with the teeth—mdasba.
- y a s b a' s b a, v. red. of yasba.
- ya-sbu', v. yasbu se yuta, to eat in little pieces or strings.
- ya-sda', v. a. to grease with the mouth, as a dog does anything.
- y a s d e' é a, v. a. to split with the teeth mdasdeéa.
- y a s d e n', cont. of yasdeća; yasden iyeya. T., yaslel.
- y a s d e' s d e é a, v. red. of yasdeća.
- y a s d i', v. a. to bite and press out, as grease from a bag—mdasdi.
- y a s d i' t k a, v. a. of sditka; to make knobbed or tapering with the teeth—mdasditka.
- y a s d o' h a n, v. a. of sdohan; to drag along with the mouth—mdasdohan, dasdohan.

- ya-sdo'-han-han, v. red. of ya- | ya-smin', v. a. to bite off, as meat sdohan.
- y a-s d un', cont. of yasduta: yasdun iyeya; yasdun iću, to pull out with the teeth T., yaslul.
- ya-sdu'-ta, v. a. to pull out with the mouth.
- off, as the women put "pahin" into their mouths to prepare them for working—mdaska
- ya-ska'-pa, v. a. to make a sucking noise with the mouth, to press the mouth on and suddenly withdraw it mdaskapa. T., to make a noise, as in kissing.
- ya-skem', cont. of yaskepa; yaskem iyeya. T., yaskeb.
- y a s k e' p a, v. a. of skepa; to drink *up*—mdaskepa, daskepa.
- $y \cdot a s \cdot k \cdot i' c \cdot a$, v. a. to press with the mouth, to suck or lick, as bones mdaskića.
- y a s k i n', cont. of yaskića; yaskin iyeya. T., yaskil.
- ya-ski'-ski-ta, v. a. to bite and make soft, as a hard string—mdaskiskita.
- ya-sku', v.a. to bite off or peel off with the teeth, as the skin from an apple or corn from the cob-mdasku.
- ya-sku'-sku, v. red. of yasku.
- ya-smag', cont. of yasmaka; yasmag iyeya.
- ya smag' sma ka, v. red. of yasmaka.
- ya-sma'-ka, v. a. of smaka; tomake a hollow place with the teeth, indent---mdasmaka.

- from a bone; to make bare with the mouth—mdasmin.
- ya-smin'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to make bare with the teeth—yasminwakiya.
- $y a s m i \eta' s m i \eta$, v. red. of yasmin.
- ya-ska', v.a. to make clean, to suck ya-smin'-yan, v.a. to cause to make bare with the teeth—yasminwaya.
 - ya-smin'-yan-yan, v. a. make bare with the mouth; to eat off close and smooth.
 - y a s n a', v. a. to cause to ring with the mouth; to ravel with the teeth—
 - y a s n i', v. a. of sni; to blow, cool by blowing—mdasni.
 - y a s o n', cont. of yasota; yason iyeya. T., yasol.
 - y a s o n' y a, adv. eating up.
 - y a s o' t a, v. a. of sota, to expend;to use up words, finish speaking; to use up with the mouth, eat all up mdasota, dasota, unyasotapi.
 - y a s p a' y a, v. a. of spaya; to wetwith the mouth—mdaspaya.
 - y a s t a n' k a, v. a. to moisten with the mouth—mdastanka.
 - ya-stan'-ka-śni, v. n. to lie, tell a lie-mdastankaśni $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ owewakankan.
 - y a s t o', v. a. to lick smooth, as hair mdasto.
 - ya-sto'-sto, v. red. of yasto.
 - y a s u', v. a. to make right by speaking, to judge; to decree. T., to judge; condemn; pronounce sentence on: i.q. yaćo.

- ya-suk'-su-ta, v. red. of ya-1suta.
- ya su' ta, v. a. of suta; to make firm with the mouth, to establish mdasuta, dasuta.
- ya-su'-ya, adv. rightly: yasuya oyaka, to tell rightly. T., judging; condemning.
- yas-ya'-zan, v. red. of yazan; to be lame or sick all over, as from hard labor—mayasyazan.
- ya-ś'a'-ka, v. a. to make no impression with the mouth; i. q. yalidoke śni—mdaś'aka: ia yaś'aka. See kaś'aka, yuś'aka, etc.
- ya-śam', cont. of yaśapa; yaśam iyeya. T., yasab.
- y a-śa'-pa, v. a. of śapa; to soil with the mouth—mdasapa.
- y a s d a', v. a. to bite or graze off, make bare-mdaśda
- y a s d a' s d a, v. red. of yasda.
- ya-śda'-ya, adv. grazing off.
- ya-śda'-ye-hna. See yaasdayehna.
- y a ś d o g', cont. of yaśdoka; yaśdog iyeya.
- ya-śdog'-ya, adv. pulling out with the teeth.
- y a $\pm d \circ -i$ a, v. to speak with much saliva in the mouth. T., to make a whistling or hissing sound with the teeth in talking—yaśdoiwaa.
- y a $\pm d \circ \sigma'$ k a, v. a. to pull out with the teeth, as a cork; to bite out, as an eye-mdaśdoka. See yahdoka.
- y a ś d u n', cont. of yaśduta; yaśdun | y a ś k i' p a, v. T. to bite and make iveya. T., yaślul.

- ya śdu' śdu ta, v. a. to make slippery with the mouth—mdaśdu-
- ya-śdu'-ta, v. a. to let slip from the mouth; to have the teeth slip off from any thing-mdaśduta.
- y a ś i' ć a, v. a. of śića; to make bad with the mouth; to speak evil of, curse —mdaśića, mayaśića. See yaśihtin.
- y a si' h d a, v.a. to insult by talking to-mdasihda.
- ya-śi'-htin, v. a. to make feeble by biting, etc.—mdasihtin. T., to make bad with the mouth: i. q. yasića.
- y a ś i m', cont. of yaśipa; yaśim iyeya. T., yasib.
- y a śi m' śi p a, v. red. of yaśipa.
- y a $\sin \gamma$ $\sin \gamma$, v. Said of copulating—mdasinsin. See yuśinśin.
- $y = -\sin t p = v$, v. a. to bite off close, as an animal the branches or twigs of a tree—mdasipa.
- ya-śka, v. a. to untie with the mouth—mdaśka.
- ya-śkaŋ'-śkaŋ, v. a. to make move about by talking to-mdaskanśkan.
- ya-śki'-ća, v. a. to press with the teeth or mouth—mdaśkića: ćandi yaśkića, to chew tobacco. Perhaps yaskića ma sometimes be so used.
- ya-śkin', cont. of yaśkića; ćandi yaśkin uŋ. T., yaśkil.
- full up.

- ya-śki'-śka, v. a. to make rough ya-śpa'-pi, part. bitten off: said with the mouth; to disarrange by talking to, raise objections; to make difficulty—mdaśkiśka.
- ya-śko'-kpa, v. a. to bite out and make concave—mdaśkokpa.
- ya-śkom', cont. of yaśkopa; yaskom iyeya. T., yaskob.
- ya-śko'-pa, v. a. to make crooked or twisting with the mouth—mdasko-
- ya-śko'-śko-pa, v. red. of yaśkopa.
- ya-śko'-tpa, v. a. to hollow out with the mouth—mdaskotpa T., yaśkokpa.
- y a $\sin a'$, v. a. to miss or let slip, as in taking any thing into the mouth; to blunder in speaking or readingmdaśna, unyaśnapi. See yaś'aka, yuśna, yahnayan, etc.
- ya-śna'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to miss with the mouth—yasnawakiya.
- $ya \sin a' \sin a$, v. red. of $ya\sin a$; to stammer.
- $y a \sin a' y a$, v. a. to cause to miss with the mouth, to make stammeryaśnawaya.
- ya-śna'-yaŋ, adv. mistaking, blundering with the mouth.
- y a ś n i ś', cont. of yaśniża; yaśniś iyeya.
- y a $\sin i'$ $\sin i$ $\sin i$ a, v. red. of yaśniźa.
- ya-śni'-źa, v. a. to make wither by biting-mdaśniźa.
- ya-spa', v. a. to bite off a piece mdaspa, daspa, unyaspapi.

- of the moon when it has commenced waning.
- $y a \hat{y} p a' \hat{y} p a$, v. red. of $ya\hat{y} pa$.
- $y a \hat{s} p e' k i y a$, v. a. to cause to bite off a piece—yaśpewakiya.
- ya-śpe'-ya, v. a. to cause to bite a piece off—yaśpewaya.
- $y = \hat{y} p'$, v. a. to pick off, as birds do berries.
- y a $\sin u'$, v. a. to bite off any thing stuck on-mdaśpu. See yalipu.
- y a \pm p u' \pm p u , v. red. of yaspu; to bite in pieces, as ice or gum—mdaśpuśpu.
- $y = \sin u' y = v$, v. to bite, as liee do, make itch; hence, to itch—mdaspuya.
- y a stan', v. a. to finish speaking or eating—mdastan, dastan, unyastanpi. See kastan and yustan.
- ya-śuś', cont. of yaśuźa; yaśuś iyeya.
- y a \pm u' \pm u \pm a, v. red. of vasuza.
- y a $\sin z$ $\sin z$ a, v. a. to crush, as a dog does bones, to bite or mash upmdaśuźa. See yahuġa.
- y a'-ta, prep. in comp. ut, by, to; as in ćanyata.
- y a' t a, v. 2d pers. sing. of yuta.
- y a' ta, v. to speak, ulter, as in caźeyata and wićaśta-yatapi.
- ya-ta', v. a. to chew; to try by the taste—mdata.
- ya-ta'-kin, v. a. to make leaning with the mouth, as a dog in trying to pull down a stick.
- ya-ta'-kin-yan, adv. making leaning with the mouth.

- ya-ta'-ku, v. a. of taku; to make something of in relating, make up a story about—mdataku
- y a t a' k u k a, v. a. to make something of nothing in narration, overestimate—mdatakuka.
- y a t a' k u n i ś n i , v. a. to eat up, destroy with the mouth; to speak contemptuously of—mdatakuniśni.
- y a ta' k u n i ś n i y a n, adv. destroying with the mouth.
- ya-ta'-ku-śni, v.a. to speak of as being of no value, depreciate mdatakuśni. See yataku.
- ya-ta'-ku-ya, adv. speaking of as if it were something: yatakuya omdaka.
- y a t a n', v. a. to speak well of, praise —mdatan.
- ya-t'an', v. a. to touch with the mouth, to pull, as in sucking—mda-t'an, unyat'anpi. T., to pull with the mouth, as in smoking—yat'an, yo, draw or pull the smoke.
- y a t a n' i n, v. a. of tanin; to declare anything, make manifest—mdatanin.
- ya-tan'-in-yan, adv. manifestly. ya-tan'-ka, v. a. to speak of as large—mdatanka.
- ya-taŋ'-ni, v.a. to wear out or make old with the mouth—mdataŋni.
- ya-tan'-yan, adv. praising.
- y a t e' h a n, v. a. of tehan; to speak long, to be long finishing; to speak of as long or as far in the future—mdatehan. See yutehan.
- ya-te'-han-han, v. red. of yatehan.

- y a t e' h i k a, v. a. of tehika; to make difficult with the mouth, speak of as difficult—mdatehika.
- y a t e m', cont. of yatepa; yatem iyeya. T., yateb.
- ya-te'-pa, v. a. to bite off short, wear off, as the teeth—mdatepa, unyatepapi.
- y a t i' é a, v. a. to scrape away with the mouth, as snow.
- y a t i n', cont. of yatica; yatin iyeya.

 T., yatil.
- y a ti' tan, v. a. to pull with the mouth or teeth—matitan.
- y a t i' t a n y a n, adv. pulling with the teeth.
- ya-ti'-tan-yan, v.a. to cause to pull with the teeth—yatitanwaya.
- y a t k a n', v. a. to drink—mdatkan, datkan.
- ya-tkan'-yan, adv. drinking.
- y a t k a' p a, v a. to eat, as something that is viscid or sticks in the mouth—mdatkapa. See yaskapa.
- ya-tke'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to drink—yatkewakiya, yatkemakiya.
- ya-tku'-ga, v. a. to bite or pull and break with the mouth—mdatkuga.
- ya-tkuŋs', cont. of yatkuŋza; ya-tkuŋs iyeya.
- y a t k u n' t k u n t a, v. See yakuntkunta.
- y a t k u n' z a, v. a to bite off even —mdatkunza.
- y a t k u' t k u ġ a , v. red. of yatkuġa.
- y a t o g' y e, adv. yatogye oyaka, to relate a thing differently.

- y a t o' k a n, v. a. to put in another place with the mouth, speak of as being in another place—mdatokan.
- y a t o' k e é a, v. a. of tokeća; to alter with the mouth, to speak of as different—mdatokeća.
- y a t o' n a n a, v. a. of tonana; to speak of as few—mdatonana. T., yaconala.
- y a t o' t o, v. a. to eat up, as a horse does grass: yatoto ehpeya. T., oyátoto.
- y a t p a', v. a. to bite through: noge yatpa, to make deaf by talking to mdatpa. i. q. yakpa.
- y a t p a n', v. a. to chew fine, masticate—mdatpan. i. q. yakpan.
- y a t p a n' t p a n, v. red. of yatpan. y a - t p i', v. a. to crack with the teeth, as lice or nuts—mdatpi. i. q. yakpi.
- ya-tpi'-tpi, v. red. of yatpi.
- y a t p u' t p a, v. a. to bite in pieces, to crumble up with the teeth—mdatputpa. See yakpukpa.
- y a t u' k a, v. a. to nibble off, spoil, as mice do furs.
- y a t u' t k a, v. a. to bite into little pieces—mdatutka.
- y a t a', v. a. to bite to death—mdata.
- y a t a' g a, v. a. to make rough by biting—mdataga.
- y a tins', cont. of yatinza; yatins iyeya.
- ya-tin'-sa, adv. firmly; yatinsa oyaka, to relate firmly or with authority. See yatinza.
- ya-tin'-sa-za, red. of yatinsa.

- ya-tins'-ya, adv. firmly.
- y a tin' za, v. a. to make firm with the mouth, to affirm—mdatinza: cante yatinza, to strengthen one's heart, encourage one.
- y a w a', v. a. to count, say over; to read—mdawa, dawa, unyawapi.
- y a w a' & in h in y an za, v. a. to make cross or surly by talking to.
- y a wa'-6 in ko, v. a. T. to make angry by talking.
- y a w a' e in ton, v. a. to make intelligent, to instruct—mdawaein-ton
- y a w a' h b a d a n, v. a. to make gentle by talking to, to soothe—mdawahbadan.
- y a w a' h b a k a , v. o. to make · gentle, pacify by talking kindly mdawahbaka.
- y a w a' h t e ś n i, v. a. of walite; to speak contemptuously of—mdawaliteśni.
- y a w a' k a n, v. a to consider supernatural or wakan—mdawakan.
- y a w a' n i s t i n n a, v. a. to count as little or few—mdawanistin-na. T., yaćisćila.
- ya-wang', cont. of yawanka; yawang iyeya.
- y a w a n' k a, v. a. to throw down with the mouth, as beavers do trees, or as a dog does a deer; to defeat in debate—mdawanka.
- ya-wan'-kan, v. yawankan iyeya and yawankan iću, to raise or elevate the voice.
- ya-was', cont. of yawaza.

- y a w a' s' a g , cont. of yawas'aka. y a - w a' - s' a g - y a , adv. in a strengthening manner.
- y a w a' ś' a k a , v. a. to strengthen by talking to, to speak of as strong mdawaś'aka.
- y a w a' \pm a k a, v. Same as yawasakadan.
- y a w a' ś a k a d a ŋ , v. a. to count cheap or easy, to underrate—mdawaśakadaŋ.
- y a w a' ś' a k e ś n i , v. a. to make weak by talking to—mdawaś'akeśni.
- y a w a' ś t e , v. a. to call good, to bless—mdawaśte, dawaśte, unyawaśtepi.
- y a w a' z a, v. a. T. to bite in play, as horses and dogs do. See yabaza.
- y a w a' z e é a, n. T. one who annoys others by begging.
- y a w a' z e é a , v. a. T. to annoy one by frequent begging—blawazeéa.
- y a w e' ġ a, v. a. to break, as a stick, with the mouth, but not entirely off—mdaweġa.
- ya-weh', cont. of yawega; yaweh iyeya.
- $y \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{h}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{e} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}, v. red.$ of yawega.
- y a w e h' y a, v. a. to cause to break with the mouth—yawehwaya.
- y a w i' é a, v. a. of wića; to call a man, to call brave—mdawića.
- y a w i' é a k a, v. of wiéaka; to speak of as true; to affirm to be true—mdawiéaka.

- y a w i'-ća k e y a h ća, adv. T., yawićakeyahća oyaka, to try to make a thing appear true by telling it as true. See yaećayah.
- y a w i' ϵ a k e y a s e, adv. T.

 i. q. yae ϵ ah.
- y a w i' c a s t a, v. a. of wicasta; to call a man—mdawicasta. See wicasa.
- y a w i' ć a ś t a ś n i , v. a. to call bad; to make bad by talking to, corrupt—mdawićaśtaśni.
- y a w i' h n u n i, v. a. to destroy with the mouth. See huuni.
- y a w i' n o h i n e a, v. of winohinea; to call a woman, to speak to as to a woman. T., yawinyan.
- y a w i n' ġ a , v. a. to bite or pull round with the teeth, as in making moccasins—mdawinġa.
- ya-winh', cont. of yawinga; yawinh iyeya.
- y a w i n h' w i n g a, v. red. of yawinga.
- y a w i n ś', cont. of yawinźa; yawinś iyeya.
- y a win s'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to bend down with the mouth—yawin śwakiya.
- y a w i ŋ ś' w i ŋ ź a , v. red. of yawiŋźa.
- y a-w i n'- ź a, v. a. of winża; to bend down with the mouth—mdawinża
- y a w i' t a y a, v. a. of witaya; to collect together with the mouth—mda-witaya.
- y a z a', v. a. to string, as beads—mdaza, daza. T., oyaza.

- to continue to string, as beadsmdazahan.
- ya-za'-mni, v. a. to open or uncover with the mouth; to lay bare or expose by argument—mdazamni.
- $ya-za\eta'$, v.n. to be sick, to be in pain; to be tired—mayazan, niyazan, unyazanpi: pa yazan, to have the headache.
- y a z a y' h d a, v. n. to become sick suddenly, to be taken sick; to be in pain—yazanwahda.
- ya zay' ki ya, v.a. to make one sick—yazanwakiya.
- ya-zay'-ya, v. a. to make onesick—yazanwaya
- ya-za'-za, v. red. of yaza. oyazaza.
- y a z e', v. a. to take out food from a kettle, as a dog does, with the mouth.
- y = z e' z e, v. a. to make swing with the mouth.
- y a z i' é a, v. a. to stretch anything with the teeth—mdazića.
- y a z i n', cont. of yazića; yazin iyeya. T., yazil.
- ya-zo'-ka, v. a. to suck—mdazoka, unyazokapi.
- $y = z \circ y' t = v$, v. a. T. to praise one who ought to be reproved.
- ya-zun'-ća, v. a. to weave together, connect, as language. See yazunta.
- ya-zuŋ'-ća-ya, adv. connectedly, as in speaking.
- $ya-zu\eta'-ta$, v. a. to connect, as words in speaking—mdazunta.

- ya-za'-han, v. (yaza and han?) | ya-źa'-han, adv. yaźahan ia, to speak roughly or hoarsely. źahan.
 - y a z a' z a, v. a. to lick or wash with the mouth, as a cat. See boźaźa, yużaźa, etc.
 - y a ź i m', cont. of yaźipa; yaźim iyeya. T., yaźib.
 - y a ź i m' ź i p a, v. red. of yaźipa. $y = - z i \eta' - c a$, v. a. to snuff any-· thing up the nose: canli yazinca, to take snuff.
 - ya-źi'-pa, v. a. to bite or pinch with the teeth, bite, as bugs or mosquitoes; to sting, as one's foot asleep—mdažipa, mayažipa. paźipa, etc.
 - y a ź o', v. a. to blow on an instrument, play on a fife or flute—mdaźo, daźo, unyażopi.
 - ya-źo'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to blow on an instrument—yazowakiya.
 - $y a \acute{z} o' y a$, v. a. to make one blow a fife or flute—yaźowaya.
 - ya-źun', v. a. to pull up by the roots with the mouth, as birds do corn—mdaźun.
 - ya-źu'-źu, v. a to tear down or tear to pieces with the mouth; to refute or demolish, as an argument mdaźuźu. See yużuźu, etc.
 - ye, intj. oh! expressing fear.
 - ye, intj. shame on you.
 - ye, a precatory form of the imperat. sing.; used by women and not unfrequently by men also; as, econ ye.

- ye, a particle, which often follows at the close of a sentence to give emphasis to what is said. It is used by the women as "do" is by the men; as, wanna mdustan ye, I have already finished. Sometimes this is used by the men, and is not unfrequently followed by "do;" as, ecamon yedo, maku yedo.
- ye, pron. 2d pers. compounded of "ya" and "ki;" as in yeksuya; of kiksuya.
- y e'- g' a, v. n. to shine, glitter. T., ilega.
- yeli, cont. of yega. T., ileli.
- y e h y a', v. a. to cause to shine, to make shine—yehwaya. T., ilehya.
- y e li y e' g a, v. red. of yega; to glisten, twinkle, sparkle. T., ilelilega.
- ye-ki'-ya, v. a. of ya; to cause to go, to send, drive; to extend to, as the hand; nape yewakiya.
- y e k i' y a, v. a. to bet, to stake anything. This is connected with the one preceding, as the Dakotas tie on to a stick the articles staked in a dance, for example: yewakiya.
- y e'-la-kaś, adv. T. i. q. nakaeś; indeed, truly, etc.; since; as, because.
- y e-lo', T. i.q. yedo; but after the plur. termination "pi" the "ye" is often dropped, and the "pi" becomes "pe," e.g., hecel ecoppe lo.
- ye-sa' or ye-san, conj. T. i. q. esa; although
- y e \pm a' h a \pm , conj. T. i. q. estanhan.
- y e s a s', intj. T. i. q. estas.

- y e ś i', v. a. to command to go, to send—yewaśi.
- y e y a', v. a, to cause to go, to send; to extend to.
- y e y e', v. to be, exist.
- yo, Ih. and T. the sign of the imperative singular, used by men: i. q. wo—ceti yo, make a fire.
- y o t a n' k a, v. n. to sit; suktanka akan yotanka and sunk akan yotanka, to ride on horseback—mdotanka. See iyotanka.
- yu, a causative prefix. It expresses the idea of causation in some way not conveyed by "ba," "bo," "ka," "na," "pa," and "ya;" as, yuna-zin, to cause to stand or to lift up; yukakiza, to cause to suffer. Sometimes it conveys the idea of pulling. As a prefix to adjectives, and sometimes neuns, it forms verbs of them, and means to make or cause to be; as, yuwaste, to make good.
- y u or y u n, intj. Said when one is hurt, ugh! See yuhuhu.
- y u a' d o s d o z a s e i y e y a, v. a. to injure one's feelings in any way. See adosdoza and yacantiyap'a iyeya.
- yu-a'-ka-hpa, v. of akahpa; yu-akahpa iću, to draw anything over one, as a blanket turned down.
- yu-a'-kan, v. of akan; yuakan hiyuya, to cause to come up to the top.
- yu-a'-ka-za-mni, v. a. of aka-zamni; to open out, uncover: yuaka-zamni iyeya.

- yu-a'-ki-han, v. a of akihan; to | yu-bas', cont. of yubaza; yubas cause to starve—mduakihan.
- yu-a'-ki-pam, adv. of akipam; separately: yuakipam ehnaka, to separate, divide. T., yuakipab.
- yu-a'-ki-pa-pam, adv. red. of yuakipam.
- yu-a'-ki-paś, cont. of yuakipaźa; crossing each other; in bows: yuakipaś iću, to tie in a bow-knot. T., yuwose iću, to tie a bow-knot.
- y u a' k i p a ź a, v. a. of akipaźa; to place across—mduakipaźa. See yuakipaś.
- yu-a'-mda-ya, v. a. to make level on-induamdaya.
- yu-a'-o-pte-ca, v. a. to make less-mduaopteća.
- y u a' o p t e n, cont. of yuaopteća; yuaopten iyeya T., yuaoptel
- yu-a'-o-pte-tu, v. a. to make less, lessen—induaoptetu.
- y u a' o p t e t u y a , adv. lessen-
- y u a' s n i, v. T. i. q. asnikiya.
- y u a' ś a p a , v. a. of aśapa; to de*file*—mduaśapa.
- yu-a'-śda-ya, v. a. to uncover, expose.
- yu-a'-śka-dan, v. a. to make near, to bring near—mduaskadan. See yukiyela and yuhanska.
- yu-a' śka-ke, v. See yuaśkadan. yu-a'-zi, v. a. of azi; to run aground, as a boat, pull askore—mduazi.
- $yu ba' \dot{g}a$, v.a. to twist, roll, turn, as the hands in running—mdubaga. See yubaza.

- iyeva.
- yu bas' ba za, v. red. of yu-
- yu-bas'-ya, adv. in a twisting manner; vexing.
- yu-ba'-za, v. a. to twist or turn, as the hands in running; to vex, tease, annoy, and continue to do so mdubaza. See yubaga, yabaga, etc. T., to twist or rub around, as the hair on a horse, or the arm against anything when the former itches.
- y u b e', v. a. Same as yuman.
- yu-bi'-li-he-ća, v. a. make active, to stimulate.
- yu-bo'-sdan, v. of bosdan; yubosdan ehde, to set up on end. T., yuwoslal.
- yu bo' sda ta, v. a. to set upright—mdubosdata.
- yu-bu', v. a. to make a drumming *noise*—mdubu.
- y u b u' b u, v. red. of yubu.
- yu-bu'-ya, adv. in a drumming manner.
- y u ć a b', cont. T. of yućapa.
- yu-ćab'-ćab-ki-ya, v. red. T. to cause to trot.
- y u é a b' é a p a , v. red. T. of yu-
- vu-ćab'-lu-za-han, v. T. to trot rapidly.
- yu-ćab'-lu-za-han, adj fast trotting, as a fast trotting horse.
- yu-ćan', v. a. to shift, shake in a sieve—mdućan, dućan, unćanpi.

- y u ć a ŋ' ć a ŋ , v. a. to make shake —mdućaŋćaŋ.
- yu éan' nan, v. yuéannan iyeya, to push out into the stream.
- y u é a n' z e k a , v. a. T. to make angry.
- yu-ća'-pa, v. T. to trot as a horse.
- y u é a p' é a p a , v. red. T. i. q. yućabćapa.
- y u ć e'-k a, v. a. to make stagger—mdućeka.
- y u ć e' k ć e k a , v. a. to make stagger—mdućekćeka.
- y u ć e' y a, v. a. to make cry—mdućeya, mayućeya.
- y u ć i' k a d a n, v. a. to make small, compress—mdućikadan.
- yu-ći'-ka-ye-dan, adv. in a small space, pressed together, compactly.
- yu-ći'-stin-na, v. a. to make small—mdućistinna. T., yućisćila.
- y u ć o', v. a. to make good (T., yuwaśte); to perfect, finish—indućo, dućo, uńyućopi. See yusu.
- y u ć o' ć o , v. a. to make soft, as mortar—mdućoćo.
- y u ć o' k a, v. a. to empty, make empty—mdućoka.
- yu-ćo'-ka-ka, v. red. of yućoka.
- y u ć o' n a l a , v. a. T. to make few; to lessen in number or quantity: i. q. yutonana.
- y u \acute{c} o s' \acute{c} o z a , v. red. of yu \acute{c} oza.
- y u ć o' y a, adv. finished; well. T., ayućoyakel.
- y u ć o' z a, v. a of ćoza; to make comfortably warm, as a house or clothes—mdućoza.

- y u d e m' d e p a , v. a. to make notches in—indudendepa T., yuleblepa.
- y u d u' · z a h a n, v. a. of duzahan; to make swift—mduduzahan.
- y u e' é e d a 11, v. a. of eéedan; to purify—mdueéedan, unyueée-pidan.
- y u e' é e l y a, adv. T. rightly, correctly—yueéelya iéu, place it rightly. But less is yuoptetuya.
- yu-e'-éen-ya, adv. less: yuećenya ećamon.
- y u e' é e t u , v. a. of eéetu; to fülfill, accomplish; to restore—mdueéetu, dueéetu, unyueéetupi.
- y u e' é e t u y a, v. a. to cause to fulfill—yueéetuwaya.
- y u e' ć e t u y a, adv. fulfilling; making right.
- y u e' é i , v. a. to turn wrong side out, as a garment or bag—mdueéi, dueéi. T., yueéiya.
- yu-gla'-kśiŋ-kśiŋ, adv. T. zig-zag, or in all kinds of ways, as children mark on the snow. See kayowedaŋ.
- y u g a', v. a. to husk, as corn—mduga, duga, ungapi.
- y u g a' g a, adv. spread out, open.
- y u g a d' y a, v. to speak out to, to worship.
- yu-ġad'-ya-pi, n. worshiping, worship.
- y u g a' g a, v. n. to spread out, open out, display.
- yu-ġam', cont. of yuġapa; yuġam iyeya. T., yuġab.

- yu-gan', cont. of yugata. T., yugal.
- y u ġ a n' ġ a t a, v. red. of yuġata. y u - ġ a n', v. a. to open, as a door; to tear open, as a corn husk, to husk corn—mduġan, unyuġanpi.
- y u ġ a ŋ' ġ a ŋ n a , v. a. to make open or flimsy—mduġaŋġaŋna.
- yu-ġaŋ'-pi, n a husking. See wogaŋpi.
- yu-gan'-yan, v. a. to cause to open, to cause to husk—yuganwaya.
- y u ġ a' p a, v. a to strip or pull off, as the skin from an animal, to flay—mduġapa.
- y u-g a'-ta, v.a. to open out, as the hand; to open, as a door—mdugata, dugata. T., to spread out the hands, to stretch out or raise the arm. See yuwinta.
- yu-ġat'-ġa-ta, v. red. See yuġanġata. T., yuġalġata.
- yu-ġe', v. a. to take out with the hand—mduġe. T., kaġe.
- yu-ge', n. T. a part or portion; some. See uge and onge.
- yu ġe' ġe, v. a. to gather up in the hand, to take up by handfuls: yuġeġe iwaću.
- yu-ġi'-mna-na, v. to pinch up with the fingers: yuġimnana mduza. T., yuźibyela.
- y u g o', v. a. to make marks such as are made on arrows—mdugo. T., also to scratch, to make scratches on.
- y u ġ o', v. n. T. to be tired, fatigued—bluġo: i. q. watuka and mdokiţa.

- yu-ġo'-ġo, v. red. of yuġo.
- y u ġ u' k a, v. a. to stretch, strain; to pull out, as an arrow from the quiver—mduġuka.
- y u h a', v. a. to have, own, possess—mduha, duha, unhapi and unyuhapi: to lift, be able to carry. With this latter meaning the "a" is not changed to "e" on assuming the "kta" or "śni;" as, mduha śni.
- y u h a' h a d a n, v. a. to make not firm, to unsettle—mduhahadan.
- y u h a' h a y e d a ŋ , v. a. to move, shake, make unstable—mduhahayedaŋ.
- yu-ha'-i-ye-ya, v. a. to push down.
- yu-han'-ska, v.a. T. to make longer, to prolong. See yutehan.
- yu-ha'-pi, part. owned, held; a servant: yuhapi cin, he wants to be held.
- y u h a' y a, adv. T. in the manner of having; having—yuhaya u).
- y u h b a', v. a. to shell, as corn; to open, as pods—mduhba. T., yugba.
- y u h b e' z a, v. a. to make rough—nduhbeza. T., yugbeza.
- yu-hbu', v. a. to make a noise, as in taking hold of a bag of shelled corn; to make rattle, as corn—mdu-hbu. T., pasbu.
- yu-hbu'-hbu, v. red. of yuhbu.
- y u h b u' y a, adv. making a rattling noise, as in pushing anything into shelled corn: yuhbuya iyeya.
- yu-hda', v. a. to untwist, unroll, uncoil, stretch out—mduhda. T., yugla.

- yu-hda'-hda, v. red. of yuhda; to stretch out: yuhdahda aya, to go one after another, to follow in Indian file.
- y u h d a' k a , v. a. to make far apart—mduhdaka. T., paóglaya egnaka.
- y u h d a' k a y a , adv. separately, singly: yuhdakaya enazin. T., paóglaya.
- yu-hda'-kiŋ-yaŋ, adv. across: yuhdakinyaŋ iéu, to take across, put across.
- yu-hda'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to uncoil or stretch out—yuhdawakiya.
- y u h d a' y a, v. a. to cause to uncoil—yuhdawaya.
- y u h d o' h d o, v. a. to make grunt, as a buffalo calf, by catching it—mduhdohdo.
- y u h d o' k a, v. a. to sprain badly, dislocate—mduhdoka.
- yu-he', v. Same as yuha: yuho cin, one who owns, a master.
- yu-he'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to have; to give to—yuhewakiya.
- yu-hi', v. a. to drive off, as game—mduhi. T., to arouse, startle, stir up, as game; to throw into confusion, as the wind does feathers.
- yu-hin', cont. of yuhinta; yuhin iyeya. T., yuhinl.
- yu-hin'-ta, v. a. to sweep off, brush off, rake away—mduhinta, unyuhintapi. See yuhotapise.
- y u-h i'-y a-h a n, v. to prolong one's days. T., tehan niya.

- y u h i' y a h a n n a k e é i n h a n , adv. waiting a little, not in haste. T., éiséiyela ape.
- y u h m i', v. a. to clear off, as grass, etc., from a field—mduhmi, duhmi. T., yugmi.
- y u h m i' 6 a, v. a. to catch by the hair of the head, pull one's hair—mduhmića, mayuhmića.
- y u h m i' h m a, v. a. to roll, as a wheel, etc., with the hand—mdu-hmihma. T., yugmigma. See yuhomni.
- yu-hmin', cont. of yuhmića: yuhmin yuza, to take hold of the hair of the head.
- yu-hmi'-yan-yan, v.a. to make round, as a ball, with the hand—mduhmiyanyan. See yumima.
- yu-hmun', v. a. to twist, as a string—indulmun, duhmun, un-yuhmunpi. T., yugmun.
- yu-hna', v. a. to shake, as fruit from a tree—mdulma. T., yugna.
- yu-hna'-hna, v. red. of yuhna; to take a loose hold of: yuhnahua wakuwa. T., yugnagna.
- yu-hna'-śkiŋ-yaŋ, v.a. to make one crazy; to possess, as a demon or spirit—mayuhnaśkiŋyaŋ.
- yu-hna'-yan, v.a. to miss, as in attempting to grasp anything—ndulmayan. T., yugnayan.
- y u h n u' n i, v. a. to cause to wander—mduhnuni: waćinyuhnuni, to distract, bewilder. T., yugnuni.
- y u h o' h o, v. a. to move, shake, as something not firm—mduhoho.

- yu-ho'-ho-dan, v. a. to shake, as something not solid—mduhohodan. yu-ho'-ho-pi-ća-śni, *adj. im*movable.
- yu-ho'-ho-ya, v. a. to cause to shake. yu-ho'-ho-ya, adv. shaking.
- yu-ho'-mni, v.a. to turn around anything, to turn, as a grindstone—mduhomni, duhomni, unhomnipi, and unyuhomnipi: ihduhomni, to turn one's self around. See yuhmihma.
- yu-ho'-mni-mni, v. red. of yuhomni.
- yu-hon'-hon-za, v. a. Ih. to shake; i. q. yuhuhuza.
- yu-ho'-ta-pi-se, adv. clearing away obstacles: yuhotapise iyaya, he has gone to clear the way. yuhintapi se.
- yu-hu'-hu, *intj*. Said when one is hurt, i. q. yun. *T.*, yu.
- yu-hu'-hus, cont. of yuhuhuza; yuhuhus waun. T., yuhunhuns.
- yu-hu'-hus-ya, v.a. to cause to shake—yuhuhuswaya.
- yu-hu'-hus-ya, adv. shaking, moving.
- yu-hu'-hu-za, v.a. to shake with the hand—mduhuhuza. Ih., yuhonhonza. T, yuhunhunza.
- yu-hu'-ku-ya, v. a. of hukuya; to humble, bring down; mduhukuya: yuhukun iyeya, to cast down.
- yu-hun'-ka, v. to shake, to rock from side to side (T., yungyunka) -mduhunka: yuhunke se mani, to walk as a sailor (T., yungyunka yu-hda'-ta, v. a. to scratch, as a semani).

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- yu-hu'-te-dan, v. a. to make short, wear off—mduhutedan. yutepa.
- yu-ha', v. n. to curl, branch out.
- yu ha', adj. curled, frizzled: pa yuha, a curly head
- yu-ha'-ha, v. red. of yuha; to become curled or branched.
- yu-ha'-ha, adj. curly, having many branches or prongs.
- yu-ha'-kpa, v.a. to make curved, as the edge of a knife that has been long in use—mduhakpa.
- yu-han'-hi, v. a. to make slowmdulianhi.
- yu-haŋ'-hi-ka, *adj*. T. slow.
- yu-ha'-tka, v. a. to ruffle, as hair or feathers—mduliatka.
- yu-ha'-tpa, v. a. Same as yuhakpa.
- yu-hba', v. a. to make drowsy; mduhba.
- y u h d a', v. a. to ring, as a bell, to rattle—mduhda, duhda, uphdapi. T., yulila. See also wolila.
- yu-hda'-gan, v.a. to enlarge; to separate from, leave—mduhdagan: ti hduhdagan śni, to stay always at home.
- y u h d a' h d a, v. red. of yuhda.
- yu-hda'-hda-ta, v. red. of yulidata.
- yu-hda'-hda-ya, v. red. of yulidaya.
- yu-hdan', cont. of yuhdata; yuhdata; yuhdan iyoya. T., yuhlal.
- cat; to scratch off-mduhdata.

- y u h d a' y a , v. to pect off, to skin; to take off, as a sticking plaster mduhdaya, duhdaya.
- y u h d e' é a , v. a. to tear in pieces, tear up, rend—mduhdeéa, unyuhdeéapi. T., yuhleéa.
- y u h d e' h d e \mathcal{E} a, v. red. of yuhde \mathcal{E} a.
- yu-hden', cont. of yuhdeća; yu-hden iyeya. T., yuhlel.
- yu-hden'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to rend—yuhdenwakiya.
- yu-hden'-ya, v. a. to cause to tear up—yuhdenwaya.
- y u-hdo', v. i. q. yuhdoka.—w. J. c.
- yu-hdog', cont! of yuhdoka; yuhdog iyeya: yuhdog han, to stand open.
- yu-hdog'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to open—yuhdogwakiya.
- yu-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of yu-hdoka; to make holes in.
- y u h d o' k a, v. a. to make a hole; to bore a hole; to open, as a door, as, tiyopa yuhdoka; to open, as a box, barrel, etc.—mduhdoka, duhdoka, unhdokapi and unyuhdokapi. T., yuhloka.
- yu-hem', cont. of yuhepa; yuhem iyeya. T., yuheb.
- y u h e m' h e p a , v. red. of yuhepa.
- y u-h e'-pa, v. a. to absorb, empty, cxhaust, as a fluid, by lading out—mduhepa, unyuhepapi.
- yu-he'-yam, cont. of yuheyapa; yuheyam iyeya, to put aside. T., yuheyab.

- y u h e' y a n, cont. of yuheyata; yuheyan iyeya. T., yuheyal.
- y u h e' y a p a, v. a. to put a little back, put aside—mduheyapa.
- yu-he'-ya-ta, va. to put back, reject.
- y u h i', v. n. to pimple; to be pimpled—mayuhi: hence, oyuhi, pimples. T., yuh'i.
- y u h i' ć a , v. a. to waken one up
 —mduhića, duhića, unyuhićapi,
 mayuhića.
- yu-hi'-hi, v. red. of yuhi; to be pimpled, marked, rough. T., yu-h'ih'i.
- yu-hin', cont. of yuhića; yuhin iyeya. T., yuhil.
- yu-hi'-se, adj. like pimples; striped, figured, as dimity or diaper. T., yuh'ise.
- y u h i' y a y a, v. a. to do badly, bungle—mduhiyaya.
- y u h l a', v. a. T. i. q. yuhda
- y u h l e' \acute{e} a , v. T. i q. y uh de \acute{e} a.
- yu-hlo'-ka, v. T. i. q. yuhdoka.
- y u h m i n', v. a. to sling, as a stone, sidewise; to make go crooked. T., to make crooked, as writing.
- yu-hmin'-yan, adv. off sidewise, crookedly; yuhminyan ehnaka, to place out of line, or crookedly.
- y u h m u n', v. a to make whizz, as in throwing a stone from a sling—mduhmun.
- yu-hmun'-hmun, v. red. of yu-hmun.
- yu-limun'-yan, adv. making whizz.

- yu hon' ta, v. a. to make soft, as | yu huh' na ga, v. a. to cause to thread, to rub soft, as skin-mdulionta. See yuhunta.
- yu-hpa', v. a. to throw down, as one's load; to unharness or unload a horse; to shake off, as leaves from a tree; to buy a wife—mdulipa, dulipa, unyuhpapi. T., also to put down or shut down, as a window-sash.
- yu-hpa'-hpa, v. red. of yuhpa; to -throw over or down in lumps, as in ploughing hard ground.
- yu-hpan', v. a. to soak and make soft, as leather—mdulipan.
- yu-hpan'-hpan, v. red. of yulipan; to soak and make a little soft, as leather — mdulipanhpan. See yuhtuta.
- yu-hpe'-ya, v.a. to cause to throw down—yuhpewaya.
- yu-hpu', v. a. to pick off a piece, break off, crumble off—mdulipu.
- yu-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of yuhpu.
- yu-htan', v. a. to make rough. See yulitanyan.
- yu-htan'-yan, v. a. to make rough, to whet to a rough edge—indulitaryary.
- yu-htu'-ta, v. a. to mash or break a skin for dressing, to make pliant $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ yupanpan. —mdulituta.
- y u h u', v. a. to take off the hull or rind, to peel, as bark with the hand —mduhu.
- yu-hu'-ġa, v. a. to break a hole in, to stave in; to break to piecesmduhuġa. See yuśuźu.
- yu-huh', cont of yuhuga; yuhuh iyeya.

- burn up—mduhuhnaġa.
- yu-hu'-hu-ġa, v. red. of yuhuġa.
- yu-hun'-hun-ta, v. red. of yuhunta.
- y u h u y' t a, v. a. to make soft, as flax, in dressing it, or as a skin, by rubbing—mduhuŋta.
- yu-hun'-win, v. a. to make putrefy, as flesh—mduliunwin. T., see liunwinya.
- y'u li w i n', v. See yuliunwin.
- yu-i'-ći-ća-hi, v. a. to mix together, to mingle.
- yu-i'-ći-ća-hi-ya, adv. mingling: yuićićahiya iyeya.
- $yu-i'-\acute{c}i-\acute{c}a-win$, v. a. to make turn back on the same way (T., the same); to cause to pass by, as the two ends of anything-mduicicawin. See next word.
- y u i' \(\xi\) i \(\xi\) u y a, \(v\). \(a\). \(T\). \(to\) cause to pass by over or alongside of each other, as the two ends of anything; to make overlap each other.
- yu-i'-de, v. a. to cause to blaze, to kindle a fire—mduide.
- yu-i'-de-pi, n. Ih. something to make a blaze—friction matches.
- yu-i'-ha, v. a. to make laugh mduiha.
- yu-i'-le-pi, n. T. i. q. yuidepi: ćan kaidepi.
- y u i' n a h n i, v. a. to hasten one ınduinalini.
- yu-i'-na-hni-ki-ya, v. a. cause one to hasten.

- yu-i'-na-hni-yan, adv. hasten-yu-i'-yo-tang, cont. of yuiyoing.
- y u i' n i n a, v. a. of inina; to make still, put to silence—induinina. T., y u - i' - y o - tan - han, v. yuinila.
- y'u i' n i n y a, adv. putting to silence. T., yuinilya.
- $yu i' pa tku \dot{g}a$, v. a. of ipatkuga; to place in a row-mduipatkuġa. T., yuowećinhan.
- yu-i'-pa-tkuh-ya, adv. placing
- yu-i'-śte-ća, v. a. to make one ashamcd—mduisteća.
- yu-i'-śto-hmus, cont. of yuistohmuza.
- y u i' ś t o h m u z a , v. a. of istoto deceive—induistohmuza.
- yu-i'-to-kan, v.a. T. to put out of the way; to remove from; to reject. See yuheyata, etc.
- to turn any thing over on its back, as a dog, etc.
- yu-i'-ya-ki-pam, adv. ing, separating. T., yuiyakipab.
- yu-i'-ya-ki-pa-pam, adv. red. of yuiyakipam.
- yu-i'-yog, cont. of yuiyoka; yuiyog iyeya, to put out of the way, reject. T., yuitokan; yutokan.
- yu-i'-yo-ka, v. a. to shun. See yuiyog.
- yu-i'-yo-tan, v. of iyotan; yuiyotan iyeya, to cause one to do more by telling him to stop, to make more determined.

- tanka: yuiyotang ehpeya, to push one down, make sit down.
- yuiyotanhan iyekiya, to afflict, to trouble.
- yu-i'-yo-was, cont. of yuiyowaza.
- yu-i'-yo-waś, cont. of yuiyowaźa; yuiyowaś iyeye śni. See yuiyowaźaśni.
- yu-i'-yo-wa-za, v. a. to make resound, to make echo-induiyowaza.
- y u.- i'- y o w a \hat{z} a \hat{s} n i, v. to place afar off.
- $yu-i'-\acute{z}e-na$, v. T. to stir or mixtogether.
- yu-ka', v. a. to strip of, as the feather part of a quill-mduka.
- hmuza; to make one shut his eyes; y u k a' k i źa, v a. to cause to suffer—mdukakiźa.
 - yu-kam', cont. of yukapa; yukam iyeya. T., yukab—yukab emayaya, you jerk me.
- yu-i'-tpi-ska-e-lipe-ya, v. | yu-kan', v. n. to be; there is. This verb wants the forms of the first and second persons singular; plur., unkanpi, dukanpi, yukanpi. Yukan is often used with a plural signification, as, tahinéa yukan, there are deer; hu mayukan, legs are to me, i. e., I have legs. See yuke and yuki.
 - yu-kan', v. to give room. See tiyukan, kiyukan, and yukin.
 - y u k a n', v. a. of kan; to make oldmdukan.
 - yu-kan', v. a. to shake off, as dew -mdukan.
 - $yu ka\eta' ka\eta$, v. red. of yukan.

- yu-ka'-pa, v. a. to catch, as a ball, in the hand—mdukapa. T, to jerk away from. See yakapa, yukab, etc.
- y u k a' t a, v. a. of kata; to make warm by rubbing; to heat by making a fire—mdukata.
- y u k a' t i n, v. a. to straighten out with the hand—mdukatin.
- yu-ka'-wa, v. a. to open, as the mouth, eyes, etc.—mdukawa, du-kawa, unyukawapi.
- yu-ka'-wa-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to open—yukawawakiya
- y u k & a', v. a. to loose a knot, untie, unwrap, open what is tangled—mdukéa.
- yu-kéan', v. a. to comprehend anything, to understand, know, guess; to have an opinion, to judge—mdukéan, dukéan, unkéanpi. See iyukéan.
- yu-k 6 a 11' y a 11 , v. comprehending, guessing.
- yu-kće'-ka, *v. i. q.* yućeka. w. J. C.
- yu ke', v. n. to be. See yukan.
- yu-kes', *cont.* of yukeza; yukes iyeya.
- yu-ke'-ya, adv. T. being; having, possessing—walitani yukeya un, a sinner, i. e., one who is leading a sinful life.
- y u k e' z a , v. a. to make smooth—mdukeza.
- yu-ki', cont. T. of yukan; tato yuki nahan canli yukan, there is beef and there is tobacco.

- yu-ki'-ki-ta, v. a. to make limber—mdukikita. T., yuwinświnźa.
- yu-kin', cont. of yukinéa; yukin iwaću. T., tahu akahpe ogle.
- yu-kin'-in-pi, n. a cloak. T., yukinl.
- yu-ki'-nu-kan, v. a. to divide between, to separate—mdukinukan, dukinukan.
- yu-ki'-nu-kan, adv. divided: yukinukan ehnaka, to place out separately.
- yu-ki'-nu-kan-ki-ya, adv. divided, separately.
- yu-ki'-nu-kan-yan, adv. separately.
- yu-kin', v. a. to give room to pass, to lean to one side—mdukin, mayukin.
- y u-k i n'-ć a, v. a. to scrape off with the hand—mdukinća.
- yu-kin'-kin, adv. to and fro or from side to side, as a sailor in walking. T., from side to side, as in working a stick in a hole; but "as a sailor walking" is yungyunka se.
- yu-kiŋs', cont. of yukiŋza; yukiŋs iyeya.
- yu-kiŋs'-kiŋ-za, v. red. of yu-kiŋza.
- y u k i n' z a , v. a. to make creak—mdukinza
- y u k i' p a s, cont of yukipaza; yukipas yuza, to seize by the hair of the head—yukipas mduza. T., yupans.
- y u k i' p a ś, cont. of yukipaźa; yukipas iyeya: yukipaś yuza, to double around and hold.

- yu-ki'-pa-za, v. See yukipas, yu-kon'-ta, v. See yukunta the form in use.
- y u k i' p a ź a , v. a. to bend any 1 thing around, to double over, to bend paźa. See ynakipaźa.
- yu ki' pe han, v.a. to fold, to lay ehnaka.
- yu-ki'-pu-ski-ća, v. a. to put close together, to press—mdukipuskića.
- yu-ki'-pu-skin, cont. of yukipuskića; yukipuskin yuza, to hold one thing close to another. T., yukipuskil.
- yu-ki'-pu-skin-ya, adv. pressed | yu-kpi', v. a to crack or burst, as close to.
- yu-ki'-yela, v.a. T. to make near See yuaskadan.
- yu-ki'-yu-te-ya, adv. Said of any thing crisped or drawn up. T., natipa.
- y u k m i' ć a, v. *Ih. i. q.* yuhmića. y u - k o', v. a. to make a hole—mduko: yuko ehpeya, to throw open. T., to enlarge an opening.
- yu-kog', cont. of yukoka; yukog iyeya.
- yu-ko'-ka, v. a. to ring or rattle, as an old kettle-mdukoka.
- yu-ko'-ke-dan, v. a. to make active, to stimulate—mdukokedan. T., yubiliheća.
- yu ko ki' ya, v. a. T. to make wrinkle: ite yukokiya, to frown or scowl.
- y u k o' k o k a , *v. red.* of yukoka. ₁

- yu-ko'-ya-han, v.a. to cause to be quick, to hasten—mdukoyahan. See yuinahni.
- so as to make the ends meet—mduki- y u k p a', v. a. ista yukpa, to make blind; noge yukpa, to make deaf mdukpa. See yutpa.
- in folds—mdukipehan: yukipehan | y u k p a y', v. a. to grind, as corn, etc., to make fine, to pulverize—mdukpan, dukpan, unkpanpi. See yu
 - yu-kpan'-kpan, v. red. of yukpan.
 - yu-kpay'-pi, n. grinding.
 - yu-kpan' yan, v. a. to cause to grind—yukpanwaya.
 - a louse. i, q yutpi.
 - yu-kpi'-kpi, v. red. of yukpi.
 - yu-kpu'-kpa, v. a. to make fine, to crumble up and scatter about mdukpukpa See yukpukpa.
 - yu-ksa', v. a. to break off, as a stick, with the hand; to pull, as corn; to cut off or out with shears—mduksa, duksa, unksapi.
 - yu ksa' ksa, v. red. of yuksa.
 - yu-ksa'-pa, v. a. of ksapa; tomake wise—mduksapa. Said also of an animal who breaks away from a trap, as he is made wise or wary by it.
 - yu-ksa'-pi, n. a breaking off, a gathering of corn.
 - yu-kse'-kse-ya, v. red. of yukseya.
 - yu-kse'-ya, v. a. to cause to break off, as in trapping—yuksewaya.

- yu kse' ya, adv. broken off; straight down, as if broken off; said of a bluff shore where the water is deep; i. q. hutotkonza.
- $y u k \le a'$, v. a. to bend or double up, as a blanket—mdukśa.
- yu-kśa'-dan, adv. bent up, crooked: yuksadan iću. See yaksadan.
- yu-kśan', v. a. to bend, fold upmduksaŋ.
- yu-kśan'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to bend or fold up—yuksanwakiya.
- y u k ś a ŋ' k ś a ŋ , v. red. of yukśaŋ.
- yu-kśan'-kśan, adv. crooked, curled about.
- yu-kśan'-yan, v. a. to cause to bend—yuksanwaya.
- yu-kśan'-ye-ya, adv. bent around, in a circle.
- yu-kśi'-kśi-źa, *v. red.* of yukśi-
- yu-kśiś, cont. of yukśiza; yukśiś iyeya.
- y u k \(\frac{1}{2}\) i \(\frac{1}{2}\) y \(\frac{1}{2}\), \(\begin{aligned} v. a. \\ to cause to dou-. \end{aligned} *ble up*—yukśiśwaya.
- yu-kśi'-źa, v. a. to double up, to bend, as the arm at the elbow; to double up, as iron, etc.; to pull the trigger of a gun—mduksiźa.
- yu-ktan', v. a. to bend with the hand-mduktan.
- yu-ktan'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to bend anything.
- yu-ktan'-ki-ya, adv. crookedly. 'yu-koli', cont. of yukoga; yukoli
- yu-ktan'-ktan, v. red. of yuktan; to bend, crook.
- yu-ktan'-ktan, adj. or adv. zig-| yu-kos', cont. of yukoza; yukos zag; bent.

- yu-ktan'-ktan-ki-ya, adv. red. yuktankiya.
- yu-ktan'-ktan-yan, adv. red. of yuktanyan.
- yu-ktan'-yan, adv. crookedly.
- yu-ktan'-ye-ya, adv. crookedly, not in a straight line: yuktanyeya wanka.
- yu-ku'-ka, v. a. to pull to pieces; to make rotten, to destroy—mdukuka.
- yu-kuy'-ta, v.a. T. to pick with any thing in a hole or cavity, as to pick the ears or nose.
- yu-ķe'-ġa, v. a. to scratch, scrape mduķeģa. See yuķoģa.
- yu-ķeh', cont. of yuķeģa; yuķeh iyeya.
- yu-ķeli'-ķe-ġa, v. red. of yuķeģa.
- yu-ke li'-ya, adv. scratching, scrap-
- yu-kes', cont. of yukeza; yukes iyeya.
- y u k e s' k e z a, v. red. of yukeza; to shave off close and smooth, as the hair of the head—mduķesķeza.
- yu-ke'-za, v. a to make hard and smooth; to shear off close, as the hair of the head—mdukeza. See yukoza.
- yu ko' ga, v. a. to scratch up, make rough with the nails-mduķoġa. See yuķeġa.
- iyeya.
- y u-ķ o li'-ķ o-ġ a, v. red. of yuķoġa.
- iyeya.

- hard by taking off the grass, etc. mdukoza, dukoza. See vukeza.
- yu-lab', cont. of yulapa.
- y u l a b' l a p a, v. red. of yulapa.
- yu-la'-pa, v. a. T. to make smooth.
- yu-ma'-hen-i-ye-ya, v. a. to push one thing into something else, to insert.
- y u m a n', v. a. to sharpen by grinding, filing, or whetting, as an ax, etc.—mduman, unyumanni.
- y u m'd a', v. a. to separate, as the layers of bark or the leaves of a book—mdumda. T., yubla.
- yu-mda'-pi, n. a page or leaf of a book, etc. T., yublapi.
- yu-mdas', cont. of yumdaza; yumdas ehnaka, to open out, as in dressing a cow; yumdas iyeya.
- y u m d a' s k a, v. a. to make flat mdumdaska T., yublaska.
- yu-mda'-ya, v. a. to open, spread out, unfold; to make level—mdumdaya, unyumdayapi. T., yublaya.
- yu-mda'-ya-pi, n. a spreading out; a page in a book.
- yu-mda'-za, v. a. to burst open, as the bowels, or as a bag of corn; to break open by hauling; to make a longitudinal incision—mdumdaza, T., yublaza
- yu-mde'-ća, v. a. to break to pieces or crush, as brittle ware; to rend or tear open—mdumdeća. yubleća.

- yu-kos'-ko-za, v. red. of yu- | yu-mde-ća, v. red. of yumdeća.
- yu-ko'-za, v. a. to make smooth and yu-mden', cont. of yumdeća; yumden iyeya. T., yublel.
 - yu-mden'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to break to pieces—yumdenwakiya.
 - yu-mdu', v. a. to make mellow, to pulverize, to plough, as groundmdumdu, dumdu, unmdupi, and uŋyumdupi. T., yublu.
 - yu-mdu'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to plough—yumduwakiya.
 - y u m d u' m d u , v. red. of yumdu.
 - yu-mdu'-ya, v.a. to cause to pulverize—yumduwaya. See yumdukiya.
 - yu-mi'-ma, v.a. to make round, as a wheel. See yuhmiyanyan.
 - yu mi' me ya, adv. T. in a circle; circular: yumimeya yanka po, sit round in a circle.
 - yu-mna', v. a. to rip a seam with scissors, to rip a seam in any way by pulling, etc.—mdumna. *T.*, blumna, lumna, etc.
 - yu-mna'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to rip—yumnawakiya.
 - yu-mna'-mna; v. red. of yumna. y u - m n i', v. n. to turn round, to go round in circles.
 - yu-mni'-ga, v. to shrink, draw up; to cause to shrink—mdumniga. T., to twist, as clothes, in wringing them; but "to shrink, draw up" is namniga; and "to cause to shrink" is namnilikiya.
 - yu-mni'-mni, v. red. of yumni; to turn round and round.

- yu-mni'-mni-ga, v. red. of yu- yu-ni', v. a. to touch one so as to mniga.

 call his attention to anything—
- yu-m·ni'-m niś, cont. of yumnimniźa; curled: yumnimniś iyeya.
- yu-mni'-mniś-ya, v.a. to cause to curl.
- yu-mni'-mniś-ya, *adv. curly.* yu-mni'-mni-źa, *adj. red.* of yu-
- mniźa; curled, as hair. T., wavy, as hair; ruffled up.
- y u m n i' m n i ź a , v. a. to ruffle, to pleat—mdumnimniźa.
- y u-mni'-wa-ći-pi, n. the circle dance. In this dance a pole is set up in the center, which is encircled at a distance of twenty or thirty feet by branches of trees. By the central pole a small arbor is made, which is occupied by the high priest of the ceremonies. The young men dance around.
- y u m n i' ź a , adj. curled, not straight, as hair. T., wavy.
- y u m n u' m n u ġ a , v. a. to make a noise, as in handling corn—mdumnumnuġa. T., to craunch, to make a noise, as a horse in eating corn. See yamnumnuġa.
- yun, cont. of yuta; yun mani, he walks eating. T., yul.
- y u n a' k e, v. See yunakeya.
- y u n a' k e y a, v.a. to turn anything partly up, turn on one side—mdunakeya. T., to tip. See kanakeya, panakeya, etc.
- y u n a' ź i n, v. a. to cause to stand, to raise or lift up—mdunaźin.

- yu-ni', v. a. to touch one so as to call his attention to anything—mduni, duni, mayuni. T., pani. See bonini, etc.
- yu-ni'-ni, v. red. of yuni; to touch so as to arouse one, or call his attention to anything—mdunini.
- y u n i' y a ś n i, v. a. to put out of breath, to strangle—mduniyaśni.
- y un-ki'-ya, v. a. of yuta; to cause to eat, to feed—yunwakiya.
- yu-nmi'-nma, v.a. to roll with the hand—mdunminma. T., yugmigma. Same as yuhmihma.
- y u n u n' ġ a, v. a. to make a hard or callous place, by sprain or otherwise—mdununġa. T., yunoġa.
- y u n y a', v. a. to feed, cause to eat—yunwaya. T., yulya; yulkiya.
- yuŋ, intj. oh! O dear me!
- yung-yun'-ka, v. T. to rock or sway from side to side, as a sailor in walking; yungyunka se mani. See yukinkin.
- y u ŋ ġ e', n. T. part, some: i. q. uġe and oŋġe.
- y u n k a', v. T. i. q. wanka; to lie along—munka.
- y u n k a' h e, adv. T. lying prone, as a tree cut down: i. q. wankahe.
- y u n'-k a n, conj. T. and; also; then: i. q. unkan.
- yun-kanś', conj. T. used only of past time; if, provided; i. q. unkanś.
- y u n ś, conj. T. i. q. yunkanś; if, provided: refers to the past only. Hećon śni yunś, if he had not done it.

- y u o' é i k p a n i , v a. Same as yuoéitpani.
- y u o' é i ŋ ś i é a , v. a. to make cross—mduoćinśića.
- y u o' é i p t e é a, v. a. to make one shorter than another; to make a difference, diminish—mduocipteca.
- yu-o'-ći-pten, cont. of yuoćipteća.
- yu-o'-ći-pten-ya, adv. diminishing by degrees.
- y u o' é i p t e t u , v. a. to make of different sizes, to lessen—mduociptetu.
- y u o' é i pt e t u y a, adv. lessening.
- y u o' éi p t e t u y a k e n, adv. of different sizes.
- y u o' é i t k o ŋ z a , v. a. to make equal—mduoéitkoŋza. See yuotkoŋza.
- y u o' é i t p a n i , v. a. to make unequal—mduoéitpani. T., yuoéikpani.
- yu-o'-hda-pśin, v. yuohdapśin elipeya, to turn any thing over.
- yu-o'-hda-psin-yan, adv. turning over.
- y u o' h a n k o, v. a. to make hasten—mduohanko.
- yu-o'-han-ko-ya, adv. hastening.
- yu-o'-hda-gan, v. n. to become loose.
- y u o' h d a h, cont. of yuohdaġan; yuohdah iću, to become loose.
- yu-o'-hpa, v. a. to break into, break through—nduohpa.

- yu-o'-lipe-ya, v. a. to cause to break through—vuolipewaya.
- y u o h' y a, adv. obliquely, as the characters are placed in writing: yuohya ehnaka. See kaohya.
- y u o' k a h b o k a, v. a. to make float, to send afloat—mduokahboka.
- yu-o'-ka-hpa, v. to cause to float.
- y u o' ka po ta, v. to cause to be borne up, as on water.
- y u o' k i n i h a n, v. a. to make honorable—mduokinihan.
- yu-o'-ko, v. a. to make a hole—mduoko.
- y u o' k o n w a n źi d a n, v. a. of okonwanźidan; to make one of, join one to another mduokonwanźidan. T., rather to make alike or similar.
- y u- o'- k s a, v. a. to break off intomduoksa. See oyuksa.
- yu-o'-ktan, v. a to bend intomduoktan. See oyuktan.
- y u o' m d e é a , v. a. to divide, disperse, break in pieces, scatter abroad, as a people—mduomdeéa. See oyumdeéa.
- yuza, to hold the sharp part up, as the edge of a board.
- y u o' m d e é a h a n, part. in a dispersed state, scattered.
- yu-o'-mden, cont. of yuomdeća; yuomden iyaya, to go off, disperse; yuomden iyeya, to cause to scatter abroad. T., yuoblel.

- yu-o'-mni-na, v. a. to shelter from the wind, make a calm—mdu-omnina. T., yuoblula.
- y u o' n i h a n, v. a. to honor, treat with attention—mduonihan, unyuonihanpi, mayuonihan.
- yu-o'-ni-han-yan, adv. honoring, treating politely.
- y u o' p o, v. a. to press out of shape, press in at the sides, as a kettle; to make warp—mduopo.
- y u o' p t e c a , v. a. to make less mduopteca.
- y u o' p t e n, cont. of yuopteća. T., yuoptel.
- yu-o'-pten-ya, adv. making less.
- y u o' p t e t u, v. a. to make less induoptetu.
- yu-o'-pte-tu-ya, adv. lessening.
- yu-o'-pon, v. to scatter, spread abroad.
- y u o'-se, and y u o'-sek-se, n. one who shoots but does not hit. This would seem to be used ironically.
- y u o' s e y a, v. T. to get into a hard knot. See yuośin.
- yu-o'·se-ya, adv. T. tightly; in a hard knot; yuoseya iyakaska.
- yu-o'-s'in, v. to hate. T., oyus'in.
- yu-o'-siŋ-siŋ, v. a. to bedaub one with semen—mduosiŋsiŋ. See osiŋsiŋ and yaśiŋśiŋ.
- yu-o'-śiŋ, v. n. to get into a hard knot, become hard to untie. T., to tie in a bow knot or loosely.
- yu-o'-śin-yan, adv. T. loosely; tied in a bow knot.

- yu-o'-ta, v.a. to make many, to multiply—niduota, duota, unyuotapi.
- y u o' t a ŋ i ŋ , v. a. to make appear, make manifest; to celebrate mduotaŋiŋ.
- y u o' t a n i n y a n, adv. making manifest, celebrating.
- y u o' t a p i, n. a multiplying; multiplication.
- yu-o'-tkoŋ-za, v. a. to make of equal length; to do right; to finish—mduotkoŋza. See yuocitkoŋza.
- yu-o'-tins, cont. of yuotinza; yuotins iću, to draw in tight: yuotins iyeya.
- yu-o'-tins-tin-za, v. red. of yuotinza.
- yu-o'-ţiŋ-za, v. a. to press in tight; to make firm in—mduoţiŋza.
 See oyuţiŋza.
- yu-o'-we-ćin-han, v. T. to place in a row: i. q. yuipatkuġa.
- y u o' w i s n i, v. i. q. owikeśni; to be unused; to accumulate without being drawn upon, as provisions: yuowiśni mićiyanka.
- y u o' w a t a n, v. Same as yuowotanna.
- y u o' w o t a n n a, v. a. to make straight; to make upright, justify mduowotanna.
- y u o' y a h e, v. T. to absorb; to cause to absorb. See yuhepa.
- y u p a', v. a. to make bitter—mdupa.
- $y u p a' \dot{g} a$, v. to grasp tightly.
- yu-pah', cont. of yupaga; yupah yuza, to hold in a bunch; yupah nawanka, to gallop slowly and with the body bent together. See iyupaga.

- y u p a' k o, v. a. to make crooked—mdupako.
- yu-pa'-ko-ya, adv. making crooked, twisting.
- y u p a n' g a, v. a. to tie up loosely, to make a large bundle—mdupanga.
- yu-panh', cont. of yupanga; yupanh iyeya.
- yu-panh'-ya, adv. loosely, in a large bundle.
- y u p a n p a n n a, v. a. to make soft—mdupanpanna.
- y u p a y s', cont of yu-pay'-za; v. a.

 T. to seize by the hair of the head:
 i. q. yuhmica.
- yu-pa'-tuś, cont. of yupatuźa; yupatuś iyeya.
- y u p a' t u ź a , v. a. of patuźa; to cause to stoop down, to bend down—mdupatuźa.
- y u p é e' é e l a, v. a. T. to make short; to shorten: i. q. yupteéedan.
- y u p & e l' y e l a , v. a. T. Same meaning.
- y u p e', v. a. to make sharp—mdupe.
- yu-pe'-han, v. a. to fold up—mdupehan.
- yu-pe'-mni, v. a. of penni; to twist, make warp, as a board—mdupemni.
- yu-pe'-mni-mni, v. red. of yupemni; to warp, crook, twist.
- yu-pe'-mni-yan, adv. crookedly.
- y u p i', v. a. to make good—mdupi, dupi.
- yu-pi'-ka, v. a. to clothe one up well, to make look well—mdupika. T., yupiya kaga.

- y u p i' k a, n. one who dresses well; one who does things neatly. T., yupiyakel un.
- yu-pins', cont of yupinza; yupins iyeya.
- yu-pins'-pin-za, v. red. of yupinza.
- y u p i n ś', cont. of yupinźa; yupinś iyeya.
- y u p i η ś' p i η ź a, v. red. of yupinźa.
- y u p i n' z a, v. a. to make creak—mdupinza.
- y u p i n' źa, v. a. to pull out the coarse hair from a skin; to pull off all the hair or fur—mdupinźa.
- y u p i' y a, adv. T. well; nicely; finely; beautifully.
- yu-pi'-ya-kel, adv. T. Same meaning.
- y u p o', v. a. to make swell—mdupo.
- yu-pom', cont. of yupopa: yupom yuza, to catch or hold with a snap or spring, as a trap, to catch round the body. T., yupob.
- yu-pon', cont. of yupota; yupon iyeya. T., yupol.
- y u p o n' p o t a , v. red. of yupota. T., yupolpota.
- y u p o' p a, v. a. to cause to snap or burst, to make a snapping noise mdupopa.
- y u p o' t a, v. a. to wear out, tear to pieces, as a garment; to use up, destroy—mdupota, dupota.
- yu-pot'-po-ta, v. red. of yupota.
- y u p o' w a y a, v. a. to roughen up, as fur or nap—mdupowaya.

- yu-psag', cont. of yupsaka; yupsag iyeya.
- yu-psag'-ya, v. a. to cause to break, as a string.
- y u p s a g' y a, adv. breaking, as a cord.
- y u p s a' k a , v. a. to break or pull in two, as a string—mdupsaka, unpsakapi.
- yu-psan'-psan, v.a. T. to wag, as a tail; to cause to move back and forth.
- yu-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of yupsaka.
- yu-pse', v. yupse hinhda; yupse hiyeya.
- y u p s i' é a, v. a. to make jump, , to toss—mdupsiéa: hoyupsiéa, to fish with hook and line.
- yu-psin', cont. of yupsica; yupsin iyeya. T., yupsil.
- yu-psi'-psi-ća, v. red. of yupsića.
- y u p s i' p s i n , $\mathit{cont}.$ of yupsipsića.
- yu-pson', v. a. to turn over and spill, as water, etc.—mdupson, dupson.
- yu-pson'-pson, v. red. of yupson; to turn over on the belly, as the Dakotas do in skinning an animal; yupsonpson ehnaka. T. This refers especially, if not altogether, to the buffalo, other animals being cut down the belly after they are turned over on the back.
- y u p s o n' p s o n n a, v. a. to make round, to take off the corners—mdu-psonpsonna.

- y u p s u n', v. a. Same as yupson. y u - p s u n', v. a. to pull out by the roots, to extract, as a tooth; to put out of joint—mdupsun, dupsun, un-
- yupśunpi. y u - p ś u n' - k a, v. a. to double up
- in a round bunch: nape hdupśuŋka,
 to clench the fist—mdupśuŋka.
- yu-pśuŋ'-pśuŋ, v. red. of yupśuŋ.
- y u p t a', v. a. to cut out, as a garment; to cut off, as the border of a buffalo-skin, etc.—mdupta, dupta, unyuptapi.
- yu-pta'-hnag, adv. (yupta and hnaka?). all together, collectively. See witaya and yuptaya.
- y u p t a n' p t a n, v. a. to turn or roll back and forth with the hand, to rock—mduptanptan.
- y u p ta n' p ta n y a n, v. a. to roll back and forth, to roll over and over—mduptanptanyan.
- yu-ptan'-yan, v. a. to roll over, to turn over — mduptanyan, duptanyan.
- yu-pta'-pta, v. red. of yupta.
- yu-pta'-ya, adv. of ptaya; together, collectively: yuptaya ehnaka
- y u-p t e'-é e-d a n, v. a. to shorten mduptecedan. T., yupcecela.
- yu-pten'-ye-dan, adv. hastening, shortening; yuptenyedan ehnaka. T., yupćelyela.
- y u-p t u'-li a, v. a. to pick in pieces—mduptuha.
- yu-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of yuptuźa.

- yu-ptuś, cont. of yuptuża; yuptuś iyeya.
- yu-ptuś'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to split or crack—yuptuśwaya.
- yu-ptu'-źa, v. a. to make crack or split, as a board, by boring mduptuźa.
- y u p u' z a, v. to make dry, to wipc
- yus, cont. of yuza; yus nazin; yus aya, to lead.
- y u s a', adv. prickly, knobby, sharp; i. q. owasin pepeya bosdan yanka. T., nasa.
- yu sa' kim, adv. both together. T., yusakib.
- yu-sa'-kim-tu, adv. both together.
- yu-san', v. a to make brownish or 'yu-sdo'-han-han, v. red. of yuwhitish, to make fade--mdusan.
- yu-san'-pa, v. a. of sanpa; to make yu-sdo'-han-yan, adv. dragmore, cause to increase—indusanpa.
- sapa.
- yu-sba', v. a. to ravel out; to pick to pieces, as wool—mdusba, dusba.
- yu sba' sba, v. red. of yusba.
- yu-sbu', v. a. to make a rattling or yu-sdun', cont. of yusduta; yurustling noise, as in taking hold of shelled corn—mdusba. See pasbu.
- yu sbu' pi se, adv. noise; said of one diving. T , going gradually under (water) as a swimmer; but with a noise is pigese.
- y u s b u' s b u, v. red. of yusbu.
- yu-sde'-ća, v. a. to split—indusdeća, unyusdećapi. T., yusleća.
- yu-sden', cont. of yusdeći; yusden iyeya. T., yuslel.

- yu-sden'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to split—yusdenwakiya.
- yu-sden'-ya, v. a. to cause to split—yusdenwaya.
- $yu-sde'-sde-\acute{c}a$, v. red. of yusdeća.
- yu-sdi', v. a. to press out, as fat with the hand, to make ooze out mdusdi. Ih., to milk, as a cow: i.q. yuskića. See yusli.
- yu-sdi'-tka, v. a. to make taper; to make small by pinching-mdusditka.
- yu-sdo'-han, v. a. to draw or drag along, to draw, as a horse does a load; to lead a horse-mdusdo
 - sdohan.
 - ging along.
- yu-sa'-pa, v.a. to blacken—mdu- | yu-sdo'-he-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to draw along—yusdohewakiya.
 - yu sdo' sdo, v: a. to make, soft by pressing with the hand, as an apple—mdusdosdo.
 - sdun iću and yusdun iyeya. T., yuslul.
 - with a yu-sdu'-ta, v. a. to pull out, to draw out from under-mdusduta, dusduta.
 - yu-sem', cont. of yusepa; yusem iyeya. T., yuseb.
 - yu-se'-pa, v. a. to rub off, as paint, to deface; to wear off, as the skin from the hand—mdusepa. T., yutepa.

- to clean up; to gather with the fingers-mduska, duska.
- yu-ska'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to bleach—yuskawakiya.
- yu-ska'-pi-dan-se, adv. in a compact body.
- yu-ska'-pi-se, adv. close together.
- yu-skem', cont. of yuskepa; yuskem iyeya. T., yuskeb.
- yu-ske'-pa, v. a. to cause to escape, make evaporate; to drain off mduskepa.
- yu-ski'-ća, v. a. to press, make tight—mduskića.
- yu-skin', cont. of yuskića and yuskita; yuskin iyeya. F., yuskil.
- yu-ski'-ski-ća, v. red. of yuskića.
- yu-ski'-skin, cont. of yuskiskića and yuskiskita.
- yu-ski'-ski-ta, v. red. of yuin fastening a child on a board mduskiskita.
- yu ski' ta, v.a to bind, bandage; to hoop, as a barrel—mduskita.
- y u s ki' y a, v. a. of y uza; to cause to | y u s n i', v. a. to put out, extinguish, hold-yuswakiya.
- yu-sku', v. a. to peel off the skin yu-sni'-sni, v. red. of yusni. cut off short, as hair-mdusku.
- yu-sku'-sku, v. red. of yusku; yu-s'o', v. n. T. Same as followto shave or cut off short, as the
- yu-sku'-ya, v. a. to make sweet or sour, etc., to flavor—mduskuya.

- yu-ska', v. a. to whiten, cleanse; | yu-sli', v. a. T. to press out, to milk, as a cow: i. q. yusdi.
 - yu-smag', cont. of yusmaka; yusmag iyeya.
 - yu smag' sma ka, v. red. of yusmaka.
 - yu sma' ka, v. a. to make a hollow place, indent-mdusmaka.
 - yu-sma'-ka, n. a hollow place. See osmaka.
 - yu sma' sma ka, v. red. of yusmaka.
 - yu-sma'-sma-ka, n. hollow places. y u - s m i n', v. a. to pick off, as meat from a bone-mdusmin.
 - yu-smin'-smin, v. red. of yusmin. yu-smin'-yan-yan, v. a.
 - make smooth or bare; to wear off smooth—mdusminyanyan.
 - yu-smi'-smi, v. red. of yusmi; to shave off short, as hair—mdusmismi.
 - skita; to wrap round and round, as y u s n a', v. a. to ring or tinkle, as little bells; to ravel out, as a stocking; to shake off, as leaves or fruit from a tree—mdusna, dusna.
 - yu sna' sna, v. red. of yusna.
 - as a fire; to make cold—mdusni.
 - with the hand; to pare; to shave or yu-so', v. a. T. to cut in strings or strips, as a hide.
 - ing.
 - y u s o', v. n. to swim, as a duck or muskrat: said of a muskrat when it brings its head above the water: yusoniwan.

- y u s o' d a n k a, v. n. to be slow, to loiter: eéen mdusodanka. T., yus'olanka, to be tired out, used up.
- yus-o'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to swim, in the manner of a duck—yusowakiya.
- yu-s'o'-la-ka, v. n. T. to be exhausted, tired out.
- y u s' o' l a s e, adv. T. in an exhausted manner, as one tired.
- yu-son', cont. of yusota; yuson iyeya. T., yusol.
- y u s o n' k i y a, v. a. to cause to use up—yusonwakiya.
- y u s o n' y a, v. a. to cause to use up—yusonwaya.
- yu-s'o'-s'o, v. red. T. of yus'o.
- y u s o s' o, v. red. of yuso: i. q. yus'os'o.
- y u s o' t a, v. a. to use up, make an end of, expend—mdusota, dusota, upsotapi.
- yu-spa' and yu-spe', v. a. Ih. and T. to catch with the hand—mdu-spa. (T., bluspe): napeyuspe, to shake hands. See napeyuza.
- y u s p a'-i-ć u s e m a n i, v. to limp; to go with a catching gait. T., huśteśteyakel mani.
- yu-stan'-ka, v. a. to moisten—mdustanka.
- y u s t o', v. a. to smooth down, as the hair, to make smooth: pa yusto, to oil and smooth the head—mdusto.
- yu-sto'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to make smooth—yustowakiya.
- yu-sto'-sto, v. red. of yusto.

- y u s t o' y a, v. a. to cause to make smooth—yustowaya.
- yus'olanka, to be tired out, used yu-su', v.a. to make right—mdusu.

 up.

 T., yuećetu; yuowotanla. See yućo.
 - yu-su'-ta, v. a. to make firm mdusuta, unyusutapi.
 - y u s u' y a , v. a. to cause to make well—yusuwaya. T., yuwaśtekiya.
 - y u ś a', v. a. to make red by touching-mduśa
 - yu-ś'ag', cont. of yuś'aka.
 - y u ś' a g' y a , v. a. to overburden, overload— y uś' agwaya. T., tkeya wakin.
 - yu-ś'a'-ka, v. n. to be heavily laden, have as much as one can carry —mduś'aka, duś'aka. T., tkeya waķiŋ.
 - y u ś a m', cont. of yuśapa; yuśam iyeya. T., yuśab.
 - y u ś a m' y a , v. a. to cause to soil —yuśamwaya.
 - y u ś a' p a , v. a. to soil, blacken, or defile any thing—mduśapa, unyu-śapapi
 - y u ś b e', v. a. to make deep—mduśbe. T., yuśme.
 - y u ś b e' y a , adv. deeply; yuśbeya wanka.
 - y u ś d a', v. a. to make bare or bald; to cut off, as hair; to shear, as sheep; to pull out, as grass or weeds, to weed; to reap; to pick off, as the feathers of ducks, etc.—mduśda, duśda, unśdapi.
 - yu-śda'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to pull, pluck, or shear off—yuśdawakiya.

- yu śda' śda, v. red. of yuśda.
- yu-śda'-ya, va. to uncover; to pull off—mduśdaya.
- y u ś d a' y e h n a, adv. of śdayehna; plainly, manifestly, openly: yuśdayehna yuza.
- y u ś d i', v. a. to press or squeeze with the hand—mduśdi.
- yu-śdi'-ya, adv. pressing: yuśdiya iyakaśka, to squeeze up and tie tight.
- yu-śdog', cont. of yuśdoka; yuśdog iyeya.
- yu-śdog'-ya, v. a. to cause to pull off or out—yuśdogwaya.
- y u ś d o' k a, v. a. to pull off, as a garment; to pull out, as a cork from a bottle mduśdoka, unśdokapi and unyuśdokapi.
- y u ś d o' ś d o k a, v. red. of yuśdoka.
- y u ś d u n', cont. of yuśduta; yuśdun iyeya. T., yuślul.
- y u ś d u' ś d u t a, v. red. of yuśduta; to make smooth or slippery—mduśduśduta.
- y u ś d u' t a, v. a to slip out, to let slip from one—mduśduta.
- y u ś' e', v. a. T. to cause to fall in drops; to make drip.
- y u ś e ' ć a , v. a. to deaden, to make dry—mduśeća.
- y u ś e' k ś o ć a, v. red. of yuśeća. y u - ś e n', cont. of yuśeća; yuśen iyeya, to cause to wither. T, yuśel.
- y u ś'e' ś'e, v. red. T. of yuś'e. y u - śi'- ća, v. a. to make bad; to injure, spoil—mduśića. See yuwahteśni.

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- yu-śi-gla, v. T. yuśigla kta kuwa: i. q. pasmi.
- y u ś i' h d a, v. a. to make angry—mudśihda.
- y u ś i' h a ŋ , v. a. of śihaŋ; to make act badly—mdusihaŋ. T., yuohaŋ-śića; yuśića.
- yu-śi'-lian-yan, adv. causing to do badly.
- yu-śi'-htin, v. a. to enfeeble—mduśihtin, mayuśihtin. T., to make bad; to injure in any way; to do a thingbadly.
- y u ś i' h t i n p i, n. feebleness. T., badness; imperfection.
- y u ś i' h t i n y a n, adv. feebly: yuśihtinyan ećonpi. T., badly; imperfectly.
- y u ś i m', cont. of yuśipa; yuśim iyeya. T., yuśib.
- yu-śim'-śi-pa, v. red. of yuśipa.
- yu-śin', v. n. to wrinkle.
- yu-śiŋ'-pi, n. wrinkles.
- yu-śiŋ'-śiŋ, v. red. of yuśiŋ; to wrinkle.
- yu-śiŋ'-śiŋ, v. a. to tickle—ınduśiŋśiŋ. T., yuś'iŋś'iŋ; also to amuse; make laugh.
- y u-śiŋ'-y a-y a, v. n. to be afraid; to be frightened—mayuśiŋyaya, niyu-śiŋyaya, uŋuśiŋyayapi. T., to startle, surprise.
- y u ś i ŋ' y e y a , v. a to frighten, terrify—yuśinyewaya, yuśinyeunyanpi.
- y u śi'-pa, v. a. to break off close, as the limbs of a tree, the teeth of a comb, or projecting pins—indusipa. T., to slip past the joint or bearing.

- y u ś k a ŋ' ś k a ŋ , v. a. to cause to move about—mduśkaŋśkaŋ.
- y u ś k e' h a ŋ , v. a. to make wild—mduśkehan.
- y u ś k e' h a ŋ h a ŋ , v. red. of yuśkehaŋ; to make prance about—mduśkehaŋhaŋ.
- y u ś k i', v. a. to plait, to gather—mduśki, unyuśkipi.
- y u ś k i' ć a , v. a. to press, squeeze, wring, as clothes (T., same); to milk, as a cow (T., yusli)—mduśkića.
- y u ś k i n', cont. of yuśkića; pte yuśkin mda, I go to milk the cow. T., yuśkil.
- y u ś k i' p i, part. plaited, gathered in folds.
- y u ś k i' ś k a , v. a. to make rough, difficult, or complicated—mduśkiśka.
- y u ś k i' ś k e y a , v. a. to cause to make difficult—yuśkiśkewaya.
- y u ś k i' ś k i ć a , *v. red.* of yuśkića.
- y u ś k o' k p a , v. a. to hollow out, as a trough—mduśkokpa.
- yu-śkom', cont. of yuśkopa; yuśkom iyeya. T., yuśkob.
- y u śk o' pa, v. a. to bend, to make crooked or twisting—mduśkopa.
- yu-śko'-śko-pa, v. red. of yuśkopa.
- y u ś k o' t p a , v. a. to hollow—mduśkotpa. T., yuśkokpa.
- y u ś k u', v. a. to shell off, as corn with the hands—mduśku.
- y u $\pm k u'$ $\pm k u$, v. red. of yu $\pm k u$.

- y u ś n a', v. a. to drop any thing, to let slip, to make a mistake—mduśna, duśna, upśnapi.
- y u ś n a' k o ŋ z a, v. (yuśna and koŋza) to pretend to make a mistake yuśnawakoŋza.
- yu-śna'-pi, n. a mistake.
- yu-śna'-śna, v. red. of yuśna; to try to catch and fail often, to miss—mduśnaśna.
- y u ś n i' ś n i ź a, v. red. of yuśniża. y u - ś n i' - ź a, v. a. to cause to wither—mduśniża.
- y u ś o' ś a , v. a. to make muddy, to roil up—mduśośa.
- y u ś p a', v. a. to break off, to separate from, to detach; to break loose from, break away, escape; to free from; to break open; to divide mduśpa, unyuśpapi: ihduśpa, to free one's self from.
- yu ś p a' p i , n. fractions; topa yuśpapi wanźi, one-fourth; kiyuśpapi, division.
- y u ś p a' ś p a, v. red. of yuśpa; to break in pieces—mduśpaśpa.
- y u ś p i', v. a. to pick or gather, as berries; to pull off—mduśpi, unśpipi.
- yu-śpi-śpi, v. red. of yuśpi.
- y u ś p u', v. a. to pick off with the hand any thing that adheres, to pull off—mduśpu.
- y u \pm p u' \pm p u , v. red. of yu \pm pu.
- yu-śpu-śpu-pi, n. pieces broken off; slugs.
- yu-śpu'-śpu-ya, v. red. of yuśpuya.

- yu-śpu'-ya, v. a. to scratch, as the skin when it itches—mduśpuya, unyuśpuyapi.
- yu-śtan, v. a. to finish any thing; to perfect—mduśtan, duśtan, unstanpi and unyustanpi. See yastan, etc.
- yu-śta'-śta, v. to soak a skin preparatory to dressing it—mduśtaśta.
- yu-śuś', cont. of yuśuźa; yuśuś iyeya.
- $y u \acute{s} u' \acute{s} u \acute{z} a$, v. red. of $yu\acute{s}u\acute{z}a$.
- y u ś u' ź a, v. a. to crush, as bones mduśuża. T., to break in slivers, as a tough piece of wood, by twisting; to break, as a bear does the bushes in getting cherries, or as a tent pole slivered. See yuhuġa, yuhdeća, yumdeća, etc.
- yu'-ta, v. a. to eat any thing—wata, yata, untapi: taku yutapi, something to eat, food.
- yu-ta'-hen-la, v. a. T. to make nearer; to put towards: yutahenla iću, to draw it this way or towards himself.
- y u t a' k i n, v. a. to cause to lean—mdutakin.
- yu-ta'-kin-yan, adv. leaning.
- y u t a' k u n i ś n i , v. a. to destroy—mdutakuniśni.
- yu-ta'-ku-ni-śni-yan, adv. destroying.
- yu-ta'-ku-śni, v. a. to bring to naught; to frustrate—mdutakuśni.
- yu-tan', v. a to honor, glorify—mdutan. See yuwitan.
- y u t'a y', v. a. to touch, to feel; to pull, stretch(i. q. yutitan)—mdut'an.

- yu-tan'-co-dan, v. a. to make naked—mdutancodan.
- y u t a n' i n, v. a. to make manifest, to expose—mdutanin.
- yu-tan'-in-yan, adv. manifestly.
- yu-tan'-ka, v.a. to make great or large, to enlarge—mdutanka
- yu-tan'-ka-ya, adv. largely greatly.
- y u tan'-ni, v a. to make old, to wear out—mdutanni.
- yu-tan'-ni-ka, v.a. to wear out, as clothes; to make old—mdutannika
- y u t'a n' p i, n. T. semen: i. q. hiyáye.
- yu-t'an'-b'an, v. red. of yut'an.
- yu-tan'-ton, v. a. to make last well, to make substantial—mdutanton.
- y u t a n' t o n ś n i, v. a. to use up, expend—mdutantonśni.
- yu-taŋ'-toŋ-śni-yaŋ, adv. expending.
- yu-tan'-yan, adv. praising.
- y u -t a' o m, adv. leaning: yutaom ehde, to place leaning. T., yutaob.
- yu-ta'-on-pa, v. n. to lean See yutaom.
- y u t a' t a, v. a. to shake off, as dust from a garment; to scrape or brush off with the hand—mdutata.
- y u t e' é a , v. a. to make new, renew—mduteéa, duteéa, unyuteéapi.
- yu-te'-han, v.a. to put off, prolong; to make slow, retard—mdutehan.
- y u t e' h i k a, v. a. to make difficult, make hard to be endured—mdutehika.

- iyeya. T., yuteb.
- yu tem' te pa, v. red. of yutepa. yu-te'-pa, v. a. to wear off short mdutepa. T., to rub off, as paint.
- yu-ti'-ća, v.a. to scrape away, as snow, with the hand; to paw, as a horse does-mdutića.
- yu-tim', cont. of yutipa; yutim iyeya. T., yutib.
- yu-tim'-ti-pa, v. red. of yutipa.
- y u -tin', cont. of yutića; yutin iyeya. T., yutil.
- yu-tin'-ta, v. a to pull out long hairs, to strip off long hairs—mdutinta. T., yupinźa.
- y $\mathbf{u} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, v. a. to cramp, as muscles; to make crisp or draw up, as burnt leather. T.—See natipa.
- yu-ti'-tan, v. a. to pull—mdutitan, dutitan.
- yu-ti'-tan-yan, v. a. to cause to pull at—yutitanwaya.
- yu-tkan'-la, n. T. much, abundance.
- yu-tke'-ya, adv. deeply; said of a bluff shore where the water is deep, i. q. yukseya.
- yu-tki'-tka, v. yutkitka yuza, to take hold of a bunch of any thing.
- $yu-tko'-\dot{g}a$, v. a. T. to lock orfasten, as a door.
- yu-tku'-ġa, v. a. to break off square—mdutkuġa. T., to break off; but to break off square is otkons
- yu-tkuh', cont. of yutkuga; yu-|yu-tpan', v.a. to mash or grind fine, tkuh iyeya.

- yu-ten', cont. of yutepa; yutem | yu-tkuns', cont. of yutkunza; yutkuns iyeya.
 - yu-tkuŋ'-tkuŋ-ta, v. See yukuntkunta.
 - yu-tkun'-za or yu-tkon-za, v. a. to cut off even, as with shears —mdutkunza. T., yuotkunza. See oyutkonza.
 - yu-tku'-tku-ġa, v. red. of yutkuga; to break or divide in several pieces.
 - yu to g' ye, v a. to make different. See yutokeća.
 - yu-to'-kan, v.a. to put in another place, remove; to reject—mdutokan.
 - y u -t o' k a n k a n, v. red. of yutokan; yutokankan iyeya, to scatter abroad.
 - yu-to'-kan-yan, adv. in another place, removed: yutokanyan iyeya.
 - yu-to'-ke-ća, v.a. to make different, to alter—mdutokeća.
 - yu to' na na, v. a. to diminish mdutonana. T., yućonala.
 - yu-to'-to, v. a. to clear off, as a field—mdutoto.
 - yu to' to m ya, v. a. of yutotopa;to soak and make soft—yutotomwaya. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ yutotobya.
 - yu to' to pa, v.n. to become soft, as leather, by soaking. See yututupa.
 - yu-tpa', v.a. noge yutpa, to make deaf; ista yutpa, to make blind: yutpapi se han and yutpapi se iyeya. See yukpa.
 - as corn—mdutpan. See yukpan.

- yu-tpan'-tpan, v. red. of yutpan. | yu-wa'-ćin-hin-yan-za, v. a. yu-tpa'-tpa, v. red. of yutpa.
- yu-tpi', v. a. to crack with the fingers—mdutpi. See yukpi.
- yu-tpi'-tpi, v. red. of yutpi.
- yu-tpu'-tpa, v. a. to crumble and throw about; to mix up togethermdutputpa. See yukpukpa.
- y u t u g' t u k a, v. red. of yutuka; to pick to pieces, as furs.
- yu-tuh'-ye-la, adv. T. bent, doubled up: yutuliyela mani, to walk bent over, as an old man. See pakśayela.
- yu-tu'-ka, v.a. to pull off or destroy, as fur; to spoil—mdutuka: yutukahan, to be pulling off, as hair,
- yu-tu'-ka-ka, v. red. of yutuka; to bend up, to hurt, as in a trap; to destroy-mdutukaka.
- yu-tu'-ta, v. a. to make smart mdututa.
- yu-tu'-tka, v.a. to break in small pieces—mdututka.
- yu-tu-tu-ka, v. red. of yutuka.
- yu-tu'-tu-pa, v.a. to make slimy or slippery—mdututupa. See yutotopa.
- yu-ţa', v. a. to kill; poskin yuţa, to choke to death (T., yuta), kill by hanging (T., pa nakseya)—mduṭa.
- yu-țins', cont. of yuținza; yuțins
- yu-tins'-tin-za, v. red. of yu-
- yu-ţiŋ'-za, v. a. to draw tight, to tighten-mduţinza.

- to make cross—mduwaćinhinyanza.
- yu-wa'-ćin-ko, v.a. T. to make angry. See yawacinko, etc.
- yu-wa'-ćin-ksa-pa, v.a. to make wise—mduwaćiŋksapa.
- yu-wa'-ćin-tan-ka, v. a. to make magnanimous; to make obstinate-mduwaćiŋtaŋka.
- yu-wa'-ćin-ton, v. a. to make intelligent—mduwaćinton.
- yu-wa'-hba-dan, v. a. to make gentle-mduwahbadan.
- yu-wa'-liba-ka, v.a. to make mild or gentle—mduwalibaka.
- yu-wa'-hpa-ni-ća, v.a. to make poor — mduwahpanića, mayuwalipanića.
- yu-wa'-hte-śni, v. a. to make bad, do badly-mduwaliteśni. See vuśića.
- yu-wa'-kan, v. a. to set apart, consecrate—induwakan.
- yu-wa'-kan-yan, adv. consecrating
- yu-wang', cont. of yuwanka; yuwang iyeya. T, yuung.
- yu-wan'-ka, v. a to throw down, to make lie down; to demolish—mduwanka. T., yuunka.
- yu-wan'-ka-dan, v.a. to make soft or tender—mduwankadan.
- yu-wan'-kan, v. yuwankan iću, to lift or raise up; yuwankan iyeya. T., yuwankanl.
- yu-wan'-kan-tu-ya, adv. upwards, above.
- yu-wan'-kan'-yan, adv. up.

- yu-wa'-ś'ag, cont of yuwaś'aka; | yu-wi'-ća-ke-ya-se, adv yuwaś'ag iyeya.
- yu wa' s'ag ya, v. a. to cause to make strong—yuwaś'agwaya.
- yu-wa'-ś'a-ka, v. a. to make strong, strengthen — mduwaś'aka, mduwaś'akapi.
- yu-wa'-śa-ka-dan, v. a. to make cheap or easy—mduwasakadan.
- vu-wa'-ś'a-ke-śni, v.a. to make weak, enfeeble—mduwaś'akeśni.
- yu wa' ste, v. a. to make good, to bless-mduwaste, unyuwastepi.
- yu-we'-ći, v. See yueći.
- $yu we' \dot{g}a$, v. a. to break, as a stick, with the hands, but not entirely off; to break, as a bone mduwega, unyuwegapi. See yuksa, yumdęća, etc.
- yu-weli', cont. of yuwega; yuweli iyeya.
- $yu weh' we \dot{g}a$, v. red. of yu-
- yu-weh'-weh, cont. of yuwehwega.
- yu-weh'-ya, v. a. To cause to break, etc., yuweliwaya.
- yu-wi', v. a. to wrap around, bind up, bandage—mduwi, unyuwipi.
- yu-wi'-ća-ka, v.a. to make true; to prove, convince; to show that a cause is true, to establish it—mduwićaka.
- yu-wi'-ća-ke-ya-hća, *adv. T*. yuwićakeyalića oyaka, *to tell a* thing not as it is, to make a thing appear true by telling it as true. See yawićakeyahća.

- T. Same meaning.
- yu-wi'-ća-śta, v. a. to make manly: yuwićasta se un, one who is bad but always wishes to be thought good. See wićaśa.
- yu-wi'-ća-śta-śni, v. a. to seduce, corrupt—mduwićastasni. T., yuwićaśaśni, to make mean.
- yu-wi'-hnu-ni, v. a. to cause to perish, to destroy—mduwihnuni.
- yu-wi'-hnu-ni-yan, v. a. to cause to destroy—yuwihnuniwaya.
- yu-wi'-no-hin-ća, v.a. to make a woman of, to render effeminate mduwinohinéa. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ yuwinyan.
- $yu wiy' \dot{g}a$, va. to turn around, turn back—mduwinga.
- yu-winh', cont. of yuwinga; yuwinh iyeya.
- yu-win h'-win-ġa, v. red. of yuwiŋġa.
- yu-winh'-ya, adv. coming round: yuwinhya hdiću.
- yu-winś', cont. of yuwinża; yuwins iyeya.
- yu-winś'-win-źa, v. red. of yuwiŋźa.
- yu-winś'-ya, v. a. to cause to bend down—yuwinśwaya.
- yu-win'-ta, v. a. to spread out the hands, to worship; to salute. The cere mony of salutation among the Dakotas consists in extending the hand towards the person sa-It is, however, I believe, confined to their feasts. *T.*, ite yuwinta, to salute, as the Dakotas

to spread both hands out toward or over the face of another in salutation; to wipe the face of another with the hands, not actually, but in gesture—a sign of friendly salutation. To smooth with the hands, to spread out the hands is yugata. w. J. c. See yusto.

yu-win'-yan-ke-se, adv. T., yuwinyankese un, one who is a bad woman, but who wishes to be thought good.

yu-wiŋ'-źa, v.a. to bend or break down—mduwinźa. T., to make limber or pliant. See yukikita.

yu - wi' - tan, v. a. to honor, one, to glorify-mduwitan. See yutan.

yu-wi'-ta-ya, v. a. to collect together, assemble—mduwitaya.

yu - wi' - ta - ya, adv. all tegether, assembled.

yu-wi'-tko, v.a. to make drunkmduwitko.

yu-wi'-tko-tko, v. a. to make foolish-mduwitkotko.

yu-wi'-tko-tko-ka, v. a. make foolish—mduwitkotkoka.

yu-wi'-ya-kpa and yu-wi'ya-tpa, v. a. to make shine.

yu-wi'-ya-ya, v. a.to make ready, prepare. T., yuwiyeya.

yu-wi'-ye-ya, v. a.to make ready, prepare—mduwiyeya.

yu-wo'-hdu-ze, v. a. to make | yu-zog', cont. of yuzoka; yuzog wohduze-mduwohduze.

yu-wo'-hdu-ze-ton, v.a. to consecrate, dedicate—yuwohduzewaton.

do when they desire peace, etc.; | y u - w o' - s e, v. T. y u w ose iću, to tie in a bow knot. See yuoseya and yuośin.

> y u'-za, v. a. to take hold of, catch, hold; to take a wife—mduza, duza, unzapi.

> yu-za'-han, v.a. to make a noise, as by tearing cloth — mduzahan.

> yu-za'-mni, v.a. to open, uncover; (T., to spread out, as a cloth); to open out, as a door—mduzamni: yuzamni ehde, to set open.

> yu-za'-mni-han, adv. open: yuzamnihan ehde.

> yu-za'-mni-mni, v. red. of yuzamni.

> yu-zan', v. a. to part or separate, as high grass; to push aside or raise up, as a curtain—mduzan kazan, pazan, zanzan, etc.

> yu-za'-pa-pi-se, adv. with a rush, impetuously: yuzapapise napeunyanpi. 7., kosela.

> y u - z e', v. a. to dip, lade out, as food from a kettle; to skim—mduze, duze, ujzepi.

> yu-zi'-ća, v. a. to stretch, as a skin—mduzića.

> yu-zig'-zi-ća, v. red. of yuzića; to stretch, make pliat c— induzigzića.

> yu-zin', cont. of yu ica; stretching: en yuzin amaupi, tuey stretch it to me, they charge all upon me: yuzin iću, to stretch. T., yuzil.

iću.

yu-zo'-ka, v.a. to stretch out from one-mduzoka.

yu-zun'-ya, adv. connectedly. T., | yu-źim'-na-na, adv. pinching a ićikovaka.

yu-zun'-ća, v. a. to connect. See yuzunta.

yu-zuŋ'-ća-ya, adv. connectedly.

 $y u - z u \eta' - t a$, v = a. to connect mduzunta.

y u - ź a', v. a. to mash; to stir up, as mush, to make mush—mduźa, unyuźapi.

yu-źag', cont. of yuźaka; yużag

y u - ź a' - h a n, v. a. to make a jarring noise-mduźahan. See źahan.

y u - ź a' - h a ŋ , adj. sounding.

 $yu - \acute{z}a' - he - ya$, adv. sounding. harshly. See źaheya.

y u - ź a' - k a, v. a. to pull open, strain open, as the eyes—mduźaka.

mixed up, as yu-źa'-pi, *part*. mush; i. q. wożapi.

 $yu - \acute{z}a' - \acute{z}a$, v.a. to wash, as clothes, etc. — mduźaźa, duźaźa, unźaźapi and unyuźaźapi.

yu-źib'-ye-la, adv. T. pinching up with the fingers; i. q. yugimnana.

yu-źim', cont. of yuźipa; yuźim iyeya. T., yuźib.

little: yuźimnana mduza. T., yuźibnala.

yu-źim'-źi-pa, v. red. of yuźipa. yu-źin', v a. to stretch out, as a skin on a board or stick-mduźin. yu-źin'-ća, v. a. to pull or blow, as the nose-mduźinća: poże yużinća.

yu-źi'-pa, v. a. to pinch—mduźipa, mayuźipa.

y u - ź i p' - ź i - p a. See yuźimźipa. y u - ź o', v. a. to scratch—mduźo. T., to whistle to; to scratch is yugo.

yu-źo'-han, n. a scratch. T., yugo. y u - ź o' - ź o, v. red of yuźo; to scratch or make rough, as cats, by clawingmduźożo. T., to whistle to.

yu-źuŋ', v. a. to pull out by the roots, as a tooth or quill; to pull up, as any thing growing—mduźun.

yu-źuŋ'-ta, v.a. T. to thrust into; ista yuzunta, to thrust something into the eye and make it water.

yu-źu'-źu, v. a. to tear down, destroy, deface; to pull in pieces, undo, open, as a bundle; to make void, as an agreement, etc.-mduźuźu, unyuźuźupi and unżużupi.

- z, the twenty-eighth letter of the Dakota | za-za'-han, adj. ragged. See zahan, alphabet, with the same sound as in English.
- za. See yuza.
- za-haŋ', adj. See zazahan.
- Za'-ke, n. p. the Sacor Sauk Indians.
- z a'-m n i . See yuzamni.
- za'-mni-han, part. uncovered
- za'-mni-wa-han, part. ered.
- za-ni', adj. well, not sick-mazani, unzanipi; also said of a part of the country from which the game has not been hunted, unmolested.
- za-ni'-ka, adj. healthy, sound, well —mazanika. $T_{\cdot,}$ taŋzanika.
- za-ni'-ken, adv. in health. tanzani.
- za-ni'-yan, adv. well, in health; zaniyan waun. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ tanzaniyan.
- za-ni'-yaŋ-ken, adv. in health. T., tanzanikel.
- zan-zan, adv. separate, standing far apart, as stalks of grass. See yuzan, etc.
- zan-zan'-na, adv. scattered, standing far apart. T., zanzanla.
- za'-ptan, num. adj. five.
- za'-ptaŋ-ki-ya, adv. in five ways, in five places.
- za'-ptaŋ-na, adv. only five. zaptanla.
- za'-ptan-ptan, adv. by fives, five apiece.

- kaza, etc.; also T., h'eh'e and sbaka.
- ze, adj. disturbed See canze.
- z e' k a, adj. disturbed. See canzeka.
- ze'-ya, v. a. to make angry-zewaya, zemayan. T., ćanzeva.
- ze-ze'-ya, adv. swinging: zezeya ehnaka. T., also dangling, as earrings
- zi, adj. yellow.
- zib-zi'-pe-dan, adj. thin, fine, as silk or fine cloth.
- zi'-ća. See yuzića.
- zi-ća', n the reddish grey squirrel, common in the Dakota country.
- zi'-ća, n. the partridge or pheasant.
- zi-ća'-ho-ta, n. the common grey squirrel, the grey ground squirrel.
- zi'-ća-tan-ka, n. the turkey. T., wagleksuntanka.
- zi'-ća-ti-hda-bu-dan, n. the drumming partridge.
- zig-zi'-ća, adj. flimsy, not firm; elastic.
- zin-ya', v. a. to smoke, fumigate zinwaya. T_{\cdot} , zilya.
- zi'-pe-dan, adj. thin, fine. See zibzipedan.
- zip-zi'-pe-dan, adj. See zibzipedan.
- zi'-ta, v. n. to smoke. See izita.
- zi-tka', n. a bird, birds of all kinds.

- zi-tka'-ćan-hpan-na, n. a small | zu-han'-han, adj. red. striped. i.q. bird with a large bill.
- zi tka' dan, n. the generic name |zu he' ya, adv. in a striped manfor small birds.
- zi-tka'-na, n. Ih. i. q. zitkadan. | zun-ya', adv. well, correctly; joined:
- zi-tka'-na-i-pa-ta-pi, n. moss; mold.
- zi-tka'-sdi-dan, n. a kind of bird.
- zi-tka'-tan-ka, n. the common blackbird. T., wahpatanka.
- zi-tka'-to, n. T. the blue jay.
- zi-tka'-wa-kan-tan-han, n. the magpie, i. q. unkćekiha.
- zi-ya', v. a. to dye or paint yellow ziwaya.
- zi-ya', adj. yellowish.
- zi-ya'-to, adj. green: from zi and to.
- zi-zi', adj. red. of zi; yellow.
- zi-zi'-pe-dan, adj. fine, thin. See zibzipedan.
- zo-he'-la, *adv*. T. slowly: i, q. slohe se; iwaśtela.
- zon'-ta, adj. T. honest; trustworthy. See zunta.
- $z \circ y' t a' h e c a$, n. T. an honest person.
- zon-ta'-he-ya, adv. T. in close zu-zu'-han, adj. striped. T., glesuccession; connectedly.
- T., gleglézu-han', adj. striped. zela.

- zuzuhaŋ.
- ner. T., gleglezela.
- zunya ećamon. T., tanyehćin. See zunta.
- zun-ya'-ken, adv. well, correctly. zun'-ća, adj. joined together, connected; braided, woven.
- zun'-ća-ya, adv. connectedly. See zontaheya and ićikoyagya.
- zun'-ta, adj. connected, braided, woven together.
- zuŋ'-te-śni, *adj. incorrect, dis*joined, as language.
- zun-ya'-kel, adv. T. well; finely: iyeś kalaka zunyakel woglaka, he speaks cloquently.
- zun-zin'-ća, n. the yellow-hammer, a kind of bird. T, sunzića.
- zu-ya', v. n. to go on a war party, to make war; to lead out a war parly — zuwaya, zuyaya, zuunyanpi.
- $zu ye' \varepsilon i\eta$, n. (zuye and $\varepsilon i\eta$) the maker or leader of a war party.
- zu-ze' éa, n. T. a rattlesnake.
- glega, gleglezela.
- zu-zu'-he-ća-dan, n. the common striped ground snake.

- ź, the twenty-ninth letter of the Dakota | ź a'-t a, adj. alphabet, having nearly the sound of the French j or English zh. | stream, etc.; or false, as the
- źa. See yuźa.
- źag, cont. of źata.
- źag-źan'-ya, adv. red. of źanya; forkedly.
- źag-źa'-ta, adj.red.of źata; forked, brushy, rough.
- źa han, adj. rough, harsh, making a loud noise, as an animal; ho źahan. See yuźahan.
- źa-haŋ'-haŋ, adj. rough, unpleasant, grating: ho źahaŋhaŋ.
- źa h e' sa, adv. T. i. q. źaheya: źahesa ap'a, to strike and make a loud noise.
- źa-he'-ya, adv. roughly, harshly, not melodious, as the voice: źalieya ia. See yuźaheya.
- ź a' k a , adj. rolling or straining, as the eyes. See yuźaka.
- źal-ya', adv. T. źalya wiyukćan, to be of two minds, to be undecided: i. q. ćanżalya.
- źan, cont. of źata. T., źal.
- ź a n y a', adv. forkedly: źanya han. T., źalya.
- źaŋ-źaŋ', n. a vial, a bottle, a glass of any kind, window-glass: śina źaŋźaŋ, a red blanket, so called by the Missouri Indians.
- źaŋ-źaŋ'-hde-pi, n. a window. See oźaŋżaŋhdepi.

- ź a'-ta, adj. forked, as a stick, stream, etc.; double or forked, lying or false, as the tongue: ćeźi źata, to lie, speak falsely. Henok says this use of the word has been introduced by white people. See ġata. ź a ź a'. See yuźaźa.
- źa-źa'-ya, adj. exposed; i. q. śdayehna: clearly, plainly; i. q. taninyan.
- źa-źa'-ye-la, adv. T. clearly, distinctly: źaźayela wanyaka, i. q. kaźaźa wanyaka.
- źi, adj. thin and briskly, as the hair on the hands and arms, also like a young duck: pteźićadan ha kin he "źi."
- ź i' ć a, adj. rich—maźića. See iźića and wiźića.
- ź i ć a' k a , *adj. rich*—maźićaka.
- źi-će'-na, *Ih.* and *T. i. q.* zićadan. See ptezićadan.
- ź i' d a ŋ, adj. thin and briskly, as hair. See źi.
- źin-ya', v. a. to make rich—źinwaya. See wiźinya •
- źin y a', adv. richly. T., źilya. See źića.
- źin-ye'-ća, v. a. to make rich—zinwayeća.
- źiŋ', v. n. to stand erect, stiffen up maźiŋ. See yuźiŋ, ćeźiŋ, etc.
- źiŋ ća', v. n. to snuff up; to hiss ważiŋća, uŋżiŋćapi. T., to blow out from the nose, to blow the nose. To

snuff up is yazinéa; to hiss is s'a. See yuzinéa.

źi'-pa. See kaźipa.

źi-pa'-han, part. See źipaheća.

ź i - p a' - h e - ć a, part. becoming smooth or hollowed out of itself, i. q. h'apeća T., źipawahan.

źi'-ya, adv. thin and standing up, as hair; thin, scattered, and sparkling in the sunbeams.

źi-ye'-la, adv. T. thinly, sparsely, as hair on the hands

ź i - ź i', v. to whisper—waźiźi, yaźiźi, uŋźiźipi.

źi-źi'-do-waŋ, v. to sing in a low, whispering, drawling manner, as the Dakota women do when lulling their infants to sleep—źiźiwadowaŋ, źiźiuŋdowaŋpi.

źi-źi-ya, adv. red. of źiya; standing up, as the hair on one's hand.

źi-źi'-ya-han, adw. whispering.

źo, v. to whistle, as a man does—waźo, yaźo, unźopi.

ź o - ź o', v. red. of źo; to whistle, whistle for, as for young ducks waźoźo, unżożopi. See kiżożo.

źo-źo'-do-wan, v. to whistle a tune—źożowadowan.

źo-źo'-ka, n. a fish-hawk.

źo-źo'-yag-ton, adv. T. in a noose: źożoyagton iću yo, make it into a noose. See śungźoyake.

źo-źo'-ya-ke, n. T. a noose or slip-knot.

źu, v. a. to put, place, lay up—waźu, yaźu, unźupi. See aźu, oźu, etc.

źuŋ. See yużuŋ.

ź u' - ź u. See kaźuźu, etc.

źu-źu'-haŋ, *part*. See źuźuwahaŋ

źu-źu'-wa-haŋ, part. broken, fallen to pieces, demolished, as a house; become loose, etc.

APPENDIX.

While the copy for this edition of the Dictionary was in the course of preparation, some correspondence was had with Rev. W. J. Cleveland, of Rosebud Agency, in regard to furnishing on a somewhat extended scale the Titonwan forms of the Language. But it was not known that he could undertake the task until after the work had gone into the hands of the printer. When his first installment of notes came thirty pages had been electrotyped. It was important that, in some form, these words should appear in the Dictionary. Hence these, with other words, some of them not Titonwan, that have come from various quarters during the progress of the work, are here given in an appendix.

S. R. RIGGS.

${f A}.$

- a b a' g l a and a w a' g l a , v. T.
 i. q. abahda. The Titonwan dialect always changes "hd" of the Santee into "gl;" and generally, but not always, the prefix "ba" is changed to "wa," and "bo," to "wo."
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{a}$, v. T. i. q. abasda.
- a-bi'-li-he-ća, v. T. i. q. aminiheća. Here it will be noted that "m" is changed to "b," and "n" to "l."
- a-bi'-li-hel-ya, adv. T. i quaminihenya.

- a-ba'-gla and a-wa'-gla, v. T. a-bla'-ke-la, adv. T. i.q. amdai. q. abahda. The Titonwan dia-kedan.
 - lect always changes "hd" of the a-bla'-ya, adv. T. i. q. amdaya. Santee into "gl;" and generally, a-ble'-6a, adv. T. i. q. amdeća.
 - a bles', cont. i. q., amdes.
 - a-bles'-ya-kel, adv. T. i. q. amdesyaken.
 - $a 6 a \eta' t e 6 i l y a, adv. T. i. q.$ acantesinya.
 - a ć a n' t e ś i l y a k e l, adv. T. i. q. aćanteśinyaken.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{c} \cdot \mathbf{e} \cdot \mathbf{b}' \mathbf{y} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, v. T. i. q. accemya.
 - \mathbf{a} é e b'- y \mathbf{a} k e \mathbf{l} , adv. T. i. q. a é e \mathbf{m} y a k e \mathbf{n} .

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- $a-\epsilon e'-sli$, v. and n. T. i. q. $a\epsilon e-|a-ha'-ha-ye-la|$, adv. sdi.
- a'-e-ta-gnag-ya, adv. T. i. q. aetahnagya: "h" becomes "g" in the combinations "hd," "hm" and "hn."
- a'-e-t a-g 1 a-k a, v. T. i. q. a etahnaka.
- a-gla'-gla, adv. T. along-side of, in front of; aglagla inyanka, to run in front of one.
- a-gla'-han, v. n. T. to slip or slide out, as a tent-pole when a number are dragged along.
- a-gla'-ptus, cont. adv. T. prone; aglaptus ilipaya, to fall flat on the ground.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{v}$. T. i. q. and aśkića.
- $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{g} \cdot \mathbf{l} \cdot \mathbf{e}' \mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{a} \mathbf{l} \cdot \mathbf{a}, n$. T. i. q. and eśkadaŋ.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{i}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{v}$. T. i. q. abdiyuhpa.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . \mathbf{T} . \mathbf{i} . \mathbf{q} . ahmihbeya.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{a}$, v. T. i. q. ahmi-
- a'-gna and a-gna', prep. T. i. q. ahna.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \cdot \mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{g} \cdot \mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, red. T. i. q. ahnahna.
- T. i. q. ahnaka. a-gna'-ka, v
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \cdot \mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{l} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, adv. T. i. q. ahnana.
- a'-gna-wo-ta-pi, n. ahnawotapi.
- aguyapimdu.
- \mathbf{a} - $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ \mathbf{u}' - \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{i} - $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ \mathbf{a} - $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ \mathbf{i} - $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ \mathbf{i} - $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{e}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ - \dot aġuyapiićaśda.

- **T**. ahahayedan.
- a h a' k a b, adv. T. i. q. ahakam.
- $a h a \eta' b l e$, v. T. i. q. ahanmde.
- a-han'-ke-ye-la, adv. T. previously, just before: i. q. ecahankeyela.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{e}' \epsilon \cdot \mathbf{e} \cdot \mathbf{l}$, adv. T. i. q. \mathbf{a} hecen.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \cdot \mathbf{e'} \mathbf{e} \cdot \mathbf{e} \cdot \mathbf{l} \mathbf{y} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, adv. T. i. q. ahećenya.
- a-hi'-pa-ni, v. of ahi and pani; to shove with the elbow; to push or crowd against—ahiwapani.
- a-hi'-un-pa, v. T. to bring and place See ahi and uppa or oppa.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \, \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \, \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{l} \, \mathbf{e}, \, \mathbf{v}. \quad \mathbf{T}. \quad \mathbf{i}. \, \mathbf{q}. \, \text{ahiya}$ hde.
- a-hi'-yu-śtan, v. of ahi and yustan; to come and finish; to come to the end; to say the last word in a talk.
- a-han'-han-yan, adv. T. carelessly.
- a li e' y u ŋ ka, v. T i. q. aliewaŋka.
- a h l o', v. T. i. q., ahdo.
- a h w a*- y a, adv. T. i. q ahbaya.
- a h w a' y e la, adv. T. i. q. ahbayedan.
- a i' g l a g l a, adv. T. of aglagla.
- a i' g l a h p a, v. T. i. q. aihdalipa.
- $a-i'-glu-ta\eta$, v. T. i. q. aihdutan.
- $\mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{u}$, \mathbf{n} . T. i. q. $|\mathbf{a} \mathbf{i}' \mathbf{g} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, v. T. to refuse to give up one's own; i. q. aihduza.
 - to, reprove, scold. See aikapa.

- a-i'-kpa-bla, v. T. to talk to no | a-kanl'-tu, adv. T. i. q. akantu. purpose; to do mischief by talkingamikpabla.
- a-i'-le, v. T. i. q. aide.
- a-i'-ni-la, adv. T. i. q. ainina.
- a-i'-sta-gna-ka, v. T. i. q. aistahnaka.
- a-i'-sta-gna-ke-sni, v. T. i. q. aistalnake sni. The use of the negative, as in words like this, for a strong affirmative, is common.
- a'-i-ta-gla-hwe, adv. aitahdalibe.
- a'-i-ta-gla-hwe-ya, adv. i. q. aitahdahbeya.
- a'-i-to-pta, adv. T. i. q. aetopta.
- a'-i-to-pte-ya, adv. T. i. qaetopteya.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{e}$, $v \in T$. *i. q.* aiyahde.
- a-i'-ya-ka-pte-ya, adv. T. up hill, ascending.
- a-i'-yo-ptel and a-i'-yo-ptetu, adv. T. towards, in the direction of.
- a k a b', adv. T. i. q. akam.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{b} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{a}$, v. T. i. q. akamda.
- a-ka'-blel, adv. T. i. q. akamden.
- a'-ka-ġalt-ki-ya, adv. T. i. q. akagatkiya.
- a-ka'-htan, v. n. T. to boil over on.
- a-ka'-kan, v. T. to shake or beat off on. See kakan.
- a-kal'-mna, v. T. i q. akanmna
- $a k a \eta l'$, prep. T. i. q. akan.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{l}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, adv. T. i. q. akanta.
- a kan l' tan han, adv. T. i. q. akantanhan.

- a-kanl'-tu-ya-kel, adv. T. i.
- q. akantuyaken.
- a'-ka-pa, adv. T. afterwards, following.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{l}$, cont. T. i. q. akapon.
- a-ka'-pol-ya, adv. T. i. q. akaponya.
- a-ka'-pte-će-la, adv. T. i. q. akaptećedan.
- a'-ka-ta, v. T. to draw a bow: i. q. ećate.
- a-ka'-yung, cont. T. i. q. akawang.
- a ka' yun ka, v. T. i. q. akawanka.
- a-ke'-śa-glo-ġaŋ, *adj*. Т. q. akeśahdogan.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{e}' \mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{j} \mathbf{z} \cdot \mathbf{i} \mathbf{l} \cdot \mathbf{a}, \quad \mathbf{adv}. \quad \mathbf{T}. \quad \mathbf{i}. \quad \mathbf{q}.$ akewanźidan.
- a-ki'-ći-ćun-ćun-ka, v. T. to overdo; to be importunate.
- a-ki'-ći-yul, cont. of akićiyuta; adv. T. face to face, looking at each other.
- a-ki'-ći-yu-ta, adv. T. face to
- a-ki'-gla-ski-ća, v. T. to lie on one's own; i. q. akihdaskića.
- a-ki'-gla-skil, cont. of akiglaskića.
- a-ki'-gla-skil-ya, adv. T. i.q. akihdaskinya.
- a k i' g n a, adv. T. i. q. akihna.
- a-ki'-gna, v. T. to sit as a hen on eggs.
- a ki' g n a k a, v. T. i. q. akihnaka.

B.

bo-śo'-ka, adj. T. puffed out; enlarged, ending in a knob. See ibośoka.

C.

- ćah-ćan'-ġa, adj. T. gristly, cartilaginous.
- ćan-gle'-pi, n. T. cord-wood.
- ćan han l', adv. T. perhaps, possibly; I don't know: i. q. naćeća.
- éan-ka'-sku-sku, v. T. to hew a log.
- éan-na'-kse-yu-ha, n. T. one who carries a club, a policeman.
- éan-te'-i-ya-pa and éant-i'ya-pa, v. n. T. (éante and iyapa) to be flurried or excited; to have the heart beat unnaturally.
- can-te'-i-ya-pa-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to be excited, to make one's heart beat quickly.
- éan-te'-ya-pa-ya and éan t-i'ya-pa-ya, adv. T. excitedly.
- 6 a n t e' i y a p a p i and 6 a n t i' y a p a p i, n. T. heart-beating, excitement.
- éan-te'-wa-kan-he-źa, v. T. to be childlike; weak-hearted.
- ćan'-yu-ktan, n. bent wood: ćanpagmiyanpi ćanyuktan, a wagon bow.
- é a p i' h m u ŋ k e , n. (capa and hmuŋka), a trap for catching beavers. T., cabihmuŋke.

- gristly, cat-i'-pa-śla-ya, v. T. (cahota and paślaya); to hull corn with ashes; to make hominy.
 - ćeh-i'-yo-ka-śke, n. the stick or thong on which a kettle is hung over the fire.
 - će-k pa'-ta, adr. of ćekpa; ćekpata un slolya, to have known before birth; i. q. hiśni itokab slolya.
 - $\acute{\mathbf{e}}$ e p a y' $\acute{\mathbf{s}}$ i , n. T. i. q. ićepansi. $\acute{\mathbf{e}}$ e p a y' $\acute{\mathbf{s}}$ i $\acute{\mathbf{t}}$ k u , n. i. q. ićepansitku.
 - ée-pan'-śi-ya, v. i. q. ićepanśiya. éo-kan'-hi-yu-i-éi-ya, v. reflex. to thrust one's self into; to come uninvited.
 - ću-wi'-gna-ka, n. T. a white woman's gown. See ćuwi and hnaka.
 - ću-wi'-pu-ski-ća, v. n. T. to be oppressed with anger.
 - éu-wi'-pu-ski-éa-ţo-ki niéa, v. to be dying with pent up rage; bursting with anger.
 - éu-wi'-yu-ksa, adj cut off at the waist: so the proper name, Mato éu-wiyuksa, grizzly bear cut off at the waist (or from the waist up). éuwi-yuksa ogle, a vest.

E.

e - c e' - l a, adv. T. i. q. ecedan. e-hay'-tu-ke, adv. just then; then, e-će'-la-kel, adv. T. itself alone; indeed. without help.

G.

n. T. the windpipe, the trachea: will be seen that these do not correspond with hdohdeska and dohdeska, as is supposed in the text, page 120.

glo-gle'-ska and glo-glo'-ska, | gna-śka', n. T. a frog, frogs; i. q. hnaska.

not the gullet, which is winapće. It gnu-gnu'-śka-sa-pa, n. T. the black grasshopper, or out-door cricket: the house-cricket is tiyoślola. See gnugnuska.

H.

han'-te-ya, adv. **T**. wearily: hi - na', T. intj. of surprise; i. q. hanteya se ia. ina!

to be hi-na'-hi-na'-hi-na', T. red. ha'-yu-hpu, v. n.**T**. of hina!

ha'-yu-hpu-hpu, v. red. of ha-hi-nob'-u-ye, n. yuhpu.

still, he'-e-ća-śka, adv. T. nevertheless.

T. neverhe'-e-ća-tu-ka, adv źukta, nevertheless I will plant.

a louse comb. See heya and ipakćasbudan.

year-old colt. See hitobtobuye and makićimala.

hi-nu', T. intj. of gladness and surprise, as when one meets a friend. theless: heecatuka ito miś wowa- hi-nu'-hi-nu-hi-nu', T. intj. red. of hinu!

he-i'-ca-kan, n. T. a fine comb; hin-yans'-e-la or hin-yan'se-la, adr, of hipyanza; T badly, wickedly.

hip-yan'-ze-ka, adj. T. i. q. | hu-i'-na-keh-ye, n. hinyanzeća, it storms.

hin - yan' - ze - ća, v. n.T. storms violently; i. q ośićića.

hin-źi'-la, adj. T. downy; i. q hin źidan.

hi-sto'-la, adv. T. without barbs. hi-sto'-la, n. T an arrow without barbs.

hi - tob' - tob - u - ye, n. *T*. a four-year-old colt.

ho-ha'-pa, adj. T. i. q. hogata. hoh'-e-ćeś, T. intj. of disbelief: i. q. hoećahi.

ho-kśi'-hi-yu-ya, v. T. to have an abortion.

ho-kśi'-hi-yū-ye-ki-ya, v.a. to cause an abortion.

ho-źi'-la, intj. T. how beautiful! splendid!

wagon-brake: huinakehye ećel iću, to put on the brake.

hun'-pe, n. T. a stick with a crotch in one end, used for bracing tent-poles in the inside.

hun'-pe-ple-će-la, n. T. a picket-pin.

hu-pa', n. a travois; tent-poles tied together to pack on.

hu-ti'-na-ću-te, n. T. arib of an ox or cow cut short, polished smooth and ornamented—to throw on the ice or snow. See hutanakute and hutinacute.

hu-ti'-ya-hde-ya, n. (huta and iyahde) a peninsula

hu-wo'-ġa, adj. T. i. q. huboga, bandy-legged.

Ħ.

han-tkan'-o-yu-ze, n. T. $an \mid hpe'-la$, adj. armlet; elastic bands for holding up the shirt-sleeves.

h d o' - k a, adj. hollow, decayed; hiwićahdoka, decayed teeth.

T. weak: hpela hingla, to become discouraged; to be diverted from.

I.

- i'-bo-so and i'-wo-so, n. pouting lips.
- i'-bo-śo-ka, adj. T. mouth pushed out.
- i'-bo-śo-ki-ya, v. T. to push
- i-éa'-héi, v. of kahéi. T. to pull out of; to break out from. See inahći and iyuhći.
- i ć a' k ś a, v. of kakśa. See under payata.
- $\mathbf{i} \mathbf{\acute{e}} \, \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{\acute{k}} \, \mathbf{o} \mathbf{\acute{g}} \, \mathbf{e}$, n. T. a scraper.
- i é a' k o s, cont. of ićakoza.
- $i \acute{c} a' k o z a$, v. n. T. to be madebare by: tate na ićakos iyaya, the wind blew and it became bare.
- i-ćan'-te-ni-ća, v. n. have no heart for; to be controlled by habit so that the will power is gone.
- i-éa'-slo-he, n. T. a stick which is made to slide along on snow or ice: the game of billiards; icaslo econ, to play billiards.
- i-će'-te, n. T. the rim or lip of a kettle. See ćehiha and tete.
- i-ći'-ha-kta-ya, adv. of ihakta; following each other.
- i-ći'-hmin-yan, adv. T. crookedly, incorrectly, confusedly; iciliminyan nahon, to hear incorrectly.
- $\mathbf{i} \hat{\mathbf{c}} \, \mathbf{i}' \mathbf{o} \, \mathbf{n} \, \mathbf{b}$, adv. T. i. q. ićunom.
- $\mathbf{i} \mathbf{\acute{e}} \, \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{o} \, \mathbf{n} \, \mathbf{b} \mathbf{y} \, \mathbf{a}, \, adv. \, T. \, i. \, q. \, ićun$ omya.

- T. | i 6 i' 0 n pa tan han, adv. T. i. q. ićunonpatanhan.
- pouting, | i \(\circ\) i \(\circ\) e y a, adv. T. very close together; crowding each other badly; ićiteya yaŋkapi.
- out the lips; to pout—ibosowakiya. 'i'-ći-ya-ki-gle, adv. T. one by one, one after another; i. q. kićihdeya.
 - i'-ći-ya-ki-gle-gle, adv. red. of ićiyakigle.
 - i-ću'-lićin, adų T. the very one, the only one: wanzila iculicin au yo, bring it even if but one.
 - i'-e-ća-dan, adv. near to, soon, soon after. See ecadan.
 - i-gla'-ta, v. T. to have convulsions; i. q. ihdata: holipiglata (of holipa and iglata), to cough convulsively.
 - i-glu'-ta, v. T. pos. of iyuta.
 - $i g l u' t a \eta$, v. T. i. q. indutan.
 - i ka' mna, v. T. to rip; ogle iwakamna, I ripped my coat. See kamna.
 - i k o' k a b, adv. T. i. q. itokam.
 - i ku' 2a, v. n. T. to be sick or indisposed on account of. See kuźa.
 - i-leh'-ya-uŋ-pa-pi, n. T. cigars, cigarettes.
 - i-ma'-he-ća, adj. T. inner, occult; i. q. imahen.
 - i-mde'-za, v. n. to be enlightened about—iwamdeza and imamdeza.

- i-mna'-mna-he-ća, n. T. the fourth | i-toy'-pa, v. T. to be surprised, or smallest manyple of animals.
- i-na'-hme-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. T. | i-tu'-ma-ko-skaŋ, adv. T. in the game of hide and seek.
- stepping on.
- i-na'-ki-kśin, v. to take shelter | i'-wi-ća-mde-za, n. of imdeza; in or behind; to make a shelter of, as of a tree.
- i-ni'-ti-yu-ktan, r. to bend willows over for a booth See initi and yuktan.
- i-pa'-hlal-ya, adr. T. in a row facing one way, in line, as soldiers in platoon.
- i-pa'-ho, v. T. to brush up, as hair from the forehead, to brush into a curl—iwapaho.
- i p a' śki ća, v. T. of paśkića; to rub, as clothes, on a wash-board.
- i-pa'-ta-pi, n. *T*. embroidery, ornamental work; i. q. wipatapi.
- i pa' wa ga, v. T. to rub, scrub, or scour, as a floor—iwapawaga.
- i-śin'-héin, adv. T. crossly, angrily; isinhćin ia.
- i-śkan'-ka-pin, v. T. tobe lazy by reason of. See kapin.
- i-śta'-i-yo-ta-wa-pa, v. to look in the direction that some one else is looking. See tawapa.
- i-tan'-a-nog, adv. cont. of itananokatanhan.
- i-te'-o-yus, cont. of iteoyuze.
- i-te'-o-yus-ya, adv. T. pleasantly.
- i-te'-o-yu-ze, n. T. a look, cast of countenance, appearance: ite oyuze waśte, a pleasant face.

- astonished; to wonder.
- vain; to no purpose.
- i n a' h u g a, v. T. to mash by |i t u' s i k a, adv T. by all means, nevertheless.
 - enlightenment.
 - i-wi'-ća-mna, adj. T. of imna; satisfying, furnishing much nourishment.
 - $i w \circ' c \circ , \quad n. \quad T. \quad a \quad churn: \quad i. \quad q.$ iboćo.
 - i-wo'-hta-ke, n. T. a billiard stick or cue.
 - i w o' z u, n. of wozu; something to plant or sow; garden seeds, seed of any kind.
 - i-ya'-glu-ha, v. pos. of iyayuha; to follow after, as a colt its mother.
 - i-ya'-na-źi-ća, v. T. to run away with, as a horse with a wagon. See nazića.
 - i-yo'-hop, intj. T. used in playing hide and seek.
 - i-yo'-kal, adv. cont. T. iyokal spanyan, to toast or roast by holding to the fire.
 - i-yo'-kal-ya, adv. T. by the heat.
 - i-yo'-ko-gna, adv. T. between one place and another: i. q. okitahepi.
 - i-yu'-ho-mni, n. of yuhomni; something to turn with, as a doorknob.
 - i-yu'-pah, adv. T. together, in a bunch: iyupali naung au, they come together on a gallop.

K.

ka-blaś', adj. cont. T. spread apart; i. q. kamdaś.

ka-ghu', v. T. to make a noise, as persons in water.

ka-gla'-gla, adv. red. of kagla: alongside of.

ka-ġe'-ġe, v. red. of kaġe. T. to take out by handfuls: i. q. yuġeġe.

ka-ġi', v. T. to hold in esteem, to respect, honor, reverence, or fear, on account of dignity.

ka-ġi'-śni, adv. T. without respect or consideration: kaġiśni olian, to do without restraint.

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{h} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\eta} \mathbf{l}', \ adv. \ T. \ i. \ q. \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}.$

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{h} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b}'$, cont. T. i. q. $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{m}$.

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{i'} - \mathbf{\acute{e}} \mathbf{o} - \mathbf{\acute{g}} \mathbf{a}$, v. i. q. $\mathbf{i\acute{e}o\acute{g}a}$.

ka-la'-la, adj. T. rayged: v. i. q. kadada.

kaŋ-haŋ'-haŋ, adj. T. tattered. ka-ti'-ća, v.a. to stir or mix up. See katiktića.

kée'-ya, v. T. to cook by hanging over the fire: hence the side or ribs of an animal are called wakéeyapi. See péeya.

spread | ki-ći'-kte-pi, n. T. murder.

k i - h a ŋ', v. T. i. q. kihaŋśića; it storm's: i. q. lila ośićeća and hiŋ-yaŋzeća.

ki-nil' and kin-nil', adv. T. fully, completely: oyasin kinnil, every one

kiŋ-śle'-la, adv. T. whizzing, as a bullet.

ki-śle'-ya, v. T. to hold and feel, to force, to commit rape. See wiki-śleya.

k o'-k ta-śi-ća, adj. T. a million; i. q. woyawa tanka.

k o - ś k a', v. T. i q. to be affected with the venereal disease: i. q. će hli—komaśka.

 $k \circ - \hat{s} k a' - l a - k a$, n. T. a young man.

kpan'-yan, v. a. to tan, to dress, as a skin. See tpanyan.

kpe-ye'-la, adv. T. resounding; kpeyela ap'a, to strike and make resound.

kuś, cont. of kuźa; inactive, feeble; kuś amayan, I am growing feeble.

L.

1e-hanl, adv. T. i. q. dehan. adv. T. i. q. tokan: tilehanyank, 1e-han'-yank or le-han'-yan, at some other house.

\mathbf{M} .

- auger to dig post holes.
- ma-ka'-i-yu-pte, n. T. a breaking plow; the wheel, or cutter of a breaker.
- ma-ka'-sin-te-pe-zi, n. T. akind of grass, skunk-tail grass, which grows in bunches, and heads like timothy.
- ma-ki'-ći-ma-la, n. T. a two year old. See hinobuye.
- ma-ko'-bla-ye, n. T. i. q. makomdaye.
- lower extremity of the breast bone.
- ma-ku'-pin-kpa, n. T. the end of the breast, the part just above the navel.
- mas-i'-ba-pte, n. T. a spade; i. q. maza ibapte.
- ma-śte'-ćan-han-pa, n. T. slippers; warm-weather shoes.
- T. the ma-śtin'-sa-pe-la, n. common rabbit.

- ma-ka'-i-yu-hlo-ke, n. T. an $|ma-sti\eta'-ska$, n. T. the hare, or jack rabbit.
 - ma-to'-ćin-ća-la, n. T. a bear's cub; i. q. waćinćadan.
 - ma-to'-ha, n. T. a bear's skin. See waha.
 - ma ya' śle, n. T. a small species of wolf, the jackal.
 - ma'-za-i-ba-pte, n. T. a spade.
 - $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{i}$, n. T. bridle bits.
 - mda-śka, adj broad and flat, as in pasumdaška. See mdaska.
- ma-ku'-na-snu-za, n. T. the mdi-he'-éa, v. n. Ih. i. q. miniheća, etc.
 - m d i h e' y a, adv. Ih. i. q. miniheya.
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-ma-za-ska-ii-ću, n. T. a bank check.
 - mi'-ni-sa'-pa-i-pa-pu-ze, **n**. T. an ink blotter.
 - \mathbf{M} n i k a n' y e w o $\mathbf{\hat{z}}$ u, \mathbf{n} . \mathbf{p} . \mathbf{i} . \mathbf{q} . Minikanyewoźu, also Mni-ko-o-źu.

O.

- o'-ge-ya, adv. T. just as it is, o-ka'-wa-ton-yan, adv. withwhole, all together: ogeya iću, take it as it is.
- o'- $\acute{c}o$ - $\acute{g}a$ and o'- \acute{i} -co- $\acute{g}a$, i. q. ićoga.
- o-ka'-sol, cont. T. of okasota.
- o k a' s o t a, v. to use up, destroy.
- out hindrance, unobstructedly.
- o-ka'-wa-ton-ya-kel, adv. without hindrance, unobstructedly.
- on'-ton-ya, v. See next.
- on'-ton-i-ci-ya, v. refl. to injure one's self.

P.

pa'-mnu-mnu-ga, n. T. the gristle or cartilage in the end of the nose; the end of the nose

S.

slo-he'-se and slo-han'-se, adv. T. slowly, as if crawling along.

W.

wa-ya'-wa-ćin-hin-yan-za,

v. This differs from wayawahinyanza as "to bite" differs from "to

backbite." the latter refers to wayawacinhinyanza, to make one cross by talking against him.—A. L. R.

Y.

0

yu-ble'-za, v.a. T. to make clear.

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